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Containing a List of Additions and Corrections, Tables for the Conversion of Metric and Imperial Weights and Measures, an Alcohol Conversion Table, and Lists of Thermometric Equivalents, together with Additional Formulæ for Medicinal Preparations sold by Chemists and Druggists, ana regarded by the Board of Inland Revenue as "known, admitted, and approved" remedies.

[ENLARGED ISSUE.]

Edited by JOHN HUMPHREY.

London:
THE PHARMACEUTICAL JOURNAL OFFICE,
72, Great Russell Street, W.C.

1907

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PREFACE.

THE first issue of this work was prepared in circumstances of unprecedented difficulty, with the especial object of assisting chemists and druggists in the peculiar situation created by the changes in practice announced by the Board of Inland Revenue, as the result of fresh interpretations of the Medicine Stamp Duty Acts. The Board recognises the 'Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary' as a well-known book of reference, and is willing to regard compounded medicines prepared in accordance with formulæ published therein as "known, admitted, and approved" remedies. Primarily, therefore, the book may be regarded as a register of recipes for compounded medicines prepared and sold by chemists and druggists, under names which are held to incur liability to Medicine Stamp Duty unless the composition of the medicines be disclosed. As far as possible, the recipes submitted for registration were classified in a convenient manner, but many which were received too late for classification were included in supplementary lists at the end of Section III., arranged in alphabetical order. Since the 'Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary, 1904' was published, many hundreds of additional recipes have been submitted for registration, and these, as well as numerous valuable formulæ for non-official galenical preparations, will be found in Section XXIV. of this volume.

It was anticipated at the outset that exception might be taken to the composition of some of the remedies for children, on the ground that preparations containing powerful or actively poisonous medicaments—such as tartar emetic, digitalis, opium, etc.—should not be administered, especially in the case of young children, unless prescribed by medical practitioners, after due examination of the patients. With that view the Editor was thoroughly in accord, and—while he has considered it necessary to protect the interests of chemists and druggists by registering and publishing a number of recipes which are undoubtedly open to criticism—he is strongly of opinion that the indiscriminate distribution to the public of potent remedies, more especially in the form of medicines for children, should be discouraged and, as far as possible, discontinued. It is necessary to repeat that no responsibility can be accepted by the Editor for any of the recipes published at the request of chemists and druggists; nor must it be supposed for a moment that the inclusion in this volume of recipes for preparations containing powerful remedies implies approval of their composition or suggested use. This disclaimer appears particularly necessary in view of the fact that there is always a danger of books containing recipes for medicines falling into the hands of persons who have no general knowledge of the properties—dangerous as well as beneficial—of drugs which should not be used except under medical advice. It is hoped, however, that chemists and druggists will, in the public interest, do all in their power to prevent copies of this book from becoming generally accessible.

In addition to making the book a recognised register of private recipes for popular remedies, an attempt was made to render the first issue of the 'Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary' of service to chemists and druggists in other ways, by providing selections of formulæ for non-official galenicals, dental preparations, veterinary medicines, perfumes and toilet requisites, horticultural and agricultural preparations, photographic solutions, etc. The sections dealing with the preparation of compressed tablets, histological stains and reagents, urine analysis, poisons and antidotes, suggested standards for medicines, legal information, etc., were included with the idea that they might prove of value to practising pharmacists, and the new sections (Nos. XXI. to XXV.) now added should also be found useful generally. Having regard to the pressure under which the book was originally produced, it was only natural to assume that imperfections might be noted in places, and the Editor is obliged to correspondents who have notified inaccuracies and omissions, a list of which is now published. In conclusion, it is again desired to express appreciation of the kindly feeling which has prompted so many of the contributors—approaching three thousand in number—to divulge their choicest recipes for the common good; the Editor's best thanks are also due to the members of *The Pharmaceutical Journal* staff and others who have assisted in the work of compilation and classification, for the manner in which they have seconded his efforts to benefit the chemists and druggists of Great Britain.

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72, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

March, 1907.

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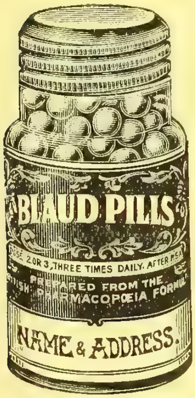
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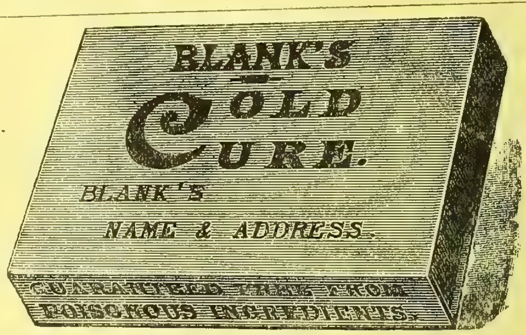
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ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS TO THE P.J.F., 1907.

THE following list includes alterations in formulæ, notified by the persons who registered them, and additional synonyms, together with a number of more or less trivial misprints which have been noted since the sheets were printed. The inaccuracies are chiefly of typographical origin, and most of them are of only slight importance. It has, however, been thought desirable to include in the list the whole of the errors and omissions which have been noted, in order that readers may be able to mark the necessary corrections and additions on the respective pages. The Editor is indebted to the correspondents who have aided him in compiling this list, and will be glad to receive prompt intimation of any further misprints, errors, or omissions, if such should be detected.

Section I.

Page 2, column 1, line 54; for “20” read “200.”
” 2, ” 2, ” 36; after “Water” add “to produce.”
” 9, ” 1, ” 50; in two places, for “pints” read “parts.”
” 19, ” 2, ” 38; for “Put” read “Rub.”
” 20, ” 2, ” 47; delete the whole line.
” 27, ” 1, ” 29; for “Acetate” read “Citrate.”
” 28, ” 2, ” 16; for “filtrate” read “filter.”
” 30, ” 1, ” 8; omit “of.”
” 36, ” 2, ” 50; for “Caloride” read “Chloride.”
” 40, ” 2, ” 21; add “to produce 1 pint.”
” 41, ” 2, ” 57; for “Comphor” read “Camphor.”
” 43, ” 1, ” 14; for “ounces” read “grains.”
” 43, ” 1, ” 15; for “fl. ounces” read “grains.”
” 43, ” 1, ” 17; for “oleri” read “oleic.”
” 53, ” 2, ” 59; for “Mix” read “Dissolve.”
” 53, ” 2, ” 60; for “with” read “in.”
” 53, ” 2, ” 61; after “water” insert “cool, and add the iron solution.”
53, ” 2, ” 63; after “cochineal” insert “for fifteen minutes.”
” 54, ” 1, ” 5; for “solutions” read “solution.”
” 55, ” 1, ” 46; insert “Dose—1 to 2 fluid drachms.”
” 56, ” 1, ” 6; for “2 pints” read “1 pint.”
” 57, ” 2, ” 5; for “Carbonate” read “Chloride.”
” 60, ” 1, ” 37; for “drachms” read “fl. ounces.”
” 61, ” 2, ” 58; add “The resulting tincture should measure one pint. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.”
63, ” 2, ” 17; add “so as to produce one pint.”
63, ” 2, ” 25; after “alcohol” add “sufficient to make one pint; then”
63, ” 2, ” 27; after “process” add “adding more alcohol so as to make”
” 63, ” 2, ” 28; delete “should.”
” 64, ” 1, ” 2; add “*Synonym.*—Brompton Hospital Cough Lozenge.”
” 65, ” 2, ” 51; for “Nitrate” read “Nitric.”
” 66, ” 1, ” 15; for “Chloride” read “Oxide.”
” 66, ” 2, ” 60; after “Birch Tar” add “Oil.”

Section III.

Page 153, column 2, line 14; for “80” read “14.”
” 169, ” 1, ” 61; for “Chloroform” read “Chlorodyne.”
” 172, ” 1, ” 17; for “Solution” read “Syrup.”
” 179, ” 2, ” 55; for “Vinegar” read “Oxymel.”
” 183, ” 2, ” 48; before “to” insert “Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.”
” 199, ” 1, ” 9; for “6” read “8.”
” 203, ” 2, ” 29; delete the whole line.
” 212, ” 1, ” 42; for “Irish” read “Iceland.”
” 228, ” 2, ” 15; for “Chloroform” read “Chlorodyne.”
” 237, ” 2, ” 3; insert “Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia . . 160 minims.”
” 237, ” 2, ” 18; for “½ fl. drachm” read “2 fl. drachms.”
” 237, ” 2, ” 19; for “2 fl. drachms” read “½ fl. drachm.”
” 265, ” 2, ” 27; for “Nitro-hydrochloride” read “Nitro-hydrochloric.”
” 267, ” 1, ” 20; after “quantity” add “to produce 20 fl. ounces.”
” 305, ” 2, ” 25; for “ounces” read “drachms.”
” 308, ” 1, ” 38; add “to produce 6 fl. ounces.”
” 371, ” 2, ” 26; insert “*Synonyms.*—Blood Pills; Boil Pills.”
” 398, ” 2, ” 44; for “Pills” read “Pill.”
” 408, ” 1, ” 58; for “60” read “6.”
” 423, ” 2, ” 35; insert “*Synonyms.*—Nerve Pills; Tonic Pills.”
” 442, ” 1, ” 24; for “Carsbad” read “Carlsbad.”
” 446, ” 1, ” 11; after “8” insert “to 12.”
” 457, ” 2, ” 40; for “(9126)” read “(7110).”
” 469, ” 1, ” 44; before “Tincture” insert “Stronger.”
” 476, ” 1, ” 40; for “Cor” read “Corn.”
” 478, ” 2, ” 10; insert “*Synonym.*-Anodyne Salicylic Plaster.”
” 478, ” 2, ” 33; add “Anodyne Salicylic Plaster.”
” 490, ” 1, ” 54; for “1 ounce” read “60 grains.”
” 525, ” 2, ” 24; after “Oils” add “(7111).”
” 553, ” 1, ” 13; for “½ ounce” read “1 ounce.”
” 554, ” 2, ” 3; for “10 grains” read “1 grain.”
” 554, ” 2, ” 30; before “Mix” insert “lard . . 6 ounces.”
” 567, ” 2, ” 46; omit “to 1.”
” 573, ” 1, ” 44; for “Senna” read “Squills.”
” 579, ” 1, ” 4; for “84 grains” read “82 grains.”
” 579, ” 1, ” 5; for “84 grains” read “82 grains.”
” 579, ” 1, ” 37; for “7½” read “7.”
” 586, ” 1, ” 44; for “minims” read “grains.”
” 588, ” 2, ” 58; add “Bitters.”
Page 588, column 2, line 63; for “Concentrated Solution of Quassia” read “Quassia Wood.”
” 588, ” 2, ” 63; omit “fl.”
” 588, ” 2, ” 64; delete the whole line.
” 589, ” 1, ” 14; for “drachm” read “ounce.”
” 593, ” 2, ” 31; for “Stavisacre” read “Stavesacre.”
” 594, ” 1, ” 9; for “Oil” read “Essence.”
” 594, ” 1, ” 10; for “Oil” read “Essence.”
” 595, ” 2, ” 37; for “Oatmeal” read “Ointment.”
” 596, ” 1, ” 4; for “83” read “3.”
” 602, ” 1, ” 53; after “Borax” insert “(2303).”
” 603, ” 1, ” 6; for “Hops” read “Sarsaparilla.”
” 605, ” 2, ” 39; insert “*Synonym.*—Eczema Ointment.”
” 606, ” 1, ” 20; insert “(7130).”
” 606, ” 2, ” 11; for “60” read “6.”
” 607, ” 1, ” 15; omit “and.”
” 608, ” 2, ” 16; omit “fl.”
” 608, ” 2, ” 17; for “ounces” read “drachms.
” 608, ” 2, ” 47; for “3” read “8.”

Section V.

Page 624, column 1, line 10; after “Adrenalin” insert “Chloride Solution (1 in 1000).”
” 624, ” 1, ” 29; after “Adrenalin” insert “Chloride Solution (1 in 1000).”
” 624, ” 2, ” 4; for “20” read “2.”

Section VI.

Page 636, column 1, line 9; for “Tartarate” read “Tartarated.”
” 638, ” 2, ” 4; for “1.24” read “1/24.”
” 641, ” 1, ” 19; for “Dose” read “Use.”

Section VII.

Page 658, column 1, line 39; before “Mix” insert “Distilled Water. . 48 fl. ounces.”
” 660, ” 2, ” 53; for “Heliotrope. . . . 1 drachm” read “Heliotropin. . . . 60 grains.”
” 661, ” 2, ” 21; for “Vetivert” read “Vertiver.”
” 661, ” 2, ” 53; for “spearmaceti” read “spermaceti.”
” 663, ” 2, ” 65; for “drachms” read “drops.”
” 665, ” 1, ” 51; for “12” read “1½.”
” 672, ” 2, ” 37; for “(10324)” read “(10325).”

Section VIII.

Page 693, column 2, line 19; for “Bicarbonate” read “Bichromate.”
” 698, ” 1, ” 19; for “Benzoin” read “Benzol.”
” 698, ” 1, ” 25; for “above” read “below.”
” 698, ” 2, ” 10; for “Blackin” read “Blacking.”
” 699, ” 2, ” 30; omit “with.”
” 699, ” 2, ” 43; omit “add.”
” 699, ” 2, ” 44; after “sugar” add “Mix the powders and.”
” 703, ” 2, ” 16; for “Waterproo” read “Waterproof.”
” 704, ” 1, ” 22; for “Burgundy” read “Bordeaux.”

Section IX.

Page 719, column 1, line 23; for “Kuhne's” read “Kühne's.”

Section X.

Page 730, column 1, line 35; for “Barford's” read “Barfoed's.” Note that an earlier formula for Barfoed's reagent is as follows:—Copper Acetate, 14 Gm.; Acetic Acid, 5 Ml.; Distilled Water, 200 Ml.

Section XI.

Page 746, column 2, line 48; for “place . . . bath” read “reduce the image if too dense by careful treatment with a weak solution of sodium hyposulphite.”
” 747, ” 1, ” 33; for “and” read “the.”
” 748, ” 1, ” 20; for “grains” read “fl. ounces.”

Section XII.

Page 765, column 2, line 1; for additions to list of scheduled poisons see page 974.

Section XIII.

Page 769, column 2, line 31; for “Ergot of rye” read “Belladonna.”
” 773, ” 3, ” 49; omit “Tolu.”

Section XIV.

Page 790, column 2, line 17; for “145” read “789.’
” 790, ” 2, ” 21; for “145” read “789.”

Section XV.

Page 797, column 2, line 47; for “Toluntana” read “Tolutana.”

Section XXIV.

Page 845, column 1, line 14; for “1½ ounces” read “12 grains.”
” 917, ” 1, ” 63; insert “Distilled Water, sufficient to make 1 pint.”

SECTION I.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

FORMULÆ FOR NON-OFFICIAL GALENICAL PREPARATIONS.

THE numerous formulæ in the following seventy pages have been collected from many sources—chiefly from pharmacopœias which are no longer official, various hospital pharmacopœias, the 'B.P.C. Formulary,' the classic works of Squire and Martindale, and the pages of the *Pharmaceutical Journal*. Most of the recipes in the 'Australian Pharmaceutical Formulary' have also been included, as well as those suggested in the draft of a proposed Canadian Addendum to the 'British Pharmacopœia,' published in 1899. The Editor will be obliged to readers who may suggest useful modifications of any of the formulæ given, or the addition of other formulæ which, by their inclusion in a compendium of medicines, may tend to render such a collection of increased practical benefit.

ABBREVIATIONS.

A.P.F. = Australian Pharmaceutical Formulary.
B. = Pharmacopœia of St. Bartholomew's Hospital.
B.P.C. = Formulary of the British Pharmaceutical Conference.
Br. = Pharmacopœia of the Brompton Hospital.
C. = Codex Medicamentarius, or French Pharmacopœia.
C.Th. = Pharmacopœia of the Central London Throat Hospital.
G. = Pharmacopœia of Guy's Hospital.
J. = Pharmacopœia of St. John's Hospital for Skin Diseases.
K. = Pharmacopœia of King's College Hospital.
L. = Pharmacopœia of the London Hospital.
Lk. = Pharmacopœia of the Lock Hospital.
M. = Pharmacopœia of the Middlesex Hospital.
M.W. = Martindale and Westcott's 'Extra Pharmacopœia.'
N.E. = Pharmacopœia of the North-Eastern Hospital for Children.
O. = Pharmacopœia of the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital.
P.A. = Pharmacopœa Austriaca.
P.D. = Pharmacopœia Dublinensis.
P.E. = Pharmacopœia Edinburgensis.
P.L. = Pharmacopœia Londinensis.
S. = Squire's 'Companion to the British Pharmacopœia.'
S.G. = Pharmacopœia of St. George's Hospital.
Sk. = Pharmacopœia of the British Skin Hospital.
T. = Pharmacopœia of St. Thomas's Hospital.
Th. = Pharmacopœia of the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat.
U. = Pharmacopœia of University College Hospital.
U.S.P. = Pharmacopœia of the United States.
V. = Pharmacopœia of the Victoria Hospital for Children.
W. = Pharmacopœia of Westminster Hospital.
Wo. = Pharmacopœia of the Women's Hospital.
W.R. = White and Rodwell, *Pharmaceutical Journal*, August 1, 1903.

The Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary.

SECTION I.—A SUPPLEMENT TO THE PHARMACOPŒIA.

The drugs and preparations of the British Pharmacopœia should be used in compounding galenical preparations from formulæ in this Section, except in cases where the names given do not accord with those of the official articles. All quantities are given in terms of the Imperial weights and measures, and liquids should be weighed in the few instances in which measures of capacity are not specifically indicated.

Acetum Aromaticum.

Aromatic Vinegar.

Oil of Lavender	
Oil of Peppermint	of each 6 minims.
Oil of Rosemary	
Oil of Juniper	
Oil of Cinnamon	12 minims
Oil of Lemon	12 minims
Oil of Cloves	12 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	6½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix, set aside for seven days, and filter.

Acetum Aromaticum Camphoratum.

Camphorated Aromatic Vinegar.

Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	20 minims
Camphor	1 ounce

Glacial Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity.

Powder the camphor and dissolve it in the acetic acid; then add the volatile oils.

Acetum Cantharidinis.

Vinegar of Cantharidin.

Cantharidin	4 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces

Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glacial acetic acid with the cantharidin and add seventeen fluid ounces of acetic acid, then dissolve on a water-bath, and add sufficient acetic acid to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Acetum Sabadillæ.

Vinegar of Cevadilla.

Crushed Cevadilla Seeds	10 ounces
Alcohol, 90 per cent.	10 ounces
Acetic Acid, 30 per cent.	18 ounces
Distilled Water	72 ounces

Macerate in a closed vessel for eight days, shaking well at intervals; then strain, press, and filter.

Acetum Scillæ Fortius.

Stronger Vinegar of Squill (Merson).

Squill, bruised	2½ ounces
Acetic Acid	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water	

Exhaust the squill by repercolation with a mixture of equal parts of acetic acid and distilled water, and adjust the strength of the product so that the liquid shall measure five fluid ounces. This preparation is four times the strength of the B.P. vinegar of squill, and should be diluted as required for making vinegar, oxymel, or syrup of squill.

Acetum Scillæ (Modified).

Vinegar of Squill.

Stronger Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces

Mix. The product should correspond in strength to the B.P. vinegar of squill.

Acidum Aceticum Aromaticum.

Aromatic Acetic Acid.

Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Bergamot	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cinnamon	2 fl. drachms.
Glacial Acetic Acid, sufficient to make...	1 pint

Mix and filter.

Acidum Hydrocyanicum Fortius (B.P.C).

Stronger Hydrocyanic Acid.

Synonym.—Hydrocyanic Acid (Scheele).

Potassium Ferrocyanide	2¼ ounces
Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce

Distilled Water, 24 fl. ounces, or a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the potassium ferrocyanide in ten ounces of the water, then add the sulphuric acid, previously diluted with four ounces of the water, and cooled. Distil slowly, having previously placed one ounce of distilled water in the receiver, and continue the process until the liquid in the receiver is increased to ten fluid ounces. Add sufficient distilled water to the product to make the finished acid contain 4 per cent. of hydrocyanic acid.

Dose.—1 to 3 minims.

Acidum Hydrofluoricum Dilutum (B.P.C.).

Diluted Hydrofluoric Acid.

Redistilled Hydrofluoric Acid (30 per cent.)	58 grains

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Weigh the acid in a gutta-percha or paraffin-coated bottle, and pour it into fifteen fluid ounces of distilled water. Adjust the solution so that ten cubic centimetres require for neutralisation ten cubic centimetres of decinormal solution of sodium hydroxide, corresponding to 0·2 per cent. of hydrofluoric acid.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Acidum Hypophosphorosum (B.P.C.).

Hypophosphorous Acid.

Barium Hypophosphite	8 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the barium hypophosphite in thirty-six fluid ounces of hot distilled water, and add slowly seventeen fluid ounces of diluted sulphuric acid, continuing the addition drop by drop until no further turbidity is produced. Set aside for one hour in a warm place, and filter, washing the precipitate with hot water until the washings have no longer an acid reaction. Evaporate the filtrate on a water-bath to about eleven and a-half ounces.

Dose.—2 to 5 minims.

Acidum Lacticum Dilutum.

Diluted Lactic Acid.

Lactic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Acidum Sulphuricum Alcoholisatum.

Alcoholised Sulphuric Acid.

Synonyms.—Liquor Acidus Halleri; Mistura Sulphurica Acida; Aqua Rabeli.

Sulphuric Acid	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 ounces

Mix.

Ægyptiacum.

Ægyptiacum.

(1) Verdigris	1 ounce
Vinegar	7 fl. ounces
Honey	14 ounces

Dissolve the verdigris in the vinegar; strain the solution through a linen cloth, add the honey, and boil down to a suitable consistence. This is the P.L. formula.

(2) Verdigris	9 ounces
Alum	6 ounces
Treacle	1½ pounds

Reduce the verdigris to a fine powder, then boil with the alum and treacle until the mixture assumes a brown colour.

Æther Phosphoratus.

Phosphorated Ether.

Phosphorus, in small pieces	4 ounces
Purified Ether (0·720), by weight	20 ounces

Macerate with frequent shaking in a dark place for a month, and decant. The preparation contains about 1 part of dissolved phosphorus in 150 parts by weight, or 205 parts by measure.

Dose.—1 to 10 minims.

Amylum Iodatum.

Iodide of Starch.

Iodine	5 grains
Starch	95 grains

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Triturate the iodine with a little distilled water, add the starch gradually, and continue triturating until the compound assumes a uniform blue colour approaching black. Dry at a temperature not exceeding 40° C. and rub it to fine powder.

Antidotum Arsenici.

Arsenic Antidote.

Synonym.—Ferri Oxidum Hydratum cum Magnesia.

Solution of Ferric Sulphate (s.g. 1·320)	1 ounce
Magnesia	100 grains

Mix the solution of ferric sulphate with two ounces of water, and keep the liquid in a large well-stoppered bottle. Rub the magnesia with cold water to a smooth and thin mixture, transfer this to a bottle capable of holding about a pint, and fill it with water to about three-quarters of its capacity. When the preparation is required for use, shake the magnesia mixture to a homogeneous thin magma, gradually add to it the iron solution, and shake them together until a uniform smooth mixture results.

Aqua Anethi Concentrata.

Concentrated Dill Water (1=40).

Oil of Dill	1¼ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Anisi Concentrata.

Concentrated Anise Water (1=40).

Oil of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Anthemidis.

Chamomile Water.

Chamomile Flowers	1 ounce
Distilled Water	1 pint

Distil 10 fluid ounces.

Aqua Camphoræ Concentrata.

Concentrated Camphor Water (1=40).

Camphor	300 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Carui Concentrata.

Concentrated Caraway Water (1 = 40).

Oil of Caraway	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Chloroformi Concentrata.

Concentrated Chloroform Water (1 = 40).

Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Cinnamomi Concentrata.

Concentrated Cinnamon Water (1=40).

Oil of Cinnamon	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Fœniculi Concentrata.

Concentrated Fennel Water (1 = 40).

Oil of Fennel	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Menthæ Piperitæ Concentrata.

Concentrated Peppermint Water (1=40).

Oil of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Menthæ Viridis Concentrata.

Concentrated Spearmint Water (1 = 40).

Oil of Spearmint	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aqua Opii.

Opium Water.

Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Distil six fluid ounces. Used in eye lotions, diluted with seven times its volume of elder-flower water.

Aqua Picis.

Tar Water.

Tar	10 ounces
Distilled Water	4 pints

Stir together for fifteen minutes, and decant the supernatant liquid.

Dose.—1 to 2 pints daily.

Aqua Pimentæ Concentrata.

Concentrated Pimento Water (1=40).

Oil of Pimento	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aquæ Medicatæ.

Medicated Waters.

Volatile Oil	24 minims
Calcium Phosphate	48 grains
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Triturate the oil with the calcium phosphate, and add the water gradually, constantly triturating meanwhile; then filter, and pass sufficient distilled water through the filter to produce twenty fluid ounces. Or the following simpler process may be adopted:—

Volatile Oil	20 minims
Distilled Water, warm	20 fl. ounces

Add the oil to the water in successive portions, shaking well after each addition; then allow to cool, and filter through two layers of filtering paper. Either of the foregoing processes is applicable for the extemporaneous preparation of anise, caraway, cinnamon, dill, fennel, peppermint, pimento, and spearmint waters.

Balneum Acidi Borici (T.).

Boric Acid Bath.

Boric Acid	2 to 5 ounces
Water	1 gallon

Make 25 to 30 gallons for a full-size bath.

Balneum Acidum (T.).

Acid Bath.

Diluted Nitro-Hydrochloric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Water	1 gallon

Make 25 to 30 gallons for a full-size bath.

Balneum Alkalinum (S.).

Alkaline Bath.

Sodium Carbonate, in crystals	5 ounces
Water	30 gallons

Dissolve.

Balneum Alkalinum (T.).

Alkaline Bath.

Sodium Carbonate, in crystals	60 to 120 grs.
Water	1 gallon

Make 25 to 30 gallons for a full-size bath

Balneum Calidum (T.).

Hot Bath.

Water at 37° to 43° C. (98° to 110° F.) 25 to 30 gallons.

To avoid accidents some cold water should be placed in the bath first, and hot water added until the thermometer indicates the required temperature.

Balneum Effervescens (T.).

Effervescent Bath.

(1) Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Sodium Acid Sulphate	¼ ounce
Water	1 gallon

Dissolve the sodium bicarbonate in the water, and add the sodium acid sulphate, in lumps or cakes, to the solution. Make 25 to 30 gallons for a full-size bath. Contact between the patient's skin and the acid sulphate should be prevented by placing sheets of lead foil over the latter.

(2) Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Sodium Acid Sulphate	¼ ounce
Sodium Chloride	1½ ounce
Calcium Chloride	¼ ounce
Water	1 gallon

Dissolve the sodium bicarbonate and the chlorides in the water, then add the sodium acid sulphate. Make 25 to 30 gallons.

Balneum Frigidum (T.).

Cold Bath.

Cold Water at 15° C. (59° F.).

The temperature of the water may be reduced, if desired, by the addition of ice.

Balneum Sinapis (T.).

Mustard Bath.

Mustard	½ to 1 ounce
Water	1 gallon

Rub the mustard to a smooth paste with cold water before adding it to the hot water. If used for a child, give the bath until the arms of the person holding the child begin to tingle.

Balneum Sodii Chloridi (T.).

Salt Bath.

Sodium Chloride or Sea-Salt	4 to 8 ounces
Water	1 gallon

Dissolve.

Balneum Sulphuratum (T.).

Sulphur Bath.

Sulphurated Potash	⅛ to ¼ ounce
Water	1 gallon

Dissolve.

Balneum Tepidum (T.).

Tepid Bath.

Water at 30° to 35° C. (86° to 95° F.). 25 to 30 gallons.

Balneum Vaporis Creosoti (T.).

Creosote Vapour Bath.

Coal-Tar Creosote	1 to 4 fl. ounces

Heat the creosote, in a porcelain or metal dish, over a lamp in a well-closed apartment, continuing the application of heat until the creosote vapour in the atmosphere has reached the desired concentration.

Caffeinæ Hydrobromidum Effervescens (B.P.C.).

Effervescent Caffeine Hydrobromide.

Caffeine Hydrobromide, in powder	4 ounces
Citric Acid	18 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	46 ounces
Refined Sugar	18 ounces
Tartaric Acid	24 ounces

Mix and granulate. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Calamina Præparata.

Prepared Calamine (Lyon).

Zinc Sulphate	14 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	14½ ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	112 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the zinc sulphate and the sodium carbonate each in half a gallon of distilled water; to the solution of zinc sulphate add the strong solution of ferric chloride. Mix the solutions and shake well. Collect the precipitate on a calico filter and wash with boiling distilled water until the washings are free from sulphates. Heat the precipitate in a crucible, at a dull red heat, until a portion taken from the crucible ceases to effervesce when treated with an acid. When cold, transfer the contents of the crucible to a mortar and grind to an impalpable powder.

Camphora cum Creta.

Camphorated Chalk.

Camphor, in fine powder	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	8 ounces

Mix and pass through a fine sieve.

Cataplasma Aluminis.

Alum Poultice.

Alum	60 grains
Whites of Two Eggs.	

Mix. Used for chilblains and black bruises.

Cataplasma Carbonis.

Charcoal Poultice.

Wood Charcoal, in Powder	½ ounce
Crumb of Bread	2 ounces
Crushed Linseed	1½ ounces
Boiling Water	10 fl. ounces

Macerate the bread in the water for ten minutes near the fire; then mix and add the linseed meal gradually, stirring the ingredients, so that a soft poultice may be formed. Add half the charcoal, mix, and sprinkle the remainder on the surface of the poultice.

Cataplasma Conii.

Hemlock Poultice.

Juice of Hemlock	1 fl. ounce
Crushed Linseed	4 ounces
Boiling Water	10 fl. ounces

Evaporate the hemlock juice to half its volume, and add it to the linseed meal and water, previously mixed, and finally stir all together.

Cataplasma Fermenti.

Yeast Poultice.

Beer Yeast	6 fl. ounces
Wheaten Flour	14 ounces
Water, heated to 40° C.	6 fl. ounces

Mix the yeast with the water, stir in the flour, and place the mass near a fire till it rises.

Cataplasma Lini.

Linseed Poultice.

Crushed Linseed	4 ounces
Boiling Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix the linseed gradually with the water, with constant stirring.

Cataplasma Sinapis.

Mustard Poultice.

Mustard, in powder	2½ ounces
Crushed Linseed	2½ ounces
Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the mustard with two to three ounces of lukewarm water, and add to the linseed previously mixed with six to eight ounces of boiling water; stir well together.

Cataplasma Sinapis (T.).

Mustard Poultice.

Crushed Linseed	4 ounces
Mustard	¼ ounce
Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Add the linseed gradually to ten fluid ounces of boiling water; then add the mustard, previously rubbed to a smooth paste with a little cold or tepid water. The mustard paste may be spread on the surface of the linseed poultice if stronger action be desired; or mustard paper, first dipped in tepid water, may be applied to the skin.

Cataplasma Sodæ Chlorinatæ.

Chlorine Poultice.

Solution of Chlorinated Soda	2 fl. ounces
Crushed Linseed	4 ounces
Boiling Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix the linseed gradually with the water, and add the solution of chlorinated soda, with constant stirring.

Causticum Iodi (Sk.).

Iodine Caustic.

Iodine	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve the Iodine and the Potassium Iodide in the alcohol.

Cera Aseptica.

Aseptic Wax

Yellow Beeswax	11 ounces
Almond Oil	1½ fl. ounces
Salicylic Acid	60 grains

Melt the beeswax in the oil, and strain through muslin; then add the salicylic acid and heat to 150° C. on an oil-bath. Pour into sterilised bottles, and cover with an aqueous solution (1 in 500) of mercuric chloride.

Ceratum Calaminæ (P.L.).

Calamine Cerate.

Prepared Calamine	3 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ceratum Camphoræ (S.).

Camphor Cerate.

Camphor	2 ounces
White Beeswax	3 ounces
Lard	4 ounces
Oil of Almonds	3 fl. ounces

Melt together, and stir till cold.

Ceratum Plumbi.

Lead Cerate.

Synonym.—Pearson's Cerate.

Lead Plaster	4 ounces
Beeswax, Yellow	1 ounce
Oil of Almonds	3 fl. ounces

Melt and mix.

Ceratum Plumbi Compositum (P.L. 1851.).

Compound Ointment of Lead.

Camphor	60 grains
Yellow Beeswax	8 ounces
Olive Oil	1 pint
Solution of Lead Subacetate	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ceratum Rosæ (S.).

Rose Cerate.

Synonym.—Cold Cream.

White Beeswax	1 ounce
Spermaceti	1 ounce
Oil of Almonds	8 fl. ounces
Rose Water, warm	11 fl. ounces
Otto of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	

Melt the wax and spermaceti with the oil on a water-bath; then add the otto, and strain through muslin into the rose-water. Stir gently until drops of water are no longer visible.

Charta Epispastica.

Blistering Paper.

White Beeswax	4 ounces
Spermaceti	1½ ounces
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Resin	¾ ounce
Canada Balsam	¼ ounce
Cantharides, in powder	1 ounce
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Digest all the ingredients, excepting the Canada balsam, in a water-bath for two hours, stirring them constantly; then strain and separate the plaster from the aqueous fluid. Melt the plaster in a shallow vessel, add the Canada balsam, mix, and pass strips of paper over the surface of the hot liquid, so that one side of the paper shall receive a thin coating of plaster.

Chloral Camphoratum (B.P.C.).

Camphorated Chloral.

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce

Rub together in a warm mortar until completely liquefied, and filter if necessary.

Chloral cum Camphora et Cocaina (S).

Chloral Hydrate Camphor ...... } of each	5 grains
Cocaine	1 grain

Mix.

Chloral et Phenol.

Chloral and Phenol.

Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Carbolic Acid	1 ounce

Mix.

Chloroformum Aconiti (B.P.C.).

Chloroform of Aconite.

Aconite Root, bruised	10 ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the aconite root for four hours with the solution of ammonia and distilled water, previously mixed; then dry carefully, macerate for twenty-four hours with ten fluid ounces of chloroform, and allow percolation to proceed, adding more chloroform, until the percolate measures fifteen fluid ounces.

Chloroformum Belladonnæ (B.P.C.).

Chloroform of Belladonna.

Belladonna Root, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	1 pint

Macerate the belladonna root for four hours with the strong solution of ammonia and distilled water, previously mixed. Dry carefully, and again powder the product. Macerate, and then percolate with sufficient chloroform to produce thirty fluid ounces.

Chloroformum Belladonnæ (S.).

Chloroform of Belladonna.

Belladonna Root, in powder	20 ounces
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity.	

Percolate the belladonna root with sufficient chloroform to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Chloroformum Camphoratum (B.P.C.).

Camphorated Chloroform.

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve

Chloroformum Hyoscyami (S.).

Chloroform of Hyoscyamus.

Synonym.—Chloroform of Henbane.

Hyoscyamus Root, in powder	20 ounces
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity.	

Percolate, and collect one pint.

Collodium Acidi Salicylici (T.).

Salicylic Acid Collodion.

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Flexible Collodion, sufficient to make...	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Collodium Belladonnæ (B.P.C.).

Collodion of Belladonna.

Synonym.—Emplastrum Belladonnæ Fluidum

Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna Leaf, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor	130 grains
Pyroxylin	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficiency.	
Purified Ether, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the extract of belladonna leaf, containing forty-four grains of the alkaloids, in nine fluid ounces of the alcohol (90 per cent.). Add nine fluid ounces of the purified ether; mix, set aside for twelve hours, decant, and dissolve the camphor and pyroxylin in the mixture. Then add, in equal volumes, a sufficient quantity of alcohol and purified ether to produce one pint.

Collodium Camphoratum.

Camphorated Collodion.

Synonym.—Camphoid.

Pyroxylin	½ ounce
Camphor	10 ounces
Absolute Alcohol	10 ounces

Dissolve the camphor in the alcohol; then add the pyroxylin. Used as a vehicle for the application to the skin of iodoform, phenol, salicylic acid, resorcin, iodine, chrysarobin, and ichthyol. The quantity of camphor may then be reduced to one-half except in the case of iodoform.

Collodium cum Iodoformo (M.W.).

Collodion with Iodoform.

Iodoform	1 ounce
Flexible Collodion	12 fl. ounces

Dissolve. Used as a pigment for venereal sores.

Collodium Iodoformi (S.).

Collodion of Iodoform.

Iodoform	2 ounces
Collodion	1 pint

Dissolve the iodoform in the collodion.

Collodium Salicylicum.

Salicylic Collodion.

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Collodium Stypticum (B.P.C.).

Styptic Collodion.

Benzoin	44 grains
Pyroxylin	44 grains
Tannic Acid	1 ounce
Absolute Alcohol	1 fl. ounce
Purified Ether	4 fl. ounces

Dissolve the benzoin in the absolute alcohol, and filter. In the filtrate dissolve the tannic acid, and add the other ingredients. Set aside for three days, and decant.

Confectio Aromatica.

Aromatic Confection.

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Nutmeg, in powder	1 ounce
Saffron, in powder	1 ounce
Cloves, in powder	½ ounce
Cardamom Seeds, in powder	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	12 ounces
Prepared Chalk, in powder	8 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the powders thoroughly and pass the mixture through a fine sieve; then rub it lightly in a mortar and place it in a stoppered bottle. When required for use, add one-fourth its weight of distilled water to the powder and mix thoroughly.

Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Confectio Opii.

Confection of Opium.

Compound Powder of Opium	100 grains
Syrup	300 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 20 grains.

Confectio Rosæ Caninæ.

Confection of Hips.

Hips, deprived of their seed-like fruits.	1 pound
Refined Sugar	2 pounds

Beat the hips to a pulp in a stone mortar, rub the pulp through a sieve; then add the sugar and mix thoroughly.

Confectio Rutæ (P.L.).

Confection of Rue.

Bay Laurel Berries, in powder	1½ ounces
Black Pepper, in powder	¼ ounce
Caraway Fruit, in powder	1½ ounces
Gum Sagapenum	½ ounce
Rue, freshly powdered	1½ ounces
Clarified Honey	16 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form an electuary.

Confectio Scammonii.

Confection of Scammony.

Scammony Resin, in powder	6 ounces
Ginger, in fine powder	3 ounces
Oil of Caraway	¼ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	⅛ fl. ounce
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	3 ounces

Rub the powders with the syrup and honey into a uniform mass, then add the oil, and mix.

Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Confectio Sennæ et Sulphuris (T.).

Confection of Senna and Sulphur.

Confection of Senna	1 ounce
Confection of Sulphur	1 ounce

Mix.

Confectio Sulphuris et Guaiaci Composita.

Compound Confection of Sulphur and Guaiacum.

Synonym.—Chelsea Pensioner.

Sublimed Sulphur	of each 6 ounces
Mustard	
Guaiacum, in powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	of each 1½ ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	
Honey or Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Triturate the powders together, and mix with sufficient honey or treacle to make an electuary of a suitable consistence.

Confectio Terebinthinæ.

Confection of Turpentine.

Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Clarified Honey	2 ounces

Rub the oil with the liquorice, add the honey, and mix to a uniform consistence.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Cremor Calomelanos (Lk.).

Calomel Cream.

Mercurous Chloride	10 grains
Soft Paraffin	427½ grains

Mix.

Cremor Morrhuæ Pancreaticus.

Peptonised Cod-liver Oil Cream. (6538.)

Glycerole of Pancreatin	400 minims
Glycerole of Pepsin	400 minims
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Irish Moss	5½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	5 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Rub the mucilage of Irish moss in a mortar and add the cod-liver oil by degrees until thoroughly mixed. Then add separately the glycerole of pancreatin, glycerole of pepsin, and syrup of tolu to the emulsion, and stir well after each addition. Next dissolve the essential oil of almonds in the alcohol, and add the solution to the mixture, with sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Cremor Bismuthi (S.).

Bismuth Cream.

Hydrated Bismuth Oxide	1 ounce
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Rub together till smooth.

Cremor Lithargyri (S.).

Litharge Cream.

Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Cream	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cupri Oleas (S.).

Copper Oleate.

Copper Sulphate	180 grains
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Sodium Oleate	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the copper sulphate in the water, then add the solution of sodium oleate. Heat till the precipitate melts and agglomerates, wash once or twice with boiling water; then collect and dry.

Decoctum Althææ.

Decoction of Marshmallow Root.

Marshmallow Root	1 ounce
Water	30 fl. ounces

Boil until reduced to twenty fluid ounces.

Decoctum Cetrariæ.

Decoction of Iceland Moss.

Iceland Moss, washed	1 ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Boil the washed lichen with a pint of distilled water for ten minutes in a covered vessel; then strain with gentle pressure, while hot, and pour sufficient distilled water over the contents of the strainer to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Cinchonæ.

Decoction of Cinchona.

Red Cinchona Bark, in No. 20 powder	1¼ ounces
Distilled Water	1 pint

Boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel, strain when cold, and pour sufficient distilled water over the contents of the strainer to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Cydonii.

Decoction of Quince Seed.

Quince Seed	¼ ounce
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Boil for ten minutes, and strain.

Decoctum Gallæ.

Decoction of Galls.

Galls, bruised	1¼ ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Boil until reduced to twenty fluid ounces, and strain.

Decoctum Hordei.

Decoction of Barley.

Pearl Barley, washed	2 ounces
Distilled Water	1½ pint

Boil the washed barley with the distilled water for twenty minutes in a covered vessel, and strain. Product, about one pint.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Papaveris.

Decoction of Poppy.

Poppy Capsules, bruised	2 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Boil the bruised capsules with 30 fluid ounces of distilled water for ten minutes in a covered vessel; then strain, and pour sufficient distilled water over the contents of the strainer to make the strained product measure one pint.

Decoctum Pareiræ.

Decoction of Pareira.

Pareira Root, in No. 20 powder	1¼ ounces
Distilled Water	1 pint

Boil for fifteen minutes in a covered vessel; then strain, and pour sufficient distilled water over the contents of the strainer to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Quercus.

Decoction of Oak Bark.

Oak Bark, bruised	1¼ ounces
Distilled Water	1 pint

Boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel; then strain, and pour sufficient distilled water over the contents of the strainer to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Sarsæ.

Decoction of Sarsaparilla.

Sarsaparilla, cut small	2½ ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	1½ pints

Digest for one hour; then boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel; cool, strain, and add distilled water, if necessary, to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—2 to 10 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Sarsæ Compositum.

Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla.

Sarsaparilla, cut small	2½ ounces
Sassafras Root, in chips	of each ¼ ounce.
Guaiacum Wood, in turnings	
Liquorice Root, bruised	
Mezereon Bark	⅛ ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	1½ pints

Digest for one hour; then boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel, cool, strain, and add distilled water, if necessary, to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—2 to 10 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Scoparii.

Decoction of Broom.

Broom Tops, dried	1 ounce
Distilled Water	1 pint

Boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel; then strain and pour sufficient distilled water over the contents of the strainer to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—2 to 4 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Taraxaci.

Decoction of Dandelion.

Dandelion Root, dried, sliced and bruised	1 ounce
Distilled Water	1 pint

Boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel; then strain and pour sufficient distilled water over the contents of the strainer to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—2 to 4 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Tritici (S.).

Decoction of Couch Grass.

Couch Grass Rhizome, cut small	1 ounce
Distilled Water	1 pint

Boil for ten minutes; strain when cold.

Dose.—4 to 8 fluid ounces.

Decoctum Ulmi.

Decoction of Elm Bark.

Elm Bark, in small pieces	2½ ounces
Distilled Water	1 pint

Boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel; then strain, and pour over the contents of the strainer sufficient distilled water to make the strained product measure one pint.

Dose.—2 to 4 fluid ounces.

Elixir Aletridis (B.P.C.).

Elixir of Aletris.

Liquid Extract of Aletris	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup	7½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir Aromaticum.

Aromatic Elixir.

Compound Spirit of Orange	105 minims
Syrup	7½ fl. ounces
Calcium Phosphate	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix the compound spirit of orange with sufficient alcohol to make five fluid ounces; then add the syrup in several portions, shaking well after each addition, and afterwards add, in the same manner, seven and a-half fluid ounces of the water. Mix the calcium phosphate intimately with the liquid, and then filter through a wetted filter, returning the first portions of the filtrate until a clear liquid is obtained. Lastly, wash the filter with a mixture of one volume of alcohol and three volumes of distilled water, until the product measures twenty fluid ounces.

Elixir Aurantii.

Elixir of Orange.

Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	½ fl. ounce
Orange Flower Water	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Kaolin	2 ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the tinctures, orange flower water, alcohol, syrup, and four fluid ounces of water with the kaolin. Set aside for twenty-four hours; then filter and wash the filter with sufficient water to produce twenty fluid ounces of the elixir.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir Cascaræ (A.P.F.).

Elixir of Cascara.

Synonym.—Aromatic Cascara.

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Gluside, soluble	56 grains
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Oil of Dill	2 minims
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	2 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	96 minims

Dissolve the gluside in the liquid extracts and glycerin, previously mixed, and the oils in the alcohol; then mix the two solutions.

Dose.—30 minims for repeated administration; for a single administration, 1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Elixir Cinchonæ.

Elixir of Cinchona.

Synonym.—Elixir Calisayæ (A.P.F.).

Tincture of Cinchona	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Elixir	12 fl. ounces

Mix, allow to stand awhile, and filter through a wetted filter.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Elixir Glusidi (B.P.C.).

Elixir of Gluside.

Synonyms.—Elixir Saccharini; Elixir of Saccharin.

Gluside	480 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix the gluside and the sodium bicarbonate with half a pint of the distilled water. Add the alcohol, filter, and wash the filter with sufficient distilled water to produce one pint.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Elixir Guaranæ (B.P.C.).

Elixir of Guarana.

Guarana, in No. 60 powder	4 ounces
Light Magnesia	½ ounce
Oil of Cinnamon	6 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the powders, and moisten with three fluid ounces of the alcohol. After twenty-four hours' maceration, mix with eight ounces of coarse sand, and pack in a percolator; pass through "proof spirit" until sixteen fluid ounces are obtained, then transfer the mass to a press-bag and apply pressure. To the percolate add the syrup and the oil of cinnamon, and make up to one pint by addition of the expressed liquid, previously reduced by evaporation if necessary.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Elixir Phosphori (B.P.C.).

Elixir of Phosphorus.

Compound Tincture of Phosphorus	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces

Add the tincture to the glycerin and shake well. Each fluid drachm of the resulting elixir contains one-fiftieth of a grain of phosphorus. The elixir should be made as required.

Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Elixir Phosphori Compositum.

Compound Elixir of Phosphorus.

Spirit of Phosphorus	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Glycerin	2¾ fl. ounces

Aromatic Elixir, a sufficient quantity.

Place the spirit in a graduated bottle, add the oil and glycerin, and mix by repeatedly inverting the bottle. Then add the elixir in several portions, gently agitating after each addition, until a clear liquid is obtained and the product measures five fluid ounces. One and a-half fluid drachms will contain about one-fiftieth of a grain of phosphorus. Keep the elixir in dark amber-coloured bottles, in a cool and dark place.

Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Elixir Rhei (B.P.C.).

Elixir of Rhubarb.

Rhubarb Root, in No. 12 powder	5 ounces
Fennel Fruit, bruised	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	4 ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the rhubarb and fennel with fifteen fluid ounces of a mixture of one volume of the alcohol and three volumes of distilled water, macerate for forty-eight hours, and express. Again macerate with sufficient of the menstruum to furnish, with the previous pressing, fifteen fluid ounces of clear product. After twenty-four hours' maceration, again express. Unite the liquors, allow to stand for two days, and filter into the sugar and glycerin. Dissolve without heat, and add sufficient of the above menstruum to make the product measure one pint.

Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Elixir Sennæ (B.P.C.).

Elixir of Senna.

Alexandrian Senna	1 pound
Refined Sugar, in coarse powder	12 ounces
Chloroform	24 minims
Oil of Coriander	2½ minims
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. drachm
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	of each a sufficient quantity.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	
Distilled Water	

Macerate the senna for three days with a mixture of four fluid ounces of alcohol (90 per cent.) and twelve fluid ounces of water. Express forcibly, and pour the product on the sugar. Break up the marc, and again macerate with sufficient of the same menstruum to furnish in all sixteen fluid ounces of product. Express again after twenty-four hours' maceration, add the liquor to that previously obtained and the sugar, heat to 200° F. in a closed vessel by means of a water-bath, and maintain at that temperature for ten minutes. When cold, strain and add, after mixing, the chloroform, oil of coriander, tincture of capsicum, and three fluid drachms of alcohol (90 per cent.). Agitate thoroughly, and if necessary add alcohol (60 per cent.) to make the product measure twenty-four fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Elixir Simplex.

Simple Elixir.

Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	12½ fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the tincture with the syrup, and add sufficient distilled water to produce thirty fluid ounces.

Elixir Valerianæ.

Elixir of Valerian.

Valerian Rhizome, in coarse powder	1280 grains
Refined Sugar	5 ounces
Compound Spirit of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water	

Percolate the valerian rhizome with a mixture of alcohol, four fluid pints, and distilled water, seven fluid pints, until the product measures fifteen fluid ounces; then filter, and dissolve the sugar in the filtrate. Finally, add the compound spirit of orange and sufficient of the diluted alcohol to produce one pint.

Emplastrum Belladonnæ Viride (B.P.C.).

Green Belladonna Plaster.

Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna Leaf, a quantity containing of the alkaloids	11 grains
Resin Plaster, sufficient to produce	10 ounces

Mix. The plaster is half the alkaloidal strength of Emplastrum Belladonnæ of the British Pharmacopœia.

Emplastrum Calefaciens (Modified).

Warming Plaster (Greenish and Wilson).

Cantharidin	1 grain
Olive Oil	½ fl. ounce
Resin Plaster	11 ounces

Chloroform, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the cantharidin, by the aid of heat, in as small a quantity of chloroform as possible; then add the olive oil. Next add the mixture to the resin plaster, previously melted on a water-bath, and stir well, continuing the application of heat until the chloroform is dissipated.

Emplastrum Cantharidinis.

Cantharidin Plaster (Greenish and Wilson).

Cantharidin	4 grains
Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Prepared Suet	3 ounces
Resin	3 ounces

Chloroform, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the cantharidin, by the aid of heat, in as small a quantity of chloroform as possible; then add the other ingredients, previously melted together on a water-bath, and stir well. Continue the application of heat until the chloroform is dissipated, and stir till cold.

Emplastrum Ferri.

Chalybeate Plaster.

Peroxide of Iron, in fine powder	1 ounce
Burgundy Pitch	2 ounces
Lead Plaster	8 ounces

Melt the Burgundy pitch and lead plaster together, add the peroxide of iron, and stir the mixture constantly till it stiffens on cooling.

Emplastrum Galbani.

Galbanum Plaster.

Galbanum	1 ounce
Ammoniacum	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Lead Plaster	8 ounces

Melt the galbanum and ammoniacum together; then add the beeswax and lead plaster, previously melted together, and mix.

Emplastrum Hydrargyri Stearatis (M.W.).

Plaster of Mercuric Stearate.

Lead Plaster	6 ounces
Mercuric Stearate	2 ounces

Melt the lead plaster and add the mercuric stearate.

Emplastrum Saponis Fuscum.

Brown Soap Plaster.

Synonym.—Emplastrum Cerati Saponis.

Curd Soap, in powder	10 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	12½ ounces
Olive Oil	1 pint
Lead Oxide	15 ounces
Malt Vinegar	1 gallon

Boil the vinegar and lead oxide together on a steam-bath, stirring constantly till combined; then add the soap and again boil until most of the mixture is evaporated. Finally, add the beeswax and oil, previously melted together, and stir the whole continuously, maintaining the temperature until the product has acquired the proper consistence for a plaster.

Emulsio Chloroformi (T.).

Chloroform Emulsion

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Quillaia	3 fl. drachms
or	
Tincture of Senega	1 fl. drachm
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix, with strong agitation. This preparation is of the same strength as spirit of chloroform, which it may replace as a flavouring agent and preservative addition to mixtures, etc. Most mixtures containing vegetable extracts, infusions, or tinctures are liable to become mouldy if kept under ordinary conditions longer than about seven days. Such mixtures may be preserved by the addition of ten to fifteen minims of chloroform emulsion per fluid ounce. If chloroform disagrees, or is otherwise objectionable, one-fourth to half a grain of benzoic or salicylic acid per fluid ounce is usually effectual in preserving mixtures.

Emulsio Iodoformi (Lk.).

Emulsion of Iodoform.

Iodoform, in minute crystals	10 ounces
Glycerin	70 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Rub the iodoform to a smooth paste with the glycerin, then add the distilled water. For local use only.

Emulsio Morrhuæ Pancreatica.

Peptonised Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. (7041.)

Glycerole of Pancreatin	320 minims
Glycerole of Pepsin	320 minims
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Gluside	3 grains
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Gum Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cassia	10 minims
Oil of Bitter Almonds (free from Prussic Acid)	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Thoroughly mix the gums and oils in a dry mortar; then dissolve the saccharin in the solution of potash, make up to eight fluid ounces with water and add the glyceroles of pepsin and pancreatin. Next add the mixture to the oils in the mortar, stir continuously until emulsified, and gradually incorporate the remainder of the water.

Emulsio Morrhuæ Pancreatica cum Byno.

Pancreatised Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Malt. (7042.)

Glycerole of Pancreatin	2 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	4 drachms
Gum Tragacanth, in powder	½ drachm
Saccharated Solution of Lime	4 fl. drachms
Extract of Malt	10 ounces

Mix the gums and the glycerole of pancreatin in a large mortar, and add two ounces of extract of malt. Mix the solution of lime with the cod-liver oil, take the same quantity of the mixture as the extract, mix thoroughly in a warm mortar, and add the extract and oil little by little, alternately, until the whole has been added.

Emulsio Olei Morrhuæ.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil.

Cod-liver Oil	8 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in fine powder	2 ounces
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Bitter Almonds	2 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Triturate the cod-liver oil and gum acacia together; add five ounces of water, and stir briskly. When the emulsion is formed, add the oil of bitter almonds, with the syrup, and sufficient water to make sixteen fluid ounces of emulsion.

Dose.—¼ to 1 fluid ounce.

Emulsio Olei Morrhuæ (B.P.C.).

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion.

Cod-liver Oil	8 fl. ounces
Yolks of Two Eggs.	
Tragacanth, in powder	16 grains
Elixir of Saccharin	60 minims
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	60 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Essential Oil of Bitter Almonds	8 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Place the tragacanth in a dry mortar and triturate with a little of the cod-liver oil; add the yolks of eggs, and stir briskly, gradually adding five fluid ounces of distilled water as the mixture thickens. When of a suitable consistence, add the remainder of the oil and water alternately, with constant stirring, avoiding frothing. Transfer to a pint bottle, add the elixir of saccharin, tincture of benzoin, spirit of chloroform, and oil of almonds, previously mixed; shake well, and add distilled water, if necessary, to make the product measure sixteen fluid ounces.

Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Emulsio Olei Morrhuæ cum Hypophosphitibus (A.P.F.).

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites.

Cod-liver Oil	8 fl. ounces
Yolks of Eggs	2
Tragacanth, in powder	8 grains
Elixir of Saccharin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Bitter Almonds	8 minims
Sodium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Calcium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Sherry, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the hypophosphites in five fluid ounces of the sherry; then place the tragacanth in a dry mortar, triturate with a little of the oil, add the previously beaten yolks of eggs and stir briskly, adding the sherry solution as the mixture thickens. When of a suitable consistence, add the remainder of the oil and sherry solution alternately, with constant stirring, avoiding frothing. Finally, transfer to a bottle, add the remaining ingredients, previously mixed, shake well, and add sufficient sherry to produce sixteen fluid ounces.

Dose.—4 to 8 fluid drachms.

Emulsio Olei Ricini.

Castor Oil Emulsion.

Castor Oil	3 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	300 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	
Orange-Flower Water of commerce, undiluted	1 fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water	2½ fl. ounces

Place the powdered gum acacia in a dry mortar and add the castor oil, then add all at once the orange-flower water mixed with half a fluid ounce of distilled water, and mix intimately. Next add, in small portions, the cinnamon water, with sufficient distilled water to make eight fluid ounces. The product corresponds to the Mistura Olei Ricini of the B.P.

Dose, as a draught.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Emulsio Olei Ricini (S.).

Castor Oil Emulsion.

(1) Castor Oil	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Ginger	¼ fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

(2) Castor Oil	½ fl. ounce
Yolk of Egg	¼ fl. ounce
Syrup	¼ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Emulsio Paraffini (T.).

Paraffin Emulsion.

Synonym.—Aseptic Shaving Cream.

Hard Paraffin (m.p. 55° C.)	5½ ounces
Prepared Suet	¾ ounce
Soft Soap	½ ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Glycerin	½ ounce
Oil of Lavender	¼ ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	17 ounces

Place the hard paraffin and suet in a vessel surrounded by hot water, add the soap and boiling water, and vigorously beat the mixture until a smooth white emulsion is obtained. Remove the surrounding hot water, and gradually add the tragacanth, continuing the beating and stirring until the temperature has fallen below 50° C. When nearly cold add the glycerin and oil of lavender. This product should have the consistence of a soft paste, and is used to facilitate the shaving of skin-areas before surgical operations, so as to obviate the use of a shaving-brush and soap. The particles of wax form an embedding film, which supports the hairs during the passage of the razor. A thin layer should be rubbed over the area to be shaved, and the razor immediately applied. Paraffin emulsion may also be used as an ointment basis. It leaves an inconspicuous film upon the surface of the skin, which does not adhere to the patient's clothing.

Emulsio Petrolei cum Hypophosphitibus (B.P.C.).

Emulsion of Petroleum with Hypophosphites.

Calcium Hypophosphite	192 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	192 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	4 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Liquid Paraffin	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	24 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Emulsio Theobromatis.

Theobroma Emulsion (White and Rodwell).

Oil of Theobroma	4 ounces
Hard Soap	350 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	35 grains
Benzoic Acid	17½ grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the soap in four ounces of the water by the aid of heat, add the hot solution to the oil of theobroma, previously melted, and mix by agitation; then shake in the tragacanth, add the benzoic acid, and make up to sixteen ounces with water. The finished emulsion is used to granulate powders before compression into tablets. The substance to be compressed is reduced to very fine powder and triturated with sufficient of the emulsion to make it coherent, but not so damp as to adhere to the meshes of a No. 20 or No. 30 sieve when shaken through without pressure. After being sifted, the mixture is exposed to the air for a few hours and then compressed into tablets.

Enema Aloes.

Enema of Aloes.

Aloes	40 grains
Potassium Carbonate	15 grains
Mucilage of Starch	10 fl. ounces

Mix, and rub together.

Enema Asafetidæ.

Enema of Asafetida.

Asafetida	30 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Rug the asafetida in a mortar with the water added gradually, so as to form an emulsion.

Enema Asafetidæ (T.).

Asafetida Enema.

Tincture of Asafetida	1 fl. drachm
Mucilage of Starch	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Enema Glycerini (T.).

Glycerin Enema.

Glycerin	1 to 2 fl. drachms

Mix. To be injected, undiluted, by means of a syringe.

Enema Magnesii Sulphatis.

Enema of Magnesium Sulphate.

Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Olive Oil	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Starch	15 fl. ounces

Dissolve the magnesium sulphate in the mucilage, add the oil, and mix.

Enema Nutriens (T.).

Nutrient Enema.

Beef Tea	2 fl. ounces
One Egg.	
Milk	2 fl. ounces

Well beat the egg, and mix with the beef tea and milk. Brandy (up to four fluid drachms) and pancreatic solution (one fluid drachm) may be added if desired. The enema should be administered warm.

Enema Olei Olivæ (T.).

Olive Oil Enema.

Olive Oil	1 to 5 fl. ounces

To be injected warm.

Enema Olei Ricini (S.).

Castor Oil Enema.

Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Starch	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Enema Olei Ricini (T.).

Castor Oil Enema.

Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Starch	10 fl. ounces

Mix the castor oil by agitation with the mucilage of starch. Castor oil may also be given in the enema of soap.

Enema Opii.

Enema of Opium.

Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Mucilage of Starch	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Enema Opii (T.).

Opium Enema.

Tincture of Opium	10 to 40 minims
Mucilage of Starch	2 to 4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Enema Saponis (T.).

Soap Enema.

Soft Soap	½ ounce
Water, warm	1 pint

Mix.

Enema Tabaci.

Enema of Tobacco.

Leaf Tobacco	20 grains
Distilled Water, boiling	8 fl. ounces

Infuse in a covered vessel for half an hour, and strain.

Enema Terebinthinæ.

Enema of Turpentine.

Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Starch	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Enema Terebinthinæ (T.).

Turpentine Enema.

Oil of Turpentine	¼ to ½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Starch	½ to 1 pint

Mix.

Essentia Anisi Fortior.

Stronger Essence of Anise.

Oil of Anise	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Essentia Camphoræ (S.).

Essence of Camphor.

Camphor	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve.

Essentia Menthæ Piperitæ Fortior.

Stronger Essence of Peppermint.

Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Essentia Pepsini cum Byno.

Essence of Pepsin and Malt. (6523.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	400 minims
Extract of Malt	6 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with the extract of malt; then add sufficient of the alcohol to produce twenty fluid ounces and strain.

Dose.—½ fluid ounce immediately after meals.

Extractum Aconiti.

Extract of Aconite.

Aconite Leaves and Flowering Tops, fresh	112 pounds

Bruise in a stone mortar, press out the juice, heat it gradually to 55° C., and separate the chlorophyll by a calico filter. Heat the strained liquor to 90° C., to coagulate the albumin; again filter, and evaporate the filtrate on a water-bath to the consistence of a thin syrup. Pass the chlorophyll through a hair sieve, add it to the syrupy liquid, and, stirring continuously, continue the evaporation at a temperature not exceeding 60° C., until a mass of pilular consistence is obtained.

Dose.—¼ to 1 grain.

Extractum Aconiti Radicis Alcoholicum.

Alcoholic Extract of Aconite Root.

Aconite Root, in powder	1 pound

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Percolate the aconite root with alcohol, and evaporate the product to pilular consistence.

Dose.—⅙ to ½ grain.

Extractum Agropyri Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Couch Grass.

Synonym.—Extractum Tritici Liquidum.

Couch Grass, cut small	20 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water, boiling	

Digest the couch grass with one hundred fluid ounces of boiling water for six hours, strain, repeat the operation twice, mix the three infusions and evaporate to fifteen fluid ounces. Then add five fluid ounces of the alcohol, let the mixture stand for twenty-four hours, filter, and add enough alcohol to produce twenty fluid ounces of the liquid extract.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Extractum Aletridris Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Aletris.

Aletris Rhizome, in No. 60 powder ...	20 ounces

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Exhaust by the percolation process. Reserve the first seventeen fluid ounces of percolate, remove the alcohol from the remainder by distillation, evaporate the residue to a soft extract, and dissolve this in the reserved portion. Add sufficient of the menstruum to produce one pint of the liquid extract.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Extractum Aloes Socotrinæ.

Extract of Socotrine Aloes.

Socotrine Aloes, in small fragments	1 pound
Distilled Water, boiling	1 gallon

Mix thoroughly and set aside for twenty-four hours; then decant, strain, and evaporate the strained liquid to dryness at a temperature not exceeding 60° C.

Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Extractum Apocyni Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Apocynum.

Synonym.—Liquid Extract of Canadian Hemp.

Apocynum, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water	

Mix the glycerin with thirteen fluid ounces of the alcohol and five fluid ounces of distilled water; then percolate the root with the mixture, continuing the percolation with a mixture of alcohol, thirteen fluid parts, and distilled water, seven fluid parts, until the drug is exhausted. Finally, adjust the strength of the liquid extract so that one fluid ounce shall represent one ounce of the root.

Extractum Arnicæ Radicis Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Arnica Root.

Arnica Root, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water	

Percolate the root until exhausted with a mixture of alcohol, three fluid parts, and distilled water, one fluid part; then adjust the strength of the product so that one fluid ounce shall represent one ounce of the drug.

Extractum Belæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Bael.

Bael Fruit	1 pound
Distilled Water	12 pints
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Macerate the bael fruit for twelve hours in four pints of the water; then pour off the clear liquor and macerate twice for one hour in successive quantities of four pints of distilled water. Press the marc, mix the liquids, and filter through flannel; then evaporate to thirteen fluid ounces, cool, and add the alcohol.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Extractum Belladonnæ Folii Alcoholicum (B.P.C.).

Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna Leaf.

Belladonna Leaf, in No. 60 powder	1 pound

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Extract by percolation until the belladonna leaf is exhausted. Distil off most of the alcohol, and evaporate the residue over the water-bath to the consistence of an extract. Assay the extract by a special process.

Extractum Buchu Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Buchu.

Buchu Leaves, in No. 40 powder	20 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the powder with eight fluid ounces of the alcohol, pack it in a percolator, and add sufficient alcohol to saturate it thoroughly. When the liquid begins to drop, close the lower orifice of the percolator, and set aside for forty-eight hours. Then allow percolation to proceed, gradually adding alcohol until the drug is exhausted. Reserve the first seventeen fluid ounces of the percolate. remove the alcohol by distillation from the remainder, evaporate the residue to a soft extract, and dissolve this in the reserved portion. Finally, add sufficient alcohol to produce twenty fluid ounces of the liquid extract.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Extractum Calumbæ.

Extract of Calumba.

Calumba Root, cut small	1 pound
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	4 pints

Macerate the calumba with two pints of the alcohol for twelve hours; strain and press. Repeat the operation; then mix and filter the liquors, recover the spirit by distillation, and evaporate the residue by the heat of a water-bath until a mass of pilular consistence is obtained.

Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Extractum Cannabis Indicæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Indian Hemp.

Indian Hemp, in coarse powder	20 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the Indian hemp with two pints of the alcohol and set aside in a closed vessel for forty-eight hours; then transfer to a percolator and, when the fluid ceases to pass, continue the percolation with more alcohol, until the drug is exhausted. Reserve the first fifteen fluid ounces of the percolate; evaporate the remainder to the consistence of a soft extract and dissolve this in the reserved portion. Finally, add sufficient alcohol to produce twenty fluid ounces of the liquid extract.

Dose.—1 to 5 minims.

Extractum Cascaræ Sagradæ Liquidum (B.P. 1885).

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada.

Synonym.—Extractum Rhamni Purshiani Liquidum.

Cascara Sagrada, in coarse powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficiency.

Boil the bark in three or four successive portions of the water until exhausted. Evaporate the strained liquors over a water-bath to twelve fluid ounces; when cold add the spirit; set aside for some hours, filter, and add a sufficient quantity of water to produce sixteen fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Extractum Cascaræ Sagradæ Liquidum Aromaticum.

Aromatic Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada.

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	1 ounce
Aromatic Syrup	1 fl. ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Heat the liquid extract with the alkali on a water-bath for three hours, or until the bitterness is removed, and allow to cool; then add the aromatic syrup and sufficient water to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Extractum Cascaræ Sagradæ Liquidum Insipidum.

Tasteless Extract of Cascara Sagrada (White).

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	1 ounce
or	
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Heat the liquid extract with the alkali on a water-bath for three hours, or until the bitterness has disappeared; then add sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces

Dose.— ½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Extractum Cascaræ Sagradæ Liquidum Insipidum (B.P.C.).

Tasteless Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada.

Cascara Sagrada, in No. 40 powder	20 ounces
Light Magnesia	2 ounces
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the powders, moisten thoroughly with the water, and macerate for twenty-four hours; then dry over a water-bath and reduce the dry mass to powder. Exhaust the powder by percolation with the alcohol; reserve the first seventeen fluid ounces of the percolate, distil off the alcohol from the remainder, and evaporate the residue to a soft extract; dissolve this in the reserved portion, and add enough of the menstruum to produce one pint of the liquid extract.

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fl. drachms.

Extractum Colchici Aceticum.

Acetic Extract of Colchicum.

Colchicum Corms, fresh and stripped of their coats	7 pounds
Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces

Crush the corms, add the acid, press out the juice, and allow to stand till clear; then heat the clear liquid to 100° C., strain through flannel, and evaporate on a water-bath at a temperature not exceeding 70° C. to the consistence of a soft extract.

Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Extractum Condurango Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Condurango.

Condurango Bark, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by percolation, reserving the first seventeen fluid ounces of percolate; remove the alcohol from the remainder by distillation; evaporate the residue to a soft extract; dissolve this in the reserved portion, and add sufficient menstruum to produce one pint of the liquid extract.

Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Extractum Conii.

Extract of Conium.

Synonym.—Extract of Hemlock.

Conium Leaves	112 pounds.

Proceed as in the case of Extractum Aconiti.

Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Extractum Conii Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Hemlock.

Conium Fruit, in No. 40 powder	20 ounces
Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the acetic acid with a pint of the alcohol, moisten the powder with six fluid ounces of the mixture, pack in a percolator, and proceed to exhaust as directed for Extractum Damianæ Liquidum. Assay the proportion of alkaloids in the strong liquid extract. The finished product should contain alkaloids equivalent to 1 per cent. of alkaloidal hydrochlorides.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Extractum Cubebæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Cubebs.

Cubebs, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Exhaust the cubebs by percolation with the alcohol, and adjust the strength of the product so that one fluid ounce shall represent one ounce of the drug.

Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Extractum Damianæ.

Extract of Damiana.

Liquid Extract of Damiana, a sufficient quantity.

Evaporate to a soft extract.

Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Extractum Damianæ Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Damiana.

Damiana, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Extract by percolation, reserving the first seventeen fluid ounces of percolate. Distil off the alcohol from the remainder, and evaporate the residue to a soft extract; dissolve this in the reserved portion, and add enough menstruum to make the liquid extract measure one pint.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Extractum Eucalypti Gummi Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Eucalyptus Gum.

Synonym.—Liquid Extract of Red Gum.

Red Gum	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, sufficient to produce 1 pint.

Dissolve the red gum in thirteen fluid ounces of the distilled water, strain and add the alcohol (90 per cent.) and enough distilled water to produce one pint of the liquid extract.

Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Extractum Fuci Vesiculosi (B.P.C.).

Extract of Fucus Vesiculosus.

Fucus Vesiculosus, dried, in No. 20 powder	1 pound

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by percolation. Remove the alcohol from the percolate by distillation, and evaporate the residue to the consistence of a firm extract.

Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Extractum Fuci Vesiculosi Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Fucus Vesiculosus.

Extract of Fucus Vesiculosus	1 pound

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the extract in sixty-four fluid ounces of the alcohol, set aside for an hour, filter, and wash the residue on the filter with more of the alcohol to produce four pints of the liquid extract.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Extractum Gelsemii Alcoholicum.

Alcoholic Extract of Gelsemium

Gelsemium Root, in No. 60 powder	1 pound

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate the gelsemium with two pints of the alcohol for forty-eight hours; then transfer to a percolator and, when the fluid ceases to pass, continue the percolation with more alcohol, until the drug is exhausted. Recover the alcohol by distillation; then exaporate the extract to a mass of suitable consistence.

Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Extractum Gelsemii Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Gelsemium.

Gelsemium, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the gelsemium with two pints of the alcohol and set aside in a closed vessel for forty-eight hours; then transfer to a percolator and, when the fluid ceases to pass, continue the percolation with more alcohol, until the drug is exhausted. Reserve the first fifteen ounces of the percolate; evaporate the remainder to the consistence of a soft extract and dissolve this in the reserved portion. Finally, add sufficient alcohol to produce twenty fluid ounces of the liquid extract.

Dose.—1 to 5 minims.

Extractum Grindeliæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Grindelia.

Grindelia, in No. 40 powder	20 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Distilled Water	10 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the grindelia with eight fluid ounces of alcohol, and macerate in a closed vessel for twenty-four hours; then pack it in a percolator, and add sufficient alcohol to saturate it thoroughly. When the liquid begins to drop, close the lower orifice of the percolator, and set aside for twenty-four hours. Then allow percolation to proceed, gradually adding alcohol until the drug is exhausted. Then recover the alcohol by distillation, dissolve the residue in the distilled water, to which the sodium bicarbonate has previously been added, and after effervescence ceases add sufficient distilled water to make fifteen fluid ounces of liquid, and then enough alcohol to make twenty fluid ounces of liquid extract.

Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Extractum Gummi Rubri Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Red Gum.

Red Gum	7 ounces
Water	21 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve the gum in the water; then strain and add the alcohol.

Dose.—30 to 60 minims in water.

Extractum Hæmatoxyli.

Extract of Logwood.

Logwood, in fine chips	1 pound
Distilled Water, boiling	1 gallon

Infuse for twenty-four hours; then boil down to one-half, strain, and evaporate to dryness on a water-bath, stirring with a wooden spatula. Iron vessels should not be used.

Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Extractum Hæmatoxyli Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Logwood.

Logwood, unfermented, and in No. 16 powder	20 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 pints

Boil the logwood with two pints of the water for half an hour, and strain. Repeat the process twice, and, having mixed the strained liquors, evaporate until the product measures seventeen fluid ounces. Add the alcohol, set aside for seven days, and decant the clear liquor.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Extractum Hæmatoxyli Siccum (S.).

Dry Extract of Logwood.

Logwood, in fine chips	1 pound
Boiling Distilled Water	1 gallon

Infuse in a covered vessel for twenty-four hours; boil the liquid until it measures half a gallon, strain, and evaporate to dryness.

Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Extractum Hamamelidis (S.).

Extract of Witch-hazel.

Witch-hazel bark, powdered	20 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Percolate, and evaporate to the consistence of a firm extract.

Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Extractum Hyoscyami Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Hyoscyamus

Synonym.—Liquid Extract of Henbane.

Hyoscyamus Leaves, in No. 40 powder	20 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the powder with eight fluid ounces of the alcohol, and proceed as in the case of Extractum Buchu Liquidum. The product should measure twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—2 to 5 minims.

Extractum Ignatiæ Amaræ.

Extract of Ignatia.

Ignatia Seeds, in fine powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Exhaust the ignatia seeds by percolation, and evaporate the product to a suitable consistence.

Dose.—⅛ grain to 1 grain. Given in a pill as a tonic in debility of the digestive organs.

Extractum Ipecacuanhæ Liquidum Miscibile.

Miscible Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha (Bird).

(1) Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.
Acetic Acid	

Mix the liquid extract with an equal volume of the water, and allow to stand in a cool place for twenty-four hours; then filter, and wash the residue on the filter with a small quantity of distilled water until colourless, keeping the washings separate. Next add to the filtrate sufficient acetic acid to give a very faintly acid reaction, and distil by the heat of a water-bath until the distillate contains the equivalent of eight fluid ounces of absolute alcohol and measures about ten and a half fluid ounces. Reserve this portion of the distillate, continue the distillation to recover the remaining alcohol, and evaporate the residue on the water-bath to about eight and a half fluid ounces. Allow to cool, pour off the bright liquid, and add it to the reserved distillate; then rinse the dish with the washings obtained in the first part of the process, add the washings to the mixed liquids, filter if necessary, and evaporate until the liquid extract measures twenty fluid ounces. The finished product yields from 2 to 2·5 per cent. of total alkaloids when assayed by the B.P. method, and forms a bright mixture with detannated sherry wine.

(2) Ipecacuanha Root, in No. 120 powder	1 pound
Calcium Hydroxide	700 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water	
Acetic Acid	

Pack the powdered ipecacuanha root lightly, but uniformly, in a conical percolator, and add successive portions of three fluid ounces of the alcohol, at intervals of twelve hours, until the liquid begins to drop from the percolator. Close the lower orifice of the percolator, and set aside for twenty-four hours; then allow to percolate slowly until the percolated liquid measures thirteen and a-half fluid ounces. Reserve this liquid, and continue the percolation with more alcohol until nothing more is extracted. Drain the marc well, mix with the lime and set aside for twenty-four hours; then continue the percolation until exhaustion is complete. Recover the alcohol from the last two percolates by distillation, dissolve the residual extract in the reserved portion of distillate, and assay by the B.P. method, afterwards diluting with sufficient of the alcohol to produce a liquid that shall contain 5 per cent. of total alkaloids. Finally, to each nine fluid ounces of the liquid extract, if necessary, very faintly acidified with acetic acid, add ten fluid ounces of distilled water, set aside in a cold place for twenty-four hours, and filter, afterwards washing the filter with sufficient distilled water to produce one pint. The finished product should yield from 2 to 2·25 per cent. of total alkaloids when assayed by the B.P. method.

Dose.—As an expectorant, ½ to 2 minims; as an emetic, 15 to 20 minims.

Extractum Iridis.

Extract of Iris.

Iris (*I. versicolor*) rhizome and roots, in No. 60 powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent), a sufficient quantity.	

Exhaust the drug in No. 60 powder by percolation with the alcohol, distil off the alcohol, and evaporate to a pilular consistence.

Extractum Iridis Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Iris.

Iris (*I. versicolor*) rhizome and roots, in No. 60 powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent), a sufficient quantity.	

Exhaust the drug in No. 60 powder by percolation, and adjust the strength of the finished product so that each fluid ounce shall represent one ounce of the drug.

Extractum Jaborandi.

Jaborandi, in No. 40 powder	1 pound
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	2 pints

Macerate the jaborandi with the alcohol for forty-eight hours; then percolate, distil off the alcohol, and evaporate the residue to a suitable consistence.

Dose.—2 to 10 grains.

Extractum Kolæ Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Kola.

Kola Seeds, in No. 40 powder	20 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Percolate until the kola is exhausted. Reserve the first seventeen fluid ounces of percolate; remove the alcohol from the remainder by distillation; evaporate the residue to a soft extract; dissolve this in the reserved portion, and add sufficient menstruum to produce one pint of the liquid extract.

Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Extractum Krameriæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Krameria.

Synonym.—Liquid Extract of Rhatany.

Krameria Root, in No. 30 powder	10 ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerin with nine fluid ounces of the alcohol, percolate the drug with the mixture, and continue the percolation with more alcohol until exhausted. Then adjust the strength of the extract so that one fluid ounce shall represent one ounce of the drug.

Extractum Lactucæ.

Extract of Lettuce.

Lettuce, fresh	112 pounds

Proceed as in the case of Extractum Aconiti.

Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Extractum Lupuli.

Extract of Hops.

Hops	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ pints
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Macerate the hops with the alcohol for seven days; then press, filter, and distil off the alcohol, leaving a soft extract. Boil the marc with the water for one hour; then press, strain, and evaporate on a water-bath until a soft extract is obtained. Finally, mix the two extracts and evaporate at a temperature not exceeding 60° C. until a mass of pilular consistence is obtained.

Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Extractum Lupulini.

Extract of Lupulin.

Lupulin	of each a sufficient quantity.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	

Exhaust the lupulin with alcohol and evaporate the strained liquor to the consistence of an extract.

Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Extractum Malti (B.P.C.).

Extract of Malt.

A viscous, brownish liquid, consisting principally of dextrin and maltose, and made by mixing malt with warm water, pressing, filtering, and evaporating below 131° F.

Dose.—1 to 4 drachms.

Extractum Malti cum Oleo Morrhuæ (B.P.C.).

Extract of Malt with Cod-liver Oil.

Extract of Malt	17 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	3 fl. ounces

Heat the extract to 110° F., and pour it into a warm mortar; then add the oil gradually and mix by trituration.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Extractum Malti cum Oleo Morrhuæ (T).

Extract of Malt with Cod-liver Oil.

Extract of Malt	3 ounces
Cod-liver Oil	1 ounce

Add the oil gradually to the extract of malt with constant stirring. Larger proportions of oil may be incorporated, but the taste of the oil then becomes more evident. Citrate of iron and ammonium may be given with this preparation, but dilution with much water or other aqueous fluid causes separation of the oil.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Extractum Malti Ferratum (G.).

Ferrated Extract of Malt.

Iron Pyrophosphate	½ ounce
Distilled Water	¾ ounce
Extract of Malt, sufficient to produce...	25 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 drachms.

Extractum Malti Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Malt.

An aqueous infusion of malt is concentrated by evaporation until it has a specific gravity of 1·375; about 7 per cent. of alcohol (90 per cent.) is then added. Specific gravity of product, 1·250.

Dose.—1 to 4 drachms.

Extractum Maticæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Matico.

Matico, in No. 40 powder	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water	

Exhaust the drug with a mixture of alcohol, three fluid parts, and distilled water, one fluid part; then adjust the strength of the product so that one fluid ounce shall represent one ounce of the drug.

Extractum Mezerei Æthereum.

Ethereal Extract of Mezereon.

Mezereon Bark, cut small	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 pints
Ether	1 pint

Macerate the mezereon with six pints of the alcohol for three days, with frequent agitation; then strain, press, and repeat the operation with the remainder of the spirit. Mix and filter the strained liquids, recover the greater part of the alcohol by distillation, and evaporate the residue to a soft extract. Next macerate the extract with the ether, in a stoppered bottle for twenty-four hours, shaking frequently; then decant the ethereal solution, recover part of the ether by distillation, and evaporate the residue to the consistence of a soft extract.

Extractum Mezerei Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Mezereon.

Mezereon Bark, in No. 30 powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Exhaust the bark by percolation with the alcohol, and adjust the strength of the product so that one fluid ounce shall represent one ounce of the drug.

Extractum Nucis Vomicæ (B.P. 1885).

Extract of Nux Vomica.

Nux Vomica, in fine powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	64 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Exhaust the nux vomica by maceration and subsequent percolation with the alcohol and water; then distil off the alcohol, and adjust the strength of the residual extract so that it shall contain 15 per cent. of total alkaloid.

Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Extractum Nucis Vomicæ Liquidum (Modified).

Liquid Extract of Nux Vomica (Lewis).

Nux Vomica, in No. 20 powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (70 per cent.)	of each a sufficient quantity.
Acetic Acid	
Distilled Water	

Exhaust the drug by percolation with alcohol (70 per cent.), transfer the percolate to a vacuum still and distil, reducing the pressure gradually as the alcohol passes over, so as to keep the temperature as low as possible, until the residual liquid measures about five fluid ounces, when approximately all the spirit will have been recovered. Then add eight fluid ounces of boiling distilled water, and render very faintly acid by the addition of acetic acid. Set aside for forty-eight hours in a cold place, collect the separated fat, and boil it twice or thrice with a little water, to free it from alkaloid; mix the washings, and set them aside in a cold place to allow any fat to separate. Mix the aqueous liquids, and evaporate *in vacuo* to two fluid ounces; then add the alcohol (90 per cent.) to the warm liquor, and, when cold, make up to eight fluid ounces by the addition of distilled water. Finally, determine the strychnine content of the product, and dilute with alcohol (70 per cent.), so as to produce a liquid extract of nux vomica containing 1·5 grammes of strychnine in 100 cubic centimetres.

Dose.—1 to 3 minims.

Extractum Papaveris.

Extract of Poppy.

Poppy Capsules, free from seeds and in No. 20 powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity.	

Digest the poppy capsules with two pints of the water for twenty-four hours, stirring frequently; then transfer to a percolator and, when the fluid ceases to pass, continue the percolation with more boiling water until the drug is exhausted. Evaporate the liquid on a water-bath to one pint, when cold add the alcohol, and allow to stand for twenty-four hours; then separate the clear liquid by filtration and evaporate on a water-bath until a mass of pilular consistence is obtained.

Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Extractum Papaveris Liquidum (S.).

Liquid Extract of Poppy.

Poppy Capsules, freed from seeds and in No. 20 powder	9 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity.	

Infuse the poppy capsules in one pint of distilled water for twenty-four hours, stirring frequently, then pack in a percolator, and, adding more distilled water, allow the liquid slowly to pass until four pints have been collected; evaporate the liquor until it has been reduced to fifteen fluid ounces; when cold, add the alcohol.

Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Extractum Pareiræ.

Extract of Pareira.

Pareira Root, in No 40 powder	1 pound
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity.	

Digest the pareira root with one pint of the water for twenty-four hours; then transfer to a percolator and, when the fluid ceases to pass, continue the percolation with more boiling water until the drug is exhausted. Then evaporate on a water-bath until a mass of pilular consistence is obtained.

Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Extractum Pareiræ Liquidum (Modified).

Liquid Extract of Pareira (Lucas).

Pareira Root, in No. 10 powder	1 pound
Alcohol (20 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the pareira root with ten fluid ounces of the alcohol, and macerate in a covered vessel for twelve hours. Then press strongly and reserve the expressed liquid. Macerate the marc with four fluid ounces of the alcohol for four hours, press as before, and reserve the expressed liquid. Repeat the operation with a further four fluid ounces of the alcohol, mix the expressed liquids, and allow to stand for twenty-four hours. Filter and, if necessary, add sufficient of the alcohol to produce a liquid of specific gravity 1·020.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Extractum Phytolaccæ Radicis Fluidum.

Liquid Extract of Phytolacca Root.

Synonym.—Liquid Extract of Poke Root.

Poke Root, in No. 60 powder	1 pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Exhaust the root by percolation with a mixture of alcohol, two fluid parts, and distilled water, one fluid part; then adjust the strength of the product so that one fluid ounce shall represent one ounce of the drug.

Extractum Pruni Virginianæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Wild Cherry.

Synonym.—Liquid Extract of Virginian Prune.

Wild Cherry Bark, in No. 40 powder	20 ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerin with six fluid ounces of the alcohol, moisten the wild cherry bark with the mixture and allow to macerate in a closed vessel for forty-eight hours; then pack in a percolator and add sufficient alcohol to saturate it thoroughly. When the liquid begins to drop, close the lower orifice of the percolator, and set aside for twenty-four hours. Then allow percolation to proceed, gradually adding alcohol until the drug is exhausted. Reserve the first eighteen ounces of the percolate, remove the alcohol from the remainder by distillation, evaporate the residue to a soft extract and dissolve this in the reserved portion. Finally, add sufficient alcohol to produce twenty fluid ounces of the liquid extract.

Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Extractum Quassiæ.

Extract of Quassia.

Quassia Wood, rasped	1 pound
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the quassia with eight fluid ounces of the water for twelve hours; then transfer to a percolator and, when the fluid ceases to pass, continue the percolation with more distilled water until the drug is exhausted. Then evaporate the liquid, filter before it becomes too thick, and continue the evaporation on a water-bath until a mass of pilular consistence is obtained.

Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Extractum Rhamni Frangulæ.

Extract of Rhamnus Frangula.

Synonym.—Extractum Frangulæ.

Rhamnus Frangula Bark, in No. 20 powder	1 pound
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the powdered bark with distilled water and let it remain for a few hours to soften and swell; then place it loosely in a percolator with more distilled water until exhausted. Finally, evaporate to dryness on a water-bath.

Dose.—15 to 60 grains.

Extractum Rhamni Frangulæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Rhamnus Frangula

Rhamnus Frangula Bark, in No. 20 powder	20 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the powdered bark with fifteen fluid ounces of the distilled water, and set the mixture aside for six hours; then place it loosely in a percolator and percolate with more distilled water until exhausted. Evaporate the percolate to twelve fluid ounces; then add the alcohol, previously mixed with sufficient distilled water to make the product measure one pint.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Extractum Rhei Compositum.

Compound Extract of Rhubarb.

Extract of Rhubarb	3 ounces
Extract of Aloes	1 ounce
Jalap Resin	½ ounce
Hard Soap	½ ounce

Mix intimately.

Extractum Rosæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Rose.

Rose Petals, in No. 30 powder	20 ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Exhaust the roses by percolation with the glycerin and eighteen fluid ounces of the alcohol, previously mixed, and reserve the first twelve fluid ounces. Evaporate the remainder to a soft extract, dissolve this in the reserved portion, and add sufficient alcohol to produce one pint.

Extractum Sanguinariæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Blood Root.

Sanguinaria, in No. 60 powder	20 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerin and acetic acid with eight fluid ounces of the alcohol, then moisten the powder with the mixture, and proceed as in the case of Extractum Buchu Liquidum. The product should measure twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—3 to 10 minims.

Extractum Senegæ Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Senega.

Senega, in No. 40 powder	20 ounces
Solution of Potash	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (70 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the powdered senega with the solution of potash and six ounces of alcohol, and proceed as in the case of Extractum Buchu Liquidum. The product should measure twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Extractum Sennæ Leguminosum Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Senna Pods.

Senna Pods, bruised	20 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity

Mix seven and a-half fluid ounces of alcohol with fifteen fluid ounces of water, and with it moisten evenly the senna. Pack tightly, macerate for three days, express forcibly, and reserve the product. Add to the mass sufficient of the same menstruum to furnish in all twenty fluid ounces of product. Express again after twenty-four hours' maceration, and mix the product with the reserved portion. Heat in a closed vessel by means of a water-bath to 200° F., and maintain at that temperature for ten minutes. When cold, if necessary, add menstruum to make the liquid extract measure one pint, and filter.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Extractum Tritici Liquidum (B.P.C.).

Liquid Extract of Couch Grass.

Couch Grass Rhizome, in No. 20 powder	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity

Exhaust the couch grass by percolation with water: evaporate the percolate to fifteen fluid ounces, and add five fluid ounces of alcohol (90 per cent.); set aside for forty-eight hours, filter, and make the product measure one pint by the addition of a mixture of three volumes of distilled water with one volume of alcohol (90 per cent.).

Dose.—1 to 6 fluid drachms.

Extractum Viburni Prunifolii Liquidum.

Liquid Extract of Black Haw.

Black Haw, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces
Alcohol (70 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the powder with eight fluid ounces of the alcohol, and proceed as in the case of Extractum Buchu Liquidum. The product should measure twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Ferri Citras.

Ferric Citrate.

Solution of Ferric Sulphate	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	16 fl. ounces
Citric Acid	4 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the solution of ammonia with two pints of distilled water, and add slowly, with constant stirring, the solution of ferric sulphate, also previously diluted with two pints of distilled water. Take care that the ammonia is, finally, in slight excess, and set the mixture aside for two hours, stirring it occasionally; then pour it on a calico filter, allow the precipitate to drain, and wash with distilled water until free from sulphates. Again, allow the precipitated ferric hydroxide to drain, add it to the citric acid, previously dissolved in its own weight of distilled water, and heat the mixture on a water-bath to 60° C., stirring constantly until the precipitate is dissolved. Lastly, filter the liquid, evaporate it on a water-bath, at a temperature not exceeding 60° C., to the consistence of syrup, and spread it on plates of glass, so that, when dry, the ferric citrate may be obtained in scales. Preserve in well-stoppered bottles, well protected from light.

Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Ferri Phosphas Solubilis.

Soluble Ferric Phosphate.

Synonym.—Soluble Sodio-Citro-Ferric Phosphate.

Ferric Citrate	5 ounces
Sodium Phosphate	5½ ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve the ferric citrate in the distilled water by heating on a water-bath; then add the sodium phosphate and stir constantly until dissolved. Evaporate the solution on a water-bath, at a temperature not exceeding 60° C., to the consistence of a thick syrup, and spread it on plates of glass, so that, when dry, the salt may be obtained in the scales. Preserve the bright green transparent scales in dark amber-coloured, well-stoppered bottles.

Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Gargarisma Acidi Carbolici (T.).

Carbolic Acid Gargle.

Glycerin of Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix.

Gargarisma Acidi Chromici (Th.).

Chromic Acid Gargle.

Chromic Acid	1 grain
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Gargarisma Acidi Tannici (T.).

Tannic Acid Gargle.

Glycerin of Tannic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix.

Gargarisma Aluminis (S.)

Alum Gargle.

Fresh Red Rose Petals, bruised	180 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces
Alum	120 grains
Sugar	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms

Digest the rose petals for two hours with the acid and water; then strain off eight fluid ounces and add the remaining ingredients. When used, the gargle should be mixed with an equal volume of water.

Gargarisma Boracis (T.).

Borax Gargle.

Borax	1 ounce
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Gargarisma Chlori (T.).

Chlorine Gargle.

Potassium Chlorate	200 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	40 minims
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Place the potassium chlorate in a dry bottle, pour the acid upon it, and set aside, loosely corked, for ten minutes. Then add the water in four or five successive portions, shaking between each addition, so that the gas may be absorbed as completely as possible. This gargle is usually employed diluted with one or more parts of water. It should be recently prepared, as it deteriorates slowly on standing, and quickly if exposed to light.

Gargarisma Myrrhæ (S.).

Gargle of Myrrh.

Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Honey	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Roses	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gargarisma Potassii Permanganatis (T.).

Potassium Permanganate Gargle.

Solution of Potassium Permanganate	½ fl. ounce
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve. The disinfectant and deodorant properties of this gargle may be increased by the addition of two minims of diluted sulphuric acid per fluid ounce.

Gargarisma Potassii Chloratis (T.).

Potassium Chlorate Gargle.

Potassium Chlorate	200 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	100 minims
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve the potassium chlorate in the water, and add the diluted hydrochloric acid to the solution. The product contains only a minute proportion of free chlorine.

Gargarisma Potassii Chloratis (S.).

Potassium Chlorate Gargle.

Potassium Chlorate	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Gargarisma Resorcini (Th.).

Resorcin Gargle.

Resorcin	20 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Gelatina Cetrariæ (S.).

Iceland Moss Jelly.

Saccharated Cetraria	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	1 ounce
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix, boil gently till scum collects on the surface, then withdraw the heat, remove the scum, and pour into pots to cool.

Gelatinum Copaibæ (M.W.).

Gelatin of Copaiba.

Balsam of Copaiba	8 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Clear Honey	4 ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Roseine	1/10 grain

Mix the first four ingredients on a water-dish; heat gently, stirring until the mixture boils, and continue to stir until a jelly is formed; cool somewhat, and add the oil of peppermint and the roseine, the latter dissolved in twenty minims of distilled water.

Dose.—30 grains.

Gelatinum Zinci (B.P.C.).

Gelatin of Zinc.

Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Gelatin	3 ounces
Glycerin	5½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces

Dissolve the gelatin in the distilled water by the aid of heat. Rub the zinc oxide with the glycerin until quite smooth. Now add the gelatin solution, and mix well.

Gelato-Glycerin (Th.).

Gelato-Glycerin.

Gelatin	5 ounces
Glycerin	6 ounces
Distilled Water	6 ounces

Soak the gelatin in the water for twelve hours, with occasional stirring; then add the glycerin, dissolve on a water-bath and evaporate so as to produce fifteen ounces by weight of the gelato-glycerin. The product is used for preparing nasal bougies.

Glycerinum Acidi Gallici.

Glycerin of Gallic Acid.

Gallic Acid	1 ounce
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	5 fl. ounces

Triturate the gallic acid with the glycerin until solution is effected, heating on a water-bath if necessary.

Glycerinum Acidi Salicylici (G.).

Glycerin of Salicylic Acid.

Synonyms.—Salicylic Cream; Pasta Acidi Salicylici (L.).

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Glycerinum Atropinæ (T.).

Glycerin of Atropine.

Atropine Sulphate	25½ grains
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	100 minims
Glycerin, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve the atropine sulphate in the water, and add the other ingredients. This preparation will not stain the skin or clothes of the patient. It contains one-fourth part of atropine sulphate per hundred fluid parts.

Glycerinum Belladonnæ (B.P.C.).

Glycerin and Belladonna.

Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Boiling Distilled Water	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Put together the extract of belladonna and the boiling distilled water to produce a smooth paste, and then add the glycerin.

Glycerinum Bismuthi Carbonatis (T.).

Glycerin of Bismuth Carbonate.

Bismuth Oxynitrate	2,820 grains
Nitric Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Ammonium Carbonate	5½ ounces
Distilled Water	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Glycerin	

Dissolve the bismuth in the nitric acid, previously diluted with three fluid ounces of the water, and pour the resulting solution into a solution of the ammonium carbonate and thirty fluid ounces of water. Allow the precipitate to subside, and wash it twice by decantation, then collect it on a fine muslin filter, drain, and mix with sufficient glycerin to make the product measure ten fluid ounces. This preparation contains one grain of bismuth oxycarbonate in two minims. It may be prescribed with water or other aqueous vehicle and, on account of the fine state of division of the bismuth carbonate, requires no suspending agent.

Glycerinum Croci (S.).

Glycerin of Saffron.

Saffron	60 grains
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces

Mix the glycerin and the alcohol; then digest the saffron in the mixture for an hour at a gentle heat and filter. Syrupus Croci can be prepared by diluting one fluid part of the glycerin with seven fluid parts of syrup.

Glycerinum Ferri Perchloridi (G.).

Glycerin of Ferric Chloride.

Ferric Chloride	1 ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Glycerinum Hypophosphitum.

Glycerin of Hypophosphites.

Calcium Hypophosphite	of each 60 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	
Sodium Hypophosphite	
Orange Flower Water	2 fl. drachms
Cherry Laurel Water	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Sugar	5 ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Glycerinum Ichthyocollæ (S.).

Glycerin of Isinglass.

Isinglass	15 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. This preparation is useful in some skin diseases.

Glycerinum Iodi (T.).

Glycerin of Iodine.

Synonym.—Morton's Fluid.

Iodine	10 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Glycerin, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Glycerinum Ipecacuanhæ.

Glycerin of Ipecacuanha (Bird).

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.
Glycerin	
Acetic Acid	

Mix the liquid extract with an equal volume of the water, and allow to stand for twenty-four hours; then filter, wash the residue on the filter with a small quantity of water until colourless, and evaporate the washings to a small bulk on a water-bath. Next add to the filtrate sufficient acetic acid to give a very faintly acid reaction, distil off the alcohol, and evaporate the residue on the water-bath (adding the evaporated washings towards the end of the operation) until it measures ten fluid ounces. Finally, add ten fluid ounces of glycerin. The finished product yields from 2 to 2·25 per cent. of total alkaloids when assayed by the B.P. method, and forms a clear mixture with detannated sherry wine, syrup, or any aqueous liquid.

Dose.—As an expectorant, ½ to 2 minims; as an emetic, 15 to 20 minims.

Glycerinum Pancreatini.

Glycerin of Pancreatin.

Synonym.—Glycerole of Pancreatin.

Pancreatin	2 ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve

Glycerinum Pepsini Fortius.

Stronger Glycerin of Pepsin.

Synonym.—Glycerole of Pepsin.

Pepsin (3,000 test)	2 ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve.

Glycerinum Pepsini Acidum.

Acid Glycerin of Pepsin. (6521.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	5 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	8½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with the diluted hydrochloric acid, then add the glycerin and sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms, in water.

Glycerinum Resorcini (G.).

Glycerin of Resorcin.

Resorcin	1 ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glyco-Gelatin (Th.).

Glyco-Gelatin.

Gelatin	1 ounce
Glycerin	2½ ounces
Solution of Carmine (ammoniated), a sufficient quantity.	
Orange-flower Water	2½ fl. ounces

Soak the gelatin in the water for two hours; then heat on a water-bath until dissolved. Next add the glycerin and mix thoroughly; then cool, add the solution of carmine, and allow to solidify. The product is used for preparing medicated pastils.

Glyco-Gelatinum (T.).

Glyco-Gelatin.

Gelatin	2 ounces
Carmine Solution	a sufficiency
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	20 minims

Soak the gelatin in the water, add the glycerin, and dissolve by a gentle heat on a water-bath; when nearly cold add the carmine solution and oil of lemon, mix thoroughly, and pour into trays to solidify. This is used as a basis for throat pastilles, the medicament being dissolved or suspended in the melted glyco-gelatin, the mixture poured into trays to solidify, and cut up into the required number of pastilles.

Glyco-Gelatinum pro Suppositoriis.

Gelatin Basis for Suppositories.

Gelatin	4 ounces
Distilled Water	6 ounces
Glycerin	2 ounces
Essence of Lemon	30 minims

Mix well.

Gossypium Cubebæ (Th.).

Cubeb Wool.

Tincture of Cubebs	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	10 minims
Cotton Wool, in a thin sheet	60 grains

Mix the tincture with the glycerin and saturate the wool evenly with the mixture; then dry by exposure to the air.

Gossypium Hamamelidis (Th.).

Witch-hazel Wool.

Tincture of Witch-hazel Bark	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	20 minims
Cotton Wool, in a thin sheet	120 grains

Mix the liquids, and saturate the wool evenly with the mixture.

Guttæ (T.).

Eye Drops.

These are made by dissolving the required medicament in recently boiled and cooled distilled water, the strength being indicated in parts per 100 parts by volume. Such strengths may be taken as equivalent to percentages when the proportion of dissolved substance is small. It may be more accurately described as weight/volume percentage, or weight/volume per cent., and corresponds to grammes per 100 C.c.; thus, a 1 per cent. w/v solution contains 1 gramme in 100 C.c., and this is equivalent to 4·375 grains per fluid ounce. In making alkaloidal solutions in water, certain soluble salts are employed and not the free alkaloids, the latter being, for the most part, very sparingly soluble in water.

Guttæ Atropinæ (T.).

Atropine Eye Drops.

Atropine Sulphate	0·5 or 1 per cent.

Guttæ Atropinæ et Cocainæ (T.).

Atropine and Cocaine Eye Drops.

Atropine Sulphate	1 per cent.
Cocaine Hydrochloride	2 per cent.

Guttæ Atropinæ Sulphatis (O.).

Atropine Sulphate Drops.

Atropine Sulphate	2 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Atropinæ Sulphatis Fortiores (O.).

Stronger Atropine Sulphate Drops.

Atropine Sulphate	4 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Atropinæ Sulphatis Mitiores (O.).

Milder Atropine Sulphate Drops.

Atropine Sulphate	1 grain
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Cocainæ Hydrochloratis (L.).

Cocaine Hydrochloride Drops.

Cocaine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Creosoti (S.).

Creosote Drops

Creosote	16 minims
Mucilage of Acacia	60 minims
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	2 fl. ounces

Mix the creosote with the mucilage and add the other ingredients.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms in milk.

Guttæ Cupri Sulphatis (O.).

Copper Sulphate Drops.

Copper Sulphate	2 grains
Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Daturinæ (O.).

Daturine Drops.

Daturine Sulphate	2 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Homatropinæ (T.).

Homatropine Eye Drops.

Homatropine Hydrobromide	1 per cent.

Guttæ Homatropinæ (L.).

Homatropine Drops.

Homatropine Hydrobromide	4 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. Used for the eyes.

Guttæ Homatropinæ et Cocainæ (T.).

Homatropine and Cocaine Eye Drop.

Homatropine Hydrobromide	0·5 per cent.
Cocaine Hydrochloride	1·0 per cent.

Guttæ Hydrogenii Peroxidi (Th.).

Hydrogen Peroxide Drops.

Solution of Hydrogen Peroxide (10 volumes).

Dose.—Two or three drops to be poured into the ear from a warm spoon.

Guttæ Hyoscinæ (O.).

Hyoscine Drops.

Hyoscine Hydrobromide	2 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. This solution is used as a rapid and unirritating dilator of the pupil of the eye.

Guttæ Hyoscinæ (T.).

Hyoscine Eye Drops.

Hyoscine Hydrobromide	0·5 or 1 per cent.

Guttæ Hyoscinæ et Cocainæ (T.).

Hyoscine and Cocaine Eye Drops.

Hyoscine Hydrobromide	0·5 per cent.
Cocaine Hydrochloride	1·0 per cent.

Guttæ Physostigminæ (T.).

Physostigmine Eye Drops.

Physostigmine (Eserine) Sulphate	0·5 or 1 per cent.

Guttæ Physostigminæ (O.).

Physostigmine Drops.

Physostigmine Sulphate	2 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Physostigminæ cum Cocaina (O.).

Physostigmine Drops with Cocaine.

Physostigmine Sulphate	1 grain
Cocaine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Pilocarpinæ (O.).

Pilocarpine Drops.

Pilocarpine Nitrate	2 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Guttæ Zinci Chloridi et Cocainæ (T.).

Zinc Chloride and Cocaine Eye Drops.

Zinc Chloride	0·5 per cent.
Cocaine Hydrochloride	0·25 per cent.

Haustus Ammonii Chloridi (S.).

Ammonium Chloride Draught.

Ammonium Chloride	15 grains
Tincture of Lemon	45 minims
Spirits of Chloroform	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Haustus Apomorphinæ Compositus (M.).

Compound Apomorphine Draught.

Apomorphine Hydrochloride …………	1/10 grain
Syrup of Squills …………………………	60 minims
Oil of Turpentine ………………………	10 minims
Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	
Spirit of Æther …………………………	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make ……	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Haustus Sennæ Compositus (T.).

Compound Senna Draught.

Synonym.—House Mixture.

Magnesium Sulphate ……………………	240 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice ……………	30 minims
Infusion of Senna, sufficient to make…	1 fl. ounce

Hydrargyri Ammonio-Perchloridum (S.).

Mercuric Ammonium Chloride.

Synonym.—Sal Alembroth; Black Precipitate.

Mercuric Chloride ………………………	271 grains
Ammonium Chloride ……………………	107 grains

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the salts separately in the smallest possible quantity of distilled water; mix the solutions, and evaporate to dryness.

Dose.—For hypodermic injection, ⅓ grain, dissolved in 10 minims of distilled water.

Hydrargyri Oleas cum Morphina (S.).

Mercuric Oleate with Morphine.

Mercuric Oleate ………………………	1 ounce
Morphine ……………………………………	8 grains

Dissolve.

Hydrastinum (B.P.C.).

Hydrastin.

Hydrastis Rhizome, in No. 60 powder	1 pound

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Extract by percolation, and after removing the alcohol by distillation, evaporate the residue to dryness. Transfer immediately to a well-closed bottle.

Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Infusum Abri (O.).

Infusion of Jequirity.

Jequirity Seeds, in powder …………	60 grains
Water, at 120° F. ………………………	12½ fl. drachms

Allow to stand till cold, then decant. Used as a lotion.

Infusum Anthemidis.

Infusion of Chamomile.

Chamomile Flowers ………………………	1 ounce
Distilled Water, boiling …………………	1 pint

Infuse in a covered vessel for fifteen minutes and strain.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Infusum Armoraciæ Compositum (S.).

Compound Infusion of Horseradish.

Fresh Horseradish Root, sliced ………	1 ounce
Black Mustard Seed ……………………	1 ounce
Compound Spirit of Horseradish ……	1 ounce
Distilled Water, at 150° to 180° F. ….	20 fl. ounces

Macerate the root and seed for two hours with the water; then strain and add the spirit.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces, as a warm stimulant.

Infusum Calumbæ Concentratum.

Concentrated Infusion of Calumba.

Calumba Root, in No. 20 Powder………	16 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)…… Distilled Water …………	of each a sufficiency.

Mix six fluid ounces of alcohol (90 per cent.) with fourteen fluid ounces of water, and moisten the powder with sufficient of the mixture to make it evenly damp. Allow to stand for one hour, then take two small cucumber-glasses (as percolators), having closed the lower orifice with a perforated cork and a piece of absorbent cotton; pack half of the powder in each. Pour more of the menstruum gradually on the first percolate, and when about a pint has been collected pass this through the powder in the second glass. Continue percolation through each until the final percolate in the second receiver measures forty fluid ounces.

Infusum Catechu.

Infusion of Catechu.

Catechu, in coarse powder ……………	320 grains
Cinnamon Bark, bruised ………………	60 grains
Distilled Water, boiling ………………	1 pint

Infuse in a covered vessel for fifteen minutes, and strain.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Infusum Cusso.

Infusion of Kousso.

Kousso, in coarse powder ………………	1¼ ounces
Distilled Water, boiling ………………	1 pint

Infuse in a covered vessel for fifteen minutes.

Dose.—4 to 8 fluid ounces, unstrained.

Infusum Digitalis Concentratum (B.P.C.).

Concentrated Infusion of Digitalis.

Digitalis Leaves, in No. 20 powder …	480 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.) ………………………	5 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Macerate the digitalis with fifteen fluid ounces of water for twenty-four hours, strain, and to ten fluid ounces of the strained liquor add the alcohol. Repeat the maceration twice for six hours, with more of the water. Mix the residue of the first with the second and third liquors, and evaporate at a low temperature to five fluid ounces, and add it to the portion set aside, to make one pint. The product is eight times the strength of Infusum Digitalis, B.P.

Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

Infusum Dulcamaræ.

Infusion of Dulcamara.

Dulcamara, bruised ……………………	1 ounce
Distilled Water, boiling ………………	10 fl. ounces

Infuse in a covered vessel for one hour, and strain.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Infusum Gentianæ Compositum Concentratum.

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian (Farr and Wright).

Gentian Root, in No. 10 powder ……	2 ounces
Dried Bitter-Orange Peel, in No. 10 powder ……………………………………	2 ounces
Tincture of Lemon ………………………	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) …………………	3½ fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the powder with five fluid ounces of distilled water, set aside in a covered vessel for twelve hours, pack tightly in a percolator and, adding more water, continue percolation until fourteen and a-half fluid ounces of the percolate has been collected. Add the tincture and alcohol with a sufficient quantity of distilled water to produce one pint; then set aside for forty-eight hours and filter. One fluid part of the product is equivalent to eight fluid parts of Infusum Gentianæ Compositum, B.P.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infusum Gentianæ Compositum Concentratum.

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian.

Gentian Root, sliced	2 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	1 pint

Pour the water on the gentian root, and macerate for twelve hours. Strain, press, and add

Strong Tincture of Fresh Orange Peel	3 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Fresh Lemon Peel	3 fl. ounces

Infusum Gentianæ Compositum Concentratum (B.P.C.).

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian.

Gentian Root, in No. 20 powder	2 ounces
Dried Bitter Orange Peel	2 ounces
Dried Lemon Peel	2 ounces
Tincture of Fresh Lemon Peel	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the solids with twenty fluid ounces of distilled water for twenty-four hours, and press off the liquor. Reserve ten fluid ounces, and add to it the tincture of lemon peel and the alcohol. Treat the marc with two further macerations of twenty fluid ounces of distilled water for six hours each; press off, and mix the liquids, adding any left from the first maceration. Evaporate to five fluid ounces, and add to it the first portion to make one pint. The product is eight times the strength of Infusum Gentianæ Compositum, B.P.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infusum Jaborandi.

Infusion of Jaborandi.

Jaborandi Leaves, bruised	1 ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	1 pint

Infuse in a covered vessel for fifteen minutes, and strain.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Infusum Lini.

Infusion of Linseed.

Linseed	300 grains
Liquorice Root, in No. 20 powder	100 grains
Distilled Water, boiling	1 pint

Infuse in a covered vessel for fifteen minutes, and strain.

Infusum Maticæ.

Infusion of Matico.

Matico Leaves, bruised	1 ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	1 pint

Infuse in a covered vessel for fifteen minutes, and strain.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Infusum Oleum Anthemidis.

Infused Oil of Chamomile.

Chamomile Flowers	1 ounce
Olive Oil	10 fl. ounces

Digest in a water-bath for two hours; then strain, press, and filter.

Infusum Rosæ cum Acido Nitrico (S.).

Infusion of Rose with Nitric Acid.

Rose Petals, broken small	2 ounces
Diluted Nitric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Distilled Water	2 pints

Infuse the rose petals in the cold distilled water for two hours, frequently stirring; strain and add the sugar.

Infusum Senegæ Concentratum.

Concentrated Infusion of Senega (Wyeth).

Senega Root, in No. 20 powder	16 ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity.	
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Moisten the senega with forty fluid ounces of chloroform water, add the solution of ammonia, and allow to macerate for twelve hours; then press slowly in a stout linen bag, and set the expressed liquid aside. Next macerate the marc with two fluid ounces of chloroform water for two hours, again press, and repeat the operations until the mixed liquids measure thirty-six fluid ounces. Finally add the alcohol.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infusum Sinapis (S.).

Infusion of Mustard.

Mustard	10 drachms
Boiling Distilled Water	1 pint

Infuse and strain.

Infusum Valerianæ.

Infusion of Valerian

Valerian Rhizome, bruised	½ ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	1 pint

Infuse in a covered vessel for fifteen minutes, and strain.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Inhalatio Iodi cum Conio (S.).

Inhalation of Iodine with Conium.

Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. drachm
Conium Juice	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Having placed in a suitable apparatus, and applied a gentle heat, let the vapour that rises be inhaled.

Injectio Aluminis et Zinci (T.).

Injection of Alum and Zinc.

Alum, in powder	2 ounces
Zinc Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. One or two teaspoonfuls to be dissolved in one pint of warm water for vaginal injection.

Injectio Atropinæ Hypodermica.

Hypodermic Injection of Atropine.

Atropine Sulphate	2 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. Dose.—2 to 4 minims = 1/120 to 1/60 grain of atropine sulphate.

Injectio Curare Hypodermica (B.P.C.).

Hypodermic Injection of Curare.

Curare	5 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Reduce the curare to powder in such a way as to prevent its coming in contact with the naked hand, and add distilled water to form a thin paste. Transfer to a small funnel plugged with cotton-wool, and gradually pour upon it distilled water until one fluid drachm is obtained.

Dose.—1 to 6 minims.

Injectio Hydrargyri Biniodidi (Lk.).

Injection of Mercury Biniodide.

Mercuric Chloride	8 grains
Potassium Iodide	5 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. One fluid drachm to be added to a pint of water.

Injectio Hyoscinæ Hypodermica (S.).

Hypodermic Injection of Hyoscine.

Hyoscine Hydrobromide	1 grain
Distilled Water	500 minims

Boil the distilled water for a few minutes; cool, dissolve the Hyoscine Hydrobromide in the liquid, adding, if necessary, sufficient recently boiled and cooled distilled water to produce 500 minims of the injection.

Dose.—By subcutaneous injection, 2 to 5 minims; by the mouth, 4 to 10 minims.

Injectio Hyoscyaminæ Hypodermica (M.W.).

Hypodermic Injection of Hyoscyamine.

Hyoscyamine Sulphate	1 grain
Distilled Water, recently boiled and cooled	2 drachms

Dissolve. Dose.—1 to 2 minims.

Injectio Iodi Hypodermica Fortissima (Th.).

Strongest Hypodermic Injection of Iodine.

Iodine	360 grains
Potassium Iodide	360 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	1 fl. ounce

Each minim contains three-quarters of a grain of free iodine.

Dose.—By subcutaneous injection, 3 to 5 minims.

Injectio Iodoformi (U.C.)

Injection of Iodoform.

Iodoform	1 ounce
Mucilage of Tragacanth	2 ounces
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Injectio Morphinæ et Atropinæ Hypodermica (S.).

Hypodermic Injection of Morphine and Atropine.

Morphine Acetate	10 grains
Atropine Sulphate	¼ grain
Distilled Water	120 minims

Dissolve the morphine acetate and the atropine sulphate in the distilled water, recently boiled and cooled. Each 6 minims contain ½ grain of morphine acetate and 1/80 grain of atropine sulphate.

Dose.—By subcutaneous injection, 1 to 6 minims.

Injectio Nitroglycerini Hypodermica (M.W.).

Hypodermic Injection of Nitroglycerin.

Solution of Nitroglycerin	50 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 minims
Distilled Water	50 minims

Mix. Dose.—By subcutaneous injection, 4 minims.

Injectio Physostigminæ Sulphatis Hypodermica (M.W.).

Hypodermic Injection of Physostigmine Sulphate.

Physostigmine Sulphate	4 grains
Distilled Water, recently boiled and cooled	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. Dose.—1 to 4 minims.

Injectio Picrotoxini Hypodermica (M.W.).

Hypodermic Injection of Picrotoxin.

Picrotoxin	1 grain
Distilled Water	360 minims

Filter. Dose.—3 to 6 minims.

Injectio Pilocarpinæ Nitratis Hypodermica (Th.).

Hypodermic Injection of Pilocarpine Nitrate.

Pilocarpine Nitrate	1 grain
Distilled Water, recently boiled and cooled	20 minims

Dissolve.

Injectio Quininæ Hypodermica (S.).

Hypodermic Injection of Quinine.

Quinine Hydrate	76 grains

Lactic Acid, 27 minims, or a sufficient quantity.

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Rub the quinine with six fluid drachms of the distilled water, add the lactic acid to form a solution neutral or only faintly acid to litmus paper. Add sufficient distilled water to make the product measure one fluid ounce.

Injectio Sal Alembroth Hypodermica (S.).

Hypodermic Injection of Sal Alembroth.

Mercuric Chloride	32 grains
Ammonium Chloride	16 grains
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Boil the distilled water for a few minutes; cool, dissolve the chlorides in the resulting liquid; add, if necessary, sufficient recently boiled and cooled distilled water to produce two fluid ounces of the injection. Ten minims contain one-third of a grain of sal alembroth.

Dose.—By subcutaneous injection, 5 to 10 minims.

Injectio Sulphatum (Lk.).

Injection of Sulphates.

Zinc Sulphate	of each, 1 grain
Copper Sulphate	
Ferrous Sulphate	
Alum	
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Injectio Zinci Sulphatis (S.).

Injection of Zinc Sulphate.

Zinc Sulphate	3 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Insufflatio Benzoini (S.).

Benzoin Snuff.

Tincture of Benzoin	1 ounce
Boric Acid	1 ounce
Starch Powder	1 ounce

Mix and let the alcohol evaporate.

Insufflatio Bismuthi et Morphinæ.

Bismuth and Morphine Snuff.

Synonym.—Ferrier's Snuff.

Bismuth Subnitrate	180 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains

Mix.

Insufflatio Iodoformi (Th.).

Iodoform Spray.

Synonym.—Iodoform snuff.

Iodoform, in fine powder	of each equal parts
Bismuth Subnitrate	

Mix. For use as a nasal and aural antiseptic.

Insufflatio Iodoformi Composita (W.).

Compound Iodoform Snuff.

Iodoform	1 grain
Boric Acid, in powder	1 grain
Morphine Acetate	1/6 grain

Mix.

Insufflatio Menthol.

Menthol Snuff.

Menthol, in powder	1 ounce
Ammonium Chloride	3 ounces
Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces

Mix thoroughly.

Insufflatio Morphinæ.

Morphine Snuff.

Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ grain
Bismuth Oxynitrate	1 grain
Starch	½ grain

Mix.

Iridinum.

Iridin.

Synonym.—Irisin.

Blue Flag Rhizome (*Iris versicolor*, Linné)	1 pound
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Reduce the drug to No. 60 powder, exhaust by percolation with the alcohol, and recover the alcohol by distillation; then evaporate the residue to dryness and reduce it to fine powder. Preserve in a well-closed bottle.

Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Lactucarium.

Lactucarium.

The juice from the incised flower-stalk of *Lactuca virosa* and other species, collected and dried.

Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Lamellæ.

Eye Discs (Lucas).

Gelatin	180 grains
Glycerin	15 minims
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Boil and cool the distilled water, add the glycerin, and allow the gelatin to soak in the mixture until softened; then heat gently, until solution is effected, and strain through muslin. The basis thus obtained is medicated by melting eighty grains of it, and adding a solution of the required medicament in recently-boiled and cooled distilled water. The medicated gelatin is then poured upon a sheet of plate glass, which has been coated thinly with white beeswax, and heated to about 38° C., the film being confined by means of a shape cut out of thick writing paper, so as to cover a surface four inches square. When solidified, the film is allowed to dry upon the glass for fourteen days, after which it is detached and cut into discs exactly one-seventh of an inch in diameter, by means of a suitable punch.

Lamellæ Atropinæ.

Discs of Atropine.

Atropine Sulphate	1/5 grain
Distilled Water	20 minims
Gelatin Basis	80 grains

Make into discs, each weighing about 1/50 grain and containing 1/5,000 grain of atropine sulphate.

Lamellæ Cocainæ.

Discs of Cocaine.

Cocaine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Distilled Water	20 minims
Gelatin Basis	80 grains

Make into discs, each weighing about 1/30 grain and containing 1/50 grain of cocaine hydrochloride.

Lamellæ Homatropinæ.

Discs of Homatropine.

Homatropine Hydrobromide	10 grains
Distilled Water	20 minims
Gelatin Basis	80 grains

Make into discs, each weighing about 1/50 grain and containing 1/100 grain of homatropine hydrobromide.

Lamellæ Physostigminæ.

Discs of Physostigmine.

Physostigmine Sulphate	1 grain
Distilled Water	20 minims
Gelatin Basis	80 grains

Make into discs, each weighing about 1/50 grain and containing 1/1,000 grain of physostigmine sulphate.

Linctus (T.).

Simple Linctus.

Oxymel of Squill	15 minims
Mucilage of Tragacanth	15 minims
Glycerin	15 minims
Emulsion of Chloroform	3 minims
Syrup, sufficient to make	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Linctus Codeinæ (T.).

Codeine Linctus.

Syrup of Codeine	30 minims
Citric Acid	1 grain
Emulsion of Chloroform	3 minims
Glycerin	10 minims

Mucilage of Tragacanth, sufficient to make 1 fl. drachm.

Mix.

Linctus Ipecacuanhæ (T.).

Ipecacuanha Linctus.

Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	15 minims
Syrup of Tolu	15 minims
Glycerin	15 minims

Mucilage of Tragacanth, sufficient to make 1 fl. drachm.

Mix.

Linctus Morphinæ (U.).

Morphine Linctus.

Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	48 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	48 minims
Treacle, of commerce	2 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—For an adult, one teaspoonful.

Linctus Opiatus (T.).

Opium Linctus.

Tincture of Opium	2 minims

Simple Linctus, sufficient to make 1 fl. drachm.

Mix.

Linctus Scillæ Compositus (B.).

Compound Squill Linctus.

Synonym.—Linctus Scillæ Opiatus.

Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Linctus Sedativus (Br.).

Sedative Linctus.

Solution of Morphine Acetate	64 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	24 minims
Lemon Juice	2 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Linctus Simplex (N.E.).

Simple Linctus

Compound Tincture of Camphor	20 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	20 minims
Golden Syrup	160 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Linimentum Aconiti Compositum (S.).

Compound Aconite Liniment.

Chloroform of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Linimentum Æruginis (P.L.).

Verdigris Liniment.

Verdigris	1 ounce
Vinegar	7 ounces
Honey	14 ounces

Dissolve the verdigris in the vinegar, then add the honey, and boil down to a proper consistence.

Linimentum Ammoniæ (Modified).

Liniment of Ammonia (Clower).

Synonym.—Hartshorn and Oil.

Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix the oils, add three and a-half fluid ounces of the solution of ammonia, and shake well; then add the remainder of the solution of ammonia, previously diluted with the water, and again shake.

Linimentum Ammoniæ Compositum.

Compound Liniment of Ammonia.

Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Camphor	3 fl. ounces

Mix, and shake well.

Linimentum Arnicæ.

Arnica Liniment.

Synonym.—Arnica Opodeldoc.

Hard Soap, white	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	5 fl. ounces
Camphor	1 ounce

Dissolve by heat, and strain.

Linimentum Atropinæ (T).

Atropine Liniment.

Atropine Sulphate	38¼ grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	100 minims

Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to make 1 pint.

This liniment does not stain the skin or clothes of the patient, and has the same alkaloidal strength (0·375 w/v per cent.) as the official belladonna liniment.

Linimentum Atropinæ et Chloroformi (T.).

Atropine and Chloroform Liniment.

Atropine Liniment	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Linimentum Belladonnæ Compositum (S.).

Compound Belladonna Liniment.

Liniment of Belladonna	7 fl. ounces
Chloroform of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Linimentum Calaminæ (G.).

Calamine Liniment.

Prepared Calamine	20 grains
Zinc Oxide	15 grains
Solution of Lime	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water,	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Linimentum Calcis cum Oleo Lini.

Liniment of Lime with Linseed Oil.

Synonym.—Carron Oil.

Linseed Oil	2 fl. ounces
Lime Water	2 fl. ounces

Shake well to form a cream. Used as an application for burns or scalds.

Linimentum Hyoscyami (S.).

Liniment of Hyoscyamus.

Synonym.—Henbane Liniment.

Hyoscyamus Root, in powder	20 ounces
Camphor	1 ounce

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate the hyoscyamus root with one pint of the alcohol for four days; transfer to a percolator; when the liquid ceases to pass, continue percolation with more of the alcohol, allowing the liquid to drop into a receiver containing the camphor, until thirty fluid ounces of the liniment are produced.

Linimentum Hyoscyami Compositum (S.).

Compound Liniment of Hyoscyamus.

Liniment of Hyoscyamus	7 fl. ounces
Chloroform of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. ounce

Mix. This liniment, applied on piline, has been recommended for the relief of rheumatism.

Linimentum Menthol (M.W.).

Menthol Liniment.

Menthol	3 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Linimentum Opii Ammoniatum (B.P.C.).

Ammoniated Liniment of Opium.

Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Compound Camphor Liniment	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Stronger Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix, and allow to stand for seven days; then filter quickly.

Linimentum Succini (S.).

Amber Liniment.

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Linimentum Terebinthinæ (Modified).

Liniment of Turpentine (Alcock and Withers).

Soft Soap	1½ ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor, in small pieces	1 ounce
Oil of Turpentine	13 fl. ounces

Dissolve the camphor in the oil of turpentine, in a large wide-mouthed bottle, then add the soft soap, and shake vigorously for five minutes, or until no lumps are visible. Next add five fluid ounces of distilled water, again shake vigorously, and repeat the operation at intervals until a homogeneous mixture results, adding more water if necessary to make the product measure twenty fluid ounces.

Liquor Ammoniæ cum Iodo.

Solution of Ammonia with Iodine.
Synonym.—Simpson's Solution of Iodine

Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Iodine	10 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Liquor Ammonii Acetatis Fortior.

Stronger Solution of Ammonium Acetate.

Ammonium Carbonate	15½ ounces
Acetic Acid Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Crush the ammonium carbonate and add it gradually to about forty-five fluid ounces of the acetic acid; then add more of the acid until a neutral liquid results, after which make up to three pints with distilled water, and store the product in bottles free from lead.

Dose.—25 to 75 minims.

Liquor Ammonii Arsenitis.

Solution of Ammonium Arsenite.

Arsenious Anhydride, in powder	87½ grains
Ammonium Carbonate	87½ grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	1 pint

Proceed as in making Liquor Arsenicalis, B.P.

Dose.—2 to 8 minims.

Liquor Ammonii Citratis Fortior.

Stronger Solution of Ammonium Acetate.

Citric Acid	12 ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Neutralise the acid with the ammonia, of which about eleven fluid ounces will be required; then add sufficient distilled water to make twenty-four fluid ounces, and store the product in bottles free from lead.

Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid drachms.

Liquor Antimonii Chloridi.

Solution of Antimonious Chloride.

Antimonious Sulphide	1 pound
Hydrochloric Acid (s.g. 1·160)	4 pints

Dissolve in a porcelain vessel by the aid of a little heat, which must be augmented as the evolution of gas diminishes, until the liquid boils. Maintain the liquid at boiling point for fifteen minutes, then filter through calico until a clear solution is obtained, evaporate to forty fluid ounces, and preserve in a stoppered bottle.

Liquor Arsenii Bromidi.

Solution of Arsenious Bromide.
Synonyms.—Liquor Potassii Arseniatis et Bromidi; Clemens' Solution.

Arsenious Acid	73 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	73 grains
Bromine	117 grains

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Boil the arsenious acid and potassium bicarbonate in two fluid ounces of water till dissolved. When cold add ten fluid ounces of water, then the bromine, and make up with water to sixteen fluid ounces. Stir occasionally during a few hours, then filter.

Liquor Atropinæ.

Solution of Atropine.

Atropine	4 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	7 fl. drachms

Dissolve the atropine in the alcohol, add the solution gradually to the water, and shake well.

Liquor Bismuthi Concentratus (B.P.C.).

Concentrated Solution of Bismuth.

Bismuth Subnitrate	7 ounces
Nitric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Dissolve by the aid of a little heat and add, after cooling,	
Citric Acid	5 ounces
previously disolved in	
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces
Add gradually, with stirring,	
Sodium Bicarbonate	8¾ ounces
previously mixed with	
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces
Wash the precipitate until the washings are free from nitrates, collect the precipitate, and after draining well, dissolve it in	
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
or a sufficiency. Then add	
Solution of Ammonium Citrate	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	2½ pints

Liquor Bismuthi et Ammonii Citratis (Modified).

Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate (Cowley and Catford).
Synonym.—Liquor Bismuthi.

Bismuth Oxynitrate	1¾ ounces
Citric Acid	1¼ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate .... 2 ounces	71 grains
Nitric Acid	1¼ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces

Distilled Water, boiled and cooled, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the bismuth oxynitrate in the nitric acid diluted with an equal volume of distilled water, warming gently until solution is effected; then dissolve the citric acid in a little water, and neutralise by the addition of about two-thirds of the sodium bicarbonate. When effervescence has ceased, add the liquid to the solution of bismuth nitrate; then add the remainder of the sodium bicarbonate mixed with a little water, stir well, dilute with hot distilled water to about twenty-five fluid ounces, cool, and filter. Wash the precipitate with distilled water until free from nitrates, and dissolve it by adding the solution of ammonia, diluted with sufficient distilled water to make five fluid ounces, returning the ammoniacal solution to the filter until solution is complete. Finally, add sufficient distilled water to produce twenty-five fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Bismuthi et Pepsini cum Ferro.

Solution of Bismuth and Pepsin with Iron.

Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	192 grains
Iron Ammonio-Citrate	128 grains
Pepsin, in scales	192 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Orange-flower Water	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Rub down the pepsin with the glycerin and orange-flower water; then dissolve the ammonio-citrate of iron and of bismuth in a portion of the water, adding a drop or two of ammonia, if necessary, to produce a clear solution. Mix the two solutions, add the other ingredients, and filter bright throught powdered pumice-stone.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Boracis (Sk.).

Solution of Borax.
Synonym.—Thompson's Fluid.

Borax	1 ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Water	2 fl. ounces

Dissolve. Half an ounce to be mixed with four fluid ounces of warm water before use.

Liquor Bromi (S.).

Solution of Bromine.

Bromine	160 minims
Potassium Bromide	240 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Dissolve the potassium bromide in the water in a bottle, add the bromine, and shake till dissolved.

Liquor Bromo-Choral Compositus (B.P.C.).

Compound Solution of Bromo-Chloral.

Chloral Hydrate	1600 grains
Juice of Henbane	1600 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Fresh Orange Peel	400 minims
Tincture of Indian Hemp	400 minims
Syrup	3¾ fl. ounces

Dissolve. Add to the above,

Potassium Bromide	1600 grains
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Previously dissolved. Filter the mixture, and wash the filter with sufficient distilled water to produce one pint. Each fluid drachm contains ten grains of chloral hydrate and ten grains of potassium bromide.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Liquor Calcii Chloridi.

Solution of Calcium Chloride.

Calcium Chloride	88 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve, and filter if necessary.

Dose.—15 to 50 minims.

Liquor Carmini.

Solution of Carmine.

Carmine	525 grains
Solution of Ammonia	7 fl. ounces
Glycerin	7 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity	

Triturate the carmine with the solution of ammonia, and add the glycerin; then heat on a water-bath, with constant stirring, until the ammonia is dissipated. Finally, cool and add sufficient distilled water to produce one pint.

Liquor Carmini (A.P.F.).

Solution of Carmine.

Carmine	40 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonia	40 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Triturate the carmine with sufficient distilled water to moisten it and add the solution of ammonia; then add one fluid ounce of water, filter, add the alcohol and glycerin, and pass sufficient distilled water through the filter to produce two fluid ounces. The solution should be filtered perfectly bright before use.

Liquor Chlori (L.).

Solution of Chlorine.

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	½ ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Liquor Chloroformi Compositus (S.).

Compound Solution of Chloroform.

Synonym.—Chlorodyne.

Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 fl. ounces
Extract of Liquorice	2¼ ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Oil of Peppermint	16 minims
Syrup	17½ ounces
Hydrocyanic Acid (2 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Mix the peppermint oil, alcohol, and hydrocyanic acid, and dissolve the morphine hydrochloride in the mixture; then add the chloroform and ether. Next dissolve the extract of liquorice in the syrup, add the treacle, and mix with the other ingredients.

Dose.—5 to 10 minims.

Liquor Cocci Cacti.

Solution of Cochineal.

Cochineal, in powder	16 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	16 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	16 ounces
Alum, in powder	16 ounces

Boil the cochineal and potassium carbonate with five pints of water; add the acid potassium tartrate and the alum; continue the boiling for twenty minutes, make up to five and a-half pints, filter, and pass sufficient boiling water over the filtrate to make the measure up to five and a-half pints. In this, while warm, dissolve six pounds of sugar, and when cold add ten fluid ounces of alcohol (90 per cent.).

Liquor Copaibæ.

Solution of Copaiba.

Balsam of Copaiba	4 ounces
Solution of Potash	9 fl. ounces

Boil together until all the volatile oil has been driven off, cool, and add:—

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	30 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Liquor Copaibæ (A.P.F.).

Solution of Copaiba.

Copaiba	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Add the copaiba to fifteen fluid ounces of the solution of potash and boil together for an hour; then add the water and mix thoroughly. After cooling, remove the clear liquid from the oil and sediment, evaporate to nineteen fluid ounces, and add sufficient solution of potash to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Liquor Copaibæ et Buchu et Cubebæ Compositus.

Compound Solution of Copaiba, Buchu, and Cubebs.

Balsam of Copaiba	1½ pounds
Potassium Carbonate	20 ounces

Boil together until the balsam has been saponified and the greater part of the volatile oil has been driven off, as will be shown by a portion of the liquid giving a bright or faintly opalescent solution when diluted. Then add:—

Liquid Extract of Buchu, U.S.P.	10 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cubeb, U.S.P.	10 fl. ounces

Cool and add

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 gallon

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Liquor Copaibæ et Buchu et Santali Compositus.

Compound Solution of Copaiba, Buchu, and Sandal.

Oil of Sandal Wood	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve and add:—

Caustic Potash	70 grains

Dissolve and pour, with constant agitation, into:—

Compound Solution of Copaiba, Buchu, and Cubebs	60 fl. ounces

Let the mixture stand in a warm place for three days with frequent agitation. Finally syphon off from the undissolved oil, which will float on the top.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Liquor Epispasticus (Modified).

Blistering Liquid (Greenish and Wilson).

Cantharidin	30 grains
Castor Oil	180 grains
Resin	90 grains

Acetic Ether, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the cantharidin, castor oil, and resin in ten fluid ounces of acetic ether, then add sufficient of the ether to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Liquor Euonymini Compositus.

Compound Solution of Euonymin.

Synonym.—Liquor Euonymin cum Pepsino (A.P.F.).

Tincture of Euonymus	2½ fl. ounces
Pepsin, in scales	240 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the acid with ten fluid ounces of the water; then triturate the pepsin with the glycerin in a mortar and add gradually the acidified water, stirring constantly until the pepsin is dissolved. Next add the tincture and, finally, sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Ferri Acetatis Fortior.

Stronger Solution of Ferric Acetate.

Solution of Ferric Sulphate	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.	
Glacial Acetic Acid, liquefied	3 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix eight fluid ounces of the solution of ammonia with one pint of distilled water and add gradually the solutions of ferric sulphate, previously diluted with about a pint of distilled water. Stir well and set aside for two hours, taking care that the ammonia is in excess throughout, and stirring occasionally. Then transfer to a calico filter, wash the precipitated ferric hydroxide with distilled water until free from sulphates, drain, squeeze to remove superfluous moisture, and dissolve in the glacial acetic acid. Finally, add sufficient distilled water to produce ten fluid ounces, allow any insoluble matter to subside, and pour off the clear solution.

Dose.—1 to 8 minims.

Liquor Ferri Dialysatus.

Solution of Dialysed Iron

Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	7 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix six fluid ounces of the solution of ferric chloride with two pints of distilled water, and stir into the mixture an excess of diluted solution of ammonia. Filter through calico, wash the precipitated ferric hydroxide with distilled water, squeeze to remove superfluous moisture, and add to the remainder of the solution of ferric chloride. Stir thoroughly, warm gently until solution is effected, and filter if necessary; then place the liquid in a covered dialyser, and allow dialysis to proceed in a stream of water until the solution is almost tasteless.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Liquor Ferri Hypophosphitis Fortis (B.P.C.).

Strong Solution of Ferric Hypophosphite.

Ferric Chloride	1000 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	1100 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Citric Acid	800 grains

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the ferric chloride and the sodium hypophosphite each in ten ounces of distilled water, and pour the latter slowly, with stirring, into the former. Wash the precipitate until free from chloride. Dissolve the well-drained precipitate in a mixture, previously prepared, of the strong solution of ammonia, citric acid, and five ounces of distilled water. Determine the proportion of ferric hypophosphite in the product, and adjust the volume by the addition of distilled water, so that the solution may contain iron equivalent to forty grains of ferric hypophosphite in the fluid ounce.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Liquor Ferri Iodidi.

Solution of Ferrous Iodide (1=8 of Syrup).

Fine Iron Wire, free from rust	1 ounce
Iodine	3 oz. 230 gr.
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Place in a glass flask, and start action by immersing the vessel in warm water. If the action becomes too energetic, control it by standing the flask in a vessel of cold water. When action has nearly ceased, apply a gentle heat. When the colour of the iodine has disappeared, boil the liquid vigorously for five minutes. Filter the liquid quickly through a grey filter paper and add to the clear, bright green filtrate

Hypophosphorous Acid	3 fl. drachms

Pass sufficient recently boiled distilled water through the filter to make the final volume up to five fluid ounces. Store in completely-filled amber glass bottles. Add one part to seven of syrup.

Liquor Ferri Iodidi (A.P.F.).

Solution of Ferrous Iodide.

Iron, in wire	½ ounce
Iodine	726 grains
Diluted Hypophosphorous Acid	1½ fl. drachms

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Place the iron wire and iodine in a small flask with two fluid ounces of the water; then plug the neck with cotton-wool, and boil gently, with continual agitation, until the liquid loses its yellow colour. Next heat the liquid to boiling point, allow to cool, filter, add the acid, and pass sufficient boiled and cooled distilled water through the filter to produce two and a-half fluid ounces. Preserve the liquid in small bottles, which should be quite full and kept in the dark, after the neck and corks have been dipped into melted paraffin. One volume of the solution should be added to seven volumes of syrup to make Syrupus Ferri Iodidi.

Liquor Ferri Phosphatis Fortis (S.).

Strong Solution of Ferrous Phosphate.

Iron, in wire	300 grains
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	5 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Place the iron wire and the acid, previously diluted with an equal volume of the water, in a small flask; plug the neck with cotton-wool, heat gently until the iron is dissolved, and add sufficient distilled water to produce ten fluid ounces. One fluid drachm of the finished solution represents eight grains of anhydrous ferrous phosphate. It may be used for the extemporaneous production of Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis and Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis cum Quinina et Strychnina.

Liquor Gutta Percha.

Solution of Gutta Percha.

Gutta Percha, in thin slices	1 ounce
Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Lead Carbonate, in fine powder	1 ounce

Add the gutta percha to six fluid ounces of the chloroform in a stoppered bottle, and shake frequently until solution is affected. Then add the lead carbonate, previously mixed with the remainder of the chloroform, shake thoroughly several times, and set aside until the insoluble matter has subsided. Finally, decant the clear liquid and store in a well-stoppered bottle.

Liquor Hydrargyri et Ammonii Chloridi.

Solution of Mercuric and Ammonium Chlorides.

Synonym.—Dr. Hart's Solution of Perchloride.

Mercuric Chloride	5¼ grains
Ammonium Chloride	5¼ grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. drachm

Dissolve, and acidify with a trace of tartaric acid, if necessary. For use, of one fluid drachm should be made up to twenty-four fluid ounces with water, so as to make a solution containing about one part of mercuric chloride in two thousand.

Liquor Hyoscinæ Hydrobromidi.

Solution of Hyoscine Hydrobromide.

Hyoscine Hydrobromide	½ grain
Chloroform Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Dose.—3 to 15 minims.

Liquor Hypophosphitum Compositus (B.P.C.).

Compound Solution of Hypophosphites.

Synonym.—Liquor Ferri Hypophosphitis Compositus.

Calcium Hypophosphite	320 grains
Magnesium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	320 grains
Strong Solution of Ferric Hypophosphite	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Liquor Iodi.

Solution of Iodine.

Iodine	22 grains
Potassium Iodide	33 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce 1 fl. ounce.	

Dissolve.

Liquor Iodi cum Glycerino.

Iodo-glycerin Solution.

Synonym.—Morton's Fluid.

Iodine	10 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Liquor Keratini (S.).

Keratin Solution.

Prepared Keratin	1 ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces

Dissolve the keratin in the mixed liquids. Used as a coating for pills which are intended to pass through the stomach and act in the small intestine; they should first be thinly coated with oil of theobroma, then twice with keratin solution, and finally varnished.

Liquor Lithiæ Effervescens.

Effervescing Solution of Lithia.

Synonym.—Lithia Water.

Lithium Carbonate	5 to 10 grains
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix in a suitable apparatus and aërate with carbon dioxide under pressure.

Dose.—5 to 10 fluid ounces.

Liquor Lithii Carbonatis.

Lithia Water.

Lithium Carbonate	10 grains
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve, and impregnate the solution with carbon dioxide.

Dose.—5 to 10 fluid ounces.

Liquor Magnesii Boratis (S.).

Solution of Magnesium Borate.

Magnesium Carbonate, light	1 ounce
Boric Acid	6¾ ounces
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Boil and filter.

Liquor Magnesii Bromidi (S.).

Solution of Magnesium Bromide.

Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Dilute Hydrobromic Acid	1 pint

Gradually add the magnesium carbonate to the dilute hydrobromic acid; when effervescence has ceased, filter the product. Each fluid drachm contains nearly seven grains of anhydrous magnesium bromide.

Dose.—1 to 2 fl. drachms.

Liquor Magnesii Citratis.

Solution of Magnesium Citrate.

Synonyms.—Lemonade Purgative; Effervescing Solution of Magnesium and Potassium Citrates.

Magnesium Carbonate	100 grains
Citric Acid	200 grains
Syrup of Lemons	½ fl. ounce
Potassium Bicarbonate, in crystals	40 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the citric acid in two fluid ounces of the distilled water, and, having added the magnesium carbonate, stir until it is dissolved. Filter the solution into a strong half-pint bottle, add the syrup and sufficient distilled water nearly to fill the bottle; then introduce the potassium bicarbonate, and immediately close the bottle with a cork, which should be secured with string or wire; afterwards shake the bottle until the potassium bicarbonate is dissolved.

Dose.—5 to 10 fluid ounces.

Liquor Morphinæ Bimeconatis.

Solution of Morphine Bimeconate.

Morphine Hydrochloride	9 grains
Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.	
Meconic Acid	6 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the morphine hydrochloride in about three fluid drachms of distilled water, warming if necessary; then add sufficient solution of ammonia to precipitate the morphine entirely. Cool, filter, wash the precipitate with distilled water until free from chloride; then drain and mix with sufficient water to produce one and a-half fluid ounces. Finally, add the alcohol and meconic acid, and dissolve.

Dose.—5 to 40 minims.

Liquor Morphinæ Sulphatis.

Solution of Morphine Sulphate.

Morphine Sulphate	35 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	8 fl. ounces

Dissolve the morphine sulphate in part of the water; then add the alcohol, and, finally, the remainder of the water.

Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Liquor Opii Sedativus (A.P.F.).

Sedative Solution of Opium.

Opium, in small pieces	2 ounces
Calcium Hydroxide	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Sherry	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Boil the opium and calcium hydroxide with fifteen fluid ounces of the water for half an hour; then cool, make up to thirteen fluid ounces with distilled water, and add the alcohol (90 per cent.) and sherry. Set aside for six months to mature; then filter and add sufficient alcohol (60 per cent.) to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims, for repeated administration; for a single administration, 20 to 30 minims.

Liquor Pancreaticus.

Pancreatic Solution. **(6537.)**

Glycerole of Pancreatin	3 ounces 160 minims
Sodium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole with the sodium bicarbonate, glycerin, alcohol, and sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces. Two and a-half fluid drachms of the solution should predigest ten fluid ounces of milk at 40° C. in fifteen minutes.

Liquor Papaini et Iridini.

Solution of Papain and Iridin.

Papain	16 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Iridin	16 grains
Potassium Carbonate	12 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the papain with the glycerin and four fluid drachms of distilled water; then apply a gentle heat on a water-bath, and stir till solution is effected. Next mix the iridin with potassium carbonate and four fluid drachms of distilled water. Warm until dissolved; mix the solution with the papain solution, then add the alcohol and, if necessary, sufficient distilled water to make the product measure two fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini.

Solution of Pepsin. **(6526.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	3¼ fl. ounces
Cherry Laurel Water or Orange Flower Water	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Saffron Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix well the glycerole of pepsin and cherry laurel water, and colour with the tincture of saffron; then add sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Bismuthi et Euonymi cum Iridino.

Solution of Pepsin, Bismuth and Euonymus, with Iridin.

Synonym.—Digestive Liver Tonic. **(6535.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Tincture of Euonymus, B.P.C.	400 minims
Iridin	16 grains
Tincture of Cochineal Simple Elixir	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonia-citrate in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next digest the iridin for twenty-four hours in the tincture of euonymus, and then filter. Mix the three solutions, and add sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces. Finally colour with the tincture of cochineal, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Bismuthi et Strychninæ cum Ferro.

Solution of Pepsin, Bismuth, and Strychnine, with Iron.

Synonym.—Tonic Digestive. **(6530.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	250 minims
Iron Ammonio-Citrate	160 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next dissolve the iron ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir. Mix the first two solutions, then add the solution of iron ammonio-citrate, the solution of strychnine hydrochloride, alcohol, and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Bismuthi.

Solution of Pepsin and Bismuth.

Synonym.—Bismuth and Pepsin Mixture. **(6528.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Finally, mix the two solutions, add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, then filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Bismuthi Compositus.

Compound Solution of Pepsin and Bismuth.

Synonym.—Digestive Liver Tonic. **(6533.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Morphine Acetate	8 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	16 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	400 minims
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	200 minims
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cochineal Simple Elixir	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next mix the acetic acid, the alcohol, and one fluid ounce of the simple elixir, and dissolve the morphine acetate in the mixture. Mix the three solutions, add the tincture of nux vomica, then hydrocyanic acid, and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces. Finally colour with the tincture of cochineal, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Bismuthi cum Ferro.

Solution of Pepsin, Bismuth, and Iron.

Synonym.—Tonic Digestive **(6527.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Iron Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next dissolve the iron ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir. Mix the first two solutions, then add the solution of iron ammonio-citrate, alcohol, and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, and filter.

Dose.—$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Bismuthi cum Podophyllino.

Solution of Pepsin and Bismuth with Podophyllin.

Synonym.—Digestive Liver Tonic. **(6534.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Podophyllin Resin	16 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cochineal	of each a sufficient quantity.
Simple Elixir	

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonia-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next dissolve the podophyllin resin in the aromatic spirit of ammonia, and add this solution to five fluid ounces of the simple elixir. Mix the three solutions, and add sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces. Finally colour with the tincture of cochineal, and filter.

Dose.—$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Bismuthi cum Strychnina.

Solution of Pepsin and Bismuth with Strychnine.

Synonym.—Tonic Digestive. **(6529.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride..	250 minims
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Mix the two solutions, add the solution of strychnine hydrochloride, the alcohol, and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, and filter.

Dose.—$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Quininæ.

Solution of Pepsin and Quinine.

Synonym.—Digestive Quinine Tonic. **(6531.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Quinine Hydrochloride	80 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	of each a sufficient quantity.
Simple Elixir	

Dissolve the quinine hydrochloride in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if necessary, by adding a few drops of diluted hydrochloric acid. Mix the glycerole of pepsin with the solution of quinine hydrochlorate; then add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, and filter.

Dose.—$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepsini et Quininæ cum Ferro.

Solution of Pepsin and Quinine, with Iron.

Synonym.—Digestive Quinine and Iron Tonic. **(6532.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	320 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and dissolve the iron and quinine citrate in ten fluid ounces of simple elixir. Mix the two solutions; then add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces

Dose.—$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepticus.

Peptic Solution. **(6536.)**

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Dilute Hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole, acid, alcohol, and glycerin with sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms in water with or after meals.

Liquor Pepticus (A.P.F.).

Peptic Solution.

Pepsin, in scales	240 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Essence of Rennet	8 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Rub the pepsin and glycerin together in a mortar; then add the acid, alcohol, and essence of rennet, with sufficient distilled water to make twenty fluid ounces. Filter through talc if necessary.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Liquor Pepto-Papaini.

Solution of Pepsin and Papain.

Pepsin, in scales	40 ounces
Papain	40 ounces
Glycerin	3·25 fl. ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	12 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the scale pepsin in 450 fluid ounces of water, to which the hydrochloric acid has been previously added. Then dissolve the papain in the glycerin and 200 fl. ounces of water, with the aid of heat on the water-bath. Mix the two solutions and allow to stand for twenty-four hours; then filter.

Liquor Picrotoxini Aceticus (M.W.).

Acetic Solution of Picrotoxin.

Picrotoxin	2 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	7 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—2 to 10 minims.

Liquor Potassæ Effervescens.

Effervescing Solution of Potash.

Synonym.—Potash Water.

Potassium Bicarbonate	5 to 30 grains
Distilled Water	1 pint

Dissolve, filter, and aërate the solution with carbon dioxide under pressure.

Liquor Quininæ et Strychninæ (M.W.).

Solution of Quinine and Strychnine.

Strychnine, in powder	20 grains
Quinine Sulphate	520 grains
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	½ fl. ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity

Mix the phosphoric acid with eight fluid ounces of the water and dissolve the strychnine and quinine sulphate in the mixture by the aid of gentle heat; then cool and add sufficient distilled water to produce ten fluid ounces. One fluid drachm of the finished solution represents six and a-half grains of quinine sulphate and one-fourth of a grain of strychnine. It may be used for the extemporaneous production of Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis cum Quinina et Strychnina.

Liquor Santali Compositus (A.P.F.).

Compound Solution of Sandal Wood.

Synonym.—Liquor Santali Flavi Compositus.

Oil of Sandal Wood	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cubebs	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Pimento	15 minims
Oil of Cassia	15 minims
Copaiba	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Buchu	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Buchu	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	3 fl. ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Heat the solution of potash to boiling point, mix with the oils and copaiba, allow to stand awhile; then add the water and shake well, heating with a little more solution of potash if saponification is not complete. To the cooled emulsion add the tincture and concentrated solution of buchu; next add the alcohol, and finally the magnesium carbonate. Mix well, allow to stand for twenty-four hours; then filter through paper sprinkled with magnesium carbonate.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Liquor Seriparus (A.P.F.).

Solution of Rennet.

Synonym.—Essence of Rennet.

Rennet, salted and cut small	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces
Sherry	2½ fl. ounces
Kaolin	½ ounce

Macerate the rennet with the alcohol and water for four days; then add the sherry, set aside for three days, and strain. Next add the kaolin, shake, and set aside for seven days. Finally decant the clear solution and filter the remainder.

Liquor Sodæ.

Solution of Soda.

Sodium Carbonate	28 ounces
Slaked Lime, washed	12 ounces
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Dissolve the sodium carbonate in the water, heat to boiling point, add the slaked lime, and boil for ten minutes with constant stirring; then allow the insoluble matter to subside, transfer the clear liquid by means of a syphon to a green-glass bottle, and add distilled water, if necessary, to produce a liquid of specific gravity 1·047.

Liquor Sodæ Effervescens.

Effervescing Solution of Soda.

Synonym.—Soda Water.

Sodium Bicarbonate	5 to 30 grains
Distilled Water	1 pint

Dissolve, filter, and aërate the solution with carbon dioxide under pressure.

Liquor Sodii Carbolatis.

Solution of Sodium Carbolate.

Phenol	1 ounce
Caustic Soda	½ ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Liquor Sodii Oleatis.

Solution of Sodium Oleate.

Hard Soap	1 ounce
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Liquor Sodii Sulphitis Benzoicus.

Benzoic Solution of Sodium Sulphite.

Synonym.—Antiseptic Solution (Heckel).

Sodium Sulphite	30 grains
Benzoic Acid	14 grains
Distilled Water	500 minims

Liquor Theobromatis.

Solution of Theobroma (White and Rodwell).

Oil of Theobroma, melted	1 fl. ounce
Ether	5 fl. ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the oil of theobroma in the ether and, when required for use, dilute the solution with an equal volume of the alcohol. The resulting ether-alcohol solution is used to granulate powders before compression into tablets. The whole quantity ordered is added to the powder in a mortar and mixed quickly by trituration, after which the mixture is passed through a No. 20 or No. 30 sieve, allowed to dry by exposure to the air for an hour or two, and compressed into tablets.

Liquor Thymolis Compositus.

(Compound Solution of Thymol.)

Synonyms.—Liquor Antiseptica Aromatica; Aromatic Antiseptic Solution; Listerine Substitute.

(1)	Benzoic Acid	88 grains
	Boric Acid	175 grains
	Borax	88 grains
	Thymol	18 grains
	Eucalyptol	10 minims
	Oil of Wintergreen	10 minims
	Oil of Peppermint	6 minims
	Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
	Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the benzoic acid, thymol, eucalyptol, oil of wintergreen, and oil of peppermint in the alcohol; then dissolve boric acid and borax in twelve fluid ounces of water and add the glycerin. Mix the two solutions and set aside for twenty-four hours; then filter through kaolin, and add sufficient water to produce twenty fluid ounces of the solution.

(2)	Benzoic Acid	72 grains
	Boric Acid	88 grains
	Borax	88 grains
	Thymol	24 grains
	Eucalyptol	6 minims
	Oil of Wintergreen	4 minims
	Menthol	12 grains
	Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Proceed as in the former case, using sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces of the solution.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms, as a lotion or mouth-wash.

Liquor Thymolis (S.).

Solution of Thymol.

Thymol	1 ounce

Alcohol (90 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the thymol in sufficient of the alcohol (90 per cent.) to produce five pints of solution.

Liquor Thyroidei (Modified).

Thyroid Solution (White).

Thyroid Glands	24
Glycerin Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Trim, slice, and bruise the glands; then add to every twenty parts of tissue fifteen fluid parts of glycerin. Macerate for twenty-four hours, express strongly, and make up the expressed product to five fluid ounces by the addition of a mixture of equal parts by volume of glycerin and distilled water.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Liquor Tolutanus.

Solution of Balsam of Tolu (1=8 of Syrup).

Balsam of Tolu	10 ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce ...	2 pints

Place the tolu, syrup, glycerin and twenty-five fluid ounces of water in a flask or stone bottle fitted with a perforated cork bearing a long glass tube about ¼-inch diameter, to act as an upright condenser. Heat the whole in a boiling water bath for six hours, with occasional agitation. Cool, strain through flannel, and pass enough distilled water through the filter to make the volume of the strained liquid up to two pints. One volume of the solution should be added to seven volumes of syrup to make Syrupus Tolutanus.

Lithii Guaiacas.

Lithium Guaicate.

Lithium Oxide	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin	3 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the lithium oxide in a sufficient quantity of distilled water; with the solution digest the guaiacum resin. Decant the clear solution, evaporate to the consistence of a thin syrup, and spread on glass plates to dry.

Dose.—5 grains twice daily.

Lotio Acidi Borici (T.).

Boric Acid Lotion.

Boric Acid	300 grains
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix.

Lotio Acidi Carbolici.

Carbolic Acid Lotion.

Phenol	30 grains
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Used to relieve the itching, pain, and swelling due to mosquito bites.

Lotio Acidi Carbolici (T.).

Carbolic Acid Lotion.

Phenol, in crystals	1 ounce
Water, warm, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve. Care should be taken to ensure that the whole of the phenol is dissolved, as a portion is liable to fall to the bottom and form an oily layer of liquefied phenol. The lotion is to be diluted with one or more parts of water as directed.

Lotio Acidi Carbolici et Boracis (T.).

Carbolic Acid and Borax Lotion.

Synonym.—Lotio A. B. C.

Glycerin of Phenol	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix. To be diluted with five to ten parts of water.

Lotio Acidi Picrici (T.).

Picric Acid Lotion.

Picric Acid	1 ounce
Water, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve. To be diluted with one or more parts of water, as required.

Lotio Alkalina Composita (T.).

Compound Alkaline Lotion.

Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Chloride	1 ounce
Borax, in powder	1 ounce

Thirty to sixty grains to be dissolved in half a pint of warm water.

Lotio Ammonii Chloridi.

Ammonium Chloride Lotion.

Ammonium Chloride	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotio Benzoini (S.).

Benzoin Lotion.

Tincture of Benzoin	1 ounce
Rose Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotio Bismuthi (Sk.).

Bismuth Lotion.

Bismuth Subnitrate	10 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Lotio Boracis (S.).

Borax Lotion.

(1)	Borax	1 ounce
	Rose Water	24 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

(2)	Borax	1 ounce
	Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
	Rose Water	16 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Lotio Calaminæ (U.).

Calamine Lotion.

Prepared Calamine	40 grains
Zinc Oxide	20 grains
Glycerin	20 minims
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Elutriate the calamine and zinc oxide by triturating them in a mortar with successive portions of the rose water, and decanting from the siliceous matter; add the glycerin.

Lotio Creolini (T.).

Creolin Lotion.

Creolin	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix.

Lotio Crinalis (S.).

Hair Lotion.

Oil of Almonds	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Honey Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotio Hydrargyri Acetica (M.W.).

Acetic Lotion of Mercury.

Mercuric Chloride	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	75 fl. ounces
Glycerin	75 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	250 fl. ounces
Rose Water	500 fl. ounces

Used to destroy pediculi and to detach their ova.

Lotio Hydrargyri Perchloridi (T.).

Mercuric Chloride Lotion.

Mercuric Chloride	1 ounce
Water, sufficient to make	500 fl. ounces

Dissolve, and tint with fuchsine or methylene blue if required. To be diluted with one to ten parts of water, as directed. If tap water be used a slight deposit will form on standing.

Lotio Hydrargyri Perchloridi Acida (T.).

Acid Mercuric Chloride Lotion.

Mercuric Chloride	1 ounce
Hydrochloric Acid	25 fl. ounces
Water, sufficient to make	500 fl. ounces

Dissolve. This is used only as a disinfectant for excreta.

Lotio Hydrargyri Perchloridi et Glycerini (T.).

Mercuric Chloride and Glycerin Lotion.

Mercuric Chloride	½ grain
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. This lotion contains mercuric chloride, 1 in 875, and is used as an application to the scalp.

Lotio Picis Carbonis Alkalina (T.).

Coal Tar Lotion.

Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. drachm
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve.

Lotio Plumbi (T.).

Lead Lotion.

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix. This lotion is only opalescent when made with distilled water, but with tap water a more or less heavy deposit forms, according to the proportion of alkaline sulphates, chlorides, and carbonates in the water.

Lotio Plumbi Acetatis (O.).

Lotion of Lead Acetate.

Lead Acetate	2 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	2 minims

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the lead acetate in the diluted acetic acid and sufficient distilled water to make the product measure one fluid ounce.

Lotio Plumbi et Zinci (T.).

Lead and Zinc Lotion.

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Zinc Oxide	400 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint.

Mix.

Lotio Plumbi Evaporans (T.).

Alcoholic Lead Lotion.

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix.

Lotio Resorcini (Sk.).

Resorcin Lotion.

Synonym.—Andeer's Lotion.

Resorcin	40 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Lotio Rubra (S.).

Red Wash.

Zinc Sulphate	2 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Lotio Sodæ Chlorinatæ (T.).

Chlorinated Soda Lotion.

Solution of Chlorinated Soda	2 fl. ounces
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix. To be diluted with one or more parts of water as directed.

Lotio Sulphuris (S.).

Sulphur Lotion.

Precipitated Sulphur	½ ounce
Glycerin	120 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water Lime Water } of each	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotio Zinci Acetatis (S.).

Lotion of Zinc Acetate.

Zinc Acetate	2 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Used as a collyrium, or as an injection.

Lotio Zinci Chloridi (O.).

Lotion of Zinc Chloride.

Zinc Chloride	1 grain
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Lotio Zinci Oxidi (Sk.).

Lotion of Zinc Oxide.

Synonym.—Calamine Lotion.

Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Prepared Calamine	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Lotio Zinci Sulphatis (T.).

Zinc Sulphate Lotion.

Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve.

Lotio Zinci Sulphocarbolatis (T.).

Zinc Sulphocarbolate Lotion.

Zinc Sulphocarbolate	60 grains
Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve.

Massa Kaolini (S.).

Kaolin Mass.

Kaolin	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	8 ounces
Hard Paraffin (m.p. 120° F.)	4 ounces

Melt together the hard and soft paraffins; add the kaolin; stir till cold.

Massa Paraffini (S.).

Paraffin Mass.

Hard Paraffin (m.p. 120° F.)	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	3 ounces

Melt together. Used as an excipient for silver nitrate or potassium permanganate in pills.

Masticha cum Chloroformo (S.).

Mastich and Chloroform.

Mastich	2 ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. Used as a stopping for decayed teeth.

Mel Rosæ.

Honey of Roses.

Liquid Extract of Roses	2 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey, sufficient to make	1 pound

Mix thoroughly.

Menthol cum Aconitina.

Menthol with Aconitine.

Aconitine	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 minims
Menthol, melted	380 minims

Mix thoroughly, and divide into cones weighing one drachm.

Mentholeas.

Mentholeate

Menthol	400 grains
Oleic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Heat gently until solution is effected. Used for external application.

Mistura Acaciæ.

Acacia Mixture.

Gum Acacia, in small pieces	4 ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces

Rapidly rinse the gum acacia with a little distilled water; then dissolve it in the acid and strain.

Mistura Acaciæ (C.).

Acacia Mixture.

Synonym.—Potion Gommeuse.

Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Simple Syrup	4 ounces
Orange Flower Water	1 fl. ounce
Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mistura Acetanilidi (L.).

Antifebrin Mixture.

Acetanilide	5 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	15 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Acidi Borici (Lk.).

Boric Acid Mixture.

Boric Acid	10 grains
Dilute Nitrohydrochloric Acid	10 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Acidi Carbolici.

Carbolic Acid Mixture (Rothe).

Carbolic Acid	12 minims
Tincture of Iodine	16 minims
Tincture of Orange	90 minims
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce every four hours.

Mistura Acida (N.E.).

Acid Mixture.

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	12 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	12 minims
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Ætheris cum Ammonia (T.).

Ether Mixture with Ammonia.

Spirit of Ether	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	30 minims
Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Ætheris cum Soda (T.).

Ether Mixture with Soda.

Spirit of Ether	30 minims
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Alba (N.E.).

White Mixture

Magnesium Carbonate	20 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	20 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Alba (K.).

White Mixture.

Magnesium Carbonate, heavy	10 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	1 drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Aluminis (N.E.).

Alum Mixture.

Alum	20 grains
Mixture of Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Ammoniæ cum Senega (T.).

Ammonia Mixture with Senega.

Ammonium Carbonate	4 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 minims
Infusion of Senega	½ fl. ounce
Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Amygdalæ Amaræ.

Bitter Almond Mixture.

Compound Powder of Bitter Almonds	2 ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Triturate the powder with a little of the distilled water so as to form a thin paste; then gradually add the remainder of the water and strain through fine muslin.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Antiseptica (U.).

Antiseptic Mixture.

Solution of Mercuric Caloride	1 minim
Castor Oil Mixture	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Used for infantile diarrhœa. Dose.—1 fluid drachm

Mistura Aromatica (T.).

Aromatic Mixture.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	30 grains
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Triturate the powder to a smooth mixture with the peppe mint water.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Asafetidæ Composita (T.).

Compound Asafetida Mixture.

Asafetida, picked	5 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	10 minims
Ammonium Carbonate	4 grains
Infusion of Valerian (1 in 40), sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Triturate the asafetida to a smooth emulsion with the infusion and decant from coarse particles. The ammonia in this mixture develops the taste and odour of the other constituents.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Bismuthi (N.E.).

Bismuth Mixture.

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	24 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	24 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Bismuthi (T.).

Bismuth Mixture.

Glycerin of Bismuth Carbonate	30 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Bismuthi Composita.

Compound Bismuth Mixture.

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	70 minims
Liquid Extract of Nux Vomica	135 minims
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	320 minims
Concentrated Solution of Bismuth	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the morphine in four fluid drachms of the distilled water; then add the compound tincture of cardamoms, chloroform, liquid extract of nux vomica, and diluted hydrocyanic acid; mix thoroughly, and add the concentrated solution of bismuth and the distilled water.

Dose.—20 to 30 minims.

Mistura Bismuthi Composita (B.P.C.).

Compound Mixture of Bismuth.

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. drachms
Dissolve and add	
Chloroform	70 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	320 minims
Liquid Extract of Nux Vomica	135 minims
Mix. Add	
Concentrated Solution of Bismuth	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Each fluid drachm contains two minims of diluted hydrocyanic acid, one twentieth of a grain of morphine hydrochloride, and the equivalent of five minims of tincture of nux vomica.

Dose.—20 to 30 minims.

Mistura Bismuthi cum Soda (T.).

Bismuth Mixture with Soda.

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	15 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	1 grain
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix the tragacanth with the other powders and triturate with the water to a smooth mixture. This mixture may be made without tragacanth, but the bismuth oxycarbonate subsides more quickly.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Bromoformi (A.P.F.).

Bromoform Mixture.

Bromoform	8 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the bromoform in the alcohol; then add the tincture and sufficient glycerin to produce one fluid ounce.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm every four hours, for children from one to three years old.

Mistura Buchu Composita (T.).

Compound Buchu Mixture.

Potassium Citrate	20 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	15 minims
Infusion of Buchu, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Butyl-Choral (L.).

Butyl-Choral Hydrate Mixture.

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	4 grains
Glycerin	15 minims
Chloroform Water	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Carminativa (N.E.).

Carminative Mixture.

Sodium Bicarbonate	12 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	12 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	24 minims
Glycerin	40 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Cascaræ Sagradæ (T.).

Cascara Sagrada Mixture.

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	30 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	20 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Note that the ammonia prevents the formation of an unsightly deposit in this mixture. It loses its bitter flavour after standing several weeks.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Cascaræ Sagradæ Composita (T.).

Compound Cascara Sagrada Mixture.

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	20 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	30 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	5 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	5 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	20 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Note that the addition of nux vomica and belladonna increases the purgative action of the cascara. This mixture remains only slightly bitter after standing several weeks.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Cascarillæ Composita (T.).

Compound Cascarilla Mixture.

Compound Tincture of Camphor	15 minims
Vinegar of Squill	15 minims
Infusion of Cascarilla, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Catechu Composita.

Compound Mixture of Catechu.

Catechu, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Caraway	10 drops
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix together the strong tincture of ginger, spirit of chloroform, oil of caraway and tragacanth in a bottle; add fifteen fluid ounces of the distilled water and shake immediately; reserve. Dissolve the catechu in fifteen fluid ounces of boiling distilled water; triturate the prepared chalk with the solution; add to the reserved liquid. Add the glycerin, tincture of catechu, and sufficient distilled water to produce forty fluid ounces of the mixture.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Chalybeata (T.).

Chalybeate Mixture.

Solution of Ferric Chloride	15 minims
Syrup	30 minims
Infusion of Quassia, sufficient to make...	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Chloralamidi (S.).

Chloralamide Mixture.

Chloralamide	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.), sufficient to make	4½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 fluid drachms, with water.

Mistura Chloroformi Composita.

Compound Mixture of Chloroform.

Synonym.—Mistura Tussi Rubra Concentrata (A.P.F.).

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	80 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	40 minims
Dilute Hydrocyanic Acid	8 minims
Syrup of Virginian Prune, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the solution of morphine hydrochloride with the tinctures and acids; then add sufficient syrup to produce one fluid ounce.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Mistura Cinchonæ Acida (T.).

Acid Cinchona Mixture.

Liquid Extract of Cinchona	10 minims
Diluted Nitric Acid	10 minims
Aromatic Syrup	30 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Colchici (T.).

Colchicum Mixture.

Colchicum Wine	15 minims
Potassium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	15 grains
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Copaibæ (L.).

Copaiba Mixture.

Copaiba	20 minims
Tincture of Quillaia	20 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	30 minims
Camphor Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Copaibæ (T.).

Copaiba Mixture.

Copaiba	15 minims
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	30 minims
Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Emulsify the copaiba by adding it gradually to the mucilage with constant trituration.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Creosoti (S.).

Creosote Mixture.

Creosote	16 minims
Almond Oil	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	90 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the creosote in the oil, and mix with the gum in a mortar; then add, all at once, three fluid drachms of water and triturate until an emulsion is formed. Finally, add the syrup and sufficient water to make eight fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Cretæ Composita.

Compound Chalk Mixture.

Synonym.—Board of Health Cholera Mixture.

Aromatic Powder	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity.	

Triturate the aromatic powder with a small quantity of the chalk mixture, and gradually add sufficient of the latter to produce about ten fluid ounces; then add the tinctures and spirit, previously mixed together, and make up to twenty fluid ounces with chalk mixture.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce for an adult; ½ fluid ounce for a child twelve years old; 2 fluid drachms for a child seven years old. To be taken after each liquid motion.

Mistura Effervescens (N.E.).

Effervescent Mixture.

(1)	Potassium Bicarbonate	20 grains
	Syrup	60 minims
	Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

(2)	Citric Acid	12 grains
	Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Mix the two solutions and drink during effervescence.

Mistura Ergotæ (T.).

Ergot Mixture.

Liquid Extract of Ergot	30 minims
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Expectorans (T.).

Expectorant Mixture.

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	16 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	24 minims
Glycerin	40 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Ferri Aromatica.

Aromatic Mixture of Iron.

Red Cinchona Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Calumba Root, in powder	½ ounce
Cloves, bruised	¼ ounce
Fine Iron Wire	½ ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the cinchona bark, calumba root, cloves, and iron wire with twelve fluid ounces of the peppermint water for three days in a closed vessel, agitating occasionally; then filter, pass as much peppermint water through the filter as will make the product measure twelve and a-half fluid ounces, add the tinctures, and preserve the mixture in a well-stoppered bottle.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Mistura Ferri Aromatica (T.).

Aromatic Iron Mixture.

Solution of Ferric Chloride	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	20 minims
Syrup	40 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix the syrup with the iron solution and add the aromatic spirit previously diluted with the water. The sugar contained in the syrup, by this method of mixing, prevents the precipitation of the red ferric hydroxide, which would otherwise occur on mixing an alkaline liquid with the solution of a ferric salt. The resulting mixture is nearly neutral and almost free from styptic taste.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Ferri Arsenicalis (J.).

Arsenical Iron Mixture.

Tincture of Ferric Chloride	20 minims
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	20 minims
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	12 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to make 1 fl. ounce.	

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms in water.

Mistura Ferri Arsenicalis (T.).

Arsenical Iron Mixture.

Arsenical Solution	2 minims
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	5 grains
Tincture of Calumba	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Ferri cum Magnesii Sulphate (T.).

Iron and Magnesium Sulphate Mixture.

Solution of Ferric Chloride	15 minims
Magnesium Sulphate	20 grains
Glycerin	40 minims
Infusion of Quassia, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Gentianæ.

Gentian Mixture.

Gentian Root, sliced	¼ ounce
Bitter Orange Peel, cut small	30 grains
Coriander Fruit, bruised	30 grains
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Macerate the gentian root, orange peel, and coriander in the alcohol for two hours; then add the water, again macerate for two hours, and strain through calico.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Gentianæ cum Soda (T.).

Gentian and Soda Mixture.

Sodium Bicarbonate	15 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Hæmatoxyli cum Catechu (T.).

Logwood and Catechu Mixture.

Tincture of Catechu	40 minims
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	15 minims
Decoction of Logwood, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Ipecacuanhæ Ammoniata (N.E.).

Ammoniated Mixture of Ipecacuanha.

Ammonium Carbonate	4 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	16 minims
Glycerin	120 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Ipecacuanhæ cum Soda (T.).

Ipecacuanha Mixture with Soda.

Sodium Bicarbonate	15 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	15 minims
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Jalapæ cum Rheo (T.).

Jalap and Rhubarb Mixture.

Jalap Resin	¼ grain
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	10 minims
Tragacanth	¼ grain
Syrup of Ginger	5 minims
Glycerin	10 minims
Caraway Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Powder the resin, mix with the tragacanth; add the tincture and then the other ingredients in the order given. The official extract of jalap varies considerably in strength; hence the resin of jalap is used, with tragacanth to suspend it.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm for a child 1 year old, or 1 fluid ounce for an adult.

Mistura Magnesiæ cum Rheo (S.).

Magnesia and Rhubarb Mixture.

Powdered Rhubarb Root	7½ grains
Magnesium Carbonate, heavy	15 grains
Peppermint Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Methylacetanilidi (L.).

Methylacetanilide Mixture.

Synonym.—Exalgin Mixture.

Exalgin	3 grains
Syrup of Orange Peel	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Moschi (S.).

Musk Mixture.

Musk	9 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	9 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	9 grains
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce

Triturate the musk with the sugar, then with the acacia; add the rose water gradually.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Mistura Olei Morrhuæ (N.E.).

Cod-liver Oil Mixture.

Cod-liver Oil	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	40 grains
Essential Oil of Almond	1 minim

Mix.

Mistura Olei Morrhuæ (T.).

Cod-liver Oil Mixture.

Cod-liver Oil	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Tolu	20 minims
Gluside	1/16 grain
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Emulsify the oil by trituration with the mucilage, adding a little water from time to time as the product becomes thick. In place of the mucilage, 30 grains of powdered gum acacia may be used, a fresh mucilage being made by first triturating the gum with 45 minims of water. This emulsion contains half its volume of oil, with the least possible quantity of gum; the taste of the oil is effectually disguised. Acids, alcohol, and crystalline salts, if prescribed with this mixture, except in small proportions, cause the oil to separate.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Olei Morrhuæ cum Ferro (T.).

Cod-liver Oil Mixture with Iron.

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	8 grains
Cod-liver Oil Mixture, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Note that the ordinary salts of iron in aqueous solution have an acid reaction and disturb the emulsion, but the "scale" compounds are free from this objection.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Olei Morrhuæ et Hypophosphitum (T.).

Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites Mixture.

Calcium Hypophosphite	4 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	4 grains
Cod-liver Oil Mixture, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Note that each fluid drachm contains 1 grain of hypophosphites.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Olei Santali (M.W.).

Sandal Wood Oil Mixture.

Sandal Wood Oil	16 minims
Tragacanth, in powder	4 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix the sandalwood oil with the tragacanth; add quickly the distilled water; shake well.

Dose.—1 fl. ounce.

Mistura Olei Santali (S.).

Mixture of Sandal Wood Oil.

Sandal Wood Oil	30 minims
Mucilage of Acacia	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	$\frac{1}{2}$ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the ingredients to form an emulsion, the product to measure one fluid ounce.

Mistura Olei Santali (T.).

Sandal Wood Oil Mixture.

Oil of Sandal Wood	15 minims
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	30 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Emulsify the oil by adding it gradually to the mucilage, with constant trituration.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Paraldehydi (L.).

Paraldehyde Mixture.

Paraldehyde	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	40 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Cassia Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the paraldehyde with the alcohol; add the glycerin and a sufficient quantity of the cassia water to produce one fluid ounce.

Dose.—$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Pepsini Composita.

Compound Mixture of Pepsin.

Synonym.—Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (6524.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitro-Hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cudbear or Infusion of Roses	a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and filter. Dose.—$\frac{1}{2}$ fluid ounce twice or thrice daily, in water.

Mistura Pepsini Composita.

Compound Mixture of Pepsin.

Synonym.—Mistura Pepsini Composita cum Bismutho (A.P.F.).

Pepsin, in scales	320 grains
Tincture of Nux Vomica	$13\frac{1}{3}$ fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	$6\frac{1}{3}$ fl. drachms
Solution of Carmine	5 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the pepsin in fifteen fluid ounces of the solution of bismuth citrate; then add the tincture and acid. Finally, add the solution of carmine and sufficient of the solution of bismuth citrate to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 fluid drachm, in water.

Mistura Pepsini cum Cascara.

Pepsin and Cascara Mixture. (6525.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ginger	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—One to two teaspoonfuls in water.

Mistura Potassii Chloratis (N.E.).

Potassium Chlorate Mixture.

Potassium Chlorate	16 grains
Chloroform Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Potassii Chloratis (T.).

Potassium Chlorate Mixture.

Potassium Chlorate	10 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	5 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Note that this mixture has the same composition as the gargle of potassium chlorate. Being made with diluted hydrochloric acid, it contains only a trace of free chlorine. Compare "Gargarisma Chlori."

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Citratis Effervescens (T.).

Effervescing Potassium Citrate Mixture.

(1) Potassium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

(2) Citric Acid	15 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	½ fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Mix the two solutions and drink during effervescence. This forms a slightly acid draught, twenty grains of potassium bicarbonate neutralising fourteen grains of citric acid. Other remedies given with this mixture should be incorporated with the acid or alkaline solution, according to their compatibility—*e.g.*, citrate of iron and quinine with the acid solution, and aromatic spirit of ammonia with the alkaline solution.

Mistura Potassii Iodidi (N.E.).

Potassium Iodide Mixture.

Potassium Iodide	4 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	16 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Potassii Iodidi (T.).

Potassium Iodide Mixture.

Potassium Iodide	5 grains
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Iodidi Alkalina (T.).

Alkaline Potassium Iodide Mixture.

Potassium Iodide	3 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Ammonium Carbonate	3 grains
Camphor Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Potassii Iodidi et Stramonii (T.).

Potassium Iodide and Stramonium Mixture.

Potassium Iodide	3 grains
Tincture of Stramonium	5 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	10 minims
Emulsion of Chloroform	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Quininæ (N.E.).

Quinine Sulphate	2 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Quininæ (T.).

Quinine Mixture.

Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 minim
Tincture of Orange	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Quininæ cum Ferro (T.).

Quinine and Iron Mixture.

Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Solution of Ferric Chloride	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Rhei cum Soda (T.).

Rhubarb Mixture with Soda.

Rhubarb Root, in powder	5 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Caraway Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix the powders and triturate them to a smooth mixture with the caraway water.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Rhei et Sodæ (N.E.).

Rhubarb and Soda Mixture.

Rhubarb Root, in powder	16 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	16 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	24 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mistura Rosæ Laxativa (G.).

Laxative Rose Mixture.

Magnesium Sulphate	40 grains
Pimento Water	2 fl. drachms
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fl. ounce.

Mistura Sacchari Usti (N.E.).

Mixture of Burnt Sugar.

Burnt Sugar	16 minims
Distilled Water	1 ounce

Mix.

Mistura Salina (T.).

Saline Mixture.

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. drachms
Potassium Nitrate	10 grains
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	30 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Salina Anodyna (T.).

Anodyne Saline Mixture.

Tincture of Opium	10 minims
Saline Mixture, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Salina Laxans (T.).

Laxative Saline Mixture.

Megnesium Sulphate	30 grains
Potassium Citrate	20 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	15 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Scammonii.

Scammony Mixture.

Scammony, in powder	6 grains
Milk	2 fl. ounces

Triturate until a uniform emulsion is obtained, making the mixture fresh when required.

Dose.—1 to 3 fluid ounces.

Mistura Scillæ Composita (N.E.).

Compound Squill Mixture.

Compound Tincture of Comphor	24 minims
Oxymel of Squill	40 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Scillæ et Ipecacuanhæ.

Squill and Ipecacuanha Mixture.

Vinegar of Squill	10 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 minims
Potassium Citrate	15 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Anise Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Sodæ Composita (T.).

Compound Soda Mixture.

Gentian Root	5 grains
Rhubarb Root	2 grains
Ginger	1 grain
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Macerate the gentian, rhubarb, and ginger, sliced, with the sodium bicarbonate in the peppermint water for twenty-four hours, then press out the liquor, strain, and pour peppermint water over the strainer until the product measures one fluid ounce.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Sodii Bicarbonatis (N.E.).

Sodium Bicarbonate Mixture.

Sodium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	20 minims
Burnt Sugar Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Sodii Salicylatis (T.).

Sodium Salicylate Mixture.

Sodium Salicylate	15 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mistura Strychninæ Acida (T.).

Acid Strychnine Mixture.

Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	3 minims
Diluted Nitro-Hydrochloric Acid	15 minims
Glycerin	30 minims
Compound Infusion of Gentian, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mucilago Amyli.

Mucilage of Starch.

Starch	½ ounce
Distilled Water, cold	1 pint

Rub the starch to a smooth paste with the water and heat the mixture to boiling. This mucilage is used as a basis for enemas.

Mucilago Chondri.

Mucilage of Irish Moss.

Irish Moss	¼ ounce
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Wash the moss in cold water to remove impurities; boil it with the distilled water for fifteen minutes in a covered vessel, and strain with gentle pressure while hot, then poor distilled water over the contents of the strainer, until the strained product measures thirty four ounces.

Mucilago Sassafras Medullæ.

Mucilage of Sassafras Pith.

Sassafras Pith (*S. variifolium*)	175 grains
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Macerate the sassafras pith in the water for three hours, and strain. This preparation should be freshly made, when required.

Nebula Cocainæ Composita (A.P.F.).

Compound Cocaine Spray.

Cocaine Hydrochloride	3 grains
Menthol	10 grains
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Nebula Cocainæ cum Menthol (A.P.F.).

Cocaine Spray with Menthol.

Cocaine	10 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Liquid Paraffin	7 fl. drachms

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Nebula Eucalypti (Th.).

Eucalyptus Spray.

Oil of Eucalyptus	5 minims
Liquid Paraffin, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Nebula Eucalypti Composita (A.P.F.).

Compound Eucalyptus Spray.

Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims
Thymol	3 grains
Menthol	25 grains
Oil of Wintergreen	7 minims
Boric Acid	7 grains
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Nebula Guaiacolis cum Menthol (A.P.F.).

Guaiacol Spray with Menthol.

Guaiacol	10 minims
Menthol	60 grains
Liquid Paraffin	7 fl. drachms

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Nebula Iodi cum Menthol (A.P.F.).

Iodine Spray with Menthol.

Iodine	1 grain
Menthol	60 grains
Liquid Paraffin	7 fl. drachms

Dissolve the iodine in the liquid paraffin by the aid of heat and add the menthol while the solution is warm.

Used as a throat spray.

Nebula Iodoformi (Th.).

Iodoform Spray.

Iodoform	40 grains
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Nebula Mentholis Ætherea.

Ethereal Menthol Spray.

Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform	1¼ fl. ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Used as a spray to produce temporary local anæsthesia.

Nebula Mentholis Composita (A.P.F.).

Compound Menthol Spray.

Menthol	30 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin, sufficient to make	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Oleatum Aconitinæ.

Aconitine Oleate.

Aconitine	2 grains
Oleic Acid	98 grains

Dissolve.

Oleatum Hydrargyri.

Oleate of Mercury.

Mercuric Oxide, Yellow	1 ounce
Oleic Acid	9 ounces

Add the oxide gradually to the oleic acid in a mortar, and riturate until dissolved.

Oleatum Veratrinæ.

Veratrine Oleate.

Veratrine	2 ounces
Oleic Acid	98 fl. ounces

Triturate the veratrine to a fine powder, and heat with the leri acid on a water bath until solution is effected.

Oleatum Zinci.

Oleate of Zinc.

Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Oleic Acid	9 ounces

Stir the oxide with the oleic acid and allow to stand for wo hours; then heat on a water-bath until solution is comlete.

Oleum Carbolicum.

Carbolic Oil.

Synonym.—Lund's Oil (Modified).

Phenol	1 ounce
Castor Oil	4 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	15 fl. ounces

Mix. Used to lubricate catheters.

Oleum Cinereum.

Grey Oil.

White Soft Paraffin	9½ ounces
Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Mercury	19½ ounces
Liquid Paraffin	20 ounces

Triturate the mercury with the mercury ointment and two and -half ounces of the soft paraffin, in a warm mortar, until the ercury is extinguished; then add the liquid paraffin. Used y subcutaneous injection.

Dose.—1 to 2 minims.

Oleum Homatropinæ cum Cocaina (O.).

Oil of Homatropine with Cocaine.

Homatropine	10 grains
Cocaine	10 grains
Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce

Heat until dissolved. For external use only.

Oleum Hyoscinæ (M.W.).

Oil of Hyoscine.

Hyoscine	1 grain
Castor Oil	110 minims

Dissolve. Causes rapid and transient mydriasis.

Oleum Morrhuæ Phosphoratum (M.W.).

Phosphorated Cod-liver Oil.

Phosphorated Oil	160 minims
Cod-liver Oil	1 pint

Contains one-hundredth of a grain in one fluid drachm. Is ery unstable, and is best given in capsules.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Oleo-Resina Cubebæ.

Oleo-Resin of Cubebs.

Cubebs, in coarse powder	2 pounds

Ether, a sufficient quantity.

Pack the cubebs closely in a percolator and pass ether slowly through the mass until the liquid passes colourless: then recover the ether by distillation and let the residue stand in a closed vessel until waxy or crystalline matter is no longer deposited. Finally, decant the oleo-resin and preserve it in a well-stoppered bottle.

Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Oxymel Scillæ (Modified).

Oxymel of Squill (Merson).

Stronger Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey, liquefied	2½ pounds

Mix the vinegar of squill and the water; add the clarified honey; then add more distilled water, if necessary, to produce an oxymel having the specific gravity 1·320.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pasta Arsenici.

Arsenical Paste (Frères Come's).

Arsenic	1 ounce
Charcoal	1 ounce
Red Sulphide of Mercury	4 ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make a paste. Used in cases of cancer after the surface has been laid bare by the application of caustic potash.

Pasta Copaibæ.

Copaiba Paste.

Copaiba	2 ounces
Cubebs, in powder	6 ounces
Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce
Camphor	¼ ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Make into a paste.

Dose.—60 grains three or four times a day.

Pasta Ichthyolis.

Ichthyol Paste (Unna).

Ichthyol Starch	of each 40 ounces.
Distilled Water	1 pint
Strong Solution of Albumin	1 fl. ounce

Moisten the starch with the distilled water; add the ichthyol and, lastly, the strong solution of albumin. An alternative formula is as follows:—

Ammonium Ichthyol	25 ounces
Carbolic Acid	2½ ounces
Starch	50 ounces
Distilled Water, warm	22½ ounces

Dissolve the ichthyol and carbolic acid in the warm water, and mix with the starch.

Pasta Iodi et Amyli (U.).

Paste of Iodine and Starch.

Starch, in powder	1 ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Iodine (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce

Boil together the glycerin, starch, and distilled water; when nearly cold, add the solution of iodine; mix well.

Pasta Zinci Chloridi (L.).

Zinc Chloride Paste.

Zinc Chloride Flour	of each, equal parts.

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Triturate the zinc chloride to a thin paste with water, add the flour; make into a thick paste with glycerin.

Pasta Zinci Chloridi cum Opio.

Zinc Chloride Paste with Opium.

Zinc Chloride Paste	1 ounce
Extract of Opium	20 grains

Rub the extract of opium smooth with a few drops of water; then mix thoroughly with the paste.

Pasta Zinci Composita.

Compound Zinc Paste.

Synonym.—Lassar's Paste.

Zinc Oxide	24 ounces
Starch	24 ounces
Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin, White	50 ounces

Mix.

Pasta Zinci et Gelatini.

Zinc and Gelatin Paste.

Synonym.—Unna's Paste.

Gelatin	1 ounce
Water	2½ fl. ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces

Soften the gelatin by soaking in the water; then add the glycerin and zinc oxide, previously rubbed together to a smooth paste. Heat the mixture on a water-bath, stirring until the gelatin is dissolved and a product of uniform consistence is obtained. Pour into a flat dish or tray to solidify.

Pastilli (T.).

Pastils.

Pastils consist of a basis of glyco-gelatin, with which, when melted, the active medicinal agent is incorporated, in solution or suspension. The mixture is then poured into trays to solidify, and afterwards cut into portions weighing twenty-four to the ounce. The following substances are often used in the form of pastils, chiefly for throat affections:—

Ammonium Chloride	2 grains
Borax	3 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	1/20 grain
Codeine	1/8 grain
Heroine Hydrochloride	1/20 grain
Menthol	1/4 grain

The simple glyco-gelatin basis in the form of pastils may be used as an emollient.

Pastillus Acidi Carbolici (Th.).

Carbolic Acid Pastils.

Phenol	½ grain
Glyco-gelatin	18 grains

Mix to make one pastille.

Pepsinum Saccharatum.

Sweetened Pepsin.

Pepsin	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	9 ounces

Mix.

Pessus Acidi Tannici.

Tannic Acid Pessary.

Tannic Acid	10 grains
Stearin, sufficient to make	120 grains

Mix to make a pessary.

Pessus Eucalypti.

Eucalyptus Pessary.

Oil of Eucalyptus	15 minims
Oil of Theobroma, sufficient to make	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Phenacetinum cum Caffeina Effervescens (B.P.C.).

Effervescent Phenacetin with Caffeine.

Sodium Bicarbonate, in powder	46 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder	16 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	24 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	16½ ounces
Phenacetin, in powder	5 ounces
Caffeine Citrate, in powder	2½ ounces

The product, after granulation, should weigh about one hundred ounces.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Phenazonum Effervescens (B.P.C.).

Effervescent Phenazone.

Synonym.—Effervescent Antipyrin.

Sodium Bicarbonate, in powder	46 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder	16 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	24 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	16 ounces
Phenazone, in powder	8 ounces

The product, after granulation, should weigh about one hundred ounces.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Phenol cum Camphora.

Phenol Camphor.

Phenol	1 ounce
Camphor	3 ounces

Mix to form a liquid. Used as a local anæsthetic for toothache.

Phenol Iodatum (Wo.).

Iodized Phenol.

Iodine	40 grains
Liquefied Carbolic Acid	1 ounce

Mix. A fluid drachm is diluted with water to one pint to make a vaginal douche.

Pigmentum Acidi Chromici (Th.).

Chromic Acid Pigment.

Chromic Acid	10 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Pigmentum Chrysarobini.

Chrysarobin Pigment.

Chrysarobin	60 grains
Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Gutta Percha	60 grains

Dissolve.

Pigmentum Contra Tineam (M.W.).

Paint for Ringworm.

Mercuric Chloride	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid	9 ounces
Phenol	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 pints

Mix. Used in cases of ringworm.

Pigmentum Iodi (T.).

Iodine Pigment.

Iodine	100 grains
Potassium Iodide	100 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Pigmentum Iodoformi.

Iodoform Paint.

Synonym.—Whitehead's Varnish.

Benzoin, in coarse powder	2 ounces
Prepared Storax	1½ ounces
Balsam of Tolu	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes	160 grains
Iodoform	2 ounces

Methylated Ether, a sufficient quantity.

Macerate the benzoin, storax, balsam of tolu, aloes and iodoform with sixteen fluid ounces of ether for seven days, frequently agitating; filter; pass sufficient of the ether through the filter to produce one pint of the paint.

Pigmentum Menthol (G.).

Menthol Paint.

Menthol	1 ounce
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Pigmentum Picis cum Iodo (Sk.).

Tar and Iodine Paint.

Synonym.—Coster's Paste.

Iodine	120 grains
Rectified Oil of Tar	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve with the aid of gentle heat. This preparation is useful as an application for ringworm.

Pigmentum Picis Liquidæ (Sk.).

Tar Application.

Tar	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Pilula Aloes Diluta.

Mild Aloes Pill.

Synonym.—Marshall Hall's Pill.

Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Treacle	1 ounce
Hard Soap, thinly sliced	1 ounce

Dissolve the aloes in water and strain; then add the other ingredients, mix, and evaporate to a pilular consistence.

Pilula Aloes et Hydrargyri Subchloridi.

Compound Pill of Aloes and Mercurous Chloride.

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pilula Aloes et Nucis Vomicæ.

Aloes and Nux Vomica Pill.

Barbados Aloes	2 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ grain
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	⅙ grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Aloini Composita.

Compound Aloin Pill

Aloin	6 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	6 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	6 grains
Gum Myrrh, in powder	6 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	6 grains

Mix to make twelve pills.

Pilula Aloini Composita (T.).

Compound Aloin Pill.

Aloin	1 grain
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ grain
Extract of Nux Vomica	⅛ grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Aloini et Podophylli Composita.

Compound Pill of Aloin and Podophyllum.

Aloin	2 ounces
Capsicin	1 ounce
Jalapin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Pilula Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi (M.W.).

Pill of Arsenious and Mercuric Iodides.

Arsenious Iodide Mercuric Iodide	of each 1 grain.
Distilled Water Sugar	of each a sufficient quantity

Mix to form a mass, which should weigh twenty-four grains, and should be divided into twelve pills.

Dose.—One pill.

Pilula Asiatica.

Asiatic Pill.

Arsenious Acid	1/12 grain
Black Pepper	½ grain
Extract of Gentian	1 grain

Mix to make one pill.

Pilula Atropinæ et Morphinæ (T.).

Atropine and Morphine Pill.

Atropine Sulphate	1/100 grain
Morphine Hydrochloride	1/6 grain
Milk Sugar	1 grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Butyl-Chloral (L.).

Butyl-Chloral Pills.

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	4 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1 grain

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one pill.

Pilula Calomelanos cum Colocynthide (T.)

Calomel Pill with Colocynth.

Calomel	1 grain
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 grains

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Calomelanos cum Colocynthide et Hyoscyamo (Lk.).

Calomel, Colocynth, and Henbane Pill.

Synonym.—Zittmann's Pill.

Mercurous Chloride	2 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 grains
Extract of Henbane	2 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into two pills.

Dose.—Two pills.

Pilula Conii Composita.

Compound Pill of Hemlock.

Extract of Hemlock	2½ ounces
Ipecacuanha, in powder	½ ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the extract with the ipecacuanha, and add sufficient treacle to form a pill mass.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pilula Copaibæ.

Copaiba Pill.

Copaiba	94 grains
Magnesia	6 grains

Mix intimately, and set aside until solid.

Pilula Creosoti (S.).

Creosote Pill.

Creosote	12 minims
Curd Soap, in powder	6 grains
Liquorice, in powder	30 grains

Mix, and divide into twelve pills.

Pilula Cupri Composita (M.).

Compound Copper Pill.

Copper Sulphate	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	9 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Varnish the pills with keratin.

Dose.—3 grains.

Pilula Digitalis Composita (S.G.).

Compound Pill of Digitalis.

Digitalis, in powder	½ grain
Squill, in powder	1 grain
Mercury Pill	1½ grains

Mix to make one pill.

Pilula Digitalis Composita (T.).

Compound Digitalis Pill.

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 grain
Squill, in powder	1 grain
Mercury Pill	1 grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Elaterii Composita (L.).

Compound Pill of Elaterium.

Elaterium	6 grains
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	30 grains

Mix and divide into six pills. Dose.—1 to 2 pills.

Pilula Ergotini (L.).

Ergotin Pill.

Ergotin	2 grains
Liquorice, in powder	3 grains

Mix to make one pill.

Pilula Ferri (Modified).

Iron Pill (Lucas).

Synonym.—Blaud's Pill.

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate, in fine powder	150 grains
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate, in fine powder	95 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	50 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	15 grains
Glucose	150 grains
Distilled Water	30 minims

Add the distilled water to the glucose, then add the ferrous sulphate, and mix. Next add the sodium carbonate quickly, mix, and set aside for ten minutes, or until the reaction is complete. Finally, add the gum acacia and tragacanth, and incorporate thoroughly.

Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Pilula Ferri Carbonatis.

Pill of Carbonate of Iron.

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	1 ounce
Confection of Roses	¼ ounce

Beat into a uniform mass. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Pilula Ferri Iodidi.

Pill of Iodide of Iron.

Fine Iron Wire	40 grains
Iodine	80 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	70 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	140 grains
Distilled Water	50 minims

Agitate the iron with the iodine and water in a strongly-stoppered ounce phial, until the froth becomes white; then pour the solution upon the sugar in a mortar, triturate briskly, and gradually add the liquorice.

Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Pilula Ferri Iodidi (U.S.P.).

Pill of Ferrous Iodide.

Reduced Iron	4 grains
Iodine	5 grains
Liquorice, in No. 60 powder	4 grains
Refined Sugar, in fine powder	4 grains
Extract of Liquorice, in fine powder	1 grain
Gum Acacia, in fine powder	1 grain
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Place the reduced iron in a mortar, add six minims of water, and then, gradually, the iodine, constantly triturating until the mixture ceases to have a reddish tint. Then add the other ingredients, previously mixed together, and mix thoroughly. Finally, evaporate the excess of water on a water-bath, divide the mass into six pills, and coat them with a solution of balsam of tolu in ether.

Pilula Hydrargyri Carbolici (S.).

Mercury Carbolate Pill.

Mercury Carbolate	⅓ grain
Extract of Liquorice	1 grain
Powdered Liquorice Root	1 grain

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 pills daily.

Pilula Hydrargyri cum Creta et Opii (T.).

Mercury with Chalk and Opium Pill.

Synonym—Hutchinson's Pill.

Mercury with Chalk	1 grain
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Hydrargyri cum Opio (T.).

Mercury Pill with Opium.

Mercury Pill	5 grains
Opium, in powder	¼ grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Hydrargyri cum Rheo (T.).

Mercury Pill, with Rhubarb.

Mercury Pill	2½ grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ grains

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Hydrargyri Iodidi Rubri et Potassii Iodidi (M.W.).

Pill of Red Mercuric Iodide and Potassium Iodide.

Red Mercuric Iodide	1/8 grain
Potassium Iodide	4 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—One pill.

Pilula Hydrargyri Iodidi Viridis (Sk.).

Pill of Green Iodide of Mercury.

Green Iodide of Mercury	½ grain
Opium	¼ grain
Extract of Gentian	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—One pill.

Pilula Hydrargyri Subchloridi cum Colocynthide (M.).

Calomel and Colocynth Pill.

Mercurous Chloride	1 grain
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3½ grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ grain

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—One or two pills.

Pilula Hydrargyri Subchloridi et Jalapæ (B.).

Calomel and Jalap Pill.

Mercurous Chloride	1 grain
Jalap, in powder	3 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—One pill.

Pilula Hydrargyri Subchloridi et Scammonii (B.).

Calomel and Scammony Pills.

Mercurous Chloride	1 grain
Scammony	3 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—One pill.

Pilula Iodoformi (Th.).

Iodoform Pill.

Iodoform	1 grain

Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 pills.

Pilula Iridini (M.W.).

Iridin Pill.

Iridin	2 grains

Extract of Hyoscyamus, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 pill.

Pilula Moschi (S.).

Musk Pill.

Musk	4 grains
Gum Acacia, powdered	1 grain
Liquorice Root, powdered	1 grain

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Pilula Phosphori cum Sevo (S.).

Phosphorus Pill with Suet.

Phosphorus	10 grains
Purified Mutton Suet	90 grains
Purified Carbon Bisulphide	40 minims
Starch	60 grains
Liquorice Root, powdered	60 grains
Hard Soap, powdered	40 grains
Tragacanth, powdered	12 grains
Glycerin	48 minims

Dissolve the phosphorus in the carbon bisulphide and incorporate with the suet, previously rubbed into a smooth paste. Mix the other ingredients together into a mass, and, when making the pill, use one part of the paste containing the phosphorus with eight parts of the mass containing the starch, liquorice, soap, tragacanth, and glycerin. Each three-grain pill will contain one-thirtieth of a grain of phosphorus.

Pilula Picis.

Tar Pill.

Tar	2½ grains
Liquorice Root, powdered	2½ grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Pilula Picis Liquidæ (M.W.).

Tar Pill.

Tar	4 grains
Lycopodium	1 grain

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Pilula Podophylli Composita (T.).

Compound Podophyllum Pill.

Podophyllum Resin	¼ grain
Mercurous Chloride	1 grain
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	⅙ grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Quininæ.

Quinine Pill.

Sulphate of Quinine	60 grains
Confection of Hips	20 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 10 grains.

Pilula Quininæ cum Ferro (T.).

Quinine Pill, with Iron.

Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Resinæ Podophylli Composita.

Compound Podophyllum Pill.

Podophyllim Resin	¼ grain
Leptandrin	½ grain
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 grain

Mix to form a pill.

Pilula Rhei et Nucis Vomicæ (T.).

Rhubarb and Nux Vomica Pill.

Compound Rheubarb Pill	3 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ grain
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	⅛ grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Terebinthinæ Chiæ (S.).

Pill of Chian Turpentine.

Chian Turpentine	6 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	4 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into two pills. Dose.—Two pills every four hours.

Pilula Trium Phosphatum (G.).

Pill of Three Phosphates.

Synonym.—Easton's Pill.

Ferrous Phosphate	1 grain
Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Strychnine	1/32 grain
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	1½ minims
Liquorice, in powder, sufficient to make	5 grains

Mix to make a pill. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Pilula Zinci Oxidi et Belladonnæ (T.).

Zinc Oxide and Belladonna Pill.

Zinc Oxide	2 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	¼ grain

Mix to form one pill.

Pilula Zinci Phosphidi.

Zinc Phosphide Pill.

Zinc Phosphide	2 grains
Milk Sugar	8 grains

Glycerin of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into twelve pills. Dose.—1 to 2 pills.

Pilula Zinci Valerianatis Composita (T.)

Compound Zinc Valerianate Pill.

Zinc Valerianate	2 grains
Compound Asafetida Pill	2 grains

Mix to form one pill.

Plumbi Oleas.

Lead Oleate.

Lead Acetate	280 grains
Castile Soap, powdered	1 ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the lead acetate in two pints of distilled water. Dissolve the Castile soap in one pint of distilled water. Gradually add the latter solution to the former; warm gently, wash by decantation, collect and dry.

Potassa cum Calce.

Potash with Lime.

Synonym.—Vienna Paste.

Potassium Hydroxide	of each equal weights.
Calcium Hydroxide	

Alcohol (90 per cent.) or Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Powder the calcium and potassium hydroxides and mix with sufficient of the alcohol or glycerin to form a paste.

Pulvis Antimonii Compositus.

Compound Powder of Antimony.

Antimony Tersulphide	1 ounce
Hartshorn Shavings	2 ounces

Crush the antimony tersulphide and mix with the hartshorn shavings; then throw into a red-hot crucible, stirring until vapour is no longer given off. Reduce the residue to powder, and again introduce into the crucible. Gradually increase the heat, and maintain it at a red heat for two hours. Then cool, and reduce the residue to a very fine powder.

Dose for infants, 1/10th to 1 grain.

Pulvis Acetanilidi Compositus (B.P.C.).

Compound Powder of Acetanilide.

Acetanilide	7 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Pulvis Acidi Borici et Amyli (T.).

Boric Acid and Starch Powder.

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Used as dusting powder.

Pulvis Amygdalæ Amaræ Compositus.

Compound Powder of Bitter Almonds.

Bitter Almonds	8 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce

Proceed as in making Pulvis Amygdalæ Compositus, B.P.

Pulvis Aromaticus Compositus.

Aromatic Powder.

Synonym.—Pulvis Aromaticus (B.P. 1864).

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	4 ounces
Nutmeg, in powder	3 ounces
Saffron, in powder	3 ounces
Cloves, in powder	1½ ounces
Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	25 ounces

Mix thoroughly and pass through a fine sieve; then rub lightly in a mortar and place in a stoppered bottle. If a product of bright colour be desired, the saffron may previously be moistened and triturated with a little water or spirit, or the fresh and faintly damp mixture may be subjected to considerable pressure during the process of trituration. If eleven ounces of prepared chalk be added to the foregoing mixture, Pulvis Cretæ Aromaticus, B.P., 1885, will be produced.

Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Pulvis Arsenici Caustici.

Caustic Arsenical Powder.

Arsenious Acid	1/16 grain
Calomel	1 grain

Mix. Vermilion or antimony sulphide may be substituted for the calomel, or a combination of the three may be employed.

Pulvis Bismuthi Compositus (N.E.).

Compound Powder of Bismuth.

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	2 grains
Magnesium Carbonate	1½ grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ grains

Mix.

Pulvis Bismuthi cum Morphina (T.).

Bismuth Powder with Morphine.

Synonym.—Ferrier's Snuff.

Bismuth Oxynitrate	360 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains

Mix. Used for insufflation.

Pulvis Calomelanos et Acidi Borici (T.).

Calomel and Boric Acid Powder.

Mercurous Chloride	1 part
Boric Acid, in powder	3 parts

Mix. Used as dusting powder.

Pulvis Calomelanos et Amyli (T.).

Calomel and Starch Powder.

Mercurous Chloride	1 part
Starch, in Powder	3 parts

Mix. Used as dusting powder.

Pulvis Calomelanos et Zinci Oxidi (T.).

Calomel and Zinc Oxide Powder.

Mercurous Chloride	1 part
Zinc Oxide	3 parts

Mix. Used as dusting powder.

Pulvis Cretæ Aromaticus (B.P. 1885).

Aromatic Powder of Chalk.

Synonym.—Confectio Aromatica.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1898)	45½ ounces
Saffron, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Pulvis Digestivus.

Digestive Powder. (6519.)

Pepsin, in powder (3,000 test)	60 grains
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Magnesium Carbonate (heavy)	120 grains

Mix, sift, and rub lightly in a mortar; then divide into twelve powders.

Dose.—One powder after meals.

Pulvis Hydrargyri Aromaticus (N.E.).

Aromatic Powder of Mercury.

Mercury with Chalk	½ grain
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 grains

Mix.

Pulvis Hydrargyri et Rhei (N.E.).

Powder of Mercury and Rhubarb.

Mercury with Chalk	1 grain
Ginger, in powder	½ grain
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2½ grains

Mix.

Pulvis Hydrargyri Subchloridi Compositus (M.W.).

Compound Powder of Mercurous Chloride.

Synonym.—Pulvis Basilicus.

Mercurous Chloride	5 ounces
Scammony, in powder	5 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	5 ounces
Jalap	1 ounce
Ginger	1 ounce
Antimonial Powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains, according to the age of the child.

Pulvis Hydrargyri Subchloridi et Jalapæ (N.E.).

Powder of Mercurous Chloride and Jalap.

Mercurous Chloride	½ grain
Jalap, in powder	2 grains
Ginger, in powder	½ grain

Mix.

Pulvis Iodoformi et Acidi Borici (T.).

Iodoform and Boric Acid Powder.

Iodoform, in powder	1 part
Boric Acid, in powder	3 parts

Mix. Used as dusting powder.

Pulvis Iodoformi Compositus (V.).

Compound Powder of Iodoform.

Iodoform, in fine powder	of each 1 ounce
Boric Acid, in fine powder	
Starch	2 ounces

Mix.

Pulvis Ipecacuanhæ sine Emetina.

De-emetinised Ipecacuanha Powder.

Ipecacuanha from which the emetine has been extracted. Stated to be equally efficacious as a remedy for dysentery, without causing vomiting.

Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Pulvis Mentholis Compositus (T.).

Compound Menthol Powder.

Menthol	2 parts
Boric Acid, in powder	3 parts
Ammonium Chloride, in powder	3 parts

Mix. Used for insufflation.

Pulvis Naphthalini.

Naphthalene Powder (Rossbach).

Purified Naphthalene	75 grains
Refined Sugar	75 grains
Oil of Bergamot	½ minim

Divide into twenty powders.

Pulvis Potassii Chloratis Compositus (C.Th.).

Compound Powder of Potassium Chlorate.

Potassium Chlorate	1 ounce
Borax, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in fine powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dissolved in water, is used for syringing the nostrils.

Pulvis Rhei Compositus (Modified).

Compound Powder of Rhubarb.

Synonym.—Gregory's Powder.

Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Magnesium Carbonate, light or heavy	6 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 grains.

Pulvis Rhei cum Hydrargyro (T.).

Rhubarb Powder, with Mercury.

Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 grains
Mercurous Chloride	½ grain
Ginger, in powder	½ grain

Mix. Dose.—3 grains for a child 12 months old.

Pulvis Rhei cum Soda (T.).

Rhubarb Powder with Soda.

Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 grain
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 grains

Mix. This powder may be supplied also as a lightly compressed tablet to be crushed to powder before administration. Dose.—3 grains for a child 12 months old.

Pulvis Rosæ Compositus (M.W.).

Compound Rose Powder.

Oil of Rose	of each 1 minim.
Chloroform	
Gum Acacia, in powder	145 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	840 grains
Solution of Carmine	13 minims

Mix. Used as a diluent for powders, such as Calomel or Grey Powder.

Pulvis Salicylicus cum Talco.

Salicylic Powder with Talc.

Salicylic Acid	3 grains
Wheat Starch	10 grains
or	
Boric Acid	10 grains
Talc	87 grains

Mix to a fine powder.

Pulvis Salinus Anticholeraicus.

Anticholeraic Saline Powder (Stevens).

Sodium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Sodium Chloride	20 grains
Potassium Chlorate	7 grains

Mix. Dose.—57 grains.

Pulvis Salis Carolini Factitii Effervescens (B.P.C.).

Effervescent Powder of Artificial Carlsbad Salt.

Exsiccated Sodium Sulphate	11 ounces
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	½ ounce
Sodium Chloride, in powder	4½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate, in powder	54 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	40 ounces
Gluside	28 grains

Dry the ingredients separately; reduce to fine powder, and mix intimately.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Pulvis Santonini Compositus.

Compound Powder of Santonin.

Cassia Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Santonin	3 ounces
Refined Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Pulvis Santonini Compositus (N.E.)

Compound Powder of Santonin.

Santonin, in very fine powder	3 grains
Compound Powder of Scammony	4 grains

Mix.

Pulvis Scammonii cum Hydrargyro (T.).

Scammony Powder with Mercury.

Mercurous Chloride	1 grain
Scammony Resin, in powder	4 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 grains for an adult.

Pulvis Sodii Sulphatis et Zingiberis (S.).

Powder of Sodium Sulphate and Ginger.

Sodium Sulphate, in powder	60 grains
Ginger, in powder	5 grains

Mix.

Pulvis Stramonii Compositus.

Compound Powder of Stramonium.

Stramonium Leaves	all in powder, of each 6 drachms
Datura Tatula	
Indian Hemp	
Lobelia	
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Eucalyptus Oil	30 minims

Mix thoroughly.

Pulvis Stramonii Compositus (T.).

Compound Stramonium Powder.

Stramonium Leaves, in powder	½ ounce
Anise Fruit, in powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	¼ ounce
Tobacco, in powder	10 grains

Dissolve the potassium nitrate in one fluid ounce of water; mix the solution uniformly with the mixed powders, and dry. When required, one teaspoonful of the powder is to be ignited on a plate, and the fumes inhaled.

Pulvis Zinci et Amyli (N.E.).

Powder of Zinc and Starch.

Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Starch	2 ounces

Mix.

Pulvis Zinci Oxidi et Acidi Borici (T.).

Zinc Oxide and Boric Acid Powder.

Zinc Oxide	equal parts.
Boric Acid, in powder	

Mix. Used as dusting powder.

Pulvis Zinci Oxidi et Acidi Salicylici.

Powder of Zinc Oxide and Salicylic Acid.

Synonym.—Dusting Powder.

Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in fine powder	1 ounce
Starch	12 ounces

Mix.

Pulvis Zinci Oxidi et Amyli (T.).

Zinc Oxide and Starch Powder.

Zinc Oxide	equal parts.
Starch, in powder	

Mix. Used as dusting powder.

Saccharum Cetrariæ (S.).

Saccharated Cetraria.

Iceland Moss	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	1 ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Wash the Iceland moss with water to remove the bitterness, then boil with one hundred ounces of water, strain, and express lightly, and in the strained liquor dissolve the sugar and evaporate on a water-bath. When sufficiently firm remove from the bath and dry in a cupboard to a powder or scale.

Sapo Jalapinus.

Jalap Soap.

Jalap Resin	4 ounces
Hard Soap	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Mix, and evaporate until the total weight is reduced to nine ounces.

Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Sevum Acidi Salicylici.

Salicylic Acid Suet.

Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Suet	25 ounces

Mix. Used for sweaty feet and for soreness from riding.

Sevum Phosphoratum (M. W.).

Phosphorated Suet.

Phosphorus	10 grains
Carbon Bisulphide	50 minims
Prepared Suet	90 grains

Dissolve the phosphorus in the carbon bisulphide, add a little of the suet, and mix quickly; then add the remainder of the suet, mix thoroughly, and allow the carbon bisulphide to evaporate.

Sevum Salicylatum.

Salicylated Suet.

Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Benzoin, in powder	1¼ ounces
Prepared Suet	12½ ounces

Heat the suet and benzoin together on a water-bath for fifteen minutes; then strain, dissolve the salicylic acid in the strained liquid, and pour into moulds.

Solutio Salina (T.).

Normal Saline Solution.

Sodium Chloride	60 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve. This solution contains salt nearly equivalent to 0·7 per cent., and has about the same osmotic equivalent as blood-serum. It is usually sterilised by boiling at least five minutes in a flask. the neck of which is plugged with sterilised cotton wool.

Solutio Saponis Ætherea (T.).

Ether Soap.

Oleic Acid	7 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	20 minims
Ether, Methylated (s.g. 0·720), sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix the oleic acid and alcohol, and neutralise with a saturated solution of potassium hydroxide in water (1 in 1), of which nearly 1½ fluid ounces will be required, using phenolphthalein as indicator. Allow the neutralised product to cool, and add the oil and ether. Preserve in well-closed bottles. The detergent action of this solution may be increased by using a slight excess of potash solution. Ether-soap solution is used to cleanse skin-areas before surgical operations. A small quantity should be well rubbed in until the surface is dry, then, with a brush and hot water, thoroughly scrub the skin. The ether, being a fat-solvent, penetrates the epidermis and carries the soap with it.

Spiritus Ammoniæ Anisatus.

Anisated Spirit of Ammonia.

Synonym.—Liquor Ammoniæ Anisatus.

Oil of Anise	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2½ ounces

Mix.

Spiritus Aurantii Compositus.

Compound Spirit of Orange.

Oil of Orange	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Coriander	192 minims
Oil of Anise	48 minims

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the oils and add sufficient of the alcohol to make one pint. Keep the product in completely filled, well-stoppered bottles, in a cool and dark place.

Spiritus Camphoræ Compositus.

Compound Spirit of Camphor.

Camphor	30 grains
Benzoic Acid	40 grains
Oil of Anise	30 minims

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the benzoic acid, camphor, and oil of anise in eighteen fluid ounces of the alcohol; then add a sufficient quantity of the alcohol to produce one pint of the tincture, and filter if necessary.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Spiritus Camphoræ Fortior.

Stronger Spirit of Camphor.

Synonym.—Rubini's Essence.

Camphor	1 ounce

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the camphor in sufficient of the alcohol to make a saturated solution.

Spiritus Gaultheriæ.

Spirit of Wintergreen.

Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	19 fl. ounces

Mix.

Spiritus Limonis.

Spirit of Lemon.

Oil of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Lemon Peel, freshly grated	1 ounce

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the oil of lemon in eighteen fluid ounces of the alcohol; add the lemon peel, and macerate for twenty-four hours. Then filter through paper, and pass through the filter sufficient alcohol to make the product measure one pint.

Spiritus Phosphori.

Spirit of Phosphorus.

Synonym.—Tincture of Phosphorus.

Phosphorus	5¼ grains

Absolute Alcohol, a sufficient quantity.

Weigh the phosphorus in a tared capsule containing water, then dry it carefully and quickly with filter paper and introduce it into a flask fitted with a reflux condenser and containing ten fluid ounces of absolute alcohol. Heat on a water-bath so that the alcohol may be kept boiling until the phosphorus is dissolved; then cool and, if necessary, add sufficient alcohol to make the product measure ten fluid ounces. Preserve in small dark amber-coloured vials, which should be securely stoppered and kept in a cool and dark place.

Succus Aconiti.

Juice of Aconite.

Aconite Herb Juice, freshly expressed..	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Mix and allow to stand for seven days; then filter.

Dose.—15 to 20 minims.

Succus Digitalis (B.P.C.).

Juice of Digitalis.

Bruise fresh digitalis leaves, press out the juice; to every three volumes of juice add one of alcohol (90 per cent.); set aside for seven days; filter.

Dose.—5 to 10 minims.

Suppositoria Acidi Carbolici (Modified).

Phenol Suppositories (Dudderidge).

Synonym.—Carbolic Acid Suppositories.

Phenol	12 grains

Oil of Theobroma, a sufficient quantity.

Take sufficient oil of theobroma to make twelve suppositories, melt it at as low a temperature as possible, and dissolve the phenol in the liquid; then pour the mixture into moulds, or cool and divide it into twelve equal parts of a convenient form for a suppository.

Suppositoria Chloralis.

Chloral Suppositories.

Chloral Hydrate, in fine powder	60 grains
Oil of Theobroma	120 grains

Melt the oil of theobroma at as low a temperature as possible; then add the chloral hydrate, stir well, and pour into moulds or otherwise divide into twelve equal parts of a conical or other convenient form for a suppository.

Suppositoria Chloralis (S.).

Chloral Hydrate Suppositories.

Chloral Hydrate	180 grains
White Beeswax	60 grains
Oil of Theobroma	60 grains

Melt together and pour into moulds.

Suppositoria Gallæ.

Gall Suppositories.

Galls, in powder	30 grains
Opium, in powder	6 grains

Coco Nut Stearin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make six suppositories.

Suppositoria Glycerini (Modified).

Glycerin Suppositories.

(1) Glycerin	180 grains
Sodium Carbonate	9 grains
Stearic Acid	15 grains

Dissolve the sodium carbonate in the glycerin by the heat of a water-bath, add the stearic acid, and heat carefully until dissolved. When effervescence has ceased, pour the melted mass into suitable moulds, each capable of containing from fifteen to sixty grains. The suppositories should be prepared freshly, as required, and wrapped separately in tin-foil when cold.

(2) Glycerin	200 grains
Sodium Carbonate	10 grains
Stearin	18 grains

Heat together on a water-bath until a homogeneous mass is obtained; then pour into suitable moulds and wrap separately in tin-foil when cold.

(3) Glycerin	20 grains
Coco Nut Stearin	40 grains

Melt the stearin, and when just fluid stir in the glycerin, and continue the stirring until the mixture becomes cold.

Suppositoria Gummi Rubri.

Red Gum Suppositories.

Red Gum, in powder	30 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	6 grains

Coco-nut Stearin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into six suppositories.

Suppositoria Hydrargyri.

Mercury Suppositories.

Mercury Ointment	60 grains
Oil of Theobroma, melted	120 grains

Mix thoroughly and immediately pour the mixture into suitable moulds, each capable of containing fifteen to sixteen grains of oil of theobroma; or let the mixture cool and then divide it into twelve equal parts of a conical or other convenient form for a suppository.

Suppositoria Krameriæ (S.).

Krameria Suppositories.

Synonym.—Rhatany Suppositories.

Extract of Krameria	80 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Stearin	100 grains

Mix to make ten suppositories.

Suppositoria Nutrientia.

Nutrient Suppositories.

Gelatin Basis	1 part
Beef Peptone Paste	2 parts

Mix well on a water-bath and divide into suppositories.

Suppositoria Nutrientia (T.).

Nutrient Suppositories.

Beef Peptone	360 grains
Gelatin, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to make six suppositories, using sufficient gelatin to impart the necessary consistence.

Suppositoria Santonini (G.).

Santonin Suppositories.

Santonin	3 grains
Oil of Theobroma	10 grains

Suppositoria Acidi Tannici cum Opio.

Tannic Acid and Opium Suppositories.

Tannic Acid	3 grains
Opium, in powder	1 grain
Oil of Theobroma	11 grains

Mix.

Syrupus Acaciæ (C.).

Syrup of Acacia.

Synonym.—Sirop de Gomme.

Gum Arabic	10 ounces
Sugar	67 ounces
Water	43 fl. ounces

Dissolve the gum in cold water, then the sugar by the aid of a water-bath, and strain.

Syrupus Acaciæ (U.S.P.).

Syrup of Gum Acacia.

Mucilage of Acacia	5 fl. ounces
Simple Syrup	15 fl. ounces

Mix. Should be prepared when required, as it does not keep well.

Syrupus Acaciæ (S.).

Dispensing Syrup.

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	1 fl. ounce

Mix. This syrup is used as an excipient for pills.

Syrupus Acidi Citrici.

Syrup of Citric Acid.

Citric Acid	90 grains
Spirit of Lemon	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to make	1 pint

Mix.

Syrupus Acidi Hydriodici.

Syrup of Hydriodic Acid.

Potassium Iodide	236·25 grains
Tartaric Acid	223 grains
Calcium Hypophosphite	17½ grains
Distilled Water	525 minims
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	440 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the potassium iodide and calcium hypophosphite in the water, and the tartaric acid in the alcohol. Mix the solutions, shake well, and cool in ice-water for half-an-hour. Then filter through a small filter, washing the filter with more alcohol (45 per cent.) till the filtrate measures three fluid ounces. Finally, mix with sufficient syrup to produce twenty fluid ounces. Contains 2 per cent. of hydriodic acid.

Dose.—15 to 30 minims, well diluted.

Syrupus Acidi Hydriodici (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Hydriodic Acid.

Potassium Iodide	152 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	12 grains
Tartaric Acid	140 grains
Distilled Water	200 minims
Syrup	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	

Dissolve the potassium iodide and the potassium hypophosphite in the distilled water; add the tartaric acid, previously dissolved in five fluid drachms of the alcohol (60 per cent.); mix thoroughly, and cool in ice-water for half an hour, shaking occasionally. Filter, and wash the filter with alcohol (60 per cent.) until the filtrate gives but a faint cloudiness with silver nitrate. Then evaporate on a water-bath to the weight of six hundred grains, cool, and add sufficient syrup to make the product measure one pint. Contains 1 per cent. by weight of hydriodic acid.

Dose.—20 to 60 minims, well diluted.

Syrupus Acidi Hydriodici (U.S.P.).

Syrup of Hydriodic Acid.

Hydriodic Acid (20 per cent.)	7 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Syrup, sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—20 to 40 minims, well diluted.

Syrupus Althææ.

Syrup of Marshmallow.

Marshmallow Root	1½ ounces
Sugar	2 pounds
Distilled Water	1 pint

Macerate the marshmallow root in the water for twelve hours; then strain, press and filter. The filtrate should measure sixteen fluid ounces. To this add the sugar, dissolve, and heat the syrup to boiling. Cool, skim, and strain through flannel.

Syrupus Apomorphinæ Hydrochloridi (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Apomorphine Hydrochloride.

Apomorphine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	15 minims
Rectified Spirit	7 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	7 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the apomorphine in the spirit, water, and acid, previously mixed; then add sufficient syrup to produce one pint.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Butyl-Chloral Hydras (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Butyl-Chloral Hydrate.

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	320 grains
Syrup, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the butyl-chloral hydrate in the syrup, previously made hot.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Calcii Hypophosphitis (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Calcium Hypophosphite.

Calcium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Hypophosphorous Acid	20 minims
Refined Sugar	1 pound
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the calcium hypophosphite in nine fluid ounces of the distilled water, filter the product, and add the refined sugar. Dissolve with the aid of a gentle heat; add the hypophosphorous acid, and a sufficient quantity of distilled water to produce one pint of the syrup.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Calcii Hypophosphitis Fortior (S.).

Stronger Syrup of Calcium Hypophosphites.

Calcium Hypophosphite	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	16¾ ounces
Distilled Water	9¼ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Cascaræ Aromaticus (Modified).

Aromatic Syrup of Cascara.

Tasteless Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Croci.

Syrup of Saffron.

Glycerin of Saffron	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrupus Ferri Bromidi (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Ferrous Bromide.

Iron Wire, free from Oxide	½ ounce
Bromine	533 grains
Refined Sugar	14 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the sugar in six ounces of distilled water, by heat. Place the iron wire with four ounces of distilled water into a glass flask having the capacity of at least one pint, and surround it with cold water. Then add the bromine in successive quantities; shake occasionally until the froth becomes white and the reaction is complete. Filter the solution into the warm syrup, and add, if necessary, distilled water sufficient to produce one pint. Each fluid drachm contains about four and a-half grains of ferrous bromide.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Ferri Bromidi cum Quinina (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Ferrous Bromide with Quinine.

Quinine Acid Hydrobromide	160 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	13 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ferrous Bromide, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Ferri Bromidi cum Quinina et Strychnina (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Ferrous Bromide with Quinine and Strychnine.

Strychnine, in powder	2½ grains
Quinine Acid Hydrobromide	160 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	13 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ferrous Bromide, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Ferri Hypophosphitis (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Ferric Hypophosphite.

Strong Solution of Ferric Hypophosphite	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	16 fl. ounces

Each fluid drachm contains about one grain of ferric hypophosphite.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Ferri Iodidi et Quininæ.

Syrup of Ferrous Iodide and Quinine.

Syrup of Ferrous Iodide	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Hydriodic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Syrup, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve the quinine sulphate in the syrup of hydriodic acid. Add the syrup of ferrous iodide and make up the volume with simple syrup.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Ferri Iodidi (Modified).

Syrup of Ferrous Iodide.

Solution of Ferrous Iodide	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	7 fl. ounces

Mix. The product should correspond in strength to the B.P. syrup.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis (Modified).

Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate.

Strong Solution of Ferrous Phosphate	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	5½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. The product should correspond in strength to the B.P. syrup.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis Compositus (B.P.C.).

Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate.

Synonyms.—Chemical Food; Parrish's Syrup (Modified).

Iron Wire, free from oxide	37½ grains
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid (s.g. 1·5)	1½ fl. ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	9 grains
Sodium Phosphate	9 grains
Cochineal	30 grains
Refined Sugar	14 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the iron wire by a gentle heat in a mixture of one fluid ounce of concentrated phosphoric acid and five fluid drachms of distilled water, performing the operation in a flask plugged with cotton-wool and keeping the iron completely covered by the liquid. Mix the calcium carbonate with four fluid drachms of the phosphoric acid and two fluid ounces of distilled water; then add the potassium carbonate and sodium phosphate, filter, and set aside. Next boil the cochineal with seven and a-half fluid ounces of distilled water, filter, and pour over the filter a sufficient quantity of distilled water to produce seven fluid ounces of filtrate. Dissolve the sugar in this filtrate by the aid of heat, strain, and cool; then add the iron and calcium solutions, with sufficient distilled water to make one pint. The syrup should be kept in bottles quite full.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis cum Manganesio (S.).

Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate with Manganese.

Manganese Phosphate	100 grains
Strong Solution of Iron Phosphate	1¼ fl. ounces
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	30 minims
Syrup, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the manganese phosphate in the solution of iron phosphate and the phosphoric acid; then add the syrup.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis cum Quinina et Strychninæ (Modified).

Syrup of Phosphate of Iron with Quinine and Strychnine.

Synonym.—Easton's Syrup.

(1) Solution of Quinine and Strychnine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	7 fl. ounces

Mix. The product should correspond in strength to the B.P. syrup.

(2) Solution of Quinine and Strychnine	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ferrous Phosphate	7 fl. drachms
Syrup	38½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water	10½ fl. drachms

Mix the solution of ferrous phosphate with the syrup and distilled water; then add the solution of quinine and strychnine. The product should measure eight fluid ounces, and correspond in strength to the B.P. syrup.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Ferri Subchloridi.

Syrup of Ferrous Chloride.

Iron Wire	300 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Citric Acid	10 grains
Distilled Water	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the hydrochloric acid with one fluid ounce of the water in a flask, add the iron wire, and apply heat gently until action ceases. Remove the flask from the source of heat, add the citric acid, and filter the solution through paper into ten fluid ounces of the syrup; then pass the remainder of the water through the filter into the mixture, and add sufficient syrup to make the product measure one pint.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Glycerophosphatum Compositus (B.P.C.).

Compound Syrup of Glycerophosphates.

Cudbear	¼ ounce
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Boil for ten minutes, filter, and dissolve in the warm filtrate:—

Calcium Glycerophosphate	160 grains
Potassium Glycerophosphate	80 grains
Sodium Glycerophosphate	80 grains
Magnesium Glycerophosphate	80 grains
Iron Glycerophosphate, in scales	40 grains
Citric Acid	30 grains
Caffeine Citrate	80 grains
Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 grains

Then add:—

Refined Sugar	14 ounces

Heat until dissolved, and strain. When cold, add, previously mixed:—

Chloroform	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 minims

Then add:—

Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Gummi Rubri.

Syrup of Red Gum.

Liquid Extract of Red Gum	20 fl. ounces
Sugar	12 ounces

Dissolve. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Syrupus Hypophosphitum.

Syrup of Hypophosphites.

Calcium Hypophosphite	394 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	131 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	131 grains
Tincture of Lemon	87 minims
Sugar	14 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the salts in ten fluid ounces of water and dissolve the sugar in the solution without the aid of heat; then add the tincture of lemon, and finally sufficient water to make twenty fluid ounces of the syrup.

Dose.—1 to 2 drachms.

Syrupus Hypophosphitum Compositus.

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

Calcium Hypophosphite	80 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Manganese Hypophosphite	40 grains
Ferric Hypophosphite	40 grains
Potassium Citrate	30 grains
Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Quinine Hydrochloride	3 grains
Sugar	14 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the calcium, potassium, and manganese hypophosphites in four fluid ounces of water, and dissolve the ferric hypophosphite in four fluid ounces of water with the potassium citrate. Mix the two solutions, and add the quinine and strychnine hydrochlorides and dissolve. Then filter into a vessel containing the sugar, shake until dissolved, strain, and add sufficient water to produce twenty fluid ounces of the syrup.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Hypophosphitum Compositus (A.P.F.).

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

Calcium Hypophosphite	20 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Soluble Ferric Pyrophosphate	20 grains
Strychnine Hydrochloride	1¼ grains
Quinine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Hypophosphorous Acid	20 minims
Alcohol (20 per cent.)	150 minims
Refined Sugar	15⅝ ounces
Distilled Water Syrup	of each a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the hypophosphites in two fluid ounces of distilled water and add the acid; then dissolve the ferric pyrophosphate in half a fluid ounce of distilled water, mix the two solutions, and filter. Make a syrup by dissolving the sugar in five and a-half fluid ounces of boiling water and adding the mixed solutions; then add the strychnine and quinine hydrochlorides, previously dissolved in the alcohol, filter, and add sufficient syrup to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Hypophosphitum Compositus (B.P.C.).

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

Strychnine	1 grain
Calcium Hypophosphite	80 grains
Manganese Hypophosphite	40 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Quinine Hypophosphite	20 grains
Refined Sugar	14 ounces
Hypophosphorous Acid	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ferric Hypophosphite	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	1 pint

Dissolve the strychnine in the hypophosphorous acid, and add it to the hypophosphites previously dissolved in eight fluid ounces of distilled water. Add the solution of ferric hypophosphite, dissolve the sugar without heat, add the chloroform and alcohol, previously mixed, and, lastly, the distilled water.

Each fluid drachm contains 1/160th grain of strychnine and ⅛ grain of quinine hypophosphite.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Ipecacuanhæ.

Syrup of Ipecacuanha.

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Acetic Acid	96 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Sugar	14 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the liquid extract with the acid and ten fluid ounces of water; then filter through kaolin into a vessel containing the glycerin, add the sugar, and dissolve without the aid of heat. Finally, strain, and add sufficient water to produce twenty fluid ounces of the syrup.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Ipecacuanhæ Aceticus (B.P.C.).

Acetic Syrup of Ipecacuanha.

Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 pint
Refined Sugar	36 ounces

Dissolve with the aid of gentle heat. Sp. gr. 1·33. Dose.—15 to 120 minims.

Syrupus Krameriæ.

Syrup of Krameria.

Liquid Extract of Krameria	9 fl. ounces
Syrup	11 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrupus Lactucarii.

Syrup of Lactucarium.

Lactucarium	1 ounce
Petroleum Spirit	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar	14 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the lactucarium in the petroleum spirit for twenty-four hours; decant the solution; dry the residue, mix it with an equal bulk of clean dry sand, and exhaust by percolation with alcohol, collecting eight fluid ounces of product; evaporate this to six fluid ounces, add sufficient distilled water to make eight fluid ounces; then dissolve in it the refined sugar, and add a sufficient quantity of distilled water to produce one pint of the syrup.

Dose.—30 to 120 minims.

Syrupus Marrubii.

Syrup of Horehound.

Horehound Herb, dried	10 ounces
Refined Sugar	20 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Cover the horehound herb with boiling water and digest for one hour on the water-bath. Strain, press, evaporate on the water-bath to eleven fluid ounces. Cool and filter when quite cold. In the bright filtrate dissolve the sugar with gentle heat, adding enough water to bring the final product to sp. gr. 1·330 when cold.

Syrupus Mori.

Syrup of Mulberries.

Mulberry Juice	1 pint
Refined Sugar	2¼ pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces

Heat the mulberry juice to boiling point, cool, and filter; then dissolve the sugar in the filtered liquid by the aid of heat, cool, and add the alcohol.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Niccoli Bromidi.

Syrup of Nickel Bromide.

Granulated Nickel	137 grains
Bromine	377 grains
Refined Sugar	24 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Digest the granulated nickel and the bromine with twelve fluid ounces of distilled water in a pint flask at a gentle heat until reaction ceases; filter; add the refined sugar and sufficient distilled water to make the product measure thirty-two fluid ounces. One fluid drachm contains five grains of nickel bromide.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Papaveris.

Syrup of Poppies.

Poppy Capsules, free from seeds and in No. 20 powder	2¼ pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the poppy capsules with four pints of the water for twenty-four hours, stirring frequently; then transfer to a percolator and, when the fluid ceases to pass, continue the percolation with more water until the product measures two gallons or the drug is exhausted. Evaporate the percolate on a water-bath until it is reduced to three pints; then allow to become quite cold, add the alcohol, and filter after standing for twelve hours. Distil off the spirit, evaporate the remaining liquid to two pints, and add the sugar.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Picis Liquidæ (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Tar.

Tar	1½ ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Sugar	16 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the tar intimately with about one ounce of white sand, pour on three ounces of water, and stir frequently during twelve hours; then pour off the water, and throw it away. Pour the boiling distilled water upon the residue, stir well and frequently during fifteen minutes, add the glycerin, and set the vessel aside for twenty-four hours, occasionally stirring. Decant the clear solution, and filter. Dissolve the sugar in the filtrate with the aid of a gentle heat; allow the liquid to cool, then strain it, and pass enough distilled water through the strainer to make the product measure one pint. Mix thoroughly.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Pruni Virginianæ (Modified).

Syrup of Virginian Prune (Lucas).

Virginian Prune Bark, in No. 20 powder	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in coarse powder	15 ounces
Glycerin	1¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make 2 pints.	

Macerate the bark with seven fluid ounces of distilled water for twelve hours, then press strongly, and reserve the expressed liquid. Again macerate the bark with four fluid ounces of distilled water for four hours, press as before, mix the expressed liquids, and filter. Add the sugar and glycerin, dissolve without the application of heat, and add sufficient distilled water to produce one pint.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Quininæ Hydrobromidi (A.P.F.).

Syrup of Quinine Hydrobromide.

Quinine Hydrobromide	160 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the quinine hydrobromide in the hydrobromic acid and add sufficient syrup of orange to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms in water.

Syrupus Rhamni.

Syrup of Buckthorn.

Buckthorn Juice, freshly expressed	4 pints
Ginger, sliced	of each ¾ ounce
Pimento, bruised	
Refined Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces

Evaporate the juice to two and a-half pints, add the ginger and pimento, then digest at a gentle heat for four hours, and strain. When cold add the alcohol, let the mixture stand for two days, then decant off the clear liquor and dissolve in it five pounds of sugar, or sufficient to make the specific gravity 1·32.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Rhei (Modified).

Syrup of Rhubarb (Lucas).

Rhubarb Root, cut small	2 ounces
Oil of Coriander	5 minims
Refined Sugar	24 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, boiling	15 fl. ounces

Macerate the rhubarb root with the boiling distilled water for twelve hours, then strain, press, and filter. Add the sugar, dissolve by the aid of gentle heat, cool, and add the oil of coriander, previously dissolved in the alcohol. Finally, add sufficient distilled water to produce a liquid of specific gravity 1·315. The product should weigh about two pounds, two ounces.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Ribis Nigri.

Syrup of Black Currant.

Black Currants	2 pounds
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Heat together in a steam pan or water-bath for three hours, keeping up the quantity of water. Strain with gentle pressure, and to every sixty parts by weight of strained liquid add five parts of sugar; dissolve and add enough water to make the final sp. gr. 1·3.

Syrupus Scillæ (Modified).

Syrup of Squill (Merson).

Stronger Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	38 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the sugar in fifteen fluid ounces of the water, by the aid of heat, add the vinegar of squill before the syrup is quite cold, and add sufficient water to make the product weigh fifty-eight ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Senegæ.

Syrup of Senega.

Liquid Extract of Senega	4 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	14 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the liquid extract of senega with ten fluid ounces of water; then filter through kaolin and wash the filter with distilled water. Dissolve the sugar in the filtrate, strain, and add sufficient water to produce twenty fluid ounces of the syrup.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Sodii Hypophosphitis (B.P.C.).

Syrup of Sodium Hypophosphite.

Sodium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms
Syrup, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the sodium hypophosphite in the distilled water, and to the filtered solution add the syrup.

Each fluid drachm contains one grain of sodium hypophosphite.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Syrupus Tolutanus (Modified).

Syrup of Balsam of Tolu (Farr and Wright).

Balsam of Tolu	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, at 70° C.	26 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficiency.	

Dissolve the balsam of tolu in the alcohol, add the solution to the distilled water, in a bottle, shake vigorously, and set aside for twenty-four hours. Then filter bright and mix the filtrate with seven times its volume of syrup.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrupus Tussilaginis Farfaræ.

Syrup of Coltsfoot.

Coltsfoot Flowers, dried	10 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	15 fl. ounces

Pour the water on the flowers and infuse in a covered vessel for six hours; strain, press, allow to deposit, and filter. To each part by weight of the filtrate add two parts of sugar. Dissolve with heat, bring to a boil, cool, and add enough water to make the final sp. gr. 1·330.

Tabellæ Acetanilidi Compositæ (W.R.).

Compound Acetanilide Tablets.

Acetanilide	40 grains
Caffeine Citrate	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Glucose	2½ grains
Theobroma Emulsion	15 minims

Mix the glucose with the emulsion, and add the liquid to the previously mixed powders; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Aloes et Ferri (W.R.).

Tablets of Aloes and Iron.

Barbados Aloes, in fine powder	40 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate, in fine powder	20 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in fine powder	60 grains
Solution of Theobroma	50 minims

Mix the powders, add the solution of theobroma, and mix quickly by trituration; then sift, expose to the air for an hour or two, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Aloini (W.R.).

Aloin Tablets.

Aloin, in fine powder	80 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in fine powder	20 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica, in fine powder	10 grains
Refined Sugar, in fine powder	40 grains
Solution of Theobroma	1 fl. drachm

Mix the powders, add the solution of theobroma, and mix quickly by trituration; then sift, expose to the air for an hour or two, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Bismuthi et Sodii (W.R.).

Bismuth and Sodium Tablets.

Bismuth Carbonate	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	1 fl. drachm

Mix the powders and add the emulsion; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Cascaræ Sagradæ (W.R.).

Cascara Sagrada Tablets.

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	20 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	10 grains
Solution of Theobroma	6 minims

Mix the powders, add the solution of theobroma, and mix quickly by trituration; then sift, expose to the air for an hour or two, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Glusidi (W.R.).

Gluside Tablets.

Synonym.—Saccharin Tablets.

Gluside, in fine powder	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate, in fine powder	160 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	1 fl. drachm

Mix the powders and add the emulsion; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Hydrargyri cum Creta (W.R.).

Tablets of Mercury and Chalk.

Mercury with Chalk	24 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	23 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	3 minims

Mix the powders and add the emulsion; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Hydrargyri cum Creta Compositæ (W.R.).

Compound Grey Powder Tablets.

Synonym.—Hutchinson's Tablets.

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	30 grains
Mercury with Chalk	30 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	10 minims

Mix the powders and add the emulsion; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Hydrargyri Perchloridi (S.).

Tablets of Mercuric Chloride.

Synonym.—Corrosive Sublimate Tablets.

Mercuric Chloride	105 grains
Sodium Carbonate	105 grains
Methyl Violet, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and compress into twelve tablets. One tablet dissolved in a pint of water forms a solution containing one part of mercuric chloride in one thousand fluid parts.

Tabellæ Hydrargyri Subchloridi Compositæ (W.R.).

Compound Calomel Tablets.

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	10 grains
Sulphurated Antimony	10 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	10 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	5 minims

Mix the powders and add the emulsion; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Nitroglycerini Compositæ (W.).

Compound Nitroglycerin Tablets.

Nitroglycerin	1/100 grain
Amyl Nitrite	1/4 grain
Menthol	1/50 grain
Capsicum	1/100 grain
Oil of Theobroma, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Tabellæ Opii (W.R.).

Opium Tablets.

Opium, in fine powder	24 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	12 grains
Solution of Theobroma	9 minims

Mix the powders, add the solution of theobroma, and mix quickly by trituration; then sift, expose to the air for an hour or two, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Pepsini (W.R.).

Pepsin Tablets.

Pepsin	40 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	40 grains
Solution of Theobroma	20 minims

Mix the powders, add the solution of theobroma, and mix quickly by trituration; then sift, expose to the air for an hour or two, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Phenacetini (W.R.).

Phenacetin Tablets.

Phenacetin, in fine powder	175 grains
Refined Sugar, in fine powder	70 grains
Liquid Glucose	5 minims
Theobroma Emulsion	20 minims

Mix the glucose with the emulsion and add the liquid to the previously mixed powders; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Phenazoni (W.R.).

Phenazone Tablets.

Phenazone	200 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	40 grains
Glucose	3 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	50 minims

Mix the glucose with the emulsion and add the liquid to the previously mixed powders; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Podophylli Resinæ Compositæ (W.R.).

Compound Podophyllum Resin Tablets.

Extract of Belladonna	24 grains
Mercurous Chloride	14¼ grains
Podophyllum Resin	36 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	144 grains
Solution of Theobroma	54 minims

Mix the powders, add the extract of belladonna, and the solution of theobroma, and mix by trituration; then sift, expose to the air for an hour or two, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Quininæ Sulphatis (W.R.).

Quinine Sulphate Tablets.

Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	20 grains
Glucose	2 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	8 minims

Mix with the glucose with the emulsion and add the liquid to the previously mixed powders; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Rhei Compositæ (W.R.).

Compound Rhubarb Tablets.

Myrrh, in powder	30 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	45 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	80 grains
Oil of Peppermint	3½ minims
Solution of Theobroma	30 minims

Mix the powders, and the oil of peppermint and the solution of theobroma; mix by trituration, sift, expose to the air for an hour or two, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Santonini cum Hydrargyri Subchlorido (W.R.).

Tablets of Santonin with Mercurous Chloride.

Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Santonin	60 grains
Cocoa	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	60 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the powders, and add the emulsion; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Sodii Bicarbonatis cum Oleo Menthæ Piperitæ (W.R.).

Tablets of Sodium Bicarbonate with Oil of Peppermint.

Synonym.—Soda-Mint Tablets.

Sodium Bicarbonate	160 grains
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Theobroma Emulsion	32 minims

Mix; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tabellæ Thyroidei (W.R.).

Thyroid Tablets.

Dry Thyroid	110 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	100 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	30 minims

Mix the powders, and add the emulsion; then sift, expose to the air for a few hours, and compress into tablets.

Tartarus Boraxatus.

Soluble Cream of Tartar.

Potassium Acid Tartrate	3 ounces
Borax	1 ounce

Dissolve the borax and the potassium acid tartrate in distilled water by the aid of heat, and evaporate to dryness. The product is soluble in its own weight of water.

Tinctura Absinthii (S.).

Tincture of Wormwood.

Wormwood	2 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), sufficient to make	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Aloes Composita.

Compound Tincture of Aloes.

Synonym.—Elixir ad longam vitam.

Aloes	270 grains
Gentian	of each 45 grains.
Rhubarb	
Zedoary	
Saffron	
Alcohol (70 per cent.)	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Ammoniæ Composita (S.).

Compound Tincture of Ammonia.

Synonym.—Eau de Luce.

Mastic	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	14 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 pint

Dissolve. Dose.—5 to 10 minims in water.

Tinctura Anisi.

Tincture of Anise.

Anise Fruit	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Tinctura Anthemidis.

Tincture of Chamomile.

Chamomiles	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint

Prepare by the percolation process, and make up to one pint with alcohol.

Tinctura Antiperiodica (B.P.C.).

Antiperiodic Tincture.

Synonym.—Warburg's Tincture.

Socotrine Aloes, bruised	240 grains
Rhubarb, bruised	80 grains
Angelica Fruit, bruised	80 grains
Elecampane Root, bruised	40 grains
Saffron	40 grains
Fennel, bruised	40 grains
Prepared Chalk	40 grains
Gentian, bruised	20 grains
Zedoary Root, bruised	20 grains
Cubebs, bruised	20 grains
Myrrh, picked and bruised	20 grains
White Agaric, in powder	20 grains
Opium, in powder	2½ grains
Black Pepper, bruised	4 grains
Cinnamon, bruised	8 grains
Ginger, bruised	8 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate for seven days in one pint of the alcohol, press and filter. Dissolve in the product

Quinine Sulphate	175 grains
Camphor	20 grains

After three days, filter, and add sufficient of the alcohol to make one pint.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Apocyni.

Tincture of Apocynum.

Synonym.—Tincture of Canadian Hemp.

Apocynum, in No. 40 powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process. Dose.—5 to 10 minims.

Tinctura Arnicæ Florum.

Tincture of Arnica Flowers.

Arnica Flowers, in No. 20 powder	2 ounces
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the powder with four fluid ounces of the alcohol, and complete the percolation process. The resulting tincture should measure twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tinctura Aurantii (B.P. 1885).

Tincture of Orange Peel.

Bitter Orange Peel, cut small and bruised	2 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and prepare a pint of tincture by the maceration process.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Aurantii Amari.

Tincture of Bitter Orange Peel.

Dried Bitter Orange Peel, cut small and bruised	2 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 pint

Macerate for seven days in a closed vessel, with frequent agitation; then strain, press the marc, and mix the expressed liquid with the strained liquid.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Aurantii Fortis.

Strong Tincture of Fresh Bitter Orange Peel.

Bitter Orange Peel, free from white, and cut small	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Macerate for a month; strain, press, and filter.

Tinctura Belladonnæ (B.P. 1885).

Tincture of Belladonna.

Belladonna Leaves, in No. 20 powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and prepare a pint of tincture by the macero-percolation process.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Tinctura Benzoini Simplex (B.P.C.).

Simple Tincture of Benzoin.

Benzoin, in powder	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the benzoin in sixteen fluid ounces of the alcohol for one hour, with frequent agitation; filter, and add more spirit to produce one pint of tincture.

Tinctura Boldo (S.).

Boldo Leaves	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Digest for seven days and filter.

Dose.—10 to 40 minims.

Tinctura Bryoniæ (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Bryony	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Fresh Bryony Root	
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	
Distilled Water	

Ascertain the percentage of moisture in the root by drying one hundred grains of it over a water-bath. Bruise the remainder, after having calculated the moisture it contains, and reckon this as part of the water to form, with the alcohol, a mixture equal in strength to alcohol (60 per cent.) Produce a tincture by maceration for seven days, of such a strength that ten fluid ounces shall represent one ounce of the dried root.

Dose.—1 to 10 minims.

Tinctura Calendulæ Florum (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Marigold Flowers.

Marigold Flowers, dried, in No. 20 powder	4 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate with eight fluid ounces of the menstruum for twenty-four hours, then percolate until one pint of tincture is obtained.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Tinctura Cantharidinis.

Tincture of Cantharidin (Greenish and Wilson).

Cantharidin	1 grain
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the cantharidin in the chloroform and add sufficient alcohol to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims; if frequently repeated, 2 to 5 minims.

Tinctura Capsici Fortior (B.P.C.).

Stronger Tincture of Capsicum.

Synonym.—Turnbull's Tincture

Capsicum Fruit, in No. 80 powder	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the powder with a suitable quantity of the menstruum, and macerate for twenty-four hours in a closed vessel. Then pack in a percolator, and gradually pour the alcohol upon it until a pint and a-half of tincture is obtained.

Dose.—1 to 3 minims.

Tinctura Cardamomi.

Tincture of Cardamoms.

Cardamom Seeds, bruised	2 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.) sufficient to make one pint.	

Prepare by the percolation process.

Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Tinctura Carminativa (B.P.C.).

Carminative Tincture.

Cardamom Seeds, bruised	600 grains
Stronger Tincture of Ginger	1¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	100 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	100 minims
Oil of Clove	100 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the cardamoms in fifteen fluid ounces of the alcohol for a week, decant, express, and dissolve the oils in the mixed tinctures, making up to one pint with alcohol.

Dose.—2 to 10 minims.

Tinctura Castorei.

Tincture of Castoreum.

Castor, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Macerate for seven days, agitating occasionally; then strain, press, and add sufficient alcohol to make one pint.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tinctura Chloroformi Composita (B.P. 1885).

Compound Tincture of Chloroform.

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Tinctura Chloroformi et Morphinæ (B.P. 1885).

Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine.

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 minims.

Tinctura Cinchonæ Flavæ.

Tincture of Yellow Cinchona.

Yellow Cinchona Bark, in moderately fine powder	4 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix and make a pint of tincture by the macero-percolation process.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Colchici Composita (P.L.).

Compound Tincture of Colchicum.

Colchicum Seeds, bruised	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	8 fl. ounces

Macerate for seven days; then press and strain.

Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Colchici Florum (S.).

Tincture of Colchicum Flowers.

Fresh Colchicum Flowers	20 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 drachms

Digest for seven days and filter.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims

Tinctura Collinsoniæ (S.).

Tincture of Collinsonia.

Collinsonia Bark	2 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Dose.—30 to 120 minims.

Tinctura Colocynthidis.

Tincture of Colocynth.

Colocynth Pulp, in coarse powder	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Dose.—10 to 15 minims.

Tinctura Convallariæ (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Lily of the Valley.

Lily of the Valley flowers and stalks, dried, in No. 20 powder	2½ ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the powder with a suitable quantity of the menstruum, and macerate for twenty-four hours; then pack in a percolator, and percolate until one pint of tincture is obtained.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Tinctura Coto (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Coto.

Coto Bark, bruised	2 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate with twenty fluid ounces of the alcohol for seven days, with occasional agitation; then press, filter, and add sufficient of the alcohol to produce one pint.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Ergotæ.

Tincture of Ergot.

Ergot, in No. 20 powder	5 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the ergot with two fluid ounces of the alcohol and set aside for twenty-four hours; then pack in a percolator and add further portions of the alcohol until the percolate measures fifteen fluid ounces. Remove the marc, press, filter the expressed liquid, and mix it with the percolate. Finally, add sufficient of the alcohol to produce one pint.

Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Eucalypti (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Eucalyptus.

Eucalyptus Leaves, in No. 20 powder	4 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate for twenty-four hours; then percolate until one pint of tincture is obtained.

Dose.—15 minims to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Euonymi (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Euonymus.

Euonymus Bark, in No. 20 powder	2 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the powder with three fluid ounces of the alcohol, and complete the percolation process. The resulting tincture should measure twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—10 to 40 minims.

Tinctura Euphorbiæ Piluliferæ (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Euphorbia Pilulifera.

Euphorbia, in No. 20 powder	4 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate for twenty-four hours, then percolate until one pint of tincture is obtained.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Ferri Acetatis.

Tincture of Ferric Acetate.

Strong Solution of Ferric Acetate	5 fl. ounces
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces

Mix, add sufficient distilled water to produce one pint, and preserve in a well-stoppered bottle.

Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Ferri Acetatis Æetherea.

Ethereal Tincture of Ferric Acetate.

Solution of Ferric Acetate	12½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Acetic Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Tinctura Ferri Muriatis (P.E.).

Tincture of Iron Muriate.

Ferric Oxide	720 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. ounces

Digest the ferric oxide in the hydrochloric acid for three days; then add the alcohol and filter.

Tinctura Gallæ.

Tincture of Galls.

Galls, in No. 40 powder	2 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the galls with two fluid ounces of the alcohol, and proceed as in the case of Tinctura Ergotæ.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Guaiaci (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Guaiacum.

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	4 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent), a sufficient quantity.

Add the guaiacum resin to seventeen fluid ounces of the alcohol; set aside in a closed vessel for forty-eight hours, shaking frequently; filter, and pass sufficient of the alcohol through the filter to produce one pint of the tincture.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tinctura Guaranæ.

Tincture of Guarana.

Guarana, in fine powder	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms, in water.

Tinctura Gummi Rubri.

Tincture of Red Gum.

Red Gum	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Digest and strain.

Dose.—20 to 40 minims.

Tinctura Hellebori Nigri (S.).

Tincture of Black Hellebore.

Black Hellebore Root	2½ ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Percolate, and collect one pint. Dose.—20 to 60 minims, in water.

Tinctura Hyoscyami Radicis (S.).

Tincture of Hyoscyamus Root.

Hyoscyamus Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 pint

Macerate for seven days. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Tinctura Ignatiæ Amaræ.

Tincture of Ignatia.

Ignatia Seeds, in fine powder	2 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by the percolation process. The resulting tincture should measure one pint.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Tinctura Iodi Decolorata (B.P.C.).

Decolorised Tincture of Iodine.

Iodine	250 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the iodine in five and a-half fluid ounces of the alcohol with the aid of gentle heat; when cold add the strong solution of ammonia. Keep the mixture in a warm place until decolorised, after which add a sufficient quantity of the alcohol to produce one pint of tincture.

Tinctura Iodi Oleosa (M.W.).

Oily Tincture of Iodine.

Iodine	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces

Dissolve the iodine in the alcohol (90 per cent.); add the castor oil.

Tinctura Iodinei.

Tincture of Iodine (P. E.).

Iodine	300 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve. For external use, the tincture is not miscible with water.

Tinctura Ipecacuanhæ (S.).

Tincture of Ipecacuanha.

Ipecacuanha Root, bruised	2 ounces
Solution of Ammonia	60 minims

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by the maceration process; the resulting tincture should measure one pint.

Tinctura Ipecacuanhæ et Opii.

Tincture of Ipecacuanha and Opium.

Synonym.—Tincture of Dover's Powder.

Tincture of Deodorised Opium	20 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Evaporate the tincture in a tared capsule, on a water-bath, until it weighs sixteen ounces; then cool, add the liquid extract, filter, and pass sufficient of the alcohol through the filter to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims, for repeated administration; for a single administration, 20 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Jalapæ Composita.

Compound Tincture of Jalap.

Jalap, in No. 40 powder	1 oz., 262 grains
Scammony, in No. 40 powder	175 grains
Turpeth, in No. 40 powder	88 grains

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the mixed powders with two fluid ounces of the alcohol, and complete the percolation process. The resulting tincture should measure twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tinctura Kamalæ (S.).

Tincture of Kamala.

Kamala	4 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by the maceration process; the resulting tincture should measure one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Kino (Modified).

Tincture of Kino (White).

Kino, in powder	2 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Add the kino to the boiling water in a suitable vessel and maintain the whole at or near a temperature of 100° C. for fifteen minutes, agitating frequently. Allow to cool, replace the water lost by evaporation, add the alcohol, and set aside for twelve hours; then strain.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tinctura Kolæ.

Tincture of Kola.

Kola Seeds, in coarse powder	4 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate for ten days, then strain and press.

Tinctura Lactucarii.

Tincture of Lactucarium.

Lactucarium	2 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by the maceration process; the resulting tincture should measure one pint.

Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Tinctura Laricis.

Tincture of Larch.

Larch Bark, in No. 20 powder	2½ ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate the larch bark for forty-eight hours in fifteen fluid ounces of alcohol, agitating occasionally. Pack in a percolator, and, when the liquid ceases to drop, pour on five fluid ounces of alcohol. Filter the percolate, press the marc, mix the liquids, and add sufficient alcohol to produce one pint of the tincture.

Dose.—20 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Laricis Resinæ.

Tincture of Larch Resin.

Synonym.—Tincture of Red Spruce Gum.

Larch Resin	2 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate the resin with sixteen fluid ounces of the alcohol in a closed vessel for seven days, with frequent agitation; then filter and, when the liquid ceases to drop, pass sufficient alcohol through the filter to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tinctura Limonis Fortis.

Strong Tincture of Fresh Lemon Peel.

Lemon Peel (free from white), cut small	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Macerate for a month; strain, press, and filter.

Tinctura Lobeliæ (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Lobelia.

Synonym.—Tinctura Lobeliæ (B.P. 1867.)

Lobelia, in No. 40 powder	2½ ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate for forty-eight hours; then percolate; subject the contents of the percolator to pressure, filter the product, mix with the first percolate, and add sufficient of the alcohol to make one pint.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Lupulini.

Tincture of Lupulin.

Lupulin	2½ ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by maceration; pour on to a filter, and when drained wash the filter with sufficient alcohol to produce, with the remainder of the liquor, one pint of the tincture.

Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Tinctura Lycopodii.

Tincture of Lycopodium.

Lycopodium, previously soaked in ether and dried	2 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by the maceration process, the resulting tincture to measure one pint.

Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Tinctura Maticæ.

Tincture of Matico.

Matico Leaves, in coarse powder	4 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 pint

Macerate for fourteen days, strain, press and filter.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Menthol Ætherea (M.W.).

Ethereal Tincture of Menthol.

Menthol	60 grains
Purified Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Used for outward application, and best applied with a glass brush.

Tinctura Moschi.

Tincture of Musk.

Musk, in fine powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint

Macerate for seven days, and strain.

Tinctura Myrrhæ et Boracis (S.).

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax.

Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Eau de Cologne	16 fl. ounces
Borax	1 ounce
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. ounces

Macerate for fourteen days and filter.

Tinctura Nucis Vomicæ (B.P. 1885).

Tincture of Nux Vomica.

Extract of Nux Vomica (B.P. 1885)	133 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Tinctura Opii Crocata.

Tincture of Opium with Saffron.

Synonym.—Sydenham's Laudanum.

Extract of Opium	1 ounce
Cinnamon Bark, bruised	75 grains
Cloves, bruised	75 grains
Saffron	1 ounce
Sherry	1 pint

Macerate for seven days in a closed vessel, with occasional agitation; then filter and add sufficient sherry to produce one pint.

Dose.—10 to 40 minims.

Tinctura Opii Deodorata.

Deodorised Tincture of Opium.

Opium	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Rub the opium to a paste with ten fluid ounces of the water, previously heated to at least 93° C.; set aside for six hours, and then strain through a calico filter. To the residue add five fluid ounces of water, mix thoroughly, and set aside in a covered vessel for six hours. Strain, press, mix the liquids, and allow to stand for twelve hours in a vessel surrounded by ice; then filter through a pleated filter containing a piece of ice. Evaporate the liquid to five fluid ounces, cool, add five fluid ounces of alcohol, set aside for twenty-four hours, and filter. Determine the percentage of opium by the official process for Tinctura Opii, and dilute the filtered mixture with sufficient of a mixture of alcohol and distilled water, in equal volumes, to produce a tincture containing about 0·75 per cent. of morphine, calculated as anhydrous.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims, for repeated administration; for a single administration, 20 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Phosphori Composita (B.P.C.).

Compound Tincture of Phosphorus.

Phosphorus	12 grains
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Absolute Alcohol	12½ fl. ounces

Place the phosphorus and chloroform in a stoppered bottle and heat on a water-bath till solution is effected; then add the absolute alcohol, and shake well. Keep the resulting tincture in a dark place. Each fluid drachm contains one-tenth of a grain of phosphorus.

Dose.—3 to 12 minims.

Tinctura Physalis (S.).

Tincture of Winter Cherry.

Winter Cherry Berries, dried	2½ ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Digest during seven days; the resulting tincture should measure one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Physostigmatis (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Calabar Bean.

Calabar Bean, in No. 40 powder	4 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the powder with two fluid ounces of the alcohol, and macerate for twenty-four hours; then pack in a percolator, and percolate until one pint of tincture is obtained.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Tinctura Phytolaccæ.

Tincture of Phytolacca.

Poke Root	2 ounces

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by the maceration process; the resulting tincture should measure one pint.

Dose.—3 to 10 minims.

Tinctura Podophylli Ammoniata (M.W.).

Ammoniated Tincture of Podophyllum.

Podophyllum Resin	160 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	13½ fl. ounces

Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the podophyllum resin in the alcohol; add a sufficient quantity of the solution of ammonia to make the product measure one pint. One fluid drachm of the tincture contains one grain of podophyllum resin.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Tinctura Pulsatillæ (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Pulsatilla.

Pulsatilla, in No. 20 powder	2 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate for twenty-four hours; then percolate until one pint of tincture is obtained.

Dose.—1 to 5 minims.

Tinctura Pyrethri Florum (S.).

Tincture of Pyrethrum Flowers.

Pyrethrum flower-heads, in powder	5 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by the percolation process. The resulting tincture should measure one pint. Diluted with ten parts of distilled water is used as a lotion to keep away insects.

Tinctura Quebracho.

Tincture of Quebracho.

Quebracho Bark, in powder	4 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), sufficient to produce	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tinctura Rhei (B.P. 1885).

Tincture of Rhubarb.

Rhubarb Root, in No. 20 powder	2 ounces
Cardamom Seeds, bruised	¼ ounce
Coriander Fruit, bruised	¼ ounce
Saffron	¼ ounce

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix and make a pint of tincture by the macero-percolation process.

Dose.—As a stomachic, 1 to 2 fluid drachms; as a purgative, 4 to 8 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Sabinæ.

Tincture of Savin.

Savin Tops, dried and coarsely powdered	2 ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the savin with two fluid ounces of the alcohol, and proceed as in the case of Tinctura Ergotæ.

Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Tinctura Sanguinariæ.

Tincture of Blood Root.

Sanguinaria, in No. 40 powder	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	192 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the acetic acid, glycerin, and alcohol, moisten the drug with two fluid ounces of the menstruum, and complete the percolation process. The resulting tincture should measure twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Tinctura Succini.

Tincture of Amber.

Amber, in fine powder	1¼ ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity

Prepare by the maceration process; the resulting tincture should measure one pint.

Dose.—25 minims, diluted.

Tinctura Valerianæ (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Valerian.

Valerian Rhizome, in No. 40 powder	2½ ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate for forty-eight hours, then percolate; afterwards subject the contents of the percolator to pressure; filter the product; mix the liquids, and add sufficient alcohol to make one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Tinctura Veratri Viridis (B.P.C.).

Tincture of Green Hellebore.

Green Hellebore Rhizome, in No. 40 powder	4 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Macerate for twenty-four hours with two fluid ounces of the alcohol, then percolate until one pint of tincture is obtained.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims

Tinctura Zingiberis Fortior.

Strong Tincture of Ginger.

Synonym.—Essence of Ginger.

Ginger, in fine powder	10 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Pack the ginger tightly in a percolator, and pour over it half a pint of the alcohol. At the expiration of two hours add more alcohol, and let it percolate slowly until one pint of tincture has been collected.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Trochiscus Glycyrrhizæ (T.).

Liquorice Lozenge.

Extract of Liquorice	3 grains
Oil of Anise	½ minim

Mix with the Simple Basis, B.P., to form a lozenge.

Trochiscus Kino (Th.).

Kino Lozenge.

Kino	2 grains

Mix with the Fruit Basis to form a lozenge.

Trochiscus Opii.

Opium Lozenge.

Extract of Opium	1/10 grain

Tolu Basis (B.P.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix, to form a lozenge.

Unguentum Acidi Carbolici (Modified).

Phenol Ointment.

Synonym.—Carbolic Acid Ointment.

Phenol	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	6 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	18 ounces

Melt the paraffins together, dissolve the phenol in the mixture, and stir until cold.

Unguentum Acidi Chrysophanici (Sk.).

Chrysophanic Acid Ointment.

Purified Chrysarobin	120 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Heat together on a water-bath for half an hour, constantly stirring; when set, mix with a pestle and mortar.

Unguentum Acidi Salicylici (Sk.).

Salicylic Acid Ointment.

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Benzoated Lard	1 ounce

Melt the lard on a water-bath, add the acid, and stir till cold.

Unguentum Acidi Tannici cum Opio (Sk.).

Tannic Acid Ointment with Opium.

Tannic Acid	30 grains
Opium, in powder	30 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Acidi Pyrogallici (Sk.).

Pyrogallic Acid Ointment.

Synonym.—Jarisch's Ointment.

Pyrogallic Acid	60 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Adipis Lanæ.

Wool-Fat Ointment.

Synonym.—Lanolin Ointment.

Wool Fat, hydrated	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Ammonii Iodidi.

Ointment of Ammonium Iodide.

Ammonium Iodide	120 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Antimonii Tartarati.

Ointment of Tartarated Antimony.

Tartarated Antimony, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Simple Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Atropinæ (O.).

Atropine Ointment.

Atropine	4 grains
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Heat till dissolved, and stir till cold.

Unguentum Atropinæ cum Acido Borico (O.).

Atropine Ointment with Boric Acid.

Atropine	4 grains
Boric Acid, in powder	60 grains
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Atropinæ cum Cocaina (O.).

Atropine Ointment with Cocaine.

Atropine	4 grains
Cocaine	10 grains
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Heat till the alkaloids are dissolved.

Unguentum Benzoini (S.).

Benzoin Ointment.

Benzoin, in fine powder	1 ounce
Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Unguentum Bismuthi (S.).

Bismuth Ointment.

Bismuth Subnitrate	60 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Boracis (S.).

Borax Ointment.

Borax, in powder	1 ounce
Spermaceti Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Unguentum Cadmii Iodidi.

Ointment of Cadmium Iodide.

Cadmium Iodide, in fine powder	62 grains
Simple Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Calaminæ.

Ointment of Calamine.

Prepared Calamine	1 ounce
Benzoated Lard	5 ounces

Mix.

Unguentum Cantharidinis.

Cantharidin Ointment (Greenish and Wilson).

Cantharidin	2 grains
Chloroform, a sufficiency.	
Yellow Beeswax	2¼ ounces
Olive Oil	11½ ounces

Dissolve the cantharidin, by the aid of heat, in as small a quantity of chloroform as possible, then add the beeswax and oil, previously melted together on a water-bath, and stir well. Continue the application of heat until the chloroform is dissipated, and stir till cold.

Unguentum Cetacei sine Benzoino (S.).

Spermaceti Ointment without Benzoin.

Spermaceti	2½ ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Almond Oil	9 fl. ounces

Melt together.

Unguentum Cinereum (Lk.).

Synonym.—Grey Ointment.

Mercury	1 ounce
Wool Fat	1 ounce
Olive Oil	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Cocculi.

Cocculus Ointment.

Cocculus Indicus, in fine powder	80 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Conii (Modified).

Conium Ointment.

Synonym.—Hemlock Ointment.

Juice of Hemlock	2 fl. ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	¾ ounce
Boric Acid, in fine powder	10 grains

Evaporate the juice on a water-bath to one-eighth of its volume, at a temperature not exceeding 60° C.; then add the wool fat and mix by trituration. It has also been suggested (*P.J.* **65**, 15) that one-fourth part of the hydrous wool fat should be replaced by soft paraffin.

Unguentum Cretæ.

Chalk Ointment.

Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Spermaceti Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Unguentum Cupri Oleatis.

Ointment of Copper Oleate.

Copper Oleate	1 ounce
Lard	4 ounces

Melt together, and stir till cold.

Unguentum Diachyli.

Diachylon Ointment (Hebra).

Lead Plaster	5 ounces
Soft Paraffin	5 ounces

Melt together.

Unguentum Diachyli (P.Aus.).

Diachylon Ointment.

Lead Oxide, in fine powder	2½ ounces
Olive Oil	5 fl. ounces
Lard	5 ounces
Oil of Lavender	1½ drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Boil together the lead oxide, olive oil, and lard, sprinkling in distilled water at intervals until the oxide is saponified and the water evaporated. When cold, add the oil of lavender.

Unguentum Diachyli (G.).

Diachylon Ointment.

Synonym.—Hebra's Ointment.

Lead Plaster	½ ounce
Soft Paraffin, yellow	½ ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	10 minims

Melt together and stir till cold.

Unguentum Diachyli Carbolisatum.

Carbolised Diachylon Ointment (Lassar).

Lead Plaster	50 grains
Soft Paraffin, yellow	50 grains
Phenol	2 grains

Melt the lead plaster and soft paraffin together, add the phenol, and stir till cold.

Unguentum Elemi.

Ointment of Elemi.

Elemi	¼ ounce
Simple Ointment	1 ounce

Melt together, strain through flannel, and stir constantly until the ointment solidifies.

Unguentum Emolliens (T.).

Emollient Ointment.

Zinc Oxide	45 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	5 minims
Lard	¼ ounce
Soft Paraffin, yellow, sufficient to make	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Galbani Compositum.

Compound Ointment of Galbanum.

Galbanum Plaster	4 ounces
Lead Plaster	4 ounces
White Beeswax	4 ounces
Extract of Opium	60 grains
Olive Oil	20 fl. ounces

Melt together, and mix.

Unguentum Hamamelidis (Modified).

Hamamelis Ointment.

Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	2 fl. drachms
Wool Fat	2¼ ounces

Mix. The product is said to keep better than the B.P. ointment, made with hydrous wool fat.

Unguentum Hydrargyri Dilutum.

Diluted Mercury Ointment.

Synonyms.—Blue Ointment; Trooper's Ointment.

Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Lard	2 ounces

Mix.

Unguentum Hydrargyri Iodidi Viride cum Atropina (S.).

Ointment of Green Iodide of Mercury with Atropine.

Green Iodide of Mercury	20 grains
Atropine	2 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Hydrargyri Nitratis (Modified).

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment (Squire).

Synonym.—Citrine Ointment.

Mercury	1 ounce
Nitrate Acid	6 fl. ounces
Lard	4 ounces
Olive Oil	7 ounces

Dissolve the mercury in the nitric acid without the aid of heat. Melt the lard and olive oil together on a water-bath, and, whilst the mixture is at a temperature of 82°-88° C., add the cold mercuric nitrate solution and stir continuously. After brisk effervescence has begun, continue the application of heat for ten minutes, then remove the mixture from the water-bath and stir until it is cold. The resulting ointment should be firm in consistence and have a pale lemon colour.

Unguentum Hydrargyri Nitratis Dilutum (Modified).

Diluted Mercuric Nitrate Ointment.

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	4 ounces

Mix. The product is of the same strength as the B.P. ointment, but is paler in colour, and is said to keep better

Unguentum Hydrargyri Nitratis Mitius (T.).

Milder Mercuric Nitrate Ointment.

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 part
Soft Paraffin, yellow	7 parts

Mix.

Unguentum Hydrargyri Oxidi Flavi cum Physostigmina (O.)

Ointment of Yellow Mercuric Oxide with Physostigmine.

Physostigmine	2 grains
Yellow Mercuric Chloride	8 grains
Soft Paraffin, yellow	2 ounces

Heat the physostigmine with the melted soft paraffin until dissolved; when cold, add the yellow mercuric oxide.

Unguentum Hydrargyri Sulphatis Flavi (Sk.).

Ointment of Mercuric Sulphate.

Synonyms.—Ointment of Yellow Sulphate of Mercury; Ointment of Mercury Persulphate.

Mercuric Sulphate	15 grains
Benzoated Lard	1 ounce

Mix. This ointment has been found useful in ringworm and seborrhea capitis.

Unguentum Hydrargyri et Zinci et Plumbi (T.).

Mercury, Zinc, and Lead Ointment.

Synonym.—Unguentum Metallorum.

Lead Acetate	10 grains
Zinc Oxide	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	10 grains
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	20 grains
Soft Paraffin, yellow, sufficient to make	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Hyoscinæ (M.W.).

Ointment of Hyoscine.

Hyoscine	½ ounce
Lard	99½ ounces

Dissolve with the aid of heat.

Unguentum Ichthyolis.

Ichthyol Ointment.

Ichthyol	of each 10 ounces.
Lead Oxide	
Lard	
Olive Oil	
Diluted Acetic Acid	30 fl. ounces

Boil the lead oxide with the diluted acetic acid until the product measures thirteen fluid ounces; then add the other ingredients, and stir until cold.

Unguentum Ichthyolis Compositum (G.).

Compound Ichthyol Ointment.

Ichthyol	1 ounce
Solution of Lime	9 fl. ounces
Wool Fat, hydrous	5 ounces
Soft Paraffin	10 ounces
Zinc Ointment	5 ounces

Mix

Unguentum Iodoformi cum Atropina (L.).

Ointment of Iodoform with Atropine.

Precipitated Iodoform	60 grains
Atropine	2 grains
Soft Paraffin, yellow	1 ounce

Heat the atropine and soft paraffin together until solution is effected; stir, and, while cooling, add the iodoform.

Unguentum Iodoformi Rosatum (M.W.).

Ointment of Iodoform with Rose.

Iodoform	5 grains
Oil of Rose	3 minims
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Dissolve the iodoform in the melted soft paraffin; then add the oil of rose and stir until cold.

Unguentum Iodo-Paraffini (U.).

Ointment of Iodoform and Paraffin.

Iodoform	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	8 fl. ounces
Hard Paraffin	27 ounces
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces

Heat the iodoform gently with the oil of eucalyptus until solution is effected; add to the hard and soft paraffins, previously melted together; stir till cold.

Unguentum Kaolini.

Kaolin Ointment.

Kaolin	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	1 ounce

Melt together the hard and soft paraffins; add the kaolin, and stir until the mixture is cold. Used as an excipient for silver nitrate, potassium permanganate or bichromate, or gold and sodium chloride.

Unguentum Mentholis (Th.).

Menthol Ointment.

Menthol	5 grains
Soft Paraffin, white	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Mezerei.

Mezereon Ointment.

Liquid Extract of Mezereon	12½ fl. drachms
Lard	5 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	¾ ounce

Melt the lard and beeswax with moderate heat; then add the liquid extract; stir until the alcohol is driven off, and cool.

Unguentum Naphtholis (Sk.).

Naphthol Ointment.

Synonym.—Kaposi's Ointment.

Beta-naphthol	60 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Oleatorum (G.).

Oleates Ointment.

Zinc Oleate Ointment	of each equal parts.
Diachylon Ointment	
Mercuric Oleate Ointment	

Mix.

Unguentum Olei Betulæ (Sk.).

Birch Tar Ointment.

Birch Tar	5 fl. drachms
Yellow Beeswax	120 grains

Melt the beeswax, add the oil, and stir till cold.

Unguentum Olei Staphisagriæ (Sk.).

Ointment of Oil of Stavesacre.

Expressed Oil of Stavesacre	60 minims
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Oleo-Resinæ Capsici (B.P.C.).

Ointment of Oleo-Resin of Capsicum.

Oleo-Resin of Capsicum, U.S.P.	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	½ ounce
Benzoated Lard	4 ounces

Melt the wax and lard at a low temperature; then add the oleo-resin, mix thoroughly, strain through muslin, and stir until cold.

Unguentum Opii (S.).

Opium Ointment.

Extract of Opium	1 ounce
Spermaceti Ointment	9 ounces

Triturate the extract of opium with a small quantity of water to a syrupy consistence, and mix with the spermaceti ointment.

Unguentum Peruvianum (S.).

Ointment of Balsam of Peru.

Balsam of Peru	1 ounce
Lard	7 ounces

Mix. Used for sore nipples or cracked lips.

Unguentum Peruvianum Resinosum (S.).

Ointment of Peruvian Resin.

Balsam of Peru	1 ounce
Resin Ointment	1 ounce

Mix. Used for bed-sores.

Unguentum Petrolati Compositum (J.).

Compound Paraffin Ointment.

Solution of Coal Tar	30 minims
Ammoniated Mercury	10 grains
Soft Paraffin, sufficient to make	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Picis Carbonis (T.).

Coal Tar Ointment.

Solution of Coal Tar	½ fl. drachm
Soft Paraffin, yellow, sufficient to make	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Picis Carbonis Compositum (T.).

Compound Coal Tar Ointment.

Solution of Coal Tar	½ fl. drachm
Ammoniated Mercury	15 grains
Soft Paraffin, yellow, sufficient to make	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Picis Liquidæ (Modified).

Tar Ointment.

Tar	5 ounces
Wool Fat	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce

Melt the beeswax at a low temperature, add the wool fat, and mix; then add the tar, and stir the mixture until cold.

Unguentum Picis Molle (S.).

Soft Tar Ointment.

Tar	5 ounces
Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Beeswax	1 ounce

Melt the ingredients together at a low temperature; stir the mixture until cold.

Unguentum Plumbi Oleatis.

Ointment of Lead Oleate.

Lead Oleate	5 ounces
Lard	5 ounces

Melt together.

Unguentum Plumbi Tannici.

Ointment of Lead Tannate.

Tannic Acid	1 ounce
Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin (Yellow), or Lard	17 ounces

Mix intimately.

Unguentum Potassæ Sulphuratæ.

Ointment of Sulphurated Potash.

Sulphurated Potash	30 grains
Hard Paraffin	¼ ounce
Soft Paraffin	¾ ounce

Reduce the sulphurated potash to fine powder in a mortar; then add the melted mixture of paraffins, and rub together until the ointment is smooth and free from grittiness. It should be prepared freshly, as required.

Unguenta Pro Oculis (T.).

Eye Ointments.

The basis for these is yellow soft paraffin, of uniform consistence, free from granular particles, having a melting point of about 35° C. The ointments will then readily melt when introduced into the eye. The soft paraffin should be first carefully examined to ensure its neutrality, then melted, strained through fine muslin, and set aside in a covered vessel to cool. The material to be incorporated in the ointments should be in the finest possible powder, and should be triturated with a small portion of the soft paraffin until a perfectly smooth mixture is obtained. In the alkaloidal ointments the free alkaloids are used and the mixture of alkaloids and paraffin may be warmed just above the melting point of the latter (not above 50° C.) until the solution is effected. The salts of alkaloids are mostly insoluble in fats. The use of oleic acid as a solvent for alkaloids in eye ointments is not desirable, as many samples of oleic acid are rancid and have an irritant action. The finished ointments should be preserved in covered pots, and the introduction of foreign matter, on the spatula or otherwise, carefully avoided. The following ointments are most frequently employed (4·375 grains per ounce = 1 per cent.):—

Unguentum Acidi Borici Dilutum (T.).

Diluted Boric Acid Ointment.

Boric Acid	4 per cent.

Unguentum Atropinæ Dilutum (T.).

Diluted Atropine Ointment.

Atropine	1 per cent.

Unguentum Atropinæ cum Cocaina (T.).

Atropine Ointment with Cocaine.

Atropine	1 per cent.
Cocaine	2 per cent.

Unguentum Cocainæ Dilutum (T.).

Diluted Cocaine Ointment.

Cocaine	2 per cent.

Unguentum Flavum (T.).

Yellow Ointment.

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	1 per cent.

Unguentum Flavum cum Atropina (T.).

Yellow Ointment, with Atropine.

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	1 per cent.
Atropine	0·5 per cent.

UNGUENTUM HYDRARGYRI AMMONIATI DILUTUM (T.).

Diluted Ammoniated Mercury Ointment.

Ammoniated Mercury	1 per cent.

UNGUENTUM IODOFORMI CUM ATROPINA (T.).

Iodoform Ointment, with Atropine.

Precipitated Iodoform	10 per cent.
Atropine	0·5 per cent.

UNGUENTUM IODOFORMI PRÆCIPITATI (T.).

Precipitated Iodoform Ointment.

Precipitated Iodoform	10 per cent.

Unguentum Resinæ (Modified).

Resin Ointment.

Synonym.—Basilicon Ointment.

Resin, in powder	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Olive Oil	8 ounces
Lard	6 ounces

Add the lard and oil to the previously melted resin and beeswax; then strain, and stir until cold.

Unguentum Resinæ Compositum.

Compound Resin Ointment.

Synonym.—Marshmallow Ointment.

Olive Oil	3 ounces
Palm Oil	6 ounces
Resin	9 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces

Melt together the resin and yellow beeswax; add the palm oil and olive oil. Stir till cold.

Unguentum Sabinæ.

Ointment of Savin.

Fresh Savin Tops, bruised	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Benzoated Lard	16 ounces

Melt the lard and beeswax together on a water-bath, add the savin, and digest for twenty minutes; then remove the mixture and express through calico. Stir till cold.

Unguentum Simplex.

Simple Ointment.

White Beeswax	2 ounces
Benzoated Lard	3 ounces
Almond Oil	3 fl. ounces

Melt together on a water-bath; then remove and stir constantly until the ointment solidifies.

Unguentum Stimulans.

Stimulating Ointment.

Synonym.—Erasmus Wilson's Ointment.

Cantharides, in powder	1 ounce
Lard	4 ounces

Macerate with a moderate heat for twenty-four hours, and filter through paper.

Unguentum Stanni Oleatis (S.).

Ointment of Stannous Oleate.

Stannous Oleate	60 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Styracis (Sk.).

Storax Ointment.

Prepared Storax	2 fl. drachms
Prepared Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Sulphuris Compositum.

Compound Sulphur Ointment.

Synonyms.—Unguentum ad Scabiem Viennense; Wilkinson's Ointment.

Sublimed Sulphur	15 ounces
Precipitated Chalk	10 ounces
Tar	15 ounces
Lard	30 ounces
Soap	30 ounces

Mix.

Unguentum Sulphuris Hypochloritis (S.).

Ointment of Sulphur Hypochlorite.

Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Sulphur Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Almonds	80 minims
Spermaceti Ointment (B.P. 1867)	8 ounces

Mix.

Unguentum Sulphuris Præcipitati (S.).

Ointment of Precipitated Sulphur.

Precipitated Sulphur	2 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	1 ounce
Lard	8 ounces

Mix.

Unguentum Sulphuris et Resorcini (T.).

Sulphur and Resorcin Ointment.

Precipitated Sulphur	20 grains
Resorcin	15 grains
Soft Paraffin, yellow, sufficient to make	1 ounce

Mix.

Unguentum Terebinthinæ.

Ointment of Turpentine.

Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Resin, in coarse powder	54 grains
Yellow Beeswax	½ ounce
Lard	½ ounce

Melt together on a water-bath; then remove and stir constantly until the ointment solidifies.

Unguentum Zinci Oleatis (Modified).

Zinc Oleate Ointment (Merson).

Zinc Sulphate	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in shavings	4 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	of each a sufficient quantity.
Soft Paraffin, White	

Dissolve the zinc sulphate in four fluid ounces of the water and the soap in forty fluid ounces. Mix the solutions, boil for a few minutes, allow to cool, and rinse the separated zinc oleate with a little cold distilled water. Then add another portion of cold water, heat to boiling, stirring briskly meanwhile, again cool, and pour off the aqueous fluid. Repeat the operation of washing, if necessary, in order to remove all traces of sulphate, then reduce the cooled zinc oleate to a granular powder and drive off all traces of moisture in an air oven, at a temperature not exceeding 60° C. Finally, mix the dried oleate with an equal weight of melted soft paraffin and stir till cold.

Vapor Acidi Acetici (Th.).

Acetic Acid Inhalation.

Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Two teaspoonfuls to be added to a pint of water at 140° F. for each inhalation.

Vapor Acidi Benzoici (Th.).

Benzoic Acid Inhalation.

Benzoic Acid	3 grains
Kaolin	12 grains
Tincture of Tolu	18 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Rub the benzoic acid and kaolin together and add half a fluid ounce of the water. Then add the tincture of tolu, shake, and make up to one fluid ounce with water.

Vapor Acidi Carbolici.

Carbolic Acid Inhalation.

Carbolic Acid	420 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. drachm

Dissolve. Add twenty drops to a pint of water at 140° F. for each inhalation.

Vapor Acidi Hydrocyanici.

Hydrocyanic Acid Inhalation.

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	10 to 15 minims
Cold Water	1 fl. drachm

Mix in a suitable apparatus, and let the vapour be inhaled.

Vapor Benzoini (Th.).

Benzoin Inhalation.

Compound Tincture of Benzoin	60 minims
Water at 140° F.	1 pint

Mix and use for one inhalation.

Vapor Chlori.

Chlorine Inhalation.

Chlorinated Lime	2 ounces
Cold Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Put the powder into a suitable apparatus, moisten it with water, and let the vapour be inhaled.

Vapor Coninæ.

Conine Inhalation.

Juice of Hemlock	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Put twenty minims on a sponge, in a suitable apparatus, so that the vapour of hot water passing over it may be inhaled.

Vapor Creosoti.

Creosote Inhalation.

Creosote	12 minims
Boiling Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix in an apparatus so arranged that air may be made to pass through the solution, and afterwards be inhaled.

Vapor Cubebæ (Th.).

Cubeb Inhalation.

Oil of Cubeb	40 minims
Magnesium Carbonate, light	20 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. A teaspoonful to be added to a pint of water at 140° F. for each inhalation.

Vapor Eucalypti (Th.).

Eucalyptus Inhalation.

Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims
Magnesium Carbonate, light	10 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix and add a teaspoonful to a pint of water for each inhalation.

Vapor Iodi.

Iodine Inhalation.

Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. drachm
Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix in a suitable apparatus which can be gently heated, and let the vapour be inhaled.

Vapor Iodi Etherealis (M.W.).

Ethereal Inhalation of Iodine.

Iodine	3 grains
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Carbolic Acid	2 drachms
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms

Mix. Ten minims to be dropped on a respirator for dry inhalation.

Vapor Olei Pini Sylvestris.

Fir-Wool Oil Inhalation.

Fir-Wool Oil	40 minims
Magnesium Carbonate, light	20 grains
Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the oil with the magnesium carbonate and gradually add sufficient water to produce one fluid ounce. Put one fluid drachm of the mixture, with half a pint each of cold and boiling water, into an apparatus so arranged that air may be made to pass through the solution, and afterwards be inhaled.

Vapor Thymolis (Th.).

Thymol Inhalation.

Thymol	6 grains
Magnesium Carbonate, light	3 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity	

Mix the thymol, magnesium carbonate, and alcohol with sufficient of the distilled water to produce one ounce of the inhalation. Use a teaspoonful in a pint of water at 140°F. for each inhalation.

Vinum Aloes.

Wine of Aloes.

Socotrine Aloes	1½ ounce
Cardamom Seeds, bruised	80 grains
Ginger, in coarse powder	80 grains
Sherry	2 pints

Macerate for seven days in a closed vessel, with occasional agitation; then filter and add sufficient sherry to produce two pints.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Vinum Aurantii Detannatum.

Detannated Orange Wine (Bird).

Orange Wine	1 gallon
Gelatin, in No. 100 powder	¼ ounce

Macerate for twenty-four hours, at a temperature not exceeding 15·5° C., with frequent agitation, and afterwards decant.

Vinum Carnis et Bynes.

Beef and Malt Wine.

Extract of Beef	1 ounce
Extract of Malt	4 ounces
Dry Sherry	24 fl. ounces

Rub down the beef extract with a little of the sherry; mix with the malt extract; add the rest of the wine, allow to stand for a week and filter. Marsala, Catalon port, or Malaga wine may be substituted for the sherry. This wine can only be sold under an excise licence.

Vinum Cinchonæ.

Cinchona Wine.

(1) Cinchona Bark, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Port Wine, or other red wine	40 fl. ounces

Macerate the cinchona bark in the alcohol for twenty-four hours. Then add the port wine and macerate for ten days; strain, press, and filter.

(2) Cinchona Bark, in coarse powder	20 ounces
Detannated Sherry or White Malaga Wine	500 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	50 ounces
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce

Macerate the cinchona bark in the wine for eight days, then strain and press; next add the sugar and tincture of orange; allow to stand for fourteen days in a cool place, then filter.

(3) Liquid Extract of Cinchona	1 fl. ounce
Detannated Sherry	80 fl. ounces

Mix and allow to stand for fourteen days in a cool place, then filter.

Vinum Cinchonæ Ferratum.

Ferrated Cinchona Wine.

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	240 grains
Liquid Extract of Cinchona	1¼ fl. ounces
Detannated Sherry	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve and filter.

Vinum Cocæ.

Coca Wine.

Coca Leaves, bruised	2½ ounces
Detannated Sherry	1 pint

Macerate for six days and filter.

Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms, with water.

Vinum Colchici Seminum.

Wine of Colchicum Seeds.

Colchicum Seeds, in fine powder	1 ounce
Detannated Sherry	10 fl. ounces

Macerate for seven days, agitating occasionally; then strain, press, and filter.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Vinum Emetinæ (M.W.).

Emetine Wine.

Emetine Hydrochloride	2½ grains
Detannated Sherry	1 pint

Dissolve. Dose.—5 to 40 minims.

Vinum Ergotæ (U.S.P.).

Wine of Ergot.

Ergot, in No. 30 powder	15 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
White Wine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the alcohol with eighty-four fluid ounces of the wine, and moisten the ergot with four fluid ounces of the menstruum. Percolate with the remainder of the menstruum, and then pass through the marc sufficient white wine to produce five pints.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Vinum Gentianæ (C.).

Wine of Gentian.

Gentian Root, bruised	3 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Red Wine	100 fl. ounces

Macerate the gentian with the alcohol for twenty-four hours; then add the wine, and macerate for ten days. Finally, strain, press, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Vinum Opii.

Wine of Opium.

Extract of Opium	1 ounce
Cinnamon Bark, bruised	75 grains
Cloves, bruised	75 grains
Detannated Sherry	1 pint

Macerate for seven days in a closed vessel, with occasional agitation; then filter and add sufficient sherry to produce one pint.

Dose.—10 to 40 minims.

Vinum Opii (P.D.).

Opium Wine.

Opium, in powder	1½ ounces
Detannated Sherry	1 pint

Macerate for seven days; then filter.

Dose.—10 to 40 minims, as a collyrium.

Vinum Pepsini.

Pepsin Wine.

Pepsin, in scales	320 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Detannated Sherry, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the acid with eighteen fluid ounces of the sherry and add the mixture gradually, with constant stirring, to the pepsin and glycerin, previously rubbed together in a mortar. Set aside for a week, then filter, and add sufficient sherry to make one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Vinum Pepsini.

Pepsin Wine. (6522.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	800 minims
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Detannated Sherry, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole, acid, and glycerin; then add sufficient sherry to produce twenty fluid ounces, and, after a few hours filter.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Vinum Rhei.

Wine of Rhubarb.

Rhubarb Root, in coarse powder	1½ ounces
Canella Bark, in coarse powder	60 grains
Detannated Sherry	1 pint

Macerate for seven days in a closed vessel, with occasional agitation; then filter and add sufficient sherry to produce one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Vinum Xericum Detannatum.

Detannated Sherry (Bird).

Sherry	1 gallon
Gelatin, in No. 100 powder	¼ ounce

Macerate for twenty-four hours, at a temperature not exceeding 15·5° C., with frequent agitation, and afterwards decant.

Zinci Oleas.

Zinc Oleate.

Zinc Sulphate	8 ounces
Hard Soap, in shavings	16 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the hard soap with heat in six pints of distilled water. Dissolve the zinc sulphate in sixteen fluid ounces of boiling distilled water, and add to the former solution; stir well, separate the oleate, and wash with hot distilled water until free from sulphate; cool, and dry the zinc oleate.

SECTION II.

THE PREPARATION OF COMPRESSED TABLETS.

SECTION II:—THE PREPARATION OF COMPRESSED TABLETS.

PROCESSES AND FORMULÆ.

Introductory.

MACHINES for making compressed tablets can now be obtained at moderate prices, and should be found in all pharmacies where there is any considerable demand for medicaments in that form. Whatever machine is selected, the operator should become thoroughly acquainted with all its parts. It should also be kept scrupulously clean, the surfaces of the dies and punches being maintained in a smooth and polished condition. Before commencing operations, two or three tablets should be made from weighed quantities of material, to enable the operator to adjust the pressure and size for the work in hand. Excessive pressure should be carefully guarded against, more especially in the case of salol and similarly insoluble substances, a regular, easy motion of the machine being what is required. The greater the pressure employed the slower will disintegration of the resulting tablets take place; insoluble substances should therefore be compressed as lightly as possible. Unduly light pressure, on the other hand, is indicated by a greater tendency on the part of the material to stick to the faces of the punches. The pressure should be regulated so that the tablets may readily be broken in half by the fingers, though they ought not to break in pieces when dropped upon the floor. The splitting off of the surface of tablets—"capping," as it is termed—may be remedied by slightly damping the granulated material with water before compressing, or by reducing the pressure, or by altering the weight of the tablet.

The three main points in tablet-making are (1) to regulate the pressure carefully, (2) to ensure proper cohesion of the particles of substance under compression, and (3) to prevent adhesion of those particles to any portion of the machine. The skilful dispenser, with his special knowledge of what is best to use in any given case as a pill excipient, will not find any difficulty in deciding whether gum acacia or tragacanth, syrup, dextrin, wax, mastic, or other adhesive agent, should be employed. He will also be fully aware that some liquid which is not a solvent of the substance undergoing compression must be used to prevent adhesion to the dies, etc. To prevent adhesion to the dies a little powdered French chalk may be sifted into the material just before compression. White soft paraffin (2 per cent. dissolved in sufficient ether) often facilitates the compression of a dry powder, and improves the appearance of the finished tablets if diffused through the granulated material, the latter being subsequently sifted and dried before compression. The rapid disintegration and solution of tablets is facilitated by adding finely powdered starch—from one-twentieth to one-tenth the weight of material—to the granulated substance ready to be compressed. On the other hand, liquid glucose, which should be diluted with 25 per cent. of water before use, renders tablets hard and tough, so that they will not readily disintegrate. That is frequently an advantage when it is desired that the tablets should dissolve slowly in the mouth.

Preparation of the Material.

The material to be compressed should be in a finely granular form. If in a very fine state of subdivision, it cannot be compressed satisfactorily into uniform and well-finished tablets. In such a case the fine powder must be granulated by moistening it slightly, by means of a spray, with water, alcohol, or ether. The granular product obtained by grinding crystals represents the condition which should be aimed at, powdered ammonium chloride and potassium chlorate, as supplied in commerce, being good examples of what is required. But in many cases it will be found necessary to reduce the substance to fine powder first, and granulate afterwards. In dispensing small quantities of any powder, the material may be obtained in the desired condition by simply damping with water, alcohol, or ether, by means of an atomiser, or by rubbing it up with a little powdered soap, and afterwards passing it through a No. 20 sieve before feeding it to the machine.

With larger quantities of material, cane sugar and powdered gum are usually added, the former being preferable, since tablets prepared with it disintegrate more rapidly. The addition to the substance to be granulated of one-tenth its weight of cane sugar and one-twentieth its weight of gum has been recommended, but on the large scale white dextrin may often replace the gum. Tablets made with sugar as an adhesive are much more soluble than those made with gum acacia or a mixture of gum acacia and sugar, while, as already stated, glucose serves the purpose better when a hard tablet is desired. After thoroughly mixing the adhesive substance with the medicament, sufficient water should be added to render the powder of such consistence that it can readily be shaken through a No. 12 sieve, without sticking to it or clogging the openings. Care should be taken to add the water in small quantities at a time, and to mix thoroughly after each addition. The powder is next passed through a No. 20 sieve and dried, after which a lubricant must be added to enable the particles of powder to move freely over each other and prevent them sticking to the dies and punches.

The Use and Choice of Lubricants.

Finely powdered French chalk (talcum), lycopodium, powdered boric acid, or an odourless hydrocarbon oil (liquid paraffin) may be employed as a lubricant, but the better the granulated material has been dried the smaller will be the quantity of lubricant required. The addition of ten to twelve drops of liquid paraffin by means of a spray will usually be found sufficient for each pound, French chalk, not exceeding one-fortieth the weight of material, being added after the oil. If, however, the tablets are to be dissolved, boric acid should be used as the lubricant, clear solutions being thus obtainable, though in many cases such an addition would be undesirable, as in the case of mercuric chloride, with which chemical action would take place. When the lubricant added is a powder, it should be scattered over the material spread out on paper, and the whole then lightly shaken up in a bottle. By that means the granules are not broken down, and they become coated very thinly with the lubricating powder. But it is above all things necessary that the operator should be familiar with the nature of the substance or mixture to be compressed, as that must to a great extent guide him in selecting a suitable granulating medium and lubricant. The operator must learn the nature of each article that he wishes to compress, and take advantage of its knowledge of its solubility in different menstrua. When the opposite nature of the different articles in a combination precludes the use of such knowledge, he must fall back upon such correctives as experience suggests, to meet the particular case.

Powdered French chalk used as a lubricant should have been previously purified by adding to it five times its weight of boiling water, then one-tenth its weight of hydrochloric acid, and boiling the mixture for fifteen minutes. On subsiding, the powder should again be boiled with five times its weight of water, with the addition of one-twentieth its weight of hydrochloric acid, after which it should be well washed with water until free from all traces of acid. The proportion of dried purified talcum used as a lubricant should not exceed 3 per cent. of the material to be compressed. It should be mixed with the material after granulation and drying, being stirred in by means of a spatula. If white soft paraffin be the lubricant employed it should be dissolved in ether, a 2 per cent. solution being sprayed on the dry material before compression, by means of an atomiser, and a spatula being subsequently used to stir the mixture, in order to allow the ether to evaporate. Sometimes, however, the use of ether is objectionable, on account of its solvent action on the material to be compressed, and liquid paraffin should then be employed, a few drops being well mixed with a portion of the material, after which the rest of the medicament may be added. In some cases, as already stated, it is useful to employ both talcum and solution of soft paraffin. The latter should then be applied first, the talcum being added after the ether has evaporated. Boric acid is less satisfactory as a lubricant than powdered talcum, and the proportion used should not exceed 2 per cent., but if it be desired to prepare tablets which shall be completely soluble in water the use of boric acid is essential. In any case the material to be compressed must be dry before attempting to compress it, or it will adhere to the dies, fail to feed regularly, and compress unevenly. It should also be noted that, in order to be able to produce perfect tablets, the operator must have had considerable experience, whilst possessing a practical knowledge of the capabilities of the particular machine used, and thoroughly conversant with the special treatment required by different substances or mixtures.

General Method of Procedure.

As already explained, ammonium chloride and other substances which are readily obtainable in the form of a fine granular powder, can be compressed into tablets without further preparation. Most other substances can be suitably granulated after being finely powdered, by adding to them 10 per cent. of their weight of powdered sugar and 5 per cent. of powdered gum acacia, while the addition to the granulated material of 5 to 10 per cent. of finely powdered starch facilitates rapid disintegration in the case of salol and other insoluble substances. As a rule, also, it is advantageous to pass the material twice through a sieve (usually No. 20), once directly after moistening, and again after drying the granulated powder, any granules which may adhere while moist being separated on passing through the sieve a second time, and the material being thus left in a more satisfactory condition for compression. If the addition of powdered starch or a lubricant be necessary, the twice-sifted material should be spread upon paper, the starch or lubricant scattered, or, if a liquid lubricant be used, sprayed over the granules, and the whole then stirred thoroughly with a spatula, after which it may be lightly shaken up in a wide-mouthed bottle.

It is imperative that the granulated powder should be quite dry before compression, otherwise, as already stated, it will adhere to the dies, fail to feed regularly, and compress unevenly. As a rule, light powders such as charcoal require no lubricant, granulation with powdered sugar sufficing to obtain them in the desired condition. In fact, the use of lubricants will often be found unnecessary, if care be exercised in preparing the materials for compression. Extracts and tinctures must be brought to the condition of a fine granular form before they can be dispensed in tablets, while salts containing water of crystallisation may require to be dehydrated, and deliquescent or hygroscopic substances will need the addition of powdered gum acacia in order to render them fit for compression. Special precautions must be observed in the manufacture of tablets intended for the preparation of solutions for hypodermic injection, everything being kept, as far as possible, in a thoroughly aseptic condition. Powdered sugar of milk is especially suitable as a diluent for potent remedies, the material to be granulated being moistened with diluted syrup, prepared by adding two parts of recently-boiled water to one part of simple syrupus.

In the following notes, which have been compiled from various sources, and reprinted from the *Pharmaceutical Journal*, such details are given regarding the procedure to be followed in particular cases as should enable pharmacists who have carefully studied the general instructions already given to prepare satisfactory compressed tablets of any drug which may be prescribed in that form. Many substances, of course, cannot with advantage be administered in tablet form, but such are sometimes ordered by medical practitioners, and it then becomes the pharmacist's duty to endeavour to present them in such a condition that the best results possible in the circumstances may be attained. Types of most, if not all, of the cases likely to be met with are here presented, and useful suggestions, at least, may be found by dispensers in search of information, if there should at any time be occasions when complete details prove to be lacking.

Manipulation in Special Cases.

ACETANILIDE.—Reduce to fine powder, to which add one-tenth its weight of powdered sugar, then add a few drops of syrup, mix thoroughly, and complete the moistening with water, after which the granulated mass should be passed through a No. 20 sieve and dried. When dry, pass through the sieve again, spray with ether-paraffin solution, stir thoroughly with a spatula, and allow to dry before compressing. If the material should adhere to the dies, add a little powdered French chalk, purified as already described just before compressing.

ACETANILIDE (COMPOUND).—Mix acetanilide, 350 gr.; caffeine, 50 gr.; sodium bicarbonate, 100 gr.; powdered sugar, 30 gr.; and gum acacia, 25 gr., all in fine powder. Moisten the mixture with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve, dry, again pass through a sieve, and lubricate with ether-paraffin solution before compressing. Make 100 tablets.

ACETANILIDE AND SALOL.—Mix equal weights of acetanilide and salol, in fine powder, add to the mixture one-tenth its weight of powdered sugar, and proceed as in the case of Acetanilide.

ACONITE (EXTRACT OF).—See Extracts and notes on Neuralgic tablets.

ALOES AND MYRRH.—Mix powdered aloes, 4; powdered myrrh, 2; and compound powder of cinnamon, 1. Moisten the mixture carefully with 70 per cent. alcohol, and proceed as in the case of Acetanilide (Compound), except that the lubricant can be omitted if the mixture has been moistened and granulated properly.

ALOIN.—Mix the powder with five times its weight of powdered sugar of milk, add a few drops of diluted syrup (syrup, 1; water, 2), mix thoroughly, and complete the moistening with water. Next, granulate the mass by passing through a No. 20 sieve, dry, again pass through the sieve, and lubricate with French chalk or ether-paraffin solution, as preferred. Or, if preferred, the mixture may be moistened with 70 per cent. alcohol instead of water, in which case the powder will dry more rapidly.

Aloin, Belladonna, and Strychnine.—Mix aloin, 20 gr.; strychnine, 1⅔ gr.; powdered extract of belladonna, 12½ gr.; powdered sugar of milk, 100 gr. Moisten with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve to granulate, and dry. Again pass through the sieve, lubricate with French chalk, and make 100 tablets.

Alum.—Dry thoroughly and reduce to fine powder, to which add one-twentieth its weight of powdered gum acacia. Then moisten with water, pass through a No. 12 sieve, dry and powder the granules, add one-tenth their weight of cane sugar, and moisten with just enough water to enable the mixture to pass again through the sieve. Allow the granules to dry spontaneously, complete the drying by the application of heat, then pass the mixture through a No. 20 sieve, lubricate, if necessary, with powdered boric acid, and compress.

Alum (Compound).—Mix exsiccated alum, 175 gr., with zinc sulphate, 200 gr.; dry thoroughly by the application of heat, and reduce the mixture to fine powder. Then add morphine sulphate, 4 gr.; hydrastinine hydrochloride, 8 gr.; powdered sugar, 40 gr. Moisten with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve, then dry thoroughly, and again pass through the sieve. Lubricate, if necessary, with powdered boric acid, and make 100 tablets.

Ammonium Chloride.—Reduce to a finely granular condition by the aid of a little water, then compress without further preparation.

Ammonium Chloride and Liquorice.—Mix powdered ammonium chloride, 200 gr.; powdered extract of liquorice, 800 gr.; oil of anise, 5 drops. Moisten the mixture with water and compress without further preparation.

Ammonium Chloride and Potassium Chlorate.—Mix equal weights of the finely granular powders by the aid of a spatula, moisten the mixture with water if necessary, and compress without further preparation.

Antipyrine.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide and substances of similar nature.

Arsenious Acid.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin. See also note on Neuralgic tablets.

Balsams.—Mixtures containing balsams do not usually require the addition of an adhesive, and should be moistened with alcohol prior to granulation.

Belladonna (Extract of).—See Aloin, Belladonna, and Strychnine; also notes on Extracts.

Benzoic Acid.—See note on Brown Mixture tablets, of which the acid constitutes an ingredient.

Bismuth Salicylate.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide.

Bismuth Subgallate.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, or Bismuth Salicylate.

Bismuth Subnitrate.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, or Bismuth Salicylate.

Bismuth Subnitrate and Pepsin.—Mix finely powdered pepsin, 100 gr., with bismuth subnitrate, 500 gr., and powdered sugar, 100 gr. Moisten the mixture very carefully with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve, dry, and again pass through the sieve. Finally, lubricate with French chalk or ether-paraffin solution, and make 100 tablets.

Brown Mixture.—Mix thoroughly, powdered extract of liquorice, 300 gr.; powdered opium, 5 gr.; benzoic acid, 5 gr.; powdered camphor, 5 gr.; oil of anise, 5 drops; tartar emetic, 2½ gr. Moisten the mixture with water, pass it through a No. 20 sieve, dry, again pass through the sieve, and make 100 tablets.

Bronchial.—Powder balsam of tolu, 20 gr., by rubbing it with sugar, 300 gr., cooling the balsam, if necessary, with ice; then add oil of sassafras, 10 minims; oleo-resin of cubebs, 20 gr., and powdered extract of liquorice, 700 gr. Moisten with 70 per cent. alcohol, lubricate with ether-paraffin solution and a little French chalk, then compress into 100 tablets. See also Throat and Voice tablets.

Caffeine.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Caffeine and Acetanilide.—See note on Acetanilide (Compound) tablets.

Calcium Sulphide.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Calomel.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Calomel and Santonin.—Mix calomel and powdered santonin, each 100 gr., with powdered sugar of milk, 300 gr., then moisten the mixture with water, and proceed as in the case of Acetanilide. Make 100 tablets.

Calomel and Sodium Bicarbonate.—(1) Mix sodium bicarbonate, 630 gr., with powdered gum acacia, 30 gr., moisten the mixture with water, pass it through a No. 40 sieve and place it in a wide-mouthed bottle. Then add calomel, 90 gr., shake until all the granules are coated, and finally compress. (2) Mix calomel, 100 gr., with powdered sugar, 10 gr., moisten with water, pass the mixture through a No. 20 sieve to granulate, and dry. Next, mix sodium bicarbonate, 100 gr., with powdered gum acacia, 10 gr., moisten the mixture with water, and granulate as before. Finally, mix the two lots of granules, reduce them to fine powder in a mortar, moisten with 70 per cent. alcohol, pass through the sieve to granulate, then dry and make 100 tablets.

Camphor.—Proceed as in the case of Balsams. See also note on Brown Mixture tablets.

Camphor (Monobromated).—Reduce to a finely granular condition and pass through a No. 20 sieve before compression.

Charcoal.—(1) Add to the finely-powdered charcoal 25 per cent. of powdered sugar, moisten well with water, and pass through a No. 12 sieve. Dry the granules, reduce them to powder, pass through a No. 60 or No. 80 sieve, and compress without the addition of a lubricant. Sometimes, however, a solution of gelatin is employed instead of sugar, and a little French chalk should then be used as a lubricant. (2) Mix finely-powdered charcoal, 500 gr., with powdered sugar, 100 gr., and powdered gum acacia, 40 gr. Moisten well with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve, dry, again pass through the sieve, lubricate with ether-paraffin solution if necessary, and make 100 tablets. (3) Add to the finely-powdered charcoal 5 per cent. of powdered gum acacia, moisten with liquid glucose diluted with 25 per cent. of water, then pass through a No. 20 sieve, dry, and again pass through the sieve before compressing.

Chloralamide.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, or Antipyrine.

Cinchonidine.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, or Antipyrine.

Cocaine Hydrochloride.—Mix cocaine hydrochloride, 225 gr., with powdered sugar, 30 gr., moisten with water which has been recently boiled, and granulate as in the case of acetanilide, but lubricate with 1 to 2 per cent. of powdered boric acid. Make 100 tablets. One tablet dissolved in a fluid drachm of distilled water will produce a 4 per cent. solution (approximately) of cocaine hydrochloride.

Codeine.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Creosote.—Add sufficient powdered starch to absorb the liquid, then proceed as in the case of Aloin.

Cubeb Oleo-Resin.—See note on Bronchial Tablets, of which this oleo-resin constitutes an ingredient.

Deliquescent Substances.—Add powdered gum acacia, in the proportion of one-tenth the weight of substance, and moisten with water.

Digitalin.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Effervescing Mixtures.—(1) Granulate the constituents of the mixture separately, and mix the granules, in a perfectly dry condition, just before compressing. (2) Proceed as in making an effervescent salt, granulate with 70 per cent. alcohol, pass through a No. 20 sieve, then dry and compress.

Ergotin.—Mix with a small quantity of powdered starch, then proceed as in the case of Aloin.

Dover's Powder.—Add a few drops of diluted syrup (syrup, 1; water, 2), mix thoroughly, complete the moistening with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve, and dry; again pass through the sieve, lubricate if necessary, and compress.

Extracts (Liquid).—(1) Evaporate to a syrupy consistence and then absorb the excess of water by the addition of about 25 per cent. of powdered starch, leaving the mixture sufficiently moist to be of a proper consistence when granulated, after which proceed as in the case of acetanilide adding a lubricant if necessary. (2) Evaporate to the condition of a very soft extract, add a small quantity of powdered starch to absorb the excess of water, then add sugar of milk and proceed as in the case of Aloin.

Extracts (Powdered).—(1) Add 5 to 10 per cent. of powdered starch, then mix with 10 per cent. of powdered sugar and 5 per cent. of powdered gum acacia. Moisten the mixture with water or 70 per cent. alcohol, pass through a No. 12 sieve to granulate, then dry, pass through a No. 20 sieve, add a lubricant if necessary, and, finally, compress. (2) Proceed as in the case of Aloin.

Extracts (Solid).—(1) Rub to a syrupy consistence by the aid of a little water, then proceed as in the first method for liquid extracts. (2) Rub smooth with alcohol or other suitable liquid, according to the nature of the extract, absorb the excess of liquid by the addition of sufficient powdered starch, then add sugar of milk, and proceed as in the case of Aloin.

Gums.—Mixtures containing gums require similar treatment to those containing Balsams.

Hydrastine Hydrochloride.—See notes on Alum (Compound) and Lead (Compound) tablets.

Hygroscopic Substances.—Proceed as in the case of Deliquescent Substances.

Hypodermics.—(1) Powdered sugar of milk may be used as a diluent, and the mixture should then be moistened with diluted syrup (syrup 1; water, 2), but dried sodium sulphate, sodium chloride, or ammonium chloride will frequently be found preferable. Purified salts should alone be used, and all the materials should be thoroughly aseptic, water used for moistening having been recently boiled. Powdered boric acid is the most suitable lubricant, but the quantity used should not exceed 2 per cent. (2) Use powdered sugar as a diluent, moisten the mixture with 80 per cent. alcohol, and use powdered boric acid (1 to 2 per cent.) as a lubricant.

Insoluble Substances.—Add 10 per cent. of powdered sugar for granulation, and use water for moistening, as in the case of Acetanilide.

Iron (Saccharated Carbonate).—Moisten with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve, dry, again pass through the sieve, and lubricate with ether-paraffin solution.

Iron (Saccharated Iodide).—Proceed as in the case of Iron (Saccharated Carbonate).

Iron (Saccharated Oxide).—Proceed as in the case of Iron (Saccharated Carbonate).

Iron Phosphate, Quinine, and Strychnine.—Mix thoroughly, iron phosphate, 200 gr.; quinine sulphate, 100 gr.; strychnine, 1⅔ gr.; powdered sugar, 25 gr. Moisten the mixture with water, then granulate and lubricate as in the case of Acetanilde. Make 100 tablets.

Iron, Quinine, and Zinc Valerianates.—Mix finely powdered iron, quinine, and zinc valerianates, each 50 gr.; powdered sugar, 50 gr.; and powdered gum acacia, 20 gr. Moisten with water, granulate as in the case of Acetanilide, lubricate with ether-paraffin solution and a small quantity of French chalk, and make 100 tablets.

Lead (Compound).—Mix lead and zinc acetates, each 200 gr., dry thoroughly by the aid of heat, then reduce to fine powder and add hydrastine hydrochloride, 5 gr.; morphine acetate, 3 gr.; powdered sugar, 40 gr. Moisten with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve, dry, and make 100 tablets.

Liquorice Powder (Compound).—Use a very fine powder and proceed as in the case of Dover's Powder.

Lithium Citrate.—(1) Mix dry powdered citric acid, 480 gr., with powdered sugar, 76 gr., moisten with water, pass through a No. 20 sieve, and dry thoroughly. Then mix dried sodium bicarbonate, 304 gr., with lithium carbonate, 106 gr., and powdered sugar, 200 gr., moisten with water, granulate as before, and dry. Next, mix the two lots of granules, again pass through the sieve, and make 100 tablets. (2) Dry and mix thoroughly lithium citrate, 300 gr.; sodium bicarbonate, 302 gr.; tartaric acid, 275 gr.; and powdered sugar, 275 gr. Moisten with 70 per cent. alcohol, rub through a No. 20 sieve, dry thoroughly, and make 100 tablets.

Manganese Dioxide.—Mix thoroughly, finely powdered managanese dioxide, 100 gr.; powdered sugar, 50 gr.; and powdered gum acacia, 10 gr. Moisten with water, granulate as in the case of Acetanilide, and lubricate with paraffin if necessary. Make 100 tablets.

Mercuric Chloride.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin. Care must be taken to avoid contact of the mercuric chloride with metal dies.

Mercuric Iodide.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Mercurous Iodide.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Morphine.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Morphine Acetate.—See Lead (Compound) tablets, of which this salt constitutes an ingredient.

Morphine Sulphate.—Mix morphine sulphate, 25 gr., with powdered sugar, 50 gr., moisten the mixture with 80 per cent. alcohol, then dry, lubricate with 1 to 2 per cent. of powdered boric acid, and make 100 tablets. See also Alum (Compound) tablets and Neuralgic tablets.

Myrrh and Aloes.—See note on Aloes and Myrrh tablets.

Neuralgic.—Mix quinine sulphate, 50 gr.; morphine sulphate, 1¼ gr.; strychnine sulphate, 5/6th gr.; arsenious acid, 1¼ gr.; powdered extract of aconite, 12½ gr.; powdered sugar, 20 gr.; and powdered sugar of milk, 100 gr. Moisten with water, granulate and lubricate as in the case of Acetanilide, and make 100 tablets.

Nux Vomica (Extract).—Proceed as in the case of Aloin, after rubbing smooth with alcohol and adding a little powdered starch to absorb the excess of liquid.

Opium.—Reduce to very fine powder, and proceed as in the case of Aloin. See also note on Brown Mixture tablets.

Pepsin.—(1) If powdered pepsin be used, add 10 per cent. of powdered sugar, spray the mixture with 50 per cent. alcohol, mix thoroughly and pass through a No. 80 sieve, then dry and compress. (2) Mix powdered pepsin with four times its weight of powdered sugar of milk, moisten with 70 per cent. alcohol, granulate as in the case of Acetanilide, and lubricate with French chalk. (3) Reduce scale pepsin to No. 30 or 40 powder, and lubricate with French chalk before compressing.

Pepsin and Bismuth.—See notes on Bismuth Subnitrate and Pepsin tablets.

Phenacetin.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide or Antipyrine.

Phenacetin and Salol.—(1) Mix equal weights of phenacetin and salol, in fine powder, and proceed as in the case of Acetanilide and Salol. (2) To the mixture of phenacetin and salol add 5 to 10 per cent. of powdered starch, then moisten the mixture with 70 per cent. alcohol, pass through a No. 20 sieve, warm the granules slightly, dry, and compress.

Podophyllin.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin and other potent remedies.

Potassium Bitartrate and Sulphur.—Mix equal weights of potassium bitartrate and sulphur, and add to the mixture 5 per cent. by weight each of powdered sugar and powdered gum acacia. Moisten with water, granulate as in the case of Acetanilide, and compress without using any lubricant.

Potassium Bromide.—Reduce to a finely granular condition, and compress without further preparation.

Potassium Chlorate.—Proceed as in the case of Potassium Bromide.

Potassium Chlorate and Ammonium Chloride.—See note on Ammonium Chloride and Potassium Chlorate tablets.

Potassium Iodide.—Proceed as in the case of Potassium Bromide.

Potassium Permanganate.—Reduce to a finely granular condition and pass through a No. 20 sieve before compression, as in the case of Monobromated Camphor.

Quinine Bisulphate.—Lubricate with ether-paraffin solution, dry, add 2 per cent. of powdered French chalk if necessary, and compress.

Quinine Sulphate.—(1) Proceed as in the case of the first method for Charcoal, but use a little ether-paraffin solution or finely powdered starch as a lubricant if the tablets are required to disintegrate very readily. (2) Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide. See also Iron Phosphate, Quinine, and Strychnine tablets, and Neuralgic tablets.

Quinine Tannate and Chocolate.—Mix quinine tannate, 100 gr.; powdered chocolate 300 gr.; saccharin, 10 gr; and powdered sugar, 100 gr. Moisten with water, granulate as in the case of Acetanilide, and lubricate with ether-paraffin solution if necessary. The saccharin is sometimes omitted.

Quinine Valerianate.—See note on Iron, Quinine, and Strychnine Valerianates.

Rhubarb and Magnesia.—Mix powdered rhubarb, 200 gr., with powdered sugar, 25 gr., add oil of peppermint, 15 drops, moisten the mixture with liquid glucose diluted with three times its volume of water, pass it through a No. 20 sieve, and dry. Then mix magnesium oxide or carbonate, 200 gr., with powdered sugar, 25 gr., and powdered gum acacia, 50 gr., moisten the mixture with water, pass it through a No. 20 sieve, and dry. Next, mix the two lots of granules and rub to fine powder in a mortar, moisten with 70 per cent. alcohol, again pass through the sieve, dry, and make 100 tablets.

Rhubarb and Soda.—Proceed as in the case of Rhubarb and Magnesia, substituting sodium bicarbonate for the magnesium compound. The rhubarb is granulated separately, in order to prevent it being acted on by the alkali. A mixture of liquid glucose, 1, water, 1, and alcohol, 3, may be used for moistening the rhubarb instead of the simple mixture of glucose and water.

Salicin.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, Antipyrine, or Phenacetin.

Salicylic Acid.—Proceed as in the case of Charcoal or Quinine Sulphate.

Salol.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, adding 5 to 10 per cent. of finely powdered starch to facilitate disintegration.

Salol and Acetanilide.—See note on Acetanilide and Salol tablets.

Salol and Phenacetin.—See note on Phenacetin and Salol tablets.

Santonin and Calomel.—See note on Calomel and Santonin tablets.

Santonin and Chocolate.—Mix powdered santonin and chocolate, each 100 gr., with powdered sugar, 300 gr., moisten with water, and proceed as in the case of Acetanilide. Make 100 tablets.

Salts (Hydrated).—Reduce the crystals to fine powder, and proceed as in the case of Alum. Or, the salts may be thoroughly dried before mixing with the other ingredients, as in the case of Alum (Compound) tablets.

Scale Preparations.—Reduce to No. 30 or 40 powder, lubricate with French chalk, and compress.

Soda and Rhubarb.—See previous note on Rhubarb and Soda tablets.

Soda Mint.—(1) Mix sodium carbonate, 400 gr.; powdered gum acacia, 45 gr.; and oil of peppermint, 16 drops. Moisten with water, and proceed as in the case of Acetanilide. The oil of peppermint is sometimes added after the other ingredients have been granulated and dried, being dissolved in 90 per cent. alcohol and sprayed upon the material, which must then be again dried before compressing. Make 100 tablets. (2) Mix sodium bicarbonate, 400 gr.; powdered gum acacia, 25 gr.; ammonium carbonate, 8 gr.; and oil of peppermint, 15 drops. Moisten with 50 per cent. alcohol, pass through a No. 20 sieve, then dry and compress.

Sodium Bicarbonate.—Add 5 per cent. of powdered gum acacia, moisten with water, and proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, but omitting the lubricant.

Sodium Salicylate.—Add 5 per cent. of powdered gum acacia, moisten with 50 per cent. alcohol, pass through a No. 20 sieve, dry, and compress. Solution of gelatin may be used instead of the gum, but in that case a little French chalk must be added before compression.

Strychnine.—Proceed as in the case of Aloin. See also notes on Aloin, Belladonna, and Strychnine tablets, and Iron Phosphate, Quinine, and Strychnine tablets.

Strychnine Sulphate.—See note on Neuralgic tablets, of which strychnine sulphate constitutes an ingredient.

Sulphonal.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, adding 5 to 10 per cent. of finely powdered starch to facilitate disintegration.

Sulphur and Cream of Tartar.—See note on Potassium Bitartrate and Sulphur tablets.

Tartar Emetic.—See note on Brown Mixture tablets, of which tartar emetic constitutes an ingredient.

Throat and Voice.—Proceed as in the case of Bronchial tablets, adding ammonium chloride, 300 gr., to the other ingredients, and making 130 tablets instead of 100. No lubricant need be used.

Tinctures.—Proceed as in the case of Liquid Extracts, or use equivalent quantities of the latter instead of the tinctures.

Trional.—Proceed as in the case of Acetanilide, adding 5 to 10 per cent. of finely powdered starch to facilitate disintegration.

Voice.—See preceding formulæ for Bronchial tablets and Throat and Voice tablets.

Zinc Acetate.—See note on Lead (Compound) tablets, of which zinc acetate constitutes an ingredient.

Zinc Sulphate.—Proceed as in the case of Alum. See also note on Alum (Compound) tablets.

Zinc Valerianate.—See note on Iron, Quinine, and Zinc Valerianates.

Oil of Theobroma as an Excipient.

The outcome of investigations by Edmund White, in conjunction with R. A. Robinson, jun., and Henry Rodwell, has been to show that oil of theobroma possesses special advantages as a tablet excipient, both for dispensing purposes and for operations on a larger scale (*vide P.J.*, August 1, 1903). Two methods have been devised for distributing the oil of theobroma uniformly throughout the material to be compressed, so as to form a granulated product capable (1) of automatic feeding, and (2) of compression into coherent polished tablets with the minimum of force. The first method involves the use of the oil of theobroma in the form of an aqueous emulsion, and is applicable to such substances as do not form tough or doughy masses when moistened with water, including the greater number of substances required in tablet form. In the second method the oil of theobroma is dissolved in ether or ether-alcohol, and the resulting solution is used in compressing vegetable drugs, such as aloes and other substances which form masses of a pill-like nature when moistened with water.

Theobroma Emulsion.

The emulsion of oil of theobroma has the following formula:—

Oil of Theobroma	25 parts
Hard Soap	5 parts
Tragacanth	0·5 part
Benzoic Acid	0·25 part
Distilled Water .... to	100 parts

Dissolve the soap in 25 parts of water by heat, add the hot solution to the melted theobroma, and mix by whisking or agitation; shake in the tragacanth, add the benzoic acid, then the remainder of the water. Gum acacia may be used in place of soap without making any appreciable difference in the general utility of the product. The product in either case should be a thick, smooth, white cream, free from lumps. The addition of benzoic acid is only necessary as an antiseptic precaution if the product is to be kept in stock. The method of application is as follows:—The substance to be compressed, in the finest possible powder, should be triturated with sufficient of the emulsion to form a damp coherent powder—so damp that it can be shaken through a No. 20 or 30 sieve without pressure, and without adhering to the meshes; the sifted product, after exposure to the air for a few hours, or during the night, is ready for compression. If the drying process be accelerated by the application of heat, the dried product must be allowed to cool for an hour or two at least for the theobroma to solidify, before compression is attempted, but in the majority of cases it is better to avoid the use of artificial heat If the bulk of substance to be compressed in each tablet either demands or allows the addition of any diluting material, cane sugar should be used; in no case does it interfere with the production of a good tablet, and in some cases the addition appears to be quite necessary. When the substance to be compressed is of a dusty nature, and has little inherent tendency to cohere on compression, the addition of a little glucose is advantageous, giving a tablet with better finish, and less liability to crack after compression.

Ether-Alcohol Solution of Theobroma.

The formula for the ether-alcohol solution of theobroma is as follows:—

Oil of Theobroma		1 fl. ounce
Ether	to	6 fl. ounces

Dissolve, and add an equal volume of rectified spirit, as required for use. The manner of granulating with the above is to add it to the substance or mixture contained in a mortar, trituration being accomplished as quickly as possible, and the whole of the solution required being added at once. The mass is then passed through a No. 20 or 30 sieve, and allowed to dry by exposure. Compression can, in some cases, be proceeded with almost immediately, but it will be found more satisfactory generally to allow the mixture to stand for an hour or two. Sugar granulates remarkably well with the above excipient, and the previous remarks on its addition apply here as well.

A number of formulæ for tablets prepared with oil of theobroma, and corresponding to official and unofficial pills in common use, will be found in Section I. of this book; excluding the cases of substances like potassium chlorate, which may be compressed without any addition of excipient, the results of the work referred to show that oil of theobroma, applied as directed, may be used with advantage as a granulating and lubricating agent. The addition of small quantities of glucose was found to exert a beneficial influence in certain cases where the material has a tendency to stick to the dies or crack after compression, and appeared to indicate that the granules in such cases possessed insufficient cohesive power. As a rule, formulæ containing much sugar require relatively little emulsion as excipient. With crystalline salts addition of sugar is usually unnecessary. The selection of one or other of the two forms of excipient is controlled by the nature of the substance to be granulated, that one being avoided which forms a lumpy or tough mixture of a pill-mass nature. Ethereal solution, without alcohol, was found to be of limited use owing to its inability to give satisfactory granules. Further experience will probably show that the relative proportions of ether and alcohol may be varied with advantage in certain cases.

Compressed Lozenges.

Messrs. White and Rodwell have also tried the preparation of various lozenges by compression, instead of the usual method of manufacture, and have obtained results which appear very satisfactory. The advantage of avoiding the application of heat is obvious in the case of volatile substances, such as phenol and essential oils. The general method followed was to granulate the mixture of medicament, sugar, and gum, by means of the theobroma emulsion, and highly compress the dried granules. So far as the Pharmacopœia lozenges are concerned, they have been satisfactorily prepared by compression with each of the official bases—simple, rose, tolu, and fruit basis respectively.

SECTION III.

CHEMISTS' AND DRUGGISTS' RECIPES.

THE SALE OF KNOWN, ADMITTED, AND APPROVED REMEDIES.

THE Medicine Stamp Acts require that all compounded medicines shall be liable to Stamp Duty, provided that any of the following five conditions apply to them :—

(1) If they are secret remedies.
(2) If an exclusive right is claimed to make them.
(3) If at any time they have been the subject of Letters Patent.
(4) If at any time they have been, or are, held out to the public by the makers, vendors, or the proprietors as nostrums or proprietary medicines.
(5) If at any time they have been, or are, held out by the makers, vendors, or proprietors, as beneficial for the prevention, cure, or relief of ailments affecting the human body.

There is, however, a special legal exemption (52 Geo. III., c. 150) which deals with compounded medicines that would be liable to duty by reason only of their coming within condition No. 5. If any of the first four conditions apply to the article, it cannot come within this exemption. Chemists and druggists who have served a regular apprenticeship may sell, with a recommendation for the prevention, cure, or relief of ailments, compounded medicines provided that, in the words of the Act—

(1) The different denominations, properties, qualities, virtues, and efficacies of which mixtures, compositions, and preparations as aforesaid are known, admitted, and approved of in the prevention, cure, or relief of any disorder, malady, ailment, or complaint, incident to or in anywise affecting the human body.
(2) They are not within any of the first four of the foregoing conditions, and
(3) That the original or first vendor did not hold them out as beneficial for the prevention, cure, or relief of ailments.

The onus is upon the chemist in case of a prosecution to prove that his article satisfies the terms of the exemption, but the Board of Inland Revenue, acting upon the High Court judgment in the case of Farmer *v.* Glyn-Jones, has decided to regard as coming within the exemption compounded medicines which do not offend against conditions 1, 2, 3, 4, provided the composition of the medicines is disclosed by the seller, either by stating on the labels the names of all the active medicinal ingredients, or by indicating thereon that the formulæ in accordance with which the medicines are prepared appear in the 'Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary,' or the British Pharmacopœia, or some other recognised book of reference. Absolute identification of the formulæ is at present (January, 1904) insisted upon by the Board, and chemists and druggists who are not prepared to contest the validity of that regulation should be careful to state upon labels the registered numbers of recipes which appear in the 'Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary,' when two or more recipes appear under the same name. Thus, "Blood Purifier—'Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary,' 2308," or "Influenza Mixture—'P.J. Form.,' 2220," will be regarded by the Board of Inland Revenue as a sufficient disclosure of the composition of the particular mixture.

The inclusion in the names of compounded medicines of personal names, whether in the possessive case or not—*e.g.*, "Hamilton's Pills" or "Liver Pills (Hamilton)"—is considered by the Board to incur liability unless the formulæ for the medicines are stated upon the labels, or published in the British Pharmacopœia and that fact duly indicated. It is, however, doubtful if this contention would be upheld in the courts, unless it could be proved that the medicines had at one time been of a secret or proprietary character, as in the case of "Godfrey's Cordial" and "Dalby's Carminative," which are permanently liable to stamp duty. At the same time, it should be noted that the onus of proving that a proprietary interest has never been created in a given medicinal preparation will fall upon any individual who chooses to contest the point. For further particulars regarding the incidence of Medicine Stamp Duty, the Section of this book containing Legal Information should be consulted.

SECTION III:—CHEMISTS' AND DRUGGISTS' RECIPES.

RECIPES FOR MIXTURES.

lterative and Blood Mixtures.

Alterative Mixture. (3449.)

Synonym.—Blood Purifier.

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Compound Concentrated Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Alterative Mixture. (3647.)

Ferrous Sulphate	20 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative Mixture. (55.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Calumba	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quassia	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alterative Mixture. (3157.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alterative Blood Mixture. (356.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Chloroform Water or Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Alterative and Tonic Mixture. (2336.)

Borax	510 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	120 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	720 grains
Potassium Carbonate	240 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Pennyroyal	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water (boiling), a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Cleansing Mixture. (3999.)

Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Arsenical Solution	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Elixir. (4845.)

Potassium Iodide	150 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Medicine. (4620.)

Potassium Iodide	180 grains
Arsenical Solution	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	30 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (669.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (147.)

Oil of Wintergreen	6 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Mixture of Senna	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (1183.)

Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (1435.)

Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (1479.)

Magnesium Sulphate	8 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Nitric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	15 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (1132.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (2900.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Burnt Sugar	40 minims
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (2884.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (2957.)

Potassium Iodide	360 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	5 ounces
Oil of Sassafras	7 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (2943.)

Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (2929.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	32 grains
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Mercuric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (2923.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (2973.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Mixture. (3192.)

Potassium Chlorate	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphate	10 ounces
Chloroform	90 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3100.)

Potassium Chlorate	40 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (2873.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	40 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (3421.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (2688.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3554.)

Extract of Liquorice	48 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	72 grains
Potassium Iodide	72 grains
Sodium Sulphate	480 grains
Arsenical Solution	96 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3603.)

Extract of Gentian	½ ounce
Chloroform	30 minims
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Cinchona	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (3360.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	3 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	4½ ounces
Potassium Iodide	360 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4764.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	2¾ ounces
Potassium Iodide	200 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4678.)

Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	4 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senna	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	8 minims
Tincture of Podophyllum	24 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (3265.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3357.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Sodium Sulphate	360 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (4827.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4598.)

Potassium Iodide	144 grains
Elixir of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4600.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (5054.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	64 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (4999.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3813.)

Ferrous Sulphate	12 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (3700.)

Potassium Iodide	2 ounces
Arsenical Solution	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	2½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (148.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (145.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Mixture. (2236.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (3635.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3391.)

Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	30 minims
Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	48 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Mixture. (1627.)

Potassium Iodide	64 grains
Burnt Sugar	20 minims
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 8 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (3315.)

Magnesium Sulphate	3 ounces
Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Chloroform	48 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (1908.)

Potassium Iodide	300 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	5 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4691.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	80 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4695.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4680.)

Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Solution of Burnt Sugar	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	160 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (5041.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4966.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	90 grains
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (4544.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (6438.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Mixture. (4151.)

Potassium Iodide	960 grains
Arsenical Solution	7½ fl. drachm
Solution of Mercuric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (3982.)

(Dr. Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.)

Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ferrous Iodide	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3995.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4569.)

Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Liquid Extract of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (4500.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3923.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	24 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	30 minims
Tincture of Orange	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Mixture. (2196.)

Magnesium Sulphate	½ ounce
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	120 grains
Oil of Sassafras	4 drops
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (3734.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	80 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Chloroform	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (3755.)

Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Potassium Iodide	16 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (3772.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (1451.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4202.)

Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Decoction of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (499.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (2352.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Iodide	300 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (4689.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (5208.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	80 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture. (5604.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	96 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (5162.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	288 grains
Potassium Iodide	288 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	288 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Arsenious and Mercuric Iodides	3½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (5601.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	45 grains
Arsenical Solution	45 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	18 minims
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (6442.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	80 grains
Potassium Citrate	80 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Mixture. (6465.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Arsenical Solution	48 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (6492.)

Potassium Iodide	480 grains
Burnt Sugar	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	36 minims
Arsenical Solution	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture or Blood Purifier. (3160.)

Potassium Chlorate	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Arsenical Solution	80 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Mixture or Purifier. (5073.)

Magnesium Sulphate	2 ounces
Potassium Chlorate	360 grains
Potassium Iodide	1½ ounces
Compound Concentrated Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood and Nerve Mixture. (3584.)

Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. drachms
Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood and Nerve Mixture. (3058.)

Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (2845.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (2840.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. drachm
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (3304.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Burnt Sugar	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (3305.)

Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4435.)

Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (3033.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Burnt Sugar	3 minims
Solution of Potash	24 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (2982.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	720 grains
Potassium Iodide	300 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (4701.)

Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (2050.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	160 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (3440.)

Potassium Iodide	63 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	96 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	96 minims
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	4 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (4811.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	1½ ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ferrous Iodide	4½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (3314.)

Potassium Iodide	450 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (6496.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Potassium Iodide	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885) a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (3271.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Decoction of Sarsaparilla, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4748.)

Potassium Chlorate	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Arsenical Solution	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (1854.)

Potassium Chlorate	80 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Mercuric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to prodcce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (2028.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (3646.)

Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Arsenical Solution	48 minims
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (2039.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Potassium Nitrate	80 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (2308.)

Potassium Iodide	160 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (2095.)

Magnesium Sulphate	8 ounces
Potassium Iodide	1¼ ounces
Potassium Nitrate	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. drachm
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (2146.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (2389.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	36 grains
Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	12 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	36 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	36 minims
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (2414.)

Potassium Iodide	18 grains
Arsenical Solution	36 minims
Solution of Potash	36 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	144 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (3483.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4605.)

Compound Mixture of Senna	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (5060.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	1¼ ounces
Magnesium Sulphate	6 ounces
Potassium Iodide	160 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (4562.)

Potassium Chlorate	40 grains
Potassium Iodide	53 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Arsenical Solution	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (4354.)

Synonym.—Eczema Mixture.

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	1½ ounces
Potassium Iodide	1 ounce
Solution of Mercuric Chloride	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (2872.)

Ferrous Sulphate	30 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Quinine Sulphate	15 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4023.)

Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	45 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	45 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (4567.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (4462.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	84 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4270.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Arsenical Solution	40 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Blood Purifier. (698.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4180.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	4 ounces
Potassium Iodide	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (4395.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Arsenical Solution	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4051.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Mercuric Chloride	1 grain
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4388.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	288 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4064.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Solution of Potash	½ fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (3551.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	960 grains
Potassium Iodide	300 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	5 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4443.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Compound Mixture of Senna	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (4341.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Decoction of Cinchona	4½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4044.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Liquid Extract of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Arsenical Solution	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4019.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4408.)

Potassium Iodide	12 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (3966.)

Potassium Iodide	80 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4294.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4471.)

Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Arsenical Solution	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (4129.)

Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (1115.)

Potassium Iodide	12 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (4155.)

Synonym.—Sarsaparilla Mixture.

Potassium Iodide	15 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Compound Mixture of Senna	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (1035.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (4353.)

Synonym.—Eczema Mixture.

Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	1 ounce
Solution of Mercuric Chloride	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (5027.)

Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (3786.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Compound Concentrated Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (3799.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (4227.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	180 grains
Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (3919.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (3849.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (3940.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	½ fl. ounce
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (1332.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (85.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Arsenious and Mercuric Iodides	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (4.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	20 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (732.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Sodium Sulphate	480 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Wintergreen	1 minim
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (338.)

Ferrous Sulphate	20 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (3933.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (4303.)

Potassium Iodide	15 grains
Arsenical Solution	40 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (726.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Sulphate	180 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (2644.)

Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (2558.)

Magnesium Sulphate	10 ounces
Potassium Iodide	1 ounce
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	84 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (3398.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Chloroform	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (2517.)

Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	2 minims
Oil of Sassafras	3 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	2 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	46 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (3906.)

Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	32 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (5609.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	900 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	15 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Glycerin	7½ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	50 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	15 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	15 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (5608.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (5607.)

Magnesium Sulphate	3 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Iodide	192 grains
Arsenical Solution	96 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Arsenious and Mercuric Iodides	96 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (5112.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	7 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (5160.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	800 grains
Potassium Iodide	160 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	400 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (5139.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifier. (5606.)

Potassium Chlorate	2 ounces
Potassium Iodide	1½ ounces
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (3310.)

Potassium Iodide	80 grains
Solution of Potash	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4668.)

Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (4730.)

Magnesium Sulphate	150 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	5 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (6452.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Chlorate	72 grains
Potassium Iodide	72 grains
Arsenical Solution	48 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Purifier. (6404.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Potassium Iodide	360 grains
Compound Mixture of Senna	24 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (5610.)

Magnesium Sulphate	7½ ounces
Potassium Iodide	300 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3¾ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (4878.)

Potassium Iodide	64 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifying Medicine. (3350.)

Potassium Chlorate	1 ounce
Potassium Bromide	2 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	8 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Cusparia	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifying Medicine. (4284.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifying Mixture. (5603.)

Potassium Iodide	¾ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifying Mixture. (4805.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	24 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifying Mixture. (4402.)

Potassium Bromide	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifying Mixture. (4117.)

Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chiretta	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifying Mixture. (768.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifying Mixture. (1485.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	45 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Blood Purifying Mixture. (6.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains.
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	400 minims
Liquid Extract of Cinchona	200 minims
Solution of Potash	100 minims
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood and Liver Syrup. (523.)

Borax, in powder	20 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	40 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	5 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	2 minims
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	2 fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Blood and Skin Mixture. (5090.)

Magnesium Sulphate	525 grains
Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	80 grains
Chloroform	20 minims
Arsenical Solution	40 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Tonic. (538.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Tonic Mixture. (3571.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	240 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	12 ounces
Arsenical Solution	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Blood Medicine. (2510.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Compound Blood Medicine. (3611.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Blood Medicine. (2759.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Juice of Taraxacum	½ fl. ounce
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cooling and Blood Mixture. (3545.)

Potassium Citrate	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Arsenical Solution	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iodized Blood Mixture. (4921.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Purifying Mixture. (720.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Purifying Mixture. (3957.)

Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Sodium Potasium Tartrate	240 grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic and Blood Mixture. (2853.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water or Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Skin and Blood Mixture. (4272.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Compound Concentrated Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Skin and Blood Purifier. (3711.)

Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Sodium Sulphate	240 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	1½ fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	4 minims
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Skin and Blood Purifier. (4908.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Burnt Sugar	10 drops
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Skin and Blood Purifier. (3346.)

Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin and Blood Purifier. (5602.)

Ammonium Carbonate	10 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Burnt Sugar	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Skin and Blood Purifier. (6487.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Spring Medicine. (4393.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Senna	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Spring Mixture for the Blood. (5053.)

Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Solution of Arsenious and Mercuric Iodides	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Blood Purifier. (6476.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Compound Mixture of Senna	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Essence of Sarsaparilla and Dandelion. (3814.)

Extract of Gentian	30 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Potash	90 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Sarsaparilla Blood Mixture. (3876.)

Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Sarsaparilla Mixture. (4756.)

Synonym.—Blood Mixture.

Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Compound Syrup of Red Clover	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Decoction of Sarsaparilla. (3429.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	24 minims
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (3377.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (1251.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (1046.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (101.)

Synonym.—Blood Purifier.

Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Solution of Potash	5 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	7½ fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (2283.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	960 grains
Potassium Iodide	480 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Sarsaparilla	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (370.)

Synonym.—Blood Mixture.

Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (3074.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	72 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (4958.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (5013.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Sulphate	240 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (4940.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces.

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (4228.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces.
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces.

Mix.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (4369.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Potassium Iodide	10 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (3864.)

Synonym.—Blood Purifying and Tonic Medicine.

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (344.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (4060.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces.

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (459.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Sarsaparilla (B.P., 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (5605.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (3208.)

Synonyms.—Blood Purifier; Blood Mixture.

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	20 minims
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Iodised Sarsaparilla Blood Mixture. (4976.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iodised Sarsaparilla Blood Purifier. (3690.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Sarsaparilla Blood Mixture. (4070.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Sarsaparilla Blood Purifier. (4263.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Arsenical Solution	32 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Sarsaparilla Blood Purifier. (2143.)

Synonym.—Sarsaparilla Mixture.

Ammonium Carbonate	3 ounces
Potassium Iodide	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 ounces
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	20 fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	192 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Mixtures.

Sarsaparilla Blood Purifier. (2792.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	36 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	12 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sarsaparilla Blood Purifier. (3763.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	600 grains
Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla	240 grains
Extract of Liquorice	240 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	480 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sarsaparilla Compound. (3564.)

Potassium Bromide	132 grains
Potassium Iodide	54 grains
Liquid Extract of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Sarsaparilla Mixture. (4856.)

Potassium Citrate	80 grains
Potassium Iodide	16 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Asthma and Bronchitis Mixture. (4968.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Senega	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Asthma and Bronchitis Mixture. (3153.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Asthma and Bronchitis Mixture. (3780.)

Composition Powder	1½ ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	75 minims
Spirit of Ether	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Pennyroyal (1=8)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Spearmint (1=8)	4 fl. drachms
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	2½ fl. ounces
Treacle	7 pounds
Distilled Water, boiling	40 fl. ounces

Mix and strain. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Asthmatic and Bronchial Mixture. (2444.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Stramonium	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Bronchial, Cough and Cold Mixture (for Adults). (3661.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchial, Cold and Cough Mixture. (3660.)

For Children.

Potassium Citrate	32 grains
Glycerin	320 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	160 minims
Oxymel of Squill	320 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	160 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	80 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	80 minims
Syrup	320 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Bronchial Healer. (3479.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Bronchial Mixture. (2051.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pounds

Mix. Dose.—20 to 120 minims.

Bronchial Mixture. (1354.)

Expectorant Elixir of Opium (No. 1355)	14 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Lobelia	½ fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm for an adult.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchial Mixture. (3475.)

Ammonium Carbonate	192 grains
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Extract of Stramonium	10 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cubebs	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Mixture. (3938.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	80 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Mixture. (3782.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchial Mixture. (870.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Antimonial Wine	3 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Mixture or Drops. (869.)

Dr. Henderson's Prescription.

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 80 minims.

Bronchial Mixture. (4164.)

Ammonium Carbonate	20 grains
Ammonium Chloride	40 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Cough Mixture. (2124.)

Ammonium Carbonate	48 grains
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchial Cough Mixture. (1875.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P., 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Cough Mixture. (2938.)

Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride...	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	10 ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Squill	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Cough Mixture. (3617.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	30 minims
Chloroform	20 minims
Glucose	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Cough Mixture. (2027.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Cough Syrup. (3920.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Bronchitis Elixir for Adults. (3411.)

Chlorodyne	30 minims
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Infusion of Senega	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4948.)

Ammonium Bromide	80 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Chlorodyne	80 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4890.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	2 fl. drachms
Decoction of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4969.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Senega	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (6453.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride ...	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	9½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4525.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	12 minims
Chloroform Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3298.)

Ammonium Carbonate	24 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Senega	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (2736.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3333.)

Chlorodyne (No. 656)	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (5210.)

Ammonium Carbonate	3½ ounces
Potassium Nitrate	2¾ ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Decoction of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (5627.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	90 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quanity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (5668.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3020.)

Ammonium Carbonate	80 grains
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3129.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3595.)

Citric Acid	60 grains
Ammonium Carbonate, a sufficient quantity to neutralise.	
Chlorodyne	20 minims
Chloroform	6 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	60 minims
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchitis Mixture. (2975.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1 = 8)	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Serpentary	12 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4211.)

Ammonium Chloride	90 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4277.)

Synonym.—Cough Mixture.

Ammonium Carbonate	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4902.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	20 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (66.)

Ammonium Carbonate	48 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3508.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Chlorodyne	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (871.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3520.)

Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3837.)

Chlorodyne	90 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3905.)

Ammonium Carbonate	50 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	255 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3773.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produe	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (868.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (1227.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4663.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchitis Mixture. (867.)

Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (2.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Sumbul	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4669.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4685.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (4786.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bronchitis Mixture. (3804.)

Extract of Liquorice	60 grains
Cough Drops (No. 3803)	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	5 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture for Adults. (2465.)

Ammonium Carbonate	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Senega	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchitis Mixture for Children. (1343.)

Chloroform	10 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	13 fl. drachms
Syrup	19 fl. drachms
Syrup of Mulberry	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Bronchitis Mixture for Children. (2463.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	4 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Bronchitis Mixture for Children. (6473.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Bronchitis Mixture. (2966.)

Ammonium Carbonate	32 grains
Potassium Nitrate	96 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Bronchial Cough Mixture. (3502.)

Ammonium Carbonate	6 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	16 minims
Solution of Cochineal	5 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	20 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Bronchial Cough Mixture. (3536.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Antimonial Wine	14 fl. drachms
Glycerin	14 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	7 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Bronchial Mixture. (3.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Infants' Bronchial Mixture. (4390.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough and Bronchitis Mixture. (2829.)

Ammonium Bromide	80 grains
Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Balsam. (4870.)

Benzoic Acid	120 grains
Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	16 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	120 grains
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	15 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Stramonium	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	½ pint
Vinegar of Squill	1 pint
Treacle	1 pint
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Bronchial Elixir. (4802.)

Ammonium Chloride	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Bronchial Cough Balsam. (4363.)

Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Copaiba	4½ fl. drachms
Oil of Cubebs	4½ fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	13½ fl. ounces
Terebene	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3¼ fl. ounces
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough and Bronchitis Mixture. (3779.)

Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Aqueous Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Mixtures.

Bronchitis and Asthma Mixture. (6503.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Bronchial Mixture. (4072.)

Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	20 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Senega Mixture. (4852.)

Ammonium Carbonate	400 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Potassium Nitrate	300 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	2½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	7½ fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Carminative Mixture. (587.)

Dr. Thatcher's Prescription.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	90 grains
Sugar of Anise	150 grains
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (683.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	420 grains
Oil of Anise	30 drops
Oil of Nutmeg	20 drops
Oil of Peppermint	10 drops
Spirit of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Asafetida	3½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	10 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Carminative Mixture. (712.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	720 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Tincture of Castor	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Carminative Mixture. (2735.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	2 fl. drachms
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	40 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	20 minims
Syrup of Rhubarb	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	160 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (3534.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	2½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	2½ ounces
Oil of Caraway	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	70 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (2961.)

Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Anise	9 fl. drachms
Dill Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative Mixture. (3580.)

Magnesium Carbonate	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Oil of Anise	2 minims
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative Mixture. (3370.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	6 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Carminative Mixture. (3134.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Refined Sugar	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Oil of Caraway	12 minims
Oil of Peppermint	12 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (1028.)

Dr. Thatcher's Prescription.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Sugar of Anise	360 grains
Spirit of Caraway	100 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Carminative Mixture. (6471.)

Synonym.—Infants' Preservative.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	30 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	30 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Lime, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (4053.)

Light Magnesia	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	150 minims
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Tincture of Asafetida	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Carminative Mixture. (1018.)

Dr. Thatcher's Prescription.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	480 grains
Sugar of Anise (No. 1019)	2½ ounces
Spirit of Caraway	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Dill Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative Mixture. (4075.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	180 grains
Refined Sugar	3 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative Mixture. (4142.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Solution of Lime	10 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (2327.)

Ammonium Bromide	40 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	40 minims
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Carminative Mixture. (4658.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Anise	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Carminative Mixture. (4846.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	400 grains
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Spirit of Pennyroyal	60 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	300 minims
Tincture of Asafetida	150 minims
Tincture of Opium	50 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 120 minims.

Carminative Mixture. (5057.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (5065.)

Synonyms.—Infants' Carminative; Mothers' Friend.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	300 grains
Refined Sugar	1 pound
Oil of Anise	5 drops
Oil of Dill	5 drops
Solution of Cochineal	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (3754.)

Synonyms.—Infants' Mixture; Soothing Syrup.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Caraway Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Carminative Mixture. (4322.)

Light Magnesia	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	24 grains
Spirit of Peppermint	8 minims
Tincture of Asafetida	12 minims
Syrup	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (3682.)

Dr. Thatcher's Prescription.

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Sugar of Anise	2 ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Dill Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Carminative Cordial. (2685).

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. ounces
Treacle	7 pounds
Distilled Water	4 pints

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (2588.)

Absolute Alcohol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Sassafras	5 minims
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	1 pound

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (3462.)

Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	1¾ pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (3463.)

Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Treacle	1½ pounds
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Carminative Cordial. (1807.)

Opium	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Gingerin	24 minims
Oil of Anise	48 minims
Oil of Caraway	48 minims
Oil of Sassafras	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	28 pounds
Distilled Water	10 pints

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (3471.)

Potassium Carbonate	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	8 minims
Oil of Sassafras	8 minims
Tincture of Opium	38 minims
Treacle	1½ pounds
Distilled Water	2 pints

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (4859.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Oil of Caraway	30 minims
Oil of Sassafras	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. ounces
Treacle	63 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	54 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Carminative Cordial. (3112.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	48 minims
Oil of Lemon	48 minims
Oil of Sassafras	48 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. ounces
Treacle	6 pounds
Distilled Water	2 pounds

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (4054.)

Potassium Carbonate	1 ounce
Treacle	6 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Oil of Sassafras	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (2055.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	15 drops
Oil of Caraway	10 drops
Oil of Sassafras	25 drops
Tincture of Opium	7 fl. drachms
Treacle	3 pounds
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, boiling	2 pints

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (5105.)

Treacle	3½ pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water (boiling)	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (5097.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Oil of Sassafras	5 minims
Treacle	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (5058.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	6 minims
Oil of Sassafras	6 minims
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Treacle	9 ounces
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (3845.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. ounces
Treacle	3½ pounds
Distilled Water, boiling	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Carminative Cordial. (2511.)

Synonym.—Infants' Cordial.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oil of Caraway	4 minims
Oil of Dill	2 minims
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Oil of Sassafras	4 minims
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (3739.)

Burnt Sugar	3 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	½ ounce
Opium	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Fennel	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. drachm
Treacle	20 pounds
Distilled Water	12 pounds

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (4455.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Treacle	2 pounds
Distilled Water, boiling	2 pounds

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (692.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	5 minims
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Treacle	8 ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (493.)

Extract of Liquorice	240 grains
Brandy	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Dill	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Oil of Sassafras	15 minims
Treacle	8 ounces

Mix.

Carminative Cordial. (744.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Oil of Sassafras	15 minims
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Treacle	7 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cordial. (4874.)

Oil of Anise	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	1 pound
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Carminative Tincture. (1462.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Dill	1½ fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process, and use as an ingredient of No. 1464.

Carminative for Children. (6417.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	480 grains
Oil of Caraway	15 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative for Children. (3470.)

Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Oil of Caraway	18 minims
Oil of Peppermint	18 minims
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	36 minims
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Peppermint Water	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Carminative. (3111.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	320 grains
Oil of Anise	24 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	16 minims
Oil of Pennyroyal	16 minims
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	160 minims
Tincture of Asafetida	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	160 minims
Peppermint Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Child's Carminative. (4481.)

Gluside	20 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Sodium Bromide	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	20 minims
Oil of Pennyroyal	10 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative Mixture for Children. (1464.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Carminative Tincture (No. 1462)	5 ounces
Syrup	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	35 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Mixture for Children. (5649.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1¼ ounces
Potassium Bromide	160 grains
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Carminative. (3365.)

Synonym.—Gripe Mixture.

Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Sodium Bromide	¾ ounce
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	40 fl. ounces
Dill Water	40 fl. ounces
Caraway Water	40 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Carminative. (4896.)

Potassium Bromide	8 ounces
Refined Sugar	9 pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	9 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1½ gallons

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Carminative. (3384.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Mucilage of Tragacanth	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	10 minims
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 30 minims.

Infants' Carminative. (4754.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	256 grains
Liquid Extract of Kino	256 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	316 minims
Syrup	640 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	384 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Infants' Carminative. (4905.)

Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Refined Sugar	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Lavender	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Carminative. (3341.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Saffron	¼ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	28 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Carminative. (745.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Refined Sugar	480 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	45 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Carminative. (2544.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	180 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	80 grains
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Oil of Caraway	12 minims
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Infants' Carminative. (2286.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Carminative. (4315.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	30 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	6 minims
Oil of Dill	6 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Carminative. (3067.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1¼ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup	7 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Carminative. (2920.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	6 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	16 ounces
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Dill	90 minims
Oil of Fennel	90 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	142 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Carminative. (3022.)

Oil of Cajuput	6 drops
Mucilage of Acacia	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	10 drops
Compound Tincture of Lavender	10 drops
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Carminative. (3559.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	270 grains
Spirit of Anise	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	160 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Carminative Mixture for Infants. (4714.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	4½ ounces
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Oil of Caraway	15 minims
Oil of Dill	15 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Syrup of Saffron	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Castor	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Infants' Carminative Mixture. (1169.)

Magnesium Carbonate	160 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	160 minims
Tincture of Ginger	90 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	15 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 90 minims.

Infants' Carminative Mixture. (1208.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Oil of Anise	27 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	18 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Spirit of Pennyroyal	135 minims
Tincture of Asafetida	135 minims
Tincture of Castor	4½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	45 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture. (173.)

Synonym.—Infants' Carminative.

Sodium Bromide	12 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	30 minims
Brandy	120 minims
Oil of Dill	9 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chamomile	12 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 90 minims.

Gripe Mixture. (4344.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Oil of Pimento	20 minims
Saccharated Solution of Lime	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fl. drachms.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Gripe Mixture. (5674.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Soluble Essence of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	7 minims
Oil of Dill	7 minims
Syrup	1 pint
Distilled Water	1½ pints

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Gripe Mixture. (111.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	8 ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Concentrated Anise Water (1 = 40)	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Peppermint Water (1=40)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	7 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Mixture. (174.)

Synonym.—Infants' Carminative.

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Elixir of Gluside	30 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	40 minims
Oil of Caraway	4 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 90 minims.

Gripe Mixture. (4563.)

Borax	120 grains
Light Magnesia	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	100 minims
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture. (376.)

Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Oil of Dill	15 minims
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Mixture. (3354.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Gripe Mixture. (5076.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	20 grains
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Anise Water	6 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture. (667.)

Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Dill Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Mixture. (461.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Refined Sugar	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fl. drachms.

Gripe Mixture. (3637.)

Borax	120 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Mixture. (4422.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Gripe Mixture. (3888.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	50 grains
Sodium Bromide	50 grains
Syrup	18 fl. drachms
Anise Water Dill Water. } of each a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Gripe Mixture. (2525.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent)	6 fl. ounces
Gingerin	10 minims
Oil of Dill	90 minims
Syrup	80 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	210 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture. (6472.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture. (5643.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Sodium Bromide	½ ounce
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture. (4076.)

Borax	120 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Dill	90 minims
Oil of Caraway	60 minims
Oil of Anise	60 minims
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Babies' Gripe Mixture. (3760.)

Ammonium Bromide	90 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Dill Water	20 fl. ounces
Caraway Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Gripe Mixture. (6491.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Chamomile	2 fl. drachms
Caraway Water	4 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Gripe Mixture. (2908.)

Sodium Bromide	120 grains
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture for Children. (4824.)

Gluside	2 grains
Tincture of Asafetida	60 minims
Dill Water	10 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture for Infants. (5008.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Oil of Dill	10 minims
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Gripe Mixture for Infants. (1963.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	64 grains
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	96 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Fennel Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Gripe Mixture. (3183.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	8 minims
Oil of Dill	8 minims
Soluble Essence of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Gripe Mixture. (725.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Sodium Bromide	120 grains
Oil of Dill	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, 20 fl. ounces, or a sufficient quantity.

Mix; shake frequently during two hours; filter and, if necessary, add sufficient distilled water to the filtrate to produce forty fluid ounces.

Infants' Gripe Mixture. (3937.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Sodium Bromide	20 grains
Oil of Dill	12 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	100 minims
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Aniseed Cordial. (4638.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	10 drops
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aniseed Cordial. (1460.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Tincture of Opium	160 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Child's Cordial. (6433.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Oil of Juniper	20 minims
Oil of Sassafras	20 minims
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Child's Cordial. (4508.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Sassafras	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Child's Cordial. (3901.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	150 grains
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Child's Cordial. (3817.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Sassafras	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	4 pounds
Distilled Water	2 pounds

Mix.

Child's Cordial. (2343.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	30 minims
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Rhubarb	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Child's Cordial. (6507.)

Synonym.—Brown Mixture.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6½ fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Sassafras	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	3 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	70 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cordial for Children. (4220.)

Potassium Carbonate	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Sassafras	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	8 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cordial. (3376.)

Potassium Carbonate	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	45 minims
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. ounces
Treacle	64 ounces
Distilled Water	84 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Gripe Cordial. (1741.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	128 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Dill Water	21 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Cordial. (5653.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	45 grains
Potassium Bromide	45 grains
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Dill Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Cordial. (3788.)

Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	1 fl. drachm
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (6460.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	450 grains
Potassium Bromide	450 grains
Oil of Dill	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (5650.)

Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (3387.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Soluble Gluside	1 grain
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 minims.

Gripe Water. (2020.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Potassium Bromide	½ ounce
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Water. (2290.)

Borax	120 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1½ fl. drachms
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Gripe Water. (4274.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	24 grains
Glycerin	1 ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	12 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (1144.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	48 grains
Sodium Bromide	48 grains
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Water. (4967.)

Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Gripe Water. (4839.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	6 minims
Tincture of Asafetida	9 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (3369.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Sodium Bromide	360 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	10 fl. drachms
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Water. (2892.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	32 grains
Potassium Bromide	32 grains
Potassium Nitrate	32 grains
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pimento	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Rhubarb, a sufficient quantity.	
Magnesium Carbonate, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Gripe Water. (3947.)

Synonym.—Infants' Comforter.

Potassium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Sodium Bromide	128 grains
Fluid Extract of Celery	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Anise (No. 3948)	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	16 fl. ounces
Concentrated Dill Water (1 = 40)	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	45 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Gripe Water. (5075.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (4729.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Diluted Acetic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	25 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	3 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix.

Gripe Water. (4917.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Soluble Essence of Ginger	6 minims
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	9 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Gripe Water. (5723.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Caraway	8 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Syrup	7½ ounces
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Gripe Water. (2756.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	20 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (4152.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Oil of Dill	40 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Gripe Water. (3392.)

Synonym.—Infants' Carminative.

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	100 grains
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Water. (3344.)

Sodium Bromide	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Dill	36 minims
Syrup	24 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Gripe Water. (4316.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	270 grains
Potassium Bromide	270 grains
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (5100.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Chloroform	30 minims
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Caraway	30 minims
Oil of Clove	30 minims
Oil of Dill	30 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Water. (4358.)

Borax, in powder	120 grains
Gluside	2 grains
Light Magnesia	360 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1½ fl drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (4676.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Oil of Dill	12 minims
Oil of Fennel	6 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	12 fl ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (2838.)

Synonym.—Infants' Preservative.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Sodium Bromide	240 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Water. (3142.)

Refined Sugar	2¼ pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	400 grains
Sodium Bromide	800 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	2 minims
Oil of Dill	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Juniper	10 minims
Distilled Water	5¼ pints

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Gripe Water or Infants' Carminative. (3706.)

Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	8 minims
Oil of Chamomile	3 minims
Oil of Dill	8 minims
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water for Children. (1182.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	2 minims
Anise Water	2 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Gripe Water for Children. (5118.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Oil of Dill	16 minims
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	130 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Syrup. (2148.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	5 minims
Caraway Water	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	1 fl. ounce
Dill Water	1 fl. ounce
Peppermint Water	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Syrup. (5074.)

Potassium Bromide	640 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	400 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Syrup	7 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hive and Gripe Water. (3964.)

Oil of Anise	40 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Gripe Water. (2335.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	160 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	1 minim
Oil of Dill	24 minims
Oil of Peppermint	1 minim
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Anodyne Cordial. (4147.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	15 minims
Oil of Sassafras	15 minims
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces
Treacle	3 pounds

Mix.

Bowel Cordial. (4843.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces
Treacle	12 pounds
Distilled Water	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cordial. (1207.)

Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether or Nitrous Elixir	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	½ fl. ounce
Treacle	16 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cordial. (5066.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Oil of Sassafras	20 minims
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Treacle	4 pounds
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cordial. (4491.)

Treacle	3 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Sassafras	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	32 ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cordial. (4645.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Oil of Sassafras	5 minims
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	24 ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cordial. (3621.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	60 minims
Oil of Caraway	30 minims
Oil of Sassafras	15 minims
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. ounces
Treacle	6 pounds
Distilled Water	2 pounds

Mix.

Infants' Cordial. (1237.)

Known as Nurse Strong's Cordial.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	180 grains
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Spearmint Water	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Cordial. (1050.)

Brown Sugar	44 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate, a sufficient quantity.	
Solid Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	60 minims
Oil of Caraway	60 minims
Oil of Dill	30 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Oil of Sassafras	60 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	48 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Cordial. (2763.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oil of Caraway	4 minims
Oil of Dill	2 minims
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Oil of Sassafras	4 minims
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative or Carminative. (5681.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 120 minims.

Infants' Preservative. (5217.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (5640.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces
Infusion of Saffron, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (1922.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Oil of Fennel	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Saffron Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (3456.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	160 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	80 minims
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (3445.)

Magnesium Carbonate	3½ ounces
Refined Sugar	12 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	2½ fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Saffron	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4½ pints

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Infants' Preservative. (1846.)

Ammonium Carbonate	360 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Oil of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Saffron	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (1812.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Caraway	30 minims
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 drops.

Infants' Preservative. (6401.)

Synonym.—Gripe Water.

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Saffron	30 grains
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Asafetida	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 minims to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (6514.)

Ginger, in powder	45 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	15 grains
Oil of Anise	7½ minims
Oil of Dill	3 minims
Syrup	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (3911.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Potassium Bromide	30 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	150 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Saffron	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (2411.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	300 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Oil of Dill	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	50 minims
Distilled Water	19½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 60 minims.

Infants' Preservative. (4153.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	600 grains
Oil of Caraway	30 minims
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4½ fl. drachms
Syrup	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (2478.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Oil of Anise	45 minims
Oil of Caraway	45 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (2415.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	12 ounces
Saffron	20 grains
Glycerin	4 pounds
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Oil of Sassafras	15 minims
Aqueous Tincture of Opium	7⅓ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (5695.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Bromide	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	8 ounces
Spirit of Anise	100 minims
Spirit of Dill	75 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (528.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (539.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Saffron	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Infants' Preservative. (1128.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Sodium Bromide	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (389.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Cinnamon Water	2 fl. ounces
Dill Water	4 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (1049.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	8 ounces
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Saccharated Solution of Lime	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 90 minims.

Infants' Preservative. (3515.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	4 ounces
Refined Sugar	8 ounces
Oil of Dill	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (3465.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	5 ounces
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Oil of Anise	90 minims
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	100 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (665.)

Ammonium Bromide	30 grains
Spirit of Anise	10 minims
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (3530.)

Synonym.—Gripe Mixture.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	720 grains
Refined Sugar	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 90 minims.

Infants' Preservative. (3267.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1,200 grains
Antimonial Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rue	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (2850.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Oil of Caraway	12 minims
Oil of Pennyroyal	6 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (3362.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Fennel	5 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (3623.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	160 minims
Oil of Caraway	80 minims
Oil of Dill	80 minims
Oil of Peppermint	16 minims
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Rhubarb	6 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (3283.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	960 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Saffron	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (3007.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Saffron	15 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	22 drops
Oil of Fennel	8 drops
Syrup	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (3187.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	4 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	24 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Infants' Preservative. (2931.)

Synonym.—Gripe Mixture.

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	60 minims
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (4474.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	480 grains
Potassium Carbonate	30 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	240 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	8 minims
Oil of Dill	16 minims
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (4546.)

Synonym,—Carminative Mixture.

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1½ fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	1½ ounces
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Oil of Dill	15 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	15 minims
Solution of Lime	9 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Asafetida	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Castor	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (4506.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	300 grains
Potassium Carbonate	10 grains
Saffron	4 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (2780).

Light Magnesium Carbonate	4 ounces
Refined Sugar	12 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3½ pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (4441.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	420 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	960 grains
Saffron	10 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Asafetida	40 minims
Tincture of Opium	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (4430.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Oil of Anise	9 minims
Oil of Caraway	9 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Senna	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (4345.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	2¼ ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	25 minims
Oil of Sassafras	25 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4½ fl. drachms
Syrup	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Saffron	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (4723.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	4 ounces
Refined Sugar	12 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3½ pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (3025.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (4338.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Dill	10 minims
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (4330.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	4 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	12 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3½ pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (4617.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Saccharated Solution of Lime	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Saffron	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (5071.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Refined Sugar	600 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Caraway Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (3276.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Syrup of Anise	4 fl. ounces
Dill Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (4828.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (5069.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Oil of Peppermint	6 minims
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Saffron, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (4644.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Saffron	10 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (4757.)

Ammonium Bromide	90 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Dill Water	15 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (4812.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Caraway Water (1=40)	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (3466.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	5 ounces
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Oil of Anise	90 minims
Oil of Caraway	90 minims
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	100 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Infants' Preservative. (4370.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Saffron	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Caraway Water (1=40)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Preservative. (4188.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	900 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	40 minims
Distilled Water	22 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Mixture. (4337.)

Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Mixture. (4704.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Mixture. (752.)

Synonym.—Carminative Mixture.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	720 grains
Sodium Bromide	480 grains
Oil of Dill	40 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Mixture. (3819.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	½ ounce
Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Saffron	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Mixture. (4136.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Saffron	7½ grains
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Oil of Fennel	5 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	5 minims
Oil of Pennyroyal	5 minims
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Oil of Spearmint	5 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Castor	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Mixture. (4820.)

Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Light Magnesia	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	14 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Dill	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Infants' Mixture. (5193.)

Synonym.—Carminative Mixture.

Magnesium Carbonate	12 grains
Refined Sugar	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	12 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. drachm
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Mixture. (6429.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Soothing Mixture. (3517.)

Morphine Acetate	1 grain
Potassium Bicarbonate	32 grains
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Soothing Mixture. (728.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bromide	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	1½ fl. ounces
Dill Water	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Soothing Mixture for Children. (2772.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Bromide	1½ ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	15 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Soothing Syrup. (3704.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Concentrated Decoction of Chamomile	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Dill (No. 3705), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Soothing Syrup. (4034.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Anise Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Dill Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Fennel Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Soothing Syrup. (3469.)

Ginger, in powder	540 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	180 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	4½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Tincture of Jalap	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Soothing Syrup. (1043.)

Refined Sugar	16 ounces
Saffron	2½ grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, boiling	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Soothing Syrup. (5055.)

Synonym.—Mother's Friend.

Sodium Bromide	210 grains
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3½ fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Soothing Syrup. (1777.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Oil of Dill	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Soothing Syrup. (2527.)

Essence of Anise (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	30 minims
Syrup of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Soothing Syrup. (1127.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Sodium Bromide	60 grains
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Soothing Syrup. (714.)

Spirit of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Morphine Sulphate (No. 715)...	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	7½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Soothing Syrup. (5091.)

Potassium Bromide	12 grains
Syrup of Saffron	10 minims
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Soothing Syrup. (232.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Anise Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Cinnamon Water (1 = 4)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Anodyne Syrup. (3689.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Sodium Bromide	144 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Syrup	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Soothing Syrup. (1171.)

Sodium Bromide	144 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 90 minims.

Children's Soothing Syrup. (4424.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	720 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Soothing Syrup. (4449.)

Sodium Bromide	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce...	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Children's Soothing Syrup. (2211.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Potassium Bromide	20 grains
Potassium Nitrate	20 grains
Oil of Anise	2 minims
Oil of Dill	2 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms ...	30 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	10 minims
Tincture of Opium	5 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Soothing Syrup for Children. (4800.)

Ammonium Bromide	600 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Dill	30 minims
Solution of Potash	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Rhubarb	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Soothing Syrup. (2338.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	200 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Rhubarb	15 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Water (No. 2337), a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Soothing Syrup. (2944.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	128 grains
Potassium Bromide	128 grains
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Anise Water	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Dill Water	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Soothing or Teething Syrup. (98.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Syrup	1 pint
Tincture of Chamomile (Ph. Germ.) ..	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Saffron (B.P., 1885)	10 minims
Distilled Water	6½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Teething Syrup. (4213.)

Potassium Bromide	160 grains
Potassium Carbonate	10 grains
Refined Sugar	½ ounce
Saffron	3 grains
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Teething Syrup. (1455.)

Chloroform	30 minims
Syrup of Saffron	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Saffron	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Teething Syrup. (3701.)

Sodium Bromide	10 grains
Fluid Extract of Celery Seed	10 minims
Spirit of Anise	10 minims
Syrup	10 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Teething Syrup. (4513.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	200 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Saffron	4 fl. drachms
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Teething and Bowel Mixture for Children. (2962.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	40 grains
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Teething and Soothing Mixture. (3194.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	40 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Teething and Wind Mixture. (3533.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	48 grains
Potassium Bromide	48 grains
Syrup of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	96 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrup of Dill. (3705.)

Refined Sugar	38 ounces
Dill Water	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Aniseed Cordial. (811.)

Oil of Anise	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Refined Sugar	16 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Soothing Cordial. (1234.)

Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 120 minims.

Soothing Cordial for Infants. (4464.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Caraway	2 minims
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Treacle	4 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Soothing Cordial. (3006.)

Ginger, in powder	90 grains
Opium, in powder	160 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	10 drops
Oil of Caraway	10 drops
Oil of Sassafras	10 drops
Treacle	21 ounces
Distilled Water	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

The Cordial. (5134.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Oil of Sassafras	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	7 pounds
Distilled Water, boiling	2 pints

Mix.

Cooling Mixture for Children. (5098.)

Potassium Citrate	600 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate B.P. 1885)	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Corrective. (4552.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Solution of Rhubarb	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Corrective Stomach Mixture. (4198.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	5 fl. drachms
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Mixture. (3798.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Syrup of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Nurse's Drops. (4468.)

Oil of Caraway	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 minims.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

Infants' Friend. (3630.)

Ginger Root, in powder	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Cajuput	5 minims
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Syrup	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mother's Friend. (4951.)

Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	80 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Oil of Anise	60 minims
Tincture of Opium	180 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce...	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 120 minims.

Acidity, Flatulence, and Colic Mixture for Infants. (3874.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	24 grains
Glycerin	90 minims
Oil of Anise	2 minims
Oil of Cajuput	8 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	15 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	15 minims
Syrup	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—30 minims.

Baby Comforter. (5216.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Dill	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe and Wind Mixture. (6451.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	72 grains
Sodium Bromide	48 grains
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

White Mixture. (2866.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	150 grains
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Caraway	5 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Ginger	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Mixture. (2056.)

Synonym.—Infants' Preservative.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	300 grains
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative and Infants' Mixtures.

White Mixture (for Infants). (3150.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Chlorodyne Mixtures.

Camphorodyne. (451.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	32 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Indian Hemp	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	5 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Chlorodyne. (3599.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	80 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	32 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Chlorodyne. (2882.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	4 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (3662.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	280 grains
Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	42 minims
Spirit of Ether	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	70 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (498.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne Mixtures.

Chlorodyne. (3579.)

Morphine Acetate	60 grains
Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Burnt Sugar	½ pound
Chloroform	1¾ fl. ounces
Ether	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Indian Hemp	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	2 pounds

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (3185.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Extract of Liquorice	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	16 minims
Syrup	17 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Chlorodyne. (3485.)

Morphine Acetate	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	24 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Chlorodyne. (3430.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Treacle	27 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (658.)

Tragacanth, in powder	80 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Morphine Hydrochloride	320 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	20 minims
Distilled Water, boiling	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chloroform	9 fl. ounces
Ether	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Indian Hemp	2½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Treacle	36 fl. ounces

Mix the four liquids. Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Chlorodyne Mixtures.

Chlorodyne. (1906.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	6 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Hydrocyanic Acid (Scheele)	192 minims
Oil of Peppermint	32 minims
Perchloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Indian Hemp	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (1775.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	576 grains
Burnt Sugar	24 fl. ounces
Chloroform	30 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	2 pounds
Ether	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	12 fl. ounces
Treacle	12 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	290 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (2388.)

Morphine Acetate	16 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	6 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Indian Hemp	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce.	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (2341.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	2 fl. ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	15 fl. drachms
Treacle	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (2711.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	180 grains
Morphine Acetate	32 grains
Extract of Belladonna	64 grains
Chloroform	7 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne Mixtures.

Chlorodyne. (2813.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	32 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Treacle	1½ ounces
Syrup	1,360 minims

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (2626.)

Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Essence of Peppermint (B.P. 1885)	96 minims
Liquid Extract of Opium	144 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	144 minims
Tincture of Indian Hemp	192 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix, and add to the following :—

Morphine Acetate	24 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	16 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (746.)

Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Opium	144 minims
Mucilage of Tragacanth	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	144 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	144 minims
Tincture of Indian Hemp	144 minims
Treacle	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (581.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	30 grains
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	4½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	21 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	12 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	12 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	6 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Indian Hemp	3 fl. drachms
Treacle	24 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (3975.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	1½ fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Indian Hemp	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	1 ounce
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chlorodyne Mixtures.

Chlorodyne. (3546.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	128 grains
Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	483 minims
Mucilage of Acacia	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	64 minims
Tincture of Cayenne	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4 fl. drachms
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (656.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	16 minims
Syrup	17½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (70.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	250 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Chloroform	16 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Indian Hemp	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	24 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Chlorodyne. (71.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Ether	40 minims
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	1½ fl. drachms
Treacle	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Chlorodyne. (4935.)

Morphine Acetate	80 grains
Acetic Acid	150 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	900 minims
Chloroform	2400 minims
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	225 minims
Oil of Peppermint	25 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	300 minims
Tincture of Indian Hemp	450 minims
Treacle	11½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Chlorodyne. (3774.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	90 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	31 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne Mixtures.

Chlorodyne. (4240.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Treacle	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (1599).

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	240 minims
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Treacle	1 ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (4226.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	192 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	384 minims
Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Indian Hemp	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	24 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (4031.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	120 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (5003.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Gingerin	20 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	20 minims
Treacle	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (6450.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Treacle	8 ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (6493.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	320 grains
Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	10 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne Mixtures.

Chlorodyne. (6434.)

Morphine Acetate	48 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	24 minims
Treacle	6 ounces
Syrup	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne. (4417.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	72 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	4 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Miscible Chlorodyne. (582.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Chloroform	15 fl. drachms
Glycerin	40 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	12 minims
Solution of Atropine Sulphate	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Miscible Chlorodyne. (3009.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	23 fl. ounces
Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Ague Mixture. (121.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	30 minims
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Alkaline Cold Mixture. (2445.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	20 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	6 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

old, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Ammonia and Camphor Mixture. (4112.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antifebrile Mixture. (19.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Catarrh Elixir. (4726.)

Camphor	16 grains
Gluside	1 grain
Menthol	1 grain
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada (tasteless)	320 minims
Tincture of Quinine, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Catarrh Mixture. (4888.)

Potassium Citrate	180 grains
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Catarrh Mixture. (4257.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Solution of Chloroform (1 in 8)	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona (without Saffron)	6 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Catarrh and Influenza Mixture. (5576.)

Potassium Bromide	80 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	60 minims
Tincture of Aconite	30 minims
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold and Catarrh Mixture. (2125.)

Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	12 minims
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Cold Cure. (3102.)

Ammonium Carbonate	4¾ ounces
Citric Acid	4½ ounces
Potassium Carbonate	6 ounces
Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cold Mixture. (115.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture. (1228.)

Solution of Morphine Acetate	30 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture. (1186.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Citrate	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	66 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	135 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	180 minims
Tincture of Squill	135 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P., 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture. (1336.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Cold Mixture. (5730.)

Potassium Chlorate	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	8 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold Mixture. (4780.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ginger	½ fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Cold Mixture. (4911.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	10½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold Mixture. (4886.)

Potassium Citrate	90 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	12 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quinine	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture. (4631.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	20 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture. (4848.)

Ammonium Carbonate	80 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	120 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	120 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	120 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture. (122.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cold Mixture. (2810.)

Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold Mixture. (2995.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold Mixture. (3455.)

Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Cold Mixture. (4970.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture. (3713.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Antimonial Wine	40 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Camphor Water	4 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Orange, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture. (3043.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold Mixture for Adults. (3745.)

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold and Bronchitis Mixture. (5101.)

Ammonium Chloride	395 grains
Chloroform	45 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	9 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold in the Head Mixture. (4825.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	30 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mixture for Colds. (5652.)

Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mixture for Colds. (3198.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor Water	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

The Mixture for Colds. (2413.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixture. (3681.)

Ammonium Carbonate	16 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1868)	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cold and Fever Mixture. (4768.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Antimonial Wine	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (2956.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (2986.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Tincture of Quassia	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (3664.)

Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	30 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	14 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (3330.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	7½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1 pint
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 pints

Mix.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (2209.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	30 minims
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (2456.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (3269.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Tragacanth	4 fl. drachms
Cough Balsam	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (4836.)

Chlorodyne (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Actate (1 = 8)	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (4018.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (5699.)

Benzoic Acid	20 grains
Potassium Chlorate	300 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (3703.)

Ammonium Carbonate	200 grains
Chloroform	60 minims
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	22 minims
Infusion of Senega	10 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (2703.)

Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (3291.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	30 minims
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (4657.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (3677.)

Potassium Nitrate	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (4267.)

Ammonium Carbonate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	540 grains
Potassium Citrate	540 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	18 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (4241.)

Potassium Chlorate	3 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	6 ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (4915.)

Sodium Salicylate	1½ ounces
Chlorodyne	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1 = 8)	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (4248.)

Phenacetin, in fine powder	160 grains
Potassium Acetate	240 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	12 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (4458.)

Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	6 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold or Influenza Mixture. (4524.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	90 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Common Cold Mixture. (26.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	30 grains
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3½ fl. drachms
Colchicum Wine	42 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Febrifuge and Aperient Mixture. (3765.)

Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Febrifuge Mixture. (4692.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Potassium Chlorate	5 grains
Potassium Nitrate	5 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Fever Drops. (3878.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Fever Drops. (3053.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 3 fluid drachms.

Fever Mixture. (3844.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Sweet Solution of Roses, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Fever Mixture. (3762.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Fever Mixture. (3914.)

Potassium Nitrate	5 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 pint
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Fever Mixture. (4130.)

Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Fever Mixture. (81.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	240 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Dissolve the powders in the water, then add the remaining ingredients and filter if necessary. If the mixture is to be kept for any length of time, the syrup may be replaced by an equivalent quantity of gluside.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Fever Mixture. (3321.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Fever Mixture. (3796.)

Potassium Citrate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Fever Mixture (Infants'). (2968.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Saffron	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Fever Mixture for Children. (1465.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Saffron	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Fever and Measles Mixture. (183.)

Potassium Acetate	10 grains
Potassium Nitrate	10 grains
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Hay Fever Mixture. (4120.)

Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	30 minims
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Saline and Fever Mixture for Children. (3091.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Homœopathic Influenza Drops. (1273.)

Potassium Iodide	25 grains
Tincture of Aconite	80 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza and Catarrh Mixture. (3848.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	160 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1,600 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (5712.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (5052.)

Potassium Citrate	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	24 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (6485.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (4156.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (3993.)

Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Antimonial Wine	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (3784.)

Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	12 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (3537.)

Citric Acid	1¼ ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	315 minims
Chloroform	45 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Anise)	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (2566.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza and Fever Mixture. (182.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Chlorodyne	½ fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (4434.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (4359.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (4384.)

Mucilage of Gum Acacia	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2¼ fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	9 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3¼ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (4412.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (4526.)

Synonyms.—Liver Mixture; Nerve Mixture.

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (4515.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (4484.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (4492.)

Citric Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Syrup of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (4232.)

Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Horehound or Syrup of Lemon	3 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (4181.)

Ammonium Carbonate	540 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	540 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water (triple)	9 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (4132.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	3 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Antimonial Wine	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	27 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (4201.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2½ fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Camphor Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (4283.)

Phenazone	24 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (4288.)

Sodium Salicylate	1 ounce
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (4608.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Tincture of Cinchona	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (4682.)

Sodium Salicylate	90 grains
Extract of Liquorice	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (4733.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Phenazone	40 grains
Solution of Cochineal	5 minims
Syrup of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (4740.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Cinnamon	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (4762.)

Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (3963.)

Phenazone	80 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Sodium Salicylate	160 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (4892.)

Potassium Citrate	80 grains
Salicin	80 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (5028.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (5706.)

Phenazone	480 grains
Phenol	240 grains
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (5717.)

Antimonial Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	24 minims
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (5178.)

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (4949.)

Potassium Chlorate	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	80 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	90 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (5191.)

Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Burnt Sugar	½ fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (5737.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Bryony	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (5213.)

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quassia	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (5203.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (2123.)

Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (1934.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Infusion of Cascarilla	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (2097.)

Sodium Salicylate	40 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (1597.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	of each a sufficient quantity.
Solution of Cochineal	
Spirit of Chloroform	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (2339.)

Ammonium Carbonate	24 grains
Sodium Salicylate	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (6425.)

Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (6458.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (2456.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	90 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (3063.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	65 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	22 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	45 minims
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	22 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (2149.)

Synonym.—Fever Mixture.

Potassium Bicarbonate	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	9 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 pints

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (2550.)

Ammonium Carbonate	7 ounces
Anise Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Benzoin	240 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Extract of Opium	4½ grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Glacial Acetic Acid	45 fl. drachms
Solution of Ethyl Nitrite	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nutmeg	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 pounds

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (3049.)

Ammonium Bromide	600 grains
Phenazone	200 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	600 grains
Sodium Salicylate	600 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (3123.)

Phenazone	240 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	960 grains
Chlorodyne	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	7 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (1598.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	90 minims
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	90 minims
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (2857.)

Phenazone	40 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (2879.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (2898.)

Potassium Bromide	1080 grains
Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Peppermint Water (1=40)	14 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (3924.)

Ammonium Bromide	40 grains
Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	20 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	30 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (3806.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Sodium Salicylate	40 grains
Concentrated Solution of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	90 minims
Spirit of Camphor	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	10 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (3951.)

Synonym.—Catarrh Mixture.

Ammonium Carbonate	18 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	12 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	48 minims
Syrup of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	1½ fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (3741.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	7 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (3931.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	105 grains
Sodium Salicylate	105 grains
Solution of Cochineal	60 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	105 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (3953.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Phenazone	20 grains
Sodium Salicylate	90 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (4787.)

Potassium Citrate	30 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	40 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (4799.)

Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (4821.)

Potassium Nitrate	300 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (5044.)

Oil of Lemon	2 minims
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (5092.)

Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Salicin	90 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (872.)

Potassium Chlorate	40 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (1004.)

Potassium Nitrate	300 grains
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (1477.)

Benzoic Acid	10 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	8 minims
Oxymel of Squill	7 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P., 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	146 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	104 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (1481.)

Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (1463.)

Synonym.—Cold Mixture.

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	164 ounces

Mix and filter.

Influenza Mixture. (527.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	90 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Phenazone	20 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (2220.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian (1=8)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (184.)

Phenazone	48 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.— ½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (3306.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (3323.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (3397.)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (114.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water. a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (116.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	30 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Angelica	6 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (3263.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	20 minims
Camphor Water	5 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (119.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	7½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (120.)

Synonyms.—Saline Mixture; Cold Mixture.

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (3616.)

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Burnt Sugar	10 minims
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	200 minims
Spirit of Camphor	50 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (3553.)

Ammonium Chloride	90 grains
Potassium Nitrate	40 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	6 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (3532.)

Ammonium Carbonate	480 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	32 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (3509.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (2930.)

Liquefied Phenol	24 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (1.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	24 minims
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (2852.)

Liquefied Phenol	18 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (2842.)

Phenol	18 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	40 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (2834.)

Potassium Citrate	150 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	24 minims
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (1596.)

Synonym.—Cold and Fever Mixture.

Potassium Chlorate	10 to 30 grains
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (3457.)

Quinine Salicylate	32 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	10 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (3414.)

Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Sodium Salicylate	2 ounces
Sodium Sulphate	10 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Spearmint	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (3991.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cold, Fever and Influenza Mixtures.

Influenza Mixture. (2741.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	16 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (6456.)

Quinine Sulphate	32 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (2821.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Influenza Mixture. (3857.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (118.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (3451.)

Liquefied Phenol	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 8 fluid drachms.

Influenza and Sore Throat Mixture. (4713.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Potassium Chlorate	2¼ ounces
Potassium Nitrate	4½ ounces
Tartarated Antimony	9 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	15 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Tonic. (4229.)

Sodium Salicylate	3 ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	9 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	7½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Balsam. (3697.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	100 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Balsam. (2911.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 3 fluid drachms.

Cough Balsam. (5645.)

Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce.	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Balsam. (3036.)

Clarified Honey	25 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	2½ ounces
Extract of Malt	10 ounces
Glycerin	17 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Balsam. (3602.)

Clarified Honey	3 ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Virginian Prune	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Balsam. (3547.)

Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	20 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	14 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Balsam. (4519.)

Glycerin	7 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Balsam. (832.)

Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	4 ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	26 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lobelia	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	7 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Balsam. (4906.)

Potassium Nitrate	540 grains
Essence of Almonds	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2¼ fl. ounces
Castor Oil	16 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Balsam. (1595.)

Brown Sugar	4 pounds
Horehound, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Senega Root, in powder	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Balsam. (4575.)

Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	15 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	4½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Coltsfoot	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Balsam. (818.)

Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	15 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Coltsfoot	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 120 minims.

Cough Balsam. (5686.)

Balsam of Tolu	600 grains
Benzoin	480 grains
Camphor	480 grains
Storax	360 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ pints
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Balsam. (4898.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Tartarated Antimony	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Balsam. (530.)

Horehound	½ ounce
Acetic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Clarified Honey	10 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Oxymel of Squill	11 fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	14 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Boil the horehound and honey with one pint of water for ten minutes; strain; add the remaining ingredients and, if necessary, make up to two pints with distilled water.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Aniseed Cough Balsam for Children. (1981.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity	
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Balsam of Aniseed for Children. (4233.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—⅓ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Balsam for Children. (4533.)

Benzoic Acid	8 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red-Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 pounds
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Balsam for Children. (1984.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1 pound
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 pounds

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Infants' Cough Balsam. (3962.)

Antimonial Wine	36 minims
Essence of Black Currant	½ fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Loquorice	40 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	80 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	2 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Balm of Gilead Cough Balsam. (271.)

Liquid Extract of Balm of Gilead Buds	1½ fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of White Pine Bark	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Blood Root	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	30 minims
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Virginian Prune, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Aniseed. (2740.)

Synonym.—Cough Mixture.

Tartarated Antimony	15 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Poppies (1=4)	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	1¼ pounds
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Balsam of Aniseed. (1869.)

Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Balsam of Aniseed. (5204.)

Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Coriander	5 minims
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed. (5135.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	½ pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	33½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 pounds

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4752.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	5 ounces
Linseed	½ pound
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed. (6437.)

Synonyms.—Balsam of Honey, Cough Mixture.

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Clarified Honey	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	24 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	2 ounces
Burnt Sugar	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed. (5036.)

Refined Sugar	24 ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice	360 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	240 ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed. (3149.)

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	½ fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	5 fl. drachms
Treacle	4 pounds
Vinegar of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Balsam of Aniseed. (5059.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	3 pounds
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4490.)

Extract of Liquorice	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Glycerin of Borax	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Balsam of Aniseed. (3840.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4234.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Horehound	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4268.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4293).

Benzoic Acid	30 grains
Extract of Liquorice	3 ounces
Linseed	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix and strain.

Balsam of Aniseed. (831.)

Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Solid Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Aniseed. (3395.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	720 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4521.)

Burnt Sugar	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4816.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	16 ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Aniseed. (816.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	12½ grains
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Clarified Honey	24 ounces
Treacle	63 ounces
Distilled Water	25 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Aniseed. (792.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Treacle	4 pounds
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Aniseed. (93.)

Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	40 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Aniseed. (21.)

Benzoic Acid	30 grains
Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4616.)

Chlorodyne	45 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	21 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	110 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed. (1594.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Anise	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Potash	10 minims
Syrup	3 fl ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Balsam for Cough. (1800.)

Benzoic Acid	120 grains
Camphor	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	40 grains
Antimonial Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Balsam of Honey. (3400.)

Morphine	72 grains
Clarified Honey	96 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	48 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	48 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	72 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Balsam of Honey. (4039.)

Morphine Acetate	14 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3 pints
Syrup	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Honey. (3293.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	160 minims
Oxymel	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Saffron	96 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Honey. (5736.)

Concentrated Essence of Poppies	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 pound
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	2½ pounds
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	1½ pounds
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	1½ pounds

Mix.

Balsam of Horehound. (94.)

Concentrated Anise Water (1-40)	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Horehound	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsam of Linseed and Honey. (1877.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	20 minims
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	80 minims
Infusion of Linseed, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cherry Cough Balsam. (830.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Cherry	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cherry Cough Balsam. (3608.)

Glycerin	3½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	35 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Aniseed Balsam. (4278.)

Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Virginian Prune	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Balsam of Honey and Horehound with Linseed. (3811.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound and Linseed (No. 3812)	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Balsam of Squill. (4710.)

Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Coriander	5 minims
Oxymel of Squill	11 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Cough Balsam. (4297.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Ipecacuanha	20 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Family Cough and Cold Balsam. (3952.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	144 minims
Oxymel	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Tar	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Senega	½ fl. ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Honey Balsam. (3542.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	2 pounds
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Treacle	6 pounds
Vinegar	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Honey Balsam. (197.)

Tragacanth, in powder	90 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. drachms
Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	3 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	13 ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	40 ounces
Vinegar	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	95 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Horehound and Honey Cough Balsam. (3720.)

Morphine Acetate	2½ grains
Refined Sugar	1½ pounds
Chloroform	60 minims
Clarified Honey	½ pound
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	2½ fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	60 minims
Syrup of Horehound	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	5 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce.	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquorice and Malt Cough Balsam. (2117.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Malt	5 fl ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Pectoral Balsam. (3231.)

Synonyms.—Cough Linctus; Cough Elixir.

Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Pectoral Balsam. (5021.)

Synonym.—Cough Syrup.

Acetic Acid	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red-Poppy	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pectoral Balsam. (5038.)

Tartarated Antimony	5 grains
Clarified Honey	1½ pounds
Extract of Liquorice	3 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (1858.)

(Strong.)

Morphine Acetate	24 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	2½ pounds

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (833.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (3500.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Antimonial Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Infusion of Senega	28 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup	3 pounds
Syrup of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (1856.)

(Mild.)

Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (1813.)

Clarified Honey	3 pounds
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Extract of Horehound	½ ounce
Extract of Liquorice	¾ ounce
Liquid Extract of Virginian Prune	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (4650.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Tar	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.	
Tincture of Capsicum	10 minims

Mix.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (2992.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (2998.)

Refined Sugar, in powder	2 pounds
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Diluted Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Lobelia	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Balsam. (4518.)

Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Diluted Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Essence of Almonds	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Solution of Senega	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lobelia	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tamarind and Aniseed Cough Balsam. (829.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Tamarinds	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Tonic Cough Balsam. (5164.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Cinnamon (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cudbear	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2½ pounds
Syrup of Squill	2½ pounds

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Wild Cherry Cough Balsam. (3997.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Wild Cherry Cough Balsam. (4785.)

Benzoic Acid	90 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Refined Sugar	14 pounds
Glacial Acetic Acid	880 minims
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Virginian Prune	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 gallons

Mix.

Infants' Cough Cordial. (3638.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Aniseed Cordial. (1946.)

Oil of Anise	10 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cherry Cough Cure. (5007.)

Fuchsin	½ grain
Acetic Acid	20 minims
Antimonial Wine	3 fl. ounces
Compound Solution of Cardamoms	22 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Drops. (2454.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Drops. (4555.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Drops. (3794.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Black Currant Juice	8 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	11½ pounds
Sedative Solution of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 gallons

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Cough Drops. (5122.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Roses	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	9 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Cough Drops. (824.)

Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Codeine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange-flower	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Drops. (2419.)

Oil of Anise	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Drops. (3803.)

Ether	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Drops. (4375.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1 pound
Syrup	1 pound
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 pound
Syrup of Red-Poppy	1 pound
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ pound

Mix.

Cough Drops for Adults. (765.)

Solution of Morphine Acetate,	3 fl. ounces 26 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Drops for Adults. (3792.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Drops for Children. (3794.)

Cough Drops (No. 3792)	7½ fl. ounces
Syrup	7½ fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Drops for Children. (766.)

Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4½ fl. ounces
Treacle	4½ pounds

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Approved Cough Drops. (2643.)

Benzoic Acid	45 grains
Chloroform	67½ minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	15 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P., 1885)	9 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of White Poppies	4½ fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	9 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	2¼ fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Approved Cough Drops. (2632.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Raspberry	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Approved Cough Drops. (2639.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1¼ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Balsamic Cough Drops. (4540.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Acetate	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	1½ pounds

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Red Cough Drops. (2926.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sedative Cough Drops. (3221.)

Synonyms.—Cough Syrup; Cough Linctus.

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Elixir. (3879.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cubebs	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Elixir. (4630.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cough Elixir. (2390.)

Essence of Black Currant	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Rose Water, Triple	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Elixir. (799.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Elixir. (127.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Conium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	24 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Cough Elixir. (5685.)

Morphine Acetate	60 grains
Refined Sugar	6 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	16 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Elixir. (3104.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1 ounce
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	240 grains
Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Extract of Poppies	240 grains
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Elixir. (1863.)

Clarified Honey	3 pounds
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	30 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	8 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	12 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Elixir. (6500.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	21 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Clarified Honey, 6 parts. Glycerin, 2 parts Syrup, 4 parts	a sufficient quantity to produce 100 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Elixir. (5200.)

Chloroform	30 minims
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	8 minims
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	72 minims
Concentrated Solution of Senega	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	48 minims
Treacle	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cough Elixir for Adults. (3259.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	50 minims
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Aniseed Cough Elixir. (3558.)

Antimonial Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	4½ pounds
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Balsamic Cough Elixir. (5096.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Balsamic Cough Elixir. (4882.)

Confection of Roses	3½ pounds
Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	15 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Black Currant Cough Elixir. (2743.)

Syrup of Black Currant	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Black Currant Cough Elixir. (1736.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Cough Elixir. (4831.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	40 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Bronchial Elixir. (6411.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	3 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	1½ fl. drachms
Ammoniacum Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Elixir. (5635.)

Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Anise Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Chest and Lung Elixir. (3795.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	80 minims
Fluid Extract of Blood Flower	1 fl. ounce
Fluid Extract of Blood Root	1 fl. ounce
Fluid Extract of Canada Snakeroot	1 fl. ounce
Fluid Extract of Horehound	1 fl. ounce
Fluid Extract of Hyssop	1 fl. ounce
Fluid Extract of Skunk Cabbage	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Tolu (1 = 8 of Syrup)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Virginian Prune (1 = 8 of Syrup)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Bryony	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Green Hellebore	80 minims
Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Compound Elixir of Anise. (4933.)

Ammonium Carbonate	96 grains
Chloroform	48 minims
Clarified Honey	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega	12 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Glycerin Cough Elixir. (1592.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Expectorant Elixir of Opium. (1355.)

Benzoic Acid	90 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Opium	270 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	90 grains
Antimonial Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	45 minims
Syrup of Red Poppy	½ pound
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	33¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	22 fl. ounces

Mix and use as an ingredient of Bronchial Mixture (No. 1354).

Elixir of Wild Cherry Bark. (4932.)

Benzoic Acid	40 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	800 minims
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Elixir of Aniseed. (3831.)

Spirit of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	25 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lung Elixir. (4745.)

Refined Sugar	1 pound
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Balsamic Elixir. (4038.)

Potassium Nitrate	4 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1 pint
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 pint
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 pint
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 pints
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 pints

Mix.

Pectoral Cough Elixir. (6488.)

Glycerin	2¼ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	40 minims
Oil of Anise	3 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Balsam of Tolu (1=8)	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Virginian Prune (1=8)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cudbear	200 minims
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Elixir. (1860.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Digitalis Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 ounces
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Elixir. (3476.)

Potassium Nitrate	12 ounces
Clarified Honey	7 pounds
Extract of Liquorice	1 pound
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3½ fl. ounces
Solution of Tartarated Antimony	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 gallon
Vinegar of Squill	4 pounds
Distilled Water, boiling	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Pulmonic Cough Elixir. (4880.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squills	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Emulsion. (2707.)

Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Chloroform	80 minims
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	7 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Emulsion. (789.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Essence of Almonds	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Cochineal	2½ fl. drachms
Treacle	10 fl. drachms
Vinegar	4 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Emulsion. (400.)

Almond Oil	12 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Acacia	18 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Emulsion. (4068.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2¼ pounds
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Emulsion. (4488.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2½ ounces
Castor Oil	1½ pounds
Oxymel of Squill	3 pounds
Syrup of Red Poppy	3½ pounds
Vinegar (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Emulsion. (5636.)

Oxymel of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	9 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Emulsion for Adults. (1299.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Infusion of Chiretta	30 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Emulsion. (3552.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Essence of Almond	40 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	4 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Emulsion. (3797.)

Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	7 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Emulsion. (2847.)

Castor Oil	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Emulsion (Nursery). (4815.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar	4 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Emulsion for Children. (4144.)

Potassium Nitrate	30 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	360 grains
Distilled Water	6 pints
Essence of Almonds	2 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	6 pounds
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	9 pounds
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	4 pounds
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanhia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cough Emulsion for Children. (4281.)

Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Glycerin and Horehound Cough Emulsion. (6475.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Almond Oil	4 fl. drachms
Essence of Almonds (1 in 12)	½ fl. drachm
Essence of Anise (1 in 8)	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Carmine	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Linseed and Honey Emulsion. (4249.)

Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed (No. 4250)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pectoral Emulsion for Children. (4355.)

Almond Oil	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Essence of Aniseed. (4776.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	7 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	38 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Essence of "Linseed." (5088.)

Glycerin of Tannic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	100 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 pints
Concentrated Solution of Senega	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 120 minims.

Expectorant Essence. (1307.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. drachm
Raspberry Vinegar	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P., 1885)	½ fl. drachm
Syrup of Coltsfoot	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Expectorant Essence. (5114.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. drachm
Raspberry Vinegar	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Syrup of Coltsfoot	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)..	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Linctus. (3967.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus. (4175.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus. (4252.)

Chlorodyne	6 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	48 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus. (4161.)

Clarified Honey	1 ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	½ fl. drachm

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus. (4489.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (4466.)

Balsam of Anise (P.J.F. No. 831)	16 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	8 ounces
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.J. 1885)	2½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus.(4437.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Roses	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	3½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885) a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 120 minims.

Cough Linctus. (4403.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Linctus. (4743.)

Tartarated Antimony	5 grains
Chlorodyne	2½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (2706.)

Tartarated Antimony	4 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Essence of Horehound	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	288 minims
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. drachms
Mucilage of Linseed, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus. (2807.)

Tartarated Antimony	6 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squills	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (2651.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Fruit	40 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (3639.)

Benzoic Acid	100 grains
Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	24 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	120 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Oxymel of Squill	18 pints
Spirit of Camphor	13 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	20 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	25 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	28 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (3634.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (3459.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Linctus. (812.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	30 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims

Cough Linctus. (3669.)

Potassium Nitrate	3¾ ounces
Antimonial Wine	18 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	18 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	18 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3¾ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (4612.)

Tragacanth, in powder	45 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	45 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Rose Water (1=40)	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose —1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus. (4622.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Honey and Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm,

Cough Linctus. (3790.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus. (3913.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	18 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus. (3464.)

Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	1½ pounds
Essence of Almonds	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1½ pounds
Syrup	1½ pounds
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Linctus. (3887.)

Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	8 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus. (3702.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	21 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	32 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Acetic Acacia Mixture	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus. (3810.)

Citric Acid	240 grains
Clarified Honey	4 ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	72 minims
Liquid Extract of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to make	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus. (2750.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (1295.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	24 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	24 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus. (3570.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	17½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	10 pounds
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	15 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	20 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	20 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	80 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	40 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (3426.)

Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	84 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Linctus. (3473.)

Clarified Honey	30 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	26 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (3363.)

Clarified Honey	2 pounds
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	26 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (3461.)

Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	1½ pounds
Essence of Almonds	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1½ pounds
Syrup	1½ pounds
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus. (2950.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Linseed (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus. (1591.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	19 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (2894.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	30 minims
Syrup of Virginian Prune	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (2886.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Mucilage of Acacia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	30 minims
Solution of Roses	4 minims
Syrup of Virginian Prune	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Linctus. (3503.)

Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Balsamic Cough Linctus for Adults. (3373.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Cough Mixture (No. 3372)	7 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Linctus for Adults. (4383.)

Clarified Honey	15 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	40 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	20 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	20 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus for Adults. (4143.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus for Adults. (3943.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces
Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	40 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Balsamic Cough Linctus. (4738.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	1 pint
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Children's Cough Linctus. (4810.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Linctus. (4977.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Tar	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 minims
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Linctus. (4538.)

Compound Fluid Extract of Horehound	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Poppy	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Children's Cough Linctus. (6489.)

Burnt Sugar	5 minims
Glycerin	3½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	7 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Anise, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough and Cold Linctus. (1204.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	10 fl. drachms
Treacle	16 ounces
Chloroform Water	7½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Glycerin Cough Linctus. (4889.)

Essence of Raspberry	30 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	30 minims
Solution of Cochineal	6 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Raspberry Cough Linctus. (4744.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Cochineal	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Essence of Raspberry	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus for Children. (1902.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Tolu	5 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus for Children. (3371.)

Potassium Nitrate	600 grains
Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currants	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus for Children. (4176.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus for Children. (4983.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm,

Cough Linctus for Children. (1430.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Clarified Honey Glycerin	in equal parts, a sufficient quantity to produce 3 fl. ounces.

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Linctus for Children. (1590.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squills	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed Cough Linctus. (2865.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 minims
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Concentrated Solution of Senna	4 fl. drachms
Sedative Expectorant Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsamic Cough Linctus. (4990.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	13½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsamic Cough Linctus. (3347.)

Clarified Honey	1 pound
Glycerin	40 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3½ fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsamic Cough Linctus. (3836.)

Potassium Nitrate	6 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	18 grains
Chlorodyne	5¾ fl. ounces
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	48 minims
Raspberry Vinegar	63 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	432 minims

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Balsamic Linctus. (5740).

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Sedative Solution of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Mulberry	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Bronchial Cough Linctus. (4465.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	14 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	330 minims
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cherry Cough Linctus. (4215.)

Chloral Hydrate	2 ounces
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Linctus or Pectoral Syrup. (4808.)

Clarified Honey	4½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Efficacious Cough Linctus. (1865.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Glycerin Cough Linctus. (3004.)

Benzoic Acid	30 grains
Camphor	15 grains
Tartarated Antimony	4 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Extract of Liquorice	240 grains
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	80 minims
Glycerin	800 minims
Liquid Extract of Squill	160 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Raspberry Cough Linctus. (4128.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Raspberry Juice	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Pectoral Cough Linctus. (4448.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	1 minim
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cudbear	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Linctus. (1635.)

Benzoic Acid	2 ounces
Antimonial Wine	8 fl. ounces
Extract of Liquorice	20 ounces
Oil of Anise	3 fl. ounces
Proof Spirit (B.P. 1885)	6 pounds
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Treacle	6 pounds
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 gallons

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Linctus. (1611.)

Morphine Acetate	8 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pectoral Cough Linctus. (2131).

Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Pectoral Cough Linctus. (3167.)

Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Castor Oil	1½ pounds
Distilled Water, boiling	6 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 pounds
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	2¼ pounds
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Raspberry Cough Linctus. (3790.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	32 fl. ounces
Raspberry Juice	92 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	16 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	16 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	192 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cough Linctus. (3710.)

Clarified Honey	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	20 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Bimeconate	15 minims
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Red Cough Linctus. (4885.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Almonds	1 minim
Oxymel of Squill	6½ fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform (1=8)	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red Poppy	6½ fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Red Cough Linctus. (2951.)

Concentrated Infusion of Roses	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Nitric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Linctus. (1994.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Glucose	25 fl. ounces
Glycerin	30 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Tolu	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Wild Cherry Cough Linctus. (1315.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Essence of Morella Cherry	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Virginian Prune	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Wild Cherry Cough Linctus. (125.)

Benzoic Acid	45 grains
Crystal Violet Dye	1 grain
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	22 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	11 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3¾ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	45 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3163.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	150 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	40 fl. ounces
Syrup	36 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	80 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	80 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	20 fl. ounces
Sulphuric Acid	13 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	23 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3147.)

(For Adults.)

Morphine Acetate	20 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	16 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (1372.)

Refined Sugar	2½ pounds
Concentrated Infusion of Senega (1=8)	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	3½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (1423.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1¼ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (2181.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (1844.)

Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red Poppy	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (1337.)

Clarified Honey	4 pounds
Oxymel of Squill	4 pounds
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 pounds
Vinegar of Colchicum	½ pound

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (1864.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4189.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (6430.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	7 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (6467.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (6504.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (6399.)

Benzoic Acid	180 grains
Camphor	180 grains
Morphine Acetate	96 grains
Clarified Honey	28 pounds
Treacle	14 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Burnt Sugar (1 in 3)	2½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1½ gallons

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (6409.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	96 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (3409.)

Chlorodyne	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Simple Cough Mixture (No. 3408), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (6420.)

Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3685.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Digitalis	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ergot	15 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3423.)

Morphine Acetate	96 grains
Sedative Solution of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 pounds
Syrup	8 pounds
Syrup of Squill	4 pounds
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 pounds

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3651.)

Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2¾ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3419.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3447.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 pounds

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (5018.)

Refined Sugar	2½ pounds
Concentrated Infusion of Senega (1=8)	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	3½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4336.)

Glycerin of Horehound (No. 4333)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Liquorice (No. 4335)	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. drachms
Compound Camphor Water (No. 4335), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4372.)

Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4373.)

Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4594.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Roses	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4604.)

Ether	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (823.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Antimonial Wine	9 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	7 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	9 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (5078.)

Chlorodyne	5 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Treacle	12 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4583.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Infusion of Senega	3 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4628.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4640.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	7 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (1767.)

Potassium Citrate	1 ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (7056.)

Tartarated Antimony	40 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	1 ounce
Chlorodyne	42 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	2½ pints
Honey	2½ pounds
Refined Sugar	2½ pounds
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (790.)

Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Glycerin Syrup of Balsam of Tolu Vinegar of Squill	mixed in equal volumes—a sufficient quantity to produce 40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

ough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4651.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Tartarated Antimony	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red-Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (583.)

Dr. Christison's Formula.

Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (791.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	7½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (613.)

Dr. Begbie's Formula.

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	40 minims
Diluted Nitric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (801.)

Aqueous Tincture of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Lime Juice	8 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (802.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	18 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	9 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	18 ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	9 ounces
Syrup of Horehound	9 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3093.)

Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3075).

Ammonium Carbonate	1¼ ounces
Chlorodyne	3 fl. ounces
Ether	2¼ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Camphor Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (3090).

Antimonial Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3113.)

Brown Sugar	3½ pounds
Antimonial Wine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	1½ pints
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3070.)

Antimonial Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squills	10 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Oxymel	22½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3088).

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Oxymel, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3069.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Dilute Hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3065.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	90 minims
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B. P. 1885)	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Conium	5 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (2811.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	21 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	21 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	10¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (3010.)

Clarified Honey	20 ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	3¾ fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	7½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	7½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (2777.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose :—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2820.)

Clarified Honey	18 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	45 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose :—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2739).

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies (1=4)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Aniseed Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (2800.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose :—2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2771.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Carmine	10 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Refined Sugar	28 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	½ fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose :—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (3026.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3042.)

Morphine Acetate	1 grain
Acetic Acid	5 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixture. (2700.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P., 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3164.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	64 grains
Distilled Water, boiling	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	76 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar or Wine of Ipecacuanha	16 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	50 fl. ounces
Treacle	12 pounds

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3060.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (828.)

Tartarated Antimony	10 grains
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Tincture of Digitalis	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	1½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (822.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (806.)

As prescribed by Dr. Christison.

Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

ough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (835.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Opium	24 minims
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Vinegar of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (825.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	1 drop
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (826.)

Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (836.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (837.)

Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces
Treacle	6 pounds
Vinegar	6 pints

Mix, and add one minim of Oil of Peppermint to each fluid ounce.

Cough Mixture. (1871.)

Burnt Sugar	60 grains
Clarified Honey	240 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (1872.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	2½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3535.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (3506.)

Antimonial Wine	30 minims
Chlorodyne	60 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	30 minims
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	160 minims
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Vinegar of Squill	160 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 240 minims.

Cough Mixture. (3582.)

Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3561.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	12 fl. drachms
Solution of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to make	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3592.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3591.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3590.)

Antimonial Wine	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3612.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3594.)

Benzoic Acid	20 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	17 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	12 fl. ounces
Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	86 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Red Cough Mixture. (807.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (803.)

Morphine Acetate	1 grain
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Lemon	14 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (813.)

Known as the King of Denmark's Cough Elixir.

Ammoniated Solution of Oil of Anise (No. 814)	2 fl. ounces
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Fennel Water (double strength)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3062.)

Benzoic Acid	8 grains
Clarified Honey	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	30 minims
Spirit of Camphor	80 minims
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (1882.)

Ammonium Carbonate	36 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega	18 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2023.)

Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (1881.)

Tartarated Antimony	20 grains
Chlorodyne	10 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (5001.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (3334.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3261.)

Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	13 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3328.)

Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. drachm
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3266.)

Morphine Acetate	15 grains
Tartarated Antimony	4 grains
Burnt Sugar	1½ fl. drachm
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	24 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3284.)

Chlorodyne	6 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Raspberry	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3290.)

Acetic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	48 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	45 minims
Spirit of Camphor	36 minims
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3692.)

Compound Solution of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Indian Hemp	18 minims
Burnt Sugar	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (2921.)

Chlorodyne	19 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	55 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2970.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	180 grains
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6¼ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	21 fl. ounces
Syrup	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fl. drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3005.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	18 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Cherry-laurel Water	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3001.)

Benzoic Acid	5 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (157.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4997.)

Tragacanth, in powder	8 grains
Almond Oil	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (5026.)

Clarified Honey	4 ounces
Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4991.)

Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	8 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (48.)

Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (49.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	8½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	8½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 pint
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—10 to 120 minims.

Cough Mixture. (4984.)

Benzoic Acid	90 grains
Camphor	150 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Opium, in powder	180 grains
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Fluid Extract of Horehound	4 fl. ounces
Compound Fluid Extract of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Linseed Mucilage (1 in 20)	30 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 pounds

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4920.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	21 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	21 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4961.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	16 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4981.)

Acetic Ether	4 minims
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Horehound	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4844.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Compound Spirit of Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4535.)

Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ipecacuanha	60 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	45 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (2878.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Compound Solution of Camphor (for Tincture)	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture. (2871.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	4 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (2861.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2110.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	8 ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (5222.)

Antimonial Wine	30 minims
Chlorodyne	60 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	30 minims
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	160 minims
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Vinegar of Squill	160 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (2118.)

Chlorodyne	2½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	55 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2885.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (2989.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	6 minims
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. drachms
Infusion of Linseed, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fl. drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2004.)

Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P., 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (1959.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (819.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Infusion of Senega	3 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water	23 fl. ounces

Mix Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (820.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	15 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (1236.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (1310.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (3961.)

Ammonium Carbonate	90 grains
Chlorodyne	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Ammoniacum Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cough Mixture. (4791.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	4¼ ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Infusion of Roses	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	32 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4809.)

Tartarated Antimony	1½ grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	2 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4731.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4772.)

Solution of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Lemon	15 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	15 fl. ounces
Solution of Virginian Prune	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	40 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4656.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Clarified Honey	1½ pounds
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Treacle	1 pound
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4707.)

Clarified Honey	8 ounces
Balsam of Horehound	3 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4789.)

Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4221.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Anise	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4066.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. ounces
Treacle	1½ pounds
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4182.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Black Currant, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4138.)

Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Antimonial Wine	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3959.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Virginian Prune	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4073.)

Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4062.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4050.)

Chlorodyne	1¾ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 pound
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3871.)

Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4225.)

Antimonial Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	15 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4238.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	9 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	24 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Treacle	4½ pounds
Vinegar of Squill	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4299.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	30 ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (1764.)

Antimonial Wine	7½ fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. drachm
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4207.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Honey of Roses	9½ fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4071.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Treacle	8 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3715.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	15 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 pints
Compound Tincture of Camphor	40 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3749.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3870.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	24 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4079.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel	9 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3818.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4306.)

Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. drachms
Raspberry Vinegar	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4858.)

Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	24 fl. ounces
Vinegar	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4869.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Syrup	60 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	24 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4879.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Quassia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	8 ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4571.)

Squill, in powder	175 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	35 ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	55 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	55 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4819.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1 ounce
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (2907.)

Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	15 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Peppermint Water (1=40)	1½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (2893.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4557.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (353.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P., 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	20 fl. ounces
Honey	32 ounces
Oxymel of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	26 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (4570.)

Syrup of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4494.)

Oxymel of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4539.)

Benzoic Acid	20 grains
Camphor	20 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Ether	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (4404.)

Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Phenol	3½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Saffron	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Dill Water	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (4463.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (3767.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel	9 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3468.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	36 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	24 fl. ounces
Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Cherry Laurel Water	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (3432.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	15 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (5669.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (5663.)

Refined Sugar	10 ounces
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	10 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4½ fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (5633.)

Cough Mixture (No. 1331)	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (5625.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (5109.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Cod-liver Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Raspberry Vinegar, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3109.)

Tincture of Lobelia (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 pounds
Oxymel of Squill	4 pounds

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (5107.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (5137.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (5136.)

Wine of Opium (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	36 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	18 ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Oxymel, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (5167.)

Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3654.)

Potassium Citrate	1 ounce
Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	16 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (3633.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Clarified Honey	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	8 fl. ounces
Treacle	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture. (4307.)

Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (5689.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform	20 minims
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	10 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Tincture of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	2 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (5719.)

Extract of Poppies	½ ounce
Tartarated Antimony	10 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	16 ounces
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (1874.)

Synonym.—Cough Linctus.

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (1876.)

Morphine Acetate	5 grains
Squill, in powder	240 grains
Burnt Sugar	5 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	3¼ fl. ounces
Solution of Tartarated Antimony	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	66 ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (1873.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	40 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Tolu	1½ fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Adult Cough Mixture. (1883.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	14 fl. ounces
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Adult Cough Mixture. (5179.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Adult Cough Mixture. (5195.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Adult Cough Mixture. (5183.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Adult Cough Mixture. (4866.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Mulberry	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	2½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	12 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Adult Cough Mixture. (5661.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	600 grains
Chlorodyne	12 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	12 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	7½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm

Adults' Cough Mixture. (4167.)

Tartarated Antimony	37½ grains
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	40 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	8 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Adult Cough Mixture. (3787.)

Morphine Acetate	15 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (1879.)

Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (3287.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (3453.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	20 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Terebene	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (5611.)

Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Chlorodyne	½ fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Black Currant	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Elderberry	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (5675.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (4673.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (5124.)

Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	18 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (4766.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Children's Cough Mixture (No. 4765)	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (3822.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Adults' Cough Mixture. (3615.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	13 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Sedative Solution of Opium	9 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (793.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (584.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (788.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (797.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P., 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Fruit	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3118.)

Tartarated Antimony	40 grains
Oil of Aniseed	20 minims
Tincture of Digitalis	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Treacle	6 pounds

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3120.)

Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Roses	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	64 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture (Adults). (2932.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	10 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture (Adults). (3597.)

Chlorodyne	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Acacia	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cubebs	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 pint
Syrup of Squill	1 pint
Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	18 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	7½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture (for Adults). (3340.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixture (for Adults). (3316.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Black Currant	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture (for Adults). (3300.)

Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2107.)

Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3383.)

Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (50.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	4½ fl. ounces
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	3½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	19 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	23 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (1999.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Ether	40 minims
Glycerin	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Treacle	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fl. drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (1885.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Carmine	10 minims
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885, without Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid)	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2057.)

Oxymel of Ipecacuanha	3¾ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2963.)

Concentrated Solution of Senega	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel	7 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (5219.)

Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (1878.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Cough Mixture for Adults. (1884.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Decoction of Senega	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3574.)

Potassium Nitrate	96 grains
Chlorodyne	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3577.)

Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (5715.)

Ammonium Carbonate	96 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Ether	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (5726.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	800 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3867.)

Potassium Nitrate	600 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	45 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	12 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4609.)

Children's Cough Mixture (No. 4610)	19 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3866.)

Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	45 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4125.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	9 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	52 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3771.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Essence of Almonds	30 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3787.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fl. drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4280.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Violets	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4016.)

Chloroform	8 minims
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4751.)

Refined Sugar	10 ounces
Chloroform	40 minims
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4391.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	20 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4379.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacunha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4425.)

Morphine Acetate	60 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	40 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (5063.)

Chlorodyne	3 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Pink Balsamic Cough Mixture (No. 5064)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (4942.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (6461.)

Clarified Honey	2½ pounds
Morphine Acetate	30 grains
Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	2½ fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1¼ pounds
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	12½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	12½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2589.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Cascarilla	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3494.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (6505.)

Ether	320 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (1841.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Digitalis	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Camphor Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2520.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Syrup of Red-Poppy	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	8 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fl. drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3168.)

Ether	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (1331.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2207.)

Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Solution of White Poppies	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	1 pound
Vinegar of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (1772.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture (for Adults). (3550.)

Ammonium Carbonate	4 ounces
Chlorodyne	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 pints
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1 pint
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	6 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3442.)

Burnt Sugar	20 minims
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	15 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (804.)

As prescribed by Sir Wm. Jenner.

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (3027.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Child's Cough Mixture. (4564.)

Acetic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cudbear	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3620.)

Potassium Bromide	1½ ounces
Tartarated Antimony	8 grains
Sweet Solution of Roses	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3264.)

Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3569.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3609.)

Solution of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3581.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	1 pound
Vinegar	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3575.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3543.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3568.)

Ammonium Bromide	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Sweet Solution of Roses, a sufficient quantity.	
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3698.)

Almond Oil	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Violets	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3648.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3501.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3272.)

Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3292.)

Clarified Honey	20 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3068.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	30 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	30 minims
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (840.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cochineal	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (854.)

Burnt Sugar	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Anise Water	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1203.)

Potassium Nitrate	40 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine (or Vinegar)	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1277.)

(For children, over two years of age.)

Cudbear	90 grains
Chloroform	10 minims
Essence of Vanilla	15 minims
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Boil the cudbear with 8 fluid ounces of distilled water for ten minutes; filter. Add the remaining ingredients to the cooled filtrate. Add sufficient distilled water to produce 12 fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms

Children's Cough Mixture. (1316.)

Ammonium Chloride	80 grains
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1314.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces.
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	32 ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2206.)

Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1393.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1285.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	7 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1247.)

Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1308.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3146.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6440.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Solution of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (860.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces
Anise Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3193.)

Ammonium Carbonate	20 grains
Chloroform	15 minims
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	80 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1768.)

Potassium Nitrate	160 grains
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1896.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1889.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	30 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	14 fl. drachms
Syrup	50 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	35 fl. drachms

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1773.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1779.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Anise Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1980.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1894.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (8.)

Tincture of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2041.)

Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	10 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2048.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2¾ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6¾ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	13¼ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2¾ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6¾ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	13¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2553.)

Concentrated Solution of Senega	7½ fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	80 minims
Solution of Red Poppy	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Balsam of Tolu	200 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1899.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2708.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Acacia	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2161.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squills	4 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1862.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Virginian Prune	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3349.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2747.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3631.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Balsam of Tolu	½ ounce
Extract of Liquorice	½ pound
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	2 pounds
Distilled Water	4 pints

Mix and decant.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3366.)

Oxymel of Squill	9 ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	21 ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	9 ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	27 ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6½ ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2710.)

Benzoic Acid	8 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3353.)

Ammonium Bromide	420 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1859.)

Potassium Citrate	5 ounces
Salicylic Acid	4 grains
Essence of Strawberry	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3523.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	12 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3512.)

Antimonial Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3757.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Nitrate	120 grains
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5175.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Syrup	48 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	4 fl. ounces
Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5721.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Sodium Bromide	120 grains
Antimonial Wine	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1 = 8)	5 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3337.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	80 minims
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Roses	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	20 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4773.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3922.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Juice of Conium	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Spirit of Anise	30 minims
Refined Sugar	16 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4750.)

Tragacanth, in powder	20 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3764.)

Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Virginian Prune	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Horehound	5 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4759.)

Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Orange Peel	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4765.)

Tartarated Antimony	8 grains
Refined Sugar	26 ounces
Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Clarified Honey	32 ounces
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	14 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1589).

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cudbear	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3768.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel	22½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3777.)

Balsam of Tolu	16 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	4 grains
Squill, in powder	16 grains
Honey of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3791.)

Glycerin	10 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	7 fl. drachms
Malt Vinegar	1 fl. ounce
Raspberry Juice	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	7 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3936.)

Ammonium Bromide	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Lemon	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2½ fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (3930.)

Ammonium Bromide	10 grains
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Virginian Prune	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3910.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5218.)

Compound Tragacanth Powder	600 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Horehound	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4148.)

Ammonium Bromide	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Cochineal (No. 83)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	26 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4168.)

Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3883.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Antimonial Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	32 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	70 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3881.)

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	288 minims
Oxymel of Squill	32 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	16 fl. ounces
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3823.)

Potassium Citrate	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Black Currant	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	8 fl. ounces
Anise Water	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3807.)

Solution of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. drachms
Solution of Conium	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to make	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3786.)

Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	30 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4205.)

Almond Oil	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4208.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Honey of Roses	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	16 ounces
Syrup of Raspberry	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4169.)

Aromatic Elixir of Tar	2½ fl. ounces
Children's Cough Mixture (No. 4168)	17½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4224.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	2 fl. ounces
Peach-kernel Oil	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Violets	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4243.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	10 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4275.)

Tartaric Acid	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4269.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4259.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1¾ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4286.)

Oil of Anise	6 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5713.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3721.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	400 minims
Solution of Cochineal	15 minims
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3718.)

Carmine	1 grain
Gluside	2 grains
Potassium Carbonate	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5678.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5700.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounse
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5707.)

Ammonium Bromide	300 grains
Citric Acid	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Dill Water	5 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4407.)

Sodium Bromide	120 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cudbear	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4414.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Treacle	16 ounces
Distilled Water (boiling), a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4610.)

Benzoic Acid	32 grains
Cassia Pods	1½ ounces
Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces
Ginger, bruised	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	6 pounds
Squill	5 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	32 grains
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4426.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4340.)

Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Essence of Almonds	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4551.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4517.)

Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	2 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4599.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	60 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	30 minims
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4601.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4907.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squills	1½ fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture (5123.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4795.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4840.)

Ammonium Bromide	720 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	16 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4919.)

Ammonium Carbonate	15 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4924.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4971.)

Ammonium Carbonate	80 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4972.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4813.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4980.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4779.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Roses	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4782.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Raspberry Vinegar, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4082.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Oxymel of Squill Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	of each, in equal parts, a sufficient quantity to produce 2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4621.)

Citric Acid	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4633.)

Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4696.)

Citric Acid	160 grains
Potassium Nitrate	400 grains
Refined Sugar	22 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	4 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	200 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4666.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4675.)

Potassium Citrate	360 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	½ fl. drachm
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	22 ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	18 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4679.)

Citric Acid	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4693.)

Potassium Carbonate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	5 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5086.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4988.)

Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4376.)

Cough Drops (No. 4375)	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5006.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5034.)

Refined Sugar	16 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5043.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	150 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5068.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	5 minims
Castor Oil	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4399.)

Boric Acid	20 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red-Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4396.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3968.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	16 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	16 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (354.)

Ammonium Bromide	480 grains
Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	13 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	26 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2784.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	14 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	7 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4711.)

Alum	120 grains
Citric Acid	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	15 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4381.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	12 minims
Syrup	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	192 minims
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (477.)

(Without Sedatives.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3064.)

Tartarated Antimony	3 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Castor Oil	10 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	7½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3101.)

Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3081.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5654.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3433.)

Tartarated Antimony	1 grain
Tincture of Digitalis	1 fl. drachm
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3436.)

Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2796.)

Ammonium Bromide	750 grains
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	80 minims
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—10 to 120 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4380.)

Anise Water	40 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (851.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Senega	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2122.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3495.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (798.)

Potassium Bromide	160 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P., 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (129.)

Ammonium Bromide	32 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	32 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	32 minims
Oxymel of Squill	80 minims
Tincture of Cochineal	32 minims
Glycerin	320 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3452.)

Ammonium Bromide	300 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	20 grains
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Senega	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	8 minims
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (23.)

Boric Acid	8 grains
Potassium Bromide	8 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	12 grains
Anise Water	40 minims
Antimonial Wine	12 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	32 minims
Oxymel of Squill	80 minims
Solution of Ammonium Citrate	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	8 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	80 minims
Tincture of Aconite	4 minims
Tincture of Conium	4 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (11.)

Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm

Children's Cough Mixture. (3496.)

Potassium Citrate	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2058.)

Potassium Nitrate	160 grains
Oxymel of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1969.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	3 fl. ounces
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	32 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1892.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Oil of Anise)	2 fl. drachms
to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose :—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1839).

Almond Oil	7 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	7 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Acacia	10½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup	35 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixtures. (1891.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5172.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Mulberry	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3909.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5196.)

Sodium Bromide	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3988.)

Potassium Bromide	72 grains
Potassium Iodide	15 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2972.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5673.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1 pint
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5662.)

Benzoic Acid	10 grains
Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2854.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3978.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	240 grains
Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3987.)

Ammonium Bromide	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Treacle	1 pound
Vinegar of Squill	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4007.)

Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3998.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4046.)

Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2887.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	3¾ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3¾ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4049.)

Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4052.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3425.)

Potassium Bromide	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (853.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose —½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (809.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3003.)

Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3443.)

Antimonial Wine	21 fl. drachms
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	10½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	21 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Spirit of Anise	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	13 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	13 fl. ounces
Treacle	13 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3318.)

Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3297.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (855.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3326.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	14 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3½ fl. drachms
Solution of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3320.)

Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3056.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	64 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3052.)

Clarified Honey	960 grains
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (842.)

Potassium Nitrate	360 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4½ fl. drachms
Mucilage of Tragacanth	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2¼ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2¼ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3046.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	15 minims
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	20 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2985.)

Ammonium Bromide	480 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water (Triple)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3031.)

Tragacanth, in powder	20 grains
Burnt Sugar	½ fl. drachm
Elixir of Saccharin	½ fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise (1=20)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2979.)

Benzoic Acid	12 grains
Camphor	9 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	9 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 pound
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3021.)

Balsam of Tolu	8 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 grains
Squill, in powder	8 grains
Honey of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	480 grains

Mix. Dose.—60 grains.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3040.)

Ammonium Bromide	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	35 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Squill	21 fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon, a sufficient quantity to produce	42 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (841.)

Chloroform	20 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Treacle	6 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6474.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	12 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2942.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce.	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2849.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2895.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	12 fl. drachms
Benzoic Acid	30 grains
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Distilled Water	12 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

ough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2935.)

Anise Cordial	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6511.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Mulberries, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6410.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6422.)

Oxymel of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2830.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2¼ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6502.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black-Currants	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6478.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 minims to 2 fluid drachms

Children's Cough Mixture. (6499.)

Concentrated Dill Water	6 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Virginian Prune	6 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6494.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	400 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6482.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture (without Opiate). (3094.)

Potassium Bromide	320 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1½ fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3041.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Violets	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3030.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	2 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	1 minim
Oil of Pennyroyal	2 minims
Oil of Peppermint	1 minim
Oil of Sassafras	3 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Asafetida	5 minims
Tincture of Castor	10 minims
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (2964.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3902.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	½ fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3880.)

Ammonium Carbonate	240 grains
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Red Poppy (1 = 8)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (585.)

Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture (for Children). (838.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Camphor Water	11 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 120 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (847.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture (for Children). (848.)

Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture (for Children.) (849.)

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
or,	
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Jargonelle	30 minims
Syrup of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (161.)

Ammonium Bromide	24 grains
Anise Water	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	48 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	48 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	24 minims
Syrup of Black Currant	1 fl. ounce.
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Children. (126.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (162.)

Ammonium Bromide	30 grains
Compound Tincture of Camphor	72 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	120 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	240 minims
Syrup of Black Currant	720 minims
Syrup of Virginian Prune	540 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (51.)

Clarified Honey	8 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3413.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	96 minims
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3258.)

Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water	9 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3684.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3402.)

Potassium Bromide	96 grains
Camphor Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3372.)

Oxymel of Squill	40 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	40 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3367.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4641.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	26 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4732.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity	
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4636.)

Clarified Honey	16 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4317.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4392.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	20 minims
Spirit of Anise	10 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5019.)

Cough Mixture (No. 5018)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5089.)

Potassium Nitrate	160 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	80 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	160 minims
Castor Oil	½ pound
Oxymel of Squill	½ pound
Solution of Cochineal	160 minims
Syrup	¾ pound

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3868.)

Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	40 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	7 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures,

Cough Mixture for Children. (4992.)

Tragacanth, in powder	15 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	20 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4469.

Tartarated Antimony	6 grains
Clarified Honey	12 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4796).

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	14 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4851.)

Citric Acid	1 ounce
Essence of Raspberry	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	32 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4876.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4085.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	2 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4011.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	6 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	16 ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4036.)

Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Antimonial Wine	120 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	15 minims
Tincture of Squill	90 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4035.)

Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4007.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3994.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5667.)

Potassium Nitrate	100 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	100 grains
Glycerin	800 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	800 minims
Concentrated Solution of Senega	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	320 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3960.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Oxymel of Squill	7½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	8½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	12½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 pounds
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5632.)

Potassium Bromide	½ ounce
Refined Sugar	2¼ pounds
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5680.)

Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Essence of Almonds	30 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Compound Syrup of Raspberry	4½ fl. ounces
Vinegar	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5732.)

Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	9 fl. drachms
Oxymel	24 fl. ounces
Syrup	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5737.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce..	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3770.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3714.)

Potassium Citrate	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	160 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3797.)

Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3859.)

Synonym.—Honey Flip.

Mucilage of Gum Acacia	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	52 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3795.)

Refined Sugar	6 ounces
Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Solution of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3907.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (2623.)

Anise Water	10 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4292.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5214.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (5657.)

Clarified Honey	4 ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (859.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3872.)

Potassium Citrate	24 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	24 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5170.)

Tragacanth, in powder	90 grains
Acetic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. drachm
Treacle	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3873.)

Potassium Citrate	36 grains
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	24 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (2587.)

Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Tartarated Antimony	10 grains
Absolute Alcohol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Aniseed	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (1958.)

Antimonial Wine	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Mucilage of Acacia	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (1765.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (1893.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	48 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor Water, a suufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose :—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Mixture for Children. (2066.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Saffron	1 fl. drachm
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Cherry-laurel Water	1 fl. ounce
Orange-flower Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (1887.)

Ammonium Carbonate	15 grains
Decoction of Senega	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (1898.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3148.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 pounds
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Black Currant Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (3246.)

Clarified Honey	12 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	30 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (1484.)

Mucilage of Tragacanth	12 fl. ounces
Oxymel	6 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (4126.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (5129.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (4216.)

Extract of Liquorice	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Treacle	3 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (6423.)

Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	3½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (843.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Violets	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (3556.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	13 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (5161.)

Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Almond Oil	9 fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (3560.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (3531.)

Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (9.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixture for Infants. (5716.)

Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Infants. (130.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Infants. (3869.)

Potassium Nitrate	360 grains
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Infants. (3117.)

Tartarated Antimony	5 grains
Tincture of Digitalis	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Infants. (4086.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	2½ fl. drachms
Solution of Violets	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Juvenile Cough Mixture. (5182.)

Anise Water	1 fl. ounce
Camphor Water	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nursery Cough Mixture. (6518.)

Benzoic Acid	3 grains
Camphor	2 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Chloroform	6 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	6⅔ fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	100 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Nursery Cough Mixture. (1901.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Asthma and Bronchitis Cough Mixture. (5113.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (3801.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (1870.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (3625.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Horehound	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine (B.P. 1885)	30 minims
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (3356.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	2 ounces
Antimonial Wine	6 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Conium	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (3203.)

Extract of Liquorice	120 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims
Oxymel of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Storax	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (4026.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (3418.)

Clarified Honey	8 ounces
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Irish Moss, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (3097.)

Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	800 minims
Treacle	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (3385.)

Benzoic Acid	160 grains
Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform	40 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Syrup of Horehound	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	160 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Balsamic Cough Mixture. (4415.)

Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	160 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Balsamic Cough Mixture for Children. (6415.)

Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Black Cough Mixture. (22.)

Ammonium Chloride	80 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	60 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	320 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	60 minims
Tincture of Senega	320 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Black Currant Cough Mixture. (3708.)

Benzoic Acid	40 grains
Potassium Citrate	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	160 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Black Currant Cough Mixture. (1519.)

Chlorodyne	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	5 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Essence of Almonds	2½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant, or Syrup of Red Poppy	25 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 pints

Mix.

Black Currant Cough Mixture. (4792.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Black Currant	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	26 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Black Currant Cough Mixture. (4493.)

Black Currant Jam	1 pound
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2 ounces
Glycerin	1 pound
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	84 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Black Currant Cough Mixture. (2205.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Black Currant Cough Mixture (for Children). (845.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Black Currant Cough Mixture for Children. (6426.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Brompton Cough Mixture. (5631.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	3 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Treacle	2 fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Bronchial Cough Mixture. (5023.)

Tragacanth, in powder	10 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cough Mixtures.

Bronchial Cough Mixture. (4788.)

Potassium Nitrate	40 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Cough Mixture for Adults. (5126.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchial Cough Mixture for Children. (5127.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Cough Mixture. (4854.)

Ammonium Carbonate	15 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Brown Cough Mixture. (1952.)

Amonium Carbonate	120 grains
Essence of Sassafras	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Brown Cough Mixture. (796.)

Brown Sugar	8 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	720 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	3 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	15 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Camphorated Cough Mixture. (1757.)

Antimonial Wine	3 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Oil of Anise)	18 fl. ounces
Camphor Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cherry Cough Mixture. (4033.)

Synonym.—Whooping Cough Mixture.

Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	18 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Cherry	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cherry Cough Mixture. (4686.)

Potassium Bromide	5 grains
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Horehound	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cherry Cough Mixture for Children. (2513.)

Acetic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Virginian Prune	4 fl. drachms
Simple Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Chlorodyne Cough Mixture. (810.)

Ammonium Carbonate	10 grains
Potassium Nitrate	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	10 minims
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Chlorodyne Cough Mixture. (3519.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Chlorodyne Cough Mixture. (3428.)

Chlorodyne	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Tartarated Antimony	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	80 minims
Treacle	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Black Currant Cough Mixture. (3281.)

Chlorodyne	10 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Ipecacuanha Mixture. (3207.)

Synonyms.—Pectoral Syrup; Cough Elixir.

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Antimonial Wine	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Ammonium Carbonate	2 drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Ipecacuanha Mixture. (3209.)

Synonyms.—Cough Mixture; Bronchial Mixture.

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough and Bronchitis Mixture. (3511.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl drachms
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	3 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Chlorodyne Cough Mixture. (4327.)

Chlorodyne	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Chlorodyne Cough Mixture. (5084.)

Tartarated Antimony	20 grains
Chlorodyne	10 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough and Bronchitis Mixture. (4440.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1 pound
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	5 fl. drachms
Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough and Bronchitis Mixture. (4456.)

Liquid Extract of Liquirice	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Poppies	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough and Bronchitis Mixture. (6402.)

Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms

Cough and Bronchitis Mixture for Adults. (4486.)

Ammonium Carbonate	180 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cough and Bronchitis Mixture for Children. (4985.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Senega	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough and Bronchitis Mixture for Children. (4485.)

Ammonium Carbonate	100 grains
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough and Cold Mixture. (4591.)

Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough and Cold Mixture. (4664.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough and Cold Mixture. (1880.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=4)	3 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	24 fl. ounces
Camphor Water	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough and Cold Mixture. (4236.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Horehound	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	10 drops
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Cough and Cold Mixture. (4218.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough and Cold Mixture. (2768.)

Ammonium Bromide	16 grains
Potassium Nitrate	16 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	24 minims
Glycerin	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	5 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough and Cold Mixture. (2999.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough and Cold Mixture. (2916.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough or Cold Mixture. (1271.)

Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture or Cough Drops. (1588.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture without Opium. (4931.)

Acetic Acid	14 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	24 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture (Sedative). (4577.)

Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	90 minims
Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

"Currant" Cough Mixture. (382.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	4 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

"Currant" Cough Mixture. (3424.)

Morphine Acetate	96 grains
Oxymel of Squill	4 pounds
Sedative Solution of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	8 pounds
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 pound
Syrup of Squill	4 pounds
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 pound

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Eucalyptus Cough Mixture. (3156.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Expectorant Cough Mixture. (5.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Expectorant Cough Mixture. (3593.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Expectorant Cough Mixture. (817.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Expectorant Cough Mixture. (4576.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Expectorant Mixture. (4938.)

Ammonium Carbonate	32 grains
Infusion of Senega	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Glycerin Cough Mixture. (4687.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Glycerin Cough Mixture. (4947.)

Morphine Acetate	15 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cassia	16 minims
Oxymel of Squill	21 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	15 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	11 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liquorice Cough Mixture. (2194.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	30 ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice	30 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	21 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 pounds
Oil of Anise	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	96 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	42 pounds

Mix. Dose.—20 to 120 minims.

Lung Balsam Cough Mixture. (3642.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mixture for Coughs and Colds. (1793.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	40 minims
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Mixture for Coughs and Colds. (3131.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Pectoral Cough Mixture. (3516.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	22 grains
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Acacia	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Mixture. (2994.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Concentrated Solution of Tolu	30 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Pectoral Cough Mixture. (2940.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Mixture. (3640.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Pectoral Cough Mixture. (834.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	20 minims
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Pectoral Cough Mixture. (785.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ pound
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	2 pounds
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 pounds
Syrup of Squill	2 pounds

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Child's Pectoral Cough Mixture. (846.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water (Triple)	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Pink Cough Mixture. (1438.)

Essence of Almonds	½ fl. drachm
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	9½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cudbear	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	9 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Petroleum and Chlorodyne Cough Mixture. (800.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Petroleum Emulsion	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Pink Balsamic Cough Mixture for Children. (5064.)

Tartarated Antimony	10 grains
Juice of Belladonna	4 fl. drachms
Juice of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	15 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	80 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Raspberry Cough Mixture. (4512.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Clarified Honey	16 ounces
Diluted Nitric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Raspberry Vinegar	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Acid Cough Mixture. (4110.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cough Mixture. (3589.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fl. drachm.

Red Cough Mixture. (839.)

(For Children over two years of age.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	550 minims
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 90 minims.

Red Cough Mixture. (1950.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Red Cough Mixture. (795.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Red Cough Mixture. (794.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 pounds
Syrup of Squill	7 pounds
Compound Tincture of Camphor	34 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Red Cough Mixture. (5698.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3¾ fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	1½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	7½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Sedative Cough Mixture. (827.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Simple Cough Mixture. (3408.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2¼ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	9 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3½ pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Stock Cough Mixture. (6413.)

Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	1½ pounds
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal Syrup of Red Poppy	of each a sufficient quantity
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Strong Cough Mixture. (2881.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tamarind Cough Mixture. (4982.)

Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	20 minims
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Tamarind Cough Mixture. (3498.)

Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Tamarind Fruit	1 ounce
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	20 minims
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Cough Mixture. (4163.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	9 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	9 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	9 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	9 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Universal Cough Mixture. (4041.)

Benzoic Acid	½ ounce
Camphor	65 grains
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	17½ grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Proof Spirit	28 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	96 fl. ounces

White Cough Mixture. (808.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Tolu	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

White Cough Mixture. (1951.)

Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

White Cough Mixture. (3329.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Cough Mixture for Children. (1374.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	40 drops
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Glucose	20 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 drops

Cough Mixtures.

White Cough Mixture for Children. (4496.)

Almond Oil	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	12 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Medicine. (5639.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Syrup of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (1618.)

Potassium Bromide	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (856.)

Ammonium Bromide	32 grains
Chloroform Water	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	32 minims
Tincture of Lobelia	32 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (857.)

Phenol	8 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange-flower	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna (B.P., 1885)	32 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	80 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (844.)

Ammonium Bromide	30 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Bitter Almond Water	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Hemidesmus, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (2753.)

Potassium Bromide	300 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (25.)

Potassium Carbonate	40 grains
Cochineal, in powder	20 grains
Clarified Honey	4 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (1478.)

Phenol	100 grains
Zinc Sulphate	60 grains
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	500 minims
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (2704.)

Potassium Bromide	40 grains
Juice of Conium	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Whooping-Cough Mixture. (3032.)

Ammonium Bromide	16 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Whooping-Cough Mixture. (3029.)

Ammonium Bromide	360 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lobelia	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Whooping-Cough Mixture. (2936.)

Ammonium Bromide	50 grains
Potassium Carbonate	40 grains
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Lobelia	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (1895.)

Cochineal, in powder	20 grains
Potassium Carbonate	40 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (4289.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Glycerin of Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Belladonna	2½ fl. drachms
Juice of Conium	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (4767.)

Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Children's Cough Mixture (No. 4765)	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm,

Whooping Cough Mixture. (4760.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Antimonial Wine	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (4529.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (4853.)

Ammonium Bromide	300 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Saffron	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3983.)

Ammonium Bromide	16 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	24 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	80 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	12 minims
Tincture of Squill	12 minims
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3979.)

Ammonium Carbonate	50 grains
Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (5621.)

Synonyms.—Children's Cough Mixture; Children's Cough Balsam; Balsam of Aniseed.

Ammoniacum (in powder)	¼ ounce
Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Diluted Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Syrup of Black Currant	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Elderberry	5 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3949.)

Ammonium Bromide	72 grains
Zinc Sulphate	12 grains
Syrup	9 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3875.)

Ammonium Bromide	30 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	20 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Sumbul	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (5648.)

Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. ounces
Dill Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (5202.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin of Alum	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3825.)

Phenol	16 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	90 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	90 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3742.)

Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Chlorodyne	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Sweet Essence of Senna	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cubebs	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 teaspoonful.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (4298.)

Ammonium Bromide	540 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	3½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (4170.)

Glycerin	3½ fl. ounces
Glycerin of Alum	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin of Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Infusion of Roses	4½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	9 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	9 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3526.)

Ammonium Bromide	80 grains
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	20 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3604.)

Cochineal	10 grains
Potassium Carbonate	20 grains
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3847.)

Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3482.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	14 fl. dracms
Tincture of Musk	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	14 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3624.)

Ammonium Bromide	320 grains
Zinc Bromide, or Zinc Sulphate	10 grains
Antimonial Wine	160 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	320 minims
Tincture of Lobelia	320 minims
Tincture of Senega	160 minims
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping-cough Mixture. (5121.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (5704.)

Ammonium Bromide	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity of produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Whooping Cough Mixture. (5626.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Liquefied Phenol	15 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Lobelia	½ fl. drachm
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Whooping Cough Mixture for Children. (1931.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Astringent Cough Mixture. (1496.)

(For Adults.)

Heroin	6 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Wild Cherry Cough Mixture. (3388.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Fluid Extract of Wild Cherry	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel	10 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup. (3942.)

Chlorodyne	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup. (4860.)

Antimonial Wine	9 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	9 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant	18 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	13½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	22½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	18 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Syrup. (1587.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu (1=8)	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Red Poppy	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Tincture of Camphor (1=4)	6 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup. (5009.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup. (4758.)

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	40 minims
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Horehound	8 fl. ounces
Vinegar	2½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Syrup. (4514.)

Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Anise Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Syrup. (3071.)

Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Black Currant Jelly	8 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	13 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup. (2006.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup. (1867.)

Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	1 pound
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup. (3086.)

Clarified Honey	1 ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	15 minims
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of White Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Syrup. (3141.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	7½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	2½ fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Adults' Cough Syrup. (3699.)

Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	60 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	60 minims
Syrup of Lemon, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Adults. (4547.)

Morphine Acetate	10 grains
Refined Sugar	12 ounces
Acetic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	13 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup (for Adults). (1861.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup for Adults. (1886.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Carmine	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885, without Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (2801.)

Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Vinginian Prune	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Syrup. (1964.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Rose Water, triple	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Syrup. (1586.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (2870.)

Cochineal, in powder	120 grains
Chloroform	22½ minims
Diluted Nitric Acid	2½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	4 minims
Syrup	7½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Syrup. (2837.)

Ammonium Bromide	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	27 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3144.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Anise Cordial, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3098.)

Essence of Almonds	1½ fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (2216.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3539.)

Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Anise)	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Glycerin	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3313.)

Brandy	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3299.)

Burnt Sugar	8 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3673.)

Synonym.—Pectoral Oxymel.

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Violets	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3614.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Syrup. (R 128.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Acid Infusion of Roses	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Syrup. (858.)

Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (1005.)

Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (5020.)

Cough Mixture (No. 13721)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4183.)

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	80 minims
Syrup of Black Currants, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4895.)

Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	20 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Violets	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	16 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4914.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (5016.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	96 minims
Oxymel of Squill	320 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	320 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4835.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. drachms
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4822.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4978.)

Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Poppies	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Treacle	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3338.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4629.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4027.)

Tragacanth, in powder	90 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4005.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	200 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (7072.)

Ammonium Bromide	6 drachms
Potassium Nitrate	2 drachms
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	2 fl. ounces
Anise Water	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (2564.)

Tartaric Acid	180 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Simple Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (5024.)

Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Syrup. (5048.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (2483.)

Chloroform Water	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3339).

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Citrate (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (1897.)

Essence of Raspberry	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1 = 8)	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce...	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4548.)

Potassium Bromide	600 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	220 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	24 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. drachm
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4410.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses...	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Syrup. (6448.)

Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Syrup. (6419.)

Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Anise	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	160 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (6400.)

Almond Oil	½ fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red-Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 90 minims.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4237.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2½ fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Syrup. (4203.)

Concentrated Anise Water (1 = 40	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3834.)

Glycerin	30 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	15 fl. drachms
Solution of Tolu (1=8)	15 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	15 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	11 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (852).

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Camphor Water	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	13 fl. ounces
Glycerin	13 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 120 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Cough Syrup. (5184.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (5221.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (1252.)

Ammonium Bromide	1 ounce
Sodium Bromide	1 ounce
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Soluble Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. ounces
Sweet Solution of Roses	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (1429.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3281.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Anise	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (3972.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	9 fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	15 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	42 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (1857.)

Glycerin	30 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fl. drachm.

Cough Syrup for Children. (3119.)

Potassium Nitrate	360 grains
Saffron	2½ grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	24 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Syrup for Children. (1809.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	20 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup for Children. (1888.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor, without Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (4611.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red-Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup for Children. (1890.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (4191.)

Glycerin	1½ pounds
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	½ pound
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1½ pounds
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ pounds
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ pounds

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup for Children. (4592.)

Ammonium Bromide	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (1233.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	5 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Syrup for Children. (1471.)

Acetic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Dill	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	12 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	12 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (1838).

Ipecacuanha Wine	2¼ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	1½ fl. iunces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose :—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup for Children. (5120.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup for Children. (1235.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (3743.)

Antimonial Wine	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	24 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	9 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	15 fl. ounces
Tinctue of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Digitalis	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (5087.)

Potassium Bromide	1½ ounces
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	9 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Syrup for Children. (4568.)

Ammonium Bromide	30 grains
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Syrup for Children. (2182.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	7 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cough Syrup for Children. (3785.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currants	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Vingear of Squill	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Cough Syrup for Children. (3841.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	30 minims
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (4926.)

Synonym.—Black Currant Cough Syrup.

Benzoic Acid	2 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	45 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	90 minims
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Syrup for Children. (3908.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Cough Syrup. (5644.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cough Syrup. (2937.)

Ammonium Carbonate	80 grains
Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (4857.)

Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Raspberry	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	5 fl. ounces
Anise Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Juvenile Cough Syrup. (1900.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	160 grains
Distilled Water	7½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Juice of Conium	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	28 fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound	16 fl. ounces
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Cough Syrup. (2954.)

Clarified Honey	20 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aniseed Cough Syrup for Children. (1168.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Spearmint	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Cherry	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Black Currant Cough Syrup. (131.)

Benzoic Acid	45 grains
Crystal Violet Dye	1 grain
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	22 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5⅓ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	11 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3¾ fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	45 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Black Currant Cough Syrup. (95.)

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Black Currant	40 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Black Currant Cough Syrup. (1866.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Adults' Black Currant Cough Syrup. (4309.)

Benzoic Acid	40 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixtures.

Children's Black Currant Cough Syrup. (4310.)

Benzoic Acid	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Children's Black Currant Cough Syrup. (3890.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 pounds
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Black Currant Cough Syrup for Children. (4941.)

Ipecacunha Wine	27 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	27 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cherry Cough Syrup. (4528.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Essence of Cherries	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cherry Cough Syrup. (3106.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cherry Cough Syrup for Children. (1821.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cherry Cough Syrup for Children. (5008.)

Acetic Acid	20 minims
Fuchsin	½ grain
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Orange-flower Water (1=40)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cherry Pectoral Cough Syrup. (4255.)

Morphine Acetate	40 grains
Tartarated Antimony	40 grains
Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Hydrocyanic Acid (Scheele)	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Virginian Prune	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	160 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Cough Syrup. (3775.)

Burnt Sugar	5 fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	6½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	60 minims
Syrup	45 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Compound Cough Syrup. (4478.)

Tartaric Acid	135 grains
Refined Sugar	14 ounces
Acid Infusion of Roses	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Liquorice Cough Syrup. (3110.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	12 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Syrup of Aniseed. (4532.)

Oil of Anise	20 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Syrup of Horehound. (821.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in fine powder	1 ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Horehound, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Syrup of Horehound for Infants. (3105.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Burnt Sugar	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Horehound	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Senega	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup or Cough Mixture. (4483.)

Burnt Sugar	½ fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Compound Syrup or Balsam of Horehound. (3048.)

Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Horehound	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Tolu (1=8)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Rum	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Treacle	2½ pounds
Vinegar of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Glycerin and Horehound Cough Syrup. (805.)

Horehound	8 ounces
Poppy Capsules	4 ounces
Refined Sugar	12 pounds
Glycerin	2 pounds
Clarified Honey	4 pounds
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 fluid drachms.

Hydrobromic Cough Syrup. (1732.)

Morphine Acetate	15 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	29¼ ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	29¼ ounces

Mix.

Iceland Moss Syrup. (2238.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Irish Moss	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Infirmary Cough Syrup. (4897.)

Brown Sugar	9½ pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	18 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 pints
Spirit of Camphor	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	580 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 gallons

Mix.

Mulberry Cough Syrup. (24.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor, without Opium	7½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	7½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Mulberry	7½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	7½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Pectoral Cough Syrup. (3038.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	9 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	40 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Syrup. (4290.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Pectoral Cough Syrup. (4251.)

Refined Sugar	70 ounces
Clarified Honey	96 ounces
Solution of Poppies	11 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Syrup for Children. (1836.)

Ammonium Bromide	640 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	7 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Cough Syrup (for Children). (850.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water	6 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	24 ounces
Refined Sugar	24 ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Pectoral Cough Syrup or Linctus. (3649.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Syrup of Iceland Moss. (3342.)

Iceland Moss	2 fl. ounces
Morphine Acetate	8 grains
Refined Sugar	3¼ pounds
Essence of Almonds	7 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 pints

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Raspberry Cough Syrup. (3784.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Essence of Raspberry	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Raspberry and Tolu Cough Syrup. (2925.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Raspberry	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cough Syrup for Children. (4008.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims

Syrup of Anise. (3948.)

Spirit of Anise	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrup of Anise. (3984.)

Refined Sugar	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix.

Syrup of Horehound and Linseed. (3812.)

Horehound, cut small	½ ounce
Linseed	½ ounce
Liquorice Root, cut small	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, boiling	15 fl. ounces

Make an infusion of the horehound, linseed, and liquorice root, and add two ounces of sugar to each fluid ounce of the infusion.

Vegetable Cough Syrup. (6428.)

Solution of Tolu (1=8)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	45 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	9 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Vegetable Cough Syrup. (4706.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Whooping Cough Syrup. (4141.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Virginian Prune	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Whooping Cough Syrup. (5094.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	240 minims
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 120 minims.

Whooping Cough Syrup. (4194.)

Ammonium Bromide	1,200 grains
Concentrated Anise Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	5 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	15 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Syrup. (1811.)

Alum, in powder	80 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	40 minims
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Wild Cherry Cough Syrup. (1868.)

Solution of Morphine Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Virginian Prune, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Wild Cherry Cough Syrup. (97.)

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	90 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1 pint
Syrup of Virginian Prune	3 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Brompton Hospital Mixture. (614.)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cherry Pectoral. (3037.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixtures.

Cherry Cough Pectoral for Adults. (3863.)

Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cherry Pectoral. (3415.)

Ammonium Carbonate	180 grains
Clarified Honey	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Cherry Pectoral Mixture. (1835.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	67 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough and Lung Sedative. (5176.)

Menthol	2 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Virginian Prune	4 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Lung Tonic. (4964.)

Coltsfoot	1 ounce
Linseed	1 ounce
Horehound	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Chlorodyne	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	64 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	64 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Lung and Bronchial Tonic. (5079.)

Horehound	6 ounces
Linseed	6 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	20 grains
Chlorodyne	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Oil of Cloves	80 minims
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Treacle	4 pounds
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixtures.

Chest and Lung Tonic. (3785.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Sedative Solution of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Liquorice Mixture. (3985).

Extract of Liquorice	180 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	180 grains
Refined Sugar	180 grains
Antimonial Wine	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	13½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Squill Mixture. (3236.)

Synonyms.—Cough Mixture; Bronchial Mixture.

Ammonium Carbonate	2 drachms
Potassium Nitrate	2 drachms
Antimonial Wine	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Infusion of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 fluid drachms.

Oxymel. (1449.)

Synonym.—Adult Cough Mixture.

Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Pectoral Mixture. (4321.)

Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
or	
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sedative Expectorant Mixture. (2863.)

Potassium Citrate	1 ounce
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Lemon Juice	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ipecacuanha (1 in 20)	4 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Astringent Mixture. (1148.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Decoction of Logwood, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Astringent Mixture. (5085.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Mixture. (3286.)

Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Astringent Mixture. (2816.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Refined Sugar	120 grains
Confection of Catechu (Edin. Pharm.)	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Kino	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Astringent for Adults. (348.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Compound Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Camphor Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—30 to 90 minims.

Alkaline Cardiac Astringent Mixture. (3829.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	1½ ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	600 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	6 ounces
Chlorodyne	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Cinnamon	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tonic Astringent Mixture. (4584.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	1 minim
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Anti-Cholera Drops. (1167.)

Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Anti-Cholera Drops. (4386.)

Camphor, in powder	2 ounces
Cardamom Seeds, in powder	120 grains
Capsicum, in powder	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Saffron	30 grains
Oil of Peppermint	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 pints
Distilled Water	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Anti-Cholera Drops. (4332.)

Essence of Peppermint (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 minims.

Cholera Drops. (490.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cholera Mixture. (3514.)

Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Salol	360 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Kino	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cholera Mixture. (4925.)

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 drops.

Cholera Mixture. (6431.)

Synonym.—Indian Brandy.

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinnamon	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Board of Trade Cholera Mixture. (3981.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Cholera Mixture. (2476.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885).	2¼ ounces
Bismuth Carbonate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar in powder	3 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	100 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anti-Cholera Mixture. (4783.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	40 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1¼ fl. ounces
Camphor Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anti-Cholera Mixture. (3351.)

Oil of Cassia	80 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cholera Tincture. (655.)

Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Camphor (Rubini)	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Cholera Tincture. (6508.)

Chloroform	4 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	4 ounces
Spirit of Camphor	3½ pounds
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 pounds
Tincture of Capsicum	2 pounds
Tincture of Opium	2 pounds

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (2778.)

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 minims

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (3821.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	80 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Refined Sugar	240 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	15 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (4541.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Prepared Chalk	360 grains
Oil of Caraway	72 minims
Oil of Peppermint	72 minims
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinnamon	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (59.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	135 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	290 grains
Prepared Chalk, in powder	290 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	290 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	345 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	14 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	120 minims
Tincture of Catechu	345 minims
Tincture of Opium	240 minims
Distilled Water	22 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (1305.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Refined Sugar	3 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (743.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P., 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Kino	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (2952.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	54 grains
Ether	40 minims
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (3487.)

Tannic Acid	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	3 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (3622.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ ounces.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (2837.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (5116.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (3877.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	180 grains
Refined Sugar	360 grains
Oil of Peppermint	6 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamons	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 fluid drachms.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (4461.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Precipitated Chalk	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Kino	½ fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cholera or Diarrhœa Mixture. (2666.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Catechu	5½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	108 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (4367.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	5 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Camphor Water	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (4258.)

Solution of Chloroform (1 in 8)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (3927.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	150 grains
Bismuth Carbonate	30 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	180 grains
Prepared Chalk, in powder	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate, in powder	75 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cholera or Diarrhœa Mixture. (4527.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Prepared Chalk	4 ounces
Refined Sugar	12 ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cholera or Diarrhœa Mixture. (500.)

Board of Health Formula.

Aromatic Powder (No. 501)	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Triturate the aromatic powder with a little of the chalk mixture, gradually adding sufficient of the latter to make about ten fluid ounces; then add the tinctures and spirit, previously mixed, and make up the required quantity with chalk mixture.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce for an adult; ½ fluid ounce for a child twelve years old; 2 fluid drachms for a child seven years old.

Colic Drops. (4000.)

Camphor	120 grains
Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Cardamom Seeds, bruised	15 grains
Opium	90 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Saffron	4 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 drops

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Cholerine Mixture. (4401.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	80 grains
Prepared Chalk	40 grains
Oil of Cassia	5 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	40 minims
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Colic Mixture. (5128.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Colic Mixture. (2683.)

Known as Gibson's Mixture.

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Colic Tincture. (29.)

Synonym.—Anti-Colic Tincture.

Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Colic Tincture. (3213.)

Synonyms.—Cholera Drops; Diarrhœa Mixture.

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Diarrhœa or Anti-Cholera Mixture. (6515.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	120 grains
Chloroform	12 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa and Cholera Mixture. (4719.)

Ammonium Carbonate	180 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2¾ ounces
Prepared Chalk	640 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	3¾ fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa and Cholera Mixture. (2782.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1¼ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1¼ ounces
Oil of Cassia	60 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa and Cholera Mixture. (2983.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	720 grains
Potassium Chlorate	720 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Krameria	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa and Cholera Mixture. (87.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P., 1885)	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Chloroform	27 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa and Cholera Mixture. (2856.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	8 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa or Cholera Mixture. (3977.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	7 fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	15 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	45 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa or Cholera Mixture. (771.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 16 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa or Cholera Mixture. (1146.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa and English Cholera Mixture. (2435.)

Precipitated Chalk	3 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1¾ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	3½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Cure. (4516.)

Tragacanth, in powder	90 grains
Creosote	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cinnamon	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Draught. (4955.)

Concentrated Diarrhœa Mixture (No. 4954)	2 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Drops. (4223.)

Spirit of Camphor	9 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	9 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Kino	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	9 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Drops. (4030.)

Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Drops. (5682.)

Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2904.)

Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Kino	4 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3493.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	800 grains
Oil of Cassia	80 minims
Sedative Solution of Opium	200 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3467.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cinchona	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Camphor Water	45 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ or 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3448.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3412.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	600 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	13 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	220 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3431.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3439.)

Synonym.—Bowel Complaint Mixture.

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	20 minims
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3444.)

Ammonium Carbonate	48 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	12 minims
Oil of Peppermint	12 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3548.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	6 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3567.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Caraway Fruit, in powder	3 ounces
Cardamom Seeds, in powder	6 ounces
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	8 ounces
Cochineal, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	10 ounces
Coriander Seeds, in powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	29 ounces
Chloroform	5¼ fl. ounces
Hydrocyanic Acid (Scheele)	9 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	29 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	11 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 gallons

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2751.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	3 ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cassia	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	7 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	9 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 pints

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2755.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3130.)

Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2896.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Oil of Peppermint	23 drops
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	160 minims
Chalk Mixture	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3114.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Compound Chalk Powder	6 ounces
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	112 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3155.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fl. drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2913.)

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	240 grains
Precipitated Chalk	1 ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2897.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2869.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	960 grains
Gum Acacia, in Powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Oil of Cassia	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2946.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	240 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	15 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2978.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	40 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2955.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	20 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2991.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2927.)

Compound Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Kino, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5031.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	¾ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	¾ ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	¾ ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5051.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	90 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	80 grains
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5037.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	540 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	960 grains
Prepared Chalk	960 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	9 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	19 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Cinnamon Water (1=40)	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5035.)

Prepared Chalk	5 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5061.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5725.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	100 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3965.)

Hydrochloric Acid	30 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3974.)

Oil of Cloves	12 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	372 minims
Tincture of Opium	96 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4123.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Prepared Chalk	150 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4133.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	360 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4137.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4158.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	135 grains
Compound Powder of Chalk (P.L.)	180 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	90 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	9 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4304.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	¾ ounce
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	16 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5205.)

Ammonium Carbonate	256 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	320 grains
Oil of Cassia	20 minims
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	320 minims
Tincture of Opium (B.P. 1885)	160 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5697.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	2½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Kino	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5201.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	10 minims
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3921.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	90 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3934.)

Burnt Sugar	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Lime	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5220.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3882.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3912.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Precipitated Chalk	1 ounce
Chloroform	30 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5733.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Species for Chalk Mixture	3 ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5720.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5670.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Chalk Mixture	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3802.)

Synonym.—Anti-cholera Mixture.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3805.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Prepared Chalk, in powder	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Chloroform	40 minims
Oil of Cassia	25 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3858.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	9 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3096.)

Bismuth Carbonate	150 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	150 grains
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. drachms
Solution of Lime, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3057.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Camphor Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3103.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Catechu	½ ounce
Kino	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3076.)

Astringent Powder (No. 3077)	6 ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	70 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3054.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	90 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	12 grains
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3157.)

Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	33 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2829.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3167.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	4 ounces
Tormentilla Root, in fine powder	8 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Colic Tincture (No. 29)	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	54 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2846.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	6 ounces
Prepared Chalk	6 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	12½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	12½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	150 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2867.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2859.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3024.)

Catechu	720 grains
Solution of Potash	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3073.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	¼ ounce
Chloroform	40 minims
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3045.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Bismuth Carbonate	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1036.)

Catechu	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Caraway	10 drops
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3047.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1¼ fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1114.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	300 grains
Prepared Chalk, in powder	300 grains
Oil of Cassia	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 minims to 1 fluid ounce

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1051.)

Cassia Bark, in fine powder	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	16 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	24 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1379.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Chalk Mixture	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3665.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	2½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Sedative Solution of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3658.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Bismuth Oxynitrate	360 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	3 ounces
Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	9 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1174.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1162.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3332.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3335.)

Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	70 minims
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	6 ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.L.)	¾ ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3336.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Chloroform	30 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3390.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	90 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	150 minims
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Kino	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	660 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3386.)

Ammonium Carbonate	360 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	840 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	600 grains
Syrup of Orange	6½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6½ fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water	65 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3393.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Spirit of Peppermint	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3680.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2359.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1584.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 drachms
Species for Chalk Mixture	1½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P., 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2320.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2369.)

Ammonium Carbonate	18 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	90 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—¼ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1007.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	540 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	540 grains
Prepared Chalk	540 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	66 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1006.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1493.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	20 minims
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	13½ fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2514.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	360 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	720 grains
Prepared Chalk	720 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. ounces
Essence of Peppermint (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Simple Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2450.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Chlorodyne	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1583.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	90 grains
Saffron, in powder	5 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2521.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	900 grains
Prepared Chalk	960 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	720 grains
Mucilage of Acacia	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	36 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cinnamon	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1246.)

Ammonium Carbonate	15 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4769.)

Nitric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. drachm
Chloroform	40 minims
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5656.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Chalk Mixture	40 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4753.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (472.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Confection of Opium (B.P., 1885)	10 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	300 grains
Prepared Chalk	300 grains
Refined Sugar	300 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	15 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4761.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4741.)

Ammonium Carbonate	150 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	210 grains
Oil of Cassia	10 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4742.)

Ammonium Carbonate	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (355.)

Ammonium Carbonate	240 grains
Chloroform	7 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2½ fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	77 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4717.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4683.)

Chlorodyne	30 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (473.)

Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4715.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	720 grains
Prepared Chalk	600 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Chlorodyne	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (478.)

Ammonium Carbonate	360 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	360 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	45 minims
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (491.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Refined Sugar	240 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Oil of Cassia	14 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (343.)

Extract of Logwood (P.B., 1885)	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	24 fl. ounces
Tincture of Kino	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (378.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	24 minims
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3538.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	540 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	540 grains
Phenol	30 grains
Prepared Chalk	540 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	66 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2353.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3606.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk, with Opium	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3596.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	90 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Chloroform	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)...	30 minims
Tincture of Kino	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2159.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia...............	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Cassia Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2134.)

Ammonium Carbonate	300 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	4 ounces
Species for Chalk Mixture	4 ounces
Turmeric in Powder	600 grains
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3504.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	160 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Chalk Mixture	16 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Rhubarb ...	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2218.)

Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	24 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinnamon	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	24 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2103.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2033.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	3 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	3 ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (372.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (396.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (217.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk.............	360 grains
Prepared Chalk..............................	540 grains
Oil of Cassia	5 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms....	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water..................................	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3562.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (381.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	160 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	160 minims
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (219.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	4 ounces
Precipitated Chalk	4 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Syrup of Ginger	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3588.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Camphor Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3518.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3497.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	300 grains
Prepared Chalk	90 grains
Chloroform	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3652.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	3¾ ounces
Prepared Chalk	3¾ ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3¾ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3645.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Refined Sugar	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3636.)

Cardamom Seeds, bruised	½ ounce
Cassia Bark, in powder	1½ ounces
Catechu, in powder	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Kino, in powder	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	4½ ounces
Refined Sugar	20 ounces
Tormentilla Root, in powder	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7½ fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	6¼ fl. ounces
Gingerin	90 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Nutmeg	30 minims
Oil of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	121 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5194.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water	13 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5190.)

Synonym.—Astringent Mixture.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5188.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5169.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5637.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1¼ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	¾ ounce
Rose Pink	30 grains
Oil of Cassia	½ fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5168.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	360 grains
Oil of Cassia	15 minims
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5163.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	5 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	7½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5131.)

Ammonium Carbonate	18 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	90 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains
Chlorodyne	60 minims
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5125.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4½ fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	9 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5629.)

Ammonium Carbonate	20 grains
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	40 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	24 minims
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4862.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4823.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5642.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Mixture. (4842.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Catechu, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	60 drops
Oil of Peppermint	45 drops
Spirit of Chloroform (1=8)	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4877.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	15 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4217.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	360 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Refined Sugar	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Glycerin of Phenol	80 minims
Oil of Cassia	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3619.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3311.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	120 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	360 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1118.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Species for Chalk Mixture	6 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	44 drops
Tincture of Catechu	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3319.)

Compound Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4881.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6509.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	7 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	80 minims
Cinnamon Water	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6459.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6418.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6436.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	90 grains
Precipitated Chalk	120 grains
Refined Sugar	120 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	4 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	24 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (697.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	12 minims
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6462.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1¾ ounces
Species for Chalk Mixture	6 ounces
Oil of Cassia	45 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	68 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6466.)

Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	90 grains
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6506.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Chalk Mixture	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6483.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cinnamon	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6470.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3782.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (685.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	480 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cassia	5 minims
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4222.)

Ammonium Carbonate	20 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	2 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5067.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	6 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	6 ounces
Prepared Chalk	6 ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2877.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	720 grains
Chloroform	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	80 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3002.)

Gluside	3 grains
Prepared Chalk	1,200 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	150 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Carminative Tincture	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Cinnamon Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	3 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6457.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	360 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3289.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	60 grains
Oil of Cassia	3 minims
Oil of Cloves	3 minims
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	48 minims
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	48 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2888.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	30 grains
Prepared Chalk	60 grains
Oil of Cassia	4 minims
Spirit of Chloroform (P.L.)	1 fl. drachm
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	60 grains
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1278.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	96 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	48 minims
Tincture of Catechu	192 minims
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2416.)

Magnesium Carbonate	510 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	270 grains
Oil of Anise	60 minims
Oil of Peppermint	60 minims
Oil of Sassafras	60 minims
Aqueous Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	67 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1738.)

Ammonium Carbonate	240 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	360 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar	1½ ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4313.)

Ammonium Carbonate	90 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	36 minims
Oil of Peppermint	18 minims
Tincture of Catechu	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4342.)

Synonym.—Bowel Complaint Mixture.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3282.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	125 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	8½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Rhubarb	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3278.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Compound Powder of Rhubarb	2½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3256.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	24 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Compound Solution of Chloroform	320 minims
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3302.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	30 grains
Solution of Lime	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4934.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	3 ounces
Camphor	¼ ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4649.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	180 drachms
Oil of Cassia	64 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	4 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4627.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4632.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Species for Chalk Mixture	4 ounces
Oil of Cassia	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5000.)

Ammonium Carbonate	270 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	270 grains
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	180 grains
Oil of Cassia	15 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5002.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4962.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	168 minims
Tincture of Catechu	21 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	168 minims
Cassia Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4883.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	3 ounces
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	24 drops
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4545.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	270 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	15 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4587.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	4 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3748.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Confection, in powder (P.L.)	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cajuput	20 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4904.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4346.)

Catechu, in powder	100 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	100 grains
Prepared Chalk	100 grains
Chlorodyne	40 minims
Oil of Cloves	12 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4166.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	4½ ounces
Cassia Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Long Pepper, in powder	¼ ounce
Prepared Chalk	3½ ounces
Tormentil Root, in powder	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water	24 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	6 pints

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4192.)

Catechu, in powder	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	4 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4196.)

Catechu, in powder	2½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4206.)

Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1582.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4214.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	8 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Oil of Peppermint	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	15 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	6 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3716.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Pomegranate Bark	8 ounces
Species for Chalk Mixture	8 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	14 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4550.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4037.)

Catechu, in powder	1¼ ounces
Prepared Chalk	6 ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3½ pints

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4045.)

Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Kino	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4029.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	480 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4048.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Refined Sugar	1½ ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885).	1 ounce
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4061.)

Sodium Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Chlorodyne	4 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture	30 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4557.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)...	4 ounces
Chloroform	80 minims
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4083.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)...	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cinnamon	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)...	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4818.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5077.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	5 ounces
Refined Sugar	8 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4078.)

Compound Tincture of Cardamoms......	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4602.)

Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Refined Sugar	3 ounces
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Kino	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4615.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	¾ ounce
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4625.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	180 grains
Prepared Chalk	280 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms ...	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4510.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	2½ ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2½ ounces
Precipitated Chalk (B.P. 1885)	2½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2½ ounces
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4377.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	3 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Chloroform	40 minims
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4382.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture	16 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (722.)

Ammonium Carbonate	180 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	960 grains
Prepared Chalk	960 grains
Sedative Solution of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Camphor Water	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4411.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	300 grains
Prepared Chalk	300 grains
Oil of Cassia	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4667.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1¼ ounces
Prepared Chalk	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1¼ ounces
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4801.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2½ ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	600 grains
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	450 grains
Oil of Peppermint	100 minims
Compound Spirit of Ether	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4429.)

Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	90 minims
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	60 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4438.)

Synonym.—Bowel Complaint Mixture.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4451.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4453.)

Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	7½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	92½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4472.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	360 grains
Prepared Chalk	720 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Chloroform	15 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4495.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885).	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2557.)

Ammonium Carbonate	133 grains
Chloroform	133 minims
Oil of Cloves	133 minims
Oil of Peppermint	67 minims
Tincture of Opium	640 minims
Infusion of Catechu	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (740.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4793.)

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (731.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (673.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	320 grains
Prepared Chalk	720 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	96 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (534.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Light Magnesia	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinnamon	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (441.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Gum Acacia	1 ounce
Precipitated Chalk	240 grains
Oil of Cassia	7 minims
Oil of Cloves	7 minims
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2629.)

Spirit of Camphor	160 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	200 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (541.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P., 1885)	120 grains
Compound Powder of Opium	90 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2535.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2010.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cinnamon	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 16 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1949.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	¼ ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	¼ ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1923.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Cassia Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	4 ounces
Tragacanth	¼ ounce
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2003.)

Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1845.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	780 grains
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Oil of Cinnamon	40 minims
Tincture of Opium	220 minims
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4397.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Chlorodyne	320 minims
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1784.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	8 minims
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces.

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2212.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	12 minims
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4017.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	36 grains
Prepared Chalk	36 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	36 grains
Spirit of Cassia	36 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	72 minims
Tincture of Catechu	144 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4279.)

Catechu, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Cloves, bruised	¾ ounce
Opium, in powder	30 grains
Nutmeg, bruised	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	14 fl. ounces
Chloroform	8 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	66 fl. ounces

Mix, digest, and filter. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1817.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	¼ ounce
Prepared Chalk	2½ ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3740.)

Aromatic Confection (P.L.)	360 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	360 grains
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Cassia	40 minims
Oil of Cloves	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2188.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	40 minims
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4276.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	¼ ounce
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4006.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	3½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	5 ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	7½ fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1 pint
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.	
Infusion of Cloves, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4560.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4004.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	320 grains
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	160 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	340 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1126.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	360 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	15 drops
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1306.)

Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Acid Diarrhœa Mixture. (1492.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Acid Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (3946.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	160 minims
Tincture of Opium	56 minims
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Acid Diarrhœa Mixture for Infants. (3945.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	½ to 1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (4145.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (5638.)

Tincture of Opium	2 to 4 fl. drachms
Diarrhœa Mixture (No. 5637)	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (4295.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	¾ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Oil of Cinnamon	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	3½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (3528.)

Cinnamon Bark, in fine powder	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (1799.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	30 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	30 grains
Prepared Chalk	180 grains
Spirit of Cassia	4 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	4 minims
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	40 minims
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (1474.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Catechu	4 ounces
Prepared Chalk	12 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	6½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Nutmeg	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	192 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (3480.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	2½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	5 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1¼ ounces
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water	3 pounds

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (2974.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	360 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (3174.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Chloroform	160 minims
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	80 minims
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Children's Diarrhœa Mixture. (5651.)

Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Oil of Dill	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Ginger	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Rhubarb	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cinnamon	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Children's Diarrhœa Mixture. (3529.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	5 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	40 minims
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	7½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Diarrhœa Mixture. (1047.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Chloroform	12 minims
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Children's Diarrhœa Mixture. (2310.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1¾ ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1¾ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1¾ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1¾ ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Children's Diarrhœa Mixture. (2906.)

Bismuth Salicylate	240 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Diarrhœa Mixture. (4763.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Diarrhœa Mixture. (2560.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (580.)

Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	15 minims
Tincture of Opium	1 minim
Chalk Mixture	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (1473.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P., 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture Children. (2265.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	480 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	200 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	800 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	400 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Cinnamon	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	100 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (4146.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (3175.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (4833.)

Bismuth Salicylate	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Elixir of Gluside	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Dill	15 drops
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (4482.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Precipitated Chalk	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	32 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 fl. drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (4986.)

Glycerin of Borax	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water Camphor Water } of equal parts of each a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (4918.)

Bismuth Salicylate	240 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Elixir of Gluside	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Dill	15 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Diarrhœa Mixture. (5705.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	16 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	3 grains
Species for Chalk Mixture	48 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	20 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	25 minims
Tincture of Cinnamon	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Diarrhœa Mixture. (730.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Poppies (B.P., 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 120 minims.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Infants' Diarrhœa Mixture. (1806.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	300 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Infants' Diarrhœa Mixture. (2215.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. drachm
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Infants. (3481.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	240 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Astringent Diarrhœa Mixture. (2291.)

Species for Chalk Mixture	1½ ounces
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Kino	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Diarrhœa Mixture. (1058.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1½ ounces
Species for Chalk Mixture	2 ounces
Liquid Extract of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cinnamon	14 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	10 minims
Oil of Peppermint	12 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Astringent Diarrhœa Mixture. (4913.)

Ammonium Carbonate	240 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	1½ ounces
Catechu, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10½ fl. drachms
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	60 minims
Oil of Peppermint	45 minims
Tincture of Opium	4½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Astringent Diarrhœa Mixture. (4677.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	33 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Diarrhœa Mixture for Adults. (4681.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2½ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	7½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Aromatic Diarrhœa Mixture. (1607.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	20 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	320 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Board of Health Diarrhœa Mixture. (4230.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Species for Chalk Mixture	1½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	100 minims
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Carminative Diarrhœa Mixture. (3944.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Eucalyptus Red Gum	480 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	15 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Diarrhœa Mixture. (6414.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3¾ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Concentrated Diarrhœa Mixture. (4954.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cordial Diarrhœa Mixture. (4479.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture (Board of Health). (1916.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	360 grains
Prepared Chalk	1¼ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	75 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture with Opium. (4626.)

Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Diarrhœa Mixture (No. 4625)	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Red Gum Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (1750.)

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	120 grains
Chalk Mixture	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Kino	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bowel Complaint Mixture. (3792.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	90 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 8 fluid drachms.

Bowel Complaint Mixture. (1853.)

Ammonium Carbonate	80 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	360 grains
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	60 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	28 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bowel Complaint Mixture. (3404.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	300 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Diarrhœa and Bowel Complaint Mixture. (3835.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	6 drachms
Confection of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa and Bowel Complaint Mixture. (5022.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	600 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	360 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	20 grains
Oil of Cassia	16 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	9 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa and Bowel Complaint Mixture. (4121.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	480 grains
Oil of Cloves	8 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa or Bowel Complaint Mixture. (4593.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	720 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Refined Sugar	360 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	12 minims
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antilaxative Mixture. (4659.)

Synonym.—Diarrhœa and Cholera Mixture.

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	3 ounces
Prepared Chalk	5 ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Antispasmodic Drops. (481.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	10 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—30 to 40 minims.

Antispasmodic Drops. (3820.)

Ether	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

Diarrhœa Mixtures.

Antispasmodic Drops. (5620.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Antispasmodic Mixture. (670.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P., 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Chalk Mixture. (2890.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	60 minims
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chalk and Catechu Mixture. (3683.)

Prepared Chalk	12 ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon (P.L.)	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Kino	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3⅓ fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water	45 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Chalk and Catechu Mixture. (579.)

Synonym.—Diarrhœa Mixture.

Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Kino	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cramp and Spasm Mixture for Adults. (3108.)

Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Tincture. (4421.)

Synonym.—Anti-Cholera Drops.

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Dysentery Mixture. (1201.)

Liquid Extract of Bael Fruit	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Hamamelis	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Eucalyptus Gum	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Emulsions.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (866.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Cod-liver Oil	40 fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	4 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	6 minims
Oil of Cloves	6 minims
Oil of Lemon	20 minims
Chloroform	15 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (862.)

Cod-liver Oil	24 fl. ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Flavouring Essence (No. 863)	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Four Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (861.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	24 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	24 grains
Gluside	4 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Cod-liver Oil	12 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	8 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Orange-flower Water	2 fl. ounces
One Yolk of Egg.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (648.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Irish Moss	¼ ounce
Potassium Hypophosphite	30 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3½ fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	20 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Lime	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (5133.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	200 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	480 grains
Gluside	15 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	300 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	280 grains
Essence of Vanilla	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	40 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Cinnamon	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	2½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Emulsions.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (557.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	320 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	80 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Brandy	10 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	40 fl. ounces
Spirit of Cinnamon	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange	12 fl. ounces
Nine Yolks of Eggs	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (3087.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	2¼ ounces
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	10 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Malt	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Cinnamon Water	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (3255.)

Tragacanth, in powder	108 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	3 minims
Cod-liver Oil	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	40 minims
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (3374.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	24 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	16 grains
Salicylic Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Tragacanth, in powder, a sufficient quantity.	
Cod-liver Oil	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (3687.)

Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Chloroform	10 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Cod-liver Oil	20 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	18 minims
Oil of Cassia	14 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (3598.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	96 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	96 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	48 grains
Elixir of Gluside	2 fl. drachms
Essence of Vanilla	2 fl. drachms
Cod-liver Oil	24 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	3 minims
Pancreatic Solution	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Benzoin	3 fl. drachms
Six Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (3484.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	48 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	24 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	480 grains
Essence of Almonds	60 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Cod-liver Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	2 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (2260.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	24 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	24 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	240 grains
Cod-liver Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	8 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (2301.)

Irish Moss	4 ounces
Soluble Gluside	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	80 fl. ounces
Essence of Vanilla	1 fl. ounce
Essential Oil of Almonds	32 minims
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (2429.)

Gluside	15 grains
Calcium Hypophosphite	320 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	320 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Tragacanth	80 grains
Cod-liver Oil	40 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	5 fl. drachms
Ten Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (4579.)

Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Flavouring Essence (No. 4578)	1 fl. ounce
Cod-liver Oil	24 fl. ounces
Four Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion with Hypophosphites. (4930.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	480 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	480 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	1 ounce
Essential Oil of Almonds	72 minims
Oil of Lemon	3 fl. drachms
Cod-liver Oil	80 fl. ounces
Solution of Gluside	4 fl. drachms
Six Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion with Hypophosphites. (4652.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	10 ounces
Calcium Hypophosphite	480 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	240 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Cod-liver Oil	35 fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	5 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	40 minims
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion with Hypophosphites. (3735.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	200 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	100 grains
Gluside	10 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	40 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	25 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Four Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 pints

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion with Hypophosphites. (2406.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	18 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	18 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	27 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Cod-liver Oil	2½ fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	2 minims
Oil of Lemon	30 minims
Oil of Sassafras	2 minims
Gluside, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. (4963.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	180 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Hypophosphite	180 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	2½ ounces
Sodium Hypophosphite	180 grains
Cod-liver Oil	40 fl. ounces
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Elixir of Gluside	2 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Five Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. (2059.)

Synonym.—Cod-liver Oil Cream

Calcium Hypophosphite	72 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	36 grains
Sodium Chloride	18 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	48 grains
Cod-liver Oil	3 to 6 fl. ounces
Flavouring Essence	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Quillaia	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsions.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. (3884.)

Gluside	3 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	3 grains
Essence of Almonds	16 minims
Essence of Vanilla	16 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Cod-liver Oil	4 fl. ounces
One Yolk of Egg.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. (1488.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	80 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	120 grains
Sodium Chloride	60 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Elixir of Gluside	20 minims
Essential Oil of Almonds	15 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. (4190.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	6 ounces
Calcium Hypophosphite	180 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	180 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	10 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Lemon	10 minims
Peppermint Water	15 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. (4080.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	20 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	10 grains
Starch, in powder	10 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	10 grains
Elixir of Gluside	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	2 minims
Oil of Lemon	3 minims
Rum	1½ fl. ounces
Pancreatic Solution	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Orange-flower Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Calcium and Sodium Hypophosphites. (4946.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	144 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	108 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	360 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Chloroform	36 minims
Clarified Honey	8 ounces
Cod-liver Oil	18 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	18 minims
Oil of Cloves	18 minims
Tincture of Orange	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Emulsions.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. (1970.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	210 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	210 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	70 grains
Four Yolks of Eggs.	
Cod-liver Oil	24 fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	9 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	12 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. (1340.)

Gluside	20 grains
Irish Moss	300 grains
Calcium Hypophosphite	80 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	32 minims
Oil of Cassia	32 minims
Cod-liver Oil	32 fl. ounces
Chloroform	48 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod Oil Cream. (4063.)

Tragacanth, in powder	16 grains
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. drachm
Cod-liver Oil	8 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	8 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cod-liver Oil Cream. (2883.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Cod-liver Oil	12 fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	1¼ fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Essential Oil of Almonds	8 minims
Oil of Cassia	8 minims
Oil of Lemon	8 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
One Egg.	
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Cream. (556.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	32 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	32 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Cod-liver Oil	4 fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	40 minims
Oil of Cassia	2 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cod-liver Oil Cream with Creosote. (560.)

Creosote	32 minims
Cod-liver Oil Cream, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsions.

Cod-liver Oil Cream with Eucalyptus. (558.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Cod-liver Oil Cream, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Cream with Oil of Cassia. (559.)

Oil of Cassia	160 minims
Cod-liver Oil Cream, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-liver Oil Cream or Emulsion. (18.)

Cod-liver Oil	4 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in fine powder	480 grains
Oil of Cassia	4 minims
Gluside	1 grain
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the cod-liver oil and oil of cassia with the gluside and gum acacia in a dry mortar; add two fluid ounces of distilled water, and triturate until an emulsion is formed. Add gradually, with constant trituration, sufficient distilled water to produce eight fluid ounces of the mixture.

Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Cod-liver Oil Emulsion or Cream. (5738.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	120 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	120 grains
Irish Moss	360 grains
Refined Sugar	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	40 minims
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Orange Peel	40 minims
Cod-liver Oil	45 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	91 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cream Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. (4419.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	6 ounces
Calcium Hypophosphite	200 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	200 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Cod-liver Oil	20 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	5 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Peptonised Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (3778.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	320 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	320 grains
Cod-liver Oil	80 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Irish Moss	178 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	12 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 gallons

Mix.

Emulsions.

Petroleum Emulsion. (2299.)

Irish Moss	4 ounces
Calcium Hypophosphite	640 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	320 grains
Soluble Gluside	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Essence of Vanilla	4 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	16 minims
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Paraffin	80 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Petroleum Emulsion. (2256.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	90 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	2¼ ounces
Hypophosphorous Acid	5 minims
Liquid Paraffin	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Petroleum Emulsion. (2424.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	20 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	30 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 grain
Gluside	1 grain
Gum Acacia, in powder	½ ounce
Essence of Almonds	5 minims
Liquid Paraffin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Petroleum Emulsion. (4059.

Calcium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Elixir of Gluside	40 minims
Liquid Paraffin	2 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	½ minim
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Petroleum Emulsion. (4850.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	90 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Hypophosphorous Acid	18 minims
Elixir of Gluside	60 minims
Essence of Almonds	15 minims
Liquid Paraffin	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Petroleum Emulsion. (1491.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	4 ounces
Elixir of Gluside	80 minims
Essence of Almonds	40 minims
Liquid Paraffin	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsions.

Petroleum Emulsion. (562.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Gum Acacia, in small pieces	2 ounces
Liquid Paraffin	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Petroleum Emulsion. (865.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	90 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	90 grains
Gum Acacia, in fine powder	2½ ounces
Liquid Paraffin	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Petroleum Emulsion. (864.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	480 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	720 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	16 ounces
Elixir of Gluside	4 fl. drachms
Essence of Ratafia	100 minims
Hypophosphorous Acid	144 minims
Soft Paraffin, white	24 ounces
Distilled Water	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Petroleum Emulsion, with Calcium and Sodium Hypophosphites. (4945.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	48 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	36 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	48 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	10 minims
Liquid Paraffin	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Emulsion of Petroleum with Hypophosphites. (4637.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Gluside	2 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Tragacanth, in powder, a sufficient quantity.	
Liquid Paraffin	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quillaia	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	3¾ fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Gout Mixture. (2034.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Potassium Iodide	216 grains
Sodium Sulphate	3 ounces
Diluted Burnt Sugar	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Gout Mixture. (3565.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Colchicum Wine	2½ fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	60 grains
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout Mixture. (2195.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphate	2 ounces
Tincture of Colchicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout Mixture. (2155.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout Mixture. (3676.)

Potassium Acetate	90 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout Mixture. (3197.)

Potassium Iodide	420 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange Peel	2 fl. ounces
Wine of Colchicum Seed	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	152 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout Mixture. (5042.)

Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Sodium Salicylate	80 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout Mixture. (4160.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	160 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Lumbago Mixture. (5615.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Sodium Salicylate	180 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Infusion of Yellow Cinchona, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (3128.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cimicifuga	5 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (3092.)

Potassium Iodide	540 grains
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Colchicum	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (1461.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	6 ounces
Potassium Iodide	¾ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Sodium Salicylate	1½ ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (1489.)

Lithium Citrate	30 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Citrate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	15 grains
Sodium Salicylate	40 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4273.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Colchicum Wine	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4186.)

Potassium Citrate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	150 grains
Colchicum Wine	2½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)..	15 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4012.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Burnt Sugar	30 minims
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cimicifuga	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4262.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	32 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (6449.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	330 grains
Potassium Iodide	216 grains
Sodium Salicylate	720 grains
Colchicum Wine	14 fl. drachms
Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (6443.)

Potassium Citrate	80 grains
Sodium Salicylate	80 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cimicifuga	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (6406.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Cimicifuga	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (5212.)

Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Salicin	40 grains
Sodium Salicylate	90 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	90 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (5174.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4588.)

Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	240 grains
Solution of Potash	6 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	2 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (5687.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Sodium Salicylate	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid ounces.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (5714.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Calchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4718.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	395 grains
Potassium Iodide	70 grains
Sodium Salicylate	395 grains
Chloroform	45 minims
Colchicum Wine	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (5033.)

Potassium Citrate	3½ ounces
Sodium Salicylate	2½ ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4314.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4406.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	40 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4537.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	240 grains
Colchicum Wine	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Buchu	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4497.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4900.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Potassium Iodide	288 grains
Sodium Salicylate	1½ ounces
Colchicum Wine	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	12 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (4979.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	150 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum Seeds	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (6490.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	80 minims
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (2737.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (2677.)

Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	240 grains
Colichum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Guaiacum Mixture	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (1932.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. drachms
Decoction of Broom, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (2198.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	1¼ ounces
Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Tincture of Cinchona	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum	15 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (1739.)

Lithium Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cimicifuga	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (1381.)

Potassium Citrate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	16 grains
Sodium Salicylate	90 grains
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Infusion of Buchu, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (17.)

Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cimicifuga	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (875.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Sodium Salicylate	80 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (3420.)

Lithium Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (3016.)

Cochineal, in powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Bicarbonate	1¾ ounces
Potassium Citrate	3½ ounces
Potassium Iodide	¼ ounce
Sodium Salicylate	3½ ounces
Glycerin	3¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1¾ fl. ounces
Tincture of Colchicum	3¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (2918.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	60 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (3296.)

Sodium Salicylate	180 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Elixir. (1334.)

Sodium Salicylate	240 grains
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic and Gout Mixture. (3722.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic and Gout Mixture. (3926.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	48 grains
Sodium Salicylate	90 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Rheumatic Drops. (3382.)

Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aloes	1 fl. ounce
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Rheumatic Mixture. (1442.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	3 fl. drachms
Juice of Conium	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Mixture. (874.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Rheumatic Mixture. (873.)

Synonym.—Sciatica Mixture.

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	1½ ounces
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (2184.)

Potassium Citrate	16 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Mixture. (198.)

Potassium Iodide	80 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (5690.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	3 ounces
Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (5209.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Salicin	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (5199.)

Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Sodium Salicylate	1 ounce
Colchicum Wine	240 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Guaiacum Mixture	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Rheumatic Mixture. (5186.)

Extract of Aconite	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	1½ ounces
Antimonial Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Wine of Colchicum Seeds	6 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	26 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Rheumatic Mixture. (4672.)

Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Potassium Iodide	18 grains
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water	3 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Rheumatic Mixture. (4998.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	80 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum Seeds	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Mixture. (5004.)

Sodium Salicylate	300 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Mixture. (4301.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Tincture of Cinchona	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (4193.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	1,620 grains
Sodium Salicylate	1,620 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Colchicum	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (4179.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	960 grains
Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Compound Tincture of Gentian	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Colchicum Seeds	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (4024.)

Extract of Aconite	5 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Colchicum	2 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (3133.)

Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Sodium Salicylate	80 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum Seeds (B.P. 1885)	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Mixture. (1216.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Sodium Salicylate	240 grains
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Rheumatic Mixture. (3396.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (3916.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	180 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (3989.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	90 minims
Infusion of Buchu, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (6498.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Citrate	2 ounces
Sodium Salicylate	2 ounces
Colchicum Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Mixture. (2559.)

Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Mixture. (2333.)

Lithium Salicylate	80 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1¼ ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (2909.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Burnt Sugar	20 minims
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian (1=8)	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Colchicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Rheumatic Mixture. (3491.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Rheumatic Mixture. (1254.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Buchu, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Mixture. (195.)

Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Tincture of Cimicifuga	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Rheumatic Mixture. (2831.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bromide	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces.

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Tincture. (3793.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Guaiacum	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Rheumatism Mixture. (2177.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatism Mixture. (3061.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Rheumatism Mixture. (3583.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Rheumatism Mixture. (4115.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Sodium Salicylate	80 grains
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixtures.

Provost Rheumatic Mixture. (4323.)

Citric Acid	300 grains
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sciatica or Rheumatic Mixture. (4574.)

Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	1½ ounces
Colchicum Wine	60 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	60 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Colchicum Mixture. (3224.)

Synonyms.—Gout Mixture; Rheumatic Mixture.

Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	2 ounces
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Colchicum Wine	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Compound Salicylate Mixture. (4427.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	70 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Aid to Digestion. (1358.)

Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Aid to Digestion. (4653.)

Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bismuth Mixture. (334.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	8 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Bismuth Mixture. (4360.)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	4 fl. ounes
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Bismuth and Pepsin Mixture. (4989.)

Pepsin, in scales	660 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bismuth and Pepsin Mixture. (4910.)

Pepsin Wine	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Bismuth and Pepsin Mixture. (357.)

Bismuth Carbonate	120 grains
Pepsin	24 grains
Sodium Sulphocarbolate	60 grains
Tincture of Cochineal	24 minims
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Compound Bismuth Mixture. (1744.)

Bismuth Citrate	2400 grains
Citric Acid	480 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. ounces
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Bismuth and Pepsin Indigestion Mixture. (4523.)

Pepsin, in scales	12 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	**40 minims**
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Bismuth Mixture with Pepsin. (1745.)

Bismuth Citrate	2400 grains
Citric Acid	480 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Pepsin	480 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. ounces
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

digestion Mixtures.

mpound Bismuth and Pepsin Indigestion Mixture. (2997)

Pepsin, soluble	12 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	40 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Mixture of Bismuth. (3190.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	43 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix and dilute suitably.

Mixture of Pepsin with Bismuth. (485.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Mixture.

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	18 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Pepsin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture. (4834.)

Bismuth Citrate	320 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Hydrocyanic Acid (Scheele)	200 minims
Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	800 minims
Simple Solution, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture. (351.)

Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Glycerin of Pepsin	1½ fl. drachms
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture. (5612.)

Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	160 grains
Glycerole of Pepsin	10 fl. drachms
Proof Spirit (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture. (2522.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	40 grains
Pepsin, in scales	12 grains
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture. (5718.)

Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	36 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Compound Pepsin Tonic. (4725.)

Pepsin	10 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 grain
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Compound Solution of Pepsin. (586.)

Synonym.—Compound Mixture of Bismuth and Pepsin.

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin of Pepsin	3¾ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	160 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Pepsin Tonic Mixture. (4721.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Lactated Elixir of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pepsin Tonic Mixture. (5015.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cudbear	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pepsin Tonic Mixture. (1357.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1¼ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Cudbear	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pepsin Wine. (611.)

Pepsin	320 grains
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Sherry Wine (detannated), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Digestive Elixir. (5666.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	16 minims
Glycerin of Pepsin	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	16 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Herbal Syrup. (3381.)

Borax	120 grains
Capsicum, in powder	60 grains
Euonymin	36 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	12 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Taraxacum	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	12 minims
Oil of Sassafras	60 minims
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 30 minims.

Digestive Iron Tonic. (4362.)

Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	320 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	160 grains
Strychnine Hydrochloride	2½ grains
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Simple Elixir	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Digestive and Liver Mixture. (3862.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Digestive Mixture. (3099.)

Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	4 minims
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Mixture. (4863.)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	15 minims
Pepsin Wine	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	40 minims
Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 ounces

Mix and Filter. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Digestive Mixture. (6516.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Digestive Mixture. (1486.)

Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Soluble Essence of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Mixture. (159.)

Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Digestive Mixture. (160.)

Pepsin Wine (B.P.C.).

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Digestive Mixture. (2042.)

Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Tragacanth	5 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Digestive Mixture. (2958.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	3½ ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1¾ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1¾ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ginger	10½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	3½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	84 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Quinine Tonic. (2210.)

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	13 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

ndigestion Mixtures.

Digestive and Stomachic Mixture. (2038.)

Pepsin, in scales	1½ ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	40 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Syrup. (2410.)

Borax	240 grains
Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Red Cinchona Bark, in powder	240 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 ounces
Extract of Gentian	360 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	48 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	24 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

Digestive Syrup. (4199.)

Borax, in powder	400 grains
Capsicum, in powder	40 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	400 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	40 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	2 fl. drachms
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Syrup. (1785.)

Borax, in powder	240 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	24 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	240 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent)	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	1½ fl. drachms
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 minims.

Digestive Syrup. (4187.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	600 grains
apsicum, in powder	16 grains
entian Root, in powder	240 grains
iquid Extract of Taraxacum	1¼ fl. ounces
il of Sassafras	40 minims
il of Wintergreen	16 minims
reacle	2 pounds

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Digestive Syrup. (4446.)

Barbados Aloes	96 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	12 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 minims.

Digestive Syrup. (3986.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Decoction of Aloes, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 40 minims.

Digestive Syrup. (3394.)

Barbados Aloes	30 grains
Borax	10 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	1 grain
Gentian Root, in powder	15 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Wintergreen	2 minims
Oil of Sassafras	2 minims
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Digestive Syrup. (4777.)

Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 40 minims.

Digestive Syrup. (3137.)

Borax, in powder	20 grains
Capsicum, in powder	2 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	20 grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	3 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	14 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Syrup. (2649.)

Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Digestive Syrup. (4747.)

Concentrated Decoction of Aloes	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Digestive Syrup. (1453.)

Barbados Aloes	400 grains
Borax	200 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	300 grains
Potassium Carbonate	50 grains
Oil of Sassafras	50 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	15 fl. drachms
Black Treacle	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Digestive Tonic. (330.)

Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Euonymus	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Digestive Tonic. (4235.)

Quinine Sulphate	9 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	6 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Digestive Tonic Mixture. (4197.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	9 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Pepsin	9 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Red Digestive Mixture. (3666.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	180 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate, in powder	540 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	9 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	12 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica (B.P. 1885)	18 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Tonic Digestive Mixture. (3759.)

Salicin	480 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	8 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	8 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fl. drachms.

Tonic Digestive Mixture. (3932.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Glycerin of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tonic Digestive Mixture. (4271.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Calumba	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Digestive Mixture. (5616.)

Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	160 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	160 grains
Glycerole of Pepsin	10 fl. drachms
Proof Spirit (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Tonic Digestive Mixture. (4597.)

Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Universal Digestive Syrup. (3954.)

Borax, in powder	120 grains
Capsicum, in powder	16 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Decoction of Aloes	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Wintergreen	24 minims
Solution of Taraxacum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

Indigestion Mixtures.

White Digestive Mixture. (3668.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	5 ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	144 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Dyspepsia Mixture. (1782.)

Bismuth Carbonate	1200 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	1500 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.B. 1885)	25 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (3191.)

Pepsin, in scales	9 grains
Compound Mixture of Bismuth	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (3200.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	90 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	10 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (4916.)

Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture	12 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Podophyllum	7 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (4043.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (4184.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (1436.)

Pepsin, in scales	90 grains
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (5050.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (5093.)

Ammonium Carbonate	216 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	780 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Rhubarb	18 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	72 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (4173.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerole of Pepsin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cudbear, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (4003.)

Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	80 grains
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix

Indigestion Mixture. (3970.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	3 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (4118.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Pepsin, in scales	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	6 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (1112.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (4300.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (1380.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	150 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (3917.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Chlorinated Soda	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to form	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (4993.)

Pepsin, in scales	12 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fl. drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (3521.)

Pepsin	30 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (53.)

Synonyms.—Antibilious Mixture; Liver Mixture; Stomachic Mixture.

Bismuth Carbonate	80 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	32 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Stronger Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Tincture of Podophyllum	32 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (3641.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	48 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (3586.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (3670.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	100 grains
Sodium Sulphate	150 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	100 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	300 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	200 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	15 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 1½ fluid ounces.

Indigestion Mixture. (3688.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Infusion of Calumba	3 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (3262.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (6480.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	40 minims
Tincture of Ginger	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (6405.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (6446.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	90 grains
Ginger, in powder	24 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	36 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (1302.)

Pepsin, in scales	288 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2¼ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	25 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (5132.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Sulphate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (84.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (52.)

Cochineal	20 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	440 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	800 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (2126.)

Bismuth Carbonate	240 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Spirit of Peppermint	80 minims
Tincture of Calumba	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (5173.)

Magnesium Sulphate	2½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3½ ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	10 fl. ounces
Spearmint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (449.)

Synonym.—Wind and Spasm Mixture.

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	40 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	45 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (1275.)

Capsicum, in powder	40 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	600 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix, macerate for twelve hours, and filter. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (5727.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	18 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Lime, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (5708.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	360 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	2 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (5691.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (4566.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (5688.)

Magnesium Carbonate	9 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	30 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	9 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	20 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 gallons

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (5672.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian (1 = 8)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	80 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica (B.P. 1885)	80 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (5630.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (5655.)

Compound Bismuth and Pepsin Mixture	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	2½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (5665.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Oil of Caraway	2 drops
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (4558.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Light Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (4893.)

Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (4891.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	600 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Pepsin Wine	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Calumba	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (4703.)

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Cascarilla	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (4606.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	150 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (4501.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	90 grains
Ginger, in powder	40 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	160 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (4452.)

Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (4413.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (3736.)

Bismuth Carbonate	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (3758.)

Soluble Pepsin	12 grains
Sedative Solution of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Cherry Laurel Water	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (3850.)

Pepsin	120 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. ounces
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (3275.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	12 minims
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (2844.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	600 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	300 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (2934.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (3034.)

Glycerin	18 minims
Glycerol of Pepsin	24 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (3059.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (3116.)

Ammonium Carbonate	16 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	½ fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	40 minims
Peppermint Water, sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (3140.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	120 grains
Light Magnesia	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (2158.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (2370.)

Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Sulphate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (2458.)

Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.	
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (2528.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ grain
Pepsin	6 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	12 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	48 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fl. drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (2221.)

Bismuth Carbonate	80 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	160 grains
Tincture of Nux Vomica	48 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (361.)

Bismuth Carbonate	120 grains
Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	30 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	12 minims
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (3505.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	12 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to make	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (2106.)

Synonym.—Antacid Mixture.

Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (2049.)

Ammonium Carbonate	80 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	280 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (2016.)

Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (1912.)

Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	30 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (3434.)

Ammonium Carbonate	24 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion Mixture. (2738.)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	20 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	50 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Corrective Indigestion Mixture. (4015.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Calumba Root, cut small	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, cut small	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Chloroform	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Dyspepsia Mixture. (4348.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	720 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Laxative Dyspepsia Mixture. (4349.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	720 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (5108.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (5072.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. drachm
Juice of Taraxacum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4922.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	90 minims
Glycerin	288 minims
Glycerole of Pepsin	144 minims
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	36 minims
Tincture of Cochineal	10 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (5198.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride...	48 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixture. (3572.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Bitter Orange Peel, cut small	270 grains
Fresh Lemon Peel	540 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	270 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	270 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	24 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water (boiling), a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3939.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4204.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Acid Infusion of Roses	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride...	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3886.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada......	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3925.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	30 minims
Diluted Nitric Acid..........................	40 minims
Glycerin of Pepsin	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Calumba......	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum........................	12 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	48 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4838.)

Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture	12 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Podophyllum	7 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4542.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride...	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4559.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cudbear	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4531.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (5724.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloride Acid ...	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms ...	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (5696.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	600 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	240 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	600 grains
Potassium Bromide	600 grains
Concentrated Solution of Chiretta	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (5617.)

Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	18 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	9 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3348.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	80 minims
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3839.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian (1 = 8)...	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (723.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4361.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	96 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4873.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride...	40 minims
Tincture of Cudbear	70 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (460.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride...	16 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (682.)

Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	30 minims
Infusion of Chiretta	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (456.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	90 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	160 minims
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride...	36 minims
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4642.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (2331.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4311.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	25 fl. drachms
Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	400 grains
Podophyllum Resin	20 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. ounces
Simple Solution (No. 4312) a sufficient quantity to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (1122.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Pepsin	5 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	8 drops
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3051.)

Glycerol of Pepsin	1 fl. drachm
Bismuth of Ammonium Citrate	16 grains
Podophyllum Resin	¾ grain
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	24 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Roses	20 minims
Syrup	7 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4596.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride...	48 minims
Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (2129.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Chloroform	9 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	40 minims
Syrup of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3132.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Roses	16 minims
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	80 minims
Tincture of Orange	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3088.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerol of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Roses, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3073.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	7½ fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	120 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4614.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Acid Infusion of Roses	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (2848.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (2981.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	7½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	3 fl. drachms
Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (2805.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin or Wine of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Chiretta	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Roses	30 minims
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (2960.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	192 minims
Tincture of Cudbear, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (2899.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	90 minims
Glycerin	288 minims
Glycerole of Pepsin	144 minims
Solution of Cochineal	30 minims
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	36 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3018.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerol of Pepsin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cudbear	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3295.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Chlorodyne	10 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3674.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3268.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Compound Decoction of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Rhubarb	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	6 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4261.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	7½ fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (2200.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Chloroform	80 minims
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (6486.)

Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	½ fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (6454.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2¼ fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2¼ fl. ounces
Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4209.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	7½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4470.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	7½ fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (4476.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cudbear	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Tonic. (3996.)

Ginger, in powder	240 grains
Jalap, in powder	180 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Oil of Cassia	30 minims
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	22 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3903.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	40 grains
Ginger, in powder	30 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	48 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Liver Tonic. (2397.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Solution of Pepsin	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	6 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Tonic. (2385.)

Acid Solution of Pepsin	9 fl. ounces
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	9 fl. drachms
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Gentian	22¼ fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Tonic. (3139.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	24 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Stomach Mixture. (4200.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	160 grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	160 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	160 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	160 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Stomach Mixture. (4460.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Sodium Sulphate	360 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	30 minims
Chlorodyne	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Rhubarb	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Indigestion and Stomach Mixture. (2835.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	90 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	24 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Indigestion and Stomach Mixture. (3809.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	12 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	60 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fl. drachms.

Indigestion and Stomach Mixture. (5734.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Stomach Mixture. (4331.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Stomachic Mixture. (379.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	24 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion and Stomachic Mixture. (4253.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	80 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	40 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Syrup. (678.)

Compound Decoction of Aloes	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P., 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Treacle	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Indigestion Mixtures.

Curative Indigestion Syrup. (5099.)

Borax, in powder	120 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	12 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	9 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	30 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	15 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Indigestion Tonic. (4177.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	160 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cochineal	20 minims
Peppermint Water	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Mixture for Indigestion. (2600.)

Bismuth Carbonate	90 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Peppermint Water (1=40)	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Kidney and Lumbago Mixtures.

Backache Mixture. (3403.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Backache and Kidney Mixture. (3126.)

Potassium Acetate	80 grains
Spirit of Juniper	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Decoction of Broom, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Backache and Kidney Mixture. (6408.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Potassium Nitrate	20 grains
Spirit of Juniper	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Buchu	3 fl. ounces
Infusion of Broom, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Kidney Mixture. (2154.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Kidney and Lumbago Mixtures.

Kidney Mixture. (5752.)

Copaiba	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Kidney Mixture. (210.)

Potassium Acetate	90 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Decoction of Broom (B.P., 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Infusion of Buchu	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Kidney Mixture. (3753.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Sandal Wood	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Kidney Mixture. (4285.)

Potassium Nitrate	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform	45 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	6 minims
Decoction of Liverwort, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Kidney and Backache Mixture. (5005.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Kidney and Bladder Mixture. (4953.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Oil of Juniper	8 minims
Solution of Cochineal	40 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	40 minims
Infusion of Buchu, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Kidney and Liver Tonic. (2833.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Kidney and Lumbago Mixtures.

Kidney and Spinal Mixture. (5693.)

Iron and Strychnine Citrate	30 grains
Lithium Citrate	30 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	40 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Lumbago Drops. (4065.)

Copaiba	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Juniper	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Lumbago Drops. (668.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Lumbago Drops. (3325.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Aloes	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—20 to 30 minims.

Lumbago Drops. (4127.)

Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Lumbago Mixture. (4247.)

Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Lumbago Mixture. (4246.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Lumbago and Kidney Mixture. (3274.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Decoction of Broom	3 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Kidney and Lumbago Mixtures.

Sciatica Mixture. (4025.)

Iron and Strychnine Citrate	20 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	15 minims
Tincture of Cinchona	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Wind, Gravel, and Lumbago Mixture. (3915.)

Balsam of Copaiba	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Black Drops. (2976.)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	320 minims

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Turpentine Mixture. (1220.)

Ether	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Three Yolks of Eggs	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Diuretic Backache Mixture. (3492.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Buchu, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diuretic Drops. (3815.)

Copaiba Balsam	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Juniper	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 minims.

Mixture for Pains in the Back. (4794.)

Balsam of Copaiba	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Juniper	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Juniper	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver Mixture. (229.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver Mixture. (707.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	48 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixture. (651.)

Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. drachms
Infusion of Calumba	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix and filter, if necessary. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver Mixture. (3085.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ fluid ounce.

Liver Mixture. (2945.)

Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Sodium Sulphate	180 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	90 minims
Syrup of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixture. (4245.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	80 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Liquid Extract of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver Mixture. (3955.)

Synonym.—Tonic Bitters.

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	120 minims
Chloroform	6 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	204 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange	135 minims
Juice of Taraxacum	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cusparia	90 minims
Tincture of Hops	135 minims
Tincture of Podophyllum	72 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver Mixture. (4339.)

Ammonium Carbonate	18 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	60 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	5 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	60 minims
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Mixture. (4887.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885) a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver Mixture. (4771.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Mixture. (1933.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixture. (1915.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Juniper	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	48 minims
Tincture of Buchu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Liver Mixture. (3969.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixture. (3196.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Juice of Taraxacum	5 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange Peel	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver Mixture. (6412.)

Synonym.—Digestive Mixture.

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerole of Pepsin	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Drops. (2191.)

Podophyllum Resin	2 grains
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Mixture, Sir Andrew Clarke's Prescription. (3930.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	48 minims
Spirit of Juniper	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Buchu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Effervescing Liver Cleansing Mixture. (4114.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Syrup of Ginger	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce, with 15 grains of Citric Acid.

Liver and Indigestion Mixture. (4157.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver and Indigestion Mixture. (2949.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	24 minims
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver and Indigestion Mixture. (4447.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

iver Mixtures.

Liver and Indigestion Mixture. (3308.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver and Indigestion Mixture. (2698.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver and Indigestion Mixture. (675.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Liver and Indigestion Mixture. (4735.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glyecrin of Pepsin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	24 minims
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver and Kidney Mixture. (86.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Chloroform	18 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver and Kidney Mixture. (2903.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllum	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver, Kidney, and Stomach Mixture. (6510.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	90 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Buchu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (3522.)

Dilute Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (2864.)

Podophyllum Resin	4 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	720 grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	6 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (4387.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2½ ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (4952.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	4 minims
Oil of Sassafras	4 minims
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Podophyllum	40 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 fluid drachms.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (4899.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Podophyllum Resin	1 grain
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	60 grains
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (537.)

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Hops	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllum	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (6484.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Taraxacum	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (767.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Juice of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver and Stomachic Mixture. (5634.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver and Stomachic Mixture. (2715.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Liver Stimulant. (2987.)

Synonym.—Stomachic Mixture.

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Gentian	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver Stimulant. (6481.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	9 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (2809.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	90 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver Tonic. (5130.)

Potassium Sulphate	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Tonic. (3273.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Euonymus	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Saffron, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (3115.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Podophyllum	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (2876.)

Sodium Potassium Tartrate	240 grains
Juice of Taraxacum	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Podophyllum	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Tonic. (4498.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Tonic. (699.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Infusion of Chiretta	4 fl. ounces
Infusion of Lemon Peel	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Orange Peel	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (2522.)

Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Podophyllum Resin	2 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver Tonic. (1163.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (5624.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver Tonic. (4697.)

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	15 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Podophyllin	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	144 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (5047.)

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Tonic. (4943.)

Bitter Orange Peel	½ ounce
Buchu Leaves	½ ounce
Centaury Herb	2 ounces
Hops	½ ounce
Chloroform	120 minims
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4 pints

Mix and strain.

Liver Tonic. (4231.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Euonymus	20 minims
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	20 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (4590.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Podophyllum	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver Tonic. (3435.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Podophyllum	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (2368.)

Potassium Sulphate	120 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Tonic. (4022.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (4111.)

Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Tonic. (4089.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	16 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (3929.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (2841.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixtures.

Liver Tonic Bitters. (331.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Euonymus	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.— 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic Mixture. (1490.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P., 1885)	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Tincture of Podophyllum	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Acidulated Liver Tonic. (5215.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	80 minims
Tincture of Podophyllum	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Hop Liver Tonic. (3368.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	16 ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	16 ounces
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	16 ounces
Tincture of Orange	10½ ounces
Tincture of Buchu	5¼ ounces
Tincture of Hops	21 ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	5¼ ounces
Distilled Water	162 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Red Liver Tonic. (3667.)

Dilute Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	9 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Podophyllin Liver Tonic. (4728.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	120 grains
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Podophyllin and Taraxacum Liver Tonic. (31.)

Sodium Phosphate	120 grains
Sodium Sulphate	240 grains
Liquid Extract of Taraxacum	1½ fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Podophyllum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms

Liver Mixtures.

Liver and Kidney Tonic. (3783.)

Sodium Sulphate	240 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver and Kidney Tonic. (4457.)

Potassium Acetate	240 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Sodium Sulphate	360 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Juniper	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Decoction of Broom	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllum	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Buchu, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Liver and Kidney Tonic. (5083.)

Chiretta	4 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint
Solution of Potash	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Liver and Nerve Tonic. (3285.)

Podophyllum Resin	20 grains
Diluted Nitro-Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	5¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	7 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (4864.)

Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Dilute Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (4965.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	12 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	80 fl. ounces
Compound Decoction of Aloes, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (5692.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Mixtures.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (3856.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2¼ fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	9 fl. drachms
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllum	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (3712.)

Podophyllum Resin	5 grains
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	240 grains
Compound Decoction of Aloes	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (2910.)

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2½ fl. ounces
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (1452.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (2447.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	
Tincture of Ginger	
Tincture of Nux Vomica	
Tincture of Podophyllum	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (3900.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tonic and Liver Mixture. (5646.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	160 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Podophyllum	20 minims
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixtures.

Acid Taraxacum Mixture. (4635.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Choloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Podophyllin and Taraxacum Mixture. (1244.)

Solution of Taraxacum	18 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllum	9 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Podophyllin and Taraxacum Mixture. (749.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Podophyllum	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Taraxacum and Podophyllin Liver Mixture. (4260.)

Sodium Sulphate	240 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Ammoniated Tincture of Podophyllum	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Taraxacum and Podophyllum Mixture. (1910.)

Podophyllum Resin	6 grains
Juice of Taraxacum	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Aloes, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Mixture of Nux Vomica. (487.)

Synonym.—Liver Mixture.

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Anti-Neuralgic Mixture. (4708.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Refined Sugar	1 ounce
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	40 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Anti-Neuralgic Mixture. (880.)

Synonyms.—Neuralgia Mixture; Tic Mixture; Neuralgic Mixture.

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Anti-Neuralgic Mixture. (4002.)

Ammonium Chloride	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quinine	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Neuralgia Draught. (5180.)

Phenazone	10 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Syrup	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Drops. (4318.)

Quinine Sulphate	64 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	80 minims
Chlorodyne	320 minims
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Drops. (3865.)

Ammonium Chloride	180 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5729.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5741.)

Ammonium Bromide	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled, Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5702.)

Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5684.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Ammonium Chloride	360 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	2½ ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5742.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	30 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (884.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	80 grains
Essence of Cloves	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Syrup of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (885.)

Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	12 minims
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (882.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (886.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	9 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	48 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	72 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	36 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (879.)

Synonyms.—Anti-Neuralgic Mixture; Tic Mixture.

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Hydrobromide	12 grains
Solution of Gelsemium	12 minims
Solution of Red Poppy	12 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1225.)

Sodium Salicylate	160 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	48 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	160 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (876.)

Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1½ fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (883.)

Synonym.—Tic Mixture.

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1248.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1188.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	80 grains
Ammoniated Tincture of Valerian	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1272.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2383.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2319.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2127.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Burnt Sugar	5 minims
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2144.)

Quinine Hydrobromide	120 grains
Quinine Phosphate	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2197.)

Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	90 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2195.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	4 ounces
Potassium Bromide	4 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 pints

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2402.)

Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.— 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2403.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3422.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	24 grains
Tincture of Aconite	24 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	60 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2412.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1226.)

Sodium Salicylate	90 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1760.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1301.)

Strong Solution of Acetate of Iron (B.P., 1885)	80 minims
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1743.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Quinine Sulphate	18 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (6421.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1605.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Butyl Chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2037.)

Ammonium Bromide	2½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	7½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (6468.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	3 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (6464.)

Quinine Sulphate	18 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cudbear	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (6501.)

Quinine Hydrobromide	72 grains
Sodium Sulphate	3 ounces
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (6517.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture for Adults. (4131.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	200 grains
Sodium Salicylate	3¼ ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	14½ fl. drachms
Syrup	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3776.)

Ammonium Chloride	48 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3783.)

Potassium Bromide	1 fl. drachm
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	5 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3789.)

Ammonium Bromide	4 ounces
Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4028.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4020.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	48 minims
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4013.)

Ammonium Bromide	80 grains
Ammonium Chloride	80 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	80 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3990.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3992.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4356.)

Ammonium Bromide	720 grains
Ammonium Chloride	720 grains
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	360 grains
Glycerin	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	18 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4326.)

Potassium Benzoate	240 grains
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3928.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	36 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4320.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Sodium Bromide	120 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4087.)

Tincture of Aconite	20 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	20 minims
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4077.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4265.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4266.)

Ammonium Bromide	360 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	400 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	2 ounces
Morphine Acetate	4 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	3½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4244.)

Ammonium Bromide	80 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Burnt Sugar	5 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounces.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4119.)

Ferrous Sulphate	40 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Quinine Sulphate	4 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Ginger	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4239.)

Potassium Bromide	330 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	8 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	48 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3655.)

Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Colchicum Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Valerian	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3656.)

Quinine Sulphate	90 grains
Colchicum Seed Wine	4 fl. ounces
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Valerian	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4178.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4694.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4589.)

Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4670.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4647.)

Ferrous Sulphate	320 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	30 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4619.)

Quinine Sulphate	288 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	18 fl. drachms
Sweet Solution of Roses	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5039.)

Ammonium Chloride	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	6 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Chloroform	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian (1=8)	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4797.)

Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4749.)

Potassium Bromide	4 ounces
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4775.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	40 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	40 minims
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4739.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	4 ounces
Potassium Bromide	4 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 pints

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4720.)

Ammonium Chloride	790 grains
Chloroform	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	40 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4722.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4702.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4705.)

Ammonium Chloride	1,260 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	840 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	14 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	84 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3632.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	2 ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	13 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3650.)

Ammonium Chloride	180 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Quinine	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3610.)

Ferrous Sulphate	16 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Infusion of Quassia	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Red Poppy	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3618.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5181.)

Acetanilide	20 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Sodium Salicylate	30 grains
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3905.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Phenazone	60 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5012.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	30 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4995.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4901.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4674.)

Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	160 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4826.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5049.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Solution of Morphine Acetate	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	8 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3017.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Chloroform	5 minims
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	40 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3019.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3028.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3039.)

Cochineal, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	480 grains
Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	7½ fl. ounces
Elixir of Saccharin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	7½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5111.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	72 grains
Quinine Sulphate	54 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	9 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3035.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3055.)

Ammonium Bromide	1½ ounces
Ammonium Chloride	3 ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3044.)

Phenazone	30 grains
Quinine Sulphate	15 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cimicifuga	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5628.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	30 grains
Quinine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5117.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	40 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5659.)

Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5207.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Chloroform	3 minims
Glycerin	60 minims
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	60 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2109.)

Phenazone	150 grains
Potassium Bromide	300 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5664.)

Ammonium Chloride	200 grains
Potassium Bromide	400 grains
Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	400 minims
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	200 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3361.)

Quinine Sulphate	144 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3345.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Phenacetin	40 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3257.)

Ammonium Chloride	350 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	200 minims
Syrup of Orange	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce

Neuralgia Mixture. (3303.)

Phenazone	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	20 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3416.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Chloral Hydrate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Quinine Sulphate	90 grains
Compound Syrup of Iron Phosphate	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3525.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	3 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3474.)

Ammonium Bromide	960 grains
Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Liquid Extract of Cinchona	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	19 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cimicifuga	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	4¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Sumbul	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3510.)

Citric Acid	10 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Phenazone	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	30 grains
Syrup of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	60 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Orange Flower Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3527.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity	
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3544.)

Phenazone	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3573.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Potassium Bromide	1,972 grains
Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	3¾ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2794.)

Ammonium Bromide	2½ ounces
Ammonium Chloride	2½ ounces
Chloroform	80 minims
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Juice of Hyoscyamus	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	3¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3563.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Nepenthe	40 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2551.)

Ammonium Bromide	24 grains
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	40 grains
Potassium Bromide	48 grains
Sodium Bromide	48 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2697.)

Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	80 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	40 minims
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2709.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3458.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Gelsemium	½ fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cimicifuga	½ drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2121.)

Ammonium Bromide	90 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	30 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2289.)

Phenazone	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2132.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	160 grains
Tincture of Colchicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2255.)

Synonym.—Neuralgia Tonic.

Iron and Quinine Citrate	100 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	120 minims
Tincture of Aconite	60 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	120 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (894.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	80 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (890.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	30 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	90 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (889.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Sodium Sulphate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (887.)

Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Mixture. (442.)

Quinine Sulphate	84 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	7 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	385 minims
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	40 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably	

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

euralgia Mixture. (488.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	24 minims
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (529.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (375.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	48 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (201.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	160 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	60 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (202.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Phenazone	½ ounce
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	84 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (82.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Chloroform	18 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3270.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Ammonium Chloride	90 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2874.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	24 grains
Potassium Bromide	160 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Tincture of Calumba	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2868.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	360 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	16 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (28.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	24 minims.
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (13.)

Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces.
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces.

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Mixture. (124.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2902.)

Phenazone	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3789.)

Ammonium Bromide	980 grains
Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Glycerin	18 fl. ounces
Solution of Cinchona	17 fl. drachms
Sweet Solution of Roses	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cimicifuga	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	4¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Sumbul	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (1794.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Colchicum Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Belladonna	30 minims
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5671.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2928.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	3 ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	1½ pints
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2941.)

Ferrous Sulphate	60 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	30 minims
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3733.)

Cochineal, in powder	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	270 grains
Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3717.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	826 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4565.)

Ferrous Sulphate	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	15 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Cascarilla	11 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4450.)

Potassium Bromide	240 grains
Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	140 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4467.)

Potassium Bromide	40 grains
Quinine and Iron Citrate	60 grains
Burnt Sugar	8 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4499.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Ammonium Chloride	240 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4561.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	48 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4416.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4398.)

Ammonium Chloride	1½ ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4394.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	160 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3885.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3659.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	4 fl. drachms
Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3846.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hops	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3808.)

Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3364.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Ammonium Bromide	1 ounce
Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Glycerin	19 fl. ounces
Solution of Roses	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cimicifuga	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Sumbul	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3675.)

Ammonium Chloride	8¾ ounces
Quinine Hydrochloride	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3696.)

Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	60 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	60 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	60 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3152.)

Quinine Sulphate	4 oz. 48 grs.
Sedative Solution of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	7½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2843.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3122.)

Ammonium Bromide	480 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cimicifuga	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3135.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (2096.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Tincture of Aconite	30 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3162.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Sulphate	240 grains
Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture and Nerve Tonic. (3199.)

Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	145 minims
Ammonium Chloride	3 ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange Peel	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	1 pound
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture or Nerve Tonic. (1444.)

Magnesium Sulphate	4½ ounces
Potassium Bromide	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	144 grains
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P., 1885)	12 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	12 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture or Nerve Tonic. (6349.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Mixture or Nerve Tonic. (5165.)

Ammonium Chloride	1600 grains
Quinine Hydrochloride	240 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	27 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Essence. (3109.)

Morphine Acetate	27 grains
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	½ pint
Tincture of Orange	1½ pints
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (2045.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (5025.)

Ammonium Chloride	480 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4974.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (6441.)

Butyl-choral Hydrate	40 grains
Chloroform	5 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (5045.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (5030.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Nitric Acid, a sufficient quantity	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgic Mixture. (2959.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Burnt Sugar	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (3000.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	14 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Flavouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (1342.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Mulberry	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	800 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (5701.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (395.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	80 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Mucilage of Tragacanth	4 fl. drachms
Sedative Solution of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Colchicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4400.)

Phenazone	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (2947.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgic Mixture. (2953.)

Chloral Hydrate	30 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	40 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	18 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (892.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	30 grains
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4385.)

Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	40 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4374.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Phenazone	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (3843.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Tincture. (3838.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4081.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4185.)

Ammonium Chloride	180 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	105 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4296.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4134.)

Tincture of Gelsemium	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4165.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Phenazone	60 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4305.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	80 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	72 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4780.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4790.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4807.)

Potassium Bromide	450 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	5 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4959.

Ferrous Sulphate	288 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	12 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	288 minims
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4871.)

Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	26 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	80 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Quinine	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	42 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4865.)

Ammonium Chloride	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4939.)

Spirit of Chloroform	7 fl. drachms
Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites	14 fl. ounces
Syrup of Phosphate of Iron, with Quinine and Strychnine	14 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	14 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (2797.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	780 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	8 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (878.)

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	2½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgic Mixture. (5731.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (3555.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	720 grains
Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	80 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (5138.)

Orange-flower Water (triple)	3 fl. ounces
Compound Spirit of Ether	5½ fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Valerian	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	65 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgic Mixture. (2150.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Yellow Cinchona	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (2233.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgic Mixture. (877.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	16 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (1480.)

Magnesium Sulphate	10 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	18 grains
Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Dental Neuralgic Mixture. (4135.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Face-ache or Neuralgia Mixture. (1375.)

Ammonium Bromide	1½ ounces
Ammonium Chloride	3 ounces
Quinine Hydrochloride	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Headache Mixture. (27.)

Caffeine Citrate	12 grains
Phenazone	48 grains
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water. a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Headache Mixture. (3078.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Caffeine Citrate	24 grains
Phenazone	40 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Headache and Neuralgia Mixture. (4973.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Caffeine Citrate	12 grains
Phenazone	30 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia and Headache Mixture. (3486.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic and Headache Mixture. (4957.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity	
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounce.

Neuralgia and Nerve Mixture. (3781.)

Solution of Ferric Acetate	70 minims
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Nervine. (4124.)

Chinoquinine	96 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Potassium Bromide	640 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	68 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cinchona Tonic. (4350.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cinchona	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cinchona Tonic. (4328.)

Cinchonine Hydrochloride	30 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Ferruginous Neuralgic Tonic. (4444.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	360 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Golden Tonic. (374.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Nerve Tonic. (30.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P., 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Nerve Tonic. (2971.)

Ammonium Chloride	2½ ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Potassium Bromide	3½ ounces
Sodium Sulphate	5½ ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydochloride	9 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	9½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	78 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Nerve Tonic. (4770.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2½ ounces
Strychnine Sulphate	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	32 fl. ounces
Syrup	48 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water (triple)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	128 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nervine Tonic. (2832.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Tincture. (5010.)

Quinine Sulphate	96 grains
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Tincture. (5032.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Solution of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Tonic. (4855.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia Tonic Mixture. (3541.)

Ammonium Chloride	80 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	24 grains
Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Chloroform	4 minims
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Quinine Mixture. (3089.)

Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carnegie Quinine Mixture. (4325.)

Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Quinine and Iron Mixture. (4055.)

Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Mixture. (4084.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Citric Acid	60 grains
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iron and Quinine Mixture. (3317.)

Quinine Hydrochloride	90 grains
Chloroform	80 minims
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iron and Quinine Mixture. (1795.)

Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Phosphorised Quinine and Iron Mixture. (4861.)

Quinine Phosphate	10 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	8 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quassia	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Phosphorus, Quinine, and Nux Vomica Mixture. (901.)

Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine, Iron, and Phosphorus Mixture. (5011.)

Ferrous Sulphate	24 grains
Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Sulphuric Acid	12 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine, Phosphorus, and Nux Vomica Mixture. (4613.)

Synonym.—Nerve Tonic.

Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	5¼ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Strengthening Quinine and Iron Mixture. (895.)

Quinine Sulphate	15 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3280.)

Quinine Hydrochloride	18 grains
Glycerin	1 ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	135 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3260.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Belladonna	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5658.)

Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (465.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5679.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1581.)

Citric Acid	½ ounce
Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (72.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Citric Acid	15 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Elixir of Gluside	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	90 minims
Tincture of Orange	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	90 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3889.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Chloroform	6 minims
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3904.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4042.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Infusion of Calumba	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4040.)

Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water (Triple)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4032.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	480 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4047.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	30 minims
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3746.)

Citric Acid	40 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Chloroform	20 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3751.)

Citric Acid	30 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3791.)

Citric Acid	60 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3800.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3781.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	19 fl. drachms
Magnetic Solution of Iron	38 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	24 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	48 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4021.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	20 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3973.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	6 ounces
Magnesium Sulphate	6 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3935.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4502.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	160 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4509.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4534.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3842.)

Citric Acid	10 grains
Quinine and Iron Citrate	60 grains
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3828.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	48 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3793.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4371.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4543.)

Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3861.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4405.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4171.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	80 grains
Tincture of Calumba	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4219.)

Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1¼ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4242.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4487.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Strong Solution of Acetate of Iron (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4477.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	14 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4454.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Orange-flower Water	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4699.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	480 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	640 minims
Chloroform Water	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4671.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4689.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chiretta	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4654.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Tincture of Muriate of Iron (P.L.)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4661.)

Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Chloroform	80 minims
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4648.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Chloroform	90 minims
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4634.)

Quinine Sulphate	90 grains
Glycerin	4½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	4½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4774.)

Quinine and Iron Citrate	300 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4603.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	40 grains
Sodium Sulphate	½ ounce
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4806.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Syrup of Lemon	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4700.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4736.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Syrup of Lemon	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4737.)

Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Compound Syrup of Iron Phosphate	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4709.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	80 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Refined Sugar	1 ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	8 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4712.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	15 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	15 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2145.)

Citric Acid	4 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 pints

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5040.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	840 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5029.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5014.)

Citric Acid	10 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Infusion of Quassia	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4975.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4927.)

Quinine Sulphate	390 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4928.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	400 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4872.)

Quinine Sulphate	280 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	50 fl. drachms
Chloroform	24¾ fl. drachms
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	25 fl. drachms
Soluble Essence of Lemon	15 fl. drachms
Glycerin	40 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ferrous Phosphate	6¼ fl. ounces
Solution of Saffron	40 minims
Distilled Water	145 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4849.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	130 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	400 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4867.)

Quinine and Iron Citrate	2 ounces
Chloroform	96 minims
Orange-flower Water (triple)	2 fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4830.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4814.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	1 ounce
Iron and Quinine Citrate	½ ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5070.)

Synonym.—Digestive Quinine and Iron Tonic.

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Glycerole of Pepsin	½ fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5081.)

Quinine Sulphate	270 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5056.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 ounces
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5709.)

Ammonium Bromide	1 ounce
Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5192.)

Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5062.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5722.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Iron and Strychnine Citrate	30 grains
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5677.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2405.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5189.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2247.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2208.)

Citric Acid	12 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2477.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	144 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5619.)

Citric Acid	40 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5622.)

Syrup of Phosphate of Iron with Quinine and Strychnine	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5106.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3663.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Salicylic Acid	90 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange (1=8)	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3653.)

Citric Acid	240 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Elixir of Orange	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3644.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	80 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3627.)

Quinine Sulphate	18 grains
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	12 minims
Diluted Nitric Acid	20 minims
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3691.)

Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	320 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5177.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	80 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water (Triple)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3686.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2¾ ounces
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	20 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Orange	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3389.)

Citric Acid	80 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	540 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	3¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	3¼ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3375.)

Quinine Sulphate	90 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5171.)

Citric Acid	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5166.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	960 grains
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5185.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3072.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2948.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Syrup of Lemon	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2969.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Potassium Bromide	3½ ounces
Sodium Sulphate	5½ ounces
Chloroform	190 minims
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2914.)

Citric Acid	60 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2889.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2880.)

Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2875.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	30 minims
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2862.)

Quinine Sulphate	32 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	24 minims
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2855.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	800 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	800 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3288.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5104.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (898.)

Ammonium Bromide	960 grains
Citric Acid	200 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	960 grains
Quinine Sulphate	96 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	12 minims
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3437.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3427.)

Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3143.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	100 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3446.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2749.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2680.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	96 grains
Orange-flower Water (Triple)	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2635.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2774.)

Ammonium Bromide	3 ounces
Citric Acid	180 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	3 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Sodium Sulphate	3 ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2605.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Orange Flower Water (Triple)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2567.)

Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	30 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3454.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	8 minims
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Ferric Chloride	160 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2515.)

Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Simple Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3359.)

Citric Acid	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	220 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3520.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3478.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	48 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3472.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3513.)

Citric Acid	20 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6435.)

Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6445.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6497.)

Citric Acid	30 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6477.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6469.)

Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1250.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3312.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (352.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	40 grains
Potassium Bromide	80 grains
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4329.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	2 ounces
Glycerin	26 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4364.)

Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4113.)

Quinine Sulphate	4 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	24 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4058.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4074.)

Citric Acid	60 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	2½ ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4291.)

Quinine Sulphate	144 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4287.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water (Triple)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4420.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4432.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	40 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4256.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	540 grains
Quassia Wood, finely rasped	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix and Strain.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5046.)

Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4549.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	30 fl. drachms
Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Clove Water	40 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water (Triple)	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1303.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 pints

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3744.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Magnesium Sulphate	6 ounces
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia	64 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4553.)

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	17 fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia	49 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4264.)

Citric Acid	40 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Orange-flower Water (Triple)	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1338.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1359.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Tincture of Sesquichloride of Iron (P.L.)	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1437.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	360 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1341.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (58.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	36 minims
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	24 minims
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1422.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1434.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	15 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2302.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4445.)

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Sulphate	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	33 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1761.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	360 grains
Glycerin	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1621.)

Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2021.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2071.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	660 grains
Chloroform	80 minims
Orange Wine	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	5½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2068.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	2 ounces
Glycerin	4 ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1909.)

Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1842.)

Quinine Sulphate	96 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2043.)

Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3417.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1125.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	100 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1142.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	80 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (888.)

Synonyms.—Neuralgia Mixture; Nerve Mixture.

Iron and Quinine Citrate	40 grains
Orange-flower Water, Triple	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1024.)

Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic (897.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Tincture of Capsicum	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4960.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (5206.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	270 grains
Glycerin	2¼ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (2988.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	480 grains
Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (3600.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	7½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon (P.L.)	84 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (5728.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	12 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (2417.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	4 ounces 170 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	19 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4149.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4595.)

Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	36 minims
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4624.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	90 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (2170.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	600 grains
Syrup of Ginger	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (3352.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	320 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (3499.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	80 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Orange Flower Water (Triple)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (1518.)

Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	400 minims
Chloroform Water	3 pints
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4817.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4623.)

Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	400 minims
Chloroform Water	3 pints
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Aromatic Iron and Quinine Tonic. (2356.)

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4944.)

Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Chloroform	140 minims
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Aromatic Quinine and Iron Tonic. (1325.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Aromatic Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3672.)

Citric Acid	120 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	480 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	120 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Aromatic Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4572.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Infusion of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bromo-Phosphorised Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4755.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid (s.g. 1·75)	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4210.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	180 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Elixir of Gluside	20 minims
Glycerin of Pepsin	2 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water (triple)	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Digestive Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4841.)

Potassium Citrate	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	192 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Soluble Essence of Lemon	½ fl. ounce
Glycerole of Pepsin	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3407.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	400 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Digestive Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5614.)

Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	100 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	100 grains
Glycerole of Pepsin	9 fl. drachms
Proof Spirit (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Digestive Quinine Tonic. (5613.)

Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	40 minims
Glycerole of Pepsin	10 fl. drachms
Proof Spirit (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Peptonised Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3324.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	40 grains
Glycerin of Pepsin	60 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Phosphorised Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4909.)

Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	30 minims
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Calumba	4 fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Phosphorised Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3082.)

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Phosphorised Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4436.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Sodium Hypophosphite	2 ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	288 minims
Tincture of Lemon	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Phosphorised Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2365.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Chiretta	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Phosphorised Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3490.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	480 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Phosphorised Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4409.)

Ammonium Phosphate	30 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	16 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Phosphorised Iron and Quinine Tonic. (4530.)

Ammonium Phosphate	20 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	10 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Phosphorised Iron and Quinine Tonic. (1113.)

Ammonium Phosphate	30 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	16 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic, with Hypophosphites. (3023.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	1 ounce
Sodium Hypophosphite	1 ounce
Citric Acid	1½ ounces
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 pint
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	6 pints
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 pints

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Bitters. (100.)

Synonym.—Nerve Bitters.

Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	40 minims
Juice of Taraxacum	1¼ fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Hops	1¼ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tonic Neuralgia Mixture. (2448.)

Potassium Bromide	72 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Butyl-chloral Hydrate	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Tonic Neuralgia Mixture. (4520.)

Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tonic Neuralgia Mixture. (2996.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Tonic Neuralgia Mixture. (1961.)

Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Elixir of Ammoniated Quinine. (3601.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Gluside	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	700 grains
Essence of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Wine of Iron and Quinine. (4585.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	10 grains
Quinine Wine	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Wine of Iron and Quinine. (4009.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	10 grains
Quinine Wine	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic Mixture. (3380.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Potassium Bromide	240 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Belladonna	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic Mixture. (4618.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	360 grains
Potassium Bromide	360 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic Mixture. (4302.)

Ammonium Bromide	360 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic Mixture. (4684.)

Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tic Mixture. (3941.)

Ammonium Chloride	5 ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic Mixture. (3918.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic Mixture. (4366.)

Arsenical Solution	20 minims
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic Mixture. (65.)

Ammonium Chloride	5 ounces
Cochineal	¼ ounce
Oil of Cloves	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic Mixture. (14.)

Caffeine	12 grains
Sodium Salicylate	12 grains
Phenazone	30 grains
Aromatic Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic Mixture. (1580.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic Mixture. (3066.)

Ammonium Bromide	192 grains
Ammonium Chloride	192 grains
Butyl-Chloral Hydrate	68 grains
Chloroform	20 minims
Glycerin	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	1¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	225 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic Mixture. (1300.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	50 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tic Mixture. (2933.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cinchona	1 fl. ounce
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ fluid ounce.

Tic Mixture. (1770.)

Quinine Sulphate	192 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tic Mixture. (3576.)

Quinine Sulphate	7½ grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic Mixture. (891.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	30 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic Mixture. (1309.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Tic Mixture. (6495.)

Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	9 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Vanilla	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Concentrated Tic Mixture. (3441.)

Ammonium Chloride	4¼ ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia and Tic Mixture. (881.)

Phenazone	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	540 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cimicifuga	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	6¾ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	216 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgia and Tic Mixture. (4014.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Burnt Sugar	4 minims
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	80 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia and Tic Mixture. (4378.)

Magnesium Sulphate	6 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	7½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	45 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	18 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia and Tic Mixture. (3154.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	960 grains
Potassium Bromide	240 grains
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia or Tic Mixture. (6447.)

Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose —1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia or Tic Mixture. (3788.)

Ammonium Chloride	2½ ounces
Magnesium Sulphate	5 ounces
Potassium Bromide	2½ ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2½ fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic or Tic Mixture. (4150.)

Synonym.—Nervine.

Iron and Quinine Citrate	2 ounces
Magnesium Sulphate	7½ ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	15 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	7½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	15 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (6513.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Sulphate	180 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3358.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (1311.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (1304.)

Ferrous Carbonate	90 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Ammoniated Tincture of Valerian	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Compound Mixture of Senna	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3761.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Solution of Cochineal	5 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3829.)

Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	42 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4282.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	20 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4254.)

Ammonium Chloride	180 grains
Phenazone	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (5119.)

Quinine Sulphate	18 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3438.)

Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Salicylic Acid	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (893.)

Ammonium Bromide	80 grains
Ammonium Chloride	80 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	40 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Medicine. (5641.)

Chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (5115.)

Ferrous Carbonate	90 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Compound Mixture of Senna	3 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Valerian	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3643.)

Ammonium Chloride	108 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	36 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	96 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3671.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3613.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3406.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Coca Leaves	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3095.)

Quinine Sulphate	18 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3216.)

Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Chlorodyne	6 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (1911.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	30 minims
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (6407.)

Ammonium Chloride	96 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	32 grains
Infusion of Quassia	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4923.)

Exalgin	12 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	72 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	60 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4665.)

Phenazone	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4734.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4473.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Chloroform Water	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	80 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4662.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4139.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Ammonium Chloride	360 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quinine	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4459.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	48 grains
Quinine Sulphate	36 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cimicifuga	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (3709.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	20 grains
Phenazone	30 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (4439.)

Ammonium Chloride	96 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	36 grains
Infusion of Quassia	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic or Neuralgic Mixture. (4875.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Orange-flower Water (triple)	1½ fl. ounces
Saffron, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tic or Neuralgia Mixture. (3769.)

Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Tic and Neuralgic Mixture. (2516.)

Quinine Sulphate	90 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Simple Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Calumba	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic and Neuralgic Mixture. (2692.)

Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	80 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Quinine	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgic Mixture. (3450.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgic Mixture. (2993.)

Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Quinine	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgic Mixture. (3976.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	40 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgic Mixture. (6424.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	480 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	480 grains
Nepenthe	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Tic and Neuralgic Mixture. (3971.)

Ammonium Bromide	90 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	36 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Quinine	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Faceache Mixture. (4894.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	40 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Nerve Mixture. (3220.)

Synonym.—Headache Mixture.

Phenazone	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic-Doloreux and Nerve Mixture. (4746.)

Ammonium Chloride	3 ounces
Cochineal	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	1½ ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic, Neuralgia and Nerve Mixture. (4950.)

Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Colchicum Wine	40 minims
Solution of Morphine Acetate	90 minims
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	40 minims
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	90 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	40 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 fluid drachms.

Tic, Neuralgia and Nerve Tonic. (3229.)

Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Toothache Mixture. (4319.)

Ferrous Sulphate	24 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	60 minims
Syrup of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixtures.

Neuralgic Toothache Mixture. (5618.)

Ferrous Sulphate	144 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	3 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Sodium Sulphate	3 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	144 minims
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia and Toothache Mixture. (6427.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia and Toothache Mixture. (3309.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Toothache and Neuralgic Mixture. (4154.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	30 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Arsenical Solution	15 minims
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	15 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia and Toothache Mixture. (2980.)

Ammonium Chloride	480 grains
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Tincture of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	30 ounces

Mix.

Stomach Mixtures.

Antacid Mixture. (4660.)

Synonym.—Stomachic Mixture.

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Cherry Laurel Water	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Aperient Mixture. (4368.)

Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomach Mixtures.

Aperient Mixture. (1206.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	15 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	15 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	12 minims
Syrup	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	8 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint or Dill Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid drachms.

White Aperient Mixture. (335.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Head, Stomach, and Liver Mixture. (6403.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Calumba	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllum	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Head, Stomach, and Liver Mixture. (4442.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Inflammation Mixture. (444.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in fine powder	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Laxative Mixture. (4351.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Red Mixture. (3816.)

Armenian Bole	1 ounce
Light Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	180 grains
Child's Cordial (No. 3817)	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Stomach Mixtures.

Red Mixture. (4504.)

Armenian Bole	1 ounce
Light Magnesium Carbonate	5 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	180 grains
Refined Sugar	32 ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Restorative or Stomachic Mixture. (2965.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	4½ fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	12 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	18 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Rhubarb Mixture. (4357.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	40 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 grains
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Rhubarb Aperient Mixture. (56.)

Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Compound Rhubarb Mixture. (1487.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	160 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Senna	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rhubarb and Soda Mixture. (4116.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	90 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	16 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomach Mixture. (4010.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Compound Powder of Rhubarb	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach Mixtures.

Stomach Invigorator. (4688.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixture. (4343.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	400 grains
Rhubarb Root, cut small	3 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	7½ fl. ounces
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	30 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixture. (1048.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Ginger, in fine powder	¾ ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in fine powder	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Tincture of Calumba	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinnamon	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixture. (4784.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixture. (4586.)

Bismuth Oxy-Carbonate	60 grains
Compound Powder of Rhubarb	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixture. (2977.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	2¼ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2¼ ounces
Colchicum Wine	18 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	144 minims
Mucilage of Tragacanth	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	4½ fl. drachms
Solution of Pepsin	6¾ fl. ounces
Syrup	6¾ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixtures.

Stomach Mixture. (4582.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach Mixture. (4428.)

Anise Fruit, bruised	120 grains
Chamomile Flowers	120 grains
Gentian Root, bruised	240 grains
Ginger, bruised	20 grains
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Senna Leaves, bruised	60 grains
Distilled Water (boiling), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Infuse and strain.

Stomach Mixture. (1079.)

Synonym.—Pink Peg.

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach Mixture. (3695.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Mixture.

Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to make	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixture. (2838.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixture. (3331.)

Magnesium Sulphate	13 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Potassium Citrate	6½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Infusion of Buchu, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomach Mixture. (3050.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Rhubarb	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Mixtures.

Stomach Mixture. (3401.)

Ammonium Bromide	90 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	9 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach and Indigestion Mixture. (2990.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomach and Indigestion Mixture. (3127.)

Bismuth Carbonate	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	24 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Stomach and Indigestion Mixture. (3279.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (4423.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (5694.)

Pepsin, in scales	96 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Concentrated Solution of Chiretta	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Rhubarb	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water,	39 fl. ounces
Distilled Water a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach Mixtures.

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (5660.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1¼ fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	1¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1¼ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (5102.)

Ammonium Carbonate	640 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	2¾ ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (3766.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (3145.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	2 ounces
Pepsin	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	8 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachmes.

Compound Stomach and Liver Syrup. (3343.)

Refined Sugar	1¼ pounds
Solid Extract of Liquorice	3 ounces
Treacle	2 pounds
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	15 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	80 minims
Oil of Sassafras	100 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomachic Mixture. (5110.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Quassia Wood, in chips	480 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	600 grains
Infusion of Gentian	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach Mixtures.

Stomach Tonic. (3796.)

Ammonium Carbonate	288 grains
Compound Powder of Rhubarb	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomachic Mixture. (1135.)

Compound Decoction of Aloes	8 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Stomachic Mixture. (455.)

Rhubarb Root, in fine powder	12 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Stomachic Mixture. (4996.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomachic Mixture. (7054.)

Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	[illegible] fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Rhubarb	6 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian, sufficient to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomachic Mixture. (4847.)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	160 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Senna	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water	32 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomachic Mixture. (6444.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	¾ ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	15 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix

Stomach Mixtures.

Stomachic Mixture. (333.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Stomachic Mixture. (4868.)

Lady Scott's Formula.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	160 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Anise	48 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Stomachic Digestive Mixture. (350.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Compound Stomachic Mixture. (32.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tonic Stomachic Mixture. (2288.)

Bismuth Carbonate	300 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1¼ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3¾ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Pepsin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	60 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Wind and Spasm Mixture. (4716.)

Ginger, in powder	240 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1440 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	480 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	720 grains
Oil of Dill	24 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce

Throat Mixtures.

Sore Throat Mixture. (88.)

Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Glycerin	1 ounce
Chloroform	18 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms to be used as a gargle, and then swallowed.

Throat Mixtures.

Sore Throat Mixture. (4643.)

Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Diluted Nitric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	40 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Sore Throat Mixture. (2912.)

Potassium Chlorate	240 grains
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Sore and Relaxed Throat Mixture. (4433.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Mixture for Hoarseness. (1819.)

Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Throat Balsam. (7.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Sulphurous Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 minims to be sipped every half hour.

Throat Drops. (3737.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Proof Rum	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Throat Linctus. (3460.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Voice Linctus. (3477.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	15 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Voice Linctus. (3694.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Throat Mixtures.

Voice Syrup. (1913.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Concentrated Solution of Senega, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Vermifuges.

Worm Mixture. (207.)

Santonin, in fine powder	20 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	3 minims
Sweet Essence of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	3½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Worm Mixture. (208.)

Oil of Male-fern	4 fl. drachms
Gum Acacia, in fine powder	120 grains
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Worm Syrup. (5017.)

Santonin	20 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	7 minims
Sweet Solution of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	3½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 3 fluid drachms.

Worm Syrup. (4174.)

Liquid Extract of Santonica	2½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Spigelia	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Syrup of Senna	3 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	21 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Worm Syrup. (2392.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	5 grains
Santonin, in very fine powder	40 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	5 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	30 minims
Essence of Senna	1½ fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	2 minims
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce...	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Worm Syrup. (3294.)

Santonin, in fine powder	32 grains
Sweet Solution of Senna	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	16 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce...	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm

Vermifuges.

Worm Syrup. (3322.)

Santonin, in fine powder	240 grains
Syrup of Senna	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Worm Syrup. (2984.)

Santonin, in very fine powder	80 grains
Concentrated Solution of Senna	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Anise	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Worm Syrup. (713.)

Cowhage	40 grains
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Buckthorn	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	4½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Worm Syrup. (1364.)

Santonin, in very fine powder	20 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	7 minims
Sweet Solution of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	3½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 3 fluid drachms.

Worm Syrup. (1149.)

Santonin, in very fine powder	20 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Sweet Essence of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Anise	3½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Vermifuges.

Worm Syrup. (6455.)

Santonin	40 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Syrup	7 fl. ounces
Syrup of Senna	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Worm Syrup. (6463.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	40 grains
Santonin, in powder	320 grains
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Indian Pink	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senna	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Worm Syrup. (3626.)

Liquid Extract of Chenopodium	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Jalap	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Senna Pods	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Spigelia	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce...	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 3 fluid drachms.

Tapeworm Mixture. (4140.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	60 grains
Liquid Extract of Male Fern	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

RECIPES FOR LOZENGES, ETC.

Cakes.

Worm Cakes. (555.)

Compound Powder of Scammony	1 ounce
Santonin, in very fine powder	100 grains
Chocolate, in powder	3 ounces

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Worm Cakes. (1798.)

Mercurous Chloride	56 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Scammony, in powder	56 grains
Mucilage of Acacia Solution of Cochineal Spirit of Peppermint	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Worm Cakes. (1412.)

Jalap, in powder	3¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3¼ ounces
Orris Root, in powder	232 grains
Santonin, in very fine powder	96 grains
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to produce 7 pounds of mass. Divide into suitable cakes.

Cakes.

Worm Cakes. (203.)

Mercurous Chloride	144 grains
Santonin	144 grains
Gingerbread, Sugar or Chocolate Basis, of each a sufficient quantity to produce	144 tablets

Worm Cakes. (8847.)

Jalap, in powder	1549 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1549 grains
Orris Root	232 grains
Santonin, in very fine powder	96 grains
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia — of each a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix and divide into 896 cakes.

Worm Cakes. (6987.)

Jalap, in powder	600 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	25 grains
Ginger-bread, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 100 lozenges.

Worm Cakes. (761.)

Jalap, in powder	480 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	180 grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 120 tablets.

Cakes.

Chocolate Worm Cakes. (3719.)

Santonin	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Jalap Resin	¼ ounce
Scammony	¼ ounce
Chocolate Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable cakes.

Chocolate Worm Cakes. (1418.)

Jalap, in powder	3¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3¼ ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	87 grains
Essence of Vanilla	4 fl. drachms
Chocolate, in powder	46½ ounces
Refined Sugar	72 ounces
Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 720 cakes.

Chocolate Worm Cakes. (9657.)

Santonin, in fine powder	240 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	5 ounces
Chocolate Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable cakes.

Gingerbread Worm Cakes. (9513.)

Jalap, in powder	12 grains
Mercurous Chloride	4 grains
Gingerbread, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Jalapin Worm Cakes. (1419.)

Jalapin	96 grains
Mercurous Chloride	288 grains
Orris Root, in powder	48 grains
Refined Sugar	20 ounces
Flavouring Agent Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 144 cakes.

Candy.

Digestive Candy. (2712.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Magnesium Carbonate	¼ ounce
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1½ pounds
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Sodium Carbonate	¼ ounce
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Capsules.

Anæmia Capsules. (9839.)

Iron Pill	900 grains
Arsenical Solution	120 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	120 minims

Mix and fill 60 capsules.

Blood-forming Capsules. (2017.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain
Reduced Iron	400 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	50 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	50 grains

Mix and fill 200 capsules.

Capsules.

Blood-forming Capsules. (9948.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain
Reduced Iron	400 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	25 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	25 grains

Mix and fill 200 capsules.

Flatulence Capsules. (9616.)

Menthol	24 grains
Phenol	12 grains
Oil of Cajuput	48 minims

Mix and fill 48 capsules.

Anti-Rheumatic Laxative Capsules. (9627.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada.
Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm

Wind or Spasms Capsules. (200.)

Menthol	15 grains
Phenol	15 grains
Eucalyptol	60 minims

Mix and fill 60 capsules.

Cures.

Cold Cure. (9506.)

Acetanilide	120 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	12 grains
Podophyllum Resin	24 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Capsicin	12 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	60 grains

Mix and divide into 120 tablets.

Cold Cure. (9505.)

Acetanilide	120 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	12 grains
Podophyllum Resin	24 grains
Qunine Sulphate	60 grains
Extract of Belladonna	6 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	6 grains

Mix and divide into 120 tablets.

Febril Laxative or Cold Cure. (8971.)

Acetanilide	40 ounces
Aloin	1 ounce
Camphor	2½ ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	2½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	10 ounces
Milk Sugar	160 grains

Mix and divide into 4 grain pellets.

Drops.

Cough Drops. (1399.)

Tartaric Acid	3 ounces
Oil of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Refined Sugar, in powder	20 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Cough Drops. (1400.)

Tartaric Acid	3 ounces
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Refined Sugar, in powder	20 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Jujubes.

Pectoral Cough Jujubes. (5287.)

Morphine Acetate	5 grains
Tartarated Antimony	5 grains
Delectable Paste	1 pound

Mix and divide into suitable pastilles.

Lozenges.

Antacid Lozenges. (1402.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate...1 ounce	367 grains
Precipitated Chalk	242 grains
Sodium Chloride	320 grains
Refined Sugar	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix to produce 1 pound of lozenges.

Antacid Lozenges. (2277.)

Bismuth Carbonate	1,000 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	500 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	500 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	2,500 grains

Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 500 lozenges.

Antacid Lozenges. (8838.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	847 grains
Precipitated Chalk	1,202 grains
Sodium Chloride	320 grains
Refined Sugar	of each a sufficient quantity to produce 1 pound
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix and divide into 320 lozenges.

Aperient Lozenges. (8836.)

Mercurous Chloride	2,457 grains
Refined Sugar	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix and divide into 2,240 lozenges.

Aperient Lozenges. (1414.)

Mercurous Chloride	10¼ ounces
Refined Sugar	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix to produce 14 pounds of lozenges.

Bronchial Lozenges. (9624.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	600 grains
Liquid Extract of Coltsfoot	30 minims
Oleo-resin of Cubebs	3 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Balsam of Tolu	60 grains
Liquid Extract of Capsicum	5 minims
Oil of Anise	20 minims

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 300 lozenges.

Bronchial Lozenges. (1403.)

Cubebs, in powder	250 grains
Potassium Chlorate	219 grains
Potassium Nitrate	86 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix to produce 1 pound of lozenges.

Lozenges.

Bronchial Lozenges. (2785.)

Cubebs, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	2½ ounces
Refined Sugar	16 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Bronchial Lozenges. (8839.)

Cubebs, in powder	250 grains
Potassium Chlorate	219 grains
Potassium Nitrate	86 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	of each a sufficient quantity to produce 1 pound
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

American Bronchial Lozenges. (2786.)

Cubebs, in powder	2 ounces
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Senega Root, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	3 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	6 ounces
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Oil of Sassafras	15 minims
Gum Acacia	a sufficient quantity to produce 5pounds
Refined Sugar	

Mix.

Bronchial and Asthmatic Lozenges. (2437.)

Benzoic Acid	375 grains
Capsicin	3 grains
Oil of Anise	100 minims
Oil of Peppermint	50 minims
Oleo-resin of Cubebs	15 grains
Stockholm Tar	150 grains

Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 1,500 lozenges.

Chlorodyne Lozenges. (1415.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	1¼ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Chloroform	5½ pounds
Ether	½ pound
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1¼ fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix to produce 112 pounds of lozenges.

Chlorodyne Lozenges. (1416.)

(Without Morphine.)

Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Chloroform	5½ pounds
Ether	½ pound
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1¼ fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix to produce 112 pounds of lozenges.

Chlorodyne Lozenges. (8834.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	1¼ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	240 grains
Chloroform	5½ pounds
Ether	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1¼ fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	of each a sufficient quantity to produec 112 ponnds.
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (620.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in fine powder	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ ounce
Oil of Lemon Balsam of Tolu Citric Acid	A sufficient quantity of each to flavour suitably.
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 lb. of lozenges

Mix.

Cough Lozenges. (784.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 100 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (401.)

Balsam of Tolu	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	100 grains
Extract of Lettuce (B.P., 1885)	4 ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Squill, in powder	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 pounds
Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix, and divide into 4,000 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (402.)

Balsam of Tolu	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	66 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Extract of Lettuce (B.P., 1885)	4 ounces
Squill, in powder	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 pounds
Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix, and divide into 2,000 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (403.)

Balsam of Tolu	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Extract of Lettuce (B.P., 1885)	4 ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Squill, in powder	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 pounds
Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix, and divide into 2,000 or 4,000 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1413.)

Blood Root, in powder	55 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	218 grains
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	15 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Lobelia	4 fl. drachms
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to produce 7 pounds of lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6129.)

Benzoic Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	8 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	7 pounds
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	48 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces

Mix and divide into 16 grain lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6130.)

Morphine Acetate	120 grains
Tartarated Antimony	90 grains
Extract of Liquorice	2 pounds
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Gum Acacia	a sufficient quantity to produce 10 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6131.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Squill, in powder	180 grains
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	270 grains
Extract of Poppy (B.P. 1885)	270 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 pounds
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lobelia (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 2,000 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6275.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 ounces
Morphine Acetate	120 grains
Tartaric Acid, in powder	5 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	12 ounces
Oil of Lemon	4 fl. drachms
Gum Acacia, in powder Refined Sugar, in powder Distilled Water	a sufficient quantity to produce 14 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6578.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Coltsfoot Paste Extract of Cassia Solid Extract of Liquorice	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 80 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (5749.)

Capsicum, in powder	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in fine powder	600 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	120 grains
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Extract of Liquorice, a sufficient quantity.	
Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	15 pounds

Mix and divide into 24 grain lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6847.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	3 pounds
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Squill, in powder	2½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	16 pounds
Extract of Poppy (B.P. 1885)	2½ ounces
Black Currant Paste	6 pounds
Tartaric Acid, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Cough Lozenges. (6630.)

Benzoic Acid	1 ounce
Camphor	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	8 ounces
Tartaric Acid	8 ounces
Oil of Anise	17 fl. drachms
Liquorice Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	56 pounds

Mix.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6625.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	212 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	72 grains
Squill, in powder	640 grains
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6970.)

Chlorodyne	3 fl. ounces, 5 fl. drachms, 45 minims
Linseed, in powder Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 1,792 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6971.)

Menthol	140 grains
Oil of Anise	237 minims
Oil of Cubebs	28 minims
Oil of Peppermint	237 minims
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	280 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	28 minims
Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 5,600 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6979.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	335 grains
Squill, in powder	335 grains
Tartaric Acid, in powder	335 grains
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	335 grains
Extract of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	335 grains
Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 2,688 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6980.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	655 grains
Squill, in powder	655 grains
Extract of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	475 grains
Oil of Lemon	240 minims
Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 2,688 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6981.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	896 grains
Squill, in powder	896 grains
Tartaric Acid, in powder	120 grains
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	240 minims
Tincture of Opium	357 minims
Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 3,584 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6983.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2,387 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	617 grains
Morphine	45 grains
Extract of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1,681 grains
Oil of Lemon	240 minims
Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 3,248 lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6982.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	327 grains
Extract of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	220 grains
Oil of Lemon	200 minims
Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 2,688 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6969.)

Chlorodyne	14½ fl. drachms
Linseed, in powder Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 1,568 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6968.)

Chlorodyne	6½ fl. ounces
Linseed, in powder Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 1,792 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6967.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	406 grains
Squill, in powder	812 grains
Extract of Liquorice Refined Sugar, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 3,248 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6984.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	289 grains
Squill, in powder	437 grains
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	1,344 grains
Extract of Liquorice Gum Acacia, in powder	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 3,472 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9199.)

Benzoic Acid	48 grains
Camphor	24 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	48 grains
Extract of Liquorice	2½ ounces
Oil of Anise	192 minims
Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pound

Mix and divide into 288 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8885.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Citric Acid	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, bruised	1 ounce
Solid Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Black Currant Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9175.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Tartaric Acid	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Tartarated Antimony	10 grains
Oil of Lemon	60 minims
Coltsfoot Paste	6 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9196.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	268 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	74 grains
Coltsfoot Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix and divide into 20 grain lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9015.)

Extract of Liquorice	13½ pounds
Extract of Opium	5 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	4½ pounds
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	7½ ounces
Tartarated Antimony	660 grains
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	18 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	36 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9967.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Squill, in powder	120 grains
Extract of Opium	48 grains
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9966.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Squill, in powder	60 grains
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

Cough Lozenge. (8908.)

Citric Acid, in powder	54 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	12 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	96 minims
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 144 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8842.)

Tartaric Acid	298 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	18 grains
Squill, in powder	60 grains
Black Currant Paste	14 ounces
Refined Sugar.... Mucilage of Acacia } of each a sufficient quantity, to make	7 pounds.

Cough Lozenges. (8841.)

Tartaric Acid	149 grains
Balsam of Tolu	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	9 grains
Squill, in powder	30 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	12 ounces
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Refined Sugar.... Mucilage of Acacia } of each a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds.

Mix and divide into 2,240 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8840.)

Tartaric Acid	102 grains
Balsam of Tolu	20 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	25½ grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	3 grains
Squill, in powder	51 grains
Tartarated Antimony	4½ grains
Oil of Rose	2 minims
Refined Sugar.... Mucilage of Acacia } of each a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pound.

Mix and divide into 320 lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9009.)

Tartaric Acid	1 pound
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 pound
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	4 ounces
Marshmallow Root, in powder	1 pound
Morphine Hydrochloride	240 grains
Tartarated Antimony	240 grains
Coltsfoot Paste, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8837.)

Sanguinaria Root, in powder	55 grains
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	15 minims
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Lobelia	4 fl. drachms
Solid Extract of Liquorice	218 grains
Refined Sugar.... Mucilage of Acacia } of each a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds.

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9847.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1008 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	112 grains
Squill, in powder	1008 grains
Tincture of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Coltsfoot Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	14 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Cough Lozenges. (9803.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	74 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	244 grains
Benzoic Acid	1 ounce
Tolu Basis	7 pounds
Citric Acid, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (9578.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	9 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Simple Basis, flavoured with Tolu and Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (43.)

Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Squill, in powder	½ ounce
Coltsfoot Paste	3 pounds

Mix to form a mass. Divide into 15-grain lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1224.)

Antimonial Powder	190 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	190 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	64 grains
Tartarated Antimony	64 grains
Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce 3 pounds of lozenges.	

Cough Lozenges. (1404.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	51 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Squill, in powder	102 grains
Tartarated Antimony	9 grains
Tartaric Acid	204 grains
Balsam of Tolu	40 grains
Oil of Rose	4 minims
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia } of each, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to produce 2 pounds of lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1185.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	24 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Tartarated Antimony	4 grains
Tolu Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix, and divide into 144 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1405.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	9 grains
Squill, in powder	30 grains
Tartaric Acid	149 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	12 ounces
Balsam of Tolu	¼ ounce
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Refined Sugar	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix to produce 7 pounds of lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1406.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	18 grains
Squill, in powder	60 grains
Tartaric Acid	298 grains
Black Currant Paste	14 ounces
Refined Sugar	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Mucilage of Acacia	

Mix, to produce 7 pounds of lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6985.)

Cubebs, in powder	2,625 grains
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Extract of Liquorice	a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds
Refined Sugar, in powder	

Mix and divide into 5,152 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6986.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Squill, in powder	60 grains
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1814.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Morphine Acetate	35 grains
Tartaric Acid, in powder	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3½ pounds
Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm

Mix and divide into 24 grain lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1991.)

Balsam of Tolu	2,400 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	840 grains
Morphine Acetate	420 grains
Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	56 pounds

Mix. Divide into lozenges each weighing 24 grains.

Cough Lozenges. (2364.)

Ipecacuanha, in powder	480 grains
Morphine Acetate	240 grains
Tartarated Antimony	480 grains
Tartaric Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	4 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	16 ounces
Oil of Lemon	1 ounce
Tincture of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 pounds
Refined Sugar, in powder	32 pounds

Mix and divide into 20 grain lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2098.)

Emetine	1½ grains
Morphine	3 grains
Coltsfoot Basis	5 ounces

Mix and divide into 120 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2518.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	144 grains
Morphine Acetate	24 grains
Squill, in powder	300 grains
Tartarated Antimony	72 grains
Extract of Lettuce	540 grains
Coltsfoot Paste	6 pounds
Oil of Lemon	4 fl. drachms

Mix and divide into lozenges, each weighing 15 grains.

Cough Lozenges. (2273.)

Alum, in powder	100 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	25 grains
Squill, in powder	100 grains
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 600 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2326.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1¼ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	16 ounces
Starch	1 ounce
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	33 minims

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1926.)

Benzoic Acid	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	90 grains
Tartarated Antimony	40 grains
Oil of Lemon	40 minims
Coltsfoot Paste	7 pounds

Mix and divide into 12 grain lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1918.)

Anodyne and Expectorant.

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Opium, in powder	30 grains
Extract of Coltsfoot	a sufficient quantity.
Extract of Liquorice	
Oil of Lemon	

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2282.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	80 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Squill, in powder	40 grains
Tartarated Antimony	20 grains
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2742.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Morphine Acetate	32 grains
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Tartarated Antimony	32 grains
Tartaric Acid	1 ounce
Coltsfoot Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pounds

Mix and divide into 15 grain lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2280.)

Cubebs, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	3 ounces

Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 5,250 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2278.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	80 grains
Morphine Acetate	10 grains
Squill, in powder	40 grains
Tartarated Antimony	20 grains

Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2276.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Tartaric Acid, in powder	240 grains

Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2275.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	4 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	1 ounce

Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 21,000 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2272.)

Alum, in powder	100 grains
Squill, in powder	100 grains

Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 600 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (2748.)

Citric Acid	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	200 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	40 grains
Oil of Lemon, a sufficient quantity.	
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Coltsfoot Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pounds

Mix and divide into 20 grain lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (3242.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	3 pounds
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	5 ounces
Liquorice Root, in powder	8 ounces
Squill, in powder	8 ounces
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	15 ounces
Coltsfoot Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	66 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (5508.)

Benzoic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	24 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	20 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	109 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	20 ounces

Mix and divide into 8 grain lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8482.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	12 ounces
Morphine Acetate	720 grains
Rose Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 pounds

Mix and divide into 15 grain lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8060.)

Citric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Morphine Acetate	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2½ ounces
Tartarated Antimony	½ ounce
Solid Extract of Liquorice	25 ounces
Lozenge Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	15 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8403.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	55 grains
Squill, in powder	½ ounce
Tartaric Acid, in powder	12 ounces
Coltsfoot Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (7055.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	475 grains
Morphine Acetate	60 grains
Squill, in powder	875 grains
Tartarated Antimony	90 grains
Tartaric Acid	475 grains
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm

Mucilage of Acacia, Refined Sugar, of each a sufficient quantity to make 14 pounds weight of lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (7086.)

Morphine and Ipecacuanha Lozenge.

Cough Lozenges. (8299.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	36 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	2 grains

Oil of Anise and Liquorice Root, in powder, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 144 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8249.)

Tartarated Antimony	25 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	25 grains
Balsam of Tolu Extract of Liquorice	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 1,000 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8568.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	500 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	100 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Coltsfoot Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pounds

Mix and divide into 15-grain lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (6136.)

Benzoic Acid	½ ounce
Citric Acid	1 ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Morphine	16 grains
Tartarated Antimony	24 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Digitalis	1½ fl. ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (8720.)

Balsam of Tolu	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Tartaric Acid	240 grains
Bath-Pipe Mass, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges or Tablets. (3237.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Black Currant Basis	10 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges or tablets.

A.I.C. Cough Lozenges. (2431.)

Benzoic Acid	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	180 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	25 grains
Capsicin	10 minims
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Blood Root	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Plain Basis	4 pounds

Mix, and divide into suitable lozenges.

Brown Cough Lozenges. (9535.)

Tartarated Antimony	1 grain
Morphine Hydrochloride	1 grain

Liquorice and Tolu Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Linseed, Liquorice, and "Chlorodyne" Cough Lozenges. (270.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	2 lbs.
Chloroform	6 lbs.
Capsicin	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Brown Paste Colour	8 ounces
Mucilage of Linseed	1 pint
Mucilage of Acacia, 6 pints, or a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar	112 lbs.

Mix to form a mass. Divide into lozenges of suitable size, and dry at a temperature not exceeding 80° F. (27° C.).

Linseed, Liquorice, and Chlorodyne Cough Lozenges. (8013.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Linseed Mucilage Linseed Paste	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 960 lozenges.

New Cough Lozenges. (1977.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Tartarated Antimony	5 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder Extract of Coltsfoot Extract of Liquorice Extract of Tolu	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 400 lozenges.

Pectoral Cough Lozenges. (6641.)

Balsam of Tolu	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	420 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	14 grains
Squill, in powder	120 grains
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	1¾ ounces
Extract of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	420 grains
Essence of Vanilla	1½ fl. ounces
Black Currant Basis	2 pounds
Simple Basis	5 pounds

Mix and divide into 20 grain lozenges.

Lozenges.

Pectoral Cough Lozenges. (8114.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Tannic Acid	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder Liquid Extract of Horehound Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	of each a sufficient quantity

Mix and divide into 480 lozenges.

Pectoral Cough Lozenges. (905.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	180 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Squill, in powder	45 grains
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	180 grains

Coltsfoot Paste, a sufficient quantity

Mix and divide into 360 lozenges.

Pectoral Cough Lozenges. (1291.)

Balsam of Tolu	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	420 grains
Squill, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	14 grains
Extract of Lettuce (B.P., 1885)	840 grains
Extract of Poppies	420 grains
Essence of Vanilla	1½ ounces
Black Currant Paste	2 pounds
Sugar Paste	5 pounds

Mix and divide into 20 grain lozenges.

Pectoral Cough Lozenges. (1297.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	480 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	45 grains
Extract of Liquorice	3 ounces
Syrup	1 ounce
Tincture of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	8½ pounds

Mix, and divide into suitable lozenges.

Pink Cough Lozenges. (9680.)

Benzoic Acid	240 grains
Citric Acid	6 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	300 grains
Potassium Chlorate	4 ounces
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, a sufficient quantity to produce	28 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Red Acid Cough Lozenges. (9311.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	7 grains
Morphine Acetate	2 grains
Squill, in powder	7 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder Citric Acid, in powder Refined Sugar, in powder Diluted Sulphuric Acid	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 112 lozenges.

Squill and Ipecacuanha Cough Lozenges. (8323.)

Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	600 grains
Acid Potassium Tartrate	20 ounces
Squill, in powder	2½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	10 pounds
Tragacanth, in powder	360 grains
Extract of Liquorice	10 ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass, and divide into suitable lozenges.

Lozenges.

Sedative Cough Lozenges. (8349.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	6 grains
Squill, in powder	9 grains

Fruit Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 72 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges for Adults. (906.)

Opium, in powder	4 grains
Refined Sugar	24 grains
Tartarated Antimony	2 grains
Extract of Liquorice	48 grains
Extract of Rhubarb	48 grains
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Fruit Basis, a sufficient quantity to form	72 lozenges

Mix.

Children's Cough Lozenges. (5521.)

Benzoic Acid	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	8 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	7 pounds
Solid Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces
Squill, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Divide in small lozenges.

Cough and Bronchitis Lozenges. (9346.)

Tartaric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	180 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	90 grains
Squill, in powder	180 grains
Coltsfoot Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Gastric Antacid Lozenges. (780.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	8 ounces
Precipitated Chalk	11 ounces
Sodium Chloride	3 ounces

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 1,500 lozenges.

Heartburn Antacid Lozenges. (9629.)

Prepared Chalk	4 pounds
Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Tragacanth, in powder	2 ozs., 60 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Nutmeg	2 fl. drachms

Lozenge Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into lozenges of suitable size.

Heartburn Lozenges. (1407.)

Ferrous Carbonate	7¾ ounces
Precipitated Chalk	18½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	4½ ounces
Oil of Nutmeg	22 minims
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to produce 7 pounds of lozenges.

Heartburn Lozenges. (8843.)

Ferrous Carbonate	7¾ ounces
Precipitated Chalk	18½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	4½ ounces
Oil of Nutmeg	22 minims
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia } of each a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix and divide into 1,792 lozenges.

Heartburn Lozenges. (6988.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	360 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1,080 grains
Prepared Chalk	1,092 grains
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pound

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Ipecacuanha and Squill Cough Lozenges. (9468.)

Codeine	9 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	36 grains
Squill, in powder	18 grains

Lozenge Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 144 lozenges.

Laxative Lozenges. (3253.)

Jalapin	40 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains

Rose Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 120 lozenges.

Laxative Lozenges. (6975.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	500 grains

Chocolate, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 250 lozenges.

Linseed, Liquorice, and "Chlorodyne" Lozenges. (1417.)

Chloroform	5 pounds
Ether	6 ounces
Mucilage of Linseed	1 pint
Oil of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1¼ fl. ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice	11 pounds
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to produce 112 pounds of lozenges.

Post-Nasal Catarrh Lozenges. (6132.)

Tannic Acid, in powder	50 grains
Camphor, in powder	200 grains
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	100 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	3 grains

Mix with sufficient simple basis, and divide into 300 lozenges.

Rhatany Lozenges. (405.)

Extract of Krameria	2 grains

Mix with sufficient Fruit Basis to form a lozenge.

Sulphur Lozenges. (8835.)

Dr. Garrod's Prescription.

Acid Potassium Tartrate	500 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	250 grains

Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 100 lozenges.

Throat Lozenges. (406.)

Synonym.—Voice Lozenge.

Potassium Chlorate Lozenge.

Throat Lozenges. (9626.)

Potassium Chlorate	11 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	1050 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	2800 grains
Extract of Krameria, in powder	11 ounces
Black Currant or Red Currant Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Throat and Voice Lozenges. (9312.)

Capsicum, in powder	25 grains
Tannic Acid	25 grains

Black Currant Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 100 lozenges.

Voice Lozenges. (783.)

Catechu, in powder	4 ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Black Currant Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 9,000 lozenges.

Voice Lozenges. (1408.)

Catechu	191 grains
Tannic Acid	273 grains
Tartaric Acid	273 grains
Capsicin	30 minims
Black Currant Paste	7 ounces
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to produce 7 pounds of lozenges.

Voice Lozenges. (1409.)

Catechu	205 grains
Tannic Acid	410 grains
Tartaric Acid	410 grains
Capsicin	30 minims
Pink Colouring Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to produce 7 pounds of lozenges.

Voice Lozenges. (9322.)

Citric Acid	5 ounces
Catechu, in powder	16 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cinnamon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Nutmeg	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Lozenge Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Voice Lozenges. (8844.)

Tannic Acid	410 grains
Tartaric Acid	410 grains
Catechu	205 grains
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 3,360 lozenges.

Voice Lozenges. (3235.)

Synonym.—Throat Lozenges.

Tannic Acid, Capsicum, and Fruit Lozenges.

Tonic Voice Lozenges. (2438.)

Benzoic Acid	¼ ounce
Potassium Chlorate	1½ ounces
Red Aniline Dye	10 grains
Black Currant Paste	2 ounces
Extract of Krameria	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 pound
Terebene	60 minims

Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 12 grain lozenges.

Worm Lozenge. (404.)

Santonin	1 to 3 grains

Mix with Simple Basis to form a lozenge.

Worm Lozenges. (2669.)

Mercurous Chloride	100 grains

Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 50 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (6978.)

Mercurous Chloride	500 grains

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 500 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (6977.)

Jalap, in powder	600 grains
Mercurous Chloride	25 grains

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 100 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (6976.)

Jalap, in powder	600 grains
Mercurous Chloride	100 grains
Scammony, in powder	25 grains

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 100 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (6974.)

Mercurous Chloride	250 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	1000 grains

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 500 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (6973.)

Mercurous Chloride	250 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	500 grains

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 500 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (6972.)

Mercurous Chloride	250 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	500 grains

Chocolate, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 500 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (6693.)

Mercurous Chloride	360 grains

Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 240 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (1410.)

Mercurous Chloride	4½ ounces
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to produce 7 pounds of lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (1411.)

Mercurous Chloride	3¾ ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	3¾ ounces
Scammony Resin	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to produce 7 pounds of lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (8845.)

Mercurous Chloride	5 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	6¾ ounces
Scammony Resin	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 2,240 lozenges.

Worm Lozenges. (8846.)

Mercurous Chloride	9 ounces
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Acacia	of each a sufficient quantity to produce 7 pounds

Mix and divide into 2,240 lozenges.

Pastilles.

Antiseptic Glycerin Throat Pastilles. (1514.)

Thymol	6 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	50 grains

Glyco-gelatin Base, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 600 pastilles.

Antiseptic Throat Pastilles. (269.)

Menthol	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	6 fl. ounces
Terebene	10 fl. ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice	14 lbs.
Pastille Mass, a sufficient quantity to produce	112 lbs.

Antiseptic Throat Pastille. (904.)

Menthol Thymol Oil of Eucalyptus Tar Terebene Pastille Basis	of each a sufficient quantity to form a suitable pastille.

Antiseptic Throat Pastilles. (1398.)

Borax	22 ounces, 386 grains
Menthol	3 ounces, 39 grains
Terebene	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	450 minims
Oil of Lemon	450 minims
Extract of Liquorice	11¼ pounds

Gum Pastille Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to produce 64 pounds of pastilles.

Antiseptic Throat Pastilles. (2387.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	3 grains
Menthol	15 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Terebene	1 fl. drachm

Pastille Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 120 pastilles.

Bronchial Pastilles. (278.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Terebene	1 fl. ounce
Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	480 pastilles

Mix.

Bronchial Glycerin Pastilles. (1513.)

Liquid Extract of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Senega	2¼ fl. ounces

Glyco-gelatin Base, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 480 pastilles.

Bronchial Throat Pastilles. (5936.)

Ammonium Chloride	480 grains

Black Currant Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix, and divide into 120 pastilles.

Cough Pastilles. (44.)

Codeine	1/10th grain
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1/10th grain

Delectable Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a pastille.

Cough Pastilles. (279.)

Oil of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Benzoic Acid	240 grains
Camphor	240 grains
Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	480 pastilles

Mix.

Pastilles.

Cough Pastilles. (1397.)

Benzoic Acid	32 grains
Chloroform	1¼ ounces
Oil of Anise	28 minims

Pastille Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to produce 4 pounds of pastilles.

Eucalyptus Pastilles. (8016.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces

Glyco-gelatin, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 960 pastilles.

Eucalyptus and Menthol Pastilles. (8015.)

Menthol	48 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Glyco-gelatin, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 960 pastilles.

Glycerin Cough Pastilles. (1515.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Tolu	2 fl. ounces

Glyco-gelatin Base, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into suitable pastilles.

Glycerin and Paregoric Pastilles. (1401.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	15 grains
Oil of Anise	140 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	14 fl. ounces

Pastille Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to produce 35 pounds of pastilles.

Throat and Lung Pastilles. (5406.)

Menthol and Eucalyptus Pastilles.

Voice Pastilles. (3214.)

Synonym.—Bronchial Pastilles.

Ammonium Chloride	200 grains

Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 100 pastilles.

Pellets.

Antibilious Pellets. (8649.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	96 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	48 grains
Mercury Pill	48 grains

Mix and divide into 48 pellets.

Anti-Catarrh Pellets. (8636.)

Camphor, in powder	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada, in powder	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	360 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains

Mix and divide into 120 pellets.

Aromatic Digestive Pellets. (265.)

Aromatic Powder (U.S.P.)	120 grains
Diastase	60 grains
Pancreatin	75 grains
Pepsin	300 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	10 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Lactic Acid	15 minims

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Pellets.

Aromatic Digestive Pellets. (268.)

Aromatic Powder (U.S.P.)	1¼ ounces
Diastase	¼ ounce
Pancreatin	2½ ounces
Pepsin	20 ounces
Lactic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Bronchial Pellets. (261.)

Balsam of Tolu	11 parts
Oleo-resin of Cubebs	27 parts
Oil of Sassafras	2½ part
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	1000 parts

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Bronchial or Cough Pellets. (257.)

Balsam of Tolu	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Cubebs, in powder	8 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Bronchial or Cough Pellets. (258.)

Balsam of Tolu	¼ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Squill, in powder	2¼ ounces
Oil of Aniseed	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	125 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Cascara Compound Pellets. (266.)

According to Hinkle's Formula.

Aloin	3 ounces
Cascarin	3 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Strychnine Sulphate	88 grains
Gingerin	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Belladonna	1½ ounces

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Constipation Pellets. (8648.)

Aloin	12 grains
Strychnine	1 grain
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	7½ grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	30 grains

Mix and divide into 60 pellets.

Cough Pellets. (254.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	8 ounces
Balsam of Tolu	¾ ounce
Alcohol, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Liquorice Base, a sufficient quantity to produce	125 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Digestive Pellets. (253.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	125 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Pellets.

Digestive Pellets. (8657.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	150 grains
Cinammon Bark, in powder	150 grains
Ginger, in powder	540 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces

Mix and compress into suitable pellets.

Febril-Laxative Pellets. (267.)

Synonym.—Cold Cure Pellets.

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Aloin	44 grains
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	22 grains
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. ounces

Mix, evaporate, and divide into suitable pellets.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Pellets. (8654.)

Caffeine, in powder	24 grains
Phenacetin, in powder	96 grains

Mix and divide into 24 pellets.

Head and Stomach Pellets. (9832.)

Synonym.—Hepatic Pellets.

Aloin	10 grains
Euonymin	15 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	15 grains
Mercurous Chloride	15 grains
Podophyllum Resin	6 grains

Mix and divide into 120 pellets.

Laxative Pellets. (8653.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	24 grains
Leptandrin	24 grains
Podophyllum Resin	24 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	96 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	96 grains

Mix and divide into 96 pellets.

Liquorice Basis for Pellets. (251.)

Stearic Acid, in powder	1¼ ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice, in powder	9 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	10 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	112 ounces

Mix.

Plain Basis for Pellets. (252.)

Stearic Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	10 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	112 ounces

Mix.

Compound Sulphur Pellets. (256.)

Synonym.—Alterative Pellets.

Precipitated Sulphur	5 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Plain Basis	9 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Throat, Voice, and Chest Pellets. (260.)

Balsam of Tolu	11 parts
Oleo-Resin of Cubebs	27 parts
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Aniseed	2½ parts
Stronger Tincture of Capsicum (B.P.C.)	2 parts
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	1000 parts

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Pellets.

Voice Pellets. (8658.)

Borax, in powder	28 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	84 grains

Mix and divide into 100 pellets.

Worm Pellets. (262.)

Senna, in fine powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in fine powder	1 ounce
Plain Basis	21 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable pellets.

Tablets.

Anæmia Tablets. (1511.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	½ ounce
Iron Pill	4 ounces

Mix and divide into 4-grain tablets.

Anæmia Tablets. (1512.)

Aloin	22 grains
Iron Pill	4 ounces

Mix and divide into 4-grain tablets.

Antacid Tablets. (629.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	150 grains
Precipitated Chalk	210 grains
Sodium Chloride	60 grains

Mix, and divide into tablets. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Antacid Tablets. (2495.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Precipitated Chalk	5 ounces
Sodium Chloride	2 ounces

Mix and divide into 5 grain tablets.

Antacid Tablets. (526.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2½ ounces
Precipitated Chalk	3½ ounces
Sodium Chloride	1 ounce

Mix and divide into tablets. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Gastric Antacid Tablets. (9597.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces
Oil of Peppermint, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Antibilious Tablets. (1508.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix and divide into 4-grain tablets.

Antibilious Tablets. (1507.)

Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3¾ ounces

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Antibilious Tablets. (1509.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	3 ounces

Mix and divide into 4-grain tablets.

Tablets.

Anti-Constipation Tablets. (9249.)

Aloin	96 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Strychnine	8 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	60 grains

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Anti-Constipation Tablets. (1510.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Anti-Constipation Tablets. (8356.)

Aloin	48 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	15 grains
Strychnine	4 grains
Extract of Belladonna	30 grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 240 tablets.

Anti-Constipation Tablets. (525.)

Aloin	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1¼ ounces
Strychnine	146 grains
Extract of Belladonna	2½ ounces

Mix and divide into tablets. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Bismuth Tablets. (1102.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	2 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	6 ounces
Precipitated Chalk	8 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 pounds
Oil of Cinnamon	40 minims

Mix. Divide into suitable tablets.

Blood Tablets. (259.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	15 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla	4 ounces
Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	54 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Blood Purifying Tablets. (1506.)

Calcium Sulphide	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Bronchial Tablets. (42.)

Ammonium Chloride	2 grains
Cubebs, in powder	½ grain
Morphine Hydrochloride	1/36th grain
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1/12th grain
Liquorice Paste, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a tablet.

Cholera Tablets. (8354.)

Asafetida	20 grains
Camphor	20 grains
Capsicum, in powder	20 grains
Opium, in powder	5 grains
Black Pepper, in powder	20 grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 20 tablets.

Tablets.

Cold Tablets. (911.)

Benzoic Acid	12 grains
Camphor	12 grains
Tartarated Antimony	6 grains
Opium	12 grains
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Extract of Liquorice	720 grains

Mix and divide into tablets. Dose.—3 to 12 grains.

Cold Cure Tablets. (6127.)

Acetanilide	2,000 grains
Atropine Sulphate	1 grain
Camphor, in powder	1,000 grains
Podophyllum Resin	50 grains
Quinine Sulphate	1,000 grains

Mix and divide into 2,000 tablets.

Constipation Tablets. (9836.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Podophyllum Resin	60 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	60 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	60 grains

Mix and divide into suitable tablets. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Cough Tablets. (2393.)

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	200 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	3 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	100 grains
Squill, in powder	100 grains
Tartaric Acid	2½ ounces
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2½ pounds
Flavouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Tablets. (2373.)

Citric Acid	2½ ounces
Guaiacum Resin	200 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	3 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	100 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	2½ pounds
Squill, in powder	100 grains
Extract of Liquorice	1¾ ounces
Flavouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Cough Tablets or Lozenges. (3226.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Squill, in powder	120 grains
Tartarated Antimony	20 grains
Black Currant and Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity to make	5 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable tablets or lozenges.

Compound Damiana Tablets. (1505.)

Ferrous Hypophosphite	¼ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Extract of Coca	1 ounce
Extract of Damiana	2 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Compound Damiana Tablets. (1504.)

Zinc Phosphide	10 grains
Extract of Damiana	200 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	25 grains

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Tablets.

Diarrhœa Tablets. (626.)

Camphor	8 grains
Capsicum, in powder	8 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	4 grains
Mercurous Chloride	16 grains
Morphine Sulphate	8 grains

Mix, and divide into tablets. Dose.—¼ to 2 grains.

Diarrhœa Tablets or Pills. (625.)

Aromatic Chalk Powder	2 ounces
Bismuth Subnitrate	3 ounces
Saccharated Pepsin (U.S.P.)	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Diarrhœa Tablets or Pills. (623.)

Camphor	300 grains
Morphine Acetate	15 grains
Capsicin	15 minims
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	300 grains

Mix and divide into tablets or pills. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Digestive Tablets. (6346.)

Caraway Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 pounds
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Digestive Tablets. (781.)

Cardamoms, in powder	5 ounces
Ginger, in powder	10 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	5 ounces
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 7,000 lozenges.

Digestive Tablets. (20.)

Pepsin	1 ounce
Pancreatin	1 ounce
Calcium Lactophosphate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains in tablet form.

Digestive Tablets. (1503.)

Bismuth Carbonate	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix and divide into 6-grain tablets.

Digestive Tablets. (8322.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	180 grains
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	7 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	420 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 pounds
Tragacanth, in powder	90 grains
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Digestive Dinner Tablets. (6122.)

Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	600 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 60 tablets.

Tonic Digestive Tablets. (2137.)

Calcium Lactophosphate	1 ounce
Pancreatin	1 ounce
Pepsin	1 ounce

Mix and divide into 3 grain tablets.

Tablets.

Tonic Digestive Heartburn Tablets. (2440.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Cinnamon, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	3 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	6 ounces
Pepsin	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 pounds
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 30 grain tablets.

Dyspepsia Tablets. (1502.)

Bismuth Carbonate	2 ounces
Diastase	½ ounce
Pancreatin	1 ounce
Pepsin	1 ounce

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Dyspepsia Tablets. (1499.)

Diastase	25 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	500 grains
Pancreatin	25 grains
Pepsin	100 grains
Precipitated Chalk	100 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	800 grains
Milk Sugar	500 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	of each, a sufficient quantity.
Oil of Coriander	

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Gout and Rheumatic Tablets or Pills. (9618.)

Codeine	7½ grains
Colchicine	1 grain
Sodium Salicylate	600 grains

Mix and divide into 120 tablets or pills.

Headache Tablets. (170.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains in tablet form.

Headache Tablets. (171.)

Caffeine	½ ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains in tablet form.

Headache Tablets. (172.)

Ammonium Bromide	2 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains in tablet form.

Headache Tablets. (1276.)

Synonym.—Headache and Neuralgia Tablets.

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Tablets. (1497.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	2 ounces
Phenazone	2 ounces

Mix and divide into 5-grain tablets.

Headache Tablets. (2128.)

Caffeine	½ ounce
Phenacetin	3 ounces
Phenazone	1½ ounces

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Headache and Neuralgia Tablets. (9595.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce

Dose.—2 to 3 grains.

Tablets.

Headache Tablets. (6933.)

Caffeine	½ ounce
Phenacetin	2½ ounces
Phenazonum	2 ounces

Mix and divide into 440 tablets.

Headache Tablets. (9160.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 grain
Phenacetin	4 grains

Mix.

Headache or Influenza Tablets. (8599.)

Camphor, in powder	100 grains
Phenacetin	300 grains
Quinine Hydrobromide	100 grains

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Headache and Neuralgia Tablets. (8321.)

Caffeine	160 grains
Phenacetin	720 grains
Quinine Hydrobromide	120 grains

Mix and divide into 240 tablets.

Headache and Neuralgia Tablets. (5382.)

Acetanilide	560 grains
Caffeine Citrate	80 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	144 grains
Sodium Bromide	16 grains

Mix and divide into 140 tablets.

Heartburn Tablets. (6122.)

Compound Bismuth Lozenge	1 ounce

Ginger, a sufficient quantity.

Oil of Caraway, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Indigestion Tablets. (627.)

Diastase	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	10 grains
Pepsin	360 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	15 grains

Mix, and divide into tablets. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Indigestion Tablets. (628.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	12 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Strychnine Sulphate	2 grains
Extract of Gentian	60 grains
Extract of Rhubarb	30 grains

Mix, and divide into tablets. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Indigestion Tablets. (630.)

Synonym.—Peptonic Tablets.

Calcium Lactophosphate	2 ounces
Pancreatin	1 ounce
Pepsin	1 ounce

Mix, and divide into tablets. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Kidney Tablets. (1498.)

Extract of Broom	2 ounces
Extract of Couch Grass	2 ounces

Mix and divide into 4-grain tablets.

Laxative Tablets. (2139.)

Leptandrin	30 grains
Podophyllum Resin	15 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	60 grains
Extract of Jalap	30 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	15 grains

Oil of Peppermint, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 60 tablets.

Laxative Cold Tablets. (2136.)

Acetanilide	60 grains
Camphor	15 grains
Capsicum, in powder	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	15 grains
Quinine Hydrobromide	120 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	30 grains

Mix and divide into 120 tablets.

Liver Tablets. (1636.)

Aloin	2 grains
Euonymin	3 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 grains
Mercurous Chloride	3 grains
Podophyllum Resin	1 1/5 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 24 tablets.

Liver Tablets. (2141.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	24 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	24 grains
Extract of Belladonna	6 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	48 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	6 grains
Extract of Podophyllum	6 grains
Gingerin	3 grains

Mix and divide into 48 tablets.

Liver Tablets. (1062.)

Synonym.—Laxative and Aperient Tablets.

Extract of Cascara Sagrada.

Divide into suitable tablets. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Liver Tablets. (1495.)

Iridin	24 grains
Dry Extract of Euonymus	24 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	48 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	3 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	16 grains

Mix and divide into 48 tablets.

Lactated Pepsin Tablets. (2140.)

Diastase	¼ ounce
Milk Sugar	20 ounces
Pancreatin	3 ounces
Pepsin	4 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	¼ ounce
Lactic Acid	¼ ounce

Oil of Cinnamon, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 5 grain tablets.

Rheumatic Tablets. (5378.)

Codeine Sulphate	7½ grains
Colchicine	1 grain
Sodium Salicylate	600 grains

Mix and divide into 120 tablets.

Compound Sarsaparilla and Sulphur Tablets. (8014.)

Synonym.—Blood Purifier.

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1,500 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	1,500 grains
Liquid Extract of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. ounces, 40 minims
Gum Acacia	of each a sufficient quantity.
Refined Sugar	
Distilled Water	

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Sore Throat Tablets. (2439.)

Benzoic Acid	½ ounce
Borax	2 ounces
Menthol	60 grains
Potassium Chlorate	6 ounces
Black Currant Paste	8 ounces
Extract of Krameria	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	4 pounds

Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 30 grain tablets.

Sulphur Tablets. (9877.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Oil of Sweet Orange	15 minims

Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Sulphur Complexion Tablets. (2138.)

Calcium Sulphide	1 ounce

Milk Sugar, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Sulphur and Magnesia Tablets. (6220.)

Synonym.—Purifying Tablets.

Heavy Magnesia	480 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	180 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	a sufficient quantity.
Refined Sugar, in powder	
Syrup	

Mix and divide into 60 lozenges.

Thirst Tablets. (2497.)

Refined Sugar, in powder	600 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	150 grains
Tartaric Acid	225 grains

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Throat Tablets. (9599.)

Borax, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate	5 ounces

Mix and divide into 4 grain tablets.

Throat Tablets. (9252.)

Borax	1 ounce
Cocaine Hydrochloride	24 grains
Potassium Chlorate	4 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable cakes.

Throat Tablets. (9250.)

Borax	2½ ounces
Potassium Chlorate	2½ ounces

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Throat and Chest Tablets. (909.)

Balsam of Tolu	30 grains
Fluid Extract of Capsicum	3 minims
Fluid Extract of Coltsfoot	30 minims
Extract of Liquorice, in powder	600 grains
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Oleo-resin of Cubebs	3 minims

Mix and divide into 300 tablets.

Tablets.

Throat and Chest Tablets. (910.)

Benzoic Acid	12 grains
Tincture of Belladonna Leaves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. drachms

Extract of Liquorice, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Throat and Chest Tablets. (907.)

Sodium Bromide	400 grains
Sodium Iodide	400 grains
Tri-nitroglycerin	1 grain
Fluid Extract of Euphorbia Pilulifera	600 minims
Tincture of Lobelia	400 minims

Mix, and divide into 200 tablets.

Throat and Chest Tablets. (908.)

Red Mercuric Iodide	2 grains
Tincture of Aconite	280 minims
Tincture of Belladonna Leaves	20 minims
Tincture of Bryony	20 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Throat and Voice Tablets. (9251.)

Borax	1 ounce
Cocaine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Potassium Chlorate	4 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Tonic Tablets. (6684.)

Ferrous Phosphate (anhydrous)	160 grains
Quinine Phosphate	128 grains
Strychnine Phosphate	5 grains

Milk Sugar, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 160 tablets.

Tablets.

Voice Tablets. (1925.)

Potassium Chlorate	250 grains
Borax	250 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	2 grains

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Voice Tablets. (8355.)

Borax	20 grains
Cocaine	1 grain
Potassium Chlorate	80 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 20 tablets.

Voice Tablets. (2496.)

Borax	100 grains
Cocaine	2 grains
Potassium Chlorate	400 grains

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Worm Tablets. (6166.)

Santonin, in powder	480 grains

Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 240 lozenges.

Worm Tablets. (6692.)

Santonin, in fine powder	480 grains

Chocolate Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix and divide into 240 lozenges.

Troches.

Fog Cough Troches. (9936.)

Cubeb Lozenges (Throat Hospital).

Menthol	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain

Mix.

RECIPES FOR PILLS.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pillettes. (6644.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Compound Tincture of Rhubarb, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (64.)

Synonyms.—Thomson's Pills; Lady Hesketh's Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Mastic, in powder	1 ounce

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2262.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth, in powder	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	52 minims
Treacle	90 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2371.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Soft Soap	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2325.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	40 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	20 ounces
Ginger, in powder	7 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	18 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1055.)

Capsicum, in very fine powder	360 grains
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride...	2 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces

Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1136.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (1151.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm

Solution of Potash, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1166.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1¼ ounces
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	220 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1184.)

Synonyms.—Head and Stomach Pills; Liver Pills.

Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Syrup	a sufficient quantity

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6668.)

Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Rhubarb, in fine powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cassia	30 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6656.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	780 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	300 grains
Mercurous Chloride	360 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Castor Oil	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cassia	40 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (6686.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6741.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (6655.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Anise	60 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (6704.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	7½ ounces
Scammony Resin	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	3½ ounces
Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6716.)

Socotrine Aloes	5 ounces
Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Caraway	4 fl. drachms

Castor Oil, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6781.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6241.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (7092.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	28 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	5 ounces
Scammony, in powder	10 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	3 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (3247.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 grains
Compound Colocynth Pill	2 grains

Mix.

Antibilious Pills. (5278.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Scammony	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Carbonate	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. drachms

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (5441.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	180 grains
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	180 grains
Scammony Root, in powder	1 ounce

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (286.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	20 grains
Gamboge, in powder	4 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	4 grains
Jalap, in powder	8 grains
Mercurous Chloride	4 grains
Gingerin	2 grains

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (734.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mix.

Antibilious Pills. (646.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (757.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Rhubarb, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (471.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (469.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (393.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Cape Aloes, in powder	72 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	72 grains
Gamboge, in powder	8 grains
Jalap, in powder	48 grains
Mercurous Chloride	48 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	2 minims

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (341.)

Synonyms.—Head and Stomach Pills; Liver Pills.

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (327.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces
Mercury Pill	4 ounces

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (384.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills; Liver Pills.

Cape Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	240 grains
Oil of Cloves	10 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (42.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (748.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	90 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	360 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	240 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	480 grains

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1025.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (617.)

Dr. Moir's Formula.

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	4½ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (275.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (688.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	720 grains
Capsicum, in very fine powder	60 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	720 grains
Gamboge, in powder	240 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	600 grains
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (616.)

Synonyms.—Lady Hesketh's Pills; Dr. Thomson's Antibilious Pills.

Gentian Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Mastic, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Gentian	¾ ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (542.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Peppermint	44 minims
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (235.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	3½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (322.)

Capsicum, in very fine powder	¼ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1292.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1293.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	6 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1298.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1282.)

Antimonial Powder	120 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1317.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (1290.)

Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Gingerin	¾ ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2186.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5744.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Rhubarb	5 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1679.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5457.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	½ ounce
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5502.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	20 grains
Gamboge, in powder	4 grains
Gingerin	2 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	4 grains
Jalap, in powder	8 grains
Mercurous Chloride	6 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5460.)

Barbados Aloes in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Mercury Pill	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	4 ounces

Syrup of Ginger, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5246.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4¼ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	290 grains
Jalap, in powder	4¼ ounces
Soft Soap	580 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (5511.)

Capsicum, in powder	3 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 grains
Mercury Pill	18 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5402.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Glycerin	55 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5551.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Jalap	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5574.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5294.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	45 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	50 grains
Jalap, in powder	60 grains
Compound Pill of Gamboge	30 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	530 grains
Gingerin	16 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5510.)

Antimonious Oxide	16 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	36 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth	288 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	144 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	36 grains
Mercury Pill	216 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5309.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	300 grains
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	150 grains
Jalap, in powder	5 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Glycerin of Tragacanth	1½ ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	1¼ fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2014.)

Compound Extract of Colchicum, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5470.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	20 grains
Mercury Pill	10 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5867.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2120.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	180 grains
Mercurous Chloride	40 grains
Gingerin	15 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2201.)

Camphor	¾ ounce
Cape Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Carbonate	¼ ounce
Scammony, in powder	2½ ounces
Mercury Pill	4½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2655.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1840.)

Hard Soap, in powder	30 grains
Mercury Pill	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	45 grains
Scammony Resin	30 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	15 grains
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Oil of Juniper	10 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5872.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Jalap, in powder	6 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	5 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves, a sufficient quantity.	
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9571.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	6 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	15 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5844.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5848.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	3 ounces
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9486.)

Synonym.—Stomach and Liver Pills.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2427.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6848.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills, Head and Stomach Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	6 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes, in powder	10 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6852.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2¼ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2¼ ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	45 drops

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6866.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	144 grains
Tartarated Antimony	8 grains
Ginger, in powder	48 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	48 grains
Jalap, in powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	48 grains
Oil of Cloves	9 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (6874.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride, in powder	¾ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	110 minims
Solution of Potash	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (6887.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6925.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6990.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	5¼ ounces
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (7016.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	90 grains
Gamboge, in powder	60 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	100 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Soft Soap	80 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (7010.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	30 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	600 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	360 grains
Scammony, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	23 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	23 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6854.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Cinammon Bark, in powder	165 grains
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	165 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	¼ ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	55 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (6993.)

Jalap, in powder	180 grains
Mercurous Chloride	144 grains
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	798 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	450 grains
Oil of Cloves	24 minims

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9401.)

Synonym.—Liver and Stomach Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	8 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	8 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Oil of Cloves	146 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8072.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8290.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	9 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	5 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	9 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	9 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8291.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6638.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1¼ ounces
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5822.)

Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	360 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Tartarated Antimony	18 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Buckthorn	6 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6639.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (6770.)

Mercurous Chloride	15 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth	192 grains
Starch, in powder	129 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	96 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6642.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2684.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 grains
Gamboge, in powder	4 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	4 grains
Jalap, in powder	8 grains
Mercurous Chloride	4 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	20 grains
Gingerin	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1855.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	90 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	180 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	120 grains
Oil of Caraway	15 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2826.)

Podophyllum Resin	300 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ pounds
Mercury Pill	1½ pounds

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2817.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2549.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Gamboge, in fine powder	¾ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1¼ ounces
Cochia Pill Mass	9 ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2384.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	15 grains
Mercurous Chloride	90 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	200 grains
Scammony Resin	40 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	50 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth	80 grains
Oil of Caraway	10 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (1955.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2764.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5839.)

Extract of Barbados Aloes	48 grains
Gamboge, in powder	12 grains
Jalap, in powder	24 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	12 grains
Mercurous Chloride	12 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	12 grains
Oil of Peppermint	1½ grains
Oil of Cloves	3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6218.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6176.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Jalap, in powder	8 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5816.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill, in powder	360 grains
Mercury Pill	360 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5866.)

Synonym.—Family, Aperient, Antibilious Pills.

Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6169.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	5 ounces
Potassium Sulphate	½ ounce
Green Extract of Henbane	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

ntibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (5765.)

Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	8 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	8 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	8 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	160 grains
Oil of Cloves	320 minims
Oil of Pimento	320 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5761.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	6 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5752.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Sulphate	¼ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	26 minims
Oil of Cassia	26 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5793.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Jalap, in powder	6 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6326.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1396.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	150 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1356.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Jalap, in powder	6 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	5 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (6247.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm

Liquid Glucose, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6329.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Tincture of Hyoscyamus, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5757.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Gingerin	55 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5756.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5931.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Barbados Aloes	9 ounces
Camphor	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	2¼ ounces
Jalap, in powder	4½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Syrup	6 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5876.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	528 grains
Scammony Root, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5759.)

Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	30 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6335.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6347.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	5 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	7½ ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5903.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Oil of Cloves	27 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5787.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	2¼ ounces
Jalap, in powder	¾ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5786.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6307.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	½ fl. drachm

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6258.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6593.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5805.)

Synonyms.—Liver Pills, Head and Stomach Pills.

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6564.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	132 grains
Gamboge, in powder	88 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	88 grains
Jalap, in powder	176 grains
Mercurous Chloride	88 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Gingerin	44 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6608.)

Tartarated Antimony	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2½ ounces
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6720.)

Synonyms.—Liver Pills, Head and Stomach Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2084.)

Synonym.—Mild Aperient Pills.

Capsicum, in fine powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Podophyllum Resin	30 grains
Scammony Resin	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	20 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.— 4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5861.)

Synonyms.—Liver Pills, Head and Stomach Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Syrup	4½ fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5331.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Hard Soap, in powder	12 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	12 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	18 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6259.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5358.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	5 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Liquorice Root, in powder	5 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	3 ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose 5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9169.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	156 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	36 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	8 grains
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	52 grains
Scammony Resin	48 grains
Oil of Caraway	12 minims
Distilled Water	12 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9217.)

Gamboge, in powder	1 pound
Mercurous Chloride	1 pound
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	4 ounces
Hard Soap	4 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 pounds
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9223.)

Socotrine Aloes	5 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Simple Syrup	3 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9246.)

Capsicum, in powder	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8862.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 grains
Gamboge, in powder	4 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	6 grains
Jalap, in powder	4 grains
Mercurous Chloride	12 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	20 grains
Gingerin	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8892.)

Barbados Aloes	21 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	7 grains
Gamboge, in powder	5 grains
Ginger, in powder	3 grains
Jalap, in powder	21 grains
Mercurous Chloride	7 to 14 grains
Oil of Cloves	3 minims
Soft Soap	6 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8939.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Hard Soap, a sufficient quantity.	
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¾ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8962.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	360 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	240 grains
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Syrup of Buckthorn, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9184.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8979.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	20 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	8¾ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	10 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	7½ ounces
Mercury Pill	10 ounces
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	2½ ounces
Scammony, in powder	10 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	10 ounces
Oil of Juniper	2½ fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9017.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	¾ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9038.)

Ginger, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	7 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Pimento	90 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9050.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	48 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	24 grains
Gamboge, in powder	48 grains
Jalap, in powder	48 grains
Mercurous Chloride	24 grains
Gingerin	24 grains
Soft Soap	24 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9443.)

Synonym.—Aperient Pills.

Capsicum, in powder	55 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	55 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (9432.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Acid Potassium Tartrate	90 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (9430.)

Mercurous Chloride	320 grains
Scammony, in powder	320 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	1¾ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9422.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Oil of Caraway	4 fl. drachms
Croton Oil	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	4 fl. drachms
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6580.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	110 minims
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6782.)

Synonyms.—Head and Stomach Pills, Liver Pills.

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6345.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 grains
Oil of Peppermint	55 grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9690.)

Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (5819.)

Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Scammony Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5770.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5344.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9356.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Socotrine Aloes	2½ ounces
Gingerin	90 grains
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9377.)

Synonyms.—Head and Stomach Pills; Liver Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	10 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9819.)

Synonym.—Family Aperient Pills.

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1¼ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	3 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	10 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2½ fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9814.)

Hard Soap, in powder	80 grains
Jalap, in powder	160 grains
Mercurous Chloride	160 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	520 grains
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9621.)

Capsicum	120 grains
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—8 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (9798.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	10 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	5 ounces
Jalap, in powder	8 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	20 ounces
Mercury Pill	5 ounces
Soft Soap	8 ounces
Oil of Caraway	4 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9777.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9758.)

Ginger, in powder	80 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Tartarated Antimony	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (9649.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9647.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9631.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9093.)

Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	2½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	5 ounces
Scammony Resin	2½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	7½ ounces

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9563.)

Synonym.—Head, Stomach and Liver Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	600 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (9612.)

Synonyms.—Head and Stomach Pills; Bilious and Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Cape Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	6 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9146.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	192 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	36 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	96 grains
Gamboge, in powder	36 grains
Ginger, in powder	18 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	96 grains
Jalap, in powder	24 grains
Mercurous Chloride	96 grains
Oil of Caraway	18 minims
Oil of Cloves	6 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9149.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	240 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	240 grains
Oil of Caraway	40 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9152.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	8 grains
Gamboge, in powder	8 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	8 grains
Jalap, in powder	16 grains
Mercurous Chloride	8 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	32 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Peppermint	1 minim

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9155.)

Synonym.—Head, Stomach and Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	36 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	12 grains
Gamboge, in powder	7 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	12 grains
Jalap, in powder	24 grains
Mercurous Chloride	12 grains
Oil of Caraway	6 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9158.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	15 grains
Podophyllum Resin	30 grains
Scammony, in powder	30 grains
Extract of Colocynth	60 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	15 grains
Gingerin	15 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9165.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	144 grains
Ginger, in powder	72 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	36 grains
Jalap, in powder	72 grains
Podophyllum Resin	18 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	72 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	72 grains
Glycerin	24 minims
Oil of Cloves	9 minims
Syrup	96 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8458.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8497.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Sulphurated Antimony	1 ounce
Oil of Sassafras	of each a sufficient quantity.
Syrup	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8501.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8510.)

Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8515.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	30 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8342.)

Synonym.—Bilious and Liver Pills.

Podophyllum Resin	55 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	½ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8370.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	12 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8369.)

Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8368.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	6 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	¾ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8365.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8361.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills (mild). (8417.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	180 grains
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	5½ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	12¼ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	360 grains
Soft Soap	360 grains
Oil of Cloves	120 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8052.)

Scammony, in powder	100 grains
Tartarated Antimony	16 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	480 grains
Mercury Pill	280 grains
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8006.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9392.)

Barbados Aloes	12 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces

Mucilage of Acacia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (8000.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8026.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 pounds
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 pounds
Capsicum, in powder	12 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	6 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 pounds
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (9396.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	60 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8093.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8425.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	20 grains
Podophyllum Resin	30 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	180 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	480 grains
Mercury Pill	240 grains
Oil of Cajuput	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8729.)

Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8733.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (8755.)

Synonym.—Stomach Pills.

Compound Pill of Colocynth.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8119.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pill. (8641.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8281.)

Synonym.—Liver and Stomach Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	21 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	7 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	5 ounces
Ginger	3 ounces
Jalap in powder	21 ounces
Hard Soap	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	3 ounces
Olive Oil	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8313.)

Synonym.—Stomach and Liver Nervine Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	10 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 grains
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8137.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Cape Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	12 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8204.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8266.)

Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Colocynth Pulp	1 ounce
Gamboge	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (8205.)

Capsicin	¼ ounce
Cascarin	12 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	588 grains
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8159.)

Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces

Castor Oil, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8151.)

Synonyms.—Family Aperient Pills; Liver Pills.

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8532.)

(Sir B. Brodie's Formula.)

Ginger, in powder	22½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	11½ ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	33 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8½ ounces
Extract of Colocynth	8½ ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	61½ ounces
Mercury Pill	30 ounces
Oil of Caraway	1½ fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8557.)

Euonymin	100 grains
Leptandrin	100 grains
Podophyllum Resin	100 grains
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8284.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	5 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8631.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (6739.)

Synonym—Bilious and Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	360 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills. (8670.)

Synonyms.—Liver Pills; Stomach Pills.

Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8575.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills, Head and Stomach Pills, Blood Pills. (6615.)

Synonym.—Compound Rhubarb Pill.

Antibilious Pills (Mild.) (2268.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills (Strong). (35.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1¼ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills (Strong). (2266.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	80 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	80 grains
Podophyllum Resin	80 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills (Strong). (6620.)

Leptandrin	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	½ ounce
Extract of Jalap	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Oil of Peppermint, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills (Weak). (36.)

Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	3 ounces

Mixto form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Active Antibilious Pills. (8263.)

Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp	1 ounce
Gamboge	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	44 minims
Oil of Peppermint	44 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—6⅔ grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious Pills (Weak). (6621.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Scammony Resin	1½ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Tartarated Antimony	24 grains
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Antibilious Pills. (2363.)

Synonym.—Family Aperient Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Antibilious Pills. (8598.)

Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Antibilious Pills. (8603.)

Synonym.—Stomach Pills.

Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Compound Decoction of Aloes, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Little Antibilious Pills. (104.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Jalapin	1 ounce
Leptandrin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Capsicin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Antibilious Pills. (407.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Leptandrin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Capsicin	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Antibilious Pills. (2491.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Leptandrin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Capsicin	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Medium Antibilious Pills. (5800.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Little Antibilious Pills. (8865.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Capsicin	¼ ounce

Soft Soap, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Mild Antibilious Pills. (5774.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	¾ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mild Antibilious Pills. (5386.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Mild Antibilious Pills. (453.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mild Antibilious Pills. (8972.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	60 minims

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mild Antibilious Pills. (9775.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mild Antibilious Pills. (5801.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (1948.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (5387.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (5397.)

Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (5865.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (5775.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (6540.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	3½ ounces
Scammony, in powder	3½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3½ ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (5832.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	12 grains
Gamboge, in powder	4 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	4 grains
Jalap, in powder	8 grains
Mercurous Chloride	12 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	20 grains
Gingerin	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (6888.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Hard Soap	½ ounce
Gingerin	75 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (9159.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	60 grains
Gamboge, in powder	60 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	240 grains
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	7½ minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (458.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (9779.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	¾ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (1165.)

Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	55 minims

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (8973.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (9137.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	40 grains
Canada Snake Root, in powder	5 grains
Gamboge, in powder	10 grains
Mercurous Chloride	2 grains
Croton Oil	1 minim

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Vegetable Antibilious Pills. (298.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2½ ounces

Mix, to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious or Alterative Pills. (9651.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	6 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Antibilious and Aperient Pills. (2570.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Gamboge, in powder	16 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	24 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	16 grains
Jalap, in powder	32 grains
Mercurous Chloride	12 to 48 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	80 grains
Gingerin	8 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Aperient Pills. (2571.)

Gamboge, in powder	24 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	24 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	24 grains
Jalap, in powder	48 grains
Mercurous Chloride	24 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	96 grains
Oil of Cloves	6 minims
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Liver Pills. (5887.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (9044.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (8441.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	¼ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	55 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (8251.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (9172.)

Cape Aloes	8 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (9077.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (5855.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Gamboge, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3½ ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (2622.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (1790.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	¾ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (9224.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (5827.)

Jalap, in powder,	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Jalap	½ ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (5912.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (6206).

Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth	480 grains
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (6735.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	10 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	8 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (5895.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	10 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Hard Soap	2 ounces
Milk Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Compound Pill of Colocynth	6 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (5821.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	240 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (2718.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (5431.)

Mercury Pill	24 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth (without Oil of Cloves)	36 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (9413.)

Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (1120.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	¾ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	10 grains
Scammony Resin, in powder	1¼ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4¼ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (1771.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	6 fl. drachms
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (9212.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (9130.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Soft Soap	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Podophyllum Pills. (8683.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4¾ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious or Stomach Pills. (3165.)

Podophyllum Resin	120 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	11 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Tonic and Liver Pills. (63.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	6 grains
Podophyllum Resin	6 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	48 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	6 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	48 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	9 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	27 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Family or Antibilious Pills. (5233.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	90 grains
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Vegetable Antibilious and Family Pills. (1449.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	30 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Podophyllum Resin	90 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	660 grains
Gingerin	240 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	180 grains
Mercury Pill	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Vegetable Antibilious and Family Pills. (1450.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	30 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Podophyllum Resin	90 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	660 grains
Gingerin	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	180 grains
Mercury Pill	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (8252.)

Antimonial Powder	4½ ounces
Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Colocynth Pulp	640 grains
Gamboge	640 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1280 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	640 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (8520.)

Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus.
Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (9314.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	480 grains
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	240 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Jalap, in powder	480 grains
Mercurous Chloride	480 grains
Opium, in powder	80 grains
Syrup	5 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (8469.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Pill of Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (8577.)

Podophyllum Resin	55 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (6162.)

Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	150 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Soft Soap	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	2½ fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (5798.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (5575.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (2082.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains
Oil of Cloves	80 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (6727.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	4 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (5825.)

Gamboge, in powder	72 grains
Podophyllum Resin	24 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	480 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bilious and Liver Pills or Tablets. (631.)

Aloin	10 grains
Euonymin (Brown)	15 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	15 grains
Mercurous Chloride	15 grains
Podophyllum Resin	6 grains

Mix and divide into 120 pills or tablets.

Compound Aloes Pill. (9659.)

ynonyms.—Antibilious Pills; Head and Stomach Pills, etc.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	52 grains
Capsicum, in powder	8 grains
Podophyllum Resin	1 grain
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 grains
Hard Soap	12 grains
Extract of Chamomile	4 grains
Extract of Gentian	12 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	4 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Aromatic Pills. (6951.)

Synonyms.—Antibilious Pills; Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	80 minims
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Purgative Pills. (9555.)

Synonym.—Purgative Pills.

Elaterin	55 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Purgative Pills. (9405.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Hard Soap	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Buckthorn, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Aperient Pill. (8661.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Syrup	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pill. (8930.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	55 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (4088.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (5847.)

(Dr. Ramsbottom's Formula.)

Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Cassia	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Buckthorn	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Aperient Pills. (4089.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (3204.)

Synonyms.—Liver Pills; Head and Stomach Pills.

Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	5 ounces
Jalap Root, in powder	3½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	5 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	10 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Aromatic Oil	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Aperient Pills. (2267.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	88 grains
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (6240.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms

Syrup of Buckthorn, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Aperient Pills. (6187.)

Synonym.—Compound Rhubarb Pills.

Cape Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	120 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	120 grains
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Castor Oil	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Juniper	½ fl. drachm
Syrup	3½ fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (8891.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 grains
Gamboge, in powder	4 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	4 grains
Jalap, in powder	8 grains
Mercurous Chloride	4 to 8 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	20 grains
Gingerin	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills. (9231.)

Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Aperient Pills. (9230.)

Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1¼ ounces
Mercury Pill	1¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (1172.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Jalap, in powder	8 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	12 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Gingerin	2 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	a sufficient quantity

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (9353.)

Barbados Aloes	6 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2¼ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	9 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	10 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Aperient Pills. (5858.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Capsicum, in fine powder	20 grains
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Alterative Pills. (1697.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 to 3 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	1 to 3 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills. (9642.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	10 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	8 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	16 ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Aperient Pills. (8373.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Gingerin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Aperient Pills. (7089.)

Gingerin	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap	3 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Aperient Pills. (1675.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	120 grains
Gamboge, in powder	20 grains
Ginger, in powder	90 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	30 grains
Jalap, in powder	30 grains
Mercurous Chloride	40 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills. (9215.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	1 ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills. (8041.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Tartarated Antimony	¾ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	6 ounces
Scammony, in powder	9 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	48 ounces
Extract of Jalap	9 ounces
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Aperient Pills. (318.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	¼ to 1 ounce
Gingerin	55 minims

Alcohol (45 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (317.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills. (315.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Gingerin	55 minims

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (671.)

Gamboge, in powder	60 grains
Jalap Resin	120 grains
Potassium Sulphate, in fine powder	60 grains
Tartarated Antimony	12 grains
Oil of Sassafras	5 drops
Compound Extract of Colocynth	480 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (775.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ to 1 ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Soft Soap	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (417.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Podophyllum Resin	75 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (418.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (514.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 to 5 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (512.)

(With Calomel.)

Aperient Pill (Great Northern Hospital)	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ to 1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (513.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	¾ to 1½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (511.)

Great Northern Hospital Formula.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Olive Oil	2 fl. drachms
Soft Soap	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (8549.)

Rattler's Prescription.

Gamboge, in powder	2½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	5 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	7½ ounces

Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Aperient Pills. (273.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Sulphate, in very fine powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Castor Oil	1 ounce
Croton Oil	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (274.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (234.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (6861.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (1677.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims
Oil of Peppermint	55 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Aperient Pills. (8372.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	4 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	4 ounces
Jalap, in powder	8 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	16 ounces
Oil of Cloves	440 minims
Oil of Peppermint	220 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (8175.)

Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	520 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills. (9679.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	24 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills. (8227.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4½ grains.

Aperient Pills. (8374.)

Aloin	8 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce
Jalapin	8 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Aperient Pills. (9646.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills. (1678.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ to 2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims
Oil of Peppermint	55 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Aperient Pills. (1676.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Treacle	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (1674.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1¼ ounces
Capsicin	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Aperient Pills (Mild). (774.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Soft Soap	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Family Aperient Pills. (6849.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Oil of Caraway	28 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Family Aperient Pills. (5849.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	72 grains
Mercury Pill	240 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	360 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	96 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	480 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	144 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Family Aperient Pills. (5522.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Caraway	200 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills.

General Aperient Pills. (9153.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	36 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	12 grains
Gamboge, in powder	6 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	12 grains
Jalap, in powder	24 grains
Oil of Caraway	6 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Little Aperient Pills. (9922.)

Synonym.—Aperient Granules.

Aloin	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Gingerin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 pills.

Little Aperient Pills. (410.)

Podophyllum Resin	1¼ ounces
Capsicin	¼ ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	3¾ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Little Aperient Pills. (6149.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Gingerin, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Pink Aperient Pills. (6906.)

Aloin	120 grains
Cascarin	120 grains
Gingerin	60 grains
Podophyllum Resin	80 grains
Strychnine	8 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Strong Aperient Pills. (8228.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1¼ ounces
Oil of Caraway	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Aperient Pills. (8371.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	8 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient and Antibilious Pills. (6728.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	360 grains
Jalap, in powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Aperient Antibilious Pills. (9565.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient and Antibilious Pills. (9138.)

Synonyms.—Head and Stomach Pills; Liver Pills.

Podophyllum Resin	4 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	16 grains
Scammony, in powder	4 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	2 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 grains
Gingerin	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient and Antibilious Pills. (8609.)

Synonym.—Stomach and Liver Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	55 grains
Oil of Peppermint	27½ grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient or Antibilious Pills. (69.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	3½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	4 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient or Antibilious Pills. (67.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient or Antibilious Pills. (68.)

Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient or Antibilious Pills. (62.)

Synonym.—Dr. Gregory's Pills.

Compound Pill of Colocynth.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient or Antibilious Pills. (9501.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	96 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	24 grains
Gamboge, in powder	24 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	24 grains
Jalap, in powder	48 grains
Mercurous Chloride	24 grains
Oil of Cloves	6 minims
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 grains

Aperient Pills.

Aperient or Antibilious Pills. (8611.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	27½ grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Bilious and Liver Pills. (470.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Aperient Blue Pills. (9549.)

Dr. Smytton's Prescription.

Mercury Pill	24 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	90 grains
Oil of Caraway	6 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Family Aperient and Liver Pills. (5288.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Gingerin	55 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Vegetable Aperient and Antibilious Pills. (2100.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Alterative Pills. (9870.)

Poplar Ash Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Burdock	2 ounces
Extract of Poke Root	2 ounces
Extract of Sarsaparilla	2 ounces
Extract of Stillingia	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Alterative Pills. (703.)

Needham's Formula.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Confection of Hips (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Alterative Pills. (702.)

Graham's Formula.

Tartarated Antimony	12 grains
Mercury Pill	120 grains
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	360 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Little Alterative Pills. (2487.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Alterative and Liver Pills. (5851.)

Mercury with Chalk	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Blood Pills. (9622.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Blood Pills. (5807.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Blood Purifying Pills. (290.)

Sulphurated Lime	1 ounce
Gentian Root, in powder	Of each a sufficient quantity to form a suitable mass.
Sublimed Sulphur	
Excipient	

Mix. Divide into pills each containing ½ grain of Sulphurated Lime.

Compound Cascara Pills. (1640.)

Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Compound Cascara Pills. (1639.)

Euonymin	1 ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Cascara Pills. (1638.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2½ ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Compound Cascara Pills. (1637.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Castor Oil Pills. (9247.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Sulphate	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Castor Oil	4 fl. drachms
Croton Oil	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Castor Oil Pills. (8096.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Castor Oil Pills. (8616.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Sulphate	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Castor Oil	½ ounce
Croton Oil	27½ grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Castor Oil Pills. (8421.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Castor Oil	1 to 2 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Castor Oil Pills. (1447.)

Castor Oil Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Castor Oil Pills. (1641.)

Castor Oil Soap	1 ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Castor Oil Pills. (321.)

Castor Oil Soap	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Castor Oil Pills. (1642.)

Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Castor Oil Soap	1 ounce
Jalap	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Castor Oil Pill. (5422.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	48 grains
Jalap, in powder	48 grains
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	48 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	48 grains
Croton Oil	6 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Castor Oil Pills. (2089.)

Castor Oil Soap	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	240 grains
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Castor Oil Pills. (2399.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Castor Oil, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Castor Oil Pills. (2628.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Sulphate	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Castor Oil	½ fl. ounce
Croton Oil	40 minims

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Castor Oil Pills. (9859.)

Jalap, in powder	288 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	216 grains
Castor Oil Soap	144 grains
Gingerin	6 grains
Croton Oil	18 minims

Castor Oil, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Compound Castor Oil Pills. (8536.)

Castor Oil Soap	1 ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Castor Oil Pills. (5809.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces
Castor Oil	1 ounce

Solution of Potash, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Castor Oil Pills. (5837.)

Hard Soap, in powder	24 grains
Potassium Sulphate	72 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	72 grains
Castor Oil	24 grains
Croton Oil	3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Constipation Pill. (8645.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Green Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Little Constipation Pills. (2490.)

Aloin	12 grains
Strychnine	1 grain
Extract of Belladonna	7½ grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 60 pills.

Little Constipation Pills. (2489.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1¼ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Little Constipation Pills. (105.)

Capsicum, in powder	2½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Anti-Constipation Pills. (2818.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Anti-Constipation Granules. (39.)

Extract of Belladonna	120 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	40 grains
Extract of Rhubarb	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Anti-Constipation Granules. (639.)

Aloin	16 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	2 grains
Gamboge, in powder	4 grains
Jalap Resin	8 grains
Leptandrin	8 grains
Podophyllum Resin	32 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	16 grains
Oil of Peppermint	1 minim

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Anti-Constipation Pills or Tablets. (640.)

Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Capsicin	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Anti-Constipation Pills or Tablets. (638.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—1½ to 6 grains.

Anti-Constipation Pills or Tablets. (641.)

Leptandrin	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	½ ounce
Extract of Jalap	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Oil of Peppermint, a sufficient quantity.
Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Anti-Constipation Pills or Tablets. (642.)

Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap Resin	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Oil of Peppermint, a sufficient quantity.
Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Anti-Constipation Pills or Tablets. (643.)

Aloin	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	15 grains
Strychnine	4 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	30 grains

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Anti-Constipation Pills or Tablets. (3233.)

Barbados Aloes	6 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	3 ounces
Green Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Family Pills. (6912.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 pound
Cape Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Ammoniacum, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	4 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Household Pills. (8937.)

Capsicin	25 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	500 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	500 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1000 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	200 grains
Castor Oil	25 minims
Oil of Chamomile	50 minims
Excipient, a sufficient quantity to produce	2500 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2½ grains.

Aperient Pills.

Indian Pills. (9914.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	1 ounce
Valerian Rhizome, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Sarsaparilla	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Laxative Pills. (8288.)

Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Scammony Resin	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Jalap	3 ounces

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass.

Laxative Pills. (5846.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	6 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	6 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Laxative Pills (Strong). (5347.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Croton Oil	110 minims
Oil of Peppermint	92 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Little Laxative Pills. (8643.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	3 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Syrup	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Little Laxative Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce

Soft Soap, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Mild Pills. (9797.)

Synonym.—Castor Oil Substitute.
Compound Rhubarb Pill.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pile Pills. (2584.)

Tar, a sufficient quantity.
Dose.—2 to 3 grains.

Pile Pills. (6250.)

Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 3 grains.

Pile Pills. (5783.)

Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Conium	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Milk Sugar, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient Pills.

Pile and Gravel Pills. (5803.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Purifying Pills. (238.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Pills of Rhubarb. (5527.)

Synonym.—Chamomile, Dandelion and Quinine Pills.

Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill...	960 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	240 grains

Oil of Chamomile, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Seeds. (6942.)

Aloin	240 grains
Ginger, in powder	50 grains
Gingerin	70 minims
Jalapin	240 grains
Scammony, in powder	15 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Laxative Parvules. (8856.)

Podophyllum Resin	4 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Bronchial and Cough Pills.

Bronchitis Pills. (6318.)

Hard Soap, in powder	48 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	24 grains
Opium, in powder	8 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	48 grains

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass and divide into 48 pills.

Bronchial or Cough Pills. (5902.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Cough Pill. (12.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 ounces
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	3 ounces

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains

Cough Pills. (782.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	3 ounces
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	2 ounces

Alcohol (45 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills.

Cough Pills. (289.)

Camphor	32 grains
Compound Squill Pill	80 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	16 grains
Morphine Acetate	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pill. (10.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Compound Squill Pill	3 ounces

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (902.)

Synonyms.—Bailie's Pills; Gilmour's Pills.

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (903.)

Synonym.—Dr. Sydney's Cough Pills.

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1½ ounces
Balsam of Copaiba	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Heavy Magnesia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cough Pills. (899.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Squill, in powder	2½ ounces
Oil of Anise	140 minims
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (900.)

Elecampane Root, in powder	72 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	8 grains
Opium, in powder	4 grains
Prepared Storax	6 grains
Oil of Anise	2 minims

Confection of Senna, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass weighing 96 grains.

Dose.—4 grains.

Cough Pills. (896.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (760.)

Compound Pill of Soap	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Compound Squill Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cough Pills. (425.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	1 ounce
Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Squill, in powder	¾ ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P., 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills.

Cough Pills. (413.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Squill Pill	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (509.)

Benzoic Acid	1¼ ounces
Camphor	1 ounce
Opium	1¼ ounces
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Cough Pills. (272.)

Compound Squill Pill	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Opium, in powder	150 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (136.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	288 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	72 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	72 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	36 grains
Squill, in powder	288 grains
Oil of Anise	18 minims
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	288 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (138.)

Morphine Acetate	36 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1½ ounces
Compound Squill Pill	2 ounces
Extract of Conium	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (255.)

Synonym.—Heim's Pill.

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (156.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	2 ounces
Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (9462.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Squill Pill	15 ounces
Extract of Poppy (B.P. 1885)	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (9012.)

Hard Soap, in powder	10 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	360 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	2 pounds
Squill, in powder	5 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Extract of Opium	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	2 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills.

Cough Pills. (8975.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	16 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	720 grains
Squill, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	12 ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (8966.)

Tartarated Antimony, in powder	6 grains
Opium, in powder	12 grains
Compound Squill Pill	280 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (8019.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap	3 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (9236.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	48 grains
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity to produce	480 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Cough Pills. (9726.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Benzoic Acid	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Morphine Acetate	¼ ounce
Compound Squill Pill	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (9770.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	120 grains
Elecampane Root, in powder	90 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Morphine Acetate	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (9360).

Ammoniacum, in powder	6 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Sulphate	4½ ounces
Squill, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 12 grains.

Cough Pills. (9380.)

Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Compound Squill Pill	32 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (9303.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	110 minims
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills.

Cough Pills. (6959.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	80 grains
Morphine Acetate	2 grains
Compound Squill Pill	120 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into 48 pills.

Cough Pills. (6846.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	8 ounces
Opium, in powder	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (6886.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Compound Squill Pill	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (9924.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	3 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	6 ounces
Lobelia Seed, in powder	3 ounces
Squill, in powder	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (9238.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Morphine Acetate	15 grains
Compound Squill Pill	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (8376.)

Camphor	32 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	16 grains
Morphine Acetate	2 grains
Compound Squill Pill	80 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 32 pills.

Cough Pills. (8453.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces
Oil of Anise	110 minims
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Cough Pills. (8126.)

Camphor, in powder	160 grains
Squill, in powder	160 grains
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Compound Pill of Soap	240 grains
Compound Squill Pill	960 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (8638.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	4 ounces
Compound Squill Pill	4 ounces
Syrup	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (8231.)

Ammoniacum	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills.

Cough Pills. (8229.)

Creosote	120 minims
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Divide into 60 or 120 pills.

Cough Pills. (8286.)

Tartarated Antimony	330 grains
Ammoniacum, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ ounces
Squill, in powder	9 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	3½ ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Cough Pills. (8285.)

Ammoniacum	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1½ ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (2370.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cough Pills. (2312.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	4½ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Squill, in powder	5 ounces
Extract of Horse-Radish Root	12 ounces
Oil of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Cough Pills. (2573.)

Morphine Acetate	6 grains
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	48 grains
Compound Squill Pill	144 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (2574.)

Gamboge, in powder	36 grains
Opium, in powder	6 grains
Tartarated Antimony	3 grains
Compound Squill Pill	144 grains
Oil of Anise	4 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (5259.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	8 grains
Squill, in powder	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	20 grains
Extract of Stramonium	3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (4100.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in fine powder	340 grains
Opium, in fine powder	240 grains
Squill, in fine powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	640 grains
Oil of Anise	192 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills.

Cough Pills. (5249.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	300 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	32 grains
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (3179.)

Hard Soap, in powder	5 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	180 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	13 ounces
Opium, in powder	4 ounces
Squill, in powder	2½ ounces
Tartarated Antimony	15 grains
Oil of Anise	1 fl. ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (6586.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	75 grains
Opium, in powder	75 grains
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm

Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885) a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (5901.)

Tartarated Antimony	55 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	6 ounces
Compound Squill Pill	6 ounces
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Cough Pills. (6319.)

Hard Soap, in powder	48 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	12 grains
Opium, in powder	8 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	48 grains

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass and divide into 48 pills.

Cough Pills. (6143.)

Ammoniacum	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	3 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.— 2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (5828.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	12 grains
Capsicum, in powder	3 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	9 grains
Opium, in powder	3 grains
Squill, in powder	9 grains
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (1705.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains.
Morphine Acetate	10 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	180 grains
Squill, in powder	120 grains
Tartarated Antimony	10 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills.

Cough Pills. (5817.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	90 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Squill, in powder	200 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	200 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (5869.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	110 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Powder for Compound Squill Pill	360 grains
Oil of Anise	24 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (5856.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	½ ounce
Compound Squill Pill	9 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (6582.)

Ammoniacum	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1½ ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (1608.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Opium, in powder	30 grains
Compound Squill Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cough Pills. (1645.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	4½ ounces
Ammonium Carbonate	4½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	½ ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (1672.)

According to Ricord's Formula.

Camphor	1 ounce
Lactucarium	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (1700.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (1701.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Opium, in powder	¾ ounce
Squill, in powder	3 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	¼ ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (1702.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1½ ounces
Compound Squill Pill	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills.

Cough Pills. (1703.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (1704.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (1802.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Cough Pills. (1957.)

Camphor	36 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	18 grains
Morphine Acetate	2 grains
Compound Squill Pill	90 grains

Mix and divide into 36 pills.

Cough Pills. (5453.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	8 ounces
Ginger, in powder	8 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	12 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Squill, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	½ fl. ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Cough Pills. (5515.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	120 grains
Camphor, in powder	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Opium, in powder	25 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Squill, in powder	80 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (137.)

Pill of Ipecacuanha with Squill.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (158.)

Compound Squill Pill.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Little Cough Pills. (103.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Squill Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—⅔ to 2 grains.

Cough and Cold Pills.

Little Cough Pills. (2492.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ ounce
Squill, in powder	¾ ounce
Balsam of Tolu	2¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—⅓ to 2 grains.

Little Cough Pills. (9907.)

Synonym.—Cough Granules.

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sanguinarin	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cubebs	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Cough Pills. (8637.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ ounce
Squill, in powder	4 ounces
Syrup	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Little Cough Pills. (411.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ ounce
Squill, in powder	¾ ounce
Balsam of Tolu	2¼ ounces

Alcohol (60 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Guaiacol Pills. (134.)

Synonym.—Cough Pills.

Guaiacol	1 fl. ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	480 grains

Liquorice Root, in powder, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cold Pills. (6606.)

Guaiacum Resin	240 grains
Compound Powder of Antimony (P.L. 1836)	240 grains
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh (P.L. 1836)	1 ounce
Balsam of Peru	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cold Pills or Tablets. (916.)

Liquid Extract of Belladonna	60 minims
Camphor	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains

Mix and divide into 120 pills or tablets.

Cold Pills or Tablets. (912.)

Atropine Sulphate	4 grains
Camphor	4,000 grains
Morphine Sulphate	125 grains
Quinine Sulphate	4,000 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Cold and Influenza Pill.

Influenza Pills or Tablets. (3205.)

Synonym.—One-Day Cold Cure.

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Aloin	22 grains
Camphor	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	22 grains
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Diarrhœa Pills.

Diarrhœa Pills. (1651.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	55 grains
Tannic Acid	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Diarrhœa Pills. (1652.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Diarrhœa Pills. (1653.)

Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Tannic Acid	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Diarrhœa Pills. (9908.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	2 ounces
Eucalyptus Red Gum	7 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Diarrhœa Pills or Tablets. (552.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Lead Acetate	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1½ ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—¾ to 3 grains.

Diarrhœa Pills or Tablets. (553.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Bismuth Subnitrate	3 ounces
Saccharated Pepsin (U.S.P., 1890)	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Diarrhœa Pills or Tablets. (624.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	50 grains
Trinitroglycerin	1 grain
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Capsicin	15 minims
Extract of Indian Hemp	75 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	150 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Female Pills.

Female Pills. (432.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	¾ ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	4 fl. drachms

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Female Pills. (429.)

Dr. Hooper's Formula.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Black Hellebore	1 ounce

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (474.)

Asafetida	48 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	24 grains
Compound Acacia Powder	12 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	48 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	24 grains

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Female Pills. (779.)

Oil of Pennyroyal	55 to 220 minims
Pill of Aloes and Iron	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (316.)

Pill of Aloes and Iron	4½ ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Female Pills. (310.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	180 grains
Canella Bark, in powder	180 grains
Reduced Iron	240 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rue	2 fl. drachms

Compound Decoction of Aloes, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (9052.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Ferrous Carbonate	2 ounces
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (8431.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	20 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	360 grains
Myrrh, in powder	240 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	240 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	20 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Female Pills. (8358.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (8017.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	5 ounces
Gentian Root, in powder	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Treacle Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (8333.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2½ ounces
Hiera Picra	4 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Female Pills. (8456.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	¾ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Mercury Pill	¼ ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	40 minims

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (7011.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3½ ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	3½ ounces
Compound Pill of Galbanum	3 ounces

Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (8157.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	480 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	480 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	480 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Extract of Black Hellebore	480 grains

Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (9399.)

Pill of Aloes and Iron	1 ounce

Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (9381.)

Apiol	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Female Pills. (8639.)

Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	8 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	4 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Female Pills. (6855.)

Kaolin	4 ounces
Potassium Permanganate	4 ounces
Resin Ointment	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Female Pills. (8400.)

Aloin	¼ ounce
Canella Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	110 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Female Pills. (5535.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	24 grains
Canella, in powder	6 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	12 grains
Extract of Black Hellebore	6 grains
Ginger, in powder	3 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	3 grains
Myrrh, in powder	6 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Female Pills. (5375.)

Pill of Aloes and Iron	4 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	55 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (4109.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	2 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	½ fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Female Pills. (5356.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	4 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin Mucilage of Gum Acacia	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (2185.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (2579.)

Canella Bark, in powder	32 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	64 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	16 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	16 minims

Oil of Turpentine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Female Pills. (391.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Exsiccated Sulphate of Iron	1 ounce
Manganese Dioxide	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	110 minims

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Female Pills. (2754.)

Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Iron	6 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (239.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Iron	8 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (326.)

Synonym.—Pilula Trium Sulphatum.

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Female Pills. (1111.)

Pill of Aloes and Iron	4 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (705.)

Compound Pill of Galbanum	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Female Pills. (5424.)

Pill of Aloes and Iron	240 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	15 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (1694.)

Ferrous Sulphate	60 grains
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	44 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	8 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Female Pills. (2083.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (5779.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	¼ ounce
Pill of Aloes and Iron	6 ounces

Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (6299.)

Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1½ ounces
Turpentine (U.S.P.)	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (1663.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (6272.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1½ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Extract of Gentian	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Female Pills. (6320.)

Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Carbonate, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (6596.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	120 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	120 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	240 grains
Myrrh, in powder	240 grains
Extract of Gentian	240 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 minims
Oil of Pennyroyal	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (6159.)

Manganese Dioxide	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Female Pills. (6765.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Female Pills. (5762.)

Oil of Pennyroyal	55 minims
Pills of Aloes and Iron	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (524.)

Pill of Aloes and Iron.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills. (424.)

Pill of Aloes and Myrrh.

Female Corrective Pills. (296.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	40 grains
Caulophyllin	80 grains
Cimicifugin	60 grains
Tansy, in powder	100 grains
Extract of Hellebore	40 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Corrective Pills. (9910.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Caulophyllin	4 ounces
Cimicifugin	3 ounces
Tansy, in powder	5 ounces
Extract of Hellebore	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Female Corrective Pills. (9929.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Tansy Flowers, in powder	1 ounce
Unicorn Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Oil of Spearmint, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Little Female Pills. (245.)

Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Iron	8 ounces

Mix to form a mass, and divide into ¾-grain pills.
Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Steel, Aloes and Pennyroyal Female Pills. (5469.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	2 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	12 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 minim

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Aloes, Iron, Myrrh, and Pennyroyal Pills. (6719.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	220 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Aloes and Myrrh Pills. (2323.)

Synonym.—Pilula Rufi.

Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Syrup of Glucose	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Anæmia Pills or Tablets. (9457.)

Iron Arsenate	28 grains
Reduced Iron	2 ounces
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Anæmia Pills. (502.)

Arsenious Anhydride	4 to 12½ grains
Iron Pill	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Anæmia Pills. (6146.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	¼ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	75 grains
Iron Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Anæmia Pills or Tablets. (636.)

Arsenious Anhydride	2 grains
Manganese Dioxide	120 grains
Iron Pill	360 grains

Mix, and divide into 120 pills or tablets.

Blood Pills. (385.)

Aloin	10 grains
Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 grains
Iron Pill	200 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Blood and Complexion Pills. (5247.)

Arsenious Anhydride	6 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	1800 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	50 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	75 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Blood-forming Pills. (8389.)

Manganese Black Oxide (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Iron Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Female Pills.

Blood Tonic Pills. (505.)

Aloin	44 grains
Arsenious Anhydride	4½ grains
Iron Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Blood Tonic Pills. (503.)

Arsenious Anhydride	12½ grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	150 grains
Iron Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Blood or Tonic Pills. (716.)

Synonym.—Pearl Pills.

Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain
Ferrous Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 grain

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Complexion Pills. (311.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain.
Calcium Sulphide	50 grains
Iron Pill	200 grains
Extract of Sarsaparilla	100 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Complexion Pills. (507.)

Calcium Sulphide	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1/10 to 2 grains.

Clear Complexion Pills. (6915.)

Calcium Sulphide	½ grain
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Pink Complexion Pills. (1215.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	¾ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (9046.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	480 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	240 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	240 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Syrup of Buckthorn, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (8614.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	27½ grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (8513.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Confection of Senna	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Cochia Pills. (8546.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2¼ ounces
Jalap, in powder	4½ ounces
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	of each a sufficient quantity
Syrup of Buckthorn	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (8484.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (8423.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	360 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	20 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (522.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	20 minims

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (704.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (9367.)

Socotrine Aloes	5½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	240 minims

Treacle and Glycerin, of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (8960.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Syrup of Buckthorn, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Cochia Pills. (7090.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 ounces
Jalap, in powder	6 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (8864.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	60 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cochia Pills. (6557.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pill. (5569.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	6 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	6 ounces

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cochia Pills. (5368.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Sulphate	60 grains
Scammony, in powder	60 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Soft Soap	180 grains
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (2321.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Sulphate	¼ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Cochia Pills. (2087.)

Cape Aloes	6 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cochia Pills. (2163.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	3 fl. drachms

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Cochia Pills. (2202.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	4 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (2645.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Turmeric, in powder	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cochia Pills. (1612.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	60 minims
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cochia Pills. (5776.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims
Syrup of Buckthorn	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (5788.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	6 ounces

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cochia Pills. (5815.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Potassium Carbonate	60 grains
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	100 drops
Soft Soap	1 ounce

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Corrective Pills. (9204.)

Synonym.—Steel and Pennyroyal Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	2 fl. drachms

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Hiera Picra Pills. (1433.)

Hard Soap, in powder	360 grains
Powder of Aloes with Canella	4 ounces

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Hiera Picra Pills. (1667.)

Powder of Aloes with Canella	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Iron Pills. (690.)

Synonym.—Blaud's Pills.

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	50 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	160 grains
Potassium Carbonate	144 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	16 grains
Manna	48 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Iron and Cascara Pills. (9904.)

Synonyms.—Blood Pills; Pink Pills.

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	6 ounces
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Iron and Rhubarb Pills. (1695.)

Compound Iron Pill (P.L.)	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Iron Tonic Laxative Pills. (6681.)

Aloin	12½ grains
Iron Pill	600 grains
Quinine Sulphate	50 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	10 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Laxative Iron Pills. (786.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	¼ ounce
Iron Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Ladies' Pills. (8279.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain
Aloin	10 grains
Iron Pill	200 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 100 pills.

Pennyroyal and Iron Pills. (1467.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	4 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	8 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Alcohol (45 per cent.) a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (8202.)

Aloes and Canella, in powder	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	60 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (9681.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Myrrh	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	36 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (8615.)

Pill of Aloes and Iron	4 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	55 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (9771.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	480 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	120 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Myrrh, in powder	480 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	20 minims

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (598.)

Oil of Pennyroyal	220 minims
Pill of Aloes and Iron	4 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (603.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	30 grains
Myrrh, in powder	120 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	120 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm
Mucilage of Acacia	1½ fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (1320.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	3 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (5373.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1¼ ounces, 30 grains
Myrrh, in powder	¾ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	144 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	192 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2½ ounces, 60 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	2 fl. drachms
Liquorice Root, in powder Syrup	sufficient quantity to produce 8 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (5764.)

Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (6208.)

Synonym.—Female Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rue	1 fl. drachm

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (5836.)

Capsicum, in powder	18 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	72 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	18 grains
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	120 grains
Compound Pill of Galbanum	90 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	12 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pink Pills. (6321.)

Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Ferric Oxide	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pink Pills. (9319.)

Aloin	5 grains
Arsenious Anhydride	8 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	960 grains
Potassium Carbonate	960 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	40 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pink Tonic Pills. (8479.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain
Iron Pill	500 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into 100 pills.

Pink Tonic Pills. (9445.)

Synonyms.—Blood Pills; Anæmia Pills.

Arsenious Anhydride, in powder	1 grain
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	330 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Pink Tonic Pills. (2079.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain
Iron Pill	250 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Restorative Pills. (2814.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	¼ ounce
Barbados Aloes, in powder	2¼ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	¾ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Scammony Resin	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	55 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	55 grains
Oil of Caraway	15 minims
Oil of Cloves	15 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Rufus Pills. (8405.)

Pill of Aloes and Myrrh.

Steel Pills. (1617.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Improved Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (313.)

Synonym.—Female Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	¾ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	4 fl. drachms

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Compound Steel Pills. (5829.)

Ferrous Sulphate	192 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	96 grains
Extract of Gentian	60 grains
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	96 grains

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Steel, Chamomile and Pennyroyal Pills. (5877.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1½ ounces
Oil of Absinthe	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (6658.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	360 grains
Myrrh, in powder	360 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	360 grains
Confection of Hips (B.P. 1885)	240 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Syrup of Buckthorn, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (2824.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Canella Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	4 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	160 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (1796.)

Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1½ ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (2162.)

Reduced Iron	48 grains
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	72 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	12 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (2509.)

Synonym.—Female Pills.

Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Iron	5 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (9233.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	160 grains
Pill of Aloes and Iron	4 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Female Pills.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (3169.)

Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	4½ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	165 grains
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	165 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (8294.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims
Oil of Pennyroyal	110 minims

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Steel, Pennyroyal and Bitter Apple Pills. (6858.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	552 grains
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Glycerin of Tragacanth	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (8388.)

Pill of Aloes and Iron	2½ ounces
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	2½ ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	220 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (8142.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	1½ ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	6 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces

Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (9234.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	2 ounces

Oil of Pennyroyal, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Steel and Pennyroyal Pills. (9359.)

Synonym.—Female Pills.

Barbados Aloes	6 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	3 ounces
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	3 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Gentian	3 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Tonic Blood or Complexion Pills. (1427.)

Aloin	10 grains
Arsenious Anhydride	1 grain
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 grains
Iron Pill	200 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout Pill. (9410.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	15 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces
Extract of Opium	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Gout Pill. (9244.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (277.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (5777.)

Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout Pills (2357.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	10 ounces
Mercury Pill	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 grains.

Gout Pills. (2721.)

Potassium Iodide	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (2745.)

Extract of Opium	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	6 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	17 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 grains.

Gout Pills. (5396.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (1665.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (9400.)

Synonym.—Rheumatic Pills.

Mercurous Chloride	146 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	55 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout Pills. (1666.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1¼ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (9753.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (6708.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout Pills. (6603.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Gout Pills. (1664.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (6281.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout Pills. (8983.)

Mercury Pill	20 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	40 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (9900.)

Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout Pills. (1240.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	3 ounces
Gentian Root, in powder, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (8359.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout Pills. (9240.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885).
Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Gout Pills. (8700.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	1¼ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout Pills. (2314.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Gout Pills. (706.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (1253.)

Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¾ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout Pills. (6875.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pill. (9641.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pill. (9239.)

Ammonium Carbonate	¼ ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	4 ounces
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Extract of Colchicum	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pill. (8642.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	4 ounces
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	8 ounces
Podophyllum Root, in powder	55 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	4 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce
Syrup	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9718.)

Mercury Pill	6 ounces
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	5 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	6 ounces
Extract of Rhubarb, in powder	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pill. (9013.)

Colchicum Corm, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Morphine Acetate	40 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5270.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5289.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9225.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9143.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	480 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	240 grains
Compound Pill of Rhubarb	240 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9085.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	16 ounces
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9611.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	4 ounces
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (6880.)

Synonym.—Neuralgia Pills.

Quinine Sulphate	6½ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	6 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (6850.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	8 ounces
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9911.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	3 ounces
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	4 ounces
Iridin	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5862.)

Mercury Pill	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (6697.)

Ammonium Carbonate, in powder	½ ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	8 ounces
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (6774.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Guaiacum Resin	8 ounces
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9368.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Colchicum Seeds, in powder	12 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	16 ounces
Extract of Poppy (B.P. 1885)	16 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9373.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	20 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	4 ounces
Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9242.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9309.)

Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	5 ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	25 ounces
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	5 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9499.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	48 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	48 grains
Mercury Pill	48 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9699.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Guaiacum Resin	4 ounces
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pill. (295.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	40 grains
Barbados Aloes, in powder	80 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	80 grains
Mercury Pill	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (8887.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5302.)

Ammonium Carbonate, in powder	12 grains
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	192 grains
Opium, in powder	6 grains
Extract of Colchicum	6 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 48 pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5345.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5351.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5258.)

Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	2½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1¼ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (8075.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (8707.)

Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	1½ ounces
Extract of Conium (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (919.)

Synonym.—Nerve Pills.

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	24 grains
Podophyllum Rhizome, in powder	24 grains
Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	12 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	12 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (8150.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (392.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	9 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (8289.)

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	2½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	4 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (6783.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (6585.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5516.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	120 grains
Colchicum Corm, in powder	360 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	30 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	½ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	30 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	90 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (753.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (917.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1060.)

Synonym.—Rheumatic Pills.

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Mercury Pill	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (776.)

Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	4 ounces
Extract of Stramonium	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (777.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	¼ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (773.)

Ammonium Carbonate, in powder	½ ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	8 ounces
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (521.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (415.)

Sodium Salicylate	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1223.)

Colchicum Corm, in powder	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Iodide	2 ounces
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1426.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	¼ ounce
Salicylic Acid	4 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	2 ounces
Extract of Poke Weed	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (37.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5857.)

Mercury Pill	¼ ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	¾ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (6322.)

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	48 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	24 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	12 grains
Opium, in powder	8 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	48 grains
Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass and divide into 48 pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5893.)

Colchicum Corm, in powder	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5927.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	360 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5915.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5791.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (6171.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 drachm
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	4 ounces
Potassium Iodide	1 ounce
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (5841.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1603.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1778.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2827.)

Colchicum Corm, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	109 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1807.)

Jalap, in powder	480 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	480 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1850.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	6 ounces
Salicylic Acid	3 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2203.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	4 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2652.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	30 grains
Mercury with Chalk	72 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	72 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	48 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout or Rheumatic Pills. (1956.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1960.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces
Green Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2078.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	24 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	96 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	48 grains
Mercury Pill	72 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2329.)

Guaiacum Resin	3 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	3 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (3170.)

Cinchonidine Sulphate	80 grains
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	240 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Sulphurated Antimony	80 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	480 grains
Extract of Colchicum	60 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	180 grains
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2330.)

Guaiacum Resin	1½ ounces
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1½ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2461.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2470.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2581.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (1740.)

Hyoscyamus Leaves, in powder	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (4092.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	240 grains
Opium, in fine powder	60 grains
Mercury Pill	180 grains
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	240 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Rheumatic Pill. (9241.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	¼ ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pill. (9245.)

Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (2172.)

Synonym.—Dr. Morgan's Rheumatic Pills.

Scammony, in powder	60 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	24 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	60 grains
Oil of Caraway	8 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Rheumatic Pills. (5248.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (5485.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	60 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	60 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	60 grains
Mercury Pill	90 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (5834.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	3 grains
Mercury Pill	18 grains
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	36 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (307.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (8454.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (9920.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	2 ounces
Salicin	5½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (9854.)

Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (9099.)

Starch	210 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	60 grains
Extract of Gentian	60 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (920.)

Calumba Root, in powder	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin	2 ounces
Potassium Iodide	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (2724.)

Tragacanth, in powder	32 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	48 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	120 grains
Mercury Pill	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Rheumatic Pills. (193.)

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (194.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	2 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains

Rheumatic Pills. (1286.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (73.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (1281.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Little Rheumatic Pills. (1578.)

Synonym.—Rheumatic Granules.

Ammonium Carbonate, in powder	5 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Rheumatic Pills or Tablets. (7057.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Cimicifuga, in powder	½ ounce
White Bryony Root, in powder	½ ounce
Gelsemium Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Sodium Salicylate	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 3 grains.

Muscular Rheumatic Pills. (918.)

Potassium Iodide	2½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Compound Acacia Powder	¼ ounce

Syrup or Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Gout Pills. (6205.)

Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	540 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	480 grains
Oil of Peppermint	24 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Anti-Rheumatic and Gout Pills. (9650.)

Mercury Pill	150 grains
Extract of Belladonna	12½ grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	50 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	150 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills.

Rheumatic and Gout Pills. (6913.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Sulphate	4 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	1 ounce
Turmeric, in powder	16 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	10 ounces
Oil of Juniper	1 ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Rheumatic and Gout Pills. (8433.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Quinine Salicylate	2 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Rheumatic and Neuralgia Pills. (8722.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Extract of Colchicum	600 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth	600 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Hæmorrhoid Pills.

Pile Pills. (9195.)

Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Black Pitch	1 ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	½ ounce
Hard Soap	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pile Pills. (9091.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Compound Pill of Rhubarb	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pile Pills. (8098.)

Black Pepper, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Soft Paraffin	½ ounce

Soft Soap, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Pile Pills. (8293.)

Extract of Belladonna	55 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	55 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Pills for Piles. (8986.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Oil of Juniper	140 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Indigestion Pills.

Compound Pepsin Pill or Tablet. (7060.)

Pepsin	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	44 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Digestive Pills. (9566.)

Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885).	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (9198.)

Compound Pill of Mercurous Chloride...	8 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	8 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Digestive Pills. (9011.)

Capsicum, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1¼ ounces
Extract of Gentian	3 ounces
Oil of Chamomile	240 minims

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (9850.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	6 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	16 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	40 ounces

Oil of Cloves, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Digestive Pills. (9458.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	12 ounces
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a pill. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8701.)

Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (9412.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (6914.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	8 ounces
Extract of Rhubarb	6 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (2345.)

Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Extract of Gentian	120 grains
Oil of Chamomile	7 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills.

Digestive Pills. (7017.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mastich, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Solution of Potash	580 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8402.)

Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Pepsin	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	¼ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (9394.)

Gingerin	22 grains
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	¼ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8366.)

Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8018.)

Capsicum, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	10 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8457.)

Synonym.—Dyspeptic Pills.

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Pepsin, in scales	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	½ ounce

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8517.)

Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (306.)

Nux Vomica, in powder	1 ounce
Pepsin	4 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	½ ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8420.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	300 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	24 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	16 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	192 grains
Oil of Cajuput	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills.

Digestive Pills. (423.)

Pepsin	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8623.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Digestive Pills. (414.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1056.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Pills.

Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Pepsin	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	½ ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1134.)

Capsicum, in very fine powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (754.)

Canella Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Capsicum, in very fine powder	1 ounce
Pepsin	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	3 ounces
Extract of Rhubarb	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (6160.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1¼ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1¼ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (3245.)

Barbados Aloes	½ ounce
Capsicum, in very fine powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	55 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	¾ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Digestive Pills. (297.)

Capsicum, in very fine powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills.

Digestive Pills. (6140.)

Capsicum, in powder	40 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	144 grains
Mastich	144 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	288 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	144 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (8464.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (5926.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.	
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (5571.)

Hard Soap, in powder	7½ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	7½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	15 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	11 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	7 fl. drachms
Treacle	12 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1654.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	4 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	4 ounces
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1655.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	240 grains
Pepsin	120 grains
Reduced Iron	120 grains
Strychnine	5 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass and divide into 120 pills.

Digestive Pills. (1656.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1680.)

Pepsin	240 grains
Reduced Iron	240 grains
Strychnine	5 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1681.)

Pepsin	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1683.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	2 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

ndigestion Pills.

Digestive Pills. (1682.)

Pepsin	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1684.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1706.)

Pepsin	1½ ounces
Reduced Iron	1½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (2575.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (2576.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	6 grains
Gingerin	15 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (2578.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	24 grains
Gamboge, in powder	24 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	24 grains
Jalap, in powder	48 grains
Mercurous Chloride	24 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	96 grains
Oil of Cloves	6 minims
Oil of Peppermint	3 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Digestive Pills. (2719.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1¼ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Gentian	8 ounces
Extract of Jalap	1¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (5773.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mastich, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Oil of Absinthe	110 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Digestive Pills. (3188.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	4 ounces
Oil of Chamomile	½ fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Indigestion Pills.

Digestive Pills. (5391.)

Compound Pill of Galbanum	60 grains

Dose.—5 grains.

Digestive Pills. (2769.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (164.)

Synonym.—Dinner Pills.

Capsicum, in very fine powder	1 ounce
Hydrastis Rhizome, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Rhizome, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Valerian Rhizome, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	4 fl. drachms
Extract of Taraxacum	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (106.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (6577.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Pills. (6707.)

Socotrine Aloes	135 grains
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	16 grains
Myrrh, in powder	68 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	32½ grains
Treacle	40 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Digestive Pills. (5868.)

Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Digestive Pills. (6239.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Digestive Pills. (1371.)

Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 9 grains.

Indigestion Pills.

Tonic Digestive Pills. (6759.)

Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Dinner Pills. (5374.)

Asafetida	4 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Digestive Dinner Pills. (5795.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill.

Digestive or Dinner Pills. (5306.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive or Dinner Pills. (2358.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	12 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	96 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	36 grains
Extract of Gentian	36 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Digestive or Dinner Pills. (6852.)

Myrrh, in powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	6 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	6 ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	90 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive or Dinner Pills. (1602.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Digestive or Dinner Pills. (2174.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	4 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive or Dinner Pills. (778.)

Capsicum, in very fine powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Digestive Wind Pills. (1791.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	36½ grains
Oil of Peppermint	36½ grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Indigestion Pills.

Digestive Wind Pills. (475.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	48 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	24 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	48 grains
Compound Acacia Powder	6 grains

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Wind Pills. (2080.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive and Wind Pills. (8443.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1½ ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive and Wind Pills. (6584.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces

Chlorodyne, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive or Wind Pills. (5811.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces

Chlorodyne, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Digestive or Wind Pills. (8602.)

Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Galbanum	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (303.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (329.)

Aloin	2 grains
Pepsin	30 grains
Podophyllum Resin	4 grains
Capsicin	1 grain
Extract of Nux Vomica	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Dinner Pills. (8092.)

Mastich, in powder	120 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	120 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	16 grains
Compound Pill of Galbanum	480 grains
Oil of Absinthe	64 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Dinner Pills. (9431.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Indigestion Pills.

Dinner Pills. (304.)

Synonym.—Chapman's Pills.

Mastich, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (6873.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Mastich, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Chamomile	220 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (8367.)

Mastich, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (1686.)

Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (1693.)

Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (5826.)

Capsicum, in powder	3 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	24 grains
Extract of Chamomile	12 grains
Extract of Gentian	24 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (5814.)

Extract of Gentian	72 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	144 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	360 grains
Oil of Chamomile	18 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (5853.)

Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	4 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Dinner Pills. (1692.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (1688.)

Black Pepper, in powder	3 ounces
Phenol	2¼ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	¾ ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	¾ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills.

Dinner Pills. (1691.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (1685.)

Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (1687.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (1689.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mastich, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dinner Pills. (6702.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	60 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Oil of Chamomile	15 minims
Treacle	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Little Dinner Pills. (246.)

Extract of Socotrine Aloes	2 ounces
Mastich, in powder	½ ounce

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Dinner Pills. (1690.)

Black Pepper, in powder	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	80 grains
Strychnine	6 grains
Extract of Gentian	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Dinner Pills. (2540.)

Mastich, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Liquorice	30 grains
Oil of Absinthe	10 minims

Simple Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Little Dinner Pills. (2493.)

Mastich, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1½ to 6 grains.

Dyspepsia Pills. (2597.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (2349.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (2190.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (1420.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	3 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (108.)

Synonym.—Digestive Pills.

Bismuth Oxynitrate	480 grains
Pepsin, in powder	240 grains
Strychnine	10 grains

Dispensing Syrup, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (9498.)

Synonym.—Dinner Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (9915.)

Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hydrastis Rhizome, in powder	2 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Valerian Rhizome, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	4 ounces

Oil of Spearmint, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (8899.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	3 ounces
Pepsin, in powder	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (9235.)

Pepsin	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces
Extract of Rhubarb	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (9509.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2½ ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Marshmallow Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Castor Oil	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cajuput	½ fl. drachm

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (2469.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Mastich, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (6761.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (6221.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	½ ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (5897.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	15 ounces
Gentian Root, in powder	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	6 ounces
Hard Soap	6 ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	4 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	6 ounces
Oil of Chamomile	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (5806.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Indigestion Pills. (2702.)

Pepsin, in scales	120 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	18 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	36 grains
Opium, in powder	24 grains
Creosote	18 minims
Extract of Taraxacum Liquid Glucose	equal parts of each a sufficient quantit

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 72 pills.

Indigestion Pills. (8232.)

Pepsin	2 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885).	½ ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Wind and Indigestion Pills. (4108.)

Chinoquinine	¾ ounce
Pepsin	3 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Extract of Gentian	1½ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	110 minims

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Indigestion Pills.

Indigestion and Wind Pills. (1117.)

Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Iron, Pepsin, and Strychnine Pills. (8362.)

Pepsin	48 grains
Reduced Iron	48 grains
Strychnine	1 grain

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 24 pills.

Wind and Indigestion Pills. (1747.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Oil of Caraway	220 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Peptonic or Digestive Pills. (8182.)

Pepsin	105 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	15 grains
Compound Pill of Galbanum, in powder	36 grains
Oil of Peppermint	12 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Kidney Pills.

Backache Pills. (9731.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2½ ounces
Extract of Buchu	½ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (294.)

Capsicum, in very fine powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	½ ounce
Extract of Buchu Leaves	½ ounce
Venice Turpentine	¼ ounce
Oil of Juniper	220 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (5513.)

Capsicum, in powder	6 grains
Extract of Buchu Leaves	6 grains
Podophyllum Resin	3 grains
Potassium Nitrate	24 grains
Squill, in powder	6 grains
Venice Turpentine	3 grains
Oil of Juniper	6 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (9564.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	6 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	5 ounces
Extract of Bearberry	3 ounces
Extract of Buchu	6 ounces
Oil of Juniper	4 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney Pills.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (9790.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Podophyllum Resin	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	480 grains
Extract of Bearberry	120 grains
Extract of Buchu	120 grains
Oil of Juniper	2 fl. drachms
Venice Turpentine	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (8357.)

Asafetida	2 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	2½ ounces

Oil of Juniper, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pill. (8343.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	55 grains
Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Extract of Bearberry	1½ ounces
Extract of Buchu	1½ ounces
Extract of Stone Root	1½ ounces
Oil of Juniper	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (8319.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	8 ounces
Venice Turpentine	1 ounce
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	2 ounces
Extract of Buchu Leaves	2 ounces
Oil of Juniper	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (102.)

Asafetida, in powder	2½ ounces
Barbados Aloes, in powder	2½ ounces
Capsicum, in powder	¾ ounce
Cubebs, in powder	2 ounces
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	¾ ounce
Oil of Juniper	1½ fl. drachms

Glycerin of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (6298.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Extract of Bearberry	½ ounce
Extract of Buchu	½ ounce
Venice Turpentine	¼ ounce
Oil of Juniper	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (6277.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (309.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	80 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	20 grains
Podophyllum Resin	5 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	40 grains
Extract of Buchu	40 grains
Oil of Juniper	80 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Copaiba Pills. (1644.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Copaiba Resin	4 ounces
Extract of Buchu Leaves	2 ounces
Extract of Cubebs	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Diaphoretic Pills. (9927.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (1661.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 to 3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 to 3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (1660.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces

Extract of Elecampane, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (1659.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (1658.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (1657.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (6714.)

Synonym.—Kidney Pills.

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce

Oil of Juniper, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (9355.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Juniper	3 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (9909.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	6 ounces
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	6 ounces
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Diuretic Pills. (8375.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Diuretic or Kidney Pills. (1428.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce

Oil of Juniper, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Gravel Pills. (9732.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	72 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	192 grains
Extract of Rhubarb	192 grains
Mercury Pill	192 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Gravel Pills. (661.)

Hard Soap, in powder	240 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Oil of Juniper	30 drops

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gravel and Lumbago Pills. (6742.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Oil of Juniper	3 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gravel and Rheumatism Pills or Tablets. (9892.)

Guaiacum Resin	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Kidney Pills. (9161.)

Capsicum, in powder	30 grains
Podophyllum Resin	15 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Squill, in powder	30 grains
Extract of Buchu	30 grains
Venice Turpentine	15 grains
Oil of Juniper	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Kidney Pills. (8646.)

Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	½ ounce
Extract of Buchu Leaves	½ ounce
Venice Turpentine	¼ ounce
Oil of Juniper	¼ ounce
Syrup	1¾ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney Pills. (644.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in fine powder	2 ounces
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	½ ounce
Extract of Buchu Leaves	½ ounce
Oil of Juniper	2 fl. drachms
Venice Turpentine	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Kidney Pills.

Kidney Pills. (637.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Buchu Leaves	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney Pills. (457.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Species for Compound Squill Pill	1 ounce
Venice Turpentine	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Kidney Pills. (515.)

Asafetida	2 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2½ ounces

Oil of Juniper, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Little Kidney Pills. (236.)

Capsicin	45 grains
Cubebs, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. drachm

Glycerin of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Kidney and Backache Pills. (8278.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1¼ ounces
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	3 ounces
Extract of Buchu Leaves	½ ounce
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney and Backache Pill. (1604.)

Potassium Nitrate	2½ ounces
Extract of Buchu Leaves	½ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney and Backache Pills. (2504.)

Asafetida, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Cubebs (Oleo-Resin)	2 ounces
Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	6 ounces
Capsicin	120 grains
Oil of Cassia	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Juniper	2 fl. drachms

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney and Backache Pills. (2018.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	½ ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Kidney and Backache Pills. (2088.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	3 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	30 grains
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	5 grains
Extract of Buchu Leaves	5 grains
Extract of Collinsonia	5 grains
Oil of Juniper	2 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney Pills.

Kidney and Backache Pills. (5328.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	8 ounces
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	1 ounce
Extract of Buchu Leaves	1 ounce
Venice Turpentine	½ ounce
Oil of Juniper	220 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Kidney and Backache Pills. (5348.)

Camphor, in powder	240 grains
Opium, in powder	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney and Gravel Pills. (2189.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Kidney and Gravel Pills. (2664.)

Hard Soap, in powder	240 grains
Potassium Nitrate	480 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	480 grains
Extract of Buchu Leaves	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains
Venice Turpentine	60 grains
Oil of Juniper	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Kidney and Liver Pills. (179.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in fine powder	2 ounces
Extract of Bearberry leaves	½ ounce
Extract of Buchu Leaves	½ ounce
Oil of Juniper	4 fl. drachms
Venice Turpentine	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Kidney and Liver Pills. (5404.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Oil of Cloves	27 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Lumbago Pills. (6958.)

Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Venice Turpentine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Lumbago Pills. (5353.)

Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	12 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	4 ounces

Oil of Juniper, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Renal Pills. (5553.)

Frankincense (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce

Oil of Juniper, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney Pills.

Water Pills. (3212.)

Synonyms.—Backache and Kidney Pills; Gravel Pills.

Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Digitalis Leaves, in powder	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Water Pills. (293.)

Synonyms.—Baly's Pill; Guy's Pill.

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills.

Aloin Pills. (516.)

Sir Andrew Clarke's Formula.

Aloin	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aloin and Belladonna Pills. (518.)

Sir Andrew Clarke's Formula.

Aloin	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aloin and Ipecacuanha Pills. (517.)

Sir Andrew Clarke's Formula.

Aloin	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Alterative and Liver Pills. (9792.)

Mercury with Chalk	18 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	18 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	18 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Bile Pills. (6683.)

Aloin	3 grains
Capsicin	4 grains
Jalapin	6 grains
Podophyllum Resin	12 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	100 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	3 grains

Mix. Dose—2 to 4 grains.

Calomel and Opium Pills. (1698.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 to 4 ounces
Opium, in powder	¼ to 1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills.

Cathartic Pills. (1699.)

Leptandrin	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Extract of Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Oil of Peppermint	55 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cathartic Pills. (2572.)

Hard Soap, in powder	6 grains
Podophyllum Resin	12 grains
Scammony, in powder	12 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	48 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	24 grains
Gingerin	6 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	6 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Cathartic Pills. (325.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cathartic Pills. (422.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—¾ to 2 grains.

Cathartic Pills. (288.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	120 grains
Extract of Jalap	90 grains
Gamboge, in powder	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	90 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Compound Cathartic Pills. (323.)

Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Jalap	2 ounces
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Little Cathartic Pills. (408.)

Jalapin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Little Cathartic Pills. (247.)

Jalapin	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Glycerin of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Little Cathartic Pills. (2488.)

Jalapin	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Cathartic and Liver Pills. (305.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Cathartic and Liver Pills. (287.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	40 grains
Podophyllum Resin	20 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	80 grains
Scammony Resin	20 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	10 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	10 grains
Gingerin	10 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Cathartic and Liver Pills. (9082.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Gingerin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Cathartic or Liver Pills. (2667.)

Jalap Resin	2 ounces
Leptandrin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Aromatic Oils	88 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Chamomile Pills. (7000.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Myrrh, in powder	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	240 grains
Extract of Chamomile	240 grains
Oil of Chamomile	48 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Chamomile or Dandelion Pills. (8613.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Chamomile, Quinine, and Podophyllum Pills. (1783.)

Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony	1 ounce
Nitric Acid	10 minims
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	60 grains
Extract of Belladonna	120 grains
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Compound Chamomile Pills. (1643.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Dandelion Pills. (8703.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion Pills. (6994.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	¾ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion Pills. (5845.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion Pills. (1650.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion Pills. (1648.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion Pills. (1649.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Dandelion Pill. (8039.)

Synonym.—Digestive Dinner Pill.

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	7 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Extract of Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	8 ounces
Oil of Chamomile	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Dandelion Pills. (5753.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	120 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	120 grains
Mercury Pill	3¾ ounces
Castor Oil	4 fl. drachms.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (2199.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	150 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	60 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	240 grains
Oil of Chamomile	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (1626.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (6311.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	¼ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	½ ounce
Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (8174.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (8486.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (519.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion, Chamomile, and Rhubarb Pills. (5369.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	30 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Myrrh, in powder	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	60 grains
Pill of Socotrine Aloes	360 grains
Oil of Chamomile	20 minims
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (9926.)

Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces
Soft Soap	2 ounces
Oil of Chamomile	½ fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Dandelion and Podophyllum Pills. (9872.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	12 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills.

Dandelion and Podophyllin Liver Pills. (8099.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion and Quinine Pills. (2204.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Euonymin Pills. (5262.)

Aloin	½ ounce
Euonymin	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Compound Euonymin Pills. (9860.)

Euonymin	¼ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pills	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Compound Euonymin Pills. (9259.)

Euonymin	240 grains
Podophyllum Resin	20 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth	180 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Compound Euonymin Liver Pills. (2263.)

Euonymin	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Euonymin and Podophyllum Pills. (9928.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Euonymin	3 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Head and Liver Pills.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 grain.

Head and Liver Pills. (9397.)

Gingerin	55 grains
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Hard Soap	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Ipecacuanha Pill. (9562.)

Dr. Baird's Prescription.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	5 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Beans. (9596.)

Leptandrin	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	½ ounce
Extract of Jalap	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Oil of Peppermint, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Liver Granules. (5303.)

Aloin	60 grains
Capsicin	7½ grains
Gamboge, in powder	15 grains
Jalapin	30 grains
Leptandrin	30 grains
Podophyllum Resin	60 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Liver Granules. (314.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Tiny Liver Granules. (1214.)

Aloin	½ ounce
Jalapin	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Capsicin	¼ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—¼ to 2 grains.

Sweet Little Liver Granules. (6724.)

Aloin	10 grains
Capsicin	5 grains
Jalapin	10 grains
Podophyllum Resin	20 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	5 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 100 granules.

Little Liver Pearls. (468.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Leptandrin	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 3 grains.

Liver Pills. (312.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (302.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (419.)

Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (1852.)

Jalap Resin	1 ounce
Leptandrin	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Aromatic Oil	44 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (1936.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	3¾ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (2705.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	¼ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	¾ ounce

Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (2187.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (2102.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	6 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	60 grains
Mercury Pill	35 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (2582.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ to 1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 to 6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 to 6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (2583.)

Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1707.)

Euonymin	1 to 3 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 to 3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (1710.)

Iridin	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (5232.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Euonymin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (1708.)

Euonymin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1709.)

Euonymin	3 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1742.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Liver Pills. (5523.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1696.)

Euonymin	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5440.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	90 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	30 grains
Mercury Pill	60 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5509.)

Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	3 grains
Aloin	9 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 grains
Podophyllum Resin	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (5312.)

Synonyms.—Antibilious Pills; Head and Stomach Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1¼ ounces
Olive Oil	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Soft Soap	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (5276.)

Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	¾ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	¾ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (5389.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (5255.)

Aloin	10 grains
Capsicin	5 grains
Jalapin	10 grains
Podophyllum Resin	20 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	5 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Liver Pearls. (5379.)

Aloin	20 grains
Euonymin	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Mercurous Chloride	30 grains
Podophyllum Resin	12 grains

Mix and divide into 240 pearls.

Liver Pills. (4107.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	144 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	72 grains
Capsicum, in powder	9 grains
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	9 grains
Podophyllum Resin	9 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	36 grains
Extract of Gentian	9 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (5399.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5454.)

Euonymin	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5504.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	150 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	30 grains
Mercury Pill	90 grains

Liquorice Root, in powder, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (506.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 to 2 ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	3 to 4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (540.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3¾ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (615.)

Dr. Hamilton's Formula.

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1034.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Podophyllum Resin	60 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	360 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	360 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	90 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (1061.)

Synonyms.—Liver and Stomach Pills; Vegetable Liver Pills.

Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1119.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 to 4 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 to 4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1161.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 to 4 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 to 4 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 to 4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1350.)

Synonym.—Hepatic Pills.

Compound Powder of Aloes (No. 1351)	190 grains
Jalap, in powder	190 grains
Mercurous Chloride	36 grains
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	90 grains
Oil of Cassia	16 minims
Oil of Cloves	8 minims
Syrup of Buckthorn Syrup of Poppies	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass, using equal volumes of the two syrups, and divide into 144 pills.

Liver Pills. (1283.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1294.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (230.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (756.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	2½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5374.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Soft Soap	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (719.)

Mercurous Chloride	36 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	180 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	90 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1031.)

Alexander's Formula.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Sulphate, in very fine powder	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Caraway	3 fl. drachms

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (2668.)

Synonym.—Aperient or Antibilious Pills.

Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	10 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (3228.)

Synonyms.—Antibilious Pills; Head and Stomach Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Green Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Aromatic Oil	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (6190.)

Calumba Root, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Liver Pills. (6177.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4½ to 9 grains.

Liver Pills. (6200.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Gingerin	55 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (5802.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5789.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5763.)

Euonymin, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (6330.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Tincture of Hyoscyamus, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5910.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Gingerin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Liver Pills. (6590.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	4½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (6576.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8236.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (2031.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (34.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	3 ounces

or a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pill. (8234.)

Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (242.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	150 grains

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1014.)

Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 to 3 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 to 3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 to 3 ounces

Mix to form a mass Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (693.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (324.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (676.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	480 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	240 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	90 grains
Mercury Pill	240 grains

Tincture of Jalap, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (677.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5874.)

Mercury Pill	18 grains
Compound Pills of Colocynth	18 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 grains
Podophyllum Resin	3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5245.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (6635.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Liver Pills. (6629.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3½ ounces

Green Extract of Hyoscyamus, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (5782.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5794.)

Aloin	15 grains
Euonymin	15 grains
Gingerin	10 grains
Jalapin	10 grains
Podophyllum Resin	20 grains
Extract of Belladonna	3 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	6 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 120 pills.

Liver Pills. (476.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (426.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 to 3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 to 3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (445.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1½ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (6910.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Liver Pills. (6928.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (6931.)

Aloin	110 grains
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	55 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (7093.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (1160.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 to 4 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 to 4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (6867.)

Mercury Pill	2 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 grain

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (8103.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8434.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	36 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	73 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Oil of Cajuput	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8516.)

Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¾ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	20 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8724.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Pills.

Aloin	64 grains
Podophyllum Resin	20 grains
Scammony Resin	32 grains
Capsicin	4 grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 320 pills.

Liver Pills. (8750.)

Euonymin	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Species for Compound Pill of Colocynth	1 ounce
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8756.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (8008.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Oil of Aloes	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9378.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Pills.

Aloin	2 ounces
Capsicin	1 ounce
Jalapin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (9039.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9010.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Jalap Resin	600 grains
Podophyllum Resin	240 grains
Gingerin	240 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (9049.)

Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	72 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth	96 grains
Mercury Pill	72 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (9916.)

Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Leptandrin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Sanguinarin	1 ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9502.)

Podophyllum Resin	18 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	180 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	72 grains
Mercury Pill	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (9446.)

Ginger, in powder	90 grains
Mercurous Chloride	144 grains
Podophyllum Resin	45 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	162 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	144 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	144 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (9444.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Gingerin	55 grains
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9898.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	6 ounces
Compound Pill of Rhubarb	30 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (9668.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (9822.)

Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Podophyllum Resin	120 grains
Scammony, in powder	120 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	480 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains
Gingerin	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (9820.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9818.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury with Chalk	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Liver Pills. (9756.)

Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9086.)

Mercurous Chloride	9 ounces
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	6 ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	9 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9145.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Cape Aloes, in powder	960 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	120 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	240 grains
Mercury Pill	720 grains
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9171.)

Synonym.—Digestive Pills.

Aloin	60 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Myrrh, in powder	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (9232.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Scammony, in powder	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	60 grains
Gingerin	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (9301.)

Colocynth, in powder	6 ounces
Ginger, in powder	6 ounces
Jalap, in powder	6 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (9305.)

Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	2½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8940.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills. (8980.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony, in powder	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8978.)

Euonymin	4 ounces
Iridin	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	4 ounces
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	7 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8965.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (5308.)

Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	8 ounces
Oil of Sassafras	90 minims

Liquid Extract of Taraxacum, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8160.)

Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix.

Liver Pills. (8533.)

Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Capsicum	44 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver Pills. (8563.)

Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Liver Pills. (8592.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pill. (8233.)

Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8230.)

Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	16 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Liver Pills. (8235.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (8699.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (9645.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Liver Pills (Mild). (5850.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	360 grains
Colocynth, in powder	120 grains
Gamboge, in powder	70 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Caraway	60 minims

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills (Mild). (5240.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	40 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Eclectic Liver Pills. (9903.)

Iridin	1 ounce
Leptandrin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Liver Pills.

Little Liver Pills. (5780.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Capsicin	220 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Little Liver Granules. (6214.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (409.)

Synonym.—Aperient Pills.

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Capsicin	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (248.)

Synonyms.—Little Aperient Pills; Little Liver Pearls.

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (6334.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Euonymin	2 ounces
Jalapin	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (237.)

Aloin	1½ ounces
Euonymin	1½ ounces
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (181.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (180.)

Aloin	100 grains
Capsicin	50 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	50 grains
Jalapin	100 grains
Podophyllum Resin	125 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	40 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	50 grains

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Liver Pills.

Little Liver Pills. (8617.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Capsicin	88 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (8280.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Capsicin	1 ounce
Jalapin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (8155.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	15 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (8640.)

Aloin	200 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	100 grains
Jalapin	200 grains
Podophyllum Resin	250 grains
Capsicin	100 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	84 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	100 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (8669.)

Synonym.—Liver Granules.

Aloin	½ ounce
Jalapin	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Capsicin	¼ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (1421.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Leptandrin	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (5796.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (1738.)

Aloin	5 grains
Jalapin	8 grains
Podophyllum Resin	16 grains
Capsicin	4 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	4 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Liver Pills.

Little Liver Pills. (2486.)

Podophyllum Resin	1¼ ounces
Capsicin	¼ ounce
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (2482.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	192 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (5771.)

Aloin	48 grains
Jalapin	48 grains
Podophyllum Resin	96 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	40 grains

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (8990.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce

Extract of Taraxacum, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Little Liver Pills. (9101.)

Synonym.—Liver Granules.

Aloin	8 grains
Jalap Resin, in powder	8 grains
Podophyllum Resin	16 grains
Capsicin	1 grain
Extract of Nux Vomica	4 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (9755.)

Synonyms.—Small Liver Pills; Vegetable Liver Pills.

Aloin	1 grain
Podophyllum Resin	2 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ grain
Jalapin	1 grain
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ grain
Capsicin	½ grain

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—¼ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (9774.)

Aloin	8 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 grains
Jalapin	8 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	4 grains
Capsicin	4 grains

Mix to form a mass. Divide into 80 pills.

Little Liver Pills. (9369.)

Aloin	5 ounces
Capsicin	2 ounces
Jalapin	4 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	8 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	2 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose—1 to 3 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (9157.)

Podophyllum Resin	5 grains
Capsicin	1 grain
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	15 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Liver Pills.

Little Liver Pills. (9639.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Jalapin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Little Liver Pills. (9648.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (9414.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (9154.)

Aloin	24 grains
Jalap Resin	24 grains
Podophyllum Resin	48 grains
Capsicin	3 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Mandrake Liver Pills. (308.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Mild or Compound Liver Pills. (5820.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Nutmeg	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mild Liver Pills. (5864.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2½ to 5 grains.

Mild Liver Pills. (6198.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	602 grains
Mercury with Chalk	2¾ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2¼ ounces
Gingerin	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Mild Liver Pills. (2654.)

Compound Pill of Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Mild Liver Pills. (5548.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mild Liver Pills. (2022.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mild Liver Pills. (6845.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Mild Liver Pills. (8941.)

Mercury Pill	6 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	7 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Mild Liver Pills. (8955.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Mild Liver Pills. (6860.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Mercury Pill	420 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Treacle	360 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Small Liver Pills. (276.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1¼ ounces
Capsicin	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Small Liver Pills. (772.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Jalapin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Gingerin	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Small Liver Pills. (5400.)

Aloin	12 grains
Jalapin	6 grains
Capsicin	3 grains
Podophyllum Resin	12 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	3 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 60 pills.

Small Liver Pills. (9398.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills.

Small Liver Pills. (9139.)

Aloin	2 grains
Podophyllum	4 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 grain
Jalapin	2 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 grain
Capsicin	1 grain

Mix to form a mass. Divide into 20 pills.

Small Liver Pills. (1578.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Capsicin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Strong Liver Pills. (8022.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Liver Pills. (5398.)

Aloin	1½ ounces
Jalapin	1½ ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Strong Liver Pills. (5812.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Strong Liver Pills. (5808.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Sweet Little Liver Pills. (8312.)

Aloin	½ ounce
Barbados Aloes, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	44 grains
Hard Soap	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Sweet Little Liver Pills. (6733.)

Capsicin	6 grains
Leptandrin	60 grains
Podophyllum Resin	24 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	6 grains
Croton Oil	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Vegetable Liver Pills. (8496.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Capsicin	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver and Antibilious Pills. (5305.)

Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	½ ounce

Gingerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver and Antibilious Pills. (5261.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Ginger, in powder	240 grains
Mercury Pill	4 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver or Antibilious Pills. (2001.)

Leptandrin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Extract of Jalap	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	440 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Liver and Bilious Pills. (6348.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Aperient Pill (Great Northern Hospital)	3½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Liver and Digestive Pills. (1175.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Fennel	72 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver and Kidney Pills. (9869.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Buchu Leaves, in powder	7 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Oil of Juniper	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver and Stomach Pills. (8219.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver and Stomach Pills. (9672.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gingerin	55 grains
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Liver and Stomach Pills. (8813.)

Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Liver and Stomach Pills. (1131.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes	4 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver and Stomach Pills. (2081.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	240 grains
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	8 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills or Tablets. (632.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills or Tablets. (635.)

Extract of Jalap	¾ ounce
Extract of Leptandra	2 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce

Mix and divide into suitable pills or tablets.

Liver Pills or Tablets. (633.)

Croton Oil	8 grains
Fluid Extract of Green Hellebore	50 grains
Barbados Aloes, in powder	400 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	75 grains
Gamboge, in powder	50 grains
Jalap, in powder	400 grains
Leptandrin	50 grains
Podophyllum Resin	50 grains

Mix and divide into 400 pills or tablets.

Liver Pills or Tablets. (634.)

Croton Oil	8 grains
Fluid Extract of Green Hellebore	50 grains
Barbados Aloes, in powder	400 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	75 grains
Gamboge, in powder	50 grains
Jalap, in powder	400 grains
Leptandrin	50 grains
Mercurous Chloride	50 grains

Mix and divide into 400 pills or tablets.

Liver Tonic Pills. (7032.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—¼ to 1 grain.

Compound Pill of Aloes and Ipecacuanha. (1030.)

Moir's Formula.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Pill of Aloin. (9275.)

Aloin	240 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	240 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	240 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Myrrh, in powder	240 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	120 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Liver Pills.

Compound Pill of Euonymin. (1108.)

Euonymin	24 grains
Podophyllum Resin	2 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	18 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	2 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin Pills. (674.)

Hard Soap, in powder	48 grains
Podophyllum Resin	12 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	24 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Podophyllin Pills. (5231.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin Pills. (2725.)

Podophyllum Resin	131 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin Pills. (5393.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	4 ounces
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	8 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	4 fl. drachms
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin Pills. (2638.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Podophyllin Pills. (2192.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	6 grains
Podophyllum Resin	2 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	10 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	40 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin Pills. (5570.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	360 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains
Podophyllum Resin	30 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllum Pills. (5840.)

Podophyllum Resin	6 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Podophyllum Pills. (9150.)

Podophyllum Resin	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	120 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	60 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	60 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	300 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Compound Podophyllin Pills. (6556.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1¼ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Compound Podophyllin Pills. (2617.)

Aloin	12 grains
Podophyllum Resin	9 grains
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	84 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Podophyllin Liver Pills. (3172.)

Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	6 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Podophyllin Pills. (5842.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	576 grains
Podophyllum Resin	72 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	288 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	288 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Podophyllin Pills. (5798.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	12 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Podophyllum Pills. (8576.)

Podophyllum Resin	55 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Compound Podophyllum Pills. (8882.)

Podophyllum Resin	6 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	48 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	48 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Podophyllin Pills. (9352.)

Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	16 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Podophyllin and Antibilious Pills. (1671.)

Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin and Antibilious Pills. (1670.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin and Dandelion Pills. (5835.)

Podophyllum Resin	3 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	6 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	6 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	36 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Podophyllin and Dandelion Liver Pills. (6196.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Podophyllin Liver Pills. (6344.)

Leptandrin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Extract of Jalap	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Gingerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Podophyllin and Liver Pills. (2825.)

Ipecacuanha, in powder	30 grains
Podophyllum Resin	30 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	240 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin or Liver Pills. (9689.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	6¼ ounces
Ipecacunaha Root, in powder	2¼ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Podophyllin and Taraxacum Pills. (1279.)

Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Taraxacum Root, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Purgative Pill. (8644.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Syrup	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Little Rhubarb Pills. (412.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Capsicin	½ ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Special Pills. (6859.)

Podophyllum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Treacle	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Taraxacum and Podophyllin Liver Pill. (9318.)

Podophyllum Resin	3 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	40 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills.

Taraxacum and Podophyllin Pills. (6838.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Gingerin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Headache Pills. (5913.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	½ ounce

Glycerin of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Headache Pills. (9912.)

Caffeine	2 ounces
Leptandrin	2 ounces
Sodium Sulphite	9 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Nerve Pills. (8398.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	3 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Alcoholic Extract of Gelsemium (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Nerve Pills. (241.)

Cinchonine Hydrochloride	½ ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	4 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	¼ ounce

Gentian Root, in powder, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Nerve Pills. (2347.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Cinchonine Hydrochloride	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 grains.

Nerve Pills. (6164.)

Ferric Oxide	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Valerian Rhizome, in powder	1 ounce

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Nerve Pills. (1947.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Zinc Valerianate	2 ounces
Extract of Aconite	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Nerve Pills. (1712.)

Zinc Valerianate	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Galbanum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Nerve Pills. (1711.)

Reduced Iron	240 grains
Strychnine	6 grains
Zinc Valerianate	120 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 120 pills.

Little Nerve Pills. (6204.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Nervine Pills. (5792.)

Synonym.—Tic and Toothache Pills.

Reduced Iron	960 grains
Quinine Sulphate	720 grains
Morphine Acetate	15 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	60 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Nervine Pills. (8970.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	4 ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Nervine Pills. (9917.)

Asafetida, in powder	1½ ounces
Lupulin	2 ounces
Skullcap, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1½ ounces
Extract of Valerian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Nervous Pills. (5852.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	3 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	110 grains
Extract of Gentian	2¼ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Neuralgic Perles. (5360.)

Aconitine	3 grains
Sodium Arsenate	60 grains
Strychnine	20 grains
Zinc Phosphide	75 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	150 grains

Mix and divide into suitable perles.

Neuralgia Perles. (2234.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix and divide into 5 grain perles.

Neuralgia Pills. (5267.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	60 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (5304.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (5576.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	7 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (5472.)

Confection of Roses	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	72 grains
Quinine Sulphate	144 grains
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	540 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (3171.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	48 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	48 grains

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass and divide into 48 pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (1669.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	3 ounces
Extract of Gelsemium	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (1803.)

Camphor, in powder	240 grains
Morphine Acetate	18 grains
Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Extract of Belladonna	72 grains
Extract of Colchicum	106 grains
Oil of Cloves	24 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (2160.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	½ ounce
Phosphorus Pill	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (2015.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	132 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Quinine Sulphate	96 grains
Extract of Belladonna	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	132 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (2585.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (2539.)

Capsicin	12 grains
Cinchonidine Sulphate	120 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	60 grains
Gelsemin	6 grains
Podophyllum Resin	6 grains
Strychnine Sulphate	2 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into 120 pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (2400.)

Bismuth Oxide	12 grains
Valerian Rhizome, in powder	24 grains
Extract of Opium	5 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (2401.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Quinine Sulphate	36 grains
Extract of Gelsemium	6 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (2723.)

Quinine Sulphate	6 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	6 ounces
Glycerin of Tragacanth	½ ounce
Manna	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (5854.)

Quinine Sulphate	¾ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (6574.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (6760.)

Quinine Sulphate	6 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (5928.)

Zinc Phosphide	20 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass and divide into 60 pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (5760.)

Synonym.—"Anti-Neur." Pills.

Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Zinc Valerianate	48 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	8 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into 48 pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (2075.)

Chino Quinine	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	2 ounces
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Green Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (1668.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Excipient.

Neuralgia Pills. (508.)

Brown-Sequard's Formula.

Extract of Aconite	20 grains
Extract of Belladonna	10 grains
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	40 grains
Extract of Ignatius Beans	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	15 grains
Extract of Stramonium	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	40 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (548.)

Hyoscyamine	3 grains
Zinc Phosphide	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	150 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Divide into 1,200 pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (550.)

Aconitine	3 grains
Sodium Arsenate	60 grains
Strychnine	20 grains
Zinc Phosphide	75 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	150 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Divide into 1,200 pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (543.)

Acetanilide	1,200 grains
Arsenious Anhydride	6 grains
Quinine Sulphate	1,200 grains
Strychnine Sulphate	10 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	75 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	300 grains

Mix to form a mass. Divide into 600 pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (544.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1½ grains
Morphine Sulphate	1½ grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Strychnine Sulphate	1 grain
Extract of Aconite Root	15 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (447.)

Phosphorus	2 grains
Quinine Sulphate	50 grains
Reduced Iron	300 grains
Strychnine	2½ grains

Kaolin Ointment, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (1280.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (141.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	600 grains
Gelseminine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Compound Acacia Powder	of each a sufficient quantity.
Syrup	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (140.)

Synonym.—Tic Pills.

Pill of Quinine Sulphate.

Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (914.)

Iron Valerianate	1 ounce
Quinine Valerianate	1 ounce

Glycerin of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (915.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Extract of Belladonna	6 grains
Compound Acacia Powder	15 grains

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (9084.)

Synonym.—Female Pills.

Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm
Pill of Aloes and Iron	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (8360.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (8318.)

Synonym.—Tonic Pills.

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	10 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	5 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (9379.)

Synonym.—Rheumatic Pills.

Camphor	12 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	6 ounces
Quinetum	6 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	3 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (291.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	½ ounce
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (9142.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (9131.)

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (9918.)

Aconite Root, in powder	½ ounce
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	11 ounces
Extract of Gelsemium	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (8265.)

Quinine Sulphate	8 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (8621.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	480 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	40 grains
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Gingerin	20 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	480 grains

Glycerin of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (8432.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (8730.)

Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	108 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	108 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (8678.)

Hard Soap, in powder	100 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	200 grains
Quinine Sulphate	360 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	100 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	200 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (8207.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill (P.L.)	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Neuralgia Pills. (9698.)

Magnetic Iron Oxide	12 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces
Green Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	5 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (9623.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 3 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (6911.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	600 grains
Gelsemine	1 grain

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (9087.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (7002.)

Quinine Salicylate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (38.)

Iron Valerianate	1 ounce
Zinc Valerianate	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (9463.)

Colchicum Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Neuralgia Pills. (15.)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	36 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	4 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (2230.)

Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia, Faceache and Tic Pills. (755.)

Capsicum, in very fine powder	80 grains
Opium, in powder	36 grains
Quinine Disulphate	120 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Divide into 240 pills.

Neuralgia and Nerve Pills. (6193.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	3 ounces

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia or Nerve Pills. (8610.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colocynth (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia and Tic Pills. (9849.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	3 ounces
Extract of Gentian	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia and Tic Pills. (9682.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Alcoholic Extract of Gelsemium (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia and Tic Pills. (6851.)

Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia or Tic Pills. (2819.)

Ferrous Sulphate	2 pounds
Morphine Hydrochloride	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	8 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 pound
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 pound

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Neuralgia and Toothache Pills. (5250.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	30 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	270 grains
Quinine Sulphate	150 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	6 grains
Extract of Conium (B.P. 1885)	120 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Gelsemium (B.P. 1885)	36 grains

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Neuralgic Pills. (5818.)

Capsicum, in powder	80 grains
Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	20 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (5790.)

Tartaric Acid	36 grains
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Glycerin of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (5823.)

Quinine Sulphate	144 grains
Tartaric Acid, in powder	20 grains

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains

Neuralgic Pills. (5833.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (433.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (8959.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	1 ounce
Extract of Aconite	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (6952.)

Arsenious Anhydride, in powder	3 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Morphine Sulphate (B.P. 1885), in powder	3 grains
Strychnine, in powder	2 grains
Extract of Aconite (B.P. 1885)	30 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (6950.)

Capsicin	10 grains
Ferrous Carbonate	400 grains
Quinine Sulphate	200 grains
Podophyllum Resin	8 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	25 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into 200 pills. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgic Pills. (299.)

Ferrous Carbonate	200 grains
Podophyllum Resin	4 grains
Quinine Sulphate	100 grains
Capsicin	5 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	12½ grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Neuralgic Pills. (300.)

Arsenious Anhydride	6 grains
Morphine Sulphate	6 grains
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Strychnine	4 grains
Extract of Aconite	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Neuralgic Pills (Brown-Sequard). (301.)

Extract of Aconite	20 grains
Extract of Belladonna	10 grains
Extract of Conium	40 grains
Extract of Ignatius Beans	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	15 grains
Extract of Opium	30 grains
Extract of Stramonium	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	40 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Pills for Headache and Dizziness in the Head. (8947.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Capsicum, in powder	55 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass.

Anti-Tic Pills. (2340.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1½ ounces

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic Pills. (5758.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (6274.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	480 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	480 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	180 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Tic Pills. (5905.)

Gentian Root, in powder	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	3 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	6 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (6592.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	360 grains
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	240 grains
Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	120 grains
Extract of Aconite	60 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	60 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains

Mix to form a mass.—Dose.— 4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Tic Pills. (1816.)

Capsicum, in powder	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1½ ounces
Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Tic Pills. (1713.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Extract of Belladonna	30 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Tic Pills. (6254.)

Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Extract of Gentian	90 grains

Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic Pills. (1714.)

Arsenious Anhydride	6 grains
Morphine Sulphate	6 grains
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Strychnine	4 grains
Extract of Aconite	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Tic Pills. (1822.)

Cinchonidine Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (2176.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	72 grains
Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Tartarated Antimony	4 grains
Extract of Belladonna	12 grains
Glycerin	6 drops

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic Pills. (5298.)

Gentian Root, in powder	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Zinc Sulphate	120 grains
Extract of Gentian	540 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic Pills. (5484.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	40 grains
Extract of Gentian	120 grains
Nux Vomica, in powder	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	9 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce

Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Tic Pills. (7099.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1½ ounces
Colchicum Corm, in powder	5½ ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	55 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	½ ounce
Extract of Belladonna	165 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass.

Neuralgia Pills.

Tic Pills. (139.)

Phosphorus Pill.
Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Tic Pills. (913.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	18 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Extract of Belladonna	36 grains

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic Pills. (292.)

Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Exsiccated Sulphate of Iron	80 grains
Compound Acacia Powder	20 grains

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (428.)

Iron Valerianate	1 ounce
Quinine Valerianate	1 ounce
Zinc Valerianate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (8465.)

Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic Pills. (8518.)

Phosphorus	1 grain
Quinine Sulphate	25 grains
Reduced Iron	150 grains
Strychnine	1 grain

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass and divide into 50 pills.

Tic Pills. (9157.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	36 grains
Extract of Gelsemium	3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (9156.)

Arsenious Anhydride	3 grains
Morphine	3 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Strychnine	2 grains
Extract of Aconite	3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Tic Pills. (9114.)

Camphor	480 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	480 grains
Morphine Acetate	40 grains
Quinine Sulphate	180 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	480 grains

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic Pills. (9307.)

Arsenious Anhydride	8 grains
Quinine	192 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	96 grains
Reduced Iron	288 grains
Extract of Belladonna	32 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass, and divide into 192 pills.

Neuralgia Pills.

Tic Pills. (1448.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces
Socotrine Aloes	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (7001.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Tic Pills. (6836.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Extract of Gentian	64 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Tic Pills. (9574.)

Ferrous Sulphate	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	3 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Extract of Gentian	7½ ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Tic Pills. (8883.)

Ferrous Sulphate	24 grains
Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (9298.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	360 grains
Capsicum, in powder	180 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	360 grains
Quinine Sulphate	360 grains
Extract of Belladonna	90 grains
Extract of Gentian	360 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	64 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (8048.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	48 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	360 grains
Quinine Sulphate	360 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	32 grains
Extract of Gentian	480 grains
Oil of Lavender	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic Pills. (8415.)

Synonym.—Tonic Pills.

Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces
Reduced Iron	12 ounces
Strychnine	55 grains
Simple Mass	5½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (6212.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Quinine Sulphate	96 grains
Reduced Iron	96 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	12 grains
Extract of Aconite (B.P. 1885)	12 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 48 pills.

Tic Pills. (1992.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Reduced Iron	72 grains
Extract of Gentian	15 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	8 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 24 pills.

Neuralgia Pills.

Tic Pills. (5540.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Quinetum	½ ounce
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (5383.)

Synonym.—Tic and Toothache Pills.

Capsicum, in fine powder	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	18 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	36 grains

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic Pills. (2244.)

Synonym.—Neuralgia or Nerve Pills.

Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Zinc Valerianate	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (2053.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic Pills. (142.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Compound Acacia Powder	40 grains

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (143.)

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm

or a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (144.)

Synonym.—Neuralgia Pills.

Capsicum, in very fine powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Reduced Iron	4 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P., 1885)	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic Pills. (1457.)

Compound Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic Pills. (8301.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	370 grains
Quinine Sulphate	350 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	24 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains

Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Tic Pills. (1448.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces
Socotrine Aloes	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (9953.)

Cinchonidine Sulphate	100 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	50 grains
Gelseminine	5 grains
Podophyllum Resin	5 grains
Strychnine Sulphate	3 grains
Capsicin	10 grains

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 100 pills.

Tic Pills. (8655.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	36½ grains
Quinine Sulphate, in powder	2 ounces
Reduced Iron	2 ounces
Extract of Aconite	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Tic Pills. (8709.)

Pill of Quinine Sulphate.

Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Tic Pills. (8173.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Extract of Belladonna	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	24 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic Pills or Tablets. (3225.)

Synonym.—Neuralgia Pills or Tablets.

Camphor	¼ ounce
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Green Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce

Mix and divide into suitable pills or tablets.

Tic Doloreux Pills. (328.)

Ferrous Carbonate	4 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic or Faceache Pills. (16.)

Quinine Sulphate	1½ ounces
Camphor	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Extract of Lettuce (B.P., 1885)	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (8936.)

Quinine Sulphate	1¼ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (9724.)

Quinine Sulphate	1½ ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	55 grains
Zinc Valerianate	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Tic and Neuralgia Pill. (9243.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Pill. (9725.)

Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1½ ounces
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Extract of Gentian	¾ ounce

Liquorice Root, in powder, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (8123.)

Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Tartarated Antimony	20 grains
Extract of Gentian	180 grains
Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains

Liquorice Root, in powder, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (5514.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	60 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	150 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	24 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Quinine Sulphate	144 grains
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (4106.)

Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Strychnine	4 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	42 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	96 grains
Extract of Gentian	96 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Tic and Neuralgic Pills. (9328.)

Capsicum, in powder	2 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	4 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (6306.)

Ferrous Sulphate	24 grains
Opium, in powder	8 grains
Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	24 grains

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass and divide into 48 pills.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (6651.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	120 grains
Morphine Acetate	40 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	40 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	160 grains

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (5781.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	12 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into 48 pills.

Tic and Neuralgia Pills. (5824.)

Ferrous Sulphate	36 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	4 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	24 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic or Neuralgia Pills. (6661.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	25 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	3 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	5 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Tic or Neuralgia Pills. (1937.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	3 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	6 ounces
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	¾ ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1½ ounces
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce

Syrup of Senna, a sufficient quantity

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic or Neuralgia Pills. (9500.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Extract of Belladonna	12 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Tic, Neuralgia or Nerve Pills. (227.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	73 grains
Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces
Reduced Iron	4 ounces
Extract of Aconite	½ ounce
Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic, Neuralgia or Nerve Pills. (228.)

Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic, Neuralgia or Nerve Pills. (226.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2½ ounces
Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Extract of Conium	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic and Toothache Pills. (6624.)

Extract of Belladonna	120 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	9 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic and Toothache Pills. (6324.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	5 ounces

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Pills.

Toothache Pills. (9219.)

Quinine Sulphate	96 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Extract of Gentian	40 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	48 grains
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	30 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Toothache or Nerve Pills. (1394.)

Zinc Valerianate	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Galbanum	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Toothache or Tic Pills. (1615.)

Cinammon, in powder	30 grains
Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Extract of Valerian	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	36 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Thyroid and Quinine Pills. (5754.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	¼ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Thyroid Gland, in powder	1½ ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Antispasmodic Pills. (9905.)

Synonym.—Wind Pills.

Aloin	½ ounce
Asafetida	5 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	1½ ounces

Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Asafetida Pills. (9858.)

Synonym.—Wind Pills.

Compound Pill of Galbanum.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Blood and Stomach Pills. (9730.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Blood and Stomach Pills. (5914.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head Pills. (2722.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Head and Liver Pills. (5501.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	36 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 grains
Mercury Pill	12 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Head and Liver Pills. (5367.)

Canella Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Sulphate	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Colocynth	¼ ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2½ ounces
Mercury Pill	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (285.

Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (1116.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (1348.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (1318.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2¼ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (332.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	24 grains
Podophyllum Resin	2¼ grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	192 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (240.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (2115.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	12 grains
Gamboge, in powder	24 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	24 grains
Jalap, in powder	48 grains
Mercurous Chloride	24 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	96 grains
Oil of Cloves	6 drops
Oil of Peppermint	3 drops

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Head and Stomach Pills. (7088.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	720 grains
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Treacle	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8396.)

Synonyms.—Vegetable and Blood Pills, or Little Gems.

Aloin	¼ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Gingerin	¼ ounce
Iridin	¼ ounce
Jalapin	¼ ounce
Leptandrin	¼ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8097.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	120 grains
Potassium Sulphate	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Oil of Sassafras	2 fl. drachms

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8442.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	3 ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	165 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8629.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Syrup of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (9037.)

Synonym.—Family Aperient Pills.

Hard Soap, in powder	12 grains
Scammony, in powder	30 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	80 grains
Extract of Rhubarb	10 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	6 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8535.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	30 minims
Syrup	of each a sufficient quantity
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8424.)

Hard Soap, in powder	90 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	20 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	360 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	60 grains
Oil of Caraway	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8704.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8627.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Cape Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	15 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8519.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8998.)

Synonym.—Antibilious and Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	180 grains
Mercurous Chloride	360 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	90 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	180 grains
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	5 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (9302.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap	of each a sufficient quantity.
Treacle	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (8287.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Cloves, in powder	120 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Stomach Pills.

Head and Stomach Pills. (5785.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Extract of Colocynth, in powder	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (9363.)

Synonym.—Compound Dandelion and Chamomile Pills.

Socotrine Aloes	36 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	24 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	48 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	24 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	8 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	16 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	3 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Head and Stomach Pill. (6308.)

Canella Bark, in powder	¼ ounce
Cape Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	½ fl. drachm

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (1954.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (5804.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1885)	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (5524.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	¾ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (4103.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Cape Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia.. Syrup	a sufficient quantity of each

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (6734.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (2506.)

Synonym—Antibilious Pills.

Compound Rhubarb Pill.
Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Head and Stomach Pills. (5772.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (2766.)

Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (9083.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head and Stomach Pills. (2231.)

Synonym.—Aperient Pills.

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach, and Liver Pills. (9604.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Gingerin	55 grains
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Scammony Resin	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	55 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	55 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Head, Stomach, and Liver Pills. (9103.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	21 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	7 grains
Gamboge, in powder	5 grains
Ginger, in powder	3 grains
Jalap, in powder	21 grains
Soft Soap	6 grains

Oil of Cloves, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach, and Liver Pills. (8001.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	5 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	5 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Oil of Caraway	160 minims
Oil of Peppermint	160 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (2119.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	180 grains
Gingerin	15 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Little Head and Stomach Pills. (6675.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (2175.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	48 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	24 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	12 grains
Jalap, in powder	36 grains
Mercurous Chloride	8 grains
Gingerin	3 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (5403.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Gingerin	55 minims

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (5767.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2½ ounces
Senna Leaves, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2¼ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Senna	2¼ fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (6594.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Antibilious Pill (No. 6593)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose —4 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (5838.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (5596.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	8 ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ ounce
Oil of Peppermint	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (1804.)

Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	8 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Mercury Pill	9½ ounces
Oil of Caraway	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (5597.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Jalap, in powder	2¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (5224.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	360 grains
Scammony Resin	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce

Tincture of Aloes, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Head, Stomach and Liver Pills. (5293.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Pill of Gamboge	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Operating Pills. (284.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	6 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	20 grains
Gamboge, in powder	4 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	4 grains
Jalap, in powder	8 grains
Gingerin	2 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rhubarb Pills. (5755.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Confection of Hips	1¼ ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	2¼ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms

Solution of Potash, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rhubarb and Ginger Pills. (6637.)

Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Rhubarb and Ginger Pills. (1173.)

Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	250 grains
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P., 1885)	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills. (8459.)

Synonym.—Head Pills.

Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ ounces
Mercury Pill	½ ounce
Distilled Water Syrup of Orange	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills. (8206.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	2 ounces
Gentian Root, in powder	8 ounces
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill (P.L.)	10 ounces
Extract of Gentian	8 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Stomach Pills. (2324.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	6¼ ounces
Caraway Fruits, in powder	3½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	13 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	19 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	6¼ ounces
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	12 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	15 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	37 ounces
Soft Soap	8 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	2¼ fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Stomach Pills. (9058.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1½ ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	240 grains
Oil of Caraway	60 minims

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Stomach Pills. (9178.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2¼ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Stomach Pills. (9028.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	120 grains
Capsicum, in powder	20 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Saffron	5 grains
Sodium Sulphate	5 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Stomach Pills. (1825.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Capsicin	55 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Oil of Dill, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Stomach Pills. (2607.)

Known as Pagan's Pills.

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Scammony, in powder	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	300 grains
Extract of Jalap	150 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains
Mercury Pill	150 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills. (5859.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Soft Soap	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	4 ounces

Mix.

Stomach Pills. (5234.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills. (2606.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Scammony, in powder	60 grains
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	150 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	300 grains
Extract of Jalap	150 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills. (6219.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach and Antibilious Pills. (5813.)

Cape Aloes	22 ounces
Liquorice Root, in powder	3 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2½ ounces
Scammony Resin	8 ounces
Oil of Anise	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	10 fl. drachms
Treacle	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach and Digestive Pills. (7012.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	3½ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces
Soft Soap	¼ ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Stomach, Head and Liver Pills. (9787.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	80 grains
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. drachm

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 6 grains

Stomach Pills.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (5341.)

Synonym.—Head and Stomach Pills.
Aperient Pills, No. 511.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (9937.)

Synonyms.—Blood and Stomach Pills; Headache Pills; Liver Pills.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (1470.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Cape Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (8582.)

Mercurous Chloride	180 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4½ ounces
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (6213.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (6253.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	40 ounces
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Olive Oil	2 fl. drachms

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (1634.)

Synonyms.—Antibilious Pills, Family Pills.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	10 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (5769.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Hard Soap, in powder	55 grains
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	¼ ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	½ ounce
Gingerin	55 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Stomach and Liver Pills. (8100.)

Podophyllum Resin	55 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach, Liver and Nervine Pills. (2841.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	10 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach and Purifying Pills. (8430.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	480 grains
Capsicin	20 grains

Soft Soap, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains

Stomachic Pills. (2173.)

Mercurous Chloride	30 grains
Scammony, in powder	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	120 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	120 grains
Oil of Chamomile	3 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Stomachic or Digestive Pills. (6748.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Calumba Root, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	5 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (510.)

Compound Pill of Galbanum.
Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (8673.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Pill of Galbanum	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Wind Pills. (9719.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Chamomile	2½ fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Wind Pills. (8107.)

Asafetida, in powder	2 ounces
Cinchona Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Heavy Magnesia	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Wind Pills. (9729.)

Black Pepper, in powder	480 grains
Phenol	360 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	120 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	240 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	120 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Wind Pills. (8938.)

Galbanum, in powder	360 grains
Ginger, in powder	300 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Wind Pills. (9841.)

Gingerin	¼ ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Galbanum	3 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	55 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Wind Pills. (1138.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Compound Pill of Galbanum	4 ounces
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (520.)

Pill of Aloes and Asafetida.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (233.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (759)

Gingerin	12 grains
Compound Pill of Colocynth	216 grains
Compound Pill of Galbanum	216 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Wind Pills. (9300.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Asafetida, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Hard Soap, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Wind Pills. (2726.)

Hard Soap, in powder	140 grains
Opium, in powder	72 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	180 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	72 grains
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Wind Pills. (2008.)

Asafetida	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (2656.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	60 grains
Creosote	6 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (6317.)

Asafetida, in powder	1 ounce
Cape Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (5797.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	6 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	8 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (1613.)

Compound Pill of Galbanum	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Wind Pills. (1673.)

Compound Pill of Galbanum	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (6225.)

Compound Pill of Galbanum	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (9237.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	2 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Gingerin	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (8341.)

Synonym.—Wind and Water Pills.

Gingerin	55 grains
Compound Pill of Galbanum	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Wind and Digestive Pills. (9147.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	96 grains
Ginger, in powder	36 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	96 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	18 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	96 grains

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Pills.

Wind and Indigestion Pills. (9136.)

Compound Pill of Rhubarb.
Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind and Stomach Pills. (8652.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1½ ounces
Extract of Rhubarb	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains

Wind and Water Pills. (9919.)

Asafetida, in powder	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	5 ounces
Capsicin	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Juniper	½ fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Wind and Water Pills. (8009.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Juniper	4 fl. drachms

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tonic Pills.

Damiana Pills. (1646.)

Phosphorus	1 grain
Extract of Coca	100 grains
Extract of Damiana	100 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	25 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Damiana Pills. (1647.)

Phosphorus	1 grain
Extract of Damiana	200 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	12½ grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Compound Damiana Pills. (249.)

Quinine Hydrochloride	½ ounce
Alcoholic Extract of Damiana	1 ounce
Extract of Coca	1 ounce
Phosphorus Pill	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Compound Iron Phosphate Pills. (420.)

(Parrish.)

Calcium Phosphate	2½ ounces
Iron Phosphate	1 ounce
Potassium Phosphate	88 grains
Sodium Phosphate	36 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Phosphorus, Iron and Quinine Pills. (8379.)

Phosphorus	1 grain
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Reduced Iron	96 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 32 pills.

Tonic Pills.

Compound Phosphorus Pills. (8380.)

Reduced Iron	300 grains
Phosphorus	2 grains
Quinine Sulphate	50 grains
Strychnine	2½ grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 100 pills.

Compound Pill of Ferrous Phosphate. (8363.)

Calcium Phosphate	30 ounces
Iron Phosphate	6 ounces
Potassium Phosphate	1½ ounces
Sodium Phosphate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Compound Pill of Hypophosphites. (8364.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	80 grains
Iron Hypophosphite	80 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Quinine Hypophosphite	20 grains
Manganese Hypophosphite	40 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass, and divide into 160 pills.

Compound Pill of Hypophosphites. (319.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	80 grains
Ferrous Hypophosphite	80 grains
Manganese Hypophosphite	40 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Quinine Hypophosphite	20 grains
Strychnine Hypophosphite	1 grain
Compound Acacia Powder Syrup of Glucose	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Compound Pill of Iron Phosphate. (320.)

(Easton's Formula.)

Iron Phosphate	160 grains
Quinine Phosphate	120 grains
Strychnine	5 grains
Compound Acacia Powder Syrup of Glucose	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Compound Quinine Pills. (427.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Quinine and Belladonna Pills. (8305.)

Synonym.—Neuralgia Pills.

Quinine Sulphate	2½ ounces
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Quinine and Iron Pills. (8377.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tonic Pills. (504.)

Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce
Iron Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tonic Pills.

Tonic Pills. (9229.)

Capsicum, in powder	$\frac{1}{4}$ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1718.)

Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	$\frac{1}{4}$ ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1719.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1720.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 to 2 ounces
Reduced Iron	2 ounces

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1721.)

Reduced Iron	240 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	20 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1715.)

Arsenious Anhydride	6 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	240 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1716,)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Capsicum, in fine powder	$\frac{1}{4}$ ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1717.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	44 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1725.)

Phosphorus	6 to 10 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	75 to 150 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass, and divide into 300 pills.

Tonic Pills. (1726.)

Phosphorus	4 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Reduced Iron	360 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	30 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass, and divide into 120 pills.

Tonic Pills. (1727.)

Phosphorus	6 to 10 grains
Quinine Sulphate	150 to 300 grains
Reduced Iron	600 to 900 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass, and divide into 300 pills.

Tonic Pills.

Tonic Pills. (1728.)

Phosphorus	3 to 5 grains
Reduced Iron	450 to 600 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass, and divide into 150 pills.

Tonic Pills. (1722.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce
Iron Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Tonic Pills. (1723.)

Phosphorus	6 to 10 grains
Quinine Sulphate	150 to 300 grain

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass, and divide into 300 pills.

Tonic Pills. (1724.)

Phosphorus	6 to 10 grains
Quinine Sulphate	150 to 300 grain
Extract of Nux Vomica	75 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass, and divide into 300 pills.

Tonic Pills. (8612.)

Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tonic Pills. (8234.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	$\frac{1}{4}$ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tonic Pills. (8378.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	8 ounces
Extract of Gentian	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Tonic Pills. (430.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Tonic Pills. (431.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Tonic Pills. (434.)

Phosphorus	14 grains
Quinine Sulphate	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce
Reduced Iron	3 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Tonic Pills. (435.)

Monckton's Formula.

Arsenious Anhydride	12 grains
Reduced Iron	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Tonic Pills.

Tonic Corrective Pills. (9575.)

Ferrous Sulphate	4 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tonic Digestive Pills. (436.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	2 ounces
Pepsin	1 ounce
Reduced Iron	1 ounce
Strychnine	18 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Tonic Nerve Pills. (5784.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tonic and Digestive Pills. (5766.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1¼ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	12 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Oil of Chamomile	4 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Vegetable Pills. (9923.)

Extract of Damiana	7 ounces
Extract of Kola	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Pills.

Worm Pills. (1731.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Worm Pills. (1730.)

Jalap Resin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Worm Pills. (1729.)

Santonin, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Worm Pills. (416.)

Santonin	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Worm Pills. (1576)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	2 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

RECIPES FOR POWDERS.

Alterative and Blood Powders.

Alterative Powder. (8509.)

Caraway Fruit, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	16 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Alterative Powders. (1153.)

Potassium Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Mild Alterative Powders. (1366.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Mild Alterative Powders. (6387.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Alterative Powder for Eruptions. (1439.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	1 ounce

Mix.

Blood Powder. (8391.)

Alum, in powder	½ ounce
Arrowroot	2 ounces
Charcoal	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	½ ounce
Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Black Sulphur	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Blood Purifier. (2111.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Oil of Lemon	10 minims

Mix.

Blood Purifying Powder. (8336.)

Ginger, in powder	110 grains
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	28 grains
Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	1½ ounces

Mix.

Purifying Powder. (8112.)

Compound Powder of Liquorice	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	½ ounce

Mix.

Alterative and Blood Powders.

Blood Purifying Powder. (6687).

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	6 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	6 ounces

Mix.

Spring and Autumn Powder. (3232.)

Synonym.—Blood-purifying Powder.

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 120 grains.

Spring and Autumn Medicine. (5243.)

Ginger, in powder	45 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	780 grains
Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Acid Potassium Tartrate	240 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	1½ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims

Mix.

Aperient and Cathartic Powders.

Adult Cooling Powder. (6548.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	6 ounces
Ginger, in powder	180 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	12 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Aperient Powder. (8597.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Aperient Powder. (8422.)

Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Aperient Powders. (9558.)

Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	10 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Aperient and Cathartic Powders.

Aperient Powders. (8588.)

Synonym.—Worm Powders.

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Powders. (9669.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Aperient Powders. (9448.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	5 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Aperient Powders. (6870.)

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	12 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	6 ounces

Mix.

Aperient Powders. (701.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient Powders. (1065.)

Prescribed by Dr. Baird.

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Aperient Powders. (1152.)

Potassium Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Aperient Powders. (1231.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Brown Aperient Powders. (1209.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Brown Aperient Powders. (8258.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Jalap	2½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity to colour.	

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient and Cathartic Powders.

Brown Powders. (364.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Mercury, with Chalk	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Milk Sugar	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

"Brown Powder" for Constipation. (6356.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cathartic Powder. (9542.)

Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Cathartic Salt. (8656.)

Magnesium Sulphate, in powder	1½ pounds
Potassium Bromide, in powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Chloride, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphate, in powder	3 pounds

Mix. Dose.—60 to 240 grains.

Cheltenham Salts. (9548.)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 grain
Sodium Chloride	20 grains
Sodium Sulphate	240 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	132 grains

Mix.

Cleansing Powders. (2595.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix.

Harrogate Salts. (9262.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	360 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	1 pound
Sulphurated Potash	1 ounce

Mix.

Liver Salt. (9765.)

Carlsbad Salt Crystals.

Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Purgative Powders. (2258.)

Compound Powder of Jalap	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	88 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—20 grains.

Purifying Powder for the Blood. (8991.)

Cinnamon, in powder	1 ounce
Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	8 ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 grains.

Stronger Liquorice Powder. (6104.)

Fennel Fruit, in fine powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in fine powder	2 ounces
Gluside	6 grains
Senna Leaves, in fine powder	2 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce

Mix.

Aperient and Cathartic Powders.

Rhubarb and Magnesia. (9541.)

Ginger, in powder	12 grains
Magnesia	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Asthma and Whooping Cough Powders.

Asthma Powder. (929.)

Oil of Anise	4 minims
Lobelia Herb, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Tea Leaves, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (925.)

Belladonna Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Black Tea Leaves, in powder	1½ ounces
Fennel Fruit, in powder	½ ounce
Lobelia Herb, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (763.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	1 pound
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	3 pounds
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	½ pound

Mix.

Cold and Influenza Powder. (6144.)

Synonym.—Fever Powder.

Camphor, in powder	9 grains
Cochineal, in powder	15 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	144 grains
Milk Sugar	576 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 20 grains.

Influenza Powder. (5478.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Quinine Sulphate	4 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	10 grains
Refined Sugar	16 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	2 grains

Mix. Dose.—30 grains.

The Powder. (9296.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Opium, in powder	5 grains

Mix.

The Powder known as Barber's Mixture. (2621.)

Benzoic Acid	400 grains
Camphor	400 grains
Opium, in powder	200 grains

Mix.

Whooping Cough Powder. (6587.)

Antimonial Powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	3 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Senega Root, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Whooping Cough Powder. (6294.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Alterative Powders for Children. (659.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Aperient and Cooling Powders. (1110.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient and Cooling Powders. (5394.)

Mercurous Chloride	16 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	72 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient Fever Powder for Children. (8353.)

Jalap, in powder	5 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Aperient Powder (for Children). (686.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in fine powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Brown Powders. (9980.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Brown Powders. (8194.)

Jalap, in powder	1¾ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Brown Powders. (9865.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Brown Powders for Children. (9686.)

Synonyms.—Aperient Powders; Stomachic Powders.

Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Child's Cooling and Fever Powders. (6365.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Powders. (9070.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Children's Powders. (9473.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Sulphate	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Powders. (7007.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Children's Powders.

Children's Powders. (9409.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Sulphate	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Children's Powders. (9391.)

Antimonial Powder	¼ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Powders. (110.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Powders. (6108.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Children's Powders. (6385.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Powders. (5442.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Milk Sugar	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 12 grains.

Children's Powders. (7006.)

Mercury with Chalk	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Children's Powders. (7005.)

Mercury with Chalk	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	200 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Children's Powders. (6948.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 grains.

Children's Powders (Vegetable). (109.)

Jalapin	36 grains
Compound Powder of Liquorice	3 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Aperient Powder. (2545.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Children's Powders.

Children's Aperient Powders. (5364.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Aperient Powders. (6839.)

Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	20 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Cooling Powder. (6762.)

Heavy Magnesia	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Children's Cooling Powder. (6547.)

Light Magnesia	3 ounces
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	240 grains
Acid Potassium Tartrate	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Children's Cooling Powder. (5547.)

Compound Powder of Liquorice	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Children's Cooling Powder. (747.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Children's Cooling Powders. (8217.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Children's Cooling Powders. (1818.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 grains.

Children's Cooling Powders. (6374.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphate	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Children's Cooling Powders. (2011.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Cooling Powders. (6111.)

Synonyms.—Infants' Teething Powders; Pink Powders.

Carmine	2 grains
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Children's Cooling Powders. (9540.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Children's Cooling Powders. (1177.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	40 grains
Jalapin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Carmine	4 grains
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Children's Cooling and Fever Powders. (6260.)

Acid Potassium Tartarate	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Cooling and Soothing Powders. (8240.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 ounces

Mix.

Children's Cooling and Teething Powders. (1133.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Cooling and Teething Powders. (9081.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Milk Sugar	11½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Children's Febrifuge Powder. (9742.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 grain
Trituration of Aconite (3x)	399 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Fever Powders. (8345.)

Antimonial Powder	3 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	3 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	110 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Mix.

Children's Fever Powders. (8716.)

Synonym.—Cooling Powders.

Carmine	1 grain
Gluside	4 grains
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Children's Fever Powders. (1829.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Children's Pink Powders. (8196.)

Chrome Yellow	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Children's Soothing Powders. (6170.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Children's Soothing Powders. (9177.)

Synonym.—Children's Fever Powders.

Carmine	1 grain
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Children's Soothing Powders. (6871.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Starch, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Children's Stomach Powders. (8445.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Stomach or Aperient Powder. (6261.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Children's Teething Powder. (6262.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	4 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	7 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Children's Teething Powders. (5365.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 grains.

Children's Teething Powders. (1986.)

Gamboge, in powder	56 grains
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Morphine Acetate	14 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	12 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 grains.

Children's Teething Powders. (8581.)

Antimonial Powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Carmine	1 grain

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Teething Powders. (8127.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Children's Teething Powders. (6394.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	5 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Children's Teething Powders. (2546.)

Mercury, with Chalk	1 ounce
Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Children's Teething and Cooling Powders. (8172.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces

Mix.

Children's Teething and Cooling Powders. (8539.)

Ammonium Bromide	5 ounces
Liquorice Root, in powder	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Teething and Cooling Powders. (8538.)

Potassium Chlorate, in powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Children's Teething and Cooling Powders. (8537.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Rhubarb	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Teething and Cooling Powders. (8540.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Milk Sugar	40 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	20 grains
Oil of Dill	20 minims

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Children's Teething and Cooling Powders. (6114.)

Heavy Magnesia	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Children's Teething and Fever Powders. (6398.)

Antimonial Powder	30 grains
Compound Powder of Liquorice	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Children's Teething or Fever Powders. (9866.)

Potassium Nitrate, dried	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Acacia, in powder	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4¼ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 grains.

Cooling Powder. (2770.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Sugar of Milk	2 ounces

Mix.

Cooling Powder. (9824.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Magnesium Carbonate	4 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	1 pound
Sublimed Sulphur, in powder	1 pound
Sulphurated Antimony	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Cooling Powder. (2596.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Cooling Powder. (6355.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2 ounces
Anise Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

White Cooling Powder. (1824.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Rice Flour	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cooling Powders. (9539.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cooling Powders. (9533.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cooling Powders. (1033.)

Synonyms.—Hive Powders; Teething Powders.

Heavy Magnesia	2 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Cooling Powders. (1631.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Cooling Powders. (7013.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Cooling Powders. (6659.)

Antimonial Powder (P.L.)	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce

Mix.

Cooling Powders. (5748.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	15 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Cooling Powders. (2361.)

Antimonial Powder	144 grains
Mercurous Chloride	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	144 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	240 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Cooling Powders. (8468.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Children's Powders.

Cooling Powders. (8587.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Milk Sugar	3 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Cooling Powders. (8556.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Antimonial Powder	160 grains
Ginger, in powder	160 grains
Jalap, in powder	160 grains
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Cooling Powders for Children. (9532.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—8 to 15 grains.

Cooling Powders for Children. (9801.)

Antimonial Powder	150 grains
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Refined Sugar	2½ ounces

Mix.

Pink Cooling Powders. (9338.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Pink Cooling Powders. (363.)

Antimonial Powder	¼ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	4 ounces
Carmine	3 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cooling Aperient Powders for Children. (6857.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cooling Aperient Powders. (1053.)

Synonyms.—White Soothing Powders; White Teething Powders.

Mercurous Chloride	160 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Starch	280 grains

Mix. Dose.—1½ to 5 grains.

Cooling Aperient Powders. (1054.)

Synonyms.—Pink Soothing Powders; Pink Teething Powders.

Carmine	1 grain
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	40 grains
Mercurous Chloride	160 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Starch	240 grains

Mix. Dose.—1½ to 5 grains.

Children's Powders.

Cooling and Aperient Powders. (8590.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2½ ounces
Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Anise, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Cooling and Aperient Powders. (8429.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	6 grains
Mercurous Chloride	240 grains
Milk Sugar	240 grains

Mix.

Cooling and Aperient Powders. (9107.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Cooling and Aperient Powders. (9374.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Peroxide of Iron (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity.	
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2½ ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cooling or Fever Powders. (9065.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Cooling and Soothing Powders. (8226.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (8934.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Milk Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (5297.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Tasteless Cooling and Teething Powders. (6174.)

Carmine	1 grain
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (1064.)

Synonyms.—Grey Powders; Hive Powders; Stomach Powders; Teething Powders.

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (9745.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	10 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Children's Powders.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (2791.)

Synonym.—Fever Powders.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (7030.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (9946.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (9304.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in fine powder	3 ounces
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.— 1 to 4 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (9201.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (9840.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound of Tragacanth	6 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (9789.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (787.)

Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Milk Sugar, in Powder	4 ounces
Carmine	3 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (1472.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	¼ ounce
Cinnamon, in powder	1 ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	¾ ounce
Mercury with Chalk	4 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (5413.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Mercury, with Chalk	420 grains
Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	720 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (6904.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Children's Powders.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (8209.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (8440.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cooling and Teething Powders. (8011.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cooling or Teething Powders. (8607.)

Synonym.—Fever Powders.

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cooling or Teething Powders. (8606.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cooling, Teething, and Fever Powders. (6696.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	½ ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Diarrhœa Powders for Children. (8524.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk.

Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Fever Powders. (5390.)

Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	4 ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Potassium Chlorate	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	5 ounces

Mix.

Fever Powders. (6116.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	8 ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Valerian Rhizome, in powder	½ ounce

Mix.

Fever Powders. (8413.)

Dr. Barton's Prescription.

Citric Acid, in crystals	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate, in powder	1½ ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Fever Powders. (1577.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Fever Powders. (8327.)

Jalap, in powder	8¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	¾ ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	6 ounces

Mix.

Fever Powders. (9975.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Fever Powders. (5253.)

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	6 ounces
Compound Powder of Scammony	5 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 16 grains.

Fever Powders. (6183.)

Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Scammony Resin	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 grains.

Fever Powders. (5380.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	5½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Fever Powders. (8450.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Fever Powders for Children. (9772.)

Compound Powder of Jalap.

Dose.—5 to 20 grains.

Fever Powders for Children. (5462.)

Antimonial Powder	¼ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Rose Earth	10 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	1½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Fever Powders for Children. (3177.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Carmine	14 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	12 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Fever Powders for Children. (2714.)

Synonym.—Teething Powders.

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Fever Powders (for Children). (536.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 to 3 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	1 to 3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 to 3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Fever and Cooling Powder. (5269.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Fever and Cooling Powders. (9102.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix.

Fever, Cooling, and Teething Powders. (6109.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Grey Powders. (5280.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Grey Powders. (9030.)

Mercury with Chalk	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Grey Powders. (8428.)

Synonym.—Cooling and Aperient Powder.

Gluside	6 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	4 grains
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	160 grains

Mix.

Grey Powders. (9108.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Grey Powders. (650.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Headache or Neuralgia Powders. (1312.)

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Hive and Teething Powders. (9121.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	¾ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Infants' Powders. (9800.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Children's Powders.

Matricaria Teething Powders. (7039.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	120 grains
Milk Sugar	1 pound
Refined Sugar, in Powder	8 ounces
Tincture of Aconite	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Chamomile	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Pink Powders. (5279.)

Carmine	9 grains
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Pink Powders. (1828.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Carmine	4½ grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Pink Powders. (9299.)

Mercurous Chloride	30 grains
Carmine	2 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	90 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Pink Powders. (9974.)

Carmine	2 grains
Mercurous Chloride	200 grains
Refined Sugar	400 grains

Mix.

Pink Powders. (9349.)

Synonym.—Fever and Cooling Powders.

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Pink Powders. (5480.)

Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Milk Sugar	300 grains
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Pink Powders. (6768.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Pink Powders. (6185.)

Jalap, in powder	2¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4½ ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Pink Powders for Children. (9804.)

Carmine	2 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Pink Teething Powders. (9720.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—1½ to 6 grains.

Children's Powders.

Pink Teething Powders. (9170.)

Mercuric Sulphide	5 grains
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	180 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Pink Teething Powders. (5446.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Pink Teething Powders. (6366.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Pink Teething Powders. (6863.)

Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Antimonial Powder	120 grains
Carmine	1 grain
Refined Sugar, in powder	300 grains

Mix.

Soothing Powders. (8106.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	½ ounce
Heavy Magnesia	5 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Soothing Powders. (8739.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 grains.

Soothing Powders. (8624.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Soothing Powders. (8259.)

Prepared Chalk	5 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Carmine, sufficient to colour.	

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Soothing Powders. (1319.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix.

Soothing Aperient and Teething Powders. (9031.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Soothing and Cooling Powders. (6113.)

Synonym.—Teething Powders.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Soothing Powders for Children. (1974.)

Synonyms.—Cooling, Hive, Stomach and Teething Powders.

Mercury with Chalk	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Soothing and Teething Powders. (9096.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	5 ounces

Mix.

Soothing and Teething Powders. (8993.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Oil of Caraway	20 minims

Mix.

Soothing and Teething Powders. (8589.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Soothing and Teething Powders. (8344.)

Antimonial Powder	110 grains
Mercurous Chloride	220 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	110 grains
Milk Sugar	12 ounces

Mix.

Soothing and Teething Powders. (5929.)

Prepared Chalk	400 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	8 grains
Mercurous Chloride	80 grains
Potassium Sulphate	72 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Soothing and Teething Powders. (6354.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3½ ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Soothing or Teething Powders. (8055.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Sulphate	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—1 to 12 grains.

Soothing or Teething Powders. (3159.)

Heavy Magnesia	360 grains
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	360 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Stomach, Teething, or Cooling Powders. (2615.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Sugar of Anise. (1019.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Sugar of Anise. (606.)

Oil of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Tasteless Teething Powder. (6763.)

Heavy Magnesia	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Sugar of Aniseed. (1075.)

Synonym.—Flowers of Aniseed.

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims

Mix. Dose.—5 to 20 grains.

Teething Powder. (8329.)

Antimonial Powder	12 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	6 grains
Magnesium Carbonate	24 grains
Mercurous Chloride	95 grains
Milk Sugar	140 grains

Mix.

Teething Powder. (6238.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	24 grains
Mercurous Chloride	72 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Teething Powder. (6966.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething Powder. (6217.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Teething Powder. (6147.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	300 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	280 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders. (8717.)

Gluside	5 grains
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce
Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (8021.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (8051.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (8091.)

Antimonial Powder	¼ ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	½ ounce
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	¾ ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 3 grains.

Children's Powders.

Teething Powders. (8503.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	6 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (8462.)

Mercurous Chloride	80 grains
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (8455.)

Antimonial Powder	80 grains
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	600 grains

Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (8745.)

Synonym.—Cooling Powders.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Carmine	4 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (8579.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (8272.)

Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3¾ ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Teething Powders. (9203.)

Antimonial Powder	12 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	360 grains

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Teething Powders. (1015.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Teething Powders. (741.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Carmine, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders. (1039.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 to 4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Teething Powders. (466.)

Synonym.—Cooling Powders.

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Children's Powders.

Teething Powders. (437.)

Synonym.—Cooling Powders.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (700.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	6 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Teething Powders. (1369.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (9706.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (9973.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Teething Powders. (9053.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Teething Powders. (8925.)

Mercurous Chloride	160 grains
Milk Sugar	1½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (9577.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1½ ounces

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Teething Powders. (9610.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Starch, in powder	1 ounce

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders. (9705.)

Antimonial Powder	400 grains
Mercurous Chloride	400 grains
Morphine Acetate	4 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	800 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders. (9484.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	4 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Teething Powders. (9181.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Teething Powders. (9105.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix.

Teething Powders. (9064.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	6 grains
Mercurous Chloride	36 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	36 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	66 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders. (3254.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	30 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	450 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (5381.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	5½ ounces

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

White Powders. (2597.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix.

Teething Powders. (2598.)

Antimonial Powder	8 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	20 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 grain
Liquorice Root, in powder	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	10 grains
Opium, in fine powder	1 grain
Potassium Bromide	20 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	20 grains

Mix.

Teething Powders. (1905.)

Mercurous Chloride	3½ ounces
Milk Sugar	7 ounces
Opium, in powder	20 grains
Turmeric, in powder	20 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 grains

Teething Powders. (6373.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders. (5230.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Scammony	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Teething Powders. (5432.)

Heavy Magnesia	2 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	16 ounces
Refined Sugar	14 ounces

Oil of Anise, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Teething Powders. (5487.)

Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	660 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Children's Powders,

Teething Powders. (5476.)

Milk Sugar	12 grains
Mercurous Chloride	4 grains

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders. (6680.)

Antimonial Powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	1½ ounces

Mix.

Teething Powders. (6188.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (6750.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—½ to 3 grains.

Teething Powders. (6271.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—4 grains.

Teething Powders. (1827.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething Powders. (6362.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 grains.

Teething Powders. (6384.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	240 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (5585.)

Mercury, with Chalk	10 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	40 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (5438.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	120 grains
Mercury with Chalk	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (5466.)

Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Acid Potassium Tartrate	60 grains
Arrowroot	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (6325.)

Antimonial Powder	240 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	60 grains
Mercurous Chloride	240 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony, in powder	240 grains
Carmine	4 grains

Mix. Dose.—2½ grains.

Children's Powders.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (4090.)

Antimonial Powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	¼ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (6392.)

Antimonial Powder	16 grains
Mercurous Chloride	200 grains
Milk Sugar	764 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (5593.)

Mercurous Chloride	8 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	64 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (6730.)

Prepared Chalk	90 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 3 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (1929.)

Antimonial Powder	60 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Milk Sugar	1½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (2775.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (5252.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces
Potassium Chlorate	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Scammony	1 ounce
Oil of Dill	12 minims

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (6157.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (6736.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (1107.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (8382.)

Synonym.—Fever Powders.

Liquorice Root, in powder	½ ounce
Heavy Magnesia	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Powders.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (9497.)

Antimonial Powder	15 grains
Mercurous Chloride	30 grains
Milk Sugar	75 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (8169.)

Calcium Phosphate	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	6 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	11 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (9402.)

Antimonial Powder	30 grains
Mercurous Chloride	90 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate, in powder	120 grains
Rice Flour	480 grains

Mix.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (1313.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Arrowroot	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (1270.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1¼ ounces
Liquorice Root, in fine powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	5 ounces
Opium, in fine powder	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething or Cooling Powders. (9687.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Milk Sugar	16 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (9673.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce
Potassium Sulphate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (9606.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (9516.)

Antimonial Powder	60 grains
Carmine	1 grain
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Refined Sugar	420 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (9514.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (8619.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	6 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Teething or Cooling Powders. (8676.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	6 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Children's Powders.

Teething or Cooling Powders. (2167.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	20 grains
Mercury with Chalk	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powedr	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Teething and Fever Powders. (6312.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Teething and Fever Powders. (1849.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix.

Teething and Fever Powders. (5488.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Teething and Fever Powders. (6286.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Teething and Fever Powders. (6844.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Milk Sugar	2¼ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething and Fever Powders. (6645.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	9 grains
Mercurous Chloride	24 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	114 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	5 grains

Mix.

Teething and Fever Powders. (8298.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce

Mix.

Teething and Fever Powders. (231.)

Compound Powder of Liquorice	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	1 ounce
Rice Flour	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Teething and Fever Powders for Children. (2237.)

Antimonial Powder	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	80 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	300 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Teething or Fever Powder. (8874.)

Jalap, in powder	480 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Scammony Resin	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Teething and Grey Powders. (9267.)

Synonym.—Hive Powders.

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Children's Powders.

Teething and Soothing Powders. (9340.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Teething and Soothing Powders. (9743.)

Acetanilide	10 grains
Trituration of German Chamomile	390 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders or Cooling Powders. (6361.)

Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Milk Sugar	180 grains

Mix.

Composition Powders.

Composition Powder. (8511.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Cloves, in fine powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	8 ounces
Laurel Berries, in powder	16 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Composition Powder. (8485.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Cloves, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Laurel Berries, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Composition Powder. (9873.)

Bayberry Bark, in powder	40 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	2½ ounces
Cloves, in powder	2½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	20 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in powder	20 ounces

Mix.

Composition Powder. (9451.)

Bayberry Bark in powder	8 ounces
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Poplar Bark, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Cloves, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Composition Powder. (531.)

Bayberry Bark, in fine powder	16 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Cinnamon Bark, in fine powder	2½ ounces
Cloves, in fine powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in fine powder	8 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in fine powder	4 ounces
Sassafras Wood, in fine powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Composition Powder. (2166.)

Bayberry Bark, in powder	16 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Cinnamon, in powder	2 ounces
Cloves, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	8 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in powder	2 ounces
White Poplar Bark, in powder	8 ounces

Mix.

Composition Powders.

Composition Powder. (9358.)

Bayberry Bark, in powder	6 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Cloves, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	3 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Composition Powder. (2183.)

Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Cloves, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Laurel Berries, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Composition Powder. (6555.)

Bayberry Bark, in powder	8 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Cinammon Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
White Poplar, in powder	5 ounces

Mix.

Composition Powder. (926.)

Bayberry Bark, in powder	12 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Cloves, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark (*Pinus Canadensis*), in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 30 grains.

Composition Powder. (924.)

Bayberry Bark, in fine powder	16 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Cloves, in fine powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in fine powder	4 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark (*Pinus Canadensis*), in fine powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Composition Powder. (928.)

Bayberry Root Bark, in powder	12 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Cloves, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	6 ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 grains.

Composition Powder. (1920.)

Bay Laurel Berries, in powder	6 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Cassia Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Diaphoretic Powders.

Sweating Powder. (8381.)

Potassium Nitrate	3 ounces
Sodium Salicylate	4 ounces

Mix.

Sweating Powders. (8295.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha.
Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Sweating Powder (for Adults). (1011.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Sweating and Rheumatic Powder. (5429.)

Sodium Salicylate	240 grains

Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Diarrhœa Powders.

Astringent Powder. (3077.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	3 ounces
Prepared Chalk, in powder	4 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix and use as an ingredient of No. 3076.

Diarrhœa Powder. (8158.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	8 ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk with Opium	8 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	4 ounces
Prepared Chalk	4 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—20 grains.

Diarrhœa Powders. (1073.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk.
Dose.—5 to 60 grains.

Diarrhœa Powders for Adults. (8525.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk with Opium.
Dose.—5 to 20 grains.

Effervescing Powders.

Effervescent Chalybeate Saline. (9969.)

Ferrous Sulphate	3 ounces
Refined Sugar	260 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 ounces
Tartaric Acid	80 ounces

Reduce to powder, dry separately, and mix. Keep in dry, well-stoppered bottles.

Dose.—60 to 240 grains.

Effervescent Saline. (6359.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 pound
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	3 pounds
Refined Sugar, in powder	11 pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 pounds
Tartaric Acid	6 pounds

Mix.

Effervescent Saline or Febrifuge Powder. (8544.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate, in powder	2½ ounces
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate, in powder	5 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	7 ounces

Mix.

Effervescent Tonic Saline. (8115.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	20 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	38 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	40 ounces

Mix.

Effervescent Vegetable Saline. (7077.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	11 ounces, 125 grains
Tartaric Acid	10 ounces
Gluside	5 grains

Mix.

Effervescing Powders.

Effervescing Aperient Powders. (6367.)

Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 ounces
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	21 ounces
Oil of Lemon	45 minims

Mix. Dose.—320 grains, with 40 grains of tartaric acid.

Effervescing Aperient Saline. (8084.)

Citric Acid, in powder	3¾ ounces
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	9 ounces
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	3¾ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	42 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	37½ ounces
Sodium Chloride, in powder	2 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	30 ounces

Mix.

Effervescing Carlsbad Salt. (9971.)

Potassium Sulphate	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	18 ounces
Sodium Chloride	9 ounces
Sodium Sulphate	22 ounces

Powder separately, and mix to form the artificial Carlsbad salt; then take—

Artificial Carsbad Salt	32 ounces
Refined Sugar	24 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	63 ounces
Tartaric Acid	56 ounces

Each ingredient must be well dried and finely powdered before mixing. If required in the form of a granular powder, mix the compound with sufficient 90 per cent. alcohol to make a soft paste, then run through a No. 20 tinned-iron sieve, dry, and reduce to a coarse granular powder. Care should be taken to describe the preparation as made from the "artificial" salt.

Effervescing Citrate of Bismuth and Pepsin. (6233.)

Bismuth Citrate	1 ounce
Pepsin, in powder	⅕ ounce
Effervescent Magnesium Sulphate, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 ounces

Mix.

Health Salt. (8116.)

Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	12½ ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	20 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	38 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	40 ounces

Mix.

Health Salt. (5486.)

Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	8 ounces
Tartaric Acid	6 ounces
Refined Sugar	20 ounces

Mix.

Health Salt. (2498.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	4 pounds
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	2 pounds
Refined Sugar, in powder	12 pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 pounds
Tartaric Acid	4 pounds

Mix.

Extra Strong Seidlitz Powders. (8082.)

Refined Sugar, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	40 grains
Sodium Potassium Tartrate (dried)	180 grains
Oil of Lemon	½ minim

Mix. Wrap in blue paper.

Tartaric Acid (dried)	38 grains

Wrap in white paper.

Effervescing Powders.

"Double" Strength Lemon Seidlitz Powders. (9655.)

Blue Paper.

Oil of Lemon	1½ fl. drachm
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 ounces
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	18 ounces

Mix. Dose.—240 to 360 grains.

White Paper.

Tartaric Acid	1 ounce

Dose.—40 to 60 grains.

Hæmorrhoid Powders.

Pile Powders. (6184.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	5 ounces
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 grains.

Pile Powders. (6358.)

Hamamelis Bark, in powder	360 grains
Belladonna Leaves, in powder	30 grains
Compound Powder of Liquorice	6 ounces
Nux Vomica Seeds, in powder	60 grains
Turmeric, in powder	2 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce

Mix.

Pile Powder. (2404.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Jalap	1 ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—40 to 120 grains.

Pile Powder. (2421.)

Guaiacum Resin	½ ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 grains.

Pile Powders. (7026.)

Compound Powder of Liquorice	1 ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 grains.

Pile Powders. (3181.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 grains.

Pile Powder. (5489.)

Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Liquorice Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	8 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	8 ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 grains.

Pile Powder. (1458.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	9 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	7 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachm
Oil of Cinnamon	12 minims

Mix.

Hæmorrhoid Powders.

Pile Powders. (5563.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Black Pepper, in powder	120 grains
Compound Powder of Liquorice	240 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—40 to 60 grains.

Pile Powders. (6756.)

Compound Powder of Liquorice	4 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cassia	20 minims
Oil of Cloves	10 minims

Mix. Dose.—60 grains.

Pile Powders. (8734.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	1 ounce
Heavy Magnesia	3 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—40 grains.

Pile Powder. (8347.)

Senna Leaves, in powder	½ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Jalap	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Pile Powders. (9007.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 90 grains.

Powder for Piles. (9830.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	90 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Pile Powders. (9461.)

Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	1 ounce

Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity.

Pile Powders. (218.)

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 grains.

Pile Powder. (2093.)

Alexandrian Senna, in powder	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	8 ounces
Red Cinchona Bark, in powder	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—60 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Caffeine Tonic. (7058.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Phenazone	10 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Headache Cachets. (9485.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce

Dose.—1 to 3 grains in cachets.

Headache Powders. (9464.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces
Phenazone	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Cachets. (9715.)

Capsicum, in powder	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	12 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	20 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains in cachets.

Headache Cachets. (280.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	6 ounces
Phenazone	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powder. (6120.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Headache Powder. (5354.)

Phenacetin	4 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 grains.

Headache Powders. (664.)

Acetanilide	5 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—6 grains.

Headache Powders. (666.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 grains.

Headache Powders. (1344.)

Acetanilide	6 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (1259.)

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (1178.)

Caffeine Citrate	½ ounce
Phenacetin	3½ ounces
Refined Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (1037.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	7 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Headache Powders. (923.)

Synonyms.—Migraine Powders; Neuralgia Powders.

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 grains.

Headache Powders. (5449.)

Caffeine	3 grains
Potassium Bromide	6 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	12 grains

Mix.

Headache Powders. (5475.)

Acetanilide	30 grains
Caffeine Citrate	10 grains
Milk Sugar	20 grains
Phenazone	20 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (6646.)

Acetanilide	3 pounds
Caffeine	½ ounce
Gluside	75 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	12 ounces
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	1 pound
Sodium Salicylate	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (5541.)

Acetanilide	7 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Headache Powders. (5533.)

Acetphenetidin	1 ounce
Phenacetin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 grains.

Headache Powders. (6112.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Salicylate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Headache Powders. (7027.)

Acetanilide	5 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	4½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Headache Powders. (6932.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces
Phenazonum	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—8 grains.

Headache Powders. (2235.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 grains.

Headache Powders. (1786.)

Phenazone	1 ounce
Phenacetin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (5898.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (6236.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (6936.)

Caffeine	120 grains
Calumba Root, in powder	30 grains
Phenacetin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (6105.)

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 grains.

Headache Cachets. (6137.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Mix.

Headache Powders. (6349.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine	½ ounce

Colouring agent, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Headache Powders. (7034.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	7 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (1808.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce
Phenazone	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 9 grains.

Headache Powders. (1766.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Phenacetin	5 ounces
Sodium Salicylate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Headache Powders. (1762.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (1930.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	80 grains

Mix. Dose.—6 grains.

Headache Powders. (8943.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Headache Powders. (9757.)

Acetanilide	5 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Headache Powders. (9491.)

Cocoa	30 grains
Phenacetin	480 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	210 grains

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Headache Powders. (9097.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains

Headache Powder. (9194.)

Migrainin	1 ounce

Dose.—12 grains.

Headache Powders. (8963.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Phenacetin	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (9496.)

Acetanilide	180 grains
Caffeine Citrate	60 grains
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Milk Sugar	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (9162.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (9110.)

Acetanilide	180 grains
Caffeine	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Headache Powders. (8498.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 grains.

Headache Powders. (8521.)

Acetanilide	7 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Headache Powders. (8063.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (112.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Headache Powders. (739.)

Caffeine Hydrobromide	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Headache Powders. (8397.)

Synonym.—Nerve Powders.

Phenacetin	3 ounces
Sodium Salicylate	1 ounce
Dragons' Blood, sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Headache Powders. (347.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	7 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Headache Powders. (398.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	7 ounces
Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (9191.)

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Phenacetin	2 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	44 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Headache Powders. (8688.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (8674.)

Acetanilide	500 grains
Caffeine Citrate	25 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Tartaric Acid, in powder	445 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 grains.

Headache Powders. (8129.)

Phenacetin	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (8650.)

Caffeine	½ ounce
Phenacetin	5½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (8552.)

Caffeine Citrate	180 grains
Carmine	20 grains
Milk Sugar	240 grains
Phenacetin	480 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	300 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (8203.)

Acetanilide	8 ounces
Ferric Oxide	10 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Headache Powders. (8271.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce

Dose.—3 grains.

Headache Powders. (8758.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Headache Powders. (1129.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Phenacetin	3 ounces
Milk Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (1600.)

Synonyms.—Antipyretic Headache Powders; Buttercup Headache Powders; Headache, Tic, Toothache, and Neuralgia Powders; Tic and Neuralgia Powders; Febrifuge Powders.

Phenacetin	8 grains in each powder

Headache Powders. (5427.)

Phenazone.

Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Pink Headache Powders. (6363.)

Acetanilide	480 grains
Caffeine	60 grains
Chocolate, in powder	60 grains
Gluside	3 grains
Potassium Chlorate	240 grains
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (1574.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (2443.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	2½ ounces
Refined Sugar	1 ounce
Rosaniline	1-10 grain
Oil of Rose	1 minim

Mix. Dose.—6 to 9 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (5405.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (6372.)

Acetanilide	7 ounces
Ferric Oxide	1 ounce

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (3248.)

Caffeine Citrate	½ ounce
Guarana, in powder	1 ounce
Phenacetin	½ ounce
Quinine Citrate	¼ ounce

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgia Powder. (2787.)

Acetanilide	90 grains
Caffeine	60 grains
Carmine	4 grains
Phenacetin	180 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (4095.

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (6118.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Phenacetin	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (6119.)

Phenazone	10 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Cachets. (6121.)

Phenacetin	1 ounce
Phenazone	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 grains in cachet.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (1059.)

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Carmine	20 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 7 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (33.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenazone	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (8253.)

Acetanilide	1½ ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (9190.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (9481.)

Acetanilide	48 grains
Caffeine	26 grains
Gluside	1 grain
Phenacetin	60 grains
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (9182.)

Caffeine	2 ounces
Phenacetin	4 ounces
Phenazone	4 ounces

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (9943.)

Acetanilide	4½ ounces
Caffeine	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (9688.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (9109.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgia Powder. (8935.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Caffeine	2 ounces
Phenacetin	4 ounces
Refined Sugar	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powder. (8875.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	7 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache or Neuralgia Powders. (9186.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Ammonium Bromide	5 ounces
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgic Powders. (6393.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Phenacetin	13 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgic Powders. (8490.)

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Caffeine	2 ounces
Phenazone	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Headache and Nerve Powders. (8505.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders or Tablets. (2694.)

Acetanilide.
Dose.—2 grains.

Headache, Tic, and Neuralgia Powder. (9095.)

Acetanilide	192 grains
Caffeine	108 grains
Phenazone	240 grains
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	270 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Headache, Tic, and Neuralgia Powders. (2804.)

Acetanilide	192 grains
Caffeine	108 grains
Phenazone	240 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	270 grains
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Headache and Tic Powders. (5584.)

Caffeine Citrate	6 grains
Phenacetin	42 grains
Ferric Oxide, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache and Tic Powders. (5583.)

Phenacetin	60 grains
Ferric Oxide, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—7 grains.

Headache and Toothache Powders. (1976.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Neuralgia and Toothache Powder. (1975.)

Caffeine Citrate	3 ounces
Phenacetin	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	10 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Headache Wafers. (5241.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 ounces
Phenacetin	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—6 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Cachets. (6227.)

Synonym.—Toothache or Headache Cachets.

Acetanilid	120 grains
Caffeine	60 grains
Monobromated Camphor	30 grains
Nux Vomica Seeds, in powder	60 grains
Phenacetin	420 grains

Mix and divide into 60 cachets.

Neuralgia Cachets. (751.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Mix Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Neuralgia Powder. (7091.)

Ammonium Chloride	6 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Powder. (9581.)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	10 ounces
Phenacetin	8 ounces
Potassium Bromide	20 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (1089.)

Phenacetin	7 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Iron Powder. (5917.)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	10 grains

Neuralgia Powders. (1130.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (8718.)

Ammonium Chloride	300 grains
Butyl-chloral Hydrate	30 grains
Camphor, in powder	30 grains
Ferric Oxide	480 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—20 to 30 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (8311.)

Synonym.—Influenza Powders.

Phenazone, in powder	2½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (448.)

Acetanilide	60 grains
Ammonium Bromide	200 grains
Quinine Hydrobromide	20 grains

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (346.)

Phenacetin	4 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (362.)

Phenacetin	4 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Tincture of Saffron (B.P., 1885), a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (9693.)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	9 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix.

Neuralgia Powders. (9389.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Phenazone	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (9466.)

Ammonium Chloride	20 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 grains
Phenazone	5 ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Powders. (9042.)

Phenacetin	7 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (9320.)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	3 ounces
Phenacetin	1¼ ounces
Salicin	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 30 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (9963.)

Capsicum, in powder	36 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (9321.)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	1 ounce
Salicin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—20 to 30 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (9060.)

Ferric Oxide	8 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	8 ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	2 ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (9192.)

Phenacetin	7½ ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	½ ounce
Carmine	15 grains

Mix. Dose.—8 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (9270.)

Phenacetin	7 grains
Quinine Sulphate	1 grain

Mix.

Neuralgia Powders. (9189.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	8 ounces
Quinine Hydrobromide	1 ounce
Quinine Salicylate	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica (in powder)	¼ ounce

Mix.

Neuralgia Powders. (6351.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Sodium Salicylate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (2382.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Phenacetin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (2313.)

Phenacetin	2 ounces
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (2484.)

Synonym.—Influenza Powders.

Phenazone	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—6 grains.

Neuralgia Powder. (6891.)

Ammonium Bromide	2 ounces
Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	1 ounce

Mix.

Neuralgia Powders. (2541.)

Magnetic Iron Oxide	120 grains
Milk Sugar	180 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—30 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (7008.)

Phenacetin	1 ounce
Sodium Salicylate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powder. (7035.)

Acetanilide	3 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Turmeric, in powder	¼ ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (1810.)

Milk Sugar	4 ounces
Phenazone	4 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Neuralgia Powders. (2026.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (6937.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Red Cinchona Bark, in powder	30 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (6931.)

Quinine Hydrobromide	1 ounce
Sodium Salicylate	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—12 to 24 grains.

Neuralgia and Headache Cachets. (6905.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 grains in cachet.

Neuralgia and Headache Powders. (6395.)

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Caffeine	2 ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia and Headache Powder. (6106.)

Caffeine Citrate	½ ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces
Phenazone	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders or Tablets. (605.)

Caffeine Citrate	3 ounces
Phenacetin	7 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders or Tablets. (549.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Caffeine	½ ounce
Sodium Bromide	5 ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	2¾ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Neuralgia Powders or Tablets. (545.)

Acetanilide	3½ ounces
Caffeine Citrate	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	396 grains
Sodium Bromide	44 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders or Tablets. (546.)

Acetanilide	3½ ounces
Caffeine	¼ ounce
Codeine	¼ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	396 grains
Sodium Bromide	44 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgia Powders or Tablets. (547.)

Acetanilide	3½ ounces
Caffeine	¼ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	396 grains
Sodium Bromide	44 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Neuralgia or Tic Powders. (9494.)

Ferric Oxide	10 grains
Phenacetin	180 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia and Tonic Cachets. (8687.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—18 grains in cachet.

Neuralgia and Toothache Powders. (8303.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	4 ounces
Dried Magnesium Sulphate	6 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Neuralgic Powders. (921.)

Ferric Oxide	3 ounces
Red Cinchona Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 grains.

Neuralgic Powders. (5894.)

Cinchonine Hydrochloride	5 ounces
Refined Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgic Headache Powders. (2682.)

Phenacetin	2 ounces
Potassium Bromide	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Neuralgic Powders or Cachets. (1998.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	4 ounces
Reduced Iron	2 ounces
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 grains.

Nerve Powder. (6598.)

Phenacetin	600 grains
Quinine Sulphate	180 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 13 grains.

Nervine Powders. (6189.)

Magnesium Sulphate, in powder	4½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	90 grains

Mix. Dose.—20 to 30 grains.

Nervine Powders. (6679.)

Ferric Oxide	8 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces

Mix.

Tic Doloreux Powder. (9016.)

Citric Acid	2 ounces
Cinchonidine Sulphate	2 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	15 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	27 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Tic Doloreux Powders. (922.)

Reduced Iron.
Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Tic Powder. (6357.)

Ginger, in powder	50 grains
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	600 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Tic Powder. (9934.)

Ferric Oxide, in powder	30 grains
Magnesium Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—20 to 40 grains.

Tic Powder. (9643.)

Peroxide of Iron (B.P. 1885)	480 grains
Phenacetin	40 grains

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Tic Powders. (5529.)

Camphor	180 grains
Ferric Oxide	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	240 grains

Mix.

Tic Powders. (5450.)

Camphor, in powder	8 grains
Ferric Oxide	208 grains
Phenacetin	24 grains

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Tic Powders. (1815.)

Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Tic Powders. (6390.)

Ferric Oxide	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Tic Powder. (9056.)

Capsicum, in powder	16 grains
Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Tic Powders. (9487.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ferric Oxide	20 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix.

Tic Powders. (6663.)

Peroxide of Iron (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Dose.—40 grains.

Tic and Faceache Powders. (2462.)

According to Sir William Jenner's Formula.

Capsicum, in powder	30 grains
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	400 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 grains.

Tic and Headache Powder. (8023.)

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic and Headache Powder. (9674.)

Caffeine	2 ounces
Phenacetin	5 ounces

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders.

Tic and Neuralgia Powder. (9741.)

Phenacetin	4 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (175.)

Phenacetin.

Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (176.)

Caffeine Citrate	½ ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (177.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (178.)

Acetanilide	7 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (8128.)

Capsicum, in powder	24 grains
Carmine	2 grains
Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (8954.)

Caffeine	1 ounce
Phenacetin	19 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (9951.)

Acetanilide	4 ounces
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (7028.)

Acetanilide	5 ounces
Caffeine Citrate	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic and Neuralgia Powders. (1440.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	3 ounces

Mix and divide into 72 powders.

Tic and Toothache Powders. (9469.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ferric Oxide	6 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—6 to 8 grains.

Toothache and Neuralgia Powder. (6145.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	5 ounces
Potassium Bromide, in powder	5 ounces
Quinine Sulphate, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Hiera Picra Powders.

Hiera Picra. (1052.)

Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Cape Aloes, in powder	6 ounces
Cassia Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	¾ ounce
Turmeric, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Hiera Picra. (1040.)

Canella Bark, in powder	3 ounces
Cape Aloes, in powder	16 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (602.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	1½ ounces

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (708.)

Canella Bark, in powder	3 ounces
Cape Aloes, in powder	16 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (1071.)

Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Hiera Picra. (8512.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Ginger, in powder	6 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (9281.)

Canella Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	12 ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Hiera Picra. (9886.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	½ ounce

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (9594.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Canella Bark, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (397.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	16 ounces
Canella Bark, in fine powder	4 ounces
Cassia Bark, in fine powder	4 ounces
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (5554.)

Canella Bark, in powder	3 ounces
Cape Aloes, in powder	1 pound
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (2761.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	5½ ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce

Mix.

Hiera Picra Powders.

Hiera Picra. (2322.)

Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	5 ounces

Mix.

Hiera Picra. (5281.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Hiera Picra. (6155.)

Canella Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Cape Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce

Mix.

Powder of Aloes and Canella. (2505.)

Synonym.—Hiera Picra.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	5½ ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce

Mix.

Powder of Aloes with Canella. (2164.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	16 ounces
White Canella Bark, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Powder of Aloes with Canella. (482.)

Synonym.—Hiera Picra.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
White Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Compound Powder of Aloes. (1351.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Cape Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony (Aleppo), in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Indigestion Powders.

Anti-Acid Saline Powder. (8083.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Sodium Chloride, in powder	¾ ounce
Sodium Phosphate, in powder	¾ ounce
Sodium Potassium Tartrate (dried)	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—60 grains.

Indigestion Powder. (8489.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	180 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	240 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	240 grains
Pepsin, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains

Mix.

Digestive Powder. (9188.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	4 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	2 ounces
Lactated Pepsin (U.S.P.)	4 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Indigestion Powders.

Dyspepsia Powder. (9018.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	1 ounce
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Indigestion Powders. (9711.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	3 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Powders for Heartburn. (9286.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	2 ounces
Gentian Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Mix.

Digestive Powder. (2793.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	240 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	180 grains
Milk Sugar	240 grains
Pepsin	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains

Mix.

Digestive Powder. (5242.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix.

Digestive Powders. (2000.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	8 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Pepsin	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	30 minims

Mix. Dose.—30 to 40 grains.

Compound Bismuth Indigestion Powders. (6653.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	2½ ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	1 ounce
Magnesium Carbonate	2½ ounces
Red Cinchona Bark, in powder	¾ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¾ ounce

Digestive Powder. (6726.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	16 ounces
Pepsin	3 ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	16 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Indigestion Powder. (6210.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	360 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Menthol	3 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains

Mix. Dose.—30 grains.

Indigestion Powders.

Indigestion Powders. (2418.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	100 grains
Nux Vomica Seeds, in powder	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	10 minims

Mix. Dose.—20 to 40 grains.

Indigestion Powders. (6611.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 ounces

Mix. Dose.—40 to 120 grains.

Indigestion Powders. (6610.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	3 ounces
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Pepsin	1 ounce
Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Indigestion Powders. (6368.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	12 ounces
Pepsin	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Compound Pepsin Powders. (440.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Powders.

Cerium Oxalate	40 grains
Ginger, in powder	20 grains
Lactopeptin	30 grains
Milk Sugar	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Indigestion Powders. (660.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Pepsin	1¼ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Species for Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Powders for Heartburn. (1069.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 40 grains.

Antibilious Powders. (345.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—12 to 24 grains.

Powders for Biliousness. (2624.)

Mercury with Chalk	5 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	15 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	20 grains

Mix.

Liver Powders. (2464.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	9 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Stomach and Liver Powders.

Stomach and Liver Powders. (1985.)

Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 grains.

Stomach and Liver Powders (Adult). (1973.)

Compound Powder of Jalap	7½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 40 grains.

Stomach Powder. (2599.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	450 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	180 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	300 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	600 grains

Mix.

Stomachic Powder. (6117.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	6 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Stomachic Powders. (2261.)

Calumba Root, in powder	540 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 ounces

Mix.

Stomach Powder. (2386.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Tonic Stomachic Powders. (2287.)

Calumba Root, in powder	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	16 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	60 minims

Mix.

Rheumatic Powders.

Anti-Rheumatic Powder. (5493.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 grains.

Powders for Rheumatism. (2603.)

Sodium Salicylate.
Dose.—15 grains.

Rheumatic Powders. (1610.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	½ ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Aperient and Worm Powders. (6729.)

Ginger, in powder	90 grains
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	40 minims

Mix. Dose.—5 to 20 grains.

Children's Worm Powders. (1164.)

Jalapin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Saccharin	2 grains
Santonin	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	5 minims

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Children's Worm Powders. (9744.)

Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Children's Worm Powders. (5362.)

Milk Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Compound Santonin Powders. (365.)

Synonym.—Worm Powders.

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Santonin	½ ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Vegetable Aperient Worm Powders. (6654.)

Jalapin, in powder	150 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	300 grains
Santonin, in very fine powder	360 grains
Scammony, in powder	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 16 grains.

Worm Powder. (5411.)

Compound Liquorice Powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powder. (2733.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin, in very fine powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Worm Powder. (6313.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Worm Powder. (8324.)

Jalap, in powder	2¼ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	¾ ounce
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	¾ ounce
Santonin	1½ ounces
Scammony, in powder	2¼ ounces
Oil of Caraway	30 minims

Mix.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powder. (6773.)

Jalapin	¼ ounce
Santonin	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Worm Powder. (6591).

Jalap, in powder	180 grains
Mercury with Chalk	180 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Santonin Resin, in powder	120 grains
Scammony Resin, in powder	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—6 to 15 grains.

Worm Powder. (2279.)

Ginger, in powder	3 ounces
Jalap Resin, in powker	73 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	73 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powder. (8384.)

Compound Powder of Jalap	3 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Worm Powder. (9515.)

Gluside	2 grains
Santonin	240 grains
Scammony Root, in powder	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Milk Sugar	240 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 grains.

Worm Powder. (6550.)

Compound Powder of Scammony.
Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Worm Powders. (2430.)

Jalap	2½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin, in very fine powder	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—8 grains.

Worm Powders. (2168.)

Gluside	¼ ounce
Jalapin	4½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	4½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (2147.)

Arrowroot	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (1633.)

Mercury with Chalk	4 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	10 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	10 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	3 ounces

Oil of Caraway, a sufficient quantity.
Mix. Dose.—5 to 12 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders. (1823.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	5 ounces

Mix.

Worm Powders. (2547.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	20 grains
Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin	5 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 grains.

Worm Powders. (1830.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (5505.)

Santonin	180 grains
Jalap, in powder	120 grains
Scammony	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 12 grains.

Worm Powders. (5477.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 grains
Santonin	8 grains
Milk Sugar	6 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Worm Powders. (5565.)

Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Jalap, in powder	5 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 20 grains

Worm Powders. (2660.)

Jalapin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Milk Sugar	3 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (2661.)

Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Milk Sugar	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (5545.)

Gluside	20 grains
Jalapin	1 ounce
Santonin	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Worm Powders. (3158.)

Jalap, in fine powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	20 minims

Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.
Mix. Dose.—6 to 20 grains.

Worm Powders. (5439.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Santonin	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 8 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders. (5251.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Scammony	5 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (5384.)

Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Santonin, in powder	144 grains

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Worm Powders. (2625.)

Santonin, in very fine powder	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 15 grains.

Worm Powders. (6386.)

Gluside	2 grains
Milk Sugar	240 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	240 grains
Scammony, in powder	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Worm Powders. (6391.)

Compound Powder of Liquorice	96 grains
Ginger, in powder	12 grains
Mercurous Chloride	16 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	36 grains

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Worm Powders. (6396.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 15 grains.

Worm Powders. (6745.)

Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 grains.

Worm Powders. (6352.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Worm Powders. (6110.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (6304.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Worm Powders. (6291.)

Gluside	3 grains
Jalapin, in powder	180 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	120 grains
Santonin, in powder	240 grains
Scammony Resin, in powder	180 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders. (6287.)

Compound Powder of Jalap	3 ounces
Santonin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (6115.)

Compound Powder of Scammony	3 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Worm Powders. (6178.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Worm Powders. (6175.)

Ferric Oxide	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces
Santonin, in powder	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (6757.)

Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Milk Sugar	10 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	9 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (6715.)

Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (6908.)

Jalap, in powder	875 grains
Mercurous Chloride	330 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	54 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	490 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims

Mix.

Worm Powders. (6889.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	220 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (2311.)

Ginger, in powder	110 grains
Jalap, in powder	440 grains
Mercurous Chloride	110 grains
Santonin	10 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (2466.)

Compound Powder of Jalap	3 ounces
Milk Sugar	2 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 15 grains.

Worm Powders. (2229.)

Gluside	2 grains
Milk Sugar	240 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	240 grains
Scammony Resin	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 10 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders. (2249.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (2274.)

Ginger, in powder	2½ ounces
Kamala	3½ ounces
Potassium Sulphate	3½ ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Worm Powders. (2281.)

Ginger, in powder	30 grains
Jalap, in powder	480 grains
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Scammony Resin, in powder	30 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Worm Powders. (5481.)

Jalap, in powder	60 grains
Mercurous Chloride	120 grains
Santonin	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (4091.)

Jalap, in fine powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	11 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (5909.)

Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	120 grains
Scammony, in powder	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Worm Powders. (8201.)

Jalap, in powder	60 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	180 grains
Santonin, in very fine powder	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (8338.)

Gluside	2 grains
Milk Sugar	240 grains
Santonin	240 grains
Scammony, in powder	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains

Mix.

Worm Powders. (8404.)

Aperient Powder	480 grains
Santonin, in powder	90 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (8010.)

Mercurous Chloride	4 ounces
Santonin	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 5 grains.

Worm Powders. (8261.)

Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Santonin	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar	3½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders. (8105.)

Heavy Magnesia	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Worm Powders. (8555.)

Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (8713.)

Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Santonin, in powder	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (8309.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin	40 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Worm Powders. (8297.)

Ginger, in powder	160 grains
Jalap, in powder	300 grains
Mercurous Chloride	80 grains

Mix. Dose.—8 to 20 grains.

Worm Powders. (8270.)

Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1¾ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (8171.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Worm Powders. (9408.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (9354.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Compound Powder of Jalap	15 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Worm Powders. (9723.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

Worm Powders. (9126.)

Cassia Bark, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin	1½ ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders. (8907.)

Cocoa, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	½ ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (9495.)

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	10 grains
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	240 grains
Santonin	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (9473.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (9454.)

Aperient Powder	15 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Santonin	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 grains

Worm Powders. (9071.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Santonin	2 ounces

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (9054.)

Jalap, in powder	6 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Caraway	12 minims

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Worm Powders. (9977.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (9202.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Compound Powder of Scammony	2 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (9268.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (1137.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Santonin, in very fine powder	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1½ to 6 grains.

Worm Powders. (1365.)

Gluside	2 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	240 grains
Santonin, in very fine powder	240 grains
Scammony, in powder	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders. (1063.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (1377.)

Compound Powder of Jalap	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in very fine powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Worm Powders. (209.)

Compound Powder of Scammony	2½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (687.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Root, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders. (1268.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (1232.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (727.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder,	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (9126.)

No. 1.

Santonin, in very fine powder	480 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.
To be taken at night.

No. 2.

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	20 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	35 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains
To be taken in the morning.

Worm Powders. (742.)

Cassia Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (9952.)

Compound Powder of Mercurous Chloride.
Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders for Children. (8463.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders for Children. (8410.)

No. 1.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains at bedtime.

No. 2.

Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 grains the following morning.

Worm Powders for Children. (9421.)

Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Milk Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Santonin	3 ounces
Turmeric	¼ ounce

Mix.

Vermifuge Powders.

Worm Powders for Children. (6107.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Milk Sugar	3 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 6 grains.

Worm or Opening Powders. (6609.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Precipitated Chalk	1 ounce
Scammony	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Worm Powders for Children. (8578.)

Armenian Bole, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	60 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	240 grains
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Santonin, in powder	120 grains
Scammony, in powder	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

RECIPES FOR LOCAL APPLICATIONS.

Chilblain Applications.

Arnica Liniment for Chilblains. (9426.)

Tincture of Arnica	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Opium	1 pint

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (9531.)

Synonym.—Chilblain Ointment.

Camphor	1½ ounces
Clarified Honey	½ ounce
Glycerin	½ ounce
Spermaceti	½ ounce
Rape Oil	6 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (9279.)

White Beeswax	9 ounces
Lard	18 ounces
Oil of Lavender	180 minims
Oil of Cloves	90 minims

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (2044.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Hydrocyanic Acid (Scheele's)	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (6338.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Camphor	120 grains
Hard Soap	90 grains
Oil of Thyme	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (2085.)

Lead Acetate	1¼ ounces
Liniment of Camphor	7½ fl. ounces
Benzoated Lard	16 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	8 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (8190.)

Tannic Acid	960 grains
Potassium Iodide	960 grains
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (8214.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Decolorised Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Application. (944.)

Glycerin	30 minims
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (7022.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Honey Water	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Sulphurous Acid	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (6743.)

Ammonium Chloride	3½ ounces
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Saffron, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (6037.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Flexible Collodion	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (9493.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Ball. (8095.)

Camphor	120 grains
Iodine	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Yellow Beeswax	2¼ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ball. (5531.)

Lard	4 ounces
Ceresin Wax	1 ounce
Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Camphor	120 grains
Oil of Rosemary	15 minims
Oil of Thyme	15 minims

Mix.

Chilblain Cones. (2823.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Creosote	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Mustard	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. drachms
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Spermaceti	9 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Cerate. (6013.)

Lead Acetate, in powder	60 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Cure. (6165.)

Ammonium Iodide	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	24 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Cure. (2030.)

Acetic Ether	20 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Cure. (9868.)

Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Strong Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Cream. (9120.)

Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Prepared Lard	8 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Embrocation. (8177.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Embrocation. (8586.)

Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Embrocation. (5946.)

Ammonium Chloride	480 grains
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Diluted Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Embrocation. (9664.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (9003.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9004.)

Liniment of Soap	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9040.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9166.)

Oil of Cajuput	90 minims
Tincture of Opium	90 minims
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8982.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (149.)

Sulphurous Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, or other colouring agent, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (150.)

Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2317.)

Glycerin	9 ounces
Liniment of Soap	35 ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 ounces
Tincture of Arnica	3 ounces
Tincture of Iodine	3 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9128.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2½ ounces
Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9148.)

Oil of Cajuput	30 minims
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Tincture of Indian Hemp	30 minims

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (9080.)

Camphor	240 grains
Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9228.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9284.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9559.)

Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9180.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9211.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2½ fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8956.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Soft Soap	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8961.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	9 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	11 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8977.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	½ fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8952.)

Menthol	80 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (8877.)

Lead Acetate	40 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8906.)

Camphor	60 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Lavender, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9460.)

Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8914.)

Liniment of Soap	24 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. 913.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8916.)

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9476.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9867.)

Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 oz. (by weight)
Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Camphor	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9411.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Capsicum (B.P.C.)	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (9429.)

Oil of Amber	1 fl. drachm
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	11 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9436.)

Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (9331.)

Glycerin of Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9357.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9384.)

Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Expressed Oil of Mustard	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9696.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Arnica	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9697.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	80 minims
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Myrrh	80 minims

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9677.)

Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	10 minims
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8250.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	120 minims
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4½ fl. ounces
Eight Yolks of Eggs.	
Vinegar	34 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (9694.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8317.)

Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	½ fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9714.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8331.)

Compound Liniment of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8316.)

Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Linseed Oil	9 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (9805.)

Synonym.—Liniment of Capsicum.

Capsicum, in coarse powder	600 grains
Oleic Acid	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9827.)

Chloroform	60 minims
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	4 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9326.)

Tannic Acid	120 grains
Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7095.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Liniment of Soap	10 fl. ounces
Blistering Liquid	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Lavender	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (9751.)

Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9778.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	4 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (9782.)

Camphor	60 grains
Castor Oil	2 fl. drachms
Volatile Oil of Mustard	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Lavender	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7098.)

Camphor, in flowers	720 grains
Liniment of Belladonna	5 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	7 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8043.)

Liniment of Aconite	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Iodine	7½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8032.)

Oil of Cajuput	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8002.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	72 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	1½ fl. ounces
Nine Eggs.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8439.

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	30 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Arnica	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8488.)

Liniment of Opium	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (8591.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8352.)

Camphor	960 grains
Soft Soap	1,200 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8386.)

Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8573.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8067.)

Liniment of Soap	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2152.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	8 fl. ounces
Sulphurous Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain and Rheumatic Liniment. (1759.)

Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2013.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1935.)

Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Aconite	1½ fl. drachms
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1917.)

Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (1988.)

Camphor Water	25 fl. ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	5 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Chilblain Liniment. (1187.)

Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1566.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (935.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2052.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2032.)

Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Aconite	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	2 minims
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1834.)

Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (940.)

Menthol	1 ounce
Blistering Liquid	2 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2425.)

Alkanet Root, bruised	240 grains
Camphor	240 grains
Cantharides, in powder	240 grains
Mustard	480 grains
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces

Mix, macerate for ten days, and filter.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (938.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (939.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	6½ fl. drachms
Vinegar of Cantharides	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1567.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2507.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2099.)

Liniment of Aconite	8 fl. ounces
Decolorised Tincture of Iodine	8 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2395.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	40 minims
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2536.)

Ammonium Chloride	8 ounces
Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	65 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (936.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (934.)

Compound Tincture of Lavender	20 minims
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (565.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Ethereal Tincture of Capsicum, B.P.C.	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (443.)

Gutta Percha Tissue	164 grains
Chloroform	7½ fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Chilblain Liniment. (566.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (151.)

Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Decolorised Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Liniment for Unbroken Chilblains. (2689.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Capsicum, in powder	240 grains
Oil of Bergamot	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Mustard (expressed)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Chilblain Liniment. (1914.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Poison Oak	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2271.)

Tannic Acid	480 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	96 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5556.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	½ fl. ounce
Colouring Matter, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5588.)

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5587.)

Ammoniated Camphor Liniment	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	30 minims
Sweet Solution of Roses, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (3234.)

Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. drachm

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (5264.)

Liniment of Belladonna	6 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5525.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	18 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5366.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2653.)

Red Sanders Wood	120 grains
Liniment of Soap	22 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2802.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (4104.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5334.)

Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5275.)

Potassium Iodide	180 grains
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5244.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6023.)

Menthol	100 grains
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (6579.)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6025.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6022.)

Camphor	300 grains
Soft Soap	720 grains
Oil of Cajuput	5 minims
Oil of Citronella	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	18 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6021.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	3 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6689.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6738.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6775.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6766.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6541.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (6652.)

Liniment of Soap	4½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	1½ fl. ounces
Vinegar	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2757.)

Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5226.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6840.)

Zinc Sulphate	240 grains
Acetic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5930.)

Glycerin	2½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Arnica	2½ fl. drachm
Sulphurous Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5921.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6558.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Decolorised Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6276.)

Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6215.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6042.)

Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
One Egg.	
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (6954.)

Potassium Iodide	3 ounces
Soft Soap	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6991.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 ounces
Liniment of Camphor	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6339.)

Blistering Liquid	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	3½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6043.)

Ammonium Chloride	4½ ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6040.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Zinc Sulphate	2 ounces
Oil of Lavender	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6039.)

Olive Oil	7 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6038.)

Menthol	60 grains
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Decolorised Tincture of Iodine	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6035.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6017.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (6034.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6032.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6029.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Paraffin (coloured)	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5908.)

Camphor	240 grains
Phenol	30 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5904.)

Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6929.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Opium	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6019.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Sulphurous Acid	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6924.)

Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7038.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces
Sulphurous Acid	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5892.)

Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	15 minims
Tincture of Arnica	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (6894.)

Phenol	180 grains
Liniment of Soap	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6018.)

Ammonium Chloride	1 ounce
Lead Acetate	½ ounce
Diluted Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6901.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Soft Soap	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	40 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6890.)

Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	16 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8193.)

Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8181.)

Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	1 pint
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8165.)

Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Lead Acetate	60 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8154.)

Alkanet Root, bruised	½ ounce
Camphor	½ ounce
Cantharides, bruised	½ ounce
Mustard	1 ounce
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	1 pint

Mix, macerate for ten days, and filter.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (8632.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8350.)

Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Iodine	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8672.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8686.)

Camphor	480 grains
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Indian Hemp	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8692.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8742.)

Camphor	120 grains
Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8080.)

Menthol	4 grains
Thymol	4 grains
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Indian Hemp	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8759.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	9 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8122.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Soft Soap	¾ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 ounce

Mix, macerate, and filter.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (8133.)

Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Essential Oil of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8752.)

Ammonium Chloride	8 ounces
Cochineal, in powder	¼ ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Diluted Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8282.)

Soft Soap	1 ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6628.)

Liniment of Soap	2¼ fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2674.)

Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Arnica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2619.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms
Liniment of Opium, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1476.)

Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1390.)

Capsicum	120 grains
Liniment of Soap	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Olive Oil (Red)	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6669.)

Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	9 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (1221.)

Liniment of Soap	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1376.

Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	8 fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1274.)

Ammonium Chloride	2 pounds
Acetic Acid	1 pint
Perfume and Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1264.)

Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (6701.)

Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1516.)

Menthol	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (764.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. ounces
Oleic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1218.)

Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Hard Soap	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Distilled Water, boiling	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (153.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Decolorised Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Liniment. (152.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (8900.)

Strong Solution of Iodine (decolorised).

Chilblain Liniment. (8296.)

Liniment of Turpentine and Acetic Acid.

Chilblain Lotion. (8702.)

Alum	480 grains
Cochineal, in powder	30 grains
Zinc Sulphate	480 grains
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (8079.)

Borax	30 grains
Zinc Sulphate	30 grains
Glycerin of Phenol	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (946.)

Zinc Sulphate	60 grains
Glycerin of Phenol	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (942.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (943.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Sulphurous Acid	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (47.)

Lead Acetate	300 grains
Zinc Sulphate	300 grains
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (9420.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Cherry-Laurel Water	1 fl. ounce
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (9174.)

Ammonium Chloride	720 grains
Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Lotion. (945.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Camphor Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (2240.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (6041.)

Armenian Bole	60 grains
Lead Acetate	220 grains
Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (9388.)

Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (5954.)

Zinc Sulphate	2 ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ocnces
Lavender Water	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (6670.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 minims
Liniment of Belladonna	1½ fl. drachms
Liniment of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (5271.)

Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (6020.)

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Zinc Sulphate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Lotion. (6588.)

Armenian Bole	90 grains
Lead Acetate	½ ounce
Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce
Tincture of Arnica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Lotion. (9218.)

Saturated Solution of Ammonium Chloride.

Chilblain Ointment. (8988.)

Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	2¾ ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (2214.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Mustard	1 ounce
Creosote	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. drachms
Spermaceti	9 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (5589.)

Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	½ ounce
Zinc Ointment	1½ ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (5590.)

Boric Acid Ointment	1 ounce
Iodoform	10 grains

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (1940.)

Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (9435.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	20 grains
Paraffin Ointment	1 ounce
Phenol Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	2 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (8870.)

Liquefied Phenol	30 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	60 minims
Oil of Lavender	20 minims
Solution of Hamamelis	3 fl. ounces
Wool Fat	7 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (8931.)

Camphor	120 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce
Resin Ointment	2 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (9222.)

Synonym.—Healing Ointment.

Zinc Oxide	110 grains
Balsam of Peru	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin of Phenol	½ fl. ounce
Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (9653.)

Japan Wax	12 ounces
Frankincense	12 ounces
Phenol	180 grains
Colza Oil	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Lard	10 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Ointment. (2446.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Lead Carbonate	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (9601.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	6 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (9383.)

Synonym.—Skin Ointment.

Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (1222.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Thymol	¼ ounce
Tincture of Arnica	2½ fl. ounces
Spermaceti	3 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	6 ounces
Olive Oil	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (1927.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	3 ounces
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Liniment of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. ounces
Perfume	1 fl. drachm
Lard	36 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (952.)

Extract of Opium	2 grains
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (953.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (2074.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	2½ ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 fl. drachms
Lard	16 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (281.)

Eucalyptus Ointment	1 ounce
Lead Subacetate Ointment	1 ounce
Phenol Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (954.)

Mercuric Iodide	128 grains
Oil of Cajuput	3 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (955.)

Phenol	9 grains
Zinc Oxide	12 grains
Soft Paraffin (white)	288 grains

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Ointment. (6328.)

Extract of Opium	4 grains
Creosote	40 minims
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	40 minims
Lard	8 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (6923.)

Liniment of Camphor	1 ounce
Lead Plaster	1 ounce
Phenol Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (6571.)

Camphor	180 grains
Tannic Acid	90 grains
Lard	4 ounces
Balsam of Peru	90 grains

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (8147.)

Phenol	210 grains
Prepared Calamine	3 ounces
Benzoated Lard	15 ounces

Chilblain Ointment. (8034.)

Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Resin	8 ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (8626.)

Sulphate of Zinc, in fine powder	40 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	60 grains
Extract of Arnica	60 grains
Lard	4 ounces
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (1383.)

Synonym.—Inflammation Ointment.
Lead Acetate Ointment.

Chilblain Ointment. (1384).

Calamine Ointment (B.P. 1885).

Chilblain Ointment. (9856.)

Ammoniated Mercury Ointment.

Chilblain Paint. (6601.)

Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	40 minims
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Paint. (6632.)

Sandarac	360 grains
Flexible Collodion	18 ounces
Liniment of Iodine	$1\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	$3\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	$3\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Paint. (5881.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Paint. (3227.)

Synonym.—Bunion Paint.

Solution of Ammonia	$\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounce
Tincture of Iodine	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Paint. (5600.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Black Bryony	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Paint. (8320.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	80 minims
Flexible Collodion	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Paste. (1737.)

Synonym.—Chillie Paste.

Alkanet Root	1 ounce
Capsicum	4 ounces
Lard	60 ounces

Digest on a water-bath for one hour; strain.

Chilblain Paint. (9654.)

Phenol	6 grains
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Paint. (9685.)

Cocaine	2 grains
Menthol	20 grains
Liniment of Belladonna	4 fl. drachms
Volatile Oil of Mustard	4 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Paint. (8932.)

Camphor	180 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Paint. (9059.)

Balsam of Tolu	20 grains
Camphor	10 grains
Capsicum, in powder	30 grains
Gutta Percha	90 grains
Lead Carbonate	60 grains
Mastic	20 grains
Prepared White Gutta Percha	90 grains
Chloroform	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Chilblain Paint. (5498.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Sulphurous Acid	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Iodine	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Repellent. (8551.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate ...	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Salve. (9733.)

Iodine Ointment.

Chilblain Tablet. (947.)

Resin	4 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2½ ounces
Lard	8 ounces
Red Oil (No. 948)	2 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Tablet. (1269.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Creosote	6 fl. drachms
Expressed Oil of Mustard	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Hard Paraffin	9 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Tablet. (9277.)

Resin	4 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Lard	8 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Tablet. (8992.)

Camphor	1 ounce
White Beeswax	3 ounces
Spermaceti	2 ounces
Balsam of Peru	½ ounce
Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Tablets. (9845.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Phenol	3 fl. drachms
Resin	1½ ounces
Spermaceti	1½ ounces
Oil of Cajuput	½ fl. ounce
Croton Oil	1 fl. drachm
Lard	1½ ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Broken Chilblains. (5518.)

Alkanet Root	1½ ounces
Lard	3 ounces
Olive Oil	6 fl. ounces
Resin	4 ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Applications.

Liniment for Chilblains. (8858.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Broken Chilblains. (6011.)

Lead Carbonate	6 ounces
Oil of Pimento	60 minims
Butter Colouring	2 fl. drachms
Prepared Suet	1½ pounds
Soft Paraffin	1½ pounds

Mix.

Ointment for Broken Chilblains. (949.)

Mercurous Chloride	80 grains
Balsam of Peru	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. drachms
Spermaceti Ointment	2 ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Unbroken Chilblains. (950.)

Lead Acetate	480 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Green Elder	1 fl. ounce
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Broken Chilblains. (951.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Green Elder	1 fl. ounce
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Broken Chilblains. (1363.)

Lead Carbonate	6 ounces
Butter Colouring	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Pimento	1 fl. drachm
Prepared Suet	1½ pounds
Soft Paraffin	1½ pounds

Mix.

Ointment for Broken Chilblains. (1939.)

Prepared Calamine	1½ ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1½ ounces

Mix.

Poultice for Chilblains. (8054.)

Lead Acetate, in powder	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	1 ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Russian Chilblain Ointment. (5561.)

Beef Marrow	600 grains
Camphor	180 grains
Marshmallow Ointment	4 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	240 grains
Venice Turpentine	300 grains
Glycerin of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Skin and Chilblain Ointment. (9074.)

Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	2 ounces
Zinc Ointment	2 ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

American Corn Silk. (8477.)

Salicylic Acid and Indian Hemp Plaster.

Aromatic Vinegar for Corns and Warts. (8897.)

Camphor	120 grains
Essence of Ambergris	3 minims
Musk	3 grains
Oil of Bergamot	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Cinnamon	80 minims
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	100 minims
Oil of Lemon	40 minims
Glacial Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Application. (5520.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Application. (5291.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Collodion	1½ fl. ounces
Ether	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn ication. (8731.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Application or Killer. (9788.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn and Bunion Plaster. (8302.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Lead Plaster	3 ounces

Mix.

Corn Collodion. (9863.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Cure. (2428.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Ether	18 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces

Corn Cure. (3178.)

Salicylic Acid	480 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	100 grains
Flexible Collodion	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Cure. (5920.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Cure. (6057.)

Iodine	80 grains
Resin	120 grains
Salicylic Acid	300 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	240 grains
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	14 fl. ounces

Corn Cure. (6056.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Ether	1 fl. drachm
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Cure. (9100.)

Salicylic Acid	18 ounces
Indian Hemp	3 ounces
Canada Balsam	6 ounces
Castor Oil	3 ounces
Oil of Cedar Wood	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	3 fl. drachms
Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Cure. (9780.)

Salicylic Acid	40 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	5 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Cure. (8062.

Iodine	12 grains
Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Cure. (2142.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	96 grains
Flexible Collodion	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Dissolver. (8698.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

orn Ointment. (5428.)

Resin Ointment	7 ounces
Salicylic Acid	1 ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (8928.)

Salicylic Acid	600 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. drachm
Ether	15 fl. drach
Flexible Collodion	7½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Ointment. (8732.)

Salicylic Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Boric Acid Ointment	3 ounces
Creosote	16 minims

Mix.

Corn Ointment. (9828.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Hard Paraffin	40 grains
Soft Paraffin	80 grains

Mix.

Corn Ointment. (8264.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Oil of Wintergreen	2 fl. drachms
Russian Tallow	3 ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (386.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Collodion	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9008.)

Salicylic Acid	2½ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	200 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Collodion	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9179.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	5 grains
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9620.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Collodion	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (1572.)

Salicylic Acid	280 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Collodion	4¾ fl. ounces
Ether	1¼ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9442.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Archil	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9306.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Zinc Chloride	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	32 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9831.)

Collodion of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
Collodion of Belladonna (B.P.C.)	1 fl. ounce
Collodion of Salicylic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Paint. (9769.)

Salicylic Acid	480 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9568.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2009.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	96 grains
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2375.)

Salicylic Acid	8 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 grain
Ether	15 minims
Flexible Collodion	45 minims

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2300.)

Salicylic Acid	480 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	45 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	15 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2316.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2471.)

Iodine	30 grains
Juniper Resin	420 grains
Mastich	60 grains
Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Ether	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (1738.)

Synonym.—Corn Solvent.

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	73 grains
Flexible Collodion	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (5512.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	½ ounce
Flexible Collodion	25 fl. ounces
Salicylic Acid	3½ ounces
Tincture of Iodine	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (5268.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Paint. (4102.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2687.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2822.)

Salicylic Acid	6 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	2 ounces
Flexible Collodion	48 ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (5430.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	12 grains
Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6194.)

Iodine	30 grains
Salicylic Acid	720 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	240 grains
Flexible Collodion	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6336.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Tincture of Indian Hemp	1 fl. ounce
Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6297.)

Acetic Ether	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Iodine	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6581.

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6607.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Ether	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	7 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6055.)

Salicylic Acid	40 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6045.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Paint. (6049.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6943.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	35 grains
Flexible Collodion	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (5482.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. drachms
Collodion	1½ fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	1½ fl. ounces
Ether	1½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6917.)

Salicylic Acid	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	120 grains
Flexible Collodion	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (5296.)

Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	32 grains
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6633.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2627.)

Salicylic Acid	330 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2372.)

Salicylic Acid	4 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	300 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3¼ fl. ounces
Ether	1¼ fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9067.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	4 grains
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2376.)

Salicylic Acid	64 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Paint. (2348.)

Salicylic Acid	300 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion	5 fl. ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (2485.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	48 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Ether	9 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (1057.)

Synonyms.—Corn and Wart Paint; Corn Solvent.

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	32 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Canada Balsam	80 grains
Castor Oil	4 fl. drachms
Ether	9 fl. drachms
Collodion	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (1042.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	90 grains
Collodion	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (8143.)

Salicylic Acid	1¼ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	100 grains
Ether	3¼ ounces
Flexible Collodion	10 fl. ounces

Mix

Corn Paint. (8212.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	48 grains
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion	5 fl. ounces

Mix

Corn Paint. (8276.)

Salicylic Acid	3 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	½ ounce
Ether	3 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (8310.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	48 grains
Ether	9 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	4½ ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (8689.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	80 grains
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Paint. (8130.)

Salicylic Acid	300 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Collodion	5 fl. ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine	3½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Paint. (738.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Tincture of Indian Hemp	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Ether (Methylated)	2 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (8635.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (8566.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Tincture of Benzoin, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (8049.)

Salicylic Acid	4½ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	¾ ounce
Collodion	24 fl. ounces
Ether	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (8446.)

Iodine	10 grains
Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Flexible Collodion	5½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (9176.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (595.)

Synonym.—Corn Cure.

Salicylic Acid	480 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (596.)

Salicylic Acid	480 grains
Flexible Collodion	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (438.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Zinc Chloride	12 grains
Tincture of Indian Hemp	30 minims
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Paint. (454.)

Salicylic Acid	1¼ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	100 grains
Ether (Methylated)	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion (Methylated), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (1263.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	4 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	180 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 pound

Mix.

Corn Paint. (1027.)

Synonym.—Corn Solvent.

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Pyroxylin	20 grains
Tincture of Indian Hemp	4 fl. drachms
Ether (Methylated)	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (155.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Pyroxylin	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Castor Oil	1 fl. drachm
Ether (Methylated)	3 fl. ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (154.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	5 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	30 minims
Ether (Methylated)	90 minims
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Paint and Wart Solvent. (9220.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Collodion	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Plaster. (9716.)

Opium Plaster	1 ounce
Resin Plaster	½ ounce
Soap Plaster	½ ounce

Mix.

Corn Plaster. (387.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Plaster Basis	7 ounces

Mix, and spread on sateen or silk.

Corn Plaster. (9766.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Rubber Plaster Basis	2 ounces

Mix.

Corn Plaster. (9477.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Rubber Plaster Basis	4 ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Plaster. (9938.)

Salicylic Acid	4 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	2 ounces
Flexible Collodion	6 ounces

Corn Plaster. (9871.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Resin Plaster	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Corn Plaster. (168.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	2½ ounces
Rubber Basis	5½ ounces

Mix to form a plaster.

Corn Plaster. (5260.)

Iron Plaster (B.P. 1885).

Corn Plaster. (6273.)

Salicylic Acid	4 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	2 ounces
Basis	6 ounces

Mix.

Corn Plaster. (6337.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Rubber Plaster Base	3 ounces

Mix.

Corn Plaster. (6058.

Salicylic Acid	9½ ounces
Creosote, a sufficient quantity.	
Plaster Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 ounces

Mix.

Corn Plaster. (2378.)

Synonym.—Corn Leaf or Silk.

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Rubber Plaster Basis	2 ounces

Mix and spread on silk.

Corn Salve. (6046.)

Salicylic Acid	1½ ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces
Paraffin Ointment, yellow	4 ounces
Lactic Acid	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Salve. (2377.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Resin Ointment	360 grains
Wool Fat	60 grains

Mix.

Corn Salve. (9591.)

Salicylic Acid	4 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	5 ounces
Prepared Calamine	1 ounce
Resin	9 ounces
Lard	14 ounces

Mix.

Corn Salve. (8335.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Tallow	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	30 minims

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Salve. (8035.)

Salicylic Acid, in powder	3 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Creosote	4 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	5 ounces
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces

Corn Salve. (339.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Resin	480 grains
Olive Oil	1 fl. ounce
Lard	480 grains
Yellow Beeswax	840 grains

Mix.

Corn Salve. (9965.)

Salicylic Acid	11 ounces
Resin	32 ounces
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Palm Oil	8 fl. ounces
Hard Paraffin	16 ounces
Soft Paraffin	32 ounces

Mix.

Corn Salve. (9200.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Resin Ointment	9 ounces

Mix.

Corn Salve. (8478.)

Salicylic Acid	1½ ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces
Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8125.)

Salicylic Acid	480 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	64 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8121.)

Resin	1½ ounces
Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8760.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (9701.)

Salicylic Acid	1½ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	120 grains
Flexible Collodion	4½ fl. ounces
Ether	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (9602.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Solvent. (8727.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	16 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Ether	3 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (7063.)

Salicylic Acid	430 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	240 grains
Ether	1,200 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	430 minims
Flexible Collodion	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8210.)

Salicylic Acid	540 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. drachms
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	
Flexible Collodion	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (9799.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Absolute Alcohol	1 fl. ounce
Collodion	6 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	18 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (9482.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	120 grains
Collodion	9 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8851.)

Salicylic Acid	80 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Ether, a sufficient quantity.	
Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (9776.)

Salicylic Acid	5 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	½ ounce
Flexible Collodion	70 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (9209.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Zinc Chloride	10 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces
Ether, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8660.)

Salicylic Acid	7½ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Canada Balsam	2½ fl. ounces
Castor Oil	1¼ fl. ounces
Collodion	52½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Solvent. (9134.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Collodion	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (9874.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	120 grains
Collodion	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8493.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Collodion	2 fl. ounces
Ether	6 fl. drachms

Mix

Corn Solvent. (6940.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (7020.)

Salicylic Acid	222 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (7018.)

Salicylic Acid, in fine powder	1 ounce
Resin Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6044.)

Atropine	1 grain
Salicylic Acid	640 grains
Ether	2½ fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6047.)

Synonym.—Corn Paint.

Salicylic Acid	300 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Collodion	5 fl. ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6052.)

Salicylic Acid	300 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6054.)

Salicylic Acid	480 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6662.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Extract of Indian Hemp, a sufficient quantity to colour.

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Solvent. (10,000.)

Salicylic Acid	8 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Ether	16 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6717.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6546.)

Salicylic Acid	400 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6895.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	120 grains
Magenta Dye	20 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (2030.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (2285.)

Salicylic Acid	2½ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	200 grains
Ether	2 ounces
Flexible Collodion	18oz. (by weigh

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6647.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Pyroxylin	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid	8 ounces
Zinc Chloride	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Canada Balsam	3 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Ether	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (5497.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	5 grains
Salicylic Acid	25 grains
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (5418.)

Resin, in powder	60 grains
Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (7037.)

Salicylic Acid	480 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	64 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Solvent. (5417.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	80 grains
Collodion	6 ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (5598.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	32 grains
Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (1781.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	240 grains
Flexible Collodion	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (5310.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Zinc Chloride	40 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Flixible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (5225.)

Chloral Hydrate	180 grains
Phenol	50 grains
Liniment of Aconite	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Hamamelidis	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (4105.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Lactic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Collodion	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (5301.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Zinc Chloride	10 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (6151.)

Alkanet Root	½ ounce
Glacial Acetic Acid	40 fl. ounces
Sedative Solution of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (5401.)

Cocaine	5 grains
Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (2633.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (3012.)

Chloral Hydrate	75 grains
Red Sanders Wood	15 grains
Salicylic Acid	450 grains
Flexible Collodion	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Solvent. (5468.)

Cocaine	7 grains
Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8339.)

Synonym.—Corn and Wart Cure.

Lactic Acid	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Flexible Collodion	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (2672.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	32 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (1038.)

Salicylic Acid	300 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (1179.)

Salicylic Acid	2¼ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Ether (Methylated)	3 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (1158.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Iodine	1½ fl. drachm

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (684.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Ether (Methylated)	3 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (377.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Tincture of Indian Hemp	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8436.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	48 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	3¾ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8160.)

Salicylic Acid	40 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	80 grains
Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Solvent (for Soft Corns). (6201.)

Sublimed Sulphur	2 ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn Solvent or Paint. (9393.)

Salicylic Acid	1,500 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Ether	10 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Varnish. (5376.)

Iodine	6 grains
Mastich	30 grains
Salicylic Acid	150 grains
Sandarac	210 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Ether	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Varnish. (6902.)

Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. drachms
Collodion	3½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Application. (1194.)

Chromic Acid	60 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Corn, Wart, and Bunion Solvent. (1087.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	16 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn, Wart and Bunion Solvent. (9280.)

Salicylic Acid	1¼ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Destroyer. (8179.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	6 grains
Collodion	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn and Wart Destroyer. (9026.)

Calcium Citrate	1 ounce
Lard	2 ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Destroyer. (769.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	80 grains
Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Eradicator. (6883.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (8680.)

Salicylic Acid	300 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	50 grains
Flexible Collodion	5½ ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn and Wart Paint. (1193.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	5 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Collodion	5½ fl. drachms
Flexible Colldion	1½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (6050.)

Salicylic Acid	720 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	96 grains
Ether	3 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (6619.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	10 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Venice Turpentine	10 grains
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (6699.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	32 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (6732.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces
Ether	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (1143.)

Synonyms.—Corn Cure; Corn Solvent; Corn and Wart Erad cator; Corn and Wart Destroyer.

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Green Corn Paint. (9434.)

Salicylic Acid	40 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	6 grains
Absolute Alcohol	1 fl. drachm
Creosote	30 minims
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (9950.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Indian Hemp	1 fl. drachm
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (9079.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Iodine	6 grains
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (8220.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Alkanet Root	120 grains

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (8543.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (8567.)

Salicylic Acid	320 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Flexible Collodion	2½ fl. ounces
Ether, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (8719.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Glacial Acetic Acid	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (8104.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender, a sufficient quantity to colour.	

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (8467.)

Cocaine	8 grains
Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Ether	6 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Wart and Corn Solvent. (8967.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Tincture of Indian Hemp	1 fl. ounce
Collodion	7 ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (9068.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Tincture of Indian Hemp	11 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (9414.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Lactic Acid	12 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces
Ether	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (9667.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	15 grains
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (8910.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (5299.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (6051.)

Salicylic Acid	600 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	240 grains
Collodion	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Solvent. (2779.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Hard Corn Solvent. (9315.)

Salicylic Acid	100 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	96 minims
Flexible Collodion	1 ounce

Mix.

Indian Corn Solvent. (9678.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	90 grains
Flexible Collodion	1½ fl. ounces
Ether	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Salicylic Corn Application. (6909.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Soft Corn Cure. (9764.)

Powdered Talc	1 ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Soft Corn Lotion. (5966.)

Lead Acetate	40 grains
Opium, in powder	40 grains
Acetic Acid	48 minims
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Soft Corn Solvent. (9313.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate.

Wart Paint. (9094.)

Resorcin	150 grains
Salicylic Acid	150 grains
Lactic Acid	150 grains
Flexible Collodion	900 grains
Ether	300 grains

Mix.

Corn and Wart Applications.

Wart Paint. (1265.)

Isinglass	120 grains
Saffron	10 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glacial Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Wart Paint. (9089.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Wart Paint. (5394.)

Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Glacial Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Wart Solution. (5284.)

Solution of Soda (B.P. 1885).

Wart Solvent. (9704.)

Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Wart Solvent. (6048.)

Camphor	30 grains
Carmine	1 grain
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Wart Solvent. (5263.)

Glacial Acetic Acid.
Colouring, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Wart Solvent. (2670.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Crimson Aniline Dye, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Wart Solvent. (6760.)

Glacial Acetic Acid.

Earache Applications.

Application for the Ears. (6014.)

Purified Oxgall	30 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Sedative Solution of Opium	40 minims
Decoction of Quince, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Application for Removing Wax from the Ears. (9932.)

Borax, in powder	8 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Drops for Deafness. (2519.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Earache Applications.

Drops for Deafness. (1454.)

Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Drops for Deafness. (5256.)

Chloroform	160 minims
Almond Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	80 minims

Mix.

Drops for the Ear. (1996.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Oil of Cajuput	10 minims
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Tincture of Castor	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Drops for Earache. (5257.)

Glycerin of Phenol, B.P.

Drops for Earache and Deafness. (5473.)

Chloral Hydrate, with Camphor (B.P.C.)	2 fl. drachms
Menthol	10 grains
Almond Oil	1¾ fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ear Application. (978.)

Almond Oil	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Ear Application. (6028.)

Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Almond Oil	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Ear Drops. (1093.)

Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ear Drops. (2105.)

Borax	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	20 minims
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ear Drops. (2253.)

Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ear Drops. (6919.)

Cod-liver Oil	5 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Castor	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Earache Applications.

Ear Drops. (380.)

Menthol	140 grains
Oil of Elder	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ear Drops. (8912.)

Ox Bile	4 ounces
Almond Oil	8 fl. ounces
Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Castor	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Ear Drops. (7083.)

Synonym.—Application for the Ears.

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Almond Oil	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ear Drops. (8325.)

Ether	2¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Almond Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Earache Anodyne. (2441.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloral Hydrate	120 grains
Almond Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Earache Drops. (1210.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Chloral Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Earache Drops. (480.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloral Hydrate	120 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	5 minims

Mix.

Earache Drops. (6026.)

Spirit of Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Earache Drops. (6698.)

Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Earache Drops. (2744.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Earache Drops. (8383.)

Acetic Ether	1 fl. ounce
Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Earache Applications.

Earache Drops. (5342.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Wine of Opium (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Earache Drops. (6657.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Earache Drops. (9255.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	30 minims

Mix.

Earache Drops. (8922.)

Liniment of Camphor	120 minims
Oil of Amber	160 minims
Oil of Peach Kernels	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Earache Drops. (8167.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloral Hydrate	½ ounce
Chloroform	½ ounce
Almond Oil	3½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Earache Drops. (8076.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Earache Drops. (8449.)

Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Earache Drops. (9617.)

Camphor with Chloral	1 ounce
Almond Oil	5 ounces
Glycerin	6 ounces

Mix.

Earache Remedy. (8146.)

Camphor with Chloral	5 minims
Glycerin	35 minims
Almond Oil	20 minims

Mix.

Essence for Deafness. (9727.)

Borax	2 grains
Glycerin	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Essence for Deafness. (2534.)

Almond Oil	1 pound
Green Oil	320 minims
Oil of Juniper	320 minims
Oil of Lavender	320 minims
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Earache Applications.

Essence for Deafness. (8221.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Almond Oil	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Essence for Deafness. (9208.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Essence for Deafness. (6167.)

Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Essence for Deafness. (2252.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Oils for Deafness. (8090.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	80 minims

Mix.

The Drops for the Ear. (1170.)

Acetic Ether	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Potash	5 minims
Almond Oil	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Ringworm Applications.

Application for Ringworm. (9881.)

Thymol	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm

Ointment for Ringworm. (7003.)

Phenol	90 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	540 grains
Red Mercuric Sulphide	30 grains
Benzoated Lard	6 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Application. (6024.)

Creosote	12 minims
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	10 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Ringworm Application. (8191.)

Borax	960 grains
Acetic Acid	16 fl. ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Applications.

Ringworm Application. (6916.)

Ferrous Sulphate	600 grains
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Application. (5286.)

Iodine	½ ounce
Sulphurous Acid	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Application. (8262.)

Thymol	120 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Cure. (2426.)

Liniment of Croton Oil	1 fl. ounce
Benzol	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Liniment. (9447.)

Ammonium Chloride	30 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Mercuric Chloride	20 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Ringworm Lotion. (8911.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Lotion. (2542.)

Copper Sulphate	240 grains
Zinc Sulphate	120 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Lotion. (6293.)

Sublimed Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide, in powder	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Bergamot	20 minims
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Lotion. (6251.)

Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	80 minims
Glacial Acetic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Lotion. (6015.)

Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	2¼ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Applications.

Ringworm Ointment. (5327.)

Thymol	1½ ounces
Hard Paraffin	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin	9 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (5875.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Creosote	½ fl. ounce
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9979.)

Potassium Carbonate	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	8 ounces
Oil of Cade	1½ ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. drachms
Lard	24 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (6758.)

Diluted Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Wool Fat	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (6230.)

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	150 grains
Soft Paraffin	420 grains
Creosote	10 minims

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (6960.)

Potassium Iodide	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	2 ounces
Lard	9 ounces
Solution of Potash	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (2434.)

Chrysarobin	120 grains
Terebene	2 fl. drachms
Paraffin Ointment, yellow	6 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (2662.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Mercuric Oleate	1 ounce
Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Lard	12 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (6589.)

Phenol	½ ounce
Copper Oleate Ointment	1 ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Sulphur Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (6921.)

Phenol	180 grains
Yellow Beeswax	120 grains
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	300 grains
Sulphur Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (1833.)

Potassium Carbonate	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	8 ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cade	2 fl. ounces
Lard	24 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Applications.

Ringworm Ointment. (6884.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1½ ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Iodine	1½ fl. ounces
Tar	2 ounces
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	2 ounces
Hard Paraffin	4 ounces
Lard	18 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (5581.)

Salicylic Acid	10 grains
Soft Paraffin	60 grains

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (5991.)

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (90.)

Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Eucalyptus Oil	1 fl. drachm
Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	6 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. 1255.)

Creosote	1½ fl. drachms
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	3 ounces
Benzoated Lard	9 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (1385.)

Precipitated Sulphur	4 ounces
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims
Lard	16 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (1468.)

Iodine	15 grains
Potassium Iodide	15 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	2 ounces
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Lard	8 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (2091.)

Ammoniated Mercury	120 grains
Copper Sulphate, in powder	90 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	2¼ ounces
Oil of Cade	2 fl. ounces
Lard	6 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1¼ ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (1938.)

Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (399.)

Ammoniated Mercury	480 grains
Mercuric Chloride	90 grains
Red Mercuric Sulphide, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Lard	24 ounces
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Ringworm Applications.

Ringworm Ointment. (1141.)

Diluted Mercuric Nitrate Ointment.

Compound Sulphur Ointment. (1219.)

Green Hellebore Rhizome, in powder ...	1½ ounces
Potassium Nitrate	36 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	6 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	24 minims
Soft Soap	6 ounces
Soft Paraffin	18 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (1084.)

Synonym.—Joe Barrowman's Ointment.

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	3 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9088.)

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Phenol Ointment	1 ounce
Sulphur Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9144.)

Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment.

Ringworm Ointment. (9141.)

Phenol	120 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	2 ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9254.)

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9857.)

Strong Mercuric Nitrate Ointment.

Ringworm Ointment. (9034.)

Prepared Chalk, in powder	2 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur, in powder	3 ounces
Lard	6 ounces
Soft Soap	6 ounces
Tar	3 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9055.)

Chrysarobin	60 grains
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	120 grains
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9072.)

Precipitated Sulphur	½ ounce
Solution of Cochineal	30 minims
Oil of Lemon	30 minims
Benzoated Lard	3½ ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9662.)

Diluted Mercuric Nitrate Ointment...	1 ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (9365.)

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Tar Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (8161.)

Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Mercuric Oleate (10 per cent.)	1 ounce
Wool Fat	2 ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (8394.)

Phenol	30 grains
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Paint. (5499.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Paint. (2472.)

Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Glacial Acetic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	80 minims
Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Paint. (6691.)

Iodine	120 grains
Rectified Oil of Tar	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Paint. (6764.)

Borax	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	12 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Ringworm Paint. (9459.)

Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ringworm Paint. (8951.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Creosote	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Glacial Acetic Acid	10 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Remedy. (8315.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Ringworm Salve. (9739.)

Sulphur Iodide Ointment.

Toothache Applications.

Anodyne Essence. (1968.)

Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Anodyne Essence. (6872.)

Synonym.—Toothache Essence.

Camphor	120 grains
Chloral Hydrate	120 grains
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Mastich	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Anodyne Essence. (8507.)

Camphorated Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Essence. (8531.)

Benzoin	120 grains
Camphor	270 grains
Shellac	160 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Toothache Essence. (6195.)

Camphorated Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Anodyne Toothache Essence. (1755.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Anodyne Toothache Essence. (5883.)

Liquefied Phenol	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Anodyne Toothache Tincture. (1606.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Opium, in small pieces	1 ounce
Pyrethrum Root, sliced	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Digest for 14 days; filter.

Application for Painful Teeth. (6066.)

Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Toothache Essence (No. 6065)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Anti-Neuralgia Drops. (8180.)

Synonym.—Toothache Essence.

Camphorated Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Application for Toothache. (8216.)

Camphor	360 grains
Capsicum, bruised	90 grains
Chloral Hydrate	180 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Tincture for the Gums. (2072.)

Alum	60 grains
Eau de Cologne	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Astringent Tincture for the Gums. (5317.)

Benzoic Acid	30 grains
Gluside	3 grains
Menthol	2 grains
Phenol	30 grains
Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Thymol	3 grains
Absolute Alcohol	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	3 minims
Oil of Cloves	6 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	15 minims
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolic Collodion. (1088.)

Synonyms.—Toothache Jelly; Toothache Collodion.

Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Carbolic Collodion. (9274.)

Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Carbolic Colloid. (6079.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth Jelly. (8921.)

Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth Jelly. (2678.)

Menthol	120 grains
Oil of Cassia	12 minims
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix and add

Phenol	8 ounces

Toothache Applications.

Carbolic Toothache Tincture. (1517.)

Mastich	1 ounce
Menthol	1 ounce
Phenol	¾ ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Carbolised Collodion. (976.)

Synonym.—Toothache Jelly.

Phenol	1 ounce
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Melt the phenol a a low temperature and add to the collodion.

Cocaine Toothache Essence. (462.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloral Hydrate	240 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	24 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 minims

Mix.

Dentaline. (9791.)

Camphor	2½ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	240 grains
Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Essence for Toothache. (2054.)

Camphor	120 grains
Crimson Aniline Dye, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Spirits of Chloroform	3½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Essence for Toothache. (2133.)

Phenol	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Frog Syrup. (5223).

Glycerin of Borax	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Instantaneous Toothache Cure. (8144.)

Mastich	2 ounces
Phenol	2½ ounces
Collodion	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Instantaneous Toothache Cure. (6081.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloral Hydrate	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Mastich	360 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	30 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Iodine and Aconite Paint. (3223.)

Synonym.—Paint for Gums.

Tincture of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Magic Drops. (8337.)

Synonym.—Toothache Essence.

Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	30 minims
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Magic Drops. (8751.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Mastich	1 ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Magic Drops for Toothache. (6096.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Ticture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Magic Drops for Toothache. (1370.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Magic Toothache Essence. (6080.)

Opium, in powder	30 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Magic Toothache Essence. (8111.)

Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Magnetic Toothache Essence. (2788.)

Camphor	720 grains
Capsicum, in powder	180 grains
Chloral Hydrate	360 grains
Phenol	240 grains
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nervine. (6070.)

Camphor	60 grains
Tannic Acid	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nervine. (2716.)

Synonym.—Nerve Destroyer.

Collodion	2 ounces
Phenol	2 ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Nervine. (2637.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Sandarac	120 grains
Tannic Acid	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Nervine. (5358.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Sandarac	120 grains
Tannic Acid	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Nervine for Toothache. (5410.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Nervine for Toothache. (3230.)

Synonym.—Toothache Drops.

Phenol	½ ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Nervine for Toothache. (657.)

Mastich	480 grains
Chloroform (Methylated)	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Application. (977.)

Volatile Oil of Mustard	24 minims
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Odontalgic Essence. (5274.)

Synonym.—Toothache Tincture.

Balsam of Peru	1 fl. drachm
Camphor	1 ounce
Cocaine	15 grains
Mastich	90 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Odontalgic Essence. (6161.)

Balsam of Tolu	2 ounces
Camphor	1 ounce
Menthol	½ ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Orange Toothache Jelly. (1456.)

Aniline Orange Dye	2½ grains
Collodion	2½ fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Pain Exterminator. (9057.)

Synonym.—Toothache Essence.

Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pyrethrine Toothache Tincture. (7066.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Soluton of Camphor (Rubini)	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	45 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrup for Children's Gums. (3405.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Saffron	8 grains
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Teething Syrup for the Gums. (6139.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Syrup of Roses	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Tincture for the Mouth and Gums. (8754.)

Camphor		½ ounce
Cloves, in powder		4 ounces
Krameria Root, in powder		4 ounces
Myrrh, in powder		4 ounces
Orris Root, in powder		4 ounces
Pyrethrum Root, in powder		4 ounces
Tannic Acid		1 ounce
Essence of Musk		2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of equal parts of each, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Macerate and percolate.

Tincture for Toothache. (6997.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tooth Anodyne. (963.)

Phenol	120 grains
Camphorated Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Tooth Nerve Destroyer. (6881.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Phenol	6 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Tooth Essence. (8929.)

Camphor	240 grains
Oil of Cloves	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tooth Essence. (9691.)

Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Ether	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tooth Tincture. (1296.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Guaiacum	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Tooth Tincture. (8192.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tooth Tincture. (2226.)

Menthol	480 grains
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tooth Tincture. (6088.)

Oil of Cloves	90 minims
Oil of Rosemary	12 minims
Tincture of Pyrethrum	20 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Tooth Tincture. (9710.)

Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Tooth Tincture. (8460.)

Synonym.—Odontalgia.

Camphor	480 grains
Dragons' Blood, in powder	40 grains
Phenol	240 grains
Tannic Acid	60 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Application. (6207.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Sandarac	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Application. (2180.)

Phenol	60 grains
Essence of Capsicum	30 minims
Chloroform	30 minims

Mix.

Toothache Application. (5326.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Mastich	½ ounce
Chloroform	8 fl. ounces
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Application. (8884.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Balsam. (9263.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Arnica	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Balsam. (9567.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Balsam. (969.)

Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Arnica	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Collodion. (9407.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Flexible Collodion	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Colloid. (9438.)

Synonym.—Toothache Jelly.

Phenol	80 grains
Oil of Peppermint	16 minims
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Cure. (6877.)

Phenol	180 grains
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Guaiacum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (6623.)

Phenol	4 ounces
Glycerin	3½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Drops. (2248.)

Synonym.—Toothache Tincture.

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (5885.)

Tannic Acid	1 ounce
Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (6549.)

Camphorated Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (1159.)

Camphor	360 grains
Mastich	240 grains
Tannic Acid	240 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite (Fleming)	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (9991.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Menthol	5 ounces
Oil of Cloves	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (6246.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (6900.)

Balsam of Tolu	1¼ ounces
Camphor	½ ounce
Benzoin	3½ ounces
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Prepared Storax	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Mix and macerate.

Toothache Drops. (6094.)

Synonyms.—Dental Tincture; Toothache Tincture.

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	4 fl. ounces

Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (5388.)

Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	1½ fl ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Drops. (5254.)

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (5557.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Sedative Solution of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (5900.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (5483.)

Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (2552.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Phenol	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (5444.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (6256.)

Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (6073.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Mastich	240 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cinchona, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (2663.)

Phenol	240 grains
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (8711.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Collodion	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Drops. (8904.)

Camphor	240 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Creosote	2 fl. drachms
Ether	4 fl. ounces
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (9878.)

Cocaine	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Toothache Drops. (8036.)

Menthol	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (9078.)

Camphor	480 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Iodine	16 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (9483.)

Camphor	2½ ounces
Chloral Hydrate	1¼ ounces
Phenol	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. ounces

Mix

Toothache Drops. (8710.)

Camphor	480 grains
Menthol	240 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Lavender	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (8499.)

Camphor	360 grains
Capsicum, in powder	90 grains
Chloral Hydrate	180 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (8058.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloral Hydrate	2 ounces
Phenol	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Drops. (9703.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Mastich	½ ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops or Essence. (6290.)

Camphor	360 grains
Capsicum, in powder	90 grains
Chloral Hydrate	180 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Drops or Tincture. (3219.)

Menthol	60 grains
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Elixir. (1820.)

Camphor	480 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Elixir. (6930.)

Phenol	96 grains
Tolu Resin	192 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Elixir. (2512.)

Camphor	10 ounces
Opium	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	3¾ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6068.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6065.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5896.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Sedative Solution of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (6063.)

Cocaine	4 grains
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6331.)

Camphor	240 grains
Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Mastich	240 grains
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6876.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5916.)

Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6255.)

Morphine Acetate	60 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6746.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6235.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6086.)

Menthol	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2548.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Morphine Acetate	5 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (5458.)

Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1837.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	80 minims
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2537.)

Tannic Acid	1 ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2394.)

Phenol	1½ ounces
Resin	1 ounce
Thymol	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1763.)

Opium, in powder	2 ounces
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	5 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	36 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Toothache Essence. (2436.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Aniline Dye (Red)	1 grain
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2420.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Phenol	720 grains
Chloral with Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Creosote	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2029.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (2408.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Kino	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6098.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Exsiccated Alum	120 grains
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Phenol	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Prepare by the maceration process.

Toothache Essence. (6097.)

Camphor	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6100.)

Camphor	30 grains
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Iodine	2 fl. drochms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6605.)

Camphor	360 grains
Mastich	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6583.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloral Hydrate	½ ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Phenol	1 ounce
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6552.)

Mastich	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6074.)

Phenol	5½ ounces
Glycerin	14 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Liniment of Aconite	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5934.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (5747.)

Camphor	240 grains
Menthol	180 grains
Mastich	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5750.)

Menthol	480 grains
Opium	210 grains
Pyrethrum Root	720 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	3½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6769.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Mastich	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 pound
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6709.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6703.)

Camphorated Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6672.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (107.)

Morphine Acetate	10 grains
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (61.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Morphine Acetate	16 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Absolute Alcohol	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1443.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (360.)

Chloral with Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Decolorised Tincture of Iodine	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (221.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (222.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Collodion	1 ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (220.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (479.)

Creosote	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1322.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9964.)

Menthol	30 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (970.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Morphine	8 grains
Phenol	½ ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (967.)

Camphor	60 grains
Chloroform	30 minims
Oil of Cajuput	15 minims
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (964.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (962.)

Camphor	60 grains
Dragon's Blood	30 grains
Mastich	60 grains
Myrrh	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (610.)

Mastich	60 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (551.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (958.)

Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (961.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1202.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Cochineal, in powder	1½ ounces
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	3 ounces
Opium, in powder	2¼ ounces
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	3 ounces
Sandarac, in powder	2¼ ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix, macerate, and filter.

Toothache Essence. (1389.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (609.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Creosote	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (695.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (966.)

Phenol	120 grains
Creosote	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Iodine (Ph. Edin.)	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (975.)

Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (972.)

Benzoin, in powder	8 ounces
Camphor	120 grains
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1249.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1262.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Mastich	½ ounce
Menthol	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Sandarac	90 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6953.)

Camphor	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5459.)

Camphor	180 grains
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5500.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (5456.)

Cocaine	8 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5236.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. ounces
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (3173.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Creosote	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6695.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6150.)

Camphor	2½ ounces
Mastich	2 ounces
Chloroform	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5464.)

Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5463.)

Camphor	120 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Myrrh and Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5425.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2641.)

Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2047.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (2732.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	1½ ounces
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	16 ounces
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Prepare by the percolation process.

Toothache Essence. (2640.)

Tannic Acid	120 grains
Camphorated Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Ether	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5277.)

Camphor	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cassia	90 minims
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5307.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Cochineal	½ ounce
Pyrethrum Root	4 ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 fl. ounces

Macerate and strain.

Toothache Essence. (2524.)

Camphor	120 grains
Tannic Acid	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Ether	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2265.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Colchicum Seeds, in powder	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	3 ounces
Leaf Tobacco, in powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Toothache Essence. (1780.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2307.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (5332.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite (P.L.)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1904.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2065.)

Menthol	2 ounces
Tannic Acid	2 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Indian Hemp	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2225.)

Mastich	1 ounce
Phenol	4 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (1997.)

Camphor	180 grains
Opium	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	360 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Mix and filter.

Toothache Essence. (1944.)

Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	14 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	12 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6060.)

Saturated Solution of Camphor in Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6062.)

Camphor	60 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6224.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Iodine	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (3071.)

Camphor	¼ ounce
Cochineal, in powder	40 grains
Phenol	144 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (2776.)

Camphor	100 grains
Oil of Origanum	130 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6179.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Tannic Acid	½ ounce
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6191.)

Camphor	240 grains
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6209.)

Camphorated Chloroform (1 in 2)	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6222.)

Camphorated Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6941.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Mixture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6092.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5290.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Sandarac	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (6089.)

Camphor	360 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix

Toothache Essence. (6085.)

Mastich	240 grains
Phenol	480 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5266.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5532.)

Camphorated Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (5329.)

Mastich	120 grains
Tannic Acid	480 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7096.)

Synonym.—Toothache Tincture.

Morphine Acetate	96 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6084.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Morphine Acetate	16 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (6082.)

Camphor	120 grains
Menthol	240 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8050.)

Camphor	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

oothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (8953.)

Phenol	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8064.)

Tannic Acid	360 grains
Oil of Cassia	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8025.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7097.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8861.)

Camphor	240 grains
Phenol	330 grains
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8944.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8881.)

Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9942.)

Camphor	20 grains
Menthol	10 grains
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8866.)

Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (8879.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Iodine	20 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8964.)

Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Mastich	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8974.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix

Toothache Essence. (9043.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9048.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Mastich	¼ ounce
Tannic Acid	1¼ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9140.)

Camphor	360 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9183.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Capsicin	60 grains
Phenol	1 ounce
Yellow Sandal Wood, in chips	120 grains
Chloroform	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9317.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (9173.)

Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9308.)

Camphor	480 grains
Chloral Hydrate	480 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9104.)

Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9205.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9221.)

Camphor	480 grains
Absolute Alcohol	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	1¼ fl. drachms
Tincture of Guaiacum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9261.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Morphine	8 grains
Phenol	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9603.)

Tannic Acid	½ ounce
Sandarac	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9665.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (9625.)

Mastich	1½ ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	3½ fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms

Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9206.)

Synonyms.—Toothache Drops; Toothache Tincture.

Phenol	240 grains
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8238.)

Camphor	60 grains
Phenol	180 grains
Mastich	90 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8178.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8223.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8168.)

Camphor	360 grains
Tannic Acid	½ ounce
Creosote	1½ fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8572.)

Menthol	60 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8620.)

Camphor	60 grains
Mastich	30 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8744.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (8634.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8675.)

Camphor	240 grains
Phenol	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8697.)

Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8715.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Capsicin	80 grains
Chloral Hydrate	3 ounces
Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8757.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8118.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloral Hydrate	240 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Ether	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8087.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Opium	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	80 minims

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8074.)

Collodion	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8444.)

Camphor	240 grains
Menthol	90 grains
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (8438.)

Menthol	90 grains
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8470.)

Camphor	5 ounces
Phenol	½ ounce
Tannic Acid	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8494.)

Black Pepper, in powder	2 ounces
Cloves, in powder	1 ounce
Mastich	½ ounce
Orris Root, in powder	6 ounces
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	6 ounces
Chloroform	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Pimento	96 minims
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	67 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (8491.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9874.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9826.)

Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims
Oil of Peppermint	60 minims
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9441.)

Tannic Acid	40 grains
Camphor	120 grains
Dragon's Blood, in powder	10 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Essence. (9330.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9390.)

Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9395.)

Oil of Cajuput	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9371.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Mastich	1½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	120 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	15 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9456.)

Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9851.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (9329.)

Mastich	120 grains
Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Creosote	5 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	5 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence or Toothache Tincture. (608.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Gum. (2379.)

Tragacanth	40 grains
Distilled Water	30 minims
Glycerin	60 minims
Liquefied Phenol	50 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Jelly. (2407.)

Collodion	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce

Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Toothache Jelly. (6078.)

Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. ounces
Collodion	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Jelly. (9884.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Glycerin Suppository Basis	240 grains

Mix.

Toothache Jelly. (9129.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Collodion	4 ounces

Mix.

Toothache Mixture. (8585.)

Camphor	360 grains
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache or Neuralgia Essence. (5506.)

Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Paint. (8153.)

Alum, in powder	30 grains
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Liniment of Iodine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Pellets. (2499.)

Chloral Hydrate	2 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	5 ounces

Mix and divide into 2-grain pellets.

Toothache Pellets. (3251.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Menthol	15 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in fine powder	30 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a soft mass, and divide into suitable pellets.

Toothache Solution. (1289.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	24 grains
Menthol	48 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Solution. (6640.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	24 grains
Menthol	48 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Stopping. (5935.)

Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Mastich	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Stunner. (8275.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Mastich	½ ounce
Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Toothache Tincture. (9821.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Indian Hemp	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8314.)

Camphor	1½ fl. drachms
Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Toothache Tincture. (9404.)

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9721.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Shellac	¼ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9722.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Tannic Acid	½ ounce
Camphor	120 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Sandarac	120 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8330.)

Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (9345.)

Synonym.—Nervine.

Phenol	60 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8257.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Menthol	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8141.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8640.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8665.)

Camphor	440 grains
Resin	440 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	180 minims
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8188.)

Balsam of Tolu	1 ounce
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Red Sanders Wood	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8564.)

Camphor	240 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Red Sanders Wood	30 grains
Resin	120 grains
Tannic Acid	60 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8630.)

Menthol	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (8593.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Red Sanders Wood, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8547.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Saturated Solution of Mastich	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8601.)

Arnica Rhizome, in powder	½ ounce
Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Prepare by the percolation process.

Toothache Tincture. (8600.)

Camphor	300 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Arnica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8604.)

Phenol	1½ ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8622.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	4 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8213.)

Menthol	180 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8706.)

Camphor	180 grains
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (8728.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8671.)

Camphor	¾ ounce
Opium, in powder	¼ ounce
Pyrethrum Root, bruised	1 ounce
Sandarac	½ ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8679.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Creosote	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8738.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

oothache Tincture. (8743.)

Camphor	120 grains
Sandarac	60 grains
Mastich	60 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8131.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Liquefied Phenol	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8094.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Cochineal, in powder	60 grains
Henbane Seeds, in powder	½ ounce
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	2 ounces
Chloroform	3½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (8120.)

Menthol	½ ounce
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8124.)

Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	40 minims

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8088.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8500.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8502.)

Saturated Solution of Alum in Spirit of Nitrous Ether.

Toothache Tincture. (8506.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	45 minims
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8346.)

Menthol	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8408.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8004.)

Camphor	¾ ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (7075.)

Benzoin	120 grains
Ginger	240 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Myrrh	120 grains
Opium	30 grains
Pyrethrum Root	480 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9683.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Guaiacum	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9700.)

Camphor, in powder	120 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Extract of Belladonna	120 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9640.)

Camphor	600 grains
Chloroform	9 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	18 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	9 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9676.)

Camphor	180 grains
Opium	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root	240 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9638.)

Camphor	60 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Arnica	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6087.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Mastich	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	40 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (6740.)

Camphor	240 grains
Shellac	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9762.)

Tannic Acid	120 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6283.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6067.)

Camphor	6 ounces
Mastich	1 ounce
Menthol	½ ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	18 fl. ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Creosote	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5886.)

Gutta Percha	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6071.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6957.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root	3 ounces
Santal Wood	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces
Methyl Alcohol	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6099.)

Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	1 ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Toothache Tincture. (5922.)

Purified Ether	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (5889.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Shellac	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9981.)

Camphor	20 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6069.)

Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Myrrh	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (7036.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (3240.)

Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Camphor	1 ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5572.)

Spirit of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5586.)

Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2686.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Opium	180 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	360 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Toothache Tincture. (5555.)

Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	240 grains
Tannic Acid	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (680.)

Camphor	90 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (968.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (965.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	300 grains
Mastich	1 ounce
Menthol	360 grains
Phenol	1½ ounces
Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (959.)

Chloral Hydrate	120 grains
Phenol	480 grains
Resin	480 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (450.)

Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	240 grains
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (464.)

Camphorated Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (484.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (535.)

Ether	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (394.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Menthol	¼ ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (6093.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6091.)

Phenol	120 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to make	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5580.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Phenol	60 grains
Opium	180 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	360 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5292.)

Camphor	360 grains
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root, bruised	480 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5357.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce

Sweet Solution of Roses, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5352.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Iodine	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5416.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Cochineal (bruised)	60 grains
Morphine Acetate	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2773.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Mastich	1 ounce
Menthol	¼ ounce
Phenol	½ ounce
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (5452.)

Menthol	60 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2601.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2746.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5265.)

Benzoic Acid	120 grains
Tannic Acid	1 ounce
Camphor	1 ounce
Cocaine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Sandarac	240 grains
Mastich	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	14 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5239.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6090.)

Synonym.—Toothache Elixir.

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	24 minims
Spirit of Camphor (1=6)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5474.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Menthol	¼ ounce
Red Sanders Wood	30 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6278.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (6634.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Mastich	240 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6927.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5339.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	½ ounce
Saturated Solution of Camphor in Chloroform	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6216.)

Camphor	180 grains
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6095.)

Camphor	240 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5937.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce
Camphor, a sufficient quantity to form a saturated solution	

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6767.)

Camphor	270 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Menthol	90 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Ether	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	80 minims
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6778.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8848.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8852.)

Phenol	120 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8869.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Dragon's Blood	3 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8889.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8890.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8918.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	32 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8926.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Menthol	30 grains
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8927.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8957.)

Camphor	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8969.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (89.)

Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Sedative Solution of Opium	1 ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (223.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6597.)

Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6573.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6572.)

Tannic Acid	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6077.)

Tannic Acid	240 grains
Mastich	480 grains
Ether	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6076.)

Krameria Root, bruised	4 ounces
Pyrethrum Root, bruised	14 ounces
Ether	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	1½ fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	64 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (6075.)

Benzoin	120 grains
Camphor	480 grains
Phenol	240 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6103.)

Alkanet Root, bruised	30 grains
Balsam of Tolu	20 grains
Camphor	120 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root, bruised	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6141.)

Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2659.)

Camphor	240 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Opium	120 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	½ ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6142.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloral Hydrate	2 ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6944.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6918.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6898.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloral Hydrate	2 ounces
Cocaine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (8989.)

Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Creosote	5 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	5 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9006.)

Aconite Root, in powder	1 ounce
Cochineal, bruised	½ ounce
Menthol	½ ounce
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sandarac	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	18 fl. ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9021.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Ether	6 fl. drachms
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9041.)

Camphor	120 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9063.)

Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	180 grains
Tannic Acid	180 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9066.)

Benzoin, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Camphor	2 ounces
Capsicum, bruised	½ ounce
Myrrh, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sandarac, in powder	½ ounce
Tannic Acid	240 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	26 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9076.)

Synonym.—Toothache Essence.

Camphor	90 grains
Liquefied Phenol	180 grains
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (9057.)

Camphor	120 grains
Phenol	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9090.)

Camphorated Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and strain.

Toothache Tincture. (9098.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9167.)

Tannic Acid	120 grains
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9193.)

Camphor	360 grains
Opium	¼ ounce
Pyrethrum Root, bruised	2 ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Naphtha	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9197.)

Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	11 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9213.)

Menthol	15 grains
Phenol	90 grains
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	5 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9503.)

Aconite Root, bruised	½ ounce
Cochineal, bruised	¼ ounce
Pyrethrum Root, bruised	1 ounce
Sandarac, in powder	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Macerate for eight days, filter, and add—

Menthol	120 grains
Chloroform	12 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5751.)

Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (9573.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum (2 in 5)	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9470.)

Camphor	60 grains
Dragon's Blood	60 grains
Mastich	90 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (9864.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	20 fl. ounces
Chloroform	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Camphor	20 ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6553.)

Camphor	240 grains
Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Sandarac	180 grains
Tannic Acid	180 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6864.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Guaiacum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6059.)

Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6061.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6064.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6989.)

Spirit of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (6705.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Essence of Horseradish	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cinnamon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Orange-flower	15 minims
Oil of Rose	2 minims
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Guaiacum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Essence of Ambergris Essence of Musk	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6627.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Camphorated Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6648.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6718.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6713.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Tannic Acid	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Purified Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2151.)

Camphor	30 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Liniment of Aconite	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2455.)

Camphorated Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2101.)

Camphor	30 grains
Chloroform	30 minims
Tincture of Pyrethrum, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2007.)

Phenol	120 grains
Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (2040.)

Balsam of Tolu	60 grains
Mastich	180 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	30 minims
Oil of Lavender	10 minims

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2005.)

Camphor	32 ounces
Mastich	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	2 ounces
Phenol	13 ounces
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	8 ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	13 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 fl. ounces

Mix, macerate, and filter.

Toothache Tincture. (2556.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Mastich	120 grains
Phenol	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2473.)

Benzoic Acid	30 grains
Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	240 grains
Phenol	1 ounce
Tannic Acid	120 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2342.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Iodine	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2213.)

Opium	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2362.)

Opium, in powder	120 grains
Tannic Acid	120 grains
Camphorated Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1848.)

Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (1774.)

Menthol	120 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2114.)

Camphor	30 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Tincture of Aconite (Fleming)	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Pyrethrum	30 minims

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (2480.)

Camphor	90 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Creosote	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl ounces

Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and filter.

Toothache Tincture. (5227.)

Camphor	50 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (4094.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Ticture of Benzoin	1½ fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (5549.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Menthol	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1266.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Phenol	½ ounce
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Creosote	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1475.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. ounce

Mix

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (6266.)

Phenol	120 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1330.)

Menthol	1½ ounces
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	8 ounces
Sandarac	2 ounces
Tormentilla Root, in powder	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 pints

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6964.)

Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Methyl Alcohol	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1345.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Phenol	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Creosote	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1335.)

Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Camphor (Rubini)	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1424.)

Camphor	360 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Opium, in powder	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Capsicin	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (60.)

Tannic Acid	360 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 minims
Oil of Cassia	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (960.)

Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	240 grains
Tannic Acid	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (1501.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1229.)

Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (1284.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (973.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Pyrethrum Root, bruised	3 ounces
Ether	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2¼ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (974.)

Synonym.—Toothache Essence.

Mastich	150 grains
Phenol	1¼ ounces
Oil of Cloves	1¼ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (971.)

Camphor	90 grains
Dragons' Blood	30 grains
Mastich	90 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (691.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	14 fl. drachms
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6265.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Menthol	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (6083.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Applications.

Toothache Tincture. (6327.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Wax. (2064.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
White Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Toothache Wool. (6072.)

White Beeswax	2 ounces
Chloral Hydrate	2 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce

Melt and mix. Immerse thin layers of lint, and allow to dry

Embrocations.

Embrocation. (8480.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	24 fl. ounces
Five Eggs.	

Mix.

Embrocation. (8574.)

Synonym.—White Oils.

Camphor, in powder	6 ounces
Acetic Acid	44 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	54 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	48 fl. ounces
Eight Yolks of Eggs.	

Mix.

Embrocation. (8269.)

Synonym.—White Oils.

Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	15 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	15 fl. ounces
Ten Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocation. (6186.)

Synonym.—Stimulating Liniment.

Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Two Yolks of Eggs.	

Mix.

Embrocation. (5496.)

Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	9 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocation. (5599.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	24 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Two Yolks of Eggs.	

Mix.

Embrocation. (1797.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Soft Soap	5 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	40 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocation. (2798.)

Acetic Acid	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	24 fl. ounces
Eight Eggs.	
Distilled Water	24 ounces

Mix.

Embrocation. (5949.)

Camphor	5 ounces
Acetic Acid	7½ fl. ounces
Colza Oil	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	36 fl. ounces
Ten Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	22½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocation. (5939.)

Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. ounces
Four Eggs.	

Mix.

Embrocation. (2396.)

Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Four Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocation. (9294.)

Acetic Acid	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Citronella	18 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	27 fl. ounces
Six Eggs.	
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocation for Bronchitis. (8987.)

Liniment of Belladonna	7 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	7 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	7 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocation for Sprains. (6690.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Liniment of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocation for Whooping Cough. (1459.)

Green Oil of Elder	17½ ounces
Oil of Cloves	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Tar	1 pint
Olive Oil	2 pints

Mix.

Embrocation for Whooping Cough. (9902.)

Oil of Amber	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 ounce
Olive Oil	3 ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Embrocation. (991.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Athletic Embrocation. (8903.)

Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Turpentine	24 fl. ounces
Eight to Ten Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Athletes' Embrocation. (2295.)

Liniment of Ammonia	10 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Bronchial Embrocation. (8880.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Amber	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cajuput Embrocation. (9226.)

Camphor	6 ounces
Opium	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 pints
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Embrocation. (997.)

Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Coloured Olive Oil (No. 998)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Family Embrocation. (9376.)

Acetic Acid	1 pint
Oil of Turpentine	1 pint
Four to Six Eggs.	
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix.

Embrocations.

Family Embrocation. (8411.)

Acetic Acid	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces
Six or Eight Eggs.	
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Green Embrocation. (3210.)

Synonym.—Chilblain Liniment.

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Embrocation. (8726.)

Acetic Acid	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	40 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	6 fl. ounces
Fifteen Eggs.	

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (5878.)

Ammonium Chloride	6 ounces
Soft Soap	12 ounces
Acetic Acid	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	4 pints
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 pints
Strong Solution of Ammonia	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (5888.)

Acetic Acid	7½ fl. ounces
Camphor	5 ounces
Nut Oil	18 ounces
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	36 fl. ounces
Eight Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	22½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (6554.)

One Egg.	
Acetic Acid	1¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (5944.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Six Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Vinegar	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (5943.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Two Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces

Embrocations.

Household Embrocation. (5941.)

Colza Oil	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (2409.)

White of One Egg.	
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (2681.)

Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Four Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

ousehold Embrocation. (2690.)

Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Four Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (5550.)

Two Eggs	
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Household mbrocation. (1482.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
One Yolk of Egg.	
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (1431.)

Menthol	½ ounce
Soft Soap	¾ ounce
Oil of Turpentine	6½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Distilled Water, 2½ fl. ounces, or a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (1239.)

Chlorophyll	40 grains
Essential Oil of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Oleic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	62 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	24 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (982.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	18 fl. ounces
Three Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocations.

Household Embrocation. (390.)

Synonym.—White Oils.

Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (1346.)

Menthol	20 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Two Yolks of Eggs.	

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (7080.)

Camphor	10 ounces
Menthol	1 ounce
Capsicum	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	15 fl. ounces
Colza Oil	36 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	72 fl. ounces
Twenty Eggs.	
Distilled Water	45 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (8996.)

Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Colza Oil	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (8218.)

Camphor	5 ounces
Acetic Acid	7½ fl. ounces
Colza Oil	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	36 fl. ounces
Ten Eggs.	
Distilled Water	22½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (8140.)

Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Colza Oil	1 pint
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	1 pint
Solution of Ammonia	1 pint

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (8633.)

Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	22 fl. ounces
Three Eggs.	

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (8580.)

Camphor	1¼ ounces
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	9 fl. ounces
Rape Oil	4½ fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	

Mix.

Embrocations.

Household Embrocation. (8426.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	14 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	16 fl. ounces
Three Eggs.	

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (8195.)

Oil of Turpentine	1 pint
Rape Oil	1 pint
Solution of Ammonia	1 pint

Mix.

Imperial Embrocation. (9227.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	20 fl. ounces
Eight Eggs.	
Oil of Turpentine	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cross Embrocation. (5314.)

Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Six Yolks of Eggs.	

Mix.

Red Cross Embrocation. (5238.)

Acetic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
One Egg.	
Distilled Water	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cross Embrocation. (5447.)

Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Diluted Acetic Acid	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cross Embrocation. (5911.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Soft Soap	2 ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	13 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cross Embrocation. (5942.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Five Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cross Embrocation. (5552.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Ten Eggs	
Acetic Acid	20 fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	40 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	40 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Embrocations.

Red Cross Embrocation. (979.)

Liniment of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Liniment of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (196.)

Synonym.—Family Rubbing Bottle.

Camphor	½ ounce
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (2332.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	5 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (5945.)

Synonym.—Household Embrocation.

Ten Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	25 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (981.)

Camphor	240 grains
Oleic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve the camphor in the oil of turpentine, add the oleic acid, and shake; to the mixture add the solution of potash and water, previously mixed, and shake vigorously.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (6674.)

Ether	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	5½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (6622.)

Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounce
Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
One Yolk of Egg.	
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (6279.)

Twelve Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	42 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	54 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocations.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (6853.)

Acetic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (5940.)

Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	12 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic and Sciatica Embrocation. (2069.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sprain and Rheumatic Embrocation. (1749.)

Acetic Acid	45 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	45 fl. ounces
Seventeen Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	164 fl. ounces

Mix.

Standard Embrocation. (8176.)

Camphor	5 ounces
Acetic Acid	7½ fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	36 fl. ounces
Rape Oil	18 fl. ounces
Nine Eggs.	
Distilled Water	22½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Stimulating Embrocation. (8740.)

Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stimulating Embrocation. (568.)

Dr. St. John Long's Prescription.

Camphor	120 grains
Soft Soap	360 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stimulating Embrocation. (6777.)

Menthol	½ ounce
Expressed Oil of Mustard	1 pint
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocations.

Stimulating Embrocation. (9823.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	20 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Four Yolks of Eggs.	
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stimulating Embrocation. (9350.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Colza Oil	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Paraffin	24 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Embrocation. (2828.)

Camphor	360 grains
Four Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Embrocation. (5951.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	2 pints
Eight or Nine Eggs.	
Oil of Turpentine	2 pints

Mix.

The Embrocation. (2423.)

Camphor	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
White of One Egg.	

Mix.

The Embrocation. (5950.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	24 fl. ounces
Five Eggs.	
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Embrocation. (9635.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh and Aloes	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

The Embrocation. (9214.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	4 fl. ounces
Three to Five Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (8958.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Embrocations.

Universal Embrocation. (2613.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Six Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (2789.)

Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	9 fl. ounces
Three Eggs.	
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (2193.)

Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	11 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Five Eggs.	
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (1924.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Soft Soap	2 ounces
Liniment of Ammonia (B.P. 1885)	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (5919.)

Acetic Acid	25 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	25 fl. ounces
Nine Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (5947.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Diluted Acetic Acid	3 pints
Four Eggs.	
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (2024.)

Synonym.—White Liniment.

Camphor	4½ ounces
Menthol	1½ ounces
Oil of Amber	4½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Rape Oil	22 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia (s.g. 0·880)	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (5448.)

Synonym.—White Oil.

Twelve Yolks of Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	34 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocations.

Universal Embrocation. (8741.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	22 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	19 fl. ounces
Four Eggs.	
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (8044.)

Camphor	360 grains
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (9754.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Acetic Acid	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	48 fl. ounces
Twelve Eggs.	
Distilled Water	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (8976.)

Camphor	5 ounces
Acetic Acid	17½ fl. ounces
Colza Oil	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	36 fl. ounces
Ten Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	22½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (9583.)

Camphor, in powder	½ ounce
Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Fir-Wool Oil	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Sesame	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Four Whites of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (8541.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	28 fl. ounces
Eight Eggs.	

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (8859.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (9795.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	1 pint
Oil of Turpentine	1 pint
Twelve Whites of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (9666.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces.

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (8089.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces
One Egg.	

Mix.

Universal Household Embrocation. (8933.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Glacial Acetic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. drachm
One Egg.	
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal or Rheumatic Embrocation. (9440.)

Camphor	240 grains
Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2 fl. drachms
Nut Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	10½ fl. ounces.

Mix.

Universal Embrocation. (2239.)

Liniment of Ammonia, B.P.

Universal Rheumatic and Sprain Embrocation. (5409.)

Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces.

Mix.

White Embrocation. (2334.)

Ammonium Chloride	240 grains
Soft Soap	2½ ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces.
Distilled Water, boiling	25 fl. ounces.

Mix.

White Embrocation. (2156.)

Ammonium Chloride	1 ounce
Soft Soap	5½ ounces
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces.
Distilled Water	50 fl. ounces.

Mix.

White Embrocation. (2062.)

Synonyms.—Household Embrocation; White Oils.

Camphor	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Five Yolks of Eggs.	
Oil of Turpentine	24 fl. ounces.
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces.

Mix.

Embrocations.

White Embrocation. (2734.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Four Eggs.	
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Embrocation. (6263.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Ten Eggs	
Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	48 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Embrocation. (8024.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Acetic Acid	12 fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Six Eggs.	

Mix.

White Embrocation. (9474.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Six Eggs.	
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Embrocation. (9637.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Six Yolks of Eggs.	

Mix.

White Embrocation. (9692.)

Acetic Acid	12 fl. ounces
One Egg.	
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (205.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix; macerate and strain.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (8915.)

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (8385.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Essential Oil of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (996.)

Oil of Amber	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Expressed Oil of Mustard	½ fl. ounce
Olive Oil	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (9041.)

Oil of Amber	6 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	2½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (9366.)

Oil of Amber	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	20 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (9341.)

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Green Oil	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (46.)

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (3239.)

Synonym.—Chest Liniment.

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (1748.)

Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (5925.)

Liniment of Camphor	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour.	

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (1257.)

Oil of Amber	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Essential Oil of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	13 fl. ounces.

Mix.

Embrocations.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (1754.)

Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (6649.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (2035.)

Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (7031.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Amber	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Cod-liver Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (2451.)

Essential Oil of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough and Pulmonary Embrocation. (9833.)

Essential Oil of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Amber	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Cod-liver Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Liniment or Embrocation. (567.)

Dr. St. John Long's Prescription.

Acetic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
One Egg	
Rose Water	2½ fl. ounces

Triturate the egg with the turpentine and oil of lemon, then add gradually the acetic acid and rose water.

White Oils or Embrocation. (8608.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Three Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocations.

Carbolic Oil. (8304.)

Phenol	2½ ounces
Olive Oil	36 ounces

Mix.

Carron Oil. (1103.)

Linseed Oil	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Oil of Mustard. (8134.)

Volatile Oil of Mustard	2 fl. drachms
Green Oil	4 fl. ounces
Rape Oil	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Black Bruise Oil. (1395.)

Barbados Tar	½ pound
Linseed Oil	2 pounds
Oil of Turpentine	1½ pounds
Green Oil of Elder	1 pound
Sulphuric Acid	2 ounces

Mix.

Excelsior Oils. (8401.)

Synonym.—Oil of Exeter Improved.

Green Oil	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Rubbing Oils. (6995.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	20 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rubbing Oils. (985.)

Synonym.—Syme's Liniment.

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (2646.)

Synonym.—Universal Liniment.

Acetic Acid	1¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (4098.)

Colza Oil	1 pound
Oil of Turpentine	1 pound
Solution of Ammonia	1 pound
Oil of Thyme	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

White Oils. (8605.)

Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Rape Oil	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Embrocations.

White Oils. (6618.)

Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	12½ fl. ounces
Three Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32½ fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (988.)

Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
One Egg.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

White Oils. (984.)

Acetic Acid	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Citronella	2¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	27 fl. ounces
Six Eggs.	
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (494.)

Synonym.—Embrocation for Sprains.

Three Eggs.	
Diluted Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (5948.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (8241.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

White Oils. (9608.)

Acetic Acid	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	24 fl. ounces
Six Eggs.	
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (9684.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Diluted Acetic Acid	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Three Eggs.	
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

White Oils. (9415.)

Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	9 fl. ounces
Three Eggs.	
Distilled Water	9½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Embrocations.

White Oils. (3243.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Glacial Acetic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Nut Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	7 fl. ounces
One Yolk of Egg.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

White Oils. (9712.)

Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
One Egg.	
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (9876.)

Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	
Vinegar	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils.

Diluted Acetic Acid	20 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Waddington Rubbing Bottle. (216.)

Oil of Amber	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Elder	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl ounces
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Rubbing Bottle. (2479.)

Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Two Eggs	
Oil of Turpentine	9 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gargles.

Acid Gargle. (7085.)

Synonym.—Astringent Gargle.

Alum, in powder	360 grains
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. ounces
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Throat Gargle. (9310.)

Glycerin of Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Gargle. (3587.)

Alum, in powder	60 grains
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gargles.

Astringent Gargle. (40.)

(For Relaxed Throat.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Gargle. (1483.)

Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Gargle. (5952.)

Alum, in powder	60 grains
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Gargle. (6837.)

Synonym.—Rose and Tannin Gargle.

Tannic Acid	120 grains
Potassium Chlorate	180 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	20 minims
Chloroform Water	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Gargle. (8215.)

Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Glycerin of Borax	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Gargle. (9347.)

Tannic Acid	240 grains
Phenol	90 grains
Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Gargle. (9449.)

Tannic Acid	60 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Throat Gargle. (5963.)

Borax	180 grains
Potassium Chlorate	180 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	40 minims
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gargles.

Concentrated Red Astringent Gargle. (5490.)

Tannic Acid	840 grains
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	12 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gargle. (2561.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	10 minims
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Port Wine Gargle. (5491.)

Concentrated Red Astringent Gargle (No. 5490)	1½ fl. ounces
Port Wine	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rose Gargle. (41.)

(For Hoarseness and Tickling in the Throat.)

Borax	60 grains
Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rose Gargle. (1469.)

Borax	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate	1 ounce
Tannic Acid	¼ ounce
Chloroform	30 minims
Concentrated Rose Water (1=40)	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rose Gargle. (6560.)

Alum	720 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2¼ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Roses	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	9 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rose Gargle. (6168.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Acid Infusion of Roses	4 fl. ounces
Saturated Solution of Boric Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rose Gargle and Spray Solution. (9323.)

Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Phenol	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gargles.

Rose and Tannin Gargle. (6892.)

Potassium Chlorate	300 grains
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tannin Gargle. (7021.)

Tannic Acid	40 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	8 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tannin Gargle. (8211.)

Glycerin of Tannic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	45 minims
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tannin Throat Gargle. (9425.)

Glycerin of Tannic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Saturated Solution of Potassium Chlorate, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

The Gargle. (3195.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Potassium Chlorate	90 grains
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Gargle. (5918.)

Potassium Chlorate	2 ounces, 65 grains
Acetic Acid	9 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	9 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Gargle. (6332.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Glycerin of Borax	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Gargle. (6340.)

Aluminium Sulphate	60 grains
Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gargles.

Throat Gargle. (1010.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Throat Gargle. (9022.)

Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Mercuric Chloride	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	4 fl. drachms
Distilled water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Throat Gargle. (9273.)

Glycerin of Tannic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Voice Tonic. (6706.)

Tannic Acid	60 grains
Glycerin of Borax	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Phenol	30 minims
Sweet Solution of Roses	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniments.

A.B.C. Liniment. (561.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Agaricus Liniment. (7065.)

Tincture of Agaricus muscarius (1=10)	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	3 ounces

Mix.

Ammoniated Liniment of Opium. (980.)

Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Opium	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ammoniated Liniment of Opium. (986.)

Synonym.—Bow's Liniment.

Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Liniment. (563.)

Dr. Bow's Formula (Modified).

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces

Mix, allow to stand for seven days; filter.

Liniments.

Anodyne Liniment. (564.)

Dr. Bow's Formula.

Hard Soap	4 ounces
Opium	8 ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	3 pints

Macerate and filter.

Anodyne Liniment. (987.)

Synonym.—Bow's Liniment.

Camphor	7½ ounces
Opium	3 ounces
Soft Soap	9 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	35 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Liniment. (2380.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Opium	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Liniment. (6252.)

Camphor	7½ ounces
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, sliced	1½ ounces
Soft Soap	12 ounces
Oil of Lavender	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 pints

Mix.

Anodyne Liniment. (6033.)

Opium	20 ounces
Soft Soap	10 ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 gallon

Mix.

Anodyne Liniment. (6677.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anti-Neuralgic Liniment. (9327.)

Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Ether	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Capsicum Liniment. (992.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Capsicum, in powder	1¼ ounces
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Chest Liniment. (8920.)

Alkanet Root, in powder	240 grains
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Liniment of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniments.

Chest Oils. (2442.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Paraffin, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chest and Sprain Liniment. (9633).

Camphor	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	12 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Two Yolks of Eggs.	
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Eucalyptus Liniment. (5562.)

Liniment of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chlorifico Liniment. (9846.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Compound Egg Liniment. (8662.)

Acetic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	9 fl. ounces
One Egg.	

Mix.

Compound Liniment. (990.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Liniment of Belladonna. (983.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Soft Soap	½ ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	8 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Menthol Liniment. (7071.)

Chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniments.

Compound Turpentine Liniment. (3215.)

Synonym.—Family Liniment.

Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Compound White Liniment. (993.)

Synonyms.—White Oils; Household Embrocation.

Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough and Cold Liniment. (9517.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emerald Oil. (6228.)

Chlorophyll	30 grains
Menthol	40 grains
Oil of Cassia	20 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Sesame	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Spearmint	10 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Liniment. (1982.)

Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Liniment. (6316.)

Colza Oil	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Liniment. (9899.)

Liniment of Ammonia	1 ounce
Liniment of Turpentine	1 ounce

Mix.

Iodised Opodeldoc. (9999.)

Swiss Pharmacopœia.

Sodium Iodide	5 ounces
Lard or Butter	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	82·5 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Sodium Hydrate Solution (30 per cent.)	2·5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Saponify the lard or butter and the caustic soda solution in 2·5 fluid ounces of alcohol in a flask over a water-bath; then dissolve the product in the remainder of the alcohol, and add the sodium iodide, distilled water, and oil of lemon. Mix and filter the product.

Liniments.

Liniment for the Chest. (9362.)

Congreve's Prescription.

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	7 ounces
Liniment of Soap	7 ounces
Tincture of Belladonna (B.P. 1885)	7 ounces
Oil of Cajuput	3 ounces

Mix.

Liniment of Menthol.

Menthol	360 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve and add—

Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Liniment for Rheumatism. (2604.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor.

Liniment for Rheumatism. (6031.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Menthol and Capsicum Liniment. (6264.)

Menthol	60 grains
Capsicum	15 minims
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Menthol Liniment. (368.)

Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Liniment. (999.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Liniment. (1425.)

Menthol	120 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Liniment. (9786.)

Menthol	60 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Liniment. (5235.)

Menthol	40 grains
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Aconite	1½ fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	3 fl. drachms
Liniment of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Liniments.

Neuralgic Liniment. (9816.)

Menthol	240 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Aconite	7 fl. drachms
Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Liniment. (6027.)

Menthol	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	3 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Ether, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Liniment. (7082.)

Synonyms.—Rheumatic Liniment; Anodyne Liniment.

Camphor, in powder	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	8 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Iodine	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nipple Liniment. (9207.)

Borax	½ ounce
Almond Oil	24 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Rose Water (1=40)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Opodeldoc. (9695.)

Synonym.—Soap Liniment.

Camphor, in powder	12 ounces
Soft Soap	5 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 pints
Oil of Rosemary	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 pints

Mix.

Opodeldoc. (8522.)

Liniment of Soap.

Red Bottle. (4503.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	13 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (1907.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	8 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (2533.)

Capsicum, in powder	2 ounces
Menthol	2 ounces
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniments.

Rheumatic Liniment. (533.)

Liniment of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Spike Lavender	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Wood Naphtha	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (2691.)

Known as Sinclair's Hotel Bottle.

Camphor	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Two Whites of Eggs.	

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (6036.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. drachm
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (2350.)

Barbados Tar	¼ ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Refined Mineral Oil	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (1217.)

Menthol	30 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cajuput	30 minims
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (989.)

Potassium Iodide	1½ ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (8495.)

Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (9427.)

Soft Soap	10 ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	10 fl. ounces
Liniment of Opium	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	20 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (9592.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Arnica	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic and Neuralgia Liniment. (9747.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Rheumatic Rubbing Bottle. (9707.)

Liniment of Aconite	6 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Colza Oil	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia Liniment. (5349.)

Menthol	240 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rhus Opodeldoc. (7064.)

Tincture of Rhus (1=10)	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rubbing Bottle. (9325.)

Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	6 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	13½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	13½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Ruby Rubbing Bottle. (8086.)

Liniment of Camphor	14 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour.

Mix.

Scald or Burn Liniment. (1387.)

Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Olive or Linseed Oil	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sciatica Liniment. (6030.)

Menthol	120 grains
Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sprain Liniment. (2543.)

Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stimulating Liniment. (8659.)

Soft Soap	4 ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	16 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Liniment. (1258.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	7 fl. drachms
Liniment of Belladonna	7 fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	7 fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

The Liniment. (9983.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces

Mix, allow to stand for a week, and filter.

The Liniment. (9634.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces
Four Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Liniment. (6920.)

(Congreve's Prescription.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	3½ fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	3½ fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	3½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Tic Liniment. (446.)

Menthol	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Aconite	3 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Ether (Methylated), a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Universal Liniment. (8056.)

Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Universal White Liniment. (9895.)

Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	9 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

White Liniment. (8647.)

Soft Soap	4 ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniments.

White Liniment. (9893.)

Soft Soap	5 ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	8½ fl. ounces

White Liniment. (8437.)

Camphor	120 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Yolk of one Egg.	

Mix.

White Liniment. (9508.)

Camphor	2½ ounces
Soft Soap	2½ ounces
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Six Eggs.	
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Liniment. (9709.)

Six Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Liniment. (9471.)

Acetic Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	9 fl. ounces
Three Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces

Mix

White Liniment. (388.)

Synonym.—White Oils.

Acetic Acid	2¼ fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Liniment. (6539.)

Synonym.—White Oils.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Rose Liniment. (2422.)

Borax	8 ounces
Glycerin	24 ounces
Rose Water, triple	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Whitworth Bottle. (6711.)

Alkanet Root	60 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Liniments.

Whitworth Rubbing Bottle. (215.)

Synonym.—Red Bottle.

Camphor	2 ounces
Oil of Thyme	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Colouring agent, in suitable quantity.	

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (5567.)

Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Amber	11 fl. drachms
Rape Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (5335.)

Liniment of Soap	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (6602.)

Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Rectified Oil of Tar	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (569.)

Roche's Formula.

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (2296.)

Oil of Amber	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (8332.)

Oil of Amber	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (8254.)

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Liniment of Camphor	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (8694.)

Liniment of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (995.)

Alkanet Root, bruised	20 grains
Camphor	360 grains
Oil of Amber	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	6 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Liniments.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (994.)

Essential Oil of Camphor	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Amber	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Liniment. (750.)

Liniment of Camphor	8 ounces
Oil of Amber	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Aconite Lotion. (8406.)

Liniment of Aconite.

Anti-Sting Lotion. (9348.)

Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Hamamelis	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Cherry-Laurel Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix.

Belladonna Lotion. (8407.)

Liniment of Belladonna.

Chafing Lotion. (5560.)

Lime Water	1 fl. ounce
Linseed Oil	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Compound Skin Lotion. (8924.)

Milk of Sulphur (B.P. 1867)	180 grains
Zinc Oxide	360 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	60 grains
Glycerin	18 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	45 minims
Lavender Water	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Dandruff Lotion. (8684.)

Chloral Hydrate	30 grains
Resorcin	60 grains
Tannic Acid	30 grains
Bay Rum	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Drops for the Eyes. (5479.)

Boric Acid	240 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Hamamelis	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Eczema Lotion. (8749.)

Boric Acid, in powder	360 grains
Phenol	240 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eczema Lotion. (8984.)

Calamine	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	90 grains
Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Lime	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Eczema Lotion. (696.)

Calamine	240 grains
Zinc Oxide	240 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Coal Tar	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Erysipelas Lotion. (5969.)

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Zinc Sulphate	60 grains
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Drops. (9554.)

Silver Nitrate	2 grains
Rose Water	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Eye Drops. (169.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Distilled Water	6 ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (243.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Solution of Boric Acid (1 in 30)	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (2245.)

Zinc Sulphate	8 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (2243.)

Boric Acid	30 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (1067.)

Mackenzie's Formula.

Ammonium Chloride	5 grains
Cochineal	1½ grains
Mercuric Chloride	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, boiling	6 ounces

Mix and filter.

Eye Lotion. (1068.)

Zinc Sulphate	15 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (1392.)

Boric Acid	3 grains
Distilled Water or Rose Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (1362.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	10 minims
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Elderflower Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (1391.)

Zinc Sulphate	2 grains
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (1466.)

Boric Acid	16 grains
Zinc Sulphate	16 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (6907.)

Boric Acid	120 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (6333.)

Boric Acid	10 grains
Wine of Opium (B.P. 1885)	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (5746.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (5981.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	10 minims
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Elder-flower Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (2618.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Zinc Sulphate	36 grains
Wine of Opium	48 minims
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (5566.)

Copper Sulphate	10 grains
Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Tincture of Saffron	½ fl. ounce
Wine of Opium (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. ounce
Rose Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (5507.)

Diluted Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (5978.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (2675.)

Alum	24 grains
Boric Acid	60 grains
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	8 minims
Wine of Opium (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (5412.)

Zinc Sulphate	4 grains
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Saturated Solution of Boric Acid	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (2019.)

Carmine Rose Water	of each a sufficient quantity.
Saturated Solution of Boric Acid	6 ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (2077.)

Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Elder-flower Water	8 fl. ounces
Saturated Solution of Boric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (5956.)

Borax, in powder	60 grains
Sedative Solution of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (6612.)

Zinc Sulphate	18 grains
Wine of Opium (B.P. 1885)	30 minims
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (8905.)

Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Solution of Cochineal	30 minims
Saturated Solution of Boric Acid	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (9385.)

Synonym.—Eye Water.

Boric Acid, in powder	100 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Eye Lotion. (9658.)

Compound Tincture of Fennel	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (8584.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Zinc Sulphate	6 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (9835.)

Mercuric Chloride	1 grain
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	30 minims
Tincture of Euphrasia	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (9455.)

Boric Acid	120 grains
Zinc Sulphate	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	3¾ fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. dr. 40 min.
Elder-flower Water	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (9670.)

Boric Acid	64 grains
Glycerin	80 minims
Tincture of Arnica	64 minims
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (9834.)

Boric Acid	30 grains
Zinc Sulphate	8 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	20 minims
Tincture of Euphrasia	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (9336.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 grains
Zinc Sulphate	8 grains
Aqueous Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (8876.)

Zinc Sulphate	4 grains
Acetic Acid	2 minims
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.	
Spirit of Camphor	2 minims
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Lotions.

Eye Lotion. (9417.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 ounces

Mix.

Eye Lotion. (8414.)

Dr. Mackenzie's Prescription.

Ammonium Chloride	6 grains
Cochineal	1½ grains
Mercuric Chloride	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Make a lotion, filter.

To this may be added—

Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms

Glycerin Lotion. (941.)

Essence of Jargonelle	5 minims
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Sulphurous Acid	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin Lotion. (6723.)

Zinc Oxide	360 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin Lotion. (9708.)

Prepared Calamine	3½ ounces
Zinc Oxide	5 ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Rose Water (Triple)	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin Lotion. (9271.)

Sulphurous Acid	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Lotion. (1189.)

Chloral Hydrate	5 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Head Lotion. (5503.)

Extract of Quassia	10 grains
Phenol	30 grains
Zinc Sulphate	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Lavender	5 minims
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Headache Lotion. (1213.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Ether	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Lead and Opium Lotion. (574.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Lead and Opium Lotion. (570.)

Lead Acetate	4 grains
Opium, in powder	4 grains
Distilled Water, boiling	1 fl. ounce

Mix, macerate for six hours; filter.

(The addition of 1 fluid ounce of Acetic Acid to each pint of the lotion prevents decomposition.)

Lotion for Acne. (7033.)

Sulphurated Potash	100 grains
Zinc Sulphate	100 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotion for the Eyes. (8351.)

Borax	60 grains
Cherry-Laurel Water	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotion for Sore Nipples. (9510.)

Silver Nitrate	5 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Lotion for Sore Nipples. (9512.)

Borax	10 grains
Zinc Sulphate	10 grains
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotion for Stings. (9522.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	½ fl. drachm
Rose Water	3½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Lotion for Stings. (8981.)

Zinc Oxide	180 grains
Glycerin of Phenol	5 fl. drachms
Rose Water (Triple)	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotion for Tender Feet. (2157.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Magic Lotion. (45.)

Alum	60 grains
Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Liquefied Phenol	96 minims
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably	
Glycerin	10 ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Milk of Lead Lotion. (9880.)

Boric Acid	30 grains
Eau de Cologne	2 fl. drachms
Fresh Milk	12 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Mosquito Lotion. (5323.)

Phenol	90 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1½ fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mosquito-bite Lotion. (2460.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Hamamelis	3 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (212.)

Glycerin of Tannic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (213.)

Glycerin of Gallic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (576.)

Borax	540 grains
Zinc Sulphate	36 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	18 fl. ounces
Rose Water	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (1020.)

Borax	90 grains
Zinc Sulphate	6 grains
Solution of Lime	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (5229.)

Borax	40 grains
Zinc Sulphate	6 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (6961.)

Tannic Acid	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (2304.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water, Triple	1 fl. ounce
Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Lotions.

Non-poisonous Nursery Hair Wash. (9889.)

Pyrethrum Flowers, in powder	4 ounces
Quassia Wood, in powder	2 ounces
Quillaia Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Borax	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Rue	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (729.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Stavesacre Seeds, bruised	4 ounces
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	1 pint
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Citronella	20 minims
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Infuse the bruised stavesacre seeds with the acetic acid and boiling distilled water for six hours; filter, and add the remaining ingredients.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (263.)

Concentrated Decoction of Stavesacre Seeds	1 pint
Concentrated Infusion of Quassia	1 pint
Oil of Geranium	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Verbena	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (283.)

Stavesacre Seeds, bruised	12 ounces
Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Geranium	12 minims
Oil of Lavender	6 minims
Oil of Lemon	24 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Boil the stavesacre seeds with the acetic acid and five pints of distilled water for ten minutes; strain; cool. Add the glycerin, and the essential oils previously dissolved in the alcohol. Add sufficient distilled water to produce seven and a-half pounds.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (189.)

Stavesacre Seeds, bruised	8 ounces
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Boil the stavesacre seeds with the acetic acid and 64 ounces of distilled water for ten minutes; cool and strain. Add the perfume, alcohol, glycerin and sufficient distilled water to produce 80 fluid ounces.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (337.)

Tincture of Pyrethrum	5 fl. ounces
Quassia Wood, rasped	4 ounces
Distilled Water	25 fl. ounces

Infuse the Quassia Wood in the Distilled Water for six hours; strain and add the Tincture of Pyrethrum to the strained liquid.

Lotions.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (1339.)

Borax	1¼ ounces
Camphor	70 grains
Phenol	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (1327.)

Boric Acid	180 grains
Dalmatian Insect Flowers, in powder	1 ounce
Quassia Wood, in raspings	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water	32 fl. ounces

Macerate the insect flowers in the alcohol for four days; press and filter. Infuse the quassia wood in the rose water, strain, and add the remaining ingredients.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (2354.)

Phenol	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (5577.)

Quassia Wood, finely rasped	8 ounces
Concentrated Rose Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. ounce
Formaldehyde Solution	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (4097.)

Borax	1½ ounces
Quassia Wood	16 ounces
Dalmatian Insect Flowers, in powder	4½ ounces
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	24 fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (3202.)

Borax	120 grains
Quassia Wood, in raspings	2 ounces
Salicylic Acid	15 grains
Stavesacre Seeds, bruised	540 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Citronella	8 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (5595.)

Phenol	120 grains
Stavesacre Seeds	960 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Citronella	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (5237.)

Stavesacre Seeds	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Bergamot	4 minims
Oil of Lavender	4 minims
Oil of Lemon	4 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (2554.)

Borax	4 ounces
Quassia Wood, in chips	1 ounce
Lavender Water	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Macerate and filter.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (1990.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	15 minims
Oil of Rosemary	15 minims
Vinegar of Stavesacre	½ fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (1776.)

Mercuric Chloride	2 grains
Quassia Wood	2 ounces
Salicylic Acid	20 grains
Oil of Citronella	5 minims
Distilled Water, boiling	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (5960.)

Borax	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia	20 fl. ounces
Rose Water (triple)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (5959.)

Borax, in powder	60 grains
Potassium Carbonate	60 grains
Burnt Sugar	9 minims
Oil of Geranium	5 minims
Spirit of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water	6 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (6199.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Acetic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (6302.)

Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Quassia Wood, in chips	2 ounces
Chloroform	20 minims
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Infuse.

Lotions.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (6243.)

Stavesacre Seeds	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (6650.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Borax	1 ounce
Extract of Quassia	20 grains
Rose Water	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (6841.)

Phenol	960 grains
Quassia Wood, in powder	1,920 grains
Quillaia Bark, in powder	1,920 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Mirbane	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Nursery Hair Lotion. (6934.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Pyrethrum Flowers	6 ounces
Quassia Wood, in chips	16 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water, a sufficient quantity to make	128 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (5968.)

Chiretta	120 grains
Quassia Wood	1 ounce
Quillaia Bark, bruised	½ ounce
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Liquefied Phenol	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (9419.)

Boric Acid	½ ounce
Salicylic Acid	10 grains
Borax	4 ounces
Quassia Wood	1 pound
Stavesacre Seeds	1 ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus Oil of Geranium Oil of Lavender	of each a sufficient quantity.
Burnt Sugar	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	1 pint

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (8427.)

Salicylic Acid	10 grains
Stavesacre Seeds, bruised	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Lavender	2 minims
Oil of Lemon	4 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	2 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (9337.)

Extract of Quassia (B.P. 1885)	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (9935.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	30 fl. ounces
Pyrethrum Flowers, in powder	4 ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (9890.)

Quillaia Bark	1 ounce
Quassia Wood	1 ounce
Stavesacre Seeds, crushed	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (5955.)

Cresol	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (8101.)

Mercuric Chloride	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Spirit of Rosemary	10 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (8565.)

Extract of Quassia	5 grains
Glycerin of Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Stavesacre	4 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (8170.)

Quassia Chips	1½ pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	32 fl. ounces
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose-Geranium	90 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix and strain.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (6600.)

Borax	1 ounce
Cocculus Indicus	1 ounce
Quassia Chips	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	30 minims
Vinegar of Stavesacre Seeds	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (8559.)

Borax	½ ounce
Dalmatian Insect Flowers, in powder	2 ounces
Quassia Wood, in chips	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (9075.)

Borax, in powder	2 ounces
Stavesacre Seeds, in powder	8 ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Diluted Acetic Acid	4 pints

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (9187.)

Salicylic Acid	6 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7½ fl. ounces
Toilet Vinegar	25 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	15 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (9439.)

Hellebore Rhizome, cut	1 ounce
Quassia Wood	1 ounce
Stavesacre Seeds	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, boiling	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (8857.)

Borax	½ ounce
Insect Flowers, in powder	1 ounce
Quillaia Bark	2 ounces
Quassia Wood	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix and strain.

Nursery Hair Wash. (5420.)

Borax, in powder	2 ounces
Quassia Wood, in fine raspings	2 ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Bergamot	10 minims
Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Oil of Lemon	10 minims
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Wash. (2717.)

Borax	½ ounce
Dalmatian Insect Flowers, in powder	1 ounce
Quassia Wood, in chips	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Lotion. (5971.)

Borax, in powder	4 ounces
Pyrethrum Root, in powder	1 ounce
Quassia Wood, in chips	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Hair Wash. (6946.)

Phenol	540 grains
Quassia Wood, in chips	4 ounces
Zinc Sulphate	270 grains
Eau de Cologne	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	4 fl. drachms
Saffron, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery Lotion. (5543.)

Eau de Cologne	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Mercuric Chloride	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nursery or Sanitary Hair Lotion. (6566.)

Borax, in powder	60 grains
Quassia Wood, in chips	180 grains
Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	6 minims
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Phenolate Skin Lotion. (5953.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Carmine	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Pink Skin Lotion. (5337.)

Carmine	1 grain
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Preservative Skin Lotion. (7084.)

Ammoniated Mercury	180 grains
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Lotion. (575.)

Zinc Sulphate	3 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Red Lotion. (9288.)

Zinc Sulphate	80 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	39 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Lotion. (9553.)

Zinc Sulphate	24 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sanitary Hair Lotion. (5980.)

Concentrated Solution of Quassia	1½ fl. ounces
Lavender Water	30 minims
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Sanitary Hair Lotion. (3218.)

Concentrated Solution of Quassia	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sanitary Hair Lotion (8149.)

Synonym.—Nursery Lotion.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Vinegar of Stavesacre	3 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Infusion of Quassia	2 pints

Mix.

Sanitary Hair Lotion. (463.)

Phenol	60 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sanitary Lotion. (2432.)

Pyrethrum Root, in powder	2 ounces
Quassia Wood, in powder	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	63 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sedative Skin Lotion. (9524.)

Calamine, in fine powder	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	90 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Scurf Lotion. (8136.)

Salicylic Acid	40 grains
Resorcin	40 grains
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin or Vinegar of Quillaia	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Sesame	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

Scurf Lotion. (5324.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Essence of Bouquet	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (8245.)

Calamine, in powder	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Mercuric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stimulating Hair Lotion. (2116.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	38 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	9 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sunburn Lotion. (1192.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Eye Lotion. (2328.)

Zinc Sulphate	60 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	10 minims
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water	24 fl. ounces

The Eye Lotion. (9887.)

Copper Sulphate	10 grains
Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Saffron	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Eye Lotion. (9552.)

Green Extract of Belladonna	12 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Lotion. (2806.)

Ammonium Chloride	4 ounces
Acetic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1 fl. drachm
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Honey Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions.

The London Skin Lotion. (5964.)

Precipitated Sulphur	1¼ ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Acid Resin Ointment. (1287.)

Resin	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces
Olive Oil	20 to 30 ounces
Solution of Phenol (No. 1288)	10½ fl. ounces
Burgundy Pitch	4 ounces
Venice Turpentine	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	10 to 20 ounces

Melt the resin, wax, venice turpentine, and burgundy pitch together with the olive oil by the aid of gentle heat; to the mixture add the zinc oxide and solution of phenol, previously mixed together, and stir constantly until cold.

The amounts of olive oil and beeswax are to be varied according to the prevailing temperature.

Acne Skin Cream. (9978.)

Sulphur Ointment	16 ounces
Carmine	1 grain
Oil of Geranium	16 minims

Mix.

Albine Ointment. (6002.)

Zinc Oxide	240 grains
Oil of Rose	6 minims
Soft Paraffin, white	2 ounces

Mix.

Anguentum. (2593.)

Lead Carbonate	2 ounces
Camphor Ointment (No. 2594)	8 ounces

Mix.

Anti-Scurf Pomade. (2002.)

Salicylic Acid	160 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

Anti-Scurf Pomade. (5999.)

Borax, in powder	10 grains
Camphor	6 grains
Marrow Pomade	1 ounce

Mix.

Antiseptic Healing Ointment. (1826.)

Phenol	½ ounce
Glycerin	1½ ounces
Zinc Ointment	10½ ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Healing Ointment. (6289.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	1 ounce
Paraffin Ointment, yellow	9 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Antiseptic and Healing Ointment. (6223.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Thymol	20 grains
Zinc Oxide, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Paraffin	10 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	26 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Ointment. (5465.)

Boric Acid	240 grains
Zinc Oxide	240 grains
Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Liquefied Phenol	30 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Ointment. (6671.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Ammoniated Mercury	3 ounces
Wool Fat	4 ounces
Zinc Ointment	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	2 pounds
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Coal Tar	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Ointment. (9794.)

Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Zinc Oxide	6 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide	1 ounce
Benzoated Lard	2 pounds
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Antiseptic Ointment. (9793.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	6 ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	2 fl. drachms
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Lard	3 pounds

Mix.

Antiseptic Ointment. (8628.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Hard Paraffin	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin	3 pounds
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Ointment. (8239.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, yellow	9 ounces

Mix.

Black-Eye Ointment. (9734.)

Black Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	1 pound

Mix.

Ointments.

Black Sulphur Ointment. (9116.)

Black Sulphur	60 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	30 grains
Olive Oil	½ fl. drachm
Soft Soap	60 grains
Prepared Lard	60 grains

Mix.

Boracic Healing Ointment. (5987.)

Boric Acid, in powder	360 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Paraffin Ointment, yellow	6 ounces

Mix.

Brown Ointment. (1352.)

Resin	1 ounce
Lead Plaster	4 ounces
Soap Cerate	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Olive Oil	7½ fl. ounces

Mix to make an ointment.

Brown Healing Ointment. (8999.)

Yellow Beeswax	8 ounces
Resin	8 ounces
Linseed Oil	8 ounces
Lard	6 ounces

Mix.

Burn Ointment. (8416.)

Burgundy Pitch	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 pounds
Phenol	1½ ounces
Resin	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	8 ounces
Venice Turpentine	1 pound
Benzoated Lard	8 ounces
Liquid Paraffin	3¼ pounds

Mix.

Burn and Scald Ointment. (146.)

Phenol	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide, finely sifted	3¾ ounces
Benzoated Lard	20¾ ounces

Dissolve the phenol in the benzoated lard previously melted at a low temperature; to the mixture add the zinc oxide gradually; stir constantly until cold.

Camphor Ball. (6285.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Hard Paraffin	4 ounces
White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Olive Oil	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (3176.)

Camphor, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Paraffin	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin	1 pound
Spermaceti	3 ounces

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (4093.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Spermaceti	1 ounce
White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Nut Oil	4 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	1 ounce

Mix.

Camphor Ice. (6008.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	6 ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	10 minims

Mix.

Capsicum Paste. (5992.)

Yellow Beeswax	45 grains
Capsicin	20 grains
Wool Fat	73 grains
Soft Paraffin, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Capsine Salve. (6751.)

Capsicum, in powder	9 ounces
Lard	2 pounds
Hard Paraffin	1 pound
Colour, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Catarrh Cream. (2532.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Thymol	12 grains
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	8 minims

Mix.

Chillie Paste. (2812.)

Capsicum, in powder	4 ounces
Spermaceti	3 ounces
Oil of Lavender	15 minims
Olive Oil	16 ounces

Mix.

Chillie Paste. (9119.)

Camphor	60 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	60 grains
Chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Soft Paraffin	480 grains

Mix.

Chillie Paste. (9619.)

Synonym.—Strong Ointment of Capsicum.

Capsicum (bruised)	7 ounces
Capsicin	1 fl. drachm
Spermaceti	1½ ounces
Almond Oil, or Nut Oil	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Chillie Paste. (8682.)

Capsicin	½ ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	3 ounces
Lard	3 ounces

Mix.

Chillie Paste. (8664.)

Capsicum Ointment.

Chillie Paste. (8302.)

Capsicum, in powder	8 ounces
Spermaceti	6 ounces
Oil of Lavender	3 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	32 ounces

Mix.

Coal Tar Ointment. (2061.)

Synonyms.—Eczema Ointment; Scurvy Ointment.

Ammoniated Mercury	2 ounces
Solution of Coal Tar	2 fl. ounces
Benzoated Lard	8 ounces
Wool Fat	8 ounces

Mix.

Compound Bismuth Ointment. (9122.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	60 grains
Lead Plaster	240 grains
Soft Paraffin (white)	240 grains

Mix.

Compound Boric Acid Ointment. (486.)

Synonym.—Healing Ointment.

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Red Mercuric Sulphide	90 grains
Hard Paraffin	5 ounces
Soft Paraffin	20 ounces

Mix.

Compound Carbolic Ointment. (5423.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	6 ounces
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Compound Galbanum Ointment. (9112.)

Liquid Extract of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Honey	1 ounce
Olive Oil	20 ounces
Galbanum Plaster	4 ounces
Lead Plaster	4 ounces
White Beeswax	4 ounces

Mix.

ompound Gall Ointmen (8071.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Galls, in fine powder	3 ounces
Lard	8 ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Compound Pile Ointment. (1752.)

Galls, in powder	4 ounces
Phenol	4 ounces
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Extract of Hamamelis	4 ounces
Extract of Opium	1 ounce
Distilled Oil of Tar	2 ounces
Simple Cerate	80 ounces

Mix.

Compound Pile Ointment. (7024.)

Galls, in very fine powder	20 grammes
Phenol	5 grammes
Green Extract of Belladonna	10 grammes
Hydrous Wool Fat	45 grammes
Lard	30 grammes
Soft Paraffin, yellow	45 grammes
Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	20 grammes

Mix.

Compound Sulphur Ointment. (8145.)

Synonym.—Itch Ointment.

Mercuric Sulphate	240 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	8 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Lard	1½ pounds

Mix.

Compound Sulphur Ointment. (8070.)

Bay Berries, in powder	¾ ounce
Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	1½ ounces
Cocculus Indicus, in powder	¾ ounce
Potassium Carbonate	¾ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	6 ounces
Lard	18 ounces
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Compound Sulphur Ointment. (1022.)

Wallace's Formula.

Camphor	180 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	3½ ounces
Yellow Beeswax	6 ounces
Lard	32 ounces
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix.

Compound Zinc Ointment. (9986.)

London Skin Hospital.

Lead Plaster	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	10 minims
Soft Paraffin, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 ounces

Cooling Ointment. (9450.)

Yellow Beeswax	6 ounces
Lead Acetate	360 grains
Castor Oil	10 ounces
Colza Oil	14 ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. drachms
Chlorophyll, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix.

Cooling and Healing Ointment. (9773.)

Olive Oil	40 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Spermaceti	6 ounces
White Beeswax	6 ounces

Mix.

Dandruff Pomade. (8187.)

Ammoniated Mercury	180 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	240 grains
Hard Paraffin	360 grains
Soft Paraffin	12 ounces
Oil of Geranium	30 minims

Mix.

Dandruff Pomade. (5988.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	180 grains
Oil of Rose Geranium	10 minims
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces
Lard	2 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	8½ ounces

Mix.

Dandruff Pomade. (1191.)

Ammoniated Mercury	4 grains
Yellow Mercuric Oxide	10 grains
Camphor Ointment	½ ounce
Simple Ointment (B.P. 1885)	1½ ounces
Oil of Geranium	2 drops
Oil of Neroli	3 drops

Mix.

Dandruff Pomade. (2728.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	60 grains
Soft Paraffin	5 ounces

Mix.

Date's Ointment. (653.)

Red Mercuric Sulphide	3 grains
Sulphurated Antimony	9 grains
Oil of Thyme	20 minims
Zinc Ointment	1½ ounces
Spermaceti Ointment	12 ounces

Mix.

Depilatory Ointment. (9023.)

Calcium Hydroxide	120 grains
Sodium Carbonate	180 grains
Lard	2 ounces

Mix.

Detergent Ointment. (349.)

Balsam of Peru	1 fl. drachm
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	1 ounce
Resin Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Detergent Ointment. (2592.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	6 ounces
Yellow Mercuric Oxide	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide	8 ounces
Hard Paraffin	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin	3½ pounds

Mix.

Detergent Pomade for Scurf. (6005.)

Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	1 ounce
Paraffin Ointment, white	8 ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Detersive Ointment. (8409.)

Sublimed Sulphur	2 ounces
Lard	8 ounces
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	4 ounces
Tar	1 ounce

Mix.

Easy-go Salve. (6007.)

Yellow Beeswax	1 pound
Resin	2 pounds
Soft Paraffin	3 pounds

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (694.)

Ammoniated Mercury	5 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	5 grains
Glycerin	75 grains
Lard	395 grains

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (1347.)

Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Oleic Acid	8 ounces
Palm Oil	2½ ounces
Rape Oil	11 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (1150.)

Ammoniated Mercury	30 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	10 minims
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (1139.)

Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. drachm
Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Boric Acid Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (166.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	40 grains
Camphor, in powder	30 grains
Phenol	30 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	30 grains
Starch	½ ounce
Zinc Ointment	1½ ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (165.)

Precipitated Sulphur	½ ounce
Salicylic Acid	40 grains
Ichthyol	60 grains
Oil of Tar	60 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	2½ ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (652.)

Beta-Naphthol	1½ ounces
Prepared Calamine	3 ounces
Menthol	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces
Tar Ointment	2 ounces
Wool Fat	12 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (1388.)

Solution of Coal Tar	30 minims
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (1494.)

Solution of Coal Tar	6 fl. drachms
Zinc Oleate	3 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	3 ounces
Almond Oil	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (1386.)

Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Prepared Calamine	180 grains
Spirit of Camphor	14 fl. drachms
Lard	12 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (3250.)

Phenol	55 grains
Resin	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Oil of Cade	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	½ fl. ounce
Soft Paraffin	13 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (2012.)

Ammoniated Mercury	¾ ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide	¾ ounce
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. ounce
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5592.)

Zinc Ointment	480 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	30 minims
Sweet Solution of Roses	10 minims

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5591.)

Ammoniated Mercury	12 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. drachm
Hydrous Wool Fat	240 grains
Soft Paraffin	240 grains

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (2474.)

Resorcin	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Oil of Cade	3 fl. drachms
Hydrous Wool Fat	12 ounces
Zinc Ointment	6 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (1792.)

Prepared Calamine	3 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	3 ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Soft Paraffin	20 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (2104.)

Lead Carbonate	4 ounces
Lead Oxide	4 ounces
Linseed Oil, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Rub the lead carbonate and oxide into a thick cream with the linseed oil; add the soft paraffin and oil of cajuput.

Eczema Ointment. (2433.)

Ammoniated Mercury	300 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	6 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	20 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (2459.)

Ammoniated Mercury	30 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	30 minims
Boric Acid Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (6879.)

Ammoniated Mercury	20 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. drachm
Hydrous Wool Fat	240 grains
Soft Paraffin	240 grains

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (6737.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Wool Fat	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ointments.

Eczema Ointment. (6626.)

Starch	4 ounces
Crude Carbolic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Ichthyol	1 ounce
Boric Acid Ointment	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Zinc Ointment	8 ounces
Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (6771.)

Boric Acid	120 grains
White Beeswax	¼ ounce
Phenol	60 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	4 ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Nut Oil	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (6544.)

Phenol	30 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5985.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5989.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	20 grains
Ichthyol	120 grains
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces
Zinc Ointment	3 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (6003.)

Zinc Oxide	280 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	½ fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	½ fl. drachm
Soft Paraffin, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5995.)

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	4 ounces
Spermaceti	1½ ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Olive Oil	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5361.)

Benzoated Lard	1½ ounces
Boric Acid Ointment	4 ounces
Ichthyol	1 ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	½ ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (2803.)

Boric Acid	80 grains
Salicylic Acid	20 grains
Ichthyol	240 grains
Hard Paraffin	80 grains
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Eczema Ointment. (7039.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	2 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in fine powder	30 grains
Starch, in powder	½ ounce
Healing Ointment	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	16 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5884.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	30 grains
Creosote	2 drops
Mercury Ointment	60 grains
Lard	2 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (6009.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	4 grains
Mercuric Sulphide	4 grains
Creosote	1 minim
Soft Paraffin (yellow)	1 ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (6962.)

Salicylic Acid, in fine powder	90 grains
Starch, in powder	500 grains
Zinc Oxide, in powder	500 grains
Paraffin Ointment	4½ ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (2614.)

Solution of Coal Tar	30 minims
Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	240 grains
Wool Fat	240 grains

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5295.)

Ammoniated Mercury	10 grains
Hard Paraffin	120 grains
Soft Paraffin	360 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5573.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Glycerin of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Coal Tar	80 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	½ pound
Soft Paraffin	½ pound

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5325.)

Lead Subacetate Ointment	8 ounces
Solution of Coal Tar	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (5579.)

Ammoniated Mercury	6 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	6 grains
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (9853.)

White Beeswax	360 grains
Spermaceti	1½ ounces
Liniment of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	8 ounces
Zinc Ointment	14 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Eczema Ointment. (5392.)

Synonym.—Skin Ointment.

Lead Acetate Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (8909.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Starch, in powder	24 ounces
Zinc Oxide	24 ounces
Soft Paraffin	50 ounces

Mix

Eczema Ointment. (8893.)

Starch, in powder	150 grains
Zinc Oleate, in powder	150 grains
Ichthyol	60 grains
Solution of Cocaine (2 per cent.)	1½ fl. drachms
Hydrous Wool Fat	300 grains

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (8735.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1½ ounces
Phenol	½ ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Zinc Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (8078.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Starch, in powder	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	2 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	½ ounce
Soft Paraffin	12 ounces

Mix

Eczema Ointment. (8472.)

Ammoniated Mercury	2 ounces
Lead Acetate, in powder	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	12 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	48 ounces
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	48 ounces
Oil of Cade	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (8164.)

Ammoniated Mercury	20 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	1 fl. drachm
Hydrous Wool Fat	120 grains
Soft Paraffin, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (8162.)

Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Solution of Coal Tar	4 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces
Wool Fat	2 ounces
Zinc Oleate	2 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (9598.)

Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	9 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Eczema Ointment. (9628.)

Bismuth Oleate	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin (white)	1 ounce

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (9785.)

Calamine	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	½ fl. drachm
Boric Acid Ointment	240 grains
Wool Fat	240 grains

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (9361.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	12 ounces
Calamine	12 ounces
Phenol	2¾ ounces
Oil of Rose-Geranium	240 minims
Lard	32 ounces
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (9843.)

Salicylic Acid	160 grains
Lead Subacetate Ointment (yellow)	8 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (8277.)

Salicylic Acid	45 grains
Starch, in powder	360 grains
Zinc Oleate	1 ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin	5 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (9984.)

Boric Acid	20 grains
Salicylic Acid	5 grains
Ichthyol	60 grains
Hard Paraffin	20 grains
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Emollient Ointment for Chapped Hands. (1620.)

Balsam of Peru	1 ounce
Castor Oil	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	12 fl. ounces
Palm Oil	1 ounce
Resin	4 ounces
Spermaceti	2½ ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2½ ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (2076.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	8 grains
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (7015.)

Beeswax	4 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	1 ounce
Olive Oil	12 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (3249.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	20 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Eye Ointment. (5906.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	5 grains
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (6245.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	240 grains
Spermaceti Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (5343.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	2 grains
Wool Fat	½ ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	½ ounce

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (2760.)

Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (2228.)

Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	3 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (2693.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	10 grains
Soft Paraffin	490 grains

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (7029.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	1 gramme
Lard	25 grammes
Soft Paraffin, yellow	25 grammes
Olive Oil	1 gramme

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (6543.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	20 grains
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (6010.)

Lead Acetate	30 grains
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	120 grains
White Beeswax	120 grains
Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (9529.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	15 grains
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (9783.)

Yellow Oxide of Mercury	8 grains
Soft Paraffin	240 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	240 grains

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8328.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide	3 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Almond Oil	2 ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm
Lard	30 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Eye Ointment. (737.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, in very fine powder	10 grains
Soft Paraffin	600 grains

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (1029.)

Synonym.—Eye Salve.

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, in very fine powder	4 grains
Olive Oil	6 minims
Spermaceti Ointment or Soft Paraffin	240 grains

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (1082.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, in very fine powder	60 grains
Olive Oil	1½ fl. drachms
Spermaceti Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (1124.)

Red Mercuric Oxide, in very fine powder	80 grains
Olive Oil	¾ ounce
Lard	¾ ounce
Soft Paraffin	¾ ounce
White Beeswax	¾ ounce

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (99.)

Zinc Oxide	½ ounce
Zinc Sulphate	30 grains
Oleic Acid	4½ ounces
Soft Paraffin	20 ounces
Distilled Water	50 minims

Heat the zinc oxide with the oleic acid until solution is effected; add the solution to the soft paraffin, with which the zinc sulphate (dissolved in the distilled water) has been incorporated. Mix thoroughly.

Eye Ointment. (452.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, in very fine powder	60 grains
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	7 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (1267.)

Boric Acid, in powder	120 grains
Yellow Mercuric Oxide, in very fine powder	60 grains
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (1256.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, in very fine powder	30 grains
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8224.)

Yellow Oxide of Mercury	6 grains
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8583.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	32 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	3 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (1368.)

Lead Acetate	30 grains
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	120 grains
White Beeswax	120 grains
Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8466.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	80 grains
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8508.)

Camphor, in powder	½ ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	½ ounce
Lard	8 ounces
Vermilion, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8334.)

Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Lead Acetate Ointment	1 ounce
Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Rose Water Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8393.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	58 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Rose Water Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8418.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	1½ ounces
Vermilion	60 grains
Vegetable Wax	3 ounces
Lard	2½ pounds
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (8007.)

Red Mercuric Oxide, in fine powder	40 grains
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (9437.)

Synonym.—Golden Ointment

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	10 grains
Oil of Cedar	2 minims
Soft Paraffin	60 grains
Paraffin Ointment, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Eye Ointment. (8995.)

Synonym.—Golden Ointment.

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	32 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	32 grains
Hard Paraffin	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	7 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (9278.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide	60 grains
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity.	
Spermaceti Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (1831.)

Synonyms.—Golden Ointment; Eye Salve. Yellow Mercuric Oxide Ointment.

Eye Salve. (1333.)

Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	39 ounces

Mix.

Eye Salve. (1847.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	140 grains
Almond Oil	4 oz. 410 gr.
Spermaceti	660 grains
White Beeswax	225 grains

Mix.

Face Ointment. (9428.)

Phenol	100 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	3 ounces
Olive Oil	3 fl. ounces
Carmine	10 grains
Lard	12 ounces

Mix.

Family Cerate. (5311.)

Ammoniated Mercury	3 ounces
White Beeswax	8 ounces
Olive Oil	22 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (1382.)

Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	¼ ounce
Paraffin Ointment, white	9¾ ounces

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (5333.)

Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	62 grains
Soft Paraffin	3 ounces

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (5350.)

Camphor, in powder	1½ ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	6 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	32 ounces

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (5492.)

Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	24 grains
Soft Paraffin, white	960 grains

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (2591.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	2 ounces
Paraffin Ointment	16 ounces

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (6747.)

Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (6616.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	8 grains
Soft Paraffin, white	480 grains

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (9297.)

Boric Acid, in powder	60 grains
Yellow Mercuric Oxide	30 grains
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces

Mix.

Golden Eye Ointment. (2781.)

Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment.

Golden Eye Salve. (9855.)

Yellow Mercuric Oxide, levigated	32 grains
Spermaceti Ointment	4 ounces
Olive Oil	48 minims

Mix.

Golden Ointment. (6752.)

Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Resin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	3 ounces

Mix.

Golden Ointment. (1805.)

Lead Acetate, in fine powder	¾ ounce
Mercurous Chloride, in fine powder	½ ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide, in fine powder	½ ounce
Red Lead, in fine powder	1 ounce
Lard	1 pound

Mix.

Green Ointment. (8523.)

(Wright's Prescription.)

Copper Oxyacetate, in fine powder	1 ounce
Paraffin Ointment, white	15 ounces

Mix.

Hæmorrhoid Ointment. (366.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Tannic Acid	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	2 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin (White)	6 ounces
Wool Fat	2 ounces

Mix.

Hæmorrhoid Ointment. (9036.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Mercurous Chloride	20 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Soft Paraffin, white, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Hæmorrhoid Ointment. (282.)

Gall Ointment	1 ounce
Hamamelis Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Harmless Nipple Ointment. (8395.)

Tannic Acid	¼ ounce
Balsam of Peru	110 minims
Cocoanut Oil	4 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	4 ounces

Mix.

Head Ointment. (113.)

Oil of Verbena	1 fl. drachm
Stavesacre Ointment	5 pounds

Mix.

Head Ointment. (9210.)

Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	10 minims
Stavesacre Oil	2 fl. ounces
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	10 ounces

Mix.

Head Ointment. (92.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin	9 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Head Ointment. (2254.)

Ammoniated Mercury	480 grains
Soft Paraffin	12 ounces

Mix.

Heal-All Ointment. (8945.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	20 minims
Boric Acid Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Heal-all Ointment. (2090.)

Frankincense	1 ounce
Lead Carbonate	600 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	240 grains
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces
Lard	16 ounces
Mercury Ointment	2 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Heal-all Ointment. (6643.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	60 grains
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Heal-all Ointment. (5982.)

Sulphur Ointment	2 ounces
Barbados Tar	120 grains

Mix.

Heal-all Ointment. (2658.)

Zinc Oxide	1½ ounces
Prepared Lard	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces

Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (8871.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Hard Paraffin	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin	27 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Heal-all Ointment. (5534.)

Sulphur Ointment	2 ounces
Barbados Tar	60 grains

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (9962.)

Ammoniated Mercury	6 ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	4 pounds
White Beeswax	24 ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (9489.)

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	7 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (9406.)

White Beeswax	4 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Lead Plaster	4 ounces
Resin	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Balsam of Peru	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	6 ounces
Lard	8 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (9527.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Nitric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	8 fl. ounces
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	6 ounces
Lard	2 pounds

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (9339.)

Ammoniated Mercury	60 grains
Strong Solution of Lead Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Hard Paraffin	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	8 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (9092.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	9 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (9736.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Zinc Ointment, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pound

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (8189.)

Ammoniated Mercury	960 grains
Red Mercuric Sulphide	240 grains
Zinc Oxide	480 grains
Nut Oil	32 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Yellow Beeswax	14 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (1943.)

Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. drachms
Zinc Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Healing Ointment. (1243.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Chlorophyll	6 grains
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Hard Paraffin	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin	32 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (2306.)

Boric Acid, in powder	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	160 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	6 ounces
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (2391.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	¾ ounce
Zinc Oxide	1½ ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	30 minims
Resin	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	12 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1½ ounces
Wool Fat	3 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (1928.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	7 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (3252.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	1½ ounces
Hard Paraffin	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	9½ ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (5338.)

Iodoform	½ ounce
Prepared Calamine, in powder	2 ounces
Starch, in powder	3 ounces
Boric Acid Ointment	4 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (2508.)

Phenol	48 grains
Olive Oil	4 fl. drachms
Resin Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (2457.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Boric Acid Ointment	12 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (5433.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Resin Ointment	30 ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (3180.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	7½ pounds
Spermaceti	9 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1½ pounds

Mix.

Ointments.

Healing Ointment. (5471.)

White Beeswax	3 ounces
Benzoated Lard	8 ounces
Boric Acid	1 ounce
Spermaceti	2 ounces
Olive Oil	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (6885.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	44 ounces
Hard Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (6676.)

Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Lard	1 pound
Solution of Coal Tar	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (5984.)

Synonym.—Antiseptic Dressing.

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce
Red Mercuric Oxide	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide, in powder	2 ounces
Benzoated Lard	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	6 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (5990.)

Liquefied Phenol	4 fl. drachms
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	1 ounce
Paraffin Ointment	4 ounces
Zinc Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (6229.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	½ ounce
Phenol	120 grains
White Beeswax	3½ ounces
Olive Oil	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (2758.)

Phenol	48 grains
Resin Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce
Olive Oil	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (8012.)

Solution of Cresol	3 fl. drachms
Hydrous Wool Fat	½ pound
Zinc Ointment	1 pound
Soft Paraffin	½ pound

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (532.

Fœnugreek Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Marshmallow Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Lard	12 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Healing Ointment. (8061.)

Boric Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide, in powder	½ ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	5 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	40 minims

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (1083.)

Ointment of Calamine (B.P. 1885).

Healing Ointment. (224.)

Boric Acid Ointment.

Healing Ointment. (225.)

Phenol Ointment.

Household Ointment. (8300.)

Boric Acid Ointment (B.P. 1885.)

Indian Cerate. (1619.)

Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Indian Cerate. (6753.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Camphor	2 ounces
Japan Wax	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	5 ounces

Mix.

Indian Cerate. (8451.)

Ammoniated Mercury	2½ ounces
Spermaceti	½ ounce
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Lard	1½ pounds
Olive Oil	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Indian Cerate. (9538.)

White Beeswax	17 ounces
Camphor	4 ounces
Spermaceti	9 ounces
Lead Carbonate	2½ ounces
Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Potassium Carbonate	10 grains
Olive Oil	28 ounces
Oil of Lemongrass	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms
Prepared Lard	16 ounces

Mix.

Itch Ointment. (439.)

Black Sulphur	1 ounce
Lard	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Tar	1 ounce

Mix.

Itch Ointment. (1086.)

Synonym.—Black Sulphur Ointment.

Black Sulphur	8 ounces
Green Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	60 grains
Soft Soap	8 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	30 drops
Lard	1½ pounds

Mix.

Ointments.

Itch Ointment. (1360.)

Ammonium Chloride	1 ounce
Mercuric Chloride	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
White Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	6 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	20 minims
Lard	2 pounds

Mix.

Itch Ointment. (2530.)

Black Sulphur	8 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
White Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Soft Soap	8 ounces
Lard	24 ounces

Mix.

Itch Ointment. (6012.)

Ammonium Chloride	1 ounce
Mercuric Chloride	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
White Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	4 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	20 minims
Lard	2 pounds

Mix.

Itch Ointment. (6614.)

Solution of Coal Tar	30 minims
Sweet Solution of Roses	10 minims
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Itch Ointment. (9258.)

White Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Black Sulphur	6 ounces
Lard	1½ pounds
Soft Soap	8 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims

Mix.

Kill-nit. (8242.)

Veratrine	12 grains
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
White Paraffin Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Kill-Nit. (8873.)

Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Stavesacre Oil	4 fl. ounces
Hard Paraffin	10 ounces
Soft Paraffin	22 ounces

Mix.

Lassar's Paste. (9982.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Starch	24 ounces
Zinc Oxide	24 ounces
Soft Paraffin	50 ounces

Mix.

Lead Ointment. (4490.)

Lead Acetate	1 ounce
White Beeswax	8 ounces
Olive Oil	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Lip Salve. (592.)

Alkanet Root, bruised	1 ounce
Spermaceti	1 ounce
White Beeswax	3 ounces
Almond Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	10 minims

Mix.

Lip Salve. (593.)

Oil of Rose	5 minims
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	120 grains

Carmine, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Mix.

Marshmallow Ointment. (709.)

Resin	9 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Olive Oil	3 ounces
Palm Oil	6 ounces

Mix.

Marshmallow Ointment. (1085.)

Resin	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	1½ ounces
Palm Oil	1 ounce
Olive Oil	5 ounces

Mix.

Marshmallow Ointment. (1157.)

Resin	3 ounces
Olive Oil	16 ounces
Palm Oil	16 ounces
Venice Turpentine	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	8 ounces

Mix.

Nit-Destroying Pomade. (2067.)

Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	360 grains
Wool Fat	120 grains
Oil of Rose	6 drops

Mix.

Nit-Kill. (5451.)

Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Olive Oil	1 pound
Soft Paraffin	1 pound
Veratrine	36 grains

Mix.

Nit-Killer. (6172.)

Veratrine	10 grains
Paraffin Ointment, white	10 ounces
Oleic Acid	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nit Ointment. (9418.)

Stavesacre Oil	1 fl. ounce
Alkanet Root	120 grains
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Soft Paraffin (yellow)	9 ounces

Mix.

Nit Ointment. (9862.)

Ceresin	½ ounce
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Stavesacre Oil	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	10 minims
Oil of Verbena	5 minims

Mix.

Ointments.

Nit Ointment. (187.)

Veratrine	1 grain
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce.

Mix.

Nit Pomade. (1044.)

Veratrine	20 grains
Oleic Acid	20 minims
Lard	12 ounces
Palm Oil	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Verbena	5 minims

Mix.

Nit Pomade. (8027.)

White Beeswax	1 ounce
Veratrine	30 grains
Oleic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Olive Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	5 minims
Lard	6 ounces

Mix.

Nursery Ointment. (645.)

Oleate of Mercury	1 ounce
Oil of Lavender, a sufficient quantity.	
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Lard	16 ounces
Butter Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Nursery Ointment. (6001.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Veratrine	16 grains
Yellow Beeswax	60 grains
Soft Paraffin	900 grains

Mix.

Nursery Ointment. (5891.)

Veratrine	144 grains
Olive Oil	6 fl. ounces
Hard Paraffin	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	44 ounces

Mix.

Nursery Ointment for Pediculi. (9883.)

Stavesacre Seeds, crushed	8 ounces
Lard	8 ounces
Prepared Suet	2 ounces

Mix.

Nursery Pomade. (8695.)

Benzoated Lard	4 ounces
Stavesacre Oil	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nursery Pomade. (8198.)

Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Bergamot	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Lavender	½ fl. ounce
Stavesacre Oil	1 pound
Soft Paraffin	4 pounds
Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Nursery Pomade. (594.)

Veratrine	10 grains
Oleic Acid	40 grains
Lard	450 grains
Oil of Bergamot	5 minims

Mix.

Ointment for Acne. (5355.)

Carmine	½ grain
Potassium Carbonate	10 grains
Sulphur Hypochlorite	60 grains
Benzoated Lard	480 grains
Oil of Patchouli	1 minim
Oil of Verbena	2 minims

Mix.

Ointment for Burns. (2631.)

Boric Acid Ointment	8 ounces
Zinc Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Burns. (736.)

Phenol	10 grains
Boric Acid Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Ointment for Itch. (91.)

Ammonium Chloride, in fine powder	180 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	½ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
White Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Ointment	1 ounce

Mix, without the aid of heat.

Ointment of Lead Subacetate with Paraffin. (4308.)

Glycerin of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. ounces
Paraffin Ointment	24 ounces

Mix.

Olive Ointment. (9387.)

Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. drachms
Lard	4¼ ounces
Resin Ointment	7½ ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Piles. (8985.)

Oil of Rose-Geranium	4 minims
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces

Mix

Ointment for Scalds and Burns. (6992.)

Zinc Oxide, in powder	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	17 ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Sore Nipples. (9511.)

Borax	90 grains
Zinc Ointment, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Peruvian Ointment. (5994.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	40 grains
Balsam of Peru	30 grains
Simple Ointment (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8514.)

Galls, in fine powder	300 grains
Opium, in fine powder	120 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Spermaceti Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8326.)

Galls, in powder	4 ounces
Lead Acetate	240 grains
Opium, in powder	240 grains
Lard	2 pounds

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8256.)

Galls, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	180 grains
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	6 fl. ounces
Lard	12 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8247.)

Morphine Acetate	5 grains
Tannic Acid	30 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	30 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	240 grains
Soft Paraffin (yellow)	240 grains

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8243.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Galls, in powder	1½ ounces
Lead Acetate, in powder	60 grains
Opium, in fine powder	90 grains
Lard	6 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8685.)

Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	80 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	160 grains
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Gall and Opium Ointment, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8461.)

Camphor, in powder	60 grains
Galls, in powder	300 grains
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Lard	4½ ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8392.)

Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	1 fl. drachm
Gall and Opium Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8005.)

Galls, in fine powder	1 ounce
Lard	8 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (6545.)

Galls, in powder	54 grains
Benzoated Lard	378 grains
Glycerin of Belladonna	27 minims

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (6999.)

Galls, in fine powder	480 grains
Zinc Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (6883.)

Black Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	330 grains
Gall and Opium Ointment	4 ounces
Zinc Ointment	4 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (6749.)

Camphor, in powder	120 grains
Gallic Acid	40 grains
Iodoform	120 grains
Opium, in powder	20 grains
Benzoated Lard	3½ ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (5998.)

Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	6 ounces
Wool Fat	5 ounces
Soft Paraffin	5 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (5993.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Tannic Acid	30 grains
Green Extract of Belladonna	20 grains
Wool Fat	1 ounce

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (6341.)

Galls, in fine powder	800 grains
Opium, in powder	320 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Soft Paraffin	7 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	3 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (6148.)

Galls, in powder	1½ ounces
Opium, in powder	180 grains
Spermaceti Ointment	6 ounces
Balsam of Peru	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (9675.)

Yellow Beeswax	360 grains
Camphor	240 grains
Galls, in powder	1½ ounces
Lead Acetate	60 grains
Opium, in powder	30 grains
Spermaceti	1 ounce
Benzoated Lard	8 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (1753.)

Ergotin	287 grains
Galls, in powder	570 grains
Phenol	570 grains
Extract of Hamamelis	155 grains
Extract of Stramonium Seeds	91 grains
Tar	3642 grains
Yellow Beeswax	2437 grains
Lard	9750 grains

Mix.

Ointments.

Pile Ointment. (2650.)

Tannic Acid	10 grains
Extract of Belladonna	30 grains
Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	1 fl. drachm
Soft Paraffin	½ ounce
Wool Fat	½ ounce

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (2475.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (9584.)

Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	2½ fl. ounces
Wool Fat	2½ ounces
Soft Paraffin (white)	1½ ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (2523.)

Solution of Hamamelis	2 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	4 ounces
Wool Fat	3 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (2374.)

Galls, in very fine powder	1½ ounces
Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Hamamelis	3 fl. ounces
Wool Fat	3 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (9071.)

Galls, in very fine powder	1 ounce
Opium, in very fine powder	¼ ounce
Liquefied Phenol	20 minims
Benzoated Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (9161.)

Solution of Hamamelis	4 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	8 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8994.)

Armenian Bole	20 grains
Gall Ointment	1 pound

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (9737.)

Extract of Pilewort	1 ounce
Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin (yellow), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pound

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (1140.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	30 grains
Gall and Opium Ointment	1 ounce
Lead Subacetate Ointment	½ ounce

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8946.)

Lead Acetate	60 grains
Opium, in powder	30 grains
Gall Ointment	8 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Pile Ointment. (9453.)

Tannic Acid	30 grains
Lead Acetate	15 grains
Opium, in powder	15 grains
Benzoated Lard	1½ ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (8949.)

Opium, in powder	360 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Glycerin of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Gall Ointment	12 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (1123.)

Galls, in fine powder	80 grains
Lead Acetate, in powder	6 grains
Opium, in fine powder	40 grains
Lard	½ ounce
Elder Ointment	1¼ ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (672.)

Camphor, in powder	120 grains
Galls, in very fine powder	240 grains
Opium, in very fine powder	60 grains
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Yellow Beeswax	120 grains
Elder Ointment	3 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (735.)

Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	15 minims
Liquid Extract of Opium	15 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (79.)

Galls, in powder	1½ ounce
Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	90 grains
Lead Acetate, in powder	60 grains
Lard	6 ounces

Mix the powdered opium and galls, then add the camphor freshly powdered by the aid of rectified spirit, and allow th spirit to evaporate. Add the lead acetate to the dry powder, and finally, mix with the lard.

Pile Ointment. (191.)

Boric Acid, in powder	120 grains
Galls, in very fine powder	1 ounce
Opium, in very fine powder	180 grains
Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	4 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	1 ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	4 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (649.)

Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	3 ounces
Tar	3 ounces
Lard	6 ounces
Soft Soap	6 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (1361.)

Gall Ointment (B.P.).

Ointments.

Pile Ointment. (9602.)

Gall and Opium Ointment	2 ounces
Hamamelis Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (190.)

Hamamelis Ointment.

Pile Ointment. (188.)

Gall and Opium Ointment.

Pink Ointment. (5568.)

Precipitated Sulphur	5 ounces
Soft Paraffin	1 pound
Tincture of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Pink Ointment. (1353.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Mercuric Oxide (precipitated)	2½ ounces
Red Mercuric Sulphide	60 grains
Perfume	½ fl. ounce
Lard	1½ pounds
Prepared Suet	½ pound

Mix to make an ointment.

Red Cerate for Chilblains. (6755.)

Resin Ointment	1 ounce

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Scurf Pomade. (5907.)

Camphor	120 grains
Ammoniated Mercury	16 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	40 grains
Oil of Bergamot	10 minims
Oil of Geranium	10 minims
Lard	1½ ounces
Soft Paraffin	6½ ounces

Mix.

Scurf Pomade. (8031.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	240 grains
Essential Oil of Almonds	96 minims
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Scurf Pomade. (8255.)

Ammoniated Mercury	30 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	30 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Benzoated Lard	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Scurf Pomade. (9465.)

Precipitated Sulphur	55 grains
Oil of Lavender	5 minims
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	1 ounce
Simple Ointment (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix.

Scurvy Ointment. (8148.)

Synonym.—Scurf Pomade.

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Mercuric Sulphate	20 grains
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Benzoated Lard	9 ounces

Mix.

Scurf Pomade. (9424.)

Ammoniated Mercury	40 grains
Oil of Bergamot	½ fl. drachm
Benzoated Lard	2 ounces

Mix.

Scurf Pomade. (9752.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	210 grains
Almond Oil	18 fl. ounces
Yellow Beeswax	3¼ ounces

Perfume, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Scurf Pomade. (9372.)

White Beeswax	4 ounces
Ammoniated Mercury	3 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Essence of Bergamot	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Geranium	4 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	19 ounces
Lard	48 ounces

Mix.

Scurvy Ointment. (1769.)

Vermilion	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	1½ ounces
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	2 ounces
Benzoated Lard	6 ounces

Mix.

Scurvy Ointment. (662.)

Ammoniated Mercury	2½ ounces
Spermaceti	3½ ounces
White Beeswax	3½ ounces
Almond Oil	5 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces
Rose Water	1½ fl. ounces
Benzoated Lard	13½ ounces

Mix.

Skin and Eczema Ointment. (9600.)

Boric Acid, in powder	3 ounces
Zinc Oleate, in powder	4 ounces
Glycerin of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Wool Fat	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin (yellow)	8 ounces

Mix.

Skin Emollient. (5996.)

Phenol	7½ ounces
Oil of Geranium	4 fl. drachms
Balsam of Peru	10 ounces
Soft Paraffin	22 ounces
Wool Fat	22 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	38 ounces

Mix.

in Healer and Eczema Cream. (1787.)

Borax	¼ ounce
Zinc Oxide	1½ ounces
Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Oil of Geranium	10 minims
Oil of Lemon	60 minims
Solution of Lime	1 fl. ounce
Benzoated Lard	4½ ounces
White Beeswax	1½ ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Skin Ointment. (1941.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Almond Oil	1 ounce
Tincture of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Benzoated Lard	6 ounces

Mix.

Skin Ointment. (8166.)

Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Japan Wax	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 pound

Mix.

Skin Ointment. (8855.)

Mercuric Sulphide	12 grains
Zinc Oxide	½ ounce
Glycerin of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rose	5 drops
Solution of Coal Tar	2 fl. drachms
Hard Paraffin	1¼ ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces

Mix.

Skin Ointment. (6314.

Mercurous Chloride	30 grains
Lard	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Skin Ointment. (2563.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Starch, in powder	360 grains
Zinc Oxide	360 grains
Soft Paraffin	1½ ounces

Mix.

Skin Ointment. (9507.)

Resorcin	40 grains
Starch	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Soft Paraffin	120 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Special Healing Ointment. (8020.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	4 ounces
Hard Paraffin	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin (white)	16 ounces

Mix

Stimulating Healing Ointment. (956.)

Phenol	180 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	420 grains
Resin Ointment	8 ounces
Zinc Ointment	16 ounces

Mix.

Stronger Eucalyptus Ointment. (957.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin (white)	2 ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

Sulphur and Mercury Ointment. (367.)

Ammoniated Mercury	5 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	30 grains
Paraffin Ointment	2 ounces

Mix.

Tar and Sulphur Ointment. (9547.)

Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Sulphur	1½ ounces
Tar	5 ounces
Lard	6 ounces

Mix.

The Camphor Ointment. (2594.)

Camphor	10 ounces
Japan Wax	10 ounces
Lard	30 ounces

Mix and use as an ingredient of No. 2593.

The Ointment. (9027.)

Copper Sulphate	20 grains
Elder Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

The Ointment. (9472.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	60 grains
Essential Oil of Almonds	6 minims
Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

The Ointment. (9636.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	30 grains
Castor Oil	½ ounce
Essential Oil of Almonds	3 minims
Prepared Lard	½ ounce

Mix.

The Ointment. (1080.)

Dr. Spence's Prescription.

Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

The Ointment. (1238.)

Red Mercuric Sulphide	120 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	120 grains
Creosote	40 minims
Olive Oil	7 fl. ounces
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Lard	16 ounces

Mix.

The Ointment. (1241.)

Latter's Formula.

Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Lard	14 ounces

Mix.

The Ointment. (8156.)

Boric Acid	3 ounces
Phenol	180 grains
Zinc Sulphate	360 grains
Glycerin	1 ounce
Green Oil	12 fl. ounces
Japan Wax	3½ ounces

Mix.

Ointments.

The Ointment. (8569.)

Lead Acetate Ointment	1 ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Spermaceti Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

The Pomade. (8038.)

(Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.)

Red Mercuric Oxide (levigated)	55 grains
Soft Paraffin	3 ounces

Mix.

Ulcer Ointment. (9663.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	55 grains
Boric Acid Ointment, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Universal Cerate. (8199.)

Ammoniated Mercury	4 ounces
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Olive Oil	4¼ pounds
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
White Beeswax	2¼ pounds

Mix.

Universal Healing Ointment. (9985.)

Balsam of Peru	2 ounces
Lard	7·5 ounces
Lead Plaster	3·75 ounces
Resin	3·75 ounces
White Beeswax	2·5 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	3·75 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	5 ounces

Melt together, and when nearly cold stir in the alcohol.

Universal Healing Ointment. (9897.)

Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
White Beeswax	3 ounces
Camphor	60 grains
Lead Plaster	4 ounces
Resin	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 ounce
Olive Oil	5 ounces
Lard	7½ ounces

Mix.

White Healing Ointment. (9000.)

Zinc Ointment.

White Ointment of Lead. (711.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Lead Carbonate, in fine powder	16 ounces
Oil of Lavender	10 minims
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Lard	24 ounces

Mix.

Yellow Carbolic Ointment. (1942.)

Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces

Mix.

Yellow Cerate for Boils, etc. (5654.)

Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Resin	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Lard	3 ounces

Mix.

Powders.

Absorbent Foot Powder. (6377.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Fuller's Earth, in powder	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	3 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	5 minims

Mix.

Absorbent Foot Powder. (9740.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	180 grains

Mix.

Antiseptic Dusting Powder. (2135.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	12 ounces
Carmine	10 grains
Starch	24 ounces
Zinc Oxide	12 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	48 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	48 minims

Mix and sift.

Antiseptic Dusting Powder. (2452.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Prepared Calamine	2 ounces
Starch	12 ounces
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Dusting Powder. 115.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce

Mix.

Antiseptic Eucalyptus Foot Powder. (8086.)

Boric Acid, in powder	5 pounds
Powdered Talc	1 pound
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (6369.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid, in powder	110 grains
Starch, in powder	6 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic ot Powder. (2673.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Fullers' Earth, in powder	1 ounce
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid, in powder	60 grains
Starch	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (1966.)

Boric Acid, in powder	12 ounces
Powdered Talc	16 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	20 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (5546.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	1 pound
Oil of Lavender	48 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (5316.)

Starch	1 ounce
Talc, in powder	1 ounce
Boric Acid	1 ounce

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (6922.)

Boric Acid, in powder	6 ounces
Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Zinc Oleate, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	30 minims

Rose Pink, a sufficient quantity to colour.

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (6856.)

Starch, in powder	8 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Zinc Oleate	1 ounce

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (6678.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Starch	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	1 ounce

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (6226.)

Boric Acid, in powder	12 ounces
Powdered Talc	10 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	14 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	40 minims
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	40 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (6284.

Boric Acid, in powder	16 ounces
Powdered Talc	16 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (6237.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (6382.)

Boric Acid, in powder	3 ounces
Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Coumarin	3 grains
Powdered Talc	6½ ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	5 minims
Dimatos	2½ ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (1919.)

Boric Acid	6 ounces
Powdered Talc	6 ounces
Salicylic Acid	3 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (9768.)

Boric Acid	6 ounces
Powdered Talc	12 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (9569.)

Boric Acid, in powder	780 grains
Fuller's Earth, in powder	1½ pounds
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Zinc Oleate, in powder	390 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	105 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (8948.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Powdered Talc	3 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	5 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (9838.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Fuller's Earth	1 ounce
Thymol	5 grains

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (1023.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (1230.)

Boric Acid	3 ounces
Powdered Talc	2 ounces
Starch	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (214.)

Boric Acid	16 ounces
Oil of Wintergreen.	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (8274.)

Boric Acid, in powder	16 ounces
Fuller's Earth, in powder	4 ounces
Starch, in powder	8 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (8045.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Starch, in powder	4 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Thymol	30 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	60 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (8340.)

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Powdered Talc	48 ounces
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces
Oil of Geranium	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (8681.)

Alum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Starch, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	10 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (8225.)

Boric Acid	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide	8 ounces
Essence of Violets	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Antiseptic Healing Powder. (5564.)

Kaolin	1 pound
Prepared Calamine	6 ounces
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces

Lavender Water, a sufficient quantity.
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Antiseptic Powder. (7079.)

Boric Acid	57 ounces
Salicylic Acid	10 ounces
Powdered Talc	30 ounces

Oil of Geranium, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Antiseptic Powde (6248.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Calamine, in powder	½ ounce
Starch, in powder	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Powder for Tender Feet. (5336.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Antiseptic Powder for Tender Feet. (8260.)

Boric Acid	10 ounces
Exsiccated Alum	10 ounces
Fuller's Earth	2½ pounds
Starch, in powder	1¼ pounds
Powdered Talc	20 ounces
Zinc Oxide	10 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Boric Dusting and Toilet Powder. (6379.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	1 ounce
Starch	6 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces

Mix.

Dusting and Healing Powder. (5414.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1½ ounces
Camphor, in powder	¾ ounce
Prepared Calamine	1¼ ounces
Starch, in powder	11 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1½ ounces

Mix.

Dusting Powder. (1921.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Starch	6 ounces
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces

Mix.

Dusting Powder. (9492.)

Salicylic Acid	2 grains
Starch	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce

Mix.

Dusting Powder. (1009.)

Synonym.—Prepared Fuller's Earth.

Boric Acid, in fine powder	1 ounce
Fuller's Earth, in fine powder	7 ounces
Kaolin, in fine powder	7 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Dusting Powder. (6376.)

Calamine	60 grains
Lead Acetate	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Starch, in powder, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 ounces

Mix.

Dusting Powder. (6939.)

Boric Acid, in powder	3 ounces
Starch, in powder	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Oil of Rose Geranium	30 minims

Mix.

Dusting Powder. (6267.)

Borax, in powder	4 ounces
Light Magnesia	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	12 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	3 ounces

Mix.

Dusting Powder for Infants. (9901.)

Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Starch	4 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Powder. (9728.)

Carmine	10 grains
Zinc Oleate (20 per cent.), in powder	1 pound

Mix.

Eczema Powder. (8894.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Kieselguhr	8 ounces
Zinc Oleate	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces

Mix.

Eucalyptus Foot Powder. (8348.)

Boric Acid	3 ounces
Powdered Talc	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 minims

Mix.

Eucalyptus Foot Powder. (8117.)

Boric Acid, in powder	3 pounds
Starch, in powder	1 pound
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Feet Powder. (7004.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Foot Dust. (7094.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Starch	3 ounces

Oil of Eucalyptus, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Foot Powder. (8152.)

Synonym.—Antiseptic Dusting Powder

Boric Acid, in powder	1 pound
Carmine	4 grains
Oil of Rose Geranium	10 minims

Mix.

Foot Powder. (8721.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	30 grains
Zinc Oxide, in powder	8 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Foot Powder. (8712.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Powdered Talc	24 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Foot Powder. (8054.)

Alum, in powder	1 ounce
Boric Acid, in powder	6 ounces
Powdered Talc	14 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Starch, in powder	4 ounces

Oil of Lemon, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Foot Powder. (8561.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Starch, in powder	8 ounces

Mix.

Foot Powder. (8596.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 pounds
Salicylic Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Armenian Bole	1 ounce

Mix.

Foot Powder. (8737.)

Boric Acid, in powder	16 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Lavender	30 minims

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Foot Powder. (4096.)

Boric Acid	16 ounces
Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	8 ounces
Carmine	8 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1½ fl. drachms
Powdered Talc	4 ounces

Mix

Foot Powder. (9164.)

Boric Acid	16 ounces
Powdered Talc	48 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Foot Powder. (5372.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	8 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Starch, in powder	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	30 minims

Mix.

Foot Powder. (1041.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces

Oil of Eucalyptus, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Foot Powder. (1260.)

Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Boric Acid, in powder	1½ pounds

Mix.

Foot Powder. (770.)

Boric Acid	3 pounds
Powdered Talc	1 pound
Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	40 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	40 minims

Mix.

Foot Powder. (1070.)

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Starch	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce

Oil of Eucalyptus, a sufficient quantity to perfume suitably.

Mix.

Foot Powder. (1181.)

Boric Acid	1 pound
Powdered Talc	1 pound
Salicylic Acid	1 ounce

Mix.

Foot Powder. (244.)

Salicylated Powder of Talc (N.F., U.S.).

Foot Powder. (264.)

Powdered Talc	2 ounces
Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6370.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2½ ounces
Phenol	60 grains
Powdered Talc	10 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6378.)

Boric Acid, in fine powder	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	6 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6375.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Lead Acetate	180 grains
Starch, in powder	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Powders.

Foot Powder. (6381.)

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	4 ounces
Starch, in powder	6 ounces
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6383.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	4 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Starch	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	30 minims

Mix.

Foot Powder. (3186.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Fuller's Earth, in powder	8 ounces
Hydronaphthol, in powder	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Starch, in powder	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Foot Powder. (2630.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Starch, in powder	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	80 minims

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6397.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Lycopodium	2 ounces
Starch	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Foot Powder. (3166.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Foot Powder. (2355.)

Boric Acid	1½ ounces
Starch	4 ounces

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6360.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Fuller's Earth	3 ounces
Powdered Talc	1 ounce
Starch	3 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6364.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Starch, in powder	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	10 minims

Mix.

Powders.

Foot Powder. (6301.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	3 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Foot Powder. (2318.)

Boric Acid, in powder	13 ounces
Powdered Talc	24 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	3 ounces
Starch, in powder	10 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Foot Powder. (7009.)

Boric Acid, in powder	16 ounces
Chinosol	70 grains
Salicylic Acid, in powder	70 grains

Mix.

Foot Powder. (9351.)

Salicylic Acid	3 ounces
Fuller's Earth	48 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	14 ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Powdered Talc	48 ounces

Mix.

Foot Powder. (9292.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Starch	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Foot Powder. (9019.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Starch, in powder	2 ounces
Powdered Talc	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	5 minims

Mix.

Foot Powder. (9005.)

Boric Acid, in powder	8 ounces
Fuller's Earth, in powder	8 ounces
Hydronaphthol	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Starch, in powder	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Foot Powder. (8942.)

Boric Acid	6 ounces
Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Phenol	120 grains
Powdered Talc	8 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Foot Powder. (9632.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid	90 grains
Starch, in powder	1 ounce
Powdered Talc, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 ounces

Mix.

Powders.

Foot Powder. (8886.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Powdered Talc	3 ounces
Zinc Oleate, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Foot Powder. (7014.)

Boric Acid, in powder	10 ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	20 minims

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6744.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Salicylic Acid	¾ ounce
Starch, in powder	2½ ounces
Powdered Talc	21¾ ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Foot Powder. (6772.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Starch, in powder	8 ounces
Prepared Talc	8 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Foot Powder. (5882.)

Boric Acid, in powder	13 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Starch, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Foot Powder. (9375.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Salicylic Acid	10 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Footease Powder. (6292.)

Ammonium Chloride, in powder	1 ounce
Boric Acid, in powder	2½ ounces
Powdered Talc	14 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Starch, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Hair Destroyer. (9025.)

Calcium Lactate.

Hair Wash Powder. (8850.)

Borax	12 ounces
Camphor	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Quillaia Bark	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Perfume, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Healing Powder. (8663.)

Powdered Talc	87 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	3 ounces
Starch, in powder	10 ounces

Mix.

Powders.

Mouth Powder. (6843.)

Alum, in powder	1 ounce
Armenian Bole	1 ounce
Borax	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Nursery Dusting Powder. (6996.)

Prepared Calamine, in powder	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Pedestrian's Sedative Powder. (9526.)

Powdered Talc	3½ ounces
Zinc Oxide	½ ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims

Mix.

Powder for Gargle. (6998.)

Alum, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	1 ounce

Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Powder for Infants. (5300.)

Precipitated Sulphur	6 ounces
Prepared Calamine	3 ounces
Starch, in powder	6 ounces
Zinc Oxide	6 ounces

Mix.

Powder for Sore Nipples. (9033.)

Boric Acid, in powder	60 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Powder for Tender Feet. (6388.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	2 ounces
Zinc Oleate, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Powder for Tender Feet. (8483.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Fuller's Earth, in powder	3 ounces
Zinc Oleate, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims

Mix.

Powder for Tender Feet. (9525.)

Boric Acid	¾ ounce
Fuller's Earth, in powder	3 ounces
Starch	6 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Perfume	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Powder for Tender Feet. (1367.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	2 ounces
Zinc Oleate, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Powders.

Powder for Tender Feet. (2070.)

Boric Acid, in powder	7 ounces
Starch, in powder	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Oil of Wintergreen	80 minims

Mix.

Prepared Fuller's Earth. (9256.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Fuller's Earth	7 ounces
Kaolin	7 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce

Mix.

Red Cross Foot Powder. (5445.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce

Oil of Lavender, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Sanitary Foot Powder. (8746.)

Boric Acid, in powder	16 ounces
Prussian Blue, in powder	8 grains
Salicylic Acid, in powder	1 ounce
White Fuller's Earth, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Sanitary Foot Powder. (1121.)

Boric Acid, in powder	3 ounces
Powdered Talc	3 ounces
Zinc Oleate, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Sanitary Hair Cleanser. (2351.)

Borax, in powder	2 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Geranium	6 drops

Mix.

Styptic Powder for Tender Feet. (8868.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Fuller's Earth, in powder	4 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	4 ounces
Starch, in powder	8 ounces

Mix.

Thrush Powder. (5385.)

Borax, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Snuffs.

Anti-Catarrh Snuff. (5272.)

Boric Acid, in powder	120 grains
Ammonium Chloride, in powder	160 grains
Menthol, in powder	60 grains

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Snuff. (9364.)

Boric Acid	7½ ounces
Ammonium Chloride	5 ounces
Menthol, in powder	90 grains
Camphor, in powder	120 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	30 grains
Lycopodium	7½ ounces

Mix.

Snuffs.

Anti-Catarrh Snuff. (2467.)

Boric Acid, in powder	960 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Menthol	30 grains

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Snuff. (8046.)

Ammonium Chloride	96 grains
Boric Acid	240 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Menthol	32 grains
Milk Sugar	408 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	8 minims

Mix.

Catarrh Snuff. (8919.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Cocaine Hydrochloride	1 ounce
Menthol	3 ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Milk Sugar, in powder	25 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Mix.

Catarrh Snuff. (2179.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	½ ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains

Mix.

Catarrh Snuff. (599.)

Ferrier's Formula

Morphine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains
Bismuth Oxynitrate	180 grains

Mix.

Catarrh Snuff. (204.)

Ammonium Chloride	½ ounce
Bismuth Oxynitrate	½ ounce
Boric Acid	1 ounce
Lycopodium	1 ounce
Menthol	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Tannic Acid	60 grains

Mix.

Compound Menthol Snuff. (6897.)

Boric Acid, in powder	120 grains
Camphor, in powder	10 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Lycopodium	480 grains
Menthol, in powder	60 grains
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	60 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	5 minims

Mix.

Harrogate Salts. (600.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2½ ounces
Magnesium Sulphate, exsiccated	13 ounces
Sulphurated Potash	½ ounce

Mix.

Influenza Snuff. (8452.)

Synonym.—Camphor or Eucalyptus Snuff.

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Cubebs, in powder	60 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Snuffs.

Magic Nerve Snuff. (8390.)

Camphor	20 grains
Menthol	10 grains
Lycopodium	1 ounce

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (8487.)

Ammonium Chloride	4 ounces
Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Menthol	1 ounce

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (9291.

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Ammonium Chloride	3 ounces
Menthol	2 ounces

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (601.)

Ammonium Chloride, in powder	3 ounces
Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Menthol	1 ounce

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (2612.)

Lycopodium	240 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Milk Sugar	480 grains

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (9504.)

Ammonium Chloride	90 grains
Boric Acid	90 grains
Menthol	30 grains

Mix.

Snuffs.

Menthol Snuff. (8047.)

Ammonium Chloride	30 grains
Camphor	12 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Lycopodium	430 grains
Menthol	6 grains

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (931.)

Ammonium Chloride, in fine powder	1½ ounces
Boric Acid, in fine powder	1½ ounces
Menthol	1 ounce

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (604.)

Ammonium Chloride, in powder	2 ounces
Boric Acid, in powder	3 ounces
Lycopodium	1 ounce
Menthol	1 ounce

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (930.)

Boric Acid, in very fine powder	240 grains
Menthol	12 grains
Starch	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 minims

Mix.

Menthol Snuff. (8693.)

Ammonium Chloride, in powder	60 grains
Boric Acid, in powder	60 grains
Lycopodium	150 grains
Menthol, in powder	12 grains
Starch, in powder	210 grains

Mix.

CHEMISTS' AND DRUGGISTS' RECIPES—SUPPLEMENTARY LIST (I).

Unclassified Recipes.

Acid Solution of Pepsin. (1077.)

Pepsin, in scales	400 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Acne Skin Cream. (1832.)

Carmine	1 grain
Oil of Geranium	16 minims
Sulphur Ointment	16 ounces

Mix.

Alterative Powders. (1560.)

Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	32 ounces

Mix.

American Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. (6804.)

Cod-liver Oil	8 fl. ounces
Decoction of Irish Moss (1 : 20)	5 fl. ounces
Emulsify with an egg whisk and add—	
Syrup of Orange	2½ fl. ounces
Water	½ fl. ounce

Flavour as desired with essential oils dissolved in a little spirit

Ammoniated Solution of Oil of Anise. (814.)

Synonym.—Liquor Olei Anisi Ammoniatus.

Oil of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ammoniated Solution of Quinine. (6717.)

Quinine Sulphate	64 grains
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anæmia Mixture. (679.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	40 grains
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Anæmia Mixture. (1378.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	90 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Unclassified Recipes.

Anæmia Mixture. (4352.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Anæmia Mixture. (4172.)

Citric Acid	30 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	150 grains
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Angostura Bitters. (9968.)

Soluble Essence of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Soluble Essence of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Cusparia	3 drachms
Orange Wine, to make	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Embrocation. (2011.)

Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Elder	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anodyne Soothing Syrup. (6211.)

Brown Sugar	4 pounds
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 pints

Mix.

Anti-Anæmic Tonic. (4781.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Pepsin Wine	½ fl. ounce
Arsenical Solution	48 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	48 minims
Tincture of Quinine	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Antibilious or Aperient Pills. (5593.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

Antibilious Liver Pills. (10,101.)

Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Oil of Caraway	16 drops

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8496.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (8435.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	24 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	12 grains
Mercury Pill	18 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5554.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1551.)

Scammony, in powder	5 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Colocynth Pulp	2½ ounces
Potassium Sulphate	2½ ounces
Oil of Caraway	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (1564.)

Hard Soap, in powder	6 ounces
Mercury Pill	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	5 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes (B.P. 1888)	26 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	8 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (10,055.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (10,080.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Gamboge, in powder	252 grains
Mercurous Chloride	208 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	480 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	54 grains
Oil of Cloves	45 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

Antibilious Pills. (10,105.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	¼ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ to 1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills, Mild. (10,106.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1½ ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	¼ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Anti-Catarrh Bottle. (6956.)

Ammonium Carbonate, in coarse powder	1½ ounces
Camphor, in powder	1½ ounces
Wood Charcoal, in powder	1½ ounces
Liquefied Phenol	150 minims
Tincture of Iodine	150 minims

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Bottle. (8504.)

Iodine	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	100 minims
Liquefied Phenol	50 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	50 minims
Oil of Lavender	50 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Ammonium Carbonate, a sufficient quantity.	

Anti-Catarrh and Influenza Salts. (9717.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Camphor	60 grains
Wood Charcoal, in powder	1 ounce
Liquefied Phenol	40 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Sandal Wood	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonia	20 minims
Strong Solution of Iodine	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Mixture. (4162.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	96 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	640 minims
Tincture of Aconite	96 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Anti-Catarrh Salts. (8163.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Camphor	90 grains
Charcoal	1 ounce
Menthol	30 grains
Phenol	180 grains
Pine Sawdust	2 ounces
Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	20 minims
Strong Solution of Iodine	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Anti-Catarrh Salts. (8139.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Liquefied Phenol	15 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	15 minims
Solution of Coal Tar	15 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	30 minims

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Salts. (6776.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Wood Charcoal	15 grains
Liquefied Phenol	15 minims
Oil of Lemon	72 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	30 minims

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Salts. (6710.)

Ammonium Carbonate, in powder	6 ounces
Camphor	360 grains
Animal Charcoal	6 ounces
Phenol	3 ounces

Mix and add to each bottle 70 minims of the following:—

Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Iodine	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Salts. (9614.)

Synonym.—Influenza Salts.

Camphor	60 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Phenol	20 grains
Creosote	15 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Terebene	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (9615.)

Creosote	80 minims
Menthol	20 grains
Phenol	80 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	80 minims
Tincture of Iodine	80 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (8186.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Charcoal, in powder	1 ounce
Phenol	30 grains
Sawdust	2 ounces
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm

Solution of Ammonia (S.G. ·880), a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (9069.)

Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Benzoin	30 minims
Charcoal Sawdust a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Bottle. (6249.)

Phenol	60 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl drachm
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm

Strong Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Bottle. (8618.)

Camphor, in flowers	1 ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Ammoniated Alcohol	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Fir Wool Oil	2 drachms
Strong Solution of Iodine	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Bottle. (1261.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Ammoniated Alcohol	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Fir Wool Oil	½ fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Iodine	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (9761.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Menthol	1¼ ounces
Phenol	3 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	15 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces

Sawdust, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (9760.)

Ammonium Chloride	8 ounces
Iodine	1 ounce
Menthol	1 ounce
Phenol	2 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	6 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (5273.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Phenol	60 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Strong Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (6575.)

Ammonium Carbonate, in coarse powder	4 ounces
Camphor	120 grains
Iodine	6 grains
Phenol	240 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	10 minims

Strong Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity to saturate.

Mix.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (9127.)

Ammonium Carbonate	8 ounces
Camphor	1 ounce
Charcoal	1 ounce
Iodine	12 grains
Phenol	½ ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Anti-Constipation Elixir. (3014.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anti-Corpulency Mixture. (1101.)

Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Anti-Corpulency Pills. (250.)

Extract of Fucus Vesiculosus	5 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce

Mix and evaporate to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Anticorpulency Pills. (2586.)

Extract of Fucus Vesiculosus, a sufficient quantity.

Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Anti-Coryza Bottle. (8553.)

Phenol	120 grains
Oil of Cubebs	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Anti-Dolor Wafers. (6257.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 grains.

Anti-fat Mixture. (4580.)

Potassium Iodide	240 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Antiscorbutic or Skin Ointment. (3178.)

Mercuric Sulphide	60 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide	½ ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	4 ounces
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Oil of Bergamot, a sufficient quantity.	
Olive Oil	18 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic and Astringent Gargle. (10,051.)

Boric Acid	720 grains
Potassium Chlorate	540 grains
Tannic Acid	360 grains
Phenol	120 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Antiseptic Astringent Mouth Wash. (10,052.)

Boric Acid	720 grains
Tannic Acid	360 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic, Influenza, and Catarrh Smelling Bottle. (5285

Ammonium Carbonate	4 ounces
Iodine	60 grains
Wood Charcoal, in powder	2 ounces
Phenol	180 grains
Terebene	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Paint for Frostbite. (9403.)

Glycerin of Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Antiseptic Smelling Salts. (2344.)

Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Iodine	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Smelling Salts. (937.)

Ammonium Carbonate	360 grains
Camphor	120 grains
Phenol	480 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Wood Charcoal, a sufficient quantity to form a suitable mass.	

Mix.

Antiseptic Solution. (1156.)

Illingworth's Formula.

Potassium Iodide	15 grains
Glycerin	7 fl. drachms
Solution of Mercuric Chloride (1 in 500)	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Substitute for Iodoform. (9001.)

Benzoin	240 grains
Powdered Talc	2 ounces
Salol	1 ounce
Zinc Sulphite	1½ ounces
Oil of Fennel	20 minims

Mix.

Aperient Iron Mixture. (369.)

Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	32 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	72 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Aperient Pills. (9473.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient or Antibilious Pills. (9416.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	16 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	6 ounces
Ginger	1 ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap	2 ounces
Jalap	2 ounces
Tragacanth	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient or Stomach Pills. (10,097.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	¾ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	6 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	8 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	4 ounces
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Aperient Syrup for Children. (4994.)

Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Senna	3 fl. drachms
Dill Water	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 minims to 2 fluid drachms.

Application for Cuts. (3201.)

Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Myrrh	2 ounces
Phenol	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Application for Insect Bites, etc. (1195.)

Menthol	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Application for the Nipples. (8666.)

Borax	120 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aromatic Castor Oil. (9970.)

Gluside	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	2 drops
Oil of Wintergreen	1 drop
Castor Oil	7 fl. drachms

Dissolve the essential oils and the gluside in the alcohol; then add the castor oil. Other flavours may be substituted, such as that of bitter orange oil, or cinnamon oil, if peppermint be objected to.

Aromatic Syrup of Cascara. (4798.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	11¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	27 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	27 fl. drachms
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aromatic Powder. (501.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	4 ounces
Cloves, in powder	1½ ounces
Nutmeg, in powder	3 ounces
Saffron, in powder	3 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	25 ounces

Mix thoroughly and pass through a fine sieve; then rub lightly in a mortar and keep in a stoppered bottle.

To make the aromatic powder of chalk, B.P. 1885, add prepared chalk, 11 ounces.

Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Aromatic Salts for Cold in the Head. (6124.)

Ammonium Carbonate	240 grains
Camphor	20 grains
Wood Charcoal, in powder	120 grains
Phenol	15 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims
Oil of Thyme	30 minims
Oil of Sandal Wood	20 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	6 minims
Tincture of Iodine	30 minims

Mix.

Aromatic Water. (2337.)

Oil of Dill	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix and use as an ingredient of No. 2338.

Arquebusade. (8896.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	30 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	16 minims
Oil of Marjoram	16 minims
Oil of Peppermint	16 minims
Oil of Rosemary	16 minims
Oil of Rue	16 minims
Oil of Sage	16 minims
Oil of Wormwood	16 minims
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Asthma and Bronchitis Inhalant. (9748.)

Phenol	60 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims
Spirit of Camphor	30 minims
Ethereal Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Conium	30 minims
Tincture of Cubebs	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Asthma Burning Powder. (5363.)

Lobelia, in power	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	180 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	180 grains
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Asthma Cure. (9702.)

Lobelia	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Stramonium Leaves	1 ounce
Tea	1 ounce

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Asthma Cure. (8736.)

Cascarilla Bark, in powder	120 grains
Cubebs, in powder	1 ounce
Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Eucalyptus Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Grindelia, in powder	2 ounces
Jaborandi Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Lobelia, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	3 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Cure or Powder. (8594.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	2 ounces
Black Tea, in powder	1 pound
Fœnugreek Seeds, in powder	2 ounces
Lobelia, in No. 20 powder	1 pound
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 pound
Stramonium Leaves, in No. 20 powder	1 pound

Mix.

Asthma Fumigating Powder. (3184.)

Belladonna Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Lobelia, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (9885.)

Coltsfoot Leaves, in coarse powder	2 ounces
Indian Hemp, in coarse powder	½ ounce
Lobelia, in coarse powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	3 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in coarse powder	4 ounces
Tea, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Distilled Water, boiling	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (9488.)

Lobelia, in powder	480 grains
Potassium Nitrate	480 grains
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	480 grains
Tea, in powder	480 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	30 minims

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (2531.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	8 ounces
Belladonna Leaves, in powder	16 ounces
Cubebs, in powder	8 ounces
Fennel Fruit, in powder	8 ounces
Lobelia, in powder	32 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	56 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	64 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (8248.)

Anise Fruit, bruised	110 grains
Fennel Fruit, bruised	110 grains
Lobelia, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Tea, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. ounces
Boiling Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (2305.)

Cascarilla Bark, in powder	1 pound
Lobelia, in powder	1 pound
Potassium Nitrate	1 pound
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	1 pound
Tea, in powder	1 pound
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (6173.)

Eucalyptus Leaves, in powder	16 ounces
Lobelia, in powder	16 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	16 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	16 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (6353.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Conium Fruit, in powder	2 ounces
Fennel Fruit, in powder	2 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	8 ounces
Lobelia, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	5 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (6232.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	120 grains
Black Tea, in powder	2 ounces
Lobelia, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (8053.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Tea, in powder	4 ounces
Lobelia, in powder	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	4 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (6559.)

Belladonna Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Indian Hemp, in powder	12 ounces
Lobelia, in powder	12 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	20 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	12 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	30 fl. ounces

Mix, dry, sift, and add—

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Asthma Reliever. (9713.)

Indian Hemp, in powder	½ ounce
Lobelia, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	2 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Tea, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (8077.)

Benzoic Acid, in powder	40 grains
Camphor, in powder	60 grains
Indian Hemp, in powder	90 grains
Potassium Chlorate	240 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	300 grains
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	2½ ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Asthma Powder. (8471.)

Black Tea, in powder	1 ounce
Eucalyptus Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Lobelia, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1½ ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cubebs	20 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Asthma Remedy. (8283.)

Indian Hemp, in coarse powder	4 ounces
Lobelia, in coarse powder	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	5 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in coarse powder	4 ounces
Tea, in coarse powder	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Asthma Remedy. (8138.)

Lobelia, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (10,124.)

Sodium Benzoate	240 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	120 grains
Oil of Juniper	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Balsam Paste. (8895.)

Cubebs, in powder	4 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Balsam of Copaiba	2 fl. ounces
Confection of Senna	2 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (10,074.)

Clarified Honey	6 pounds
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 pounds
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Senna	3 pounds

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (10,111.)

Clarified Honey	8 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Irish Moss, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Bark Tonic. (2315.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2¼ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinchona	4½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Bitter Tincture—Tinctura Amara (G.Ph.). (9990.)

Centaury Root, in coarse powder	3 ounces
Gentian Root, in coarse powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Bitter Orange Peel, cut small	2 ounces
Orange Berries, in powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	50 ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Black Bruise Oil. (1395.)

Barbados Tar	½ pound
Linseed Oil	3 pounds
Oil of Turpentine	1½ pounds
Green Oil of Elder	1 pound
Sulphuric Acid	2 ounces

Mix.

Black Currant Cough Mixture. (10,069.)

Syrup of Black Currants	6 pounds
Syrup of Ipecacuanha	1 pound
Chlorodyne (without Morphine)	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Black Plaster. (2815.)

Red Lead	8 ounces
Resin	2 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Olive Oil	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (10,123.)

Potassium Chlorate	24 grains
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Chloroform	12 minims
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. drachms
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (8387.)

Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Liquid Extract of Taraxacum	30 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Blood Mixture. (10,030.)

Potassium Iodide	300 grains
Arsenical Solution	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	5 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	70 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (9534.)

Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Compound Mixture of Senna	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Unclassified Recipes.

Blood Purifying Pills. (758.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Blood Tablets. (10,061.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 pounds
Sulphur	2 pounds
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Boil Lotion. (10,028.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	½ fl. ounce
Lavender Water	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Bowel Complaint Mixture. (10,068.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	240 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	240 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	21 fl. ounces

Mix.

Breast Salve. (1211.)

Resin	9 ounces
Tar	½ ounce
Yellow Beeswax	5 ounces
Linseed Oil	8 ounces

Mix.

Burn and Scald Cream. (9738.)

Calamine, in powder	2 ounces
Iodoform, in powder	½ ounce
Lead Carbonate, in powder	½ ounce
Olive Oil	2 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin, yellow	12 ounces
Hydrous Wood Fat, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pound

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (10,045.)

Chlorodyne	7½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1¼ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Bronchitis Mixture. (10,020.)

Ether	9 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	9 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	86 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Unclassified Recipes.

Bronchial Lozenges or Tablets. (10,036.)

Cubebs, in powder	6 ounces
Marshmallow, in powder	6 pounds
Virginian Prune Bark, in powder	12 ounces
Flavoured Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	44 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable tablets or lozenges.

Camphor Roll.

Lard	8 ounces
Camphor, in coarse powder Hard Paraffin Glycerin	of each 2 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces

Melt the lard, wax, and paraffin together, then add the camphor, and when the solution is complete add the glycerin and mix the whole thoroughly, afterwards pouring into suitable moulds.

Camphorated Extract. (8714.)

Boric Acid	1¼ ounces
Glycerin	18 ounces
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolic Lint. (9283.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Soak lint in this mixture and dry carefully.

Carbolic Mouth-Wash. (647.)

Glycerin of Phenol	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolic Oil. (9590.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Olive Oil	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolised Eucalyptus Smelling Salts. (9480.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Camphor	12 grains
Iodine	12 grains
Phenol	90 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	10 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	90 minims
White Sand, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Carminative Mixture. (10,014.)

Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Caraway	15 minims
Oil of Pennyroyal	35 minims
Oil of Peppermint	35 minims
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	26 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolised Lint. (1092.)

Synonym.—Carbolic Lint (Professor Spence).

Phenol	1 ounce
Methylated Alcohol	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Soak lint in above solution, dry thoroughly and roll in gutta-percha tissue.

Cascara Cordial. (577.)

Carminative Tincture (B.P.C.)	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—As an aperient, 1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cascara Cordial. (578.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	4 minims
Oil of Coriander	4 minims
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cascara Cordial. (3860.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	24 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Cascara Elixir. (2346.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	12 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	7 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cascara Sagrada Cordial. (5735.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Castor Oil Pills. (10,067.)

Aloin	4 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce
Jalapin	4 ounces
Castor Oil, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Catarrh Cure Inhaling Powder. (9888.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Eucalyptol	120 grains
Phenol	3 ounces
Essential Oil of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Fir Wool Oil	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Terebene	2 fl. drachms
Pine Sawdust, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Catarrh Smelling Salts. (9163.)

Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Catarrhal Salts. (1432.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Iodine	30 grains
Menthol	30 grains
Orris Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Phenol	60 grains
Wood Charcoal	¼ ounce

Mix.

Cerate of Calamine. (710.)

Prepared Calamine	4 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Lard	12 ounces

Mix.

Chelsea Pensioner. (359.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Ginger, in fine powder	1½ ounces
Guaiacum Resin, in fine powder	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in fine powder	½ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Treacle	16 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Chelsea Pensioner. (554.)

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	½ ounce
Mustard	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Honey, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form an electuary. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Chelsea Pensioner. (9930.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin	60 grains
Nutmeg, in powder	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	2 ounces
Clarified Honey, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a stiff paste.

Chelsea Pensioner. (2241.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	60 grains
Mustard	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Clarified Honey, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 ounces

Mix. Dose.—120 to 240 grains.

Chemical Food. (612.)

Parrish's Formula (Modified).
Compound Syrup of Iron Phosphate (B.P.C.).

Chemical Food. (4056.)

(Parrish.)

Calcium Carbonate	10 oz. 420 gr.
Cochineal	6 ounces
Iron Wire	3 oz. 180 gr.
Potassium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Sodium Phosphate	360 grains
Refined Sugar	40 pounds
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	60 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 gallons

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Unclassified Recipes.

Chemical Food. (4655.)

Calcium Phosphate	9 ounces
Cochineal	1 ounce
Ferrous Phosphate	4½ ounces
Refined Sugar	17 pounds
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	20 fl. ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1½ gallons

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (2489.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Ammonium Chloride	3½ ounces
Camphor Water	24 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Saffron, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2470.)

Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (2581.)

Camphor	180 grains
Menthol	30 grains
Phenol	30 grains
Liquid Extract of Belladonna	½ fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Capsicum (B.P.C.)	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (5437.)

Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	26 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Cochineal	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (10,012.)

Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (10,137.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	3 fl. drachms
One Egg.	
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Child's Hair Lotion. (6673.)

Insect Flowers, in powder	1 ounce
Quassia Wood	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Geranium	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water	3 quarts

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Children's Aperient Syrup. (3124.)

Syrup of Rhubarb	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Senna	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Constipation Elixir. (3628.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Senna Pods	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	12 minims
Tincture of Jalap	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 90 minims.

Children's Cough Drops. (5408.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Marshmallow	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Violets	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6595.)

Ammonium Bromide	160 grains
Chloroform	12 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6807.)

Ammonium Bromide	4 drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squills	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir, to make	20 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (9281.)

Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (10,043.)

Refined Sugar	18 pounds
Ipecacuanha Wine	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 gallons

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (10,126.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. drachm
Dill Water	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1393.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Syrup. (10,140.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Hair Cleanser. (8691.)

Glycerin of Phenol	6 fl. drachms
Spirt of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Hair Lotion. (9220.)

Quassia Wood	1 ounce
Stavesacre Seeds, bruised	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Hair Lotion. (5979.)

Borax	½ ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Quassia (1 in 20 of boiling water), a sufficient quantity to produce	35 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Hair Lotion. (1446.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Vinegar of Stavesacre	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Hair Lotion. (8723.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Stavesacre Seeds, bruised	16 ounces
Acetic Acid	9 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Children's Nourisher. (4159.)

Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Malt	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Teething and Cooling Powders. (10,054.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sugar of Anise	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Children's Tonic. (4475.)

Liquid Extract of Malt	10 fl. ounces
Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Tonic. (4536.)

Liquid Extract of Malt	10 fl. ounces
Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Tonic Mixture. (2905.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Iron Wine	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Tonic Mixture. (3540.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Iron Wine	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Tonic Mixture. (3756.)

Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Malt	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Tonic Mixture. (6512.)

Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Child's Cough Mixture. (9852.)

Ammonium Bromide	360 grains
Benzoic Acid	16 grains
Clarified Honey	2¼ pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	90 minims
Spirit of Camphor	90 minims
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	9 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (5400.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	3 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	3 ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Cingalese Asthma Cure. (6244.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	6 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	8 ounces

Mix.

Cochia Pills. (10,056.)

Cape Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	¼ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Codeine Jelly. (9253.)

Citric Acid	720 grains
Codeine	72 grains
Gelatin	6 ounces
Glycerin	36 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Balsam of Tolu	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-Liver Oil Emulsion. (6803.)

Irish Moss 120 grains

Infuse in cold water for fifteen minutes; pour away the liquid; squeeze fairly dry, and transfer to a tared dish. Add

Distilled Water 12 fl. ounces

and boil gently for twenty minutes, keeping up the quantity of water lost. Strain into a four-pound extract pot, and slowly add

Cod-liver Oil 12 fl. ounces

agitating the mixture by means of an egg whisk. When emulsification is complete add

Benzoic Acid 5 grains

dissolved in

Spirit of Chloroform 4 fl. drachms

The emulsion may be sweetened with saccharin, and flavoured with any essential oils, such as lemon, almond, cinnamon, or wintergreen, as desired.

Cod Liver Oil Emulsion. (10,047.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Tragacanth	43 grains
Cod Liver Oil	20 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	8 minims
Oil of Lemon	9½ minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Coloured Olive Oil. (998.)

Alkanet Root (bruised)	1 ounce
Olive Oil	20 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Mix.

Composition Essence. (9882.)

Bayberry Bark, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in powder	4 ounces
Pimento, in powder	¼ ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.) Distilled Water a sufficient quantity of each to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Composition Essence. (927.)

Bayberry Bark, in powder	16 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Cassia Bark, in powder	2 ounces
Cloves, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	8 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark (*Pinus Canadensis*), in powder	2 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	
Alcohol (90 per cent).	20 ounces

Moisten the mixed powders with thirty fluid ounces of water, and allow to stand for three days. Complete the percolation process. The aqueous extract should measure one hundred and forty fluid ounces; add the alcohol. Filter if necessary.

Composition Powder. (8443.)

Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Cloves, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Laurel Berries, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Compound Camphor Water. (4334.)

Benzoic Acid	20 grains
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to make	1 pint

Mix.

Compound Cypripedin Pills. (4159.)

Extract of Cypripedium	3 ounces
Extract of Hops (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Extract of Lettuce (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Compound Embrocation. (10,138.)

Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Inhalation. (932.)

Eucalyptus Oil	1 ounce
Fir Wool Oil	1 ounce

Mix 1 fluid drachm to a pint of water at 160° F., ar inhale the vapour.

Compound Lobelia Pills. (9906.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	1 ounce
Capsicum, in fine powder	2 ounces
Lobelia, in powder	2 ounces
Lobelia Seed, in powder	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Compound Morphine Hydrochloride Suppositories. (1106.)

Synonym.—Compound Morphia Suppositories (MacDonald)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	6 grains
Extract of Belladonna	2 grains
Oil of Theobroma, a sufficient quantity for twelve suppositories.	

Mix.

Compound Solution of Mercuric Chloride. (619.)

Dr. Hart's Formula.

Ammonium Chloride	84 grains
Mercuric Chloride	84 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Solution of Sandal Wood. (1026.)

Oil of Cassia	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Pimento	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Sandal Wood	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Spirit of Oil of Anise. (815.)

Refined Sugar	1½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Sulphur Tablets. (10,062.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	4½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	17 pounds
Sulphur	4 pounds
Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable tablets.

Compound Syrup of Bromides. (3607.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Calcium Bromide	30 grains
Lithium Bromide	150 grains
Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Sodium Bromide	180 grains
Strontium Bromide	120 grains
Burnt Sugar	10 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Syrup of Figs. (4936.)

Figs	2 pounds
Refined Sugar	6½ pounds
Senna Leaves	2 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform	160 minims
Oil of Anise	60 minims
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fl. drachms.

Compound Syrup of Figs. (621.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	13 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Senna (for Syrup, 1 to 3)	4 pints
Oil of Coriander	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Figs	8 pints

Mix.

Compound Syrup of Figs. (4639.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	24 minims
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Solution of Senna	26 fl. ounces
Syrup of Figs, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Syrup of Figs. (4418.)

Figs	1 pound
Refined Sugar	4½ pounds
Tasteless Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1152 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Coriander	5 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Syrup of Figs. (4803.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Senna Pods	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Cinnamon	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nutmeg	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Figs (No. 4804), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Compound Syrup of Figs. (9988.)

Figs, cut small	2 pounds
Liquorice Root, bruised	2 pounds
Senna Pods, bruised	2 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Coriander	10 minims
Oil of Cloves	5 minims
Oil of Pimento	5 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Exhaust the solid ingredients by three successive macerations with boiling water; press, strain, and evaporate the liquid thus obtained to four pints. Dissolve the oils in the alcohol and add to the liquor. Finally adjust the volume to one gallon with syrup.

Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Compound Syrup of Glycerophosphates. (1746.)

Calcium Glycerophosphate	3 ounces
Iron Glycerophosphate	½ ounce
Manganese Glycerophosphate	1 ounce
Potassium Glycerophosphate	1 ounce
Sodium Glycerophosphate	1 ounce
Diastase	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar	53½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	160 minims
Chloroform	640 minims
Cherry Juice	1⅔ pints
Tincture of Ignatius Beans	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Violets	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6¼ pounds

Mix.

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. (4646.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	384 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	840 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	192 grains
Quinine Sulphate	192 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. (3083.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	90 grains
Manganese Hypophosphite	90 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	270 grains
Iron Pyrophosphate	180 grains
Quinine Sulphate	36 grains
Strychnine Hydrochloride	9 grains
Chloroform Water	2½ fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Tincture of Fennel. (9661.)

Fennel Fruit, bruised	3 ounces
Oil of Fennel	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Compound Tincture of Quinine. (5683.)

Calumba Root, bruised	1 ounce
Caraway Fruit, bruised	120 grains
Cardamom Seeds, bruised	120 grains
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	240 grains
Cochineal, bruised	240 grains
Coriander Fruit, bruised	240 grains
Gentian Root, bruised	3 ounces
Orange Peel, cut small	1½ ounces
Quassia Chips	3 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Taraxacum Root, bruised	1 ounce
Nitric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Essence of Sarsaparilla and Dandelion. (9949.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	15 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	40 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Confection of Cubebs. (9613.)

White Beeswax	1 ounce
Copaiba	4 fl. ounces
Cubebs, in powder	12 ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Copaiba Paste. (1045.)

Cubebs, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Copaiba	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	6 fl. drachms
Confection of Senna	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Cordial. (10,019.)

Treacle	18 pounds
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	6½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (10,072.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (10,077.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	20 grains
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Paint. (6389.)

Salicylic Acid	1½ ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	120 grains
Canada Balsam	120 grains
Collodion	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (4585.)

Salicylic Acid	300 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	90 grains
Flexible Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Remover. (10,023.)

Oil of Verbena	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Vinegar	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corrective Mixture. (5095.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Borax, in powder	60 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Corrective Mixture. (5623.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Compound Mixture of Iron, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough and Croup Mixture. (10,114.)

Ammonium Bromide	300 grains
Concentrated Solution of Senega	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	5 fl. drachms
Treacle	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Drops. (6943.)

Tartaric Acid	3 ounces
Refined Sugar	20 pounds
Oil of Anise	1 to 3 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 to 3 fl. drachms

Mix and divide into suitable drops.

Cough Lozenges. (10,016.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	28 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	5 ounces
Squill, in powder	5 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	7 pounds
Extract of Poppy (B.P. 1885)	10 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	28 pounds

Mix.

Cough Lozenges. (10,084.)

Extract of Liquorice	1½ pounds
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Extract of Lettuce	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Cough Lozenges. (10,131).

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	292 grains
Morphine Acetate	98 grains
Squill, in powder	438 grains
Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pounds

Cough Lozenges. (10,133.)

Balsam of Tolu	5 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Squill, in powder	1 pound
Extract of Mullein Herb, a sufficient quantity.	
Plain Basis	112 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (10,134.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Plain Basis	14 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (10,128.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Coltsfoot Basis	14 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (10,129.)

Balsam of Tolu	¾ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Morphine Acetate	50 grains
Coltsfoot Basis	14 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (10,130.)

Balsam of Tolu	¾ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Opium, in powder	¾ ounce
Coltsfoot Basis	14 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Mixture. (10,125.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	20 ounces
Syrup of Squill	24 ounces

Mix.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (10,096.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Influenza Mixture (No. 10,095)	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cough Mixture. (6637.)

Morphine Acetate	44 grains
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	½ pound
Chlorodyne	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	5 pounds
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	61 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (2488.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (6965.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (9139.)

Synonym.—Lung Tonic.

Chlorodyne (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Irish Moss, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (10,013.)

Benzoic Acid	50 grains
Camphor	50 grains
Extract of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	5 ounces
Clarified Honey	8 pounds
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Treacle	2 pounds
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	40 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 pints

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (5281.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Unclassified Recipes.

Cough Mixture. (1558.)

Benzoic Acid	90 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	100 grains
Clarified Honey	10 pounds
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	50 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	25 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	46 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2529.)

Acetic Acid	4½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	9 fl. ounces
Sedative Solution of Opium	4½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	9 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	54 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	54 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	27 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (9135.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	48 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Pills. (9533.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	10 grains
Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 grain
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 grains
Opium, in powder	3 grains
Squill, in powder	3 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	1½ minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (10,042.)

Ammoniacum	35 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 ounces
Opium, in powder	3 ounces
Squill, in powder	10 ounces
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (10,082.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Extract of Hemlock	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Cough Pills. (6779.)

Capsicum, in powder	60 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	120 grains
Compound Squill Pill	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Cough Pills. (10,104.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	30 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

Cough Syrup for Children. (10,087.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cream for Sore Nipples. (9891.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Balsam of Peru	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	9 ounces

Mix.

Curative Injection. (9344.)

Tannic Acid	40 grains
Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Aqueous Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Pills. (9668.)

Pill of Ipecacuanha with Squill	2 ounces
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Dandelion Pills. (1555.)

Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Diarrhœa Lozenges. (5430.)

Cardamom Seeds	30 grains
Catechu	328 grains
Opium	15 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2 ounces
Mucilage of Acacia Refined Sugar } of each a sufficient quantity to produce	16 ounces

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (10,136.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	60 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	60 grains
Oil of Cassia	2 drops
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (10,117.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	4 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (9959.)

Ammonium Carbonate	20 grains
Chloroform	15 minims
Oil of Cloves	3 minims
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	50 minims
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (9238.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Species for Chalk Mixture	60 grains
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5513.)

Compound Powder of Chalk (P.L.)	360 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	480 grains
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Distilled or Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (9744.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7680.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	150 grains
Prepared Chalk	150 grains
Oil of Cassia	7 minims
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5544.)

Cutch	2 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Cinnamon Bark	½ ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Senna	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	11½ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	38 minims
Tincture of Rhubarb	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (10,027.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2½ ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	86 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Unclassified Recipes.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (10,094.)

Ammonium Carbonate	¼ ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Species for Chalk Mixture	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Oil of Cassia	10 drops
Oil of Peppermint	10 drops
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (10,037.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (10,083.)

Species for Chalk Mixture	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Remedy or Drops. (1602.)

Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 minims in water.

Digestive Candy. (10,064.)

Cardamom Seeds	¼ ounce
Ginger	½ ounce
Refined Sugar	1 pound
Rhubarb Root	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	60 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	60 minims

Mix.

Digestive Lozenges. (10,015.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	4 pounds

Mucilage of Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Digestive Pills. (10,040.)

Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Digestive Powder. (10,076.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Pepsin	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	360 grains

Mix. Dose.—10 to 40 grains.

Digestive Salt. (689.)

Pepsin	1 ounce
Sodium Chloride, dried	30 ounces

Mix.

Digestive Table Salt. (5520.)

Pepsin, in powder (3,000 test)	2 grains
Table Salt, well dried and powdered	60 grains

Triturate thoroughly in a dry mortar and sift.

Diuretic Powders. (9556.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	5 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

"Drinking" Draught. (4324.)

Ferrous Sulphate	5 grains
Heavy Magnesia	10 grains
Spirit of Nutmeg	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water	11 fl. drachms

Mix.

Dulcine. (2790.)

Liquid Extract of Senna Pods	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Dutch Drops. (9045.)

Resin	1 pound
Sulphur	½ pound
Linseed Oil	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	20 minims

Mix.

Dutch Drops. (9652.)

Balsam of Sulphur	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ear Drops. (1562.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. drachm
Ether	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm

Mix.

Eczema Cream. (8292.)

Solution of Coal Tar	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	6 fl. drachms
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eczema Cream. (724.)

Ammoniated Mercury	120 grains
Lead Acetate	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	720 grains
Oil of Cade	6 fl. drachms
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	240 grains
Soft Paraffin	6 ounces
Wool Fat	6 ounces

Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (8845.)

Mercury Ointment	60 grains
Yellow Mercuric Oxide	30 grains
Creosote	2 minims
Prepared Lard	2 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Paint. (167.)

Glycerin of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Ichthyol	1 ounce
Solution of Phenol (10 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Effervescent Saline. (9931.)

Tartaric Acid	14 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	23 ounces
Neutral Sodium Tartrate	63 ounces

Dry and Mix.

Effervescent Saline. (1074.)

Synonym.—Effervescent Fruit Salt.

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Effervescent Saline Aperient. (9477.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Tartaric Acid	1 pound
Magnesium Sulphate	1 pound
Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Sodium Carbonate	1 pound

Mix.

Effervescing Pick-me-up. (4884.)

No. 1.

Ammonium Carbonate	10 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	5 minims
Syrup of Ginger	60 minims
Tincture of Calumba	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

No. 2.

Citric Acid	48 grains
Syrup	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	6 minims
Chloroform Water	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid ounce of each.

Effervescing Saline. (9285.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Tartaric Acid	2 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces

Oil of Lemon, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Effervescing Saline. (10,070.)

Tartaric Acid, in powder	13 ounces
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	14 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 pounds

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Electuary for Hoarseness. (133.)

Potassium Nitrate, in powder	60 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Olive Oil	1½ fl. drachms
Confection of Roses	2 ounces

Mix.

Electuary for Piles. (9423.)

Caraway Fruit, in powder	2 ounces
Coriander Seeds, in powder	4 ounces
Black Pepper, in powder	6 ounces
Linseed (freed from oil), in powder	27 ounces
Senna Leaves, in powder	9 ounces
Golden Syrup	4¾ pounds

Mix.

Elixir of Cascara Sagrada. (4724.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada (tasteless)	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	3 minims
Oil of Coriander	3 minims
Syrup	19 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Elixir of Coca. (4067.)

Liquid Extract of Coca	4 fl. ounces
Orange Wine	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Peppermint. (3830.)

Absolute Alcohol	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	26 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Elixir for Premonitory Symptoms. (3507.)

Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinnamon	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Emplastrum Oxycrociæ. (721.)

Black Pitch	1½ ounces
Burgundy Pitch	1½ ounces
Lead Plaster	9 ounces
Resin	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1½ ounces

Mix.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Calcium Lactophosphate. (6802.)

Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Powdered Gum Acacia	2½ ounces
Water	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Calcium Lactophosphate, to make	20 fl. ounces

Rub the gum smooth with a little of the oil; add the rest and mix well. Then add the water and emulsify perfectly; gradually add the syrup to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Epileptic Mixture. (1147.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	40 grains
Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Tincture of Calumba	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Esbach's Solution.

Citric Acid	2 ounces
Picric Acid	1 ounce
Distilled Water	100 ounces

Mix.

Essence of Almonds. (495.)

Essential Oil of Almonds	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Essence of Musk. (1105.)

Musk, in grain	15 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Digest; filter.

Essence of Pennyroyal. (9587.)

Oil of Pennyroyal	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Essence of Pepsin. (3084.)

Pepsin, in scales	1 ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Sherry	20 fl. ounces
Rennin	800 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Essence of Vanilla.

Vanilla	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Essence of Vanilla. (497.)

Vanilla, bruised	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Eucalyptus Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (8246.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 pound
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Eucalyptus Foot Powder. (9414.)

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Starch	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Eucalyptus Smelling Bottle. (211.)

Phenol	120 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Extract of Malt and Cod-liver Oil. (5211.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	1¾ pounds
Oil of Lemon	120 minims
Extract of Malt	2 pounds

Mix.

Eye Water. (1066.)

Zinc Sulphate	24 grains
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Water. (733.)

Boric Acid	80 grains
Rose Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Water. (10,018.)

Armenian Bole	4 ounces
Camphor	360 grains
Zinc Sulphate	1½ ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	4 pints

Mix.

Family Cough Mixture. (9939.)

Chlorodyne	6 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. ounces
Glucose	126 fl. ounces
Glycerin	30 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	36 fl. ounces
Treacle	30 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	70 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Female Mixture. (2917.)

Compound Concentrated Decoction of Aloes	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Mixture of Iron, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Female Mixture. (3833.)

Compound Decoction of Aloes	2 fl. ounces
Saline Iron Mixture (No. 3832)	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Female Mixture. (4607.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	90 minims
Compound Decoction of Aloes	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Pennyroyal	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Female Mixture. (5710.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	240 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Compound Decoction of Aloes	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Female Mixture. (10,088.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	40 grains
Liquid Extract of Ergot	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	20 minims
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Female Pills. (10,107.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Fever Powders. (9398.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Flavouring Essence. (4578.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. ounce
Essential Oil of Almonds	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	90 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	90 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Flavouring Essence. (2060.)

Elixir of Gluside	4 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	5 minims
Oil of Cassia	40 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	50 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Flavouring Essence for Cod-liver Oil Emulsion. (863.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. ounce
Essential Oil of Almonds	24 minims
Oil of Sassafras	1½ fl. drachm
Oil of Wintergreen	1½ fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Foot Powder. (5436.)

Boric Acid	3 ounces
Powdered Talc	51 ounces
Starch	6 ounces

Mix.

Friar's Balsam. (2637.)

Barbados Aloes	1½ ounces
Benzoin	8 ounces
Storax	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	128 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix, Macerate, and Filter.

"Frog" Mixture. (10,026.)

Borax	1 ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Fruit Salt, Health Salt or Liver Salt. (9185.)

Tartaric Acid	6 ounces
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	4 ounces
Magnesium Sulphate	4 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	16 ounces
Oil of Lemon	36 minims

Mix. Dose.—120 to 240 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

Fumigating Powders (for Whooping Cough). (5519.)

Benzoin	1 ounce
Prepared Storax	1 ounce

Mix.

Ginger-Beer Powders.

Ginger, in powder	48 grains
Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Lemon	6 minims

Mix.

Ginger Wine Essence.

Tartaric Acid	6 ounces
Burnt Sugar	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ginger Wine Essence.

Tartaric Acid	30 ounces
Capsicin	50 grains
Gingerin	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ginger Wine Essence. (1013.)

Tartaric Acid	6 ounces
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ginger Wine Essence.

Tartaric Acid	360 grains
Burnt Sugar	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	23 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885).	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Arnica Tablet. (1441.)

Benzoin	60 grains
Spermaceti	1 ounce
White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cinnamon	6 minims
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. drachm

Mix.

Glycerin of Horehound. (4333.)

Extract of Horehound	1 ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin of Liquorice. (4335.)

Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Paregoric Pastilles. (2627.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	15 grains
Oil of Anise	140 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	14 fl. ounces
Pastille Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	35 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable pastilles.

Glycerin and Raspberry Cough Linctus. (10,127.)

Glycerin	1 ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 ounce
Raspberry Juice	1 ounce

Mix.

Glycerole of Cascara. (3679.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Coriander	8 minims
Solution of Ammonia	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	8 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Golden Cream. (9605.)

Ammoniated Mercury	10 grains
Soft Paraffin, yellow	1 ounce

Mix.

Golden Tonic. (3549.)

Bitter Orange Peel, cut small	1 ounce
Capsicum, bruised	2 grains
Cochineal, bruised	40 grains
Gentian Root, cut small	½ ounce
Hops	½ ounce
Lemon Peel, cut small	½ ounce
Quassia Chips	½ ounce
Sultana Raisins	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	83 fl. ounces

Prepared by the maceration process. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (9886.)

Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 5 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (10,100.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Morphine Acetate	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (10,109.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gripe Mixture. (10,121.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	200 grains
Sodium Bromide	200 grains
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Oil of Dill	60 minims
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Asafetida	½ fl. ounce
Syrup Distilled Water of each a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Mixture. (10,041.)

Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Dill	3 fl. drachms
Saccharated Solution of Lime	12 fl. ounces
Syrup	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Gripe Syrup. (9944.)

Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Rhubarb	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	27 fl. ounces
Treacle	15 ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 120 minims.

Hæmorrhoid Pills. (9913.)

Black Pepper, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	8 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Extract of Stone Root	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Harrogate Salts. (1076.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	¾ ounce
Sulphurated Potash, in powder	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	16 ounces

Mix.

Head and Stomach Pills. (10,057.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill.
Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (10,102.)

Acetanilide	2½ ounces
Ammonium Bromide	3½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Headache Paint. (9837.)

Menthol	15 Gm.
Chloroform	8 C.c.
Eau de Cologne, a sufficient quantity to produce	500 C.c.

Mix.

Headache Powders. (10,044.)

Acetanilide	2 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Headache Powders. (6225.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	6 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Healing Plaster. (6731.)

Yellow Beeswax	1 pound
Red Lead	2 pounds
Resin	1 pound
Rape Oil	4 pounds

Mix.

Healing Plaster. (2795.)

Red Lead	2 pounds
Resin	1 pound
Yellow Beeswax	1 pound
Colza Oil	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Health Salts. (10,049.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Magnesium Citrate	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Tartaric Acid	1 ounce

Mix.

Herb Beer Extract. (4536.)

Extract of Gentian	6 ounces
Extract of Dandelion	8 ounces
Extract of Horehound	2 ounces
Extract of Burdock	4 ounces
Capsicin	60 grains
Gingerin	120 grains
Oil of Sweetflag	15 minims
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Caramel	3 pounds
Water, sufficient to make	6 pounds

Heat the extracts in a capacious tared dish with a little water until soft and uniform; add the caramel and the other ingredients; mix thoroughly and add enough warm water to make the final weight 6 lb. Shake well when cold.

Honey of Copper Subacetate (Mel Æruginis). (654.)

Copper Oxyacetate	480 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	14 ounces

Dissolve the copper subacetate in the diluted acetic acid. Filter and add to the clarified honey. Boil down to a suitable consistency.

Honey of Roses. (717.)

Red Rose Petals	480 grains
Clarified Honey	20 ounces
Distilled Water	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Hop Tonic. (4507.)

Buchu Leaves	4 ounces
Gentian Root	8 ounces
Hops	16 ounces
Taraxacum Root	4 ounces
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Hop Tonic. (2901.)

Glycerin	14½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Hops	21 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	14 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	7 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	21 fl. drachms
Tincture of Buchu	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Podophyllum	9 fl. drachms
Magnesium Carbonate, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Hop Tonic. (4365.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hops	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hop Tonic. (4956.)

Buchu Leaves	4 ounces
Hops	5 ounces
Senega Root	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	24 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Hop Tonic Bitters. (4347.)

Podophyllum Resin	15 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Buchu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Sumbul	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	100 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Humanised Milk. (9125.)

Milk Sugar	3¼ ounces
Cream	4 ounces
Milk	3 pints
Distilled Water	2 pints

Mix.

Hypophosphite Tonic Syrup. (618.)

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites (B.P.C.).

Improved Malt and Oil. (3678.)

Glycerin	¼ pound
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Cod-liver Oil	½ pound
Extract of Malt	2 pounds

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Indian Brandy. (1012.)

Synonym.—Indian Doctor.

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Indian Brandy. (3750.)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	80 minims

Mix.

Indian Brandy. (3489.)

Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (2486.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	400 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	450 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba (1=8)	15 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	7½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinchona	20 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (10,116.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	60 grains
Pepsin	30 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (10,089.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Stomach Mixture. (10,029.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	4 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	23 ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 fluid drachms.

Infants' Diarrhœa Mixture. (10,031.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Infants' Preservative. (8390.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	320 grains
Prepared Chalk	160 grains
Sedative Solution of Opium	52 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Teething and Cooling Powder. (10,091.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Infants' Teething Mixture. (10,092.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Refined Sugar	3 ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Caraway	10 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (10,115.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	12 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (10,095.)

Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	360 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Infusion of Buchu Infusion of Quassia } of each in equal parts a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Salts. (6197.)

Camphor	60 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Phenol	15 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	40 minims
Creosote	10 minims

Ammonium Carbonate, in powder, a sufficient quantity.
Mix.

Influenza Smelling Salts. (9947.)

Ammonium Carbonate	4 ounces
Phenol	60 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Infusion of Digitalis (Edinburgh Pharmacopœia). (1016.)

Digitalis Leaves, in No. 20 powder	120 grains
Boiling Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Infuse the digitalis leaves in the boiling distilled water for four hours; strain, and add the oil of cinnamon and alcohol.
Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Infusion of Linseed. (4250.)

Linseed	2½ ounces
Liquorice Root, cut small	½ ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	40 fl. ounces

Mix and strain.

Inhalation for Whooping Cough. (9032.)

Crude Phenol	20 fl. ounces
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Iodine and Menthol Throat Paint. (132.)

Iodine	3 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	8 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Iodine Paint. (597.)

Mandl's Formula.

Iodine	6 grains
Iodide of Potassium	25 grains
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Iodine Tonic. (663.

Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Iron Mixture for Anæmia. (3780.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Dialysed Iron	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (10,139.)

Citric Acid	10 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Jesuit's Drops. (6806.)

Guaiacum	7 ounces
Balsam of Peru	½ ounce
Sarsaparilla	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 fl. ounces

Macerate seven days and strain.

Unclassified Recipes.

Kidney and Liver Mixture. (10,122.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Benzoate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Kidney Pills. (6697.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	96 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	48 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	320 grains
Compound Pill of Rhubarb	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Laxative Elixir. (4389.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Laxative Elixir. (4937.)

Refined Sugar	9 ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada (tasteless)	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Laxative Pastilles. (10,060.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Sulphur	6 ounces
Pastille Basis	7 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable pastilles.

Laxative Syrup for Children. (9987.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Senna Pods	25 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	6 minims
Oil of Coriander	2 minims
Oil of Pimento	2 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Laxative Syrup (Scott's Formula). (1983.)

Syrup of Rhubarb	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lemon Juice. (1622.)

Citric Acid	720 grains
Salicylic Acid	9 grains
Tincture of Lemon	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Turmeric (1 in 4)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Lemon Syrup. (80.)

Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Citric Acid	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	18 ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Powder the acid and mix with the sugar, then add the tincture, mix thoroughly, and add the water gradually.

Unclassified Recipes.

Life Tonic Elixir. (3956.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Concentrated Orange-flower Water (1=40)	15 minims
Orange Wine	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Linseed, Liquorice and Chlorodyne Cough Lozenges. (10,033.)

Extract of Liquorice	2½ pounds
Chlorodyne	28 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	
Mucilage of Linseed	5 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar, a sufficient quantity to produce	28 pounds

Mix and divide into 24-grain lozenges.

Linseed, Liquorice and Chlorodyne Cough Lozenges. (10,034.)

Capsicin	120 grains
Extract of Liquorice	10 pounds
Chloroform	6 pounds
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	
Mucilage of Linseed	1 pint
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar, a sufficient quantity to produce	112 pounds

Mix and divide into 24-grain lozenges.

Linseed Plaster. (5494.)

Synonym.—Drawing Salve.

Lard	12 ounces
Red Lead	2 pounds
Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Olive Oil	2½ fl. ounces
Linseed Oil	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lip Salve. (6694.)

Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Oil of Rose	15 drops
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Liquid Cochineal. (75.)

Carmine	60 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Reduce the carmine to powder, add the solution of ammonia, mix thoroughly, then add three fluid ounces of water and, finally, the alcohol. Shake well and allow to stand for some time, then filter, and add water to make up to the specified volume.

Little Liver Granules. (8364.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Capsicin	1 ounce
Jalapin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (10,058.)

Aloin	8 ounces
Capsicin	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	8 ounces
Jalapin	4 ounces
Leptandrin	4 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	8 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 1 grain.

Little Liver Pills. (10,135.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Jalapin	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	2 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Liver Pills. (10,059.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	4 ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	12 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Lumbago Mixture. (1552.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	100 grains
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	100 grains
Sodium Salicylate	100 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Lumbago Powders. (9861.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Salol	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Malted Chemical Food. (3211.)

Synonym.—Nutritive Tonic.

Extract of Malt	1 pound
Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 4 fluid drachms.

Master's Drops. (4554.)

Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Measles and Chicken Pox Mixture. (4987.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	12 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Meat, Malt, and Quinine Wine. (9993.)

Citric Acid	40 grains
Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Extract of Malt	6 ounces
Extract of Meat	4 ounces
Tarragona or Malaga Wine	4 pints

Mix; digest for seven days; decant and filter.

Menthol and Neuralgia Paint. (8208.)

Menthol	480 grains
Liniment of Aconite, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Menthol-Toluol Solution. (1155.)

According to Loefler.

Menthol	90 grains
Toluene	2½ fl. drachms
Ferric Chloride	18 grains
Absolute Alcohol, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mild Antibilious Pills. (1554.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge	1 ounce
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Jalap	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	110 minims
Oil of Peppermint	55 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Mixture for Habitual Constipation. (1078.)

Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Mixture for Habitual Constipation. (4573.)

Synonym.—Compound Cascara Mixture.

Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Mixture for Vomiting. (5647.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	15 minims
Infusion of Cloves, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Morphine and Atropine Hypodermic Injection. (9282.)

Morphine Acetate	10 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 minims
Solution of Atropine Sulphate	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose, by subcutaneous injection.—6 minims.

Morphine and Atropine Hypodermic Injection. (1109.)

Morphine Acetate	20 grains
Solution of Atropine Sulphate	2 fl. drachms
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 minims
Distilled Water, recently boiled and cooled, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Dose by subcutaneous injection.—2 to 6 minims.

Unclassified Recipes.

Nasal Douche. (5340.)

Alum, in powder	120 grains
Ammonium Chloride	120 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nerve Pain Mixture. (123.)

Phenacetin, in very fine powder	60 grains
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Triturate the phenacetin with the compound tincture of cinchona and tincture of orange, allow to stand for half an hour, and then add gradually the chloroform water and sufficient cinnamon water to produce six fluid ounces of the mixture.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (9961.)

Quinine Sulphate	36 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	12 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (10,081.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (8705.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Chloroform	6 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Powder. (9277.)

Quinine Sulphate	¼ ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	3¾ ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 40 grains.

Neuralgia or Tic Pills. (10,108.)

Chiretta, in powder	2 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	4 ounces
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia or Tic Pills. (10,103.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	½ ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	1½ ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

Neuralgic Application. (9467.)

Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	
Spirit of Camphor	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Pellets. (9735.)

Caffeine Hydrobromide	1 ounce
Phenazone	3 ounces

Mix and divide into 5-grain tablets.

Nipple Cream. (1021.)

Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Glycerin of Starch	1 ounce
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1 ounce

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (10,066.)

Borax	120 grains
Almond Oil	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nipple Protector. (2036.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	4 ounces
Starch	4 ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nursery Hair Lotions. (4573.)

(1)

Stavisacre Seeds, crushed	2 ounces
Quassia Wood, finely rasped	3 ounces
Acetic Acid	2 ounces
Oil of Myrcia Acris or Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Water	18 ounces

Boil the water and make an infusion of the drugs; dissolve the oil in the acetic acid, and add to the cold infusion. Macerate for twenty-four hours, strain, filter bright through powdered pumice stone; add enough water to the filtrate to make twenty fluid ounces, and tint with vinegar colour. Label "Poison."

(2)

Quillaia Bark, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Quassia Wood, finely rasped	4 ounces
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	2 fl. drachms
Water	1 pint

Boil the water, infuse, strain, and add the spirit of rosemary; filter bright through pumice stone.

Nursery Hair Oil. (186.)

Oil of Stavesacre	1 fl. drachm
Olive Oil	7 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nursery Hair Oil. (185.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Olive Oil	19 ounces

Macerate and strain.

Nutritive Tonic for Children. (1245.)

Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate (B.P.C.)	3 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Malt	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Unclassified Recipes.

Orange Bitters. (2891.)

Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Orange Wine	80 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Orange Bitters. (3379.)

Soluble Oil of Orange	4 fl. ounces
Soluble Oil of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Cusparia	1 fl. ounce
Orange Wine	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Palatable Aromatic Elixir of Cascara. (1176.)

Essence of Vanilla	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada (tasteless)	7 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P., 1885) a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Paracelsus Plaster. (9879.)

Galbanum	1 ounce
Lead Plaster	28 ounces
Resin	7 ounces

Mix.

Paste for Tender Feet. (2092.)

Boric Acid, in powder	240 grains
Zinc Ointment	1¾ ounces
Oil of Wintergreen	12 minims

Mix.

Pectoral Lung Mixture. (2322.)

Morphine Acetate	1 grain
Acetic Acid	½ fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Almonds	10 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Orange-flower Water	160 minims
Syrup of Saffron	80 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 drachm.

Pediculine. (9940.)

Borax	2½ ounces
Quassia Wood, in raspings	1 pound
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (1557.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	30 minims

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass.

Unclassified Recipes.

Pennyroyal and Steel Pills. (10,098.)

Aperient Powder	1½ ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Pick-me-up. (373.)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Pick-me-up. (2590.)

Ammonium Bromide	½ ounce
Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Sodium Bromide	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pick-me-up. (2555.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pick-me-up. (4832.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pick-me-up. (5711.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	14 fl. ounces
Coca Wine	8 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Chiretta	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pick-me-up Bitters. (4903.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Calumba	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	8 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Pick-me-up Bitters. (2919.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2½ fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	60 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Pick-me-up Restorative Mixture. (3707.)

Ammonium Carbonate	20 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Compound Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Pick-me-up Stomach Bitters. (1995.)

Chiretta, cut small	45 grains
Cochineal, in powder	80 grains
Dried Bitter Orange Peel	3 ounces
Ginger, bruised	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	19 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	75 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Pile Confection. (1993.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	360 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	3 ounces
Confection of Senna	6 ounces
Syrup of Orange	3 ounces

Mix.

Pile Cure. (9557.)

Caraway Fruit, in powder	½ ounce
Fennel Fruit, in fine powder	½ ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	½ ounce
Clarified Honey	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Pile Electuary. (3585.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	90 grains
Confection of Senna	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—30 to 120 grains.

Pile Electuary. (6125.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	60 grains
Confection of Senna	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 grains.

Pile Mixture. (3125.)

Magnesium Sulphate	10 ounces
Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphate	2 ounces
Liquid Extract of Coca	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Hamamelis	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Unclassified Recipes.

Pile Powders. (9910.)

Ethiops Mineral	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	½ ounce

Mix.

Pile Suppositories. (192.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	36 grains
Hamamelin	24 grains
Hydrastin	24 grains
Zinc Oxide	36 grains
Oil of Theobroma, a sufficient quantity for twelve suppositories.	

Mix.

Pile Suppositories. (9956.)

Anæsthesin	18 grains
Zinc Oxide	18 grains
Solution of Hamamelidis	36 minims
Copraol, a sufficient quantity for 12 suppositories.	

Mix.

Pilean Paste. (9842.)

Ginger, in powder	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	4 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	4 ounces
Confection of Senna	12 ounces
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to make an electuary.	

Mix.

Pine Tar Lozenges. (10,053.)

Creosote	60 minims
Oil of Peppermint	30 minims
Tar	30 minims
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Pink Oatmeal. (5443.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	1½ ounces
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Benzoated Lard	28 ounces

Mix.

Pitch Pills. (6310.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Prepared Coal Tar	2 ounces
Resin Ointment, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Podophyllin Pills. (1559.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill (P.L.)	15 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Preventive Application for Insect Bites, etc. (1197.)

Eau de Cologne	13 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Absinthe	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Preventive Application for Insect Bites, etc. (1196.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	80 minims
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pulmonic Wafers. (8069.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	16 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	83 grains
Squill, in powder	16 grains
Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 96 lozenges.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (9960.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Chloroform	12 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (9370.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	45 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6387.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (10,022.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	7½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (9639.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	1½ ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	¾ ounce
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (9648.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	800 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (10,090.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (10,113.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 fluid drachms.

Quinine Wine, "Non-alcoholic." (10,048.)

Citric Acid, in powder	30 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Orange-flower Water	½ fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Gluside	4 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Raspberry Wine Essence. (10,142.)

Acetic Acid	24 fl. ounces
Essence of Raspberries	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Cochineal, in powder	360 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Bone Marrow with Arsenic. (10,143.)

Glycerin Extract of Red Bone Marrow	1½ fl. ounces
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Red Bone Marrow Chemical Food. (10,144.)

Glycerin Extract of Red Bone Marrow	3 fl. ounces
Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Red Bone Marrow with Hypophosphites. (10,145.)

Glycerin Extract of Red Bone Marrow	5 fl. ounces
Calcium Hypophosphite	120 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	120 grains
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Red Bone Marrow Tonic. (10,146.)

Glycerin Extract of Red Bone Marrow	5 fl. ounces
Quinine Hydrochloride	40 grains
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Red Oil. (948.)

Alkanet Root, bruised	1 ounce
Olive Oil	40 fl. ounces

Digest and strain.

Unclassified Recipes.

Remedy for Sea Sickness. (2538.)

Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2¾ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Restorative Tonic. (3307.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rheumatic Acid. (1104.)

Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Chillie Paste. (9248.)

Capsicum, in powder	480 grains
Spermaceti	240 grains
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Drops. (1563.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	11 fl. ounces
Colchicum Wine	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (1565.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	6 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Paste or Ointment. (6926.)

Capsicum	½ ounce
Hard Paraffin	½ pound
Soft Paraffin	1½ pounds
Essential Oil of Camphor	½ pound

Mix.

Rheumatic Pills. (5772.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Capsicum, in powder	15 grains
Podophyllum Resin	4 grains
Quinine	60 grains
Extract of Colchicum	15 grains
Extract of Poke Weed	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Stimulant. (2178.)

Capsicum	60 grains
Simple Ointment (B.P., 1885)	1 ounce

Mix.

Ringworm Ointment. (10,085.)

Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Simple Ointment	1 ounce
Tar Ointment	1 ounce
Zinc Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Root Beer Extract.

Extract of Taraxacum	10 ounces
Extract of Horehound	2½ ounces
Extract of Gentian	5 ounces
Burnt Sugar	40 ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Sweet Orange	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Calamus	1 fl. drachm
Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 lb. 4 oz.

Dissolve the extracts in thirty fluid ounces of water by the aid of heat. Dissolve the essential oils in the spirit with the salicylic acid. Mix and add the burnt sugar and the tincture of capsicum. Make up to the final weight with more water.

Saccharated Elixir of Cascara. (3399.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada (tasteless)	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. ounces
Carminative Tincture	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Saline Iron Mixture. (3832.)

Potassium Citrate	2 ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Saline Medicine. (2730.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	4 ounces
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	8 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	4 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	16 ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—120 grains in water.

Sarsaparilla for the Blood. (483.)

Guaiacum Wood	1 ounce
Liquorice Root	1 ounce
Sarsaparilla	1 ounce
Sassafras Wood	1 ounce
Solid Extract of Liquorice	½ ounce

Mix. Boil in 2 pints of water.

Sea Sickness Cachets. (2565.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	9 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	8 minims

Carmine, a sufficient quantity to colour pink.

Mix and divide into thirty-six cachets.

Sea Sickness Mixture. (1903.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bromide	240 grains
Syrup of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Unclassified Recipes.

Sedative Solution of Opium. (9995.)

Extract of Opium	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	11 fl. ounces

Mix, digest for fourteen days, decant, and filter the residue.

Sedative and Tonic Mixture. (57.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Quassia	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Simple Solution. (4312.)

Tincture of Orange	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	25 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix.

Skin Application. (2046.)

Soft Soap	120 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Balsam. (8667.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	360 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	120 grains
Prepared Calamine	180 grains
Zinc Oxide	360 grains
Solution of Coal Tar	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Hamamelis	6 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Mixture. (3950.)

Ichthyol	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nutmeg	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Skin Ointment. (10,119.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Ichthyol	2 ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. ounces
Benzoated Lard	8 ounces
Phenol Ointment	10 ounces
Zinc Ointment	12 ounces
Hydrous Wool-fat	9 ounces

Mix.

Smelling Bottle for Colds. (6631.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Camphor	½ ounce
Charcoal	½ ounce
Iodine	¼ ounce
Phenol	¼ ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Spike Oil. (358.)

Alkanet Root, bruised	½ ounce
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	19 fl. ounces

Macerate for 7 days; strain.

Spirit of Pennyroyal. (496.)

Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Solution of Camphor. (2647.)

Camphor	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Solution of Cochineal. (1091.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Alum	1 ounce
Cochineal, bruised	1 ounce
Potassium Carbonate	1 ounce
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Boil the cochineal and potassium carbonate in the water, add the acid potassium tartrate and the alum. Strain.

Solution of Epsom Salts. (9551.)

Magnesium Sulphate	4 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Solution of Gluside. (9593.)

Gluside	24 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	12 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Solution of Magnesium Sulphate. (1032.)

Henry's Formula.

Magnesium Sulphate	7 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Solution of Menthol. (1081.)

Menthol	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Solution of Papain. (1734.)

Papain	640 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Solution of Pepsin. (1733.)

Pepsin, in scales	320 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. drachms
Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Solution of Phenol. (1288.)

Phenol	8 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Soothing Aperient and Teething Powders. (6350.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Steel Mixture. (4122.)

Ferrous Sulphate	40 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	480 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	30 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	30 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Steel and Pennyroyal Tonic. (3557.)

Quinine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Pennyroyal Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stimulating Tincture. (3657.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Stomach and Indigestion Mixture. (10,071.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Tincture of Calumba	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (9945.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	48 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	¼ ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Powders. (5426.)

Calumba Root, in powder	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Unclassified Recipes.

Stomach Powder. (10,066.)

Synonym.—Teething and Soothing Powder.

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Mercury with Chalk	60 grains
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	120 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 20 grains.

Strong Antibilious Pills. (1553.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gingerin	1½ ounces
Gamboge	½ ounce
Hard Soap	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Styptic Collodion. (9875.)

Tannic Acid	2 ounces
Pyroxylin	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Ether	35 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sugar of Aniseed. (9582.)

Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces

Mix.

Suppositories for Hæmorrhoids. (9168.)

Galls, in powder	60 grains
Opium, in powder	12 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	2 grains
Oil of Theobroma, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 suppositories

Mix.

Surfeit Water. (2967.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Saffron	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Sweet Essence of Senna. (1561.)

Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Concentrated Solution of Senna	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sweet Solution of Senna. (2800.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Senna Leaves	5 pounds
Oil of Cinnamon	5 minims
Oil of Coriander	15 minims
Oil of Lemon	40 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Unclassified Recipes.

Sweetened Cod-liver Oil. (6805.)

Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Gluside	15 grains
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims

Mix.

Syrup of Aniseed. (10,024.)

Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrup of Cochineal. (83.)

Tincture of Cochineal	6 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrup of Figs. (622.)

Figs	16 ounces
Refined Sugar	7½ pounds
Distilled Water, boiling	64 fl. ounces

Infuse the figs in the water, strain and dissolve the sugar in the strained liquid.

Syrup of Figs. (1789.)

Tasteless Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	12 minims
Concentrated Solution of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Buckthorn	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Figs	34 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrup of Figs. (2922.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrup of Figs. (3826.)

Figs, cut small	16 ounces
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Boil down to half a gallon; strain, and add—

Refined Sugar	8 pounds

Mix.

Syrup of Figs. (4804.)

Figs, cut small	8 ounces
Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Tamarinds	8 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Syrup of Garlic. (9989.)

Fresh Garlic	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	4 ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid (6 per cent.), a sufficient quantity,	

Slice and bruise the garlic, and macerate in one and a-half fluid ounces of the diluted acetic acid for four days; then press. Mix the marc with one fluid ounce of diluted acetic acid, and again press. Mix the expressed liquors and filter on to the sugar; dissolve and make up the final volume to five fluid ounces with diluted acetic acid.

Dose.—2 to 6 drachms.

Syrup of the Hydrobromides. (9896.)

Potassium Bromide	64 grains
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Sodium Bromide	64 grains
Strychnine	1 grain
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferrous Bromide	160 minims
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 teaspoonful.

Syrup of Lemon. (7040.)

Citric Acid	1 ounce
Tincture of Lemon	7 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce.	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrup of Morphine Sulphate. (715.)

Morphine Sulphate	16 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	15½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Tasteless Elixir of Cascara Sagrada. (4727.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada (tasteless)	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tasteless Paste. (9047.)

Cubebs, in powder	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	60 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	10 minims
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Solution of Potash	4 fl. drachms
Copaiba, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (10,074.)

Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething Powders. (10,065.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	2½ ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

The Application. (5559.)

Boric Acid	30 grains
Balsam of Peru	2 fl. drachms
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	2 fl. drachms
Lime Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Electuary. (9561.)

Cinchona Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	55 grains
Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Clarified Honey, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—40 to 80 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

The Eye Lotion. (6682.)

Ammonium Chloride	6 grains
Mercuric Chloride	2 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	75 minims
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

The Mixture. (3566.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Borax, in powder	8 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces
Myrrh	600 grains
Potassium Carbonate	600 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 pound
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

The Mixture. (4195.)

Essence of Pennyroyal	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

The Mixture. (4431.)

Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm
Compound Mixture of Iron, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

The Oils. (1556.)

Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

The Pills. (9606.)

Cape Aloes	16 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

The Pills. (9106.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	15 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	60 grains
Compound Colocynth Pill	240 grains
Mercury Pill	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

The Pills. (9560.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	¾ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	150 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

The Plaster. (9479.)

Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Lead Oxide	8 ounces
Olive Oil	1 pound

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

The Tonic. (3121.)

Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites (B.P.C.)	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Throat Caustic. (9550.)

Silver Nitrate	10 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Throat Drops. (10,032.)

Barbados Aloes	120 grains
Camphor	120 grains
Rum	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Thrush Balsam. (3738.)

Potassium Chlorate	300 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	15 grains
Clarified Honey	7½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Thrush Composition. (135.)

Alum, in powder	1 ounce
Borax, in powder	600 grains
Galls, in powder	½ ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	75 grains
Armenian Bole, in powder	2 ounces
Clarified Honey	11 ounces

Mix.

Thrush Mixture. (2108.)

Potassium Chlorate	10 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	10 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Tic and Faceache Mixture. (10,046.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (9780.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Coca	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (10,118.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	120 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 fluid drachms.

Tic Pills. (9825.)

Chinoquinine	180 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Capsicum, in fine powder	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	½ ounce
Skull Cap	½ ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce
Syrup of Rhubarb, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Tic Pills. (2494.)

Capsicum	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Tic Pills. (10,011.)

Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Tic Pills. (10,099.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	¼ ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Tic Pills. (9620.)

Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tincture of Angelica. (117.)

Angelica Root, in No. 20 powder	1 ounce
Angelica Seed, bruised	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Tincture of Arnica. (7068.)

Arnica Florets	3 ounces
Arnica Leaves	3 ounces
Arnica Root	8 ounces
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	140 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Tincture of Calendula. (7069.)

Calendula Florets, dry	1 ounce
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Tincture of "Life." (6432.)

Capsicum	2 ounces
Brandy	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax.

Borax	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (1098.)

Glycerin of Borax	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax.

Borax	480 grains
Cologne Essence	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Rhus. (7070.)

Rhus Leaves, dry	1 ounce
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	10 ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Tonic Anæmia Mixture. (4690.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	40 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Aperient. (3629.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tonic Bitters. (54.)

Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calumba	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Bitters. (1324.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Hops	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Quassia	12 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Bitters. (3008.)

Extract of Nux Vomica	45 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	2½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Hops	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Orange Peel	2½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	2½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Bitters. (3301.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Hops	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Chamomile	2 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinchona	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hops	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Calumba, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Bitters. (3958.)

Liquid Extract of Celery	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Tonic Draught. (1756.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid ounces.

Tonic Elixir. (3182.)

Quinine Sulphate	15 grains
Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Orange Flower Water	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Elixir. (3410.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	40 minims
Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Orange Flower Water	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, sufficient to colour.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Elixir. (6479.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Laxative Mixture. (3079.)

Glycerol of Pepsin	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Mixture. (2836.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Calumba	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Mixture. (3138.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Mixture. (3327.)

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites	12 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Mixture. (5080.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	180 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Arsenical Solution	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tonic Syrup. (2250.)

Synonym.—Easton Syrup.

Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Solution of Ferrous Phosphate (1 to 7)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	200 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Tonic Syrup. (5187.)

Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Iron Ammonium Tartrate (1 fl. drachm = 5 grains), a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tonic Syrup for Children. (4912.)

Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	10 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Malt	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fl. drachms.

Tonic Syrup for Children. (5082.)

Syrup of Calcium Lactophosphate	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange-flower	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tonic Syrup for Children. (5197.)

Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Calcium Lactophosphate	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Toothache Drops. (9269.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Capsicum	3 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint

Mix.

Toothache Drops. (8846.)

Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tannic Acid	1 ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (10,050.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Capsicum, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	¾ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Toothache Essence. (10,073.)

Camphor	60 grains
Chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Menthol	90 grains
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Jelly. (1329.)

Collodion	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache or Nerve Pills. (1394.)

Zinc Valerianate	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Galbanum	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Toothache Tincture. (10,039.)

Camphor	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (10,078.)

Opium, in powder	2 ounces
Pyrethrum Root	5 ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	36 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Toothache Tincture. (10,017.)

Benzoin	1 ounce
Camphor	1 ounce
Opium	2 ounces
Pyrethrum Root	1 ounce
Sandarac	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (8011.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Guaiacum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (10,025.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (10,141.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Opium, in powder	20 grains
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (10,112.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Treacle Water. (8486.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Nutmeg	48 minims
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Venice Turpentine. (1090.)

Resin	17 ounces
Linseed Oil, boiled	12 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	8 ounces

Mix.

Venice Turpentine. (9660.)

Resin	12 pounds
Oil of Turpentine	1 gallon

Mix.

Vesicating Collodion. (9894.)

Pyroxylin	1 ounce
Blistering Liquid	40 ounces

Vigour Tonic. (3378.)

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Vin Diuretique. (9992.)

Cinnamon Bark, bruised	11 ounces
Ginger, bruised	7 ounces
Juniper Berries, bruised	7 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	6 ounces
Rhubarb Root, bruised	7 ounces
Squill, bruised	7 ounces
White Wine	1,000 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Vinegar of Stavesacre. (1989.)

Stavesacre Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Voice Pellets. (2063.)

Borax	250 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Potassium Chlorate	250 grains

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Vomit Powder (for Adults). (1072.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	2 ounces
Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—30 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

White Oils. (10,021.)

Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Eight Eggs.	
Vinegar	4 pints

Mix.

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (2297.)

Liniment of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	2½ ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Inhalation. (9972.)

Crude Carbolic Acid or Cresol.
For vaporisation.

Wild Cherry Cough Linctus. (125.)

Benzoic Acid	45 grains
Crystal Violet Dye	1 grain
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	22 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	11 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3¾ fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	45 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Wind and Indigestion Pills. (10,120.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Pepsin	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Wind Pills. (9848.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	480 grains
Gingerin	30 grains
Compound Galbanum Pill	240 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Wind Pills. (10,110.)

Asafetida	½ ounce
Barbados Aloes, in powder	10 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	5 ounces
Jalap, in powder	5 ounces
Gingerin	½ ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Unclassified Recipes.

Working Man's Friend. (9528.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. ounces
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	16 ounces

Mix.

Worm Cakes. (10,038.)

Compound Powder of Jalap	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	2 ounces
Chocolate Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 813 cakes.

Worm Cakes. (10,132.)

Jalapin	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	6 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce
Plain Basis	32 pounds

Mix, and divide into suitable tablets.

Worm Nuts. (2264.)

Ginger, in powder	10 grains
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	15 grains
Treacle	2 ounces
Wheat Flour, a sufficient quantity to produce	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—20 grains.

Worm Powders. (1673.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Worm Syrup. (10,035.)

Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Concentrated Infusion of Spigelia	½ pint
Concentrated Solution of Senna	1 pint

Mix.

Zinc and Starch Paste. (590.)

Lassar's Formula.

Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Starch	3 ounces
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin (white)	6¼ ounces

Mix.

Zinc and Starch Paste. (591.)

Salicylic Acid	15 grains
Starch	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Soft Paraffin (white)	120 grains
Wool Fat	120 grains

Mix.

CHEMISTS' AND DRUGGISTS' RECIPES—SUPPLEMENTARY LIST (II.)

Unclassified Recipes.

Acid Orange Beverage. (6811.)

Bitter Orange Peel	6 ounces
Refined Sugar	20 ounces
Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antibilious Pills. (10,005.)

Synonyms.—Liver Pills; Stomach Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Soft Soap	1½ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills.

Synonym.—Female Pills.

Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2½ ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Aperient Lemon Drink. (6814.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces
Two Lemons.	
Distilled Water, boiling	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Application for Chapped Hands. (6835.)

Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aromatic Elixir. (6784.)

Senna Leaves	1 ounce
Anise Fruit, in coarse powder	¼ ounce
Caraway Fruit	¼ ounce
Jalap, in coarse powder	¼ ounce
Juniper Berries, bruised	½ ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 pint

Macerate for seven days, strain, press, and add—

Treacle	2 ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Unclassified Recipes.

Balsam of Aniseed. (6787.)

Oil of Anise	90 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Coriander	5 minims
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	60 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Chamomile Pills. (10,006.)

Synonym.—Dandelion Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	120 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Children's Cough Mixture. (6822.)

Potassium Bromide	660 grains
Potassium Citrate	660 grains
Glycerin	8½ fl. ounces
Solution of Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Syrup. (6826.)

Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (6829.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Chlorodyne. (6801.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	24 grains
Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Chloroform	18 oz. by weigh
Ether	3 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Chlorodyne. (6794.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	40 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	120 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	20 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	160 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Treacle	4 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Cod-liver Oil and Emulsion. (6800.)

(Thick.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Cod-liver Oil	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (10,009.)

Benzoic Acid	30 grains
Potassium Chlorate	300 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Compound Euonymin Pills. (5810.)

Euonymin	4½ ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	4½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Cough Balsam. (6830.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Virginian Prune	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Lozenges. (10,002.)

Extract of Coltsfoot	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Lemon and Tolu Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Mixture. (6824.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (6789.)

Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	160 minims
Cinnamon Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Children. (10,007.)

Clarified Honey	3 pounds
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Cough Pills. (10,004.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Corn Ointment. (6834.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Resin Ointment	6 ounces

Mix.

Corn Salve. (6831.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Ammonium Chloride	2 ounces
Acetic Acid	½ ounce
Wool Fat	2 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Lard, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pound

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6798.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	24 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Embrocation for Whooping Cough. (6833.)

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. (10,008.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	50 grains
Elixir of Gluside	100 minims
Cod-liver Oil	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Benzoin	150 minims
Four Yolks of Eggs.	
Essential Oil of Almonds Oil of Lemon	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water	20 to 30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Fig Syrup. (6786.)

Figs	8 ounces
Prunes	4 ounces
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Boil for thirty minutes, keeping up the quantity of water, strain through flannel and press; then add—

Tasteless Liquid Extract of Cascara	3 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Senna Pods	10 fl. ounces

Weigh the product and in it dissolve with a gentle heat twice its weight of sugar. When cold, add—

Oil of Cinnamon	20 minims
Oil of Fennel	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Hæmostatic Collodion. (6832.)

Benzoic Acid	5 grains
Phenol	10 grains
Tannic Acid	5 grains
Collodion	100 grains

Dissolve.

Herb Bitters. (6810.)

Burdock Leaves	1 ounce
Gentian Root, cut small	½ ounce
Ginger, cut small	5 ounces
Hops	½ ounce
Horehound	1 ounce
Distilled Water	5 gallons

Boil and strain.

Hop Bitters. (6797.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Chamomile	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Hops	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Hop Tonic. (6808.)

Podophyllum Resin	30 grains
Tincture of Buchu Leaves	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hops	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Hop Tonic. (6809.)

Dried Bitter Orange Peel, cut small	2 ounces
Chamomile Flowers	2 ounces
Gentian Root, cut small	2 ounces
Hops	2 ounces
Taraxacum Root, cut small	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	80 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

"Indian Brandy." (6796.)

Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Infants' Carminative. (6785.)

Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Oil of Peppermint	2 drops
Oil of Nutmeg	2 drops
Oil of Dill	5 minims
Oil of Anise	4 drops
Tincture of Castor	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Asafetida	30 minims
Spirit of Pennyroyal	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Preservative. (6828.)

Potassium Bromide	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (6823.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Dill	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Saffron	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza and Recent Cold Mixture. (6820.)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Linseed Cough Linctus. (6795.)

Chlorodyne	45 minims
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Senega	1½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver and Indigestion Mixture. (6821.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian (1=8)	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	36 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Mixture. (6791.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lung Balsam. (6788.)

Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Sanguinaria	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	5 fl. ounces
Anise Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Miraculous Cough Cure. (6817.)

Pectoral Cough Linctus (No. 6816)	30 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Neuralgia Mixture. (6792.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5938.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Phenacetin	40 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia and Tic Mixture. (6819.)

Ammonium Chloride	180 grains
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (10,010.)

Quillaia Bark	1 ounce
Quassia Wood, in chips	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Macerate for seven days and filter into a mixture composed of

Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Jockey Club Essence	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Orange Bitters. (6813.)

Bitter Orange Peel, cut small	1 ounce
Candied Citron Peel	½ ounce
Cascarilla Bark	½ ounce
Gentian Root, cut small	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per. cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process.

Pectoral Cough Linctus. (6816.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	37 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Peppermint Cordial. (6815.)

Refined Sugar	16 ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Heavy Magnesia, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, boiling	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Petroleum Emulsion. (6799.)

Liquid Paraffin	2 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Dextrin, in powder	½ ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains

Mix the gums, add the liquid paraffin, and when intimately suspended, add—

Distilled Water, warm	4 fl. ounces

Rub until a perfect emulsion is formed, then add—

Calcium Hypophosphite	120 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	120 grains
Soluble Gluside	5 grains
Cherry-laurel Water	4 fl. drachms

Pulmonic Essence. (6793.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Quinine Beer. (6812.)

Brown Sugar	24 ounces
Quillaia Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	14 grains
Tea Leaves	1 ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1½ gallons
Yeast, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6790.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	40 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6825.)

Citric Acid	2½ grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Red Mixture. (6827.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	30 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Rheumatic and Influenza Mixture. (6818.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian (1=8)	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Rufus Pills. (5873.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Treacle	60 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Syrup of White Pine Cough Mixture. (10,001.)

White Pine Bark	30 grains
Virginian Prune Bark	30 grains
Balm of Gilead	4 grains
Spikenard Root	4 grains
Blood Root	3½ grains
Sassafras Wood	2 grains
Morphine Acetate	$\frac{3}{16}$ grain
Chloroform	4 minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (10,003.)

Sodium Sulphate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	5 minims
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

The Pills. (5768.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce
Iron Pill	16 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

The Pills. (6182.)

(Summerfield's Formula.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	180 grains
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	60 grains
Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	30 grains
Myrrh, in powder	40 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	180 grains
Confection of Roses	300 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (5860.)

Quinine Sulphate	480 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	380 grains
Mercury Pill	240 grains
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatic, and Gout Pills. (10,324.)

Cinchonine Sulphate	5 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	248 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	248 grains
Extract of Chamomile	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

CHEMISTS' AND DRUGGISTS' RECIPES—SUPPLEMENTARY LIST (III.)

Unclassified Recipes.

Blood Purifier. (7102.)

Potassium Iodide	64 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Chloroform Water	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (7103.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Zinc Chloride	30 grains
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7107.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	570 grains
Prepared Chalk	570 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Foot Powder. (7105.)

Boric Acid	2½ ounces
Salicylic Acid	¾ ounce
Powdered Talc	21¾ ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nit Killer. (7106.)

Veratrine	12 grains
Chloroform Oil of Geranium Vermilion	of each a sufficient quantity.
Hard Paraffin	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	8 ounces

Mix.

Unclassified Recipes.

Gripe Mixture. (71 9.)

Borax	120 grains
Light Magnesia	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7108.)

Citric Acid	75 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	90 minims
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (7101.)

Ammonium Chloride	180 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl ounces

Mix.

White Oils. (7104.)

Camphor	5 ounces
Acetic Acid	7½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rape	18½ fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	36 fl. ounces
Nine Eggs.	
Distilled Water	22½ fl. ounces

Mix.

CHEMISTS' AND DRUGGISTS' ADDITIONAL RECIPES.

INDEX OF CHEMISTS' OWN RECIPES.

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SECTION IV.

SELECTED REMEDIES FOR COMMON AILMENTS.

Section IV.—Selected Remedies for Common Ailments.

The attention of prescribers may, with advantage, be directed to the recipes in this Section. It should be noted that the quantities are for full adult doses, unless otherwise stated.

Selected Remedies.

ABSCESS IN THE MOUTH.

Mouth Wash. (8762.)

Borax	60 grains
Potassium Permanganate	2 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix and use warm.

ACIDITY.

Pick-me-up. (8763.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. drachm
Cherry-laurel Water	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

ALCOHOLISM.

Pick-me-up. (8764.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	15 minims
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	3 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Cherry-laurel Water	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

AMENORRHŒA.

Pennyroyal and Iron Pills. (8765.)

Barbados Aloes	1 grain
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	½ grain
Oil of Pennyroyal	½ minim
Confection of Roses, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to make one pill.

AMENORRHŒA.

Tonic Mixture. (8766.)

Ferrous Sulphate	2 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	30 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	5 minims
Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

ANÆMIA.

Pills. (8767.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1-60th grain
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 grain
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to make one pill.

ASTHMA.

Cachets. (8768.)

Caffeine Citrate	3 grains
Camphor	1 grain

To be taken at the commencement of attack.

Selected Remedies.

ASTHMA.

Mixture. (8769.)

Caffeine Citrate	3 grains
Ammonium Bromide	10 grains
Tincture of Lobelia	10 minims
Chloroform Water	½ fl. ounce
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

BED SORES.

Application. (8770.)

Zinc Oxide	30 grains
Boric Acid, in fine powder	30 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	20 grains
Soft Paraffin	400 grains

Mix and apply on lint.

BILIOUSNESS.

Antibilious Pills. (8771.)

Ipecacuanha Root	½ grain
Mercurous Chloride	¼ grain
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 grain
Mercury Pill	1 grain

Mix to make one pill.

BILIOUSNESS.

Draught. (8772.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	2 minims
Tincture of Orange Peel	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

To be taken in effervescence with

Citric Acid	14 grains

BITES OF INSECTS.

Lotion for Immediate Use. (8773.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	15 grains
Solution of Potash	20 minims
Solution of Hamamelis	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

BITES OF INSECTS.

Lotion for Use after Delay. (8774.)

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	10 minims
Essential Oil of Almonds	½ minim
Milk	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Selected Remedies.

BOILS.

Application. (8775.)

Extract of Opium	½ drachm
Extract of Belladonna	½ drachm
Glycerin	1 drachm
Water	1 drachm

BOILS.

Mixture. (8776.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Arsenical Solution	3 minims
Chloroform Water	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

BRONCHITIS.

Mixture. (8777.)

Ammonium Carbonate	3 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 minims
Oxymel of Squill	½ fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

BRUISES.

Lotion. (8778.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix and apply on lint.

BURNS.

Lotion. (8779.)

Boric Acid	20 grains
Zinc Oxide	20 grains
Liniment of Lime	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

BURNS.

Ointment. (8780.)

Boric Acid	30 grains
Zinc Oxide	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Almond Oil	½ fl. drachm
Lard	300 grains

Mix.

BURNS.

Powder. (8781.)

Boric Acid	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide	½ ounce
Wheat Flour	1 ounce

Mix.

CATARRH, GASTRIC.

Mixture. (8782.)

Glycerin	30 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hydrastis	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Selected Remedies.

CATARRH, NASAL AND POST-NASAL.

Insufflation. (8783.)

Borax	10 grains
Potassium Chlorate	5 grains
Syrup	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix. To be used tepid.

CHANCRES.

Dusting Powder. (8784.)

Aristol	240 grains
Starch Powder	240 grains

Mix.

CHILBLAINS (UNBROKEN).

Application. (8785.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Camphor	7 fl. drachms

Mix and rub in.

CHILBLAINS (BROKEN).

Application. (8786.)

Ichthyol	20 grains
Solution of Lime	1 fl. drachm
Hydrous Wool Fat	400 grains

Mix and apply on linen rag.

CHILL.

Mixture. (8787.)

Magnesium Sulphate	20 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Potassium Nitrate	5 grains
Sodium Salicylate	10 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

CHILL.

Pill. (8788.)

Mercurous Chloride	½ grain
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	4 grains
Confection of Roses, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to make a pill.

COLIC.

Mixture for Adults. (8789.)

Oil of Cajuput	1 minim
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	10 minims
Spirit of Ether	½ fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

COLIC.

Mixture for Children. (8790.)

Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	15 minims
Dill Water	45 minims

Mix.

CONJUNCTIVITIS.

Lotion. (8791.)

Boric Acid	10 grains
Solution of Hamamelis	20 minims
Elder-flower Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Selected Remedies.

CONSTIPATION, HABITUAL.

Pill. (8792.)

Aloin	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain
Euonymin	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain
Podophyllum Resin	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	$\frac{1}{4}$ grain
Extract of Nux Vomica	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	$\frac{1}{4}$ grain

Mix to make one pill.

CORYZA.

Mixture. (8793.)

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	15 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	15 minims
Camphor Water	$2\frac{1}{2}$ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	$\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounce

Mix.

COUGH.

Linctus for Children. (8794.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Juice of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	20 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	$\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounce
Syrup of Lemon	$\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	$\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounce
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

COUGH.

Linctus for Adults. (8795.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	5 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3 minims
Cherry-laurel Water	15 minims
Glycerin	15 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	1 minim
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

COUGH, HARD.

Mixture. (8796.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	30 minims
Oxymel of Squill	30 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	30 minims
Distilled Water	155 minims

Mix.

CYSTITIS.

Mixture. (8797.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	10 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	30 minims
Infusion of Buchu, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

DANDRUFF.

Pomade. (8798.)

Ammoniated Mercury	5 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	5 grains
Oil of Rose Geranium	4 minims
Soft Paraffin, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Selected Remedies.

DANDRUFF.

Wash for Scalps. (8799.)

Soft Soap	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims

DELIRIUM TREMENS.

Mixture. (8800.)

Chloral Hydrate	10 grains
Potassium Bromide	20 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	10 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	4 minims
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

DIARRHŒA.

Mixture for Adults. (8801.)

Bismuth Salicylate	20 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	15 grains
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	5 minims
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

DIARRHŒA.

Powder for Infants. (8802.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 grains
Mercury with Chalk	$\frac{1}{2}$ grain
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 grain

Mix.

DYSPEPSIA, ATONIC.

Mixture. (8803.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	5 minims
Elixir of Orange	$\frac{1}{2}$ fl. drachm
Glycerin of Pepsin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1 minim
Tincture of Hydrastis	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

DYSPEPSIA WITH FLATULENCE.

Cachets. (8804.)

Beta-Naphthol	1 grain
Bismuth Oxynitrate	5 grains
Charcoal	5 grains

Mix.

DYSPEPSIA WITH FLATULENCE.

Mixture. (8805.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 grain
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Spirit of Cajuput	5 minims
Syrup of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

ECZEMA, GOUTY.

Mixture. (8806.)

Magnesium Carbonate	10 grains
Sodium Salicylate	5 grains
Arsenical Solution	3 minims
Tincture of Orange Peel	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Selected Remedies.

GONORRHŒA.

Mixture. (8807.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Elixir of Orange	30 minims
Tincture of Cubebs	30 minims
Infusion of Althæa, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

HÆMORRHOIDS.

Suppositories. (8808.)

Bismuth Oxychloride	5 grains
Hamamelin	2 grains
Opium, in powder	1 grain
Oil of Theobroma	24 grains

Mix.

HAY FEVER.

Mixture. (8809.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	10 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	10 minims
Tincture of Belladonna	4 minims
Camphor Water	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

HAY FEVER.

Snuff. (8810.)

Boric Acid	34 parts
Ammonium Chloride	10 parts
Cocaine Hydrochloride	1 part
Lycopodium	50 parts
Menthol	5 parts

Mix.

HEADACHE, NERVOUS.

Cachets. (8811.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 grains
Phenacetin	8 grains

Mix.

HICCOUGH OR HEARTBURN.

Draught. (8812.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	10 minims
Solution of Lime	½ fl. ounce
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

HYSTERIA.

Draught. (8813.)

Ammonium Carbonate	5 grains
Potassium Bromide	15 grains
Tincture of Sumbul	20 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

INFLUENZA.

Mixture. (8814.)

Potassium Citrate	10 grains
Salicin	10 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	20 minims
Syrup	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Selected Remedies.

LEUCORRHŒA.

Injection. (8815.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Alum	60 grains
Tepid Water	1 pint

Mix.

LIPS, SORE.

Application. (8816.)

Boric Acid	5 grains
Balsam of Peru	5 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	120 grains

Mix.

LIVER, SLUGGISH.

Mixture. (8817.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	10 minims
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

LIVER, SLUGGISH.

Pill. (8818.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¼ grain
Mercurous Chloride	¼ grain
Extract of Taraxacum	3 grains

Mix to make one pill.

LUMBAGO.

Mixture. (8819.)

Potassium Citrate	10 grains
Sodium Salicylate	10 grains
Aromatic Syrup	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cimicifuga	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

NERVOUSNESS.

Pick-me-up. (8820.)

Sodium Bromide	15 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	3 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	20 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

NEURALGIA.

Powder or Cachet. (8821.)

Caffeine Citrate	2 grains
Phenacetin	10 grains
Quinine Salicylate	2 grains

Mix.

PEDICULI.

Ointment. (8822.)

Ammoniated Mercury	20 grains
Beta-Naphthol	10 grains
Oil of Sassafras	20 minims
Olive Oil	1 fl. drachm
Hydrous Wool Fat, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

PERSPIRATION OF THE FEET.

Lotion. (8823.)

Saturated Solution of Boric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Hamamelis	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

PERSPIRATION OF THE FEET.

Ointment. (8824.)

Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	1 fl. drachm
Phenol	5 grains
Zinc Oxide Ointment, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

PERSPIRATION, FŒTID, OF THE FEET.

Application. (8825.)

Phenol	10 grains
Liquid Paraffin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

SCIATICA.

Mixture. (8826.)

Potassium Citrate	10 grains
Potassium Iodide	2 grains
Colchicum Wine	5 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	10 minims
Tincture of Cimicifuga	20 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

SCIATICA.

Pigment. (8827.)

Camphor	180 grains
Chloral Hydrate	180 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Ether	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

SEA SICKNESS.

Mixture. (8828.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	5 minims
Infusion of Cloves, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix and sip slowly.

THROAT, RELAXED SORE.

Gargle. (8829.)

Glycerin of Tannic Acid	30 minims
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

THROAT, ULCERATED SORE.

Gargle. (8830.)

Borax	10 grains
Phenol	2 grains
Potassium Chlorate	5 grains
Glycerin	30 minims
Orange-flower Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

TINEA CAPITIS.

Ointment. (8831.)

Chrysarobin	20 grains
Glycerin of Carbolic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Benzoated Lard, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix and apply carefully to the affected part only.

TONSILS, INFLAMED.

Gargle. (8823.)

Alum	10 grains
Glycerin	30 minims
Orange-flower Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

TONSILS, INFLAMED.

Mixture. (8833.)

Ferrous Sulphate	2 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	30 grains
Quinine Sulphate	2 grains
Aromatic Syrup	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

WORMS (Ascarides and Lumbrici).

Powder. (8834.)

Santonin, in fine powder	3 grains
Mercurous Chloride	½ grain
Rose Lozenge, in powder	2 grains

Mix.

WORMS (Ascarides and Lumbrici).

Draught. (8835.)

Castor Oil	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	3 minims
Elixir of Gluside	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

WORMS (Tænia).

Draught. (8836.)

Liquid Extract of Male Fern	1 drachm
Tincture of Ginger	½ drachm
Tincture of Quillaia	½ drachm
Elixir of Gluside	10 minims
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix; to be taken fasting.

SECTION V.

RECIPES FOR DENTAL PREPARATIONS.

SECTION V.—RECIPES FOR DENTAL PREPARATIONS.

Dental Preparations.

Acid Mouth Wash. (10,303.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	90 grains
Star Anise, bruised	120 grains
Canella Bark, in coarse powder	30 grains
Cloves, bruised	15 grains
Cochineal, bruised	60 grains
Myrrh, in coarse powder	30 grains
Pyrethrum Root, in coarse powder	60 grains
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Macerate and filter. Add 1 fluid drachm to a wineglassful of water.

Aluminised Gutta Percha Stopping.

Aluminium Filings	5 ounces
Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
White Gutta Percha	8 ounces

Mix with the aid of gentle heat.

Amalgams.

(1)

Copper	3·00 grammes
Gold	4·40 grammes
Silver	52·00 grammes
Tin	40·60 grammes

Melt the gold, silver, and copper in a crucible, add the tin, stirring with a clay-pipe stem. Pour into an ingot. When cool, cut with a file. Pass a magnet through the filings to remove any particles of steel broken from the file. Keep the filings for several months before use, packed loosely in stoppered bottles.

(2)

Gold	4 grammes
Silver	63 grammes
Tin	33 grammes

Mix as described above.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (10,304.)

Thymol	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Application for Removing Stains from Teeth.

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Pumice Stone, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Application for Spongy or Inflamed Gums. (10,305.)

Listerine	1 fl. ounce
Saturated Solution of Potassium Chlorate	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Use after each meal.

Dental Preparations.

Arnica Mouth Wash. (10,306.)

Anise Fruit, bruised	210 grains
Arnica Flowers	90 grains
Canella Bark, in coarse powder	150 grains
Cloves, bruised	150 grains
Ginger, bruised	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces

Macerate and filter. Use 1 fluid drachm, in a wineglass of water.

Arsenical Paste.

Arsenious Anhydride	120 grains
Morphine Sulphate	60 grains
Creosote, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to make a stiff paste. Used in dental operations. A quantity of the size of a pin's head is ample for one application.

Benzoic Acid Mouth Wash. (10,307.)

Benzoic Acid	20 grains
Thymol	3 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	15 minims

Mix.

Carbolised Resin. (10,308.)

Phenol	180 grains
Resin, in powder	240 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Dentifrice. (10,249.)

Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Orris Root, in powder	180 grains
Phenol	20 grains
Oil of Lavender	20 minims
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Precipitated Chalk, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 ounces

Mix.

Dr. Schleisch's Local Anæsthetic (Strong). (10,309.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	3 grains
Morphine Sulphate	½ grain
Sodium Chloride	3 grains
Saturated Solution of Boric Acid	3½ fl. ounces
or, Distilled Water	3½ fl. ounces
Phenol	1/10 grain

Mix.

Normal.—Use only 1½ grains of Cocaine Hydrochloride.
Weak.—Use only ⅙ grain of Cocaine Hydrochloride.

Gutta Percha Filling.

Amber, in powder	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Gutta Percha	2 ounces

Mix with the aid of gentle heat.

Dental Preparations.

Gutta Percha Stopping.

Soften gutta percha on a tin or porcelain slab over boiling water. Knead in, gradually, zinc oxide until of a suitable consistence. Knead the mass thoroughly for an hour or more.

Hypodermic Injections for Painless Extraction.

(1)

Cocaine	3 grains
Adrenalin	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Hamamelis	7 fl. drachms

Mix.

(2)

Eucaine	6 grains
Listerine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

(3)

Eucaine	6 grains
Phenol	5 grains
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Listerine Mouth Wash. (10,310.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Listerine	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Local Anæsthetic.

Cocaine Hydrochloride	1/5 grain
Adrenalin	3 or 4 minims
Solution of Hamamelis	20 minims

Mix.

Mouth Wash for Persons Wearing Artificial Plates.

Thymol	6 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	6 minims
Tincture of Krameria	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mouth Wash for Use after Extraction.

Boric Acid	90 grains
Glycerin	3½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	10 minims
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mummifying Paste.

Exsiccated Alum	1 ounce
Thymol	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a stiff paste.

Neuralgia Mixtures. (10,250.)

(1)

Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

(2)

Ammonium Chloride	30 grains
Phenacetin	30 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Dental Preparations.

Preparation for Brightening Burnished Gold.

Chlorinated Lime	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	20 ounces
Sodium Chloride	1 ounce
Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Apply with a soft brush, polishing off with tissue paper.

Pulp Capping.

Zinc Oxide	120 grains

Creosote, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a stiff paste.

Root Filling.

(1)

Lead Carbonate	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a stiff paste.

(2)

Iodoform	60 grains
Creosote Glycerin	of each, in equal parts, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a stiff paste.

(3)

Iodoform	120 grains

Soft Paraffin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a stiff paste.

Solution for Removing Blood Stains.

Tartaric Acid	120 grains
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Warm before immersing the fabric.

Solution for Removing Iodine Stains.

Sodium Thiosulphate	120 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Solutions for Removing Silver Stains.

(1)

For Recent Stains—

Saturated Solution of Oxalic Acid

(2)

For Old Stains—

Ammonium Chloride	150 grains
Mercuric Chloride	150 grains
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms

Mix, and apply with a piece of cloth, rubbing well

Styptics for Use After Extraction.

(1)

Adrenalin.

To be applied on pellets of cotton wool.

(2)

Tannic Acid	120 grains

Absolute Alcohol, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a saturated solution. To be applied on pellets of cotton wool.

Temporary Stopping.

White Beeswax	1 ounce
Red Gutta Percha	4 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	4 ounces

Melt the wax, add gradually the gutta percha, and afterwards the calcium carbonate, kneading all together in a warm mortar.

Dental Preparations.

Tooth Powder. (10,248.)

Cinchona Bark, in powder	120 grains
Cloves, in powder	60 grains
Cuttlefish Bone, in powder	60 grains
Myrrh, in powder	60 grains
Oil of Geranium	3 minims
Oil of Lavender	12 minims
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 ounces

Mix.

Toothache Remedy. (10,247.)

Camphor	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Ether	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Varnishes for Osteo Stoppings.

(1)

Resin	5 ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce

Melt and mix thoroughly.

(2)

Virgin Rubber	5 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

(3)

Mastich	40 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Dental Preparations.

Wax Sheets.

Method of Preparation.

Melt scrap wax in hot water and add sulphuric acid (30 minims to each pound of wax). Boil for two or three minutes. Cool and remove impurities from base of cake; boil again and add a few drops of turpentine. When the liquid ceases to foam the wax is ready for rolling into sheets. Stretch wires of suitable thickness across a glass plate to form moulds of desired size. Wet a glass rolling-pin and coat with soapstone. Pour the melted wax into the moulds and pass the roller firmly over the wires.

Zinc Oxychloride Cement.

Borax	6 grains
Silex	12 grains
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces

Mix thoroughly and heat to a red heat for half an hour; cool and powder. Use with the following fluid:

Zinc Chloride	½ ounce
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Zinc Oxysulphate Cement.

Zinc Sulphate, exsiccated	48 grains
Zinc Oxide	124 grains

Mix and calcine at a red heat for ten minutes; cool and powder. The powder should be kept in a well-stoppered bottle. Use with the following fluid:—

Zinc Chloride	10 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Zinc Phosphate Cement.

Zinc Oxide	120 grains

Nitric Acid, a sufficient quantity.

Moisten the zinc oxide with nitric acid; evaporate to dryness; calcine; cool and powder.

When required for use make into a stiff paste with Phosphoric Acid.

SECTION VI.

FORMULÆ FOR VETERINARY MEDICINES.

SECTION VI.—FORMULÆ FOR VETERINARY MEDICINES.

Balls and Masses.

BALLS AND MASSES.

Common Mass is needed as an excipient, and to give necessary bulk to active ingredients, and therefore heads our list:—

Common Mass.

Linseed Meal	Equal parts
Treacle	

or

Linseed Meal	Equal parts
Glycerin	

The latter remains plastic longer, but is more expensive.

Alterative Balls.

(1)

Barbados Aloes	60 grains
Soft Soap	120 grains
Common Mass	300 grains

Mix to make one ball.

(2)

Barbados Aloes	60 grains
Tartarated Antimony	60 grains
Hard Soap	120 grains
Common Mass	240 grains

Mix to make one ball.

(3)

Barbados Aloes	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Ginger	120 grains
Gentian Root	60 grains
Black Antimony	30 grains

Soft Soap, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one ball.

(4)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	120 grains
Soft Soap	120 grains
Common Mass	360 grains

Mix to make a ball.

(5)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	60 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	60 grains
Ginger, in powder	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Resin, in powder	120 grains
Syrup	1½ fl. drachms

Mix to make a ball.

(6)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	60 grains
Barbados Aloes, in powder	60 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	120 grains
Tartarated Antimony	20 grains

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a ball.

Balls and Masses.

Anodyne Ball.

Opium	60 grains
Chloral Hydrate	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Common Mass	240 grains

Mix to make one ball.

Astringent Balls.

(1)

Cascarilla	60 grains
Cassia Bark	60 grains
Catechu	120 grains
Opium	30 grains
Common Mass	240 grains

Mix to make one ball.

(2)

Aromatic Powder	60 grains
Bismuth Carbonate	60 grains
Cinnamon Bark	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one ball.

(3)

Alum	240 grains
Catechu	60 grains
Extract of Hamamelis	60 grains
Opium	30 grains
Common Mass and Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix to make one ball.

(4)

Catechu, in powder	120 grains
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Common Mass	300 grains

Mix to make a ball.

Condition Balls.

(1)

Ferrous Carbonate	30 grains
Fœnugreek, in powder	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	90 grains
Sulphurated Antimony	60 grains
Common Mass	60 grains

Treacle or Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one ball.

The use of the following balls must be confined to one weekly:—

(2)

Black Antimony	60 grains
Caraway Fruit, in powder	120 grains
Gentian Root	60 grains
Mercurous Chloride	30 grains
Common Mass	150 grains

Treacle or Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one ball.

Balls and Masses.

(3)

Barbados Aloes	30 grains
Capsicum, in powder	20 grains
Hard Soap	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Resin	60 grains
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Common Mass	180 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one ball.

Cordial Balls.

(1)

Ginger	60 grains
Gentian Root	90 grains
Caraway Fruit	60 grains
Anise Fruit	90 grains
Fœnugreek Seeds	60 grains
Capsicum	20 grains
Camphor	60 grains

Treacle or Honey, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one ball.

(2)

Ginger	120 grains
Gentian	120 grains
Coriander	60 grains
Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Camphor	60 grains

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one ball. If not for immediate use, put in a gelatin capsule.

(3)

Ginger	240 grains
Gentian	240 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make a ball.

Cough Balls.

(1)

Extract of Belladonna	60 grains
Barbados Aloes	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Digitalis Leaves	30 grains

Common Mass and Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make a ball weighing one ounce.

(2)

Camphor	40 grains
Digitalis	20 grains
Squill	40 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Barbados Aloes	30 grains
Common Mass	240 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a ball.

(3)

Camphor	40 grains
Stockholm Tar	60 grains
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	2 fl. drachms

Fine Oatmeal, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a ball weighing one ounce.

(4)

Ammoniacum, in powder	180 grains
Opium, in powder	30 grains
Squill, in powder	60 grains

Common Mass, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make a ball.

Balls and Masses.

(5)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	60 grains
Digitalis Leaves, in powder	30 grains
Common Mass	390 grains

Mix to make a ball.

(6)

Camphor	60 grains
Digitalis Leaves, in powder	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Tartarated Antimony	60 grains
Common Mass	150 grains

Mix to form a ball.

(7)

Camphor	3 ounces
Powdered Ipecacuanha	1½ ounces
Powdered Squill	1½ ounces

Honey, *q.s.* to mass.

Divide into six-drachm balls.

Chronic Cough Ball.

Arsenious Anhydride	5 grains
Digitalis Leaves	60 grains
Opium	20 grains
Mutton Suet	240 grains
Linseed Meal	180 grains

Stockholm Tar, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a ball.

Diabetic Balls.

(Given for profuse staling.)

(1)

Iodine	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Canella Bark	60 grains
Nux Vomica Seeds	30 grains
Aromatic Powder	60 grains
Anise Fruit	180 grains
Gentian Root	60 grains

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make a ball. This ball should be kept in a gelati capsule.

(2)

Galls	2 drachms
Lead Acetate	20 grains
Common Mass	5 drachms

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a ball.

Diaphoretic Ball.

Guaiacum Resin, in powder	60 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	90 grains
Tartarated Antimony	20 grains
Common Mass	300 grains

Mix to form a ball.

Diuretic Balls.

(1)

Powdered Resin	1 ounce
Powdered Nitre	1 ounce
Powdered Sulphur	1 ounce

Soft soap, *q.s.* to mass.

Divide into six drachm balls.

Diuretic Balls.

(2)

Exsiccated Sodium Sulphate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Resin	60 grains
Linseed Meal	240 grains

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a ball.

(3)

Venice Turpentine	90 grains
White Hellebore	15 grains
Barbados Aloes	60 grains
Common Mass	300 grains

Mix to make one ball.

(4)

Resin	150 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Linseed Meal	60 grains
Hard Soap	180 grains

Mix to make one ball.

(5)

Resin	120 grains
Nitrate Potassium	120 grains
Ginger	180 grains
Venice Turpentine	120 grains

Mix to make one ball.

(6)

Potassium Acetate	60 grains
Barbados Aloes	60 grains
Hard Soap	120 grains
Common Mass	240 grains

Mix to make one ball.

(7)

Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Resin, in powder	180 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a ball.

(8)

Gentian Root, in powder	90 grains
Ginger, in powder	90 grains
Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Resin, in powder	90 grains
Soft Soap	90 grains

Mix to form a ball.

Farcy or Œdema Balls.

(1)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Copper Sulphate	60 grains
Nux Vomica Seeds	20 grains
Hellebore	10 grains
Resin	90 grains
Potassium Nitrate	90 grains
Hard Soap	120 grains

Venice Turpentine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make a ball.

(2)

Copper Sulphate	60 grains
Zinc Sulphate	60 grains
Arsenious Anhydride	7 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Linseed Meal	150 grains

Venice Turpentine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make a ball.

Fever Balls.

(1)

Tartarated Antimony	1 ounce
Powdered Camphor	1 ounce
Powdered Nitre	4 ounces
Powdered Linseed	*q.s.* to mass
Treacle	

Divide into six-drachm balls.

(2)

Tartarated Antimony	60 grains
Camphor	40 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Common Mass and Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix to make a ball.

(3)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	60 grains
Ammonium Acetate	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Common Mass and Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix to make a ball.

(4)

Camphor	60 grains
Mercurous Chloride	20 grains
Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Opium	30 grains
Common Mass and Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix to make a ball.

Liver Balls.

(1)

Mercurous Chloride	20 grains
Barbados Aloes	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Root	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Hard Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix to form a ball.

(2)

Barbados Aloes	120 grains
Mercurous Chloride	60 grains
Common Mass	300 grains

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make a ball.

Physic Balls.

Only the best Barbados aloes should be used for purgation of horses, the other varieties being found inefficient and liable to cause griping pains.

(1)

Barbados Aloes	300 grains
Ginger	60 grains
Gentian Root	60 grains

Soft Soap, a sufficient quantity

Mix to make a ball.

For rolling into balls, and for immediate use or wrapping, this formula is convenient, but balls so made harden unduly, and a better plan is to make a mass of two parts of Barbados aloes to one of excipient, and dig out the required quantity as required. The following mass suggested by Professor Tuson is much in use by veterinary surgeons:—

(2)

Barbados Aloes	16 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	2 ounces
Linseed Oil	3 ounces
Water	5 ounces

Melt together in a water-bath stirring frequently. This mass contains almost 66 per cent. of Barbados aloes, and will keep plastic for a long time.

Balls and Masses.

Physic Balls.

(3)

Barbados Aloes	240 to 480 grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity	

Mix to form a ball.

Physic Mass for Horses.

Barbados Aloes	10 ounces
Soft Soap	5 ounces
Treacle	6½ ounces
Powdered African Ginger	1¾ ounces

Heat together until the weight is reduced to twenty ounces.

Tonic Balls.

(1)

Quinine	60 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Gentian Root	120 grains
Caraway Fruit	60 grains
Anise Fruit	60 grains
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a ball.

(2)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	120 grains
Cinchona Bark	120 grains
Cassia Bark	60 grains
Common Mass and Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	600 grains

Mix to make a ball.

(3)

Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Ginger	120 grains
Gentian Root	120 grains
Fœnugreek Seeds	60 grains
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a ball.

(4)

Copper Sulphate in powder	60 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Common Mass	360 grains

Mix to make a ball.

(5)

Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	90 grains
Common Mass	300 grains

Mix to form a ball.

(6)

Ferrous Sulphate	90 grains
Ginger, in powder	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Extract of Gentian	120 grains

Mix to form a ball.

Worm Balls.

(1)

Santonin	60 grains
Barbados Aloes	90 grains
Areca Nut	120 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	90 grains
Common Mass and Glycerin.	

Mix to form a ball.

(2)

Barbados Aloes	120 grains
Santonin	90 grains
Areca Nut	240 grains
Venice Turpentine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to make a ball.

Balls and Masses.

Worm Balls.

(3)

Ferrous Sulphate	60 grains
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Tobacco Leaves, in powder	60 grains
Common Mass	330 grains

Mix to form a ball.

(4)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	90 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	120 grains
Santonin, in fine powder	15 grains
Common Mass	120 grains

Mix to form a ball.

Electuaries.

Electuary for Sore Throat.

Potassium Chlorate	180 grains
Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Extract of Belladonna	60 grains
Clarified Honey ....to	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—A teaspoonful.

Electuary for Wooden Tongue.

(Actinomycosis.)

Mercuric Iodide	15 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Clarified Honey	2 ounces

Mix. Dress the sore places, and allow the animal to swallow a quantity not exceeding an ounce.

Purgative Electuary.

Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Olive Oil	½ fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 ounce.

Liquid Medicines for Horses.

True cordials, stimulants, and carminatives are to be found among the balls and powders elsewhere recommended, but in veterinary medicine, as in human practice, alcoholic extracts, tinctures, and spirituous preparations can only be administered as draughts diluted with water. In every well-ordered stable there should be found a "fever" draught or two, and some gripe draughts or "drinks," as they are still commonly called.

Horses are liable to temporary elevation of temperature after excessive exertion and from other causes, and the so-called "fever" drink is not a survival of the ignorant groom's fancy, but the result of careful observation, long before clinical thermometers proved the existence of "fever." Stimulants and diaphoretics, such as the following, undoubtedly do reduce the temperature, by distributing the warm blood from the central parts of the body to the extremities.

Draught for Rheumatism.

Sodium Salicylate	240 grains
Tincture of Guaiacum	6 fl. drachms
Skim Milk	15 fl. ounces

Mix for one dose.

Liquid Medicines for Horses.

Draughts for Spasmodic Colic.

(1)

Ether	4 fl. drachms
Linseed Oil	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix for one dose.

(2)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	4 fl. drachms
Water ...to	1 pint

Mix for one dose.

Fever Draughts or "Drinks."

(1)

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Water ...to	12 fl. ounces

Mix for one dose.

(2)

Ether	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	20 drops
Water ...to	1 pint

Mix for one dose.

For Colic with Suspected Constipation.

Solution of Aloes (1 in 4)	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water ...to	1 pint

Mix for one dose.

For Flatulent Colic.

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Linseed Oil ...to	1 pint

Mix for one dose.

Tonic Draughts.

(1)

Ammonium Carbonate	90 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	10 fl. ounces

Mix for one dose.

(2)

Quinine	60 grains
Extract of Gentian	120 grains
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Water ...to	1 pint

Mix for one dose.

(3)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Water ...to	1 pint

Mix for one dose.

(4)

Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix for one dose.

Horse Powders.

Powders are the most easily administered form of medicament for horses, and by most horse-keepers are preferred to any other. Although many nauseous, and particularly bitter drugs will be consumed upon damped corn or other food, it is important to introduce some appetising substance to mask the flavour of medicines.

Alterative Powders.

(1)

Black Antimony	60 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	150 grains
Fœnugreek	60 grains
Resin	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains

Mix to make a powder.

(2)

Sublimed Sulphur	60 grains
Tartarated Antimony	90 grains
Fennel Fruit	120 grains
Anise Fruit	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	90 grains

Mix to make a powder.

(3)

Antimonious Oxide	12 ounces
Sulphurated Antimony	540 grains
Ginger, in powder	9 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	96 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	9 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	36 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 6 drachms.

Astringent Powders.

Catechu	120 grains
Cassia Bark	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	180 grains
Opium	20 grains

Mix to make a powder.

Condition Powders.

(1)

Black Antimony	60 grains
Resin	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	240 grains
Anise Fruit	60 grains
Gentian Root	60 grains
Liquorice Powder	60 grains

Mix to make a powder.

(2)

Mercurous Chloride	20 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	120 grains
Caraway Fruit	120 grains

Mix to make one powder, to be given three times in a fortnight.

(3)

Locust Bean	7 ounces
Fenugreek	2 ounces
Aniseed	2 ounces
Gentian Root	1 ounce
Liquorice Root	1 ounce
Caraway	1 ounce
African Ginger	1 ounce
Grains of Paradise	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Sulphur	½ ounce
Resin	½ ounce

All the vegetable ingredients should be in coarse powder. Many condition powders contain black antimony, but the use of this ingredient is to be deprecated.

Horse Powders.

Condition Powders.

(4)

Anise Fruit, in powder	5 ounces
Fœnugreek Seed, in powder	5 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	8 ounces
Resin, in powder	4 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	4 ounces
Tartarate Antimony	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—360 grains.

Cordial Powder.

Cassia or Cinnamon	60 grains
Ginger	240 grains
Anise Fruit	60 grains

Mix to make a powder.

Cough Powders.

(1)

Camphor	60 grains
Ammoniacum	60 grains
Squill	60 grains
Anise Fruit	120 grains
Sugar	60 grains

Mix to make a powder.

(2)

Belladonna Leaves	120 grains
Digitalis Leaves	20 grains
Liquorice Root	180 grains

Mix to make a powder.

Fever Powders.

(1)

Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate	180 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains

Mix to make a powder.

(2)

Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Animal Charcoal	30 grains

Mix to make a powder.

Tonic Powders.

Copper Sulphate	30 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	40 grains
Ginger	60 grains
Gentian Root	60 grains
Canella Bark	60 grains
Cumin Fruit	60 grains

Mix to make a powder.

Vegetable Tonic.

Ginger	60 grains
Gentian Root	60 grains
Calumba Root	60 grains
Cascarilla Bark	60 grains
Cinchona Bark	60 grains
Anise Fruit	60 grains

Mix to form a powder

Worm Powders.

(1)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Tartarated Antimony	2 ounces
Sulphurated Antimony	7 ounces
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Gentian Root, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 ounce.

Horse Powders.

Worm Powders.

(2)

Santonin	40 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	60 grains
Barbados Aloes	60 grains
Cumin Fruit	120 grains

Mix to form a powder.

(3)

Tartarated Antimony	60 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	60 grains
Barbados Aloes	60 grains
Areca Nut	120 grains
Sodium Chloride	120 grains

Mix to form a powder.

Liniments and Outward Applications.

Iodine Liniment.

Iodine	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	120 grains
Veterinary Soap Liniment	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniment for Cracked Heels and Mud Fever.

Linseed Oil	7 fl. ounces
Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Liniment for Splints.

Oil of Thyme	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Methylated Spirit	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniment for Thrush, Canker and Foot Rot.

Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Linseed Oil	4 fl. ounces
Tar	8 ounces
Venice Turpentine	12 fl. ounces

Melt together in a water bath, adding the acid lastly.

Lotion for Galls of Shoulder and Saddle.

Exsiccated Alum	60 grains
Sodium Chloride	120 grains
Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Water	1 quart

Mix.

Mange Liniment.

Creosote	2 fl. ounces
Cottonseed Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Effectual, but safe only on limited surfaces, and liabl to blister thin-skinned horses.

Horsemen demand a fluid which they call a "sweating' blister. Its action should be milder than any of those describe as blisters and made up as unguents. They are for limited application, and where it is not intended to rest the patient.

Sweating Liniments.

(1)

Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Linseed Oil	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

(2)

Mercuric Chloride	60 grains
Methylated Spirit	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniments and Outward Applications.

Sweating Liniments.

(3)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Soft Soap	5 ounces
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Water	7 fl. ounces
Methylated Spirit	1 pint

Mix.

The above remedies should be applied with friction and repeated until moisture exudes (serum), and then discontinued for a few days and resumed from time to time, with a view to the reduction of splints, side bones, ring bones, and other enlargements.

Drying Lotion for Cracked Heels and Old Sores.

Saturated Solution of Alum	1 pint

Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour.

Mix.

Lotion for Cracked Heels.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Colza Oil	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Horse Embrocation.

Camphor	540 grains
Acetic Acid	15 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	51 fl. ounces
Six Eggs.	
Distilled Water	45 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Oils.

(1)

Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Two Yolks Eggs.	
Vinegar	1 pint

Mix.

(2)

Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Ointment for Cracked Heels in Horses.

Powdered Verdigris	1 ounce
Resin Ointment	1 ounce
Suet	7 ounces

Melt and stir in the verdigris.

Veterinary Soap Liniment.

Soft Soap	8 ounces
Methylated Spirit	10 fl. ounces
Water	10 fl. ounces

Blisters.

Strong Blister.

Mercuric Iodide	1 ounce
Lard or Soft Paraffin	6 ounces

Mix.

Medium Strength Blister.

Mercuric Iodide	1 ounce
Lard or Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

Blisters.

Mild Blister.

Mercuric Iodide	1 ounce
Lard or Soft Paraffin	11 ounces

Mix.

Blister.

Cantharides	1 ounce
Venice Turpentine	1 ounce
Benzoated Lard	7 ounces

Digest for twelve hours in a water bath, strain, and stir until set.

Blister.

Cantharides	1 to 1½ ounces
Mercuric Chloride	1 to 1½ ounces
Soft Paraffin	10 ounces

Digest and strain.

Blistering Ointment.

Cantharides, in powder	1 ounce
Expressed Oil of Bay	2 fl. ounces
Lard	2 ounces

Mix.

Charges.

(1)

Beeswax	1 ounce
Burgundy Pitch	5 ounces

Melt together.

(2)

Burgundy Pitch	2 pounds
Olive Oil	2 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 ounces

Melt together.

(3)

Beeswax	4 ounces
Burgundy Pitch	2 pounds
Cantharides	60 grains
Venice Turpentine	2 ounces

Melt together.

Dog Medicines.

Anti-Constipation Pills.

Aloin	⅛ grain
Ginger	1 grain
Podophyllum Resin	⅛ grain
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 grain

Mix to make one pill.

Anti-Rheumatic Pills.

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 15 grains.

Alterative Pills.

Blue Pill	2 grains
Powdered Aloes	3 grains
Powdered Myrrh	2 grains

Mix to make one pill.

Aperient Pills.

(1)

Jalap	3 grains
Mercurous Chloride	2 grains

Confection of Roses, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to make one pill.

Dog Medicines.

Aperient Pills.

(2)

Barbados Aloes	240 grains
Croton Oil	12 drops

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—10 to 25 grains.

Astringent Pills.

(1)

Catechu, in powder	360 grains
Ginger, in powder	180 grains
Opium, in powder	18 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to form a mass. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

(2)

Catechu	1 grain
Kino	1 grain
Morphine Hydrochloride	1-10 grain

Honey, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to make one pill.

Cough Pills.

(1)

Ipecacuanha	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain
Opium	$\frac{1}{4}$ grain
Potassium Bromide	3 grains

Hard Soap, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to make one pill.

(2)

Compound Pill of Soap.
Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

(3)

Pill of Ipecacuanha, with Squill.
Dose.—3 to 12 grains.

Diarrhœa Pills.

Dried Ferrous Sulphate	2 grains
Powdered Opium	1 grain
Powdered Catechu	3 grains

Mix to make a pill.

Distemper Pills.

(1)

Potassium Iodide	1 grain
Potassium Nitrate	1 grain
Extract of Gentian	1 grain

Mix to make one pill.

(2)

Myrrh	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain
Chlorate Potassium	2 grains
Quinine Sulphate	1 grain

Syrup, a sufficient quantity.
Mix to make one pill.

Distemper Pills for Puppies.

Turpeth Mineral	18 grains
Powdered Barbados Aloes	108 grains
Powdered Soap	72 grains
Powdered Ginger	36 grains

Mix and divide into thirty-six pills.

Fever Pills.

Antimonial Powder	5 grains
Camphor	2 grains

Extract of Gentian, *q.s.* to mass.

Dog Medicines.

Pills for St. Vitus's Dance.

(1)

Arsenious Bromide	1·24 grain
Zinc Valerianate	1 grain

Mix to make one pill.

(2)

Arsenious Iodide	1-20 to 1-10 grain

Mix to make one pill.

Tonic Pills.

(1)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	1 grain
Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Extract of Gentian	1 grain

Mix to make one pill.

(2)

Extract of Chamomile	1 grain
Extract of Nux Vomica	1-32 grain

Mix to make one pill.

Worm Pills.

(1)

Ferrous Sulphate	1 grain
Santonin	1 grain

Mix to make one pill.

(2)

Mercurous Chloride	1 grain
Santonin	1 grain

Mix to make one pill.

(3)

Areca Nut	3 parts
Jalap	1 part

Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

(4)

Areca Nut, freshly ground.
Syrup, or Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Dose.—For tape worms, two grains of this mass for every estimated pound weight of the dog or cat.

(5)

Liquid Extract of Male Fern	5 grains

Powdered Marshmallow Root, *q.s.* to mass for one pill.

Alterative Powders.

Antimonious Sulphide	$\frac{1}{2}$ grain
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 grain
Sublimed Sulphur	5 grains

Mix for one dose.

Indigestion Powders.

(1)

Animal Charcoal	5 grains
Calumba Root	5 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	5 grains

Mix for one dose.

(2)

Magnesia	5 to 15 grains

Canker Lotion.

Boric Acid	20 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Zinc Sulphate	20 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Water	$1\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounces

Mix.

Dog Medicines.

Lotions for Common Mange for Red-skinned and Delicate Dogs.

(1)

Phenol	1 ounce
Water	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

(2)

Sulphurated Potash	1 ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Water	38 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotions for Eczema.

(1)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. drachms
Water	1 pint

Mix.

(2)

Lead Acetate	60 grains
Elder Flower Water	1 pint

Mix.

Lotion for Follicular Mange in Dogs.

Oil of Tar	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Linseed Oil	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Apply at intervals of three days.

Canker Ointment.

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Lard	30 ounces

Mix. To be applied inside the ear with manipulation outside, at the base.

Eczema Ointment.

Chinosol	10 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Mix.

Mange Ointment.

Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Oil of Tar	1 fl. ounce
Lard	8 ounces

Mix.

Cattle Medicines.

Alterative Powder.

Antimonious Sulphide	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 drachms.

Anti-Milk-Fever Drench.

Armenian Bole	¾ ounce
Ginger	1 ounce
Chinosol	40 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	4 ounces

Mix for one drench, to be given in a quart of warm water at the time of parturition.

Cattle Medicines.

Chill Drench.

Anise Fruits	½ ounce
Camphor	60 grains
Capsicum, in powder	20 grains
Ginger	¾ ounce
Mustard	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Turmeric	½ ounce
Wheaten Flour	4 ounces
Hop Ale	1 quart

Mix for one dose.

Cleansing Drench.

Tartarated Antimony	60 grains
Ergot	60 grains
Gentian Root	120 grains
Ginger	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	14 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	180 grains
Thin Gruel	1 quart

Mix for one dose.

Cleansing Drink.

Bay Laurel Berries, in powder	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	8 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce

Administer in a quart of gruel each morning.

Cold and Fever Draught for Horses, Cattle and Sheep.

Composition Essence	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	½ fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 drachm to 4 fluid ounces.

Cold Drink for Cattle.

Armenian Bole	½ ounce
Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	1 pound
Fœnugreek Seeds, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Condition Powder.

Anise Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Gentian Root, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	13 ounces

Mix.

Cough or Fellon Drink.

Anise Fruit, in powder	2 ounces
Composition Powder	1 ounce
Cumin Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	2 ounces

Mix, and administer once daily in a quart of warm gruel or ale once daily.

Cow Powder.

(Fleming's.)

Catechu, in powder	60 grains
Ginger, in powder	240 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	240 grains
Opium, in powder	30 grains

Mix.

Cattle Medicines.

Drench for Husk.

Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Asafetida	1 fl. drachm
Linseed Oil	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose for a calf.—4 fluid ounces. For a lamb.—2 fluid ounces.

Drying Drink.

Alum, in powder	6 ounces
Armenian Bole	2 ounces
Juniper Berries, in powder	½ ounce

Mix, and administer once daily in a quart of warm gruel.

Electuary for Ulcerated Throat and for Aphtha in Calves and Lambs.

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Borax	90 grains
Glycerin of Alum	5½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Fellon Drench.

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Camphor	40 grains
Capsicum	40 grains
Cardamom Seeds	60 grains
Ginger	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	4 drachms
Wheaten Flour	6 ounces
Hot Ale or Cider	1 quart

Mix for one dose.

Intra-Tracheal Injection for Husk or Hoose.

Chloroform	30 minims
Liquefied Phenol	20 minims
Terebene	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Dose for a calf.—2 fluid drachms. For a lamb.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Solution of Aloes for Gripe Drink.

Barbados Aloes	19 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	6 ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	14 fl. ounces
Water, a sufficient quantity to produce...	4 pints

Mix.

Lotion for Mange and Lice in Cattle.

Linseed Oil	5 fl. ounces
Paraffin Oil	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Powder for Tumour in Udder.

Potassium Iodide	5 to 50 grains

Powder for Vermin on Cattle.

Stavesacre Seeds, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	10 ounces

Mix.

Sheep Medicines.

Heaving or Straining Drench.

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Thin Gruel	5 fl. ounces

Mix for one dose.

Sheep Medicines.

Fluke or Rot Mixture.

Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. drachms
Separated Milk	2 fl. ounces

Mix for one dose. This may be given every two or three weeks, and a powder for trough-feeding, which shall allow for each sheep:—

Ferrous Sulphate	30 grains
Gentian Root	30 grains
Sodium Chloride	60 grains

Every day.

Foot Rot Mixtures.

(1)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Antimonious Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

(2)

Copper Oxyacetate	3 ounces
Copper Sulphate	6 ounces
Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Antimonious Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Evaporating Lotions for Sprains.

(1)

Ammonium Chloride	1 pound
Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Methylated Spirit	1 pint
Water	2 gallons

Mix.

(2)

Ammonium Chloride	1 ounce
Vinegar	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Foot Rot Lotions.

(1)

Arsenious Anhydride	¼ ounce
Copper Oxyacetate	¼ ounce
Copper Sulphate	½ ounce
Hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Antimonious Chloride	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

(2)

Antimonious Chloride	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Foot Rot Powder.

Alum	6 ounces
Charcoal	½ ounce
Copper Oxyacetate	3 ounces
Copper Sulphate	2 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Mercuric Chloride	½ ounce

Mix.

Sheep Medicines.

Fly Powders.

For preventing the fly striking.

(1)

Brown Umber	2 pounds
Red Oxide of Lead	½ pound
Lead Carbonate	1½ pounds
Sublimed Sulphur	2 pounds
Black Hellebore	½ pound
Oil of Tar Animal Oil } of each	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

(2)

Arsenious Anhydride	1¾ pounds
Brown Umber	6 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	2¾ pounds
Soft Soap	2 pounds
Boiling Water	2¼ pounds

Mix. Dose.—4 pounds for 25 sheep.

Liniment or Paste for Foot Rot.

Exsiccated Alum	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Copper Sulphate	1 ounce
Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce
Honey	4 to 6 ounces

Mix.

Lotion for Grease.

Copper Sulphate	12 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	12 ounces
Zinc Sulphate	12 ounces
Water	2 gallons

Mix.

Lotion for Grease (for white legs).

Zinc Sulphate	1 pound
Water	2 gallons

Mix.

Mange and Lice Applications.

(1)

Cresol	4 fl. ounces
Water	100 fl. ounces

Mix. Not for Cats.

(2)

Phenol	1 ounce
Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Not for Cats.

(3)

Mercuric Chloride	60 grains
Tobacco Juice	1 gallon

Mix.

(4)

Stavesacre Seeds	1 pound
Water	2 gallons

Boil and evaporate to one gallon.

(5)

Sulphurated Potash	1 ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Water	50 fl. ounces

Mix.

Oils for the Fly.

Phenol	240 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	
Olive Oil	8 ounces

Mix.

Sheep Medicines.

Oils for Straining after Lambing.

Phenol	1 ounce
Olive Oil	15 fl. ounces

The shepherd's hands should be anointed with this when effecting delivery, and the passage should be dressed with it afterwards.

Sheep Dip.

Arsenious Anhydride	6 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	6 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	4 ounces
Soft Soap	6 ounces
Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the arsenic with the carbonate and sulphur; then boil mixture with the soft soap and sufficient water to effect solution of the arsenic; next, add more water to produce 16 gallons of sheep dip.

Pig Medicines.

Condition Powder.

Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	4 ounces
Liquorice Root, in powder	4 ounces
Fœnugreek	10 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 to 240 grains.

Eczema or Eruption Powder.

Antimonious Sulphide	1 ounce
Sulphur	8 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Lentil Flour	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—60 to 240 grains.

Powder for Rheumatism and Joint Ill.

Fœnugreek	6 grains
Salicin	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Purging Powder.

Jalap	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Mange Dressing.

Camphor	½ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	4 ounces
Linseed Oil	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Sore Ears and Tails.

Boric Acid	60 grains
Prepared Calamine	30 grains
Olive Oil	1 fl. drachm
Lard	330 grains

Mix.

Ointment for Tumours in Udder.

(Actinomycosis.)

Iodine	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Methylated Spirit	1 fl. ounce

Paint the broken as well as the whole skin daily.

Poultry Medicines.

Canker Mixture for Pigeons.

Exsiccated Alum	1 ounce
Honey	1 ounce

Mix.

Catarrh Powder.

Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Gentian Root	240 grains
Ginger	240 grains
Sodium Hyposulphite	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains

Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Contagious Catarrh or Roup Pill.

Chinosol	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Extract of Chamomile	60 grains

Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Diarrhœa or Scours Pill.

Catechu	3 grains
Opium	1 grain
Extract of Lettuce	2 grains
Extract of Logwood	3 grains

Mix for one pill.

Gape Pill.

Camphor	60 grains
Extract of Gentian	60 grains
Garlic	240 grains
Terebene	1 fl. drachm

Dose.—3 to 10 grains.

Liver Pill.

Mercurous Chloride	1 grain
Extract of Liquorice	5 grains

Mix. Dose.—6 grains.

Mixture for Pip.

Potassium Chlorate	20 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Water to	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Mixture for Roup.

Paraffin	1 ounce
Mucilage of Tragacanth	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Poultry Medicines.

Pills for Sore Throat and Diphtheric Membrane.

Chinosol	60 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	60 grains
Stockholm Tar	1 fl. drachm

Mix. Dose.—10 to 20 grains.

Purgative Pills.

Dried Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Jalap	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 to 10 grains.

Roup Powder for Fowls.

Powdered Asafetida	4 drachms
Powdered Black Pepper	1 drachm
Powdered Grains of Paradise	1 drachm
Dried Ferrous Sulphate	2 drachms
Dried Sodium Sulphate	2 drachms

Mix a heaped tablespoonful of the powder with the morning feed of hot "middlings" or "sharps" mash.

Tonic Pills.

(1)

Red Cinchona Bark	1 grain
Extract of Calumba	60 grains
Extract of Chamomile	60 grains
Extract of Gentian	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 12 grains.

(2)

Ferrous Sulphate	60 grains
Extract of Jaborandi	1 grain

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powder.

Areca Nut	15 ounces
Santonin	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—2 grains to each pound weight of the bird.

Pip Dressings.

(1)

Glycerin of Alum	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

(2)

Borax and Honey.

Application for Vent Swelling.

Liquid Exract of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

SECTION VII.

PERFUMES AND TOILET PREPARATIONS.

Section VII.—Perfumes and Toilet Preparations.

Toilet Preparations.

Almond Shaving Cream.

White Vaseline	120 grains
Spermaceti	120 grains
Almond Oil	2 fl. drachms
White Naples Soft Soap	4 ounces
Tincture of Quillaia	2 fl. drachms
Terpineol	2 fl. drachms

Melt the vaseline, spermaceti, and almond oil; transfer to a warm mortar; add the soft soap, rub down until cold, then mix in the quillaia and terpineol. A little oil of Myrcia acris may be added with advantage.

Almondine. (8030.)

Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

American Bay Rum. (5880.)

Oil of Bay Leaves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Oil of Pimento	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 pints
Distilled Water	4 pints

Mix.

American Bay Rum. (6565.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces
Jamaica Brown Rum	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Bayberry	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Ammonium Monocarbonate for Smelling Salts.

Commercial Ammonium Carbonate ...... 16 ounces

Break up into small pieces the size of a walnut, and place in wide-mouth bunged jar fitted with a good bung. Pour over the lumps

Strong Solution of Ammonia (0·880).... 8 ounces

Close the jar and set aside for twenty-four hours. Then break up the mass with a stirrer, and again leave closed up for another day. Repeat the process daily for fourteen days. Finally, add perfume as desired.

Antiseptic and Astringent Mouth Wash. (5879.)

Borax	6 ounces
Phenol	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	6 minims
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Wintergreen	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Hamamelis	12 fl. ounces
Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Antiseptic Dentifrice. (9812.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Carmine	40 grains
Cuttlefish, in powder	4 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	12 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	3 pounds
Essence of Bergamot	3 fl. drachms
Essence of Lemon	3 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	3 minims
Oil of Cloves	9 minims
Oil of Rose	18 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Dentifrice. (9957.)

Camphor	4 grains
Carmine	4 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	90 grains
Menthol	4 grains
Orris Root, in powder	240 grains
Phenol	4 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	4 ounces
Pumice Stone, in fine powder	120 grains
Oil of Cassia	2 minims
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Geranium	4 minims
Glycerin	of each a sufficient quantity.
Rose Water	

Mix to form a paste.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (5282.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose Geranium	2 minims
Tincture of Saffron	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (8625.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liquefied Phenol	60 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	2 minims
Tincture of Saffron	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (5974.)

Boric Acid, in powder	80 grains
Menthol	40 grains
Thymol	120 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	40 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	72 minims
Indigo, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (6231.)

Alum, in powder	60 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (9519.)

Benzoic Acid	45 grains
Thymol	4 grains
Proof Spirit (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Eucalyptus	3½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (5890.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Tannic Acid	60 grains
Glycerin	9 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (2699.)

Liquefied Phenol	3 fl. drachms
Tannic Acid	30 grains
Tincture of Myrrh and Borax	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (6935.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Boric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Toilet Cream. (8950.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Phenol	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	90 minims
Oil of Lavender	90 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	16 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Tooth Powder. (5318.)

Benzoic Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Borax, in powder	2 ounces
Carmine	90 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Cuttle-Fish Bone, in powder	4 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	¾ ounce
Orris Root, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	2 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	20 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Oil of Geranium	15 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	5 minims

Mix.

Antiseptic Tooth Paste. (9316.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	18 ounces
Prepared Chalk	6 ounces
Carmine	180 grains
Orris Root, in powder	12 ounces
Pumice, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	180 grains
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Tooth Powder. (8133.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Carmine	50 grains
Diatomaceous Earth	8 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Kaolin	8 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	2 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Oil of Rose	15 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	30 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Tooth Powder. (8853.)

Borax	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	4 ounces
Phenol	¼ ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	16 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Application for the Hands. (6016.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	80 minims
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Rose Water	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Aromatic Acetic Acid for Smelling Bottles.

Glacial Acetic Acid	16 ounces
Camphor	½ ounce
Dissolve and add	
French Lavender Oil	2 fl. drachms
Terpineol	2 fl. drachms
Clove Oil	1 fl. drachm
Citral	10 minims
Linalol	5 minims

Aromatic Ammonium Monocarbonate.

Ammonium Carbonate	4 ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Essence of Musk	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Otto of Rose	10 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	5 minims

Break the ammonium carbonate into small pieces and add t the strong solution of ammonia; stir daily until the mono carbonate can be powdered. Mix the essence of musk, oil o lavender, oil of bergamot, oil of cloves, otto of rose, and oil o cinnamon, and add to the monocarbonate.

Toilet Preparations.

Aromatic Dentifrice. (8530.)

Cuttle-fish Bone, in powder	3 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	3 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	13 ounces
Prepared Chalk	13 ounces
Eau de Cologne	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Aromatic Solution of Ammonia. (9113.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Bergamot	50 minims
Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Oil of Lemon	30 minims
Oil of Thyme	10 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Aromatic Tincture of Myrrh, Borax, and Rhatany. (8867.)

Eau de Cologne	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aromatic Vinegar. (8872.)

Bismark Brown	1 grain
Glacial Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	60 minims
Oil of Cloves	40 minims
Oil of Lavender	40 minims
Oil of Lemon	40 minims
Oil of Rosemary	120 minims

Mix.

Aromatic Vinegar. (9123.)

Camphor	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Oil of Lavender	15 minims
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aromatic Vinegar. (3241.)

Glacial Acetic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cinnamon	20 minims
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Astringent and Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (8888.)

Alum	240 grains
Glycerin of Boric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	12 minims
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Astringent Essence for the Teeth and Gums. (6135.)

Tannic Acid	400 grains
Eau de Cologne	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Astringent Mouth Wash. (1500.)

Eau de Cologne	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Astringent Mouth Wash. (5977.)

Phenol	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	30 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Kaolin, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, warm	56 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Astringent Mouth Wash. (5283.)

Exsiccated Alum	60 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Skin Lotion. (10,251.)

Alum	6 grains
Benzoic Acid	1 grain
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	6 minims

Dissolve the alum and benzoic acid in the rose-water; then add the tincture of benzoin.

Astringent Tincture (Dental). (6102.)

Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Wintergreen	5 minims
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Astringent Tincture for the Gums. (8860.)

Tannic Acid	180 grains
Tincture of Myrrh	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Rhatany, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balm of Arabia. (8197.)

Cochineal	30 grains
Rose Water	1 pint

Mix.

Balsam of Camphor. (10,252.)

White Curd Soap	123 grains
Camphor	123 grains
Acetic Ether	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	20 minims

Dissolve with gentle heat in a flask on a water-bath, and add the oil of thyme.

Bandoline. (8306.)

Spermaceti	60 grains
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bandoline. (10,253.)

Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Spermaceti	60 grains

Mix.

Bay Rum. (489.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Bay Laurel	1 fl. drachm
Rum	10 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bay Rum. (9808.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 pints
Oil of Bay Laurel	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Pimento	1 fl. drachm
Rum	1 pint
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Bay Rum. (6156.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Bay Laurel	20 minims
Oil of Pimento	10 minims
Rum	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bay Rum. (10,254.)

Essence of Rum	2 drachms
Oil of Myrcia acris	3 drachms
Oil of Pimento	1 drachm
Burnt Sugar	2 drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	32 fl. ounces
Rose Water	48 fl. ounces

Dissolve the oils and the essence in the spirit. Mix in the water. Rub half an ounce of powdered pumice stone smooth with a little of the liquid, add to the remainder, stir up, and filter bright. The perfume may be altered to suit the taste.

Bear's Grease. (10,255.)

Castor Oil	1½ fl. ounces
Olive Oil	4½ fl. ounces
Lard	3 ounces
Spermaceti	1 ounce

Mix.

Benzoin Lotion. (8183.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Essence of Bouquet	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	1½ fl. ounces
Elder-flower Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Black Hair Dye. (10,256.)

Solution (1).

Pyrogallic Acid	4 drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces

Mix and dissolve.

Solution (2).

Silver Nitrate	1 ounce
Solution of Ammonia, *q.s.*	
Water	8 fl. ounces

Dissolve the nitrate in the water and add just enough solution of ammonia to re-dissolve the precipitate at first formed. Before using the dye, thoroughly cleanse the hair from all grease by washing in water containing a little solution of ammonia. Apply the solution No. 2 first, and then solution No. 1.

Boracic Cream. (8244.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	10 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Borax Hair Wash. (1100.)

Synonym.—Rosemary and Camphor Hair-wash.

Borax, in powder	16 ounces
Camphor, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Carmine, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	

Mix.

Brilliantine. (8085.)

Almond Oil	14 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	2 fl. drachms
Essence of Jockey Club	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Brilliantine. (7073.)

Essence of Bouquet	5 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Brilliantine. (6660.)

Essence of Millefleurs	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (8184.)

Camphor	360 grains
Essential Oil of Almonds	2 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	½ ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	1 ounce
White Beeswax	2 ounces

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (8448.)

Camphor	¾ ounce
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Lard	4 ounces
Olive Oil	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (8419.)

Camphor	3 ounces
White Beeswax	4 ounces
Lard	9 ounces
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (8696.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	4 ounces
Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (10,257.)

Camphor	2 ounces
White Beeswax	5 ounces
Spermaceti	3 ounces
Almond Oil	3 ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Camphor Ball. (1008.)

Oil of Cloves	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	1½ fl. drachms
Lard	18 ounces
White Beeswax	9 ounces

Mix.

Camphor Cake. (8527.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Spermaceti	½ ounce
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Almond Oil	3 ounces

Mix.

Camphor Ice. (10,258.)

White Wax	5 ounces
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	8 ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Camphor	2 ounces

Melt the wax and paraffins together on the water-bath, add the camphor, and, when the camphor has dissolved, the glycerin.

Camphor Ice. (10,259.)

White Beeswax	16 ounces
Almond Oil	16 fl. ounces
Spermaceti	16 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Camphor	3 ounces

Melt the wax, the oil, and the spermaceti together on the water-bath; add the glycerin and, when nearly cold, the flowers of camphor.

Camphor Ice. (8526.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Japan Wax	2 ounces
Prepared Lard	3 ounces

Mix.

Camphor Ice. (7081.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Hard Paraffin	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	3 ounces

Mix.

Camphorated Chalk. (2620.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	5 ounces

Mix.

Camphorated Chalk. (1096.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	7 ounces

Mix.

Camphorated Chalk. (9290.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	9 ounces

Mix.

Camphorated Chalk. (9586.)

Camphor, in powder	2 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	12 ounces

Mix.

Camphorated Rosemary and Borax Hair Wash Powder. (9609.)

Borax	120 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Oil of Rosemary	5 minims

Mix.

Canang Bouquet. (10,260.)

Oil of Ylang Ylang	45 minims
Musk	3 grains
Oil of Rose	15 minims
Three Tonquin Beans.	
Oil of Cassia	5 minims
Tincture of Orris	1 fl. ounce
Civet	1 grain
Essential Oil of Almonds	½ minim
Tincture of Storax	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cantharides Cream. (8708.)

Cantharides Plaster	1 ounce
Cucumber Paste	8 ounces
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cantharidin Hair Cream. (2676.)

Glycerin of Borax	1 fl. ounce
Almond Oil	6 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cantharides	15 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Quillaia	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Lime	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cantharidin Hair Cream. (7074.)

Cantharides Plaster	1 ounce
Brilliantine (No. 7073)	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Ammonia	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cantharidin Hair Wash. (9630.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Carbonate	240 grains
Blistering Liquid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Honey Water	20 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cantharidin Hair Wash. (2609.)

Synonym.—Dr. Rainey's Hair Wash.

Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cantharidin Hair Wash. (8748.)

Powdered Talc	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	17 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	9 fl. drachms
Sulphurous Acid	6½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	6½ fl. ounces
Honey Water	13 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Cantharidin and Jaborandi Hair Tonic. (5967.)

Alkanet Root	360 grains
Eau de Cologne	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Jaborandi	3 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	6 fl. ounces
Rose Water	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolated Glycerin Cream. (8109.)

Camphor, in powder	2 ounces
Phenol	180 grains
White Beeswax	4 ounces
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces
Olive Oil	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolic Dentifrice. (8528.)

Calcium Phosphate	16 ounces
Cuttle-fish Bone, in powder	2 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	2 ounces
Phenol	120 grains
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Mix.

Carbolic and Eucalyptus Tooth Powder. (8108.)

Cuttle-Fish Bone, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Phenol	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	14 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	160 minims

Mix.

Carbolic Mouth Wash. (2611.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Phenol	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Arnica	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Carbolic Mouth Wash. (9759.)

Synonym.—Tooth and Mouth Wash.

Phenol	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolic Rose Tooth Powder. (8132.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 ounce
Carmine	50 grains
Diatomaceous Earth	8 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Kaolin	8 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	2 ounces
Phenol	½ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Oil of Rose	15 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	30 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth and Mouth Wash. (5395.)

Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Tincture of Cudbear	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Krameria	20 minims
Tincture of Quillaia	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth Powder. (6380.)

Kaolin	1 pound
Rose Pink	½ ounce
Liquefied Phenol	288 minims

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth Powder. (9035.)

Cuttlefish Bone, in powder	1 ounce
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	1 pound
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Liquefied Phenol	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose Geranium	60 minims

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth Powder. (467.)

Phenol	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Glycerin of Carmine	40 minims
Oil of Geranium	8 minims
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	8 ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Carbolic Tooth Powder. (2701.)

Borax	1 ounce
Carmine	60 grains
Cuttle-fish Bone, in powder	3 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	4 ounces
Phenol	360 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	10 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	5 minims

Mix and Sift.

Carbolic Tooth Powder. (6153.)

Carmine	40 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	14 ounces
Pumice Stone, in powder	1½ ounces
Liquefied Phenol	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Geranium	10 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth Powder. (2500.)

Phenol	2 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	3 pounds
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 pound

Perfume, a sufficient quantity.
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth Powder. (10,261.)

Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Cuttle-fish bone, in powder	1 ounce
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	5 minims
Eucalyptol	5 minims
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Oil of Anise	2 minims

Mix.

Carbolic Tooth Powder. (9813.)

Orris Root, in powder	¼ pound
Phenol	2 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	1½ pounds
Prepared Chalk	1 pound
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces
Methyl Salicylate	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Carbolised Liquid Dentifrice. (9576.)

Phenol	60 grains
Quillaia Bark, in powder	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	5 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	20 minims
Sweet Solution of Rose	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carbolised Liquid Dentifrice. (9644.)

Eau de Cologne	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Phenol	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Carmelite Balm Water. (10,262.)

Oil of Balm	30 minims
Oil of Sweet Marjoram	3 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Angelica	3 minims
Oil of Citron	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Oil of Coriander	5 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	5 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Castor Oil Pomade. (10,263.)

Spermaceti	2½ ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Castor Oil	4 pints
Oil of Bergamot	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Verbena	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Turmeric	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cherry Tooth Paste. (10,264.)

Orris Root, in powder	2½ ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	1¼ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1¼ ounces
Boric Acid, in powder	1¼ ounces
Pumice, in powder	2½ ounces
Areca Nut, in powder	1¼ ounces
Carmine	60 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Clarified Honey	7½ ounces
Glycerin	1½ ounces

Cherry-laurel Water, 3 fl. ounces, or a sufficient quantity to make a paste.

Rub the carmine and the oils down with the precipitated calcium carbonate, mix in the other powders, and mass with the clarified honey, glycerin, and cherry-laurel water.

Cherry Tooth Paste. (8200.)

Alum	40 grains
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	½ ounce
Cochineal	120 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	3 ounces
Clarified Honey	5 ounces
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Mix.

Cherry Tooth Paste. (8603.)

Exsiccated Alum	240 grains
Areca Nut, in powder	3 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2 ounces
Cochineal, in powder	240 grains
Myrrh, in powder	240 grains
Orris Root, in powder	6 ounces
Potassium Carbonate, in powder	180 grains
Acid Potassium Tartrate, in powder	360 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	6 ounces
Clarified Honey	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	31 minims
Oil of Geranium	25 minims
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	15 minims
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Coco-nut Oil Pomade. (10,265.)

Coco-nut Oil	6 ounces
Castor Oil	2 pints
Oil of Orange	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Turmeric	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Cold Cream. (6938.)

White Beeswax	2 ounces
Borax, in powder	28 grains
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium, a sufficient quantity.	
Soft Paraffin, white	1 pound

Mix.

Cold Cream. (6300.)

Borax	180 grains
Lard	12 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	4 ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	15 minims

Mix.

Cold Cream. (5330.)

Borax	240 grains
Spermaceti	3 ounces
White Beeswax	3½ ounces
Almond Oil	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Geranium	40 minims
Rose Water	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold Cream. (6152.)

Borax	90 grains
White Beeswax	4 ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Paraffin	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	15 minims
Oil of Geranium	15 minims
Oil of Rose	10 minims

Mix.

Cold Cream. (5997.)

Borax	90 grains
Oil of Rose	20 minims
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	16 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Wool Fat	1½ ounces

Mix.

Cold Cream. (8447.)

Spermaceti	360 grains
White Beeswax	360 grains
Nut Oil	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	15 minims
Oil of Geranium	4 minims

Mix.

Cold Cream. (10,266.)

White Beeswax	¼ ounce
Spermaceti	2½ ounces
Almond Oil	2½ fl. ounces
Melt, remove from the source of heat, and add Rose Water	1½ fl. ounces

Beat until creamy, not until cold. When the cream begins to thicken, add a few drops of oil of rose.

Toilet Preparations.

Cold Cream. (2636.)

Borax	80 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	3½ fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	15 minims
Oil of Geranium	15 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Peach-kernel Oil	4½ fl. ounces
Lard	4 ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Cold Cream. (8545.)

Spermaceti	4½ ounces
White Beeswax	2½ ounces
Almond Oil	14 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	48 minims
Rose Water (triple)	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold Cream. (10,267.)

White Beeswax	6 ounces
Spermaceti	6 ounces
Almond Oil	5 pounds
Rose Water, undiluted	1 pound
Borax, in powder	30 grains
Oil of Rose	2½ drachms
Oil of Patchouly	5 minims

Dissolve the borax in the rose water, and melt together the white beeswax, spermaceti, and almond oil; pour the latter mixture into a warm mortar, and add the rose water and borax gradually, with constant trituration. Finally, add the oil of rose and patchouly, and stir constantly until cold.

Cold Cream. (10,268.)

White Beeswax	2 ounces
Spermaceti	2 ounces
Almond Oil	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, warm	4 fl. ounces
Borax	60 grains
Oil of Rose	20 minims

Melt the beeswax and spermaceti in the oil at as low a temperature as possible, and pour the mixture into a cold mortar; then add the water, in which the borax has previously been dissolved, pouring it in a steady stream into the middle of the oily mixture, without stirring. Mix thoroughly with the paste, and set aside for a few hours; then add the oil of rose, and triturate until smooth.

Cold Cream. (9585.)

White Beeswax	2 ounces
Borax	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Liquid Paraffin	16 fl. ounces
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces

Mix.

Cold Cream. (10,269.)

Lard	10 ounces
Spermaceti	120 grains
Distilled Water	4½ fl. ounces
Borax, in powder	60 grains
Otto of Roses	15 minims

Melt the spermaceti and lard together, make a solution of the borax in the water by aid of a little heat, and stir this assiduously with the oily liquid until cold; finally, add the otto of roses.

Toilet Preparations.

Cold Cream. (10,270.)

White Wax	150 ounces
Liquid Paraffin	600 fl. ounces
Borax	9 ounces
Water	240 fl. ounces
Oil of Geranium	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the wax in the oil on the water-bath. Dissolve the borax in the water separately. Bring both solutions to the same temperature, not exceeding 140° F. (60 C.), and pour the aqueous solution into the oil in a continuous stream. Stir gently for a minute or two, add the essential oils, and run while warm into suitable jars.

Cold Cream. (589.)

Soft Paraffin (white)	2 ounces
Spermaceti	2 ounces
Stearin	1 ounce
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Almond Oil	12 fl. ounces
Rose Water	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity to perfume suitably.	

Mix.

Cold Cream. (9543.)

White Beeswax	360 grains
Spermaceti	360 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, boiling	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold Cream. (78.)

Soft Paraffin, white	2 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Almond Oil	8 fl. ounces
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces
Borax, in powder	60 grains
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	

Melt the wax in the oil and dissolve the borax in the water by the aid of heat. When both solutions are at about the same temperature, add the aqueous solution gradually to the wax and oil, and stir continually until the mixture begins to stiffen. Pour into a slightly warmed mortar containing the soft paraffin, stirring continually, until mixed. Add, gradually, sufficient oil of rose to perfume suitably, and stir until cold.

Cold Cream. (1001.)

Borax	60 grains
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Liquid Paraffin	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Geranium	8 minims
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water, undiluted	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold Cream. (588.)

Spermaceti	1½ ounces
White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Almond Oil	7 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	8 minims
Rose Water (Triple)	7 fl. ounces
Wool Fat	2 ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Cold Cream. (8902.)

White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Spermaceti	1½ ounces
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Nut Oil	8 fl. ounces
Rose Water (triple)	5 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	8 ounces

Cold Cream of Roses. (10,271.)

Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Oil of Geranium	10 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Spermaceti	½ ounce
White Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Cold Cream of Roses. (2602.)

Borax	6 grains
Benzoated Lard	2½ ounces
Spermaceti	1½ ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	5 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cologne Hair Tonic. (10,272.)

Acetic Acid	7 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	20 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	7 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Complexion or Skin Lotion. (6280.)

Prepared Calamine	1½ ounces
Zinc Oxide in powder	3 ounces
Essence of White Rose	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	50 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Concentrated Red Oil for Colouring Toilet Oils.

Alkanet Root	2 ounces
Cotton Seed Oil	5 ounces

Reduce the alkanet root to coarse powder, and digest in the oil on the water-bath for twenty-four hours. Strain, press, and filter.

Cosmetic Cream. (10,273.)

Hard Soap	1 ounce
Rose Water	8 fl. ounces
Wool-fat	8 ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces

Shred the Castile soap and dissolve in the rose-water on a water-bath; then mix in a warm mortar with wool-fat and glycerin. When nearly cold perfume with a little jockey club.

Cowslip Perfume. (10,274.)

Oil of Bergamot	160 minims
Oil of Caraway	40 minims
Oil of Lavender	20 minims
Oil of Lemon	80 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Cream of Almonds, Rose and Cucumber. (8068.)

Cucumber Paste	80 ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cream of Lilies. (10,275.)

Zinc Oxide	720 grains
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	40 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Perfume	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Lime, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Creme de Nice. (6133.)

Tragacanth, in powder	560 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	80 minims
Oil of Geranium	80 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	30 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cremola. (2695.)

Salicylic Acid	6 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	500 grains
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	80 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	30 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	80 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cremolia. (8473.)

Tragacanth, in powder	540 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Geranium	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Orange-flower	30 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Croton Oil Pencils. (10,276.)

Croton Oil	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Theobroma	60 grains
White Beeswax	60 grains

Melt the oil of theobroma and wax together on a water-bath; then add the oil, cool, and pour into moulds.

Crystallised Cream. (10,277.)

Palm Oil	1 ounce
Spermaceti	3 ounces
Olive Oil	20 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	15 minims
Oil of Geranium	15 minims

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Crystal Pomade. (492.)

Spermaceti	2 ounces
Nut Oil	12 ounces

Perfume, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Crystalline Pomade. (4099.)

Spermaceti	4 ounces
Castor Oil	1 pound
Olive Oil	1 pound
Palm Oil	1 ounce

Perfume, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Crystallised Lime Cream. (10,278.)

Spermaceti	3 ounces
Olive Oil, bleached	21 ounces

Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity to perfume suitably.

Mix.

Crystallised Lime Cream. (9264.)

Spermaceti	3 ounces
Olive Oil	21 fl. ounces

Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Cucumber Cream. (8135.)

Green Oil	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Paraffin	9 fl. ounces

Perfume, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Cucumber Cream. (8412.)

Green Oil	1 ounce
Liquid Paraffin	9 ounces

Perfume, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Cucumber Emulsion. (10,279.)

Soap, shredded fine	1 ounce
Rose Water	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve on a water-bath, and transfer to a capacious warm mortar. Melt

Cucumber Pomade	2 ounces

and pour it, with constant stirring, into the warm soap solution, and transfer to a Winchester quart. Dissolve

Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Quillaia	1 fl. ounce

in

Rose Water	40 fl. ounces

and gradually add, with constant shaking, to the previous mixture. Lastly, add

Essence of Jockey Club	2 fl. ounces

Shake well at intervals for three hours, let it stand for twenty-four hours, then again agitate for ten minutes.

Depilatory. (10,280.)

Barium Sulphide (freshly prepared)	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces

Mix. A little of the powder is made into a paste with water, smeared thickly over the affected part, and after a few minutes the preparation should be scraped off with a blunt knife, and the skin washed and dried.

Depilatory. (10,281.)

Barium Sulphide, in fine powder	2 ounces
Starch	5 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce

For use make into a thin paste with water, apply to the part from which the hair is to be removed; after five minutes, scrape off with a blunt knife.

Toilet Preparations.

Dermolline. (9796.)

Castor Oil	24 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Honey Water	6 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	$3\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounces

Mix.

Dusting Powder. (4653.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	2 ounces
Starch	4 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Eau de Bouche. (5517.)

Benzoic Acid	360 grains
Gluside	60 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Krameria	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eau de Cologne. (10,282.)

Oil of Rosemary	10 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	25 minims
Oil of Orange	20 minims
Oil of Cedrat	25 minims
Oil of Bergamot	15 minims
Oil of Cloves	3 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eau de Cologne. (10,283.)

Musk	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	10 minims
Oil of Bergamot	120 minims
Oil of Lemon	60 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	50 minims
Oil of Rose	20 minims
Oil of Rosemary	60 minims
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eau de Cologne. (9124.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Orange-flower	20 minims
Oil of Rosemary	15 minims
Oil of Thyme	6 minims
Orange-flower Water (triple)	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Eau de Cologne (Second Quality). (10,284.)

Oil of Rosemary	15 minims
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	15 minims
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Oil of Orange	20 minims
Orange-flower Water	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Eau Dentifrice. (6664.)

Quillaia Bark, in No. 20 powder	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	10 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	5 minims
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Orange-flower Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eau Dentifrice. (10,285.)

Benzoic Acid	240 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Tincture of Cinnamon	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eau de Quinine. (10,286.)

Cudbear	1 grain
Quinine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	$1\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eau de Quinine. (6893.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinchona	3 fl. ounces
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Perfume	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eau de Quinine. (2219.)

Benzoic Acid	20 grains
Quinine Sulphate	40 grains
Zinc Sulphate	40 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Elder-Flower Cream. (96.)

Wool Fat	10 ounces
Elder-flower Water (triple)	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Geranium	40 minims
Oil of Sandal Wood	40 minims

Mix.

Elder-Flower Cream. (6569.)

Borax, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	240 grains
Cucumber Paste	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Essence of Millefleurs	2 fl. drachms
Elder-flower Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Emollient. (9607.)

Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	12 minims
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emollient Cream. (1987.)

Bismuth Oxychloride	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Liquefied Phenol	80 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	60 minims
Soft Paraffin, white	3 ounces
Wool Fat	5 ounces

Mix.

Emollient Cream. (762.)

Oleic Acid	30 minims
Oil of Cajuput	1½ fl. drachms
Zinc Oleate	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	12 ounces
Wool Fat	6 ounces.
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emollient Cream for the Skin. (9656.)

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Hard Paraffin	5 ounces
Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces
Wool Fat	1 pound
Soft Paraffin, white	2 pounds

Mix.

Emollient Fluid. (2808.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Essence of Bouquet	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 pints

Mix.

Emollient for the Hands. (2713.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. drachms
Glycerin	7½ fl. ounces
Rose Water	15 fl. drachms
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Emollient Skin Cream. (10,287.)

Lard	1 pound
Soft Paraffin	10 ounces
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Carbolic Acid	40 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	40 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims

Melt the soft paraffin on a water-bath, and add the carbolic acid, then pour the mixture on the zinc oxide in a mortar, and rub down to a smooth cream. Next, melt the lard and add to the mixture, stirring constantly. When nearly cold add the oil and otto.

Toilet Preparations.

Erasmus Wilson's Hair Lotion. (6869.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Honey Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Erasmus Wilson's Hair Lotion. (6865.)

Almond Oil	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Lavender	20 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Honey Water	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. drachms

Mix.

Erasmus Wilson's Hair Lotion. (5528.)

Almond Oil	½ fl. ounce
Honey Water	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Erasmus Wilson's Hair-wash. (572.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Lavender Water	½ fl. ounce
Orange-flower Water	½ fl. ounce
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Erasmus Wilson's Hair-wash. (573.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Honey Water	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Erasmus Wilson's Hair Wash. (2771.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary (1 in 30)	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. drachm
Honey Water	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Erasmus Wilson's Hair Wash. (10,288.)

Spirit of Rosemary	2 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Honey Water	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Shake the oil with the ammonia and add the other two ingredients, shaking well to emulsify.

Essence of White Heliotrope. (10,289.)

Heliotrope	1 drachm
Essence of Jasmine	4 ounces
Oil of Ylang-Ylang	5 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Essence of Tuberose	1 ounce
Oil of Lignaloe	5 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Eucalia Cream. (7062.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2¾ ounces
Menthol	6 grains
Thymol	48 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	36 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	36 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	24 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	6 ounces
Soft Paraffin	18 ounces
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eucalia Mouth Wash. (7061.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Menthol	6 grains
Thymol	38 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	30 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	30 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	25 minims
Tincture of Baptisia (1 in 10)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eucalyptus Cream for the Skin. (5983.)

Zinc Oxide, in fine powder	1 ounce
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Glycerin	8 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Eucalyptus Toilet Vinegar. (9537.)

Borax	60 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 pints
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Essence of Ylang Ylang	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix.

Extract of Roses and Quinine Hair Lotion. (9811.)

Saffron	5 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint
Essence of Jockey Club	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin of Borax	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Quinine	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	25 fl. ounces
Rose Water	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	84 fl. ounces

Mix.

Face Lotion. (8042.)

Glycerin of Borax	3 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Cherry Laurel Water	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Foaming Liquid Dentifrice. (9955.)

Phenol	1½ ounces
Quillaia Bark, bruised	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	20 minims
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix, macerate and filter.

Frangipanni Bouquet. (10,290.)

Musk	10 grains
Oil of Sandal Wood	25 minims
Oil of Rose	25 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	30 minims
Oil of Vetivert	5 minims
Orris Root, in powder	½ ounce
Vanilla	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycema Cream. (6896.)

Tragacanth, in powder	1¾ ounces
Glycerin	13 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Geranium	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Orange-flower	45 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	76 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin Balm. (8554.)

Tragacanth, in powder	330 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose-Geranium	50 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin Camphor Ice. (10,291.)

Stearin	8 ounces
Prepared Lard	10 ounces
White Wax	5 ounces
Spermaceti	5 ounces
Glycerin of Boric Acid	1 ounce
Camphor	2 ounces

Melt the stearine, lard, white wax, and spearmaceti on the water-bath; add the glycerin of boric acid. Remove from the water-bath and stir in the camphor.

Glycerin and Cucumber. (7019.)

Benzoated Lard	4 ounces
Soft Soap	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Geranium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Glycerin and Cucumber. (2610.)

Cucumber Paste	8 ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Orangeflower Water (triple)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	19 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Cucumber. (6570.)

Cucumber Paste	8 ounces
Distilled Water	34 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Cucumber. (8066.)

Bitter Almonds	1 ounce
Sweet Almonds	5 ounces
Hard Soap	240 grains
Spermaceti	60 grains
White Beeswax	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	4 fl. drachms
Essence of Lily of the Valley	2 fl. drachms
Essence of Ylang Ylang	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Juice of Cucumbers	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	20 minims
Spirit of Nutmeg (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Cucumber. (10,292.)

Bismuth Oxychloride	180 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	180 grains
Glycerin	7½ fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Benzoin	10 fl. drachms
Rose Water (triple)	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Cucumber. (6138.)

Cucumber Pomade	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Essential Oil of Almonds	3 minims
Oil of Bergamot	40 minims
Distilled Water	31 ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Cucumber Cream. (8923.)

Borax, in powder	240 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	150 grains
Cucumber Soap	1 ounce
Cucumber Pomade	1 ounce
Exhaust Pomade	3 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 ounce
Glycerin	3¾ fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	63 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Cucumber Cream. (2217.)

Cucumber Pomade	3 ounces
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Glycerin of Cucumber. (10,293.)

Hard Soap	1 ounce
Cucumber Pomade	2 ounces
Tincture of Quillaia	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Borax	8 ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, warm	6 pints

Shred the soap and dissolve it in one pint of the water on the water-bath; add the tincture of quillaia. Melt the cucumber pomade and place it in a capacious hot mortar. Pour in the hot soap solution; mix thoroughly and gradually the rest of the water, to which the glycerin of borax has been added. Stir until cold, set aside for twelve hours, then again agitate well, after adding the perfume.

Glycerin and Honey Jelly. (2939.)

Boric Acid	240 grains
Clarified Honey	6 ounces
Gelatin	1½ ounces
Glycerin	36 fl. ounces
Rose Water	36 fl. ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Saffron	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Glycerin and Honey Jelly. (6270.)

Boric Acid	½ ounce
Clarified Honey	6 ounces
Gelatin	1½ ounces
Glycerin	36 fl. ounces
Rose Water	36 fl. ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Saffron	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Glycerin Jelly. (6561.)

Gelatin	240 grains
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces
Glycerin	16 ounces
Oil of Rose	4 minims

Mix.

Glycerin Jelly. (8113.)

Gelatin	¼ ounce
Starch, in powder	2 ounces
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Essence of Bouquet (triple)	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Glycerin Jelly. (8558.)

Gelatin	1 ounce
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces
Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	16 minims

Mix.

Glycerin Jelly. (1000.)

Borax	120 grains
Gelatin	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.	
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Glycerin Jelly. (1002.)

Boric Acid	90 grains
Gelatin	240 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix

Glycerin Jelly. (10,294.)

Gelatin	½ ounce
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Essence of Jockey Club	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Calendula	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the gelatin in five ounces of the rose water and the glycerin with a gentle heat. Add the rest of the water, the tincture, and the perfume, and pour while warm into suitable wide-mouth bottles.

Glycerin and Lime Cream.

Nut Oil	16 ounces
Oil of Lemon	90 minims
Oil of Geranium	20 minims
Saccharated Solution of Lime	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Lime Cream. (8677.)

Borax, in powder	192 grains
Soft Soap	390 grains
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	24 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	15 minims
Saccharated Solution of Lime	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Glycerin and Lime Cream. (8901.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	4 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Rose Water (triple)	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Lime Cream. (9287.)

Hard Soap	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	32 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	25 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot Oil of Lemon	of each a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Lime Cream. (10,296.)

Hard Soap	1 ounce
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	32 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	25 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot Oil of Lemon	of each a sufficient quantity to perfume suitably.

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Glycerin and Lime Cream. (1972.)

Hard Soap, in powder	360 grains
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Nut Oil	15 fl ounces
Solution of Lime	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Lime Cream. (9335.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	4 fl. drachms
Nut Oil	40 fl. ounces
Oil of Verbena	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Lime	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Marigold. (7067.)

Boric Acid, in powder	120 grains
Tragacanth, a sufficient quantity.	
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Essence of Opoponax	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Calendula	8 fl. ounces
Rose Water	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Milk of Cucumber. (9807.)

Cucumber Paste	½ pound
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	80 minims
Distilled Water	34 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Rose Water. (10,297.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin and Zinc Cream. (8571.)

Cold Cream	10 ounces
Zinc Ointment	6 ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	15 minims
Almond Oil, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Glycerol-Thymol. (10,298.)

Thymol	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	25 fl. ounces
Glycerin	25 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the thymol in the alcohol, then add the glycerin and sufficient water to make five hundred ounces by weight.

Hair-Curling Fluid. (10,299.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12½ fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Benzoin	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair-Curling Liquid. (10,300.)

Ammonium Carbonate	4 drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	43 drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Moisten the hair thoroughly with a little of the liquid and adjust lightly; it will curl as it dries. The best results are obtained if the hair be first washed with a little soft soap and water containing a few drachms of solution of ammonia.

Toilet Preparations.

Hair Lotion. (9810.)

Dr. Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6½ fl. drachms
Almond Oil	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	320 minims
Spirit of Rosemary	96 minims
Honey Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Lotion. (10,301.)

Sir Erasmus Wilson's Formula.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	80 minims
Olive Oil	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Lotion. (10,302.)

Synonym.—Erasmus Wilson's Hair Wash.

Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Bay Rum	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Orange-flower Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Lotion. (8481.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	60 minims
Spirit of Rosemary	12 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Lotion. (8065.)

Dr. Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary (B.P. 1867)	2 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Eau de Cologne, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Lotion. (9958.)

Dr. Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.

Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	9 minims
Olive Oil	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Honey Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Lotion. (6242.)

Almond Oil	25 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	10 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Hair Lotion. (9572.)

Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Honey Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Lotion. (9333.)

Dr. Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.

Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Nut Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Producer. (1097.)

Vinegar of Cantharides	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Ethiops Mineral	20 grains
Oil of Bergamot	20 minims
Olive Oil	4 fl. drachms
Lard	2 drachms
Yellow Beeswax	2 drachms

Mix.

Apply a small quantity of the solution every third morning. Apply the ointment every night for a week.

Hair Renewer. (8033.)

Lead Acetate	200 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	100 grains
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	34 minims
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Renovator. (2671.)

Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (9332.)

Dr. Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.

Lead Acetate	200 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	2 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (8747.)

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	120 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	2½ fl. drachms
Lavender Water	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Hair Restorer. (10,093.)

Calcareous Precipitated Sulphur	180 grains
Lead Acetate	120 grains
Canella Bark, in powder	10 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity	

Mix intimately the sulphur, lead acetate, and canella bark; then rub up the mixed powders with the glycerin, and gradually add sufficient water to make eight fluid ounces

Hair Restorer. (5421.)

Lead Acetate	60 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (5961.)

Lead Acetate	60 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	240 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Geranium	5 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (6613.)

Lead Acetate	225 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	285 grains
Glycerin	7 fl. drachms
Rose Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix, and dilute with seven volumes of distilled water.

Hair Restorer. (6315.)

Oil of Rosemary	20 minims
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Lavender Water	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (6180.)

Lead Acetate	380 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	600 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (5415.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	25 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Cantharides	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (8542.)

Glycerin of Borax	4 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. drachms
Rosemary Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Hair Restorer. (6903.)

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	180 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Perfume	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (1145.)

Lead Acetate	90 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	120 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (1321.)

Lead Acetate	3¼ ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	3¼ ounces
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Rose Water	120 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	192 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (2112.)

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	90 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rose	3 minims
Tincture of Cantharides	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (9029.)

Lead Acetate	60 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Sodium Chloride	120 grains
Bay Rum	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Jamaica Rum	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (6551.)

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	180 grains
Essence of Bouquet	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Rum	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (5972.)

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	120 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Restorer. (6725.)

Castor Oil	3 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	5 fl. ounces
Perfume	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Hair Tonic. (9579.)

Essence of Stephanotis	30 minims
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Tonic. (5920.)

Soft Soap	60 grains
Spirit of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Tonic. (342.)

Rainey's Formula.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Aromatic Vinegar	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Cantharides	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Hair Tonic. (8028.)

Olive Oil	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Perfume	3 fl. drachms
Rum	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Tonic. (1945.)

Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Tonic. (8690.)

Castor Oil	4 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (1017.)

Prescribed by Dr. Heron Watson.

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Elder-flower Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (3222.)

Erasmus Wilson's Formula.

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Hair Wash. (1349.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Lavender Water	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (10,303.)

Aromatic Vinegar	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Essence of Jockey Club	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Saffron	1 fl. drachm
Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (6665.)

Glycerin of Borax	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Hair Wash. (6899.)

(Erasmus Wilson's Prescription).

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Honey Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (5973.)

Wilson's Formula.

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Honey Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (5933.)

Acetic Acid	3 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	12 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces
Saffron, a sufficient quantity to colour.	
Orange-flower Water	25 fl. ounces
Rose Water	25 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (5975.)

Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (6342.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Bay Rum, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Hair Wash. (7087.)

Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.

Almond Oil	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Honey Water	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (6181.)

Glycerin of Borax	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (340.)

Sir Erasmus Wilson's Formula.

Honey Water	15 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	15 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (8854.)

Saffron, a sufficient quantity.	
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Eau de Cologne	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash. (9523.)

Salicylic Acid	80 grains
Quillaia Bark	16 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling, a sufficient quantity to produce	95 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hair Wash Powder. (5455.)

Borax, in powder	24 ounces
Camphor	3 ounces
Potassium Carbonate, in powder	6 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4½ fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	4½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Hair Wash Powder. (4101.)

Borax	6 ounces
Camphor	60 grains
Oil of Rosemary	45 minims

Mix.

Hamamelis Cream. (9002.)

Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Neroli	6 minims
Soft Paraffin, white	1 ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Headache Cologne. (9750.)

Menthol	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Honey Cream. (6006.)

Salicylic Acid	10 grains
Heliotropin	15 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Liquid Paraffin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 ounces

Mix.

Honey and Glycerin Cream. (10,304.)

Clarified Honey	1 ounce
Glycerin	5 ounces
Hydrous Wool-fat	1½ ounces
White Soft Paraffin	4½ ounces

Mix the wool-fat with the soft paraffin, and the glycerin with the honey; then incorporate the whole.

Honey Water. (571.)

Borax, in powder	1 ounce
Clarified Honey	5 ounces
Orange-flower Water	20 fl. ounces
Rose Water	60 fl. ounces
Rum	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Quillaia	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Honey Water. (9118.)

Oil of Bergamot	5 minims
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Oil of Sandal Wood	5 minims
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix.

Iodised Jelly. (8560.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	600 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Iranian Essence. (10,305.)

Oil of Bergamot	20 minims
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Oil of Sandal Wood	30 minims
Essential Oil of Almonds	15 minims
Oil of Rose	25 minims
Musk	5 grains
Coumarin	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Iridia. (10,306.)

Coumarin	10 grains
Concentrated Rose Water (1=40)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Neroli	5 minims
Vanilla	60 grains
Essential Oil of Almonds	5 minims
Civet	1 grain
Ambergris	3 grains
Orris Root, in powder	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Jaborandi, Cantharidin, and Quinine Hair Wash. (9433.)

Bay Rum	6 fl. drachms
Eau de Cologne	8 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Jaborandi	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Jaborandi Hair Tonic. (5962.)

Borax	5 grains
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Jaborandi	4 fl. drachms
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Jaborandi Hair Tonic. (8037.)

Bay Rum	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Blistering Liquid	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinchona	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Jaborandi	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Jaborandi Hair Tonic. (10,307.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Tincture of Jaborandi	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Eau de Cologne	2 fl. ounces
Bay Rum	2 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the quinine in the rose water with a few drops of diluted sulphuric acid, then add the other ingredients and filter.

Javanese Bouquet. (10,308.)

Oil of Rose	15 minims
Oil of Pimento	20 minims
Oil of Cassia	3 minims
Oil of Neroli	3 minims
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Lavender	60 minims
Oil of Sandal Wood	10 minims
Musk	2 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Jockey Club (Binnie). (10,309.)

Oil of Cassia	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	30 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	4 fl. drachms
Orris Root, in powder	180 grains
Essence of Jockey Club (Bertram)	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	14 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix, digest and filter.

Lanoline Toilet Cream. (7023.)

Zinc Oxide, in powder	10 ounces
Phenol	2½ ounces
White Beeswax	20 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	60 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	60 ounces
Almond Oil	30 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Lano-Zinc Cream. (9020.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Zinc Oleate	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	8 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	4 ounces
Oil of Geranium	20 minims

Mix.

Lapis Divinus. (10,310.)

Synonym.—Cuprum Aluminatum.

Copper Sulphate Potassium Nitrate Alum	of each 50 grains
Camphor	1 grain

Fuse the first three ingredients in a glazed earthen crucibl and add the camphor near the end of the process.

Lavender Flower Water. (10,311.)

Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Oil of Cassia	15 minims
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	1 fl. drachm
Orris Root, in powder	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix, digest and filter.

Lavender Water. (9545.)

Musk	3 grains
Oil of Bergamot	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lavender Water. (8668.)

Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose Geranium	40 minims
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Orange-flower Water (triple)	6 fl. ounces
Rose Water (triple)	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Lavender Water. (77.)

Oil of Lavender (Mitcham)	3½ fl. ounces
Essence of Bergamot	1 fl. ounce
Essence of Musk	4 fl. drachms
Tonquin Beans	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6½ pints

Crush the Tonquin beans and add to the other ingredients, previously mixed. Allow to stand for a few days, with occasional agitation, then add—

Distilled Water	1½ pints

and, after shaking well, put aside for some weeks before filtering.

Lavender Water. (10,312.)

Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rhodium	5 minims
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Ambergris	5 grains
Musk	1½ grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lavender Water. (8308.)

Oil of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Musk	2 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water	4 fl. ounces
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lavender Water. (8307.)

Essence of Ambergris	4 fl. drachms
Essence of Musk	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water	8 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ pints

Mix.

Lavender Water. (10,313.)

Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lead Acetate Hair Dye. (10,314.)

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Sodium Thiosulphate	1 ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lily Cream. (9520.)

Salicylic Acid	396 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	560 grains
Zinc Oxide	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	80 minims
Oil of Geranium	80 minims
Oil of Neroli	30 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Lime Cream. (10,315.)

Nut Oil	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	15 fl. ounces
Saccharated Solution of Lime	1 fl. ounce

Emulsify by agitation and add—

Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Bergamot	15 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	2 minims
Oil of Cassia	2 minims

Mix.

Lime Cream. (9475.)

Almond Oil	24 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	20 minims
Oil of Lemon	20 minims
Saccharated Solution of Lime	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lime Cream. (5986.)

Borax	½ ounce
Hard Soap	½ ounce
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	52 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Lime Cream. (2616.)

Borax	360 grains
Almond Oil	28 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Lime	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Potash	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Lime Cream. (2169.)

Borax	60 grains
Nut Oil	22 ounces
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lime Cream. (6158.)

Borax, in powder	80 grains
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	40 minims
Oil of Geranium	10 minims
Oil of Lemon	80 minims
Solution of Potash	5 fl. drachms

Mix.

Lime Cream. (6004.)

Glycerin	5 minims
Almond Oil	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Solution of Lime	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Lime Cream. (2642.)

Borax	80 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Peachkernel Oil	2 fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Lime Cream. (5320.)

Almond Oil	6 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	50 minims
Oil of Lemon	100 minims
Saccharated Solution of Lime	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Borax	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Lime, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lime Cream. (336.)

Nut Oil	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Lime	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lime Cream. (74.)

Almond Oil	1½ pounds
Solution of Potash	1¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	¼ fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Add four-fifths of the solution of potash to the oil, shake thoroughly, then add the water gradually, shaking after each addition. Next, add the remainder of the solution of potash, shake well, then add the oil of lemon, and again shake thoroughly.

Lime Cream and Glycerin. (383.)

Borax, in powder	240 grains
Nut Oil	2 pounds
Oil of Bergamot	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	3 minims
Saccharated Solution of Lime	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Lime	1½ pounds

Mix.

Lime Juice and Glycerin. (5526.)

Almond Oil	20 fl. ounces
Saccharated Solution of Lime	2½ fl. drachms
Solution of Lime	20 fl. ounces
Perfume	135 minims

Mix.

Lime Juice and Glycerin. (8849.)

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	46 fl. ounces
Saccharated Solution of Lime	6 fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Solution of Lime	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Limes and Glycerin. (9452.)

Glycerin	2¼ fl. ounces
Almond Oil	12 fl. ounces
Saccharated Solution of Lime	1½ fl. ounces
Lime Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liniment for Freckles. (10,316.)

Liniment of Lime	8 ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 ounce

Mix.

Linimentum Crinale. (10,317.)

Cantharidin	1 grain
Acetic Ether	6 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Lavender	15 minims

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Lining Pencils for Theatricals. (10,318.)

Stearin	1 ounce
Finely Powdered Plumbago	1 ounce
Prepared Suet	2 ounces

Melt the fats, add the plumbago, and run into glass tube moulds.

Lip Salve. (8474.)

Alkanet Root	360 grains
Spermaceti	1 ounce
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Almond Oil	8 fl. ounces
Expressed Oil of Mace	240 grains
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose Geranium	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Lip Salve. (8651.)

Alkanet Root	1½ ounces
Ceresin	3 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Almond Oil	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	30 minims

Mix.

Lip Salve. (1199.)

Alkanet Root, bruised	½ ounce
Balsam of Peru	1½ fl. drachms
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	1½ fl. ounces
Almond Oil	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lip Salve. (6202.)

Alkanet Root	2 ounces
White Beeswax	4½ ounces
Almond Oil	12 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Lip Salve. (6323.)

Spermaceti	3 ounces
White Beeswax	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	16 ounces
Oil of Rose	30 minims
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour.	

Mix.

Lip Salve. (6685.)

White Beeswax	3 ounces
Spermaceti	1 ounce
Almond Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Geranium	30 minims
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Lip Salve. (6955.)

Alkanet Root	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	5 ounces
Balsam of Peru	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Lip Salve. (2165.)

Alkanet Root	120 grains
Almond Oil	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	6 minims
White Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Lip Salve. (1967.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1½ ounces
Carmine	60 grains
Hard Paraffin	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	8 ounces

Mix.

Lip Salve. (2113.)

Carmine	15 grains
Rose Water, triple	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	15 minims
Oil of Geranium	30 minims
Oil of Rose	15 minims
Soft Paraffin	2½ ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Lip Salve. (9073.)

Carmine	10 grains
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Boric Acid Ointment	2 ounces

Mix.

Lip Salve. (9342.)

White Beeswax	1 ounce
Carmine	10 grains
Spermaceti	½ ounce
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Soft Paraffin, white	3 ounces

Mix.

Lip Salve. (10,319.)

Lard	4 ounces
White Wax	2 ounces
Spermaceti	1 ounce
Almond Oil	2 ounces
Carmine	16 grains
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms

Triturate the carmine with the solution of potash, and add it to the other ingredients, previously melted together on a water-bath. On cooling, pour the mixture into suitable moulds or pots.

Lip Salve. (9802.)

White Beeswax	4 ounces
Almond Oil	8 fl. ounces
Spermaceti	½ ounce

Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Mix.

Lip Salve. (9061.)

Balsam of Peru	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose	9 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	12 minims
Spermaceti	360 grains
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Almond Oil (coloured)	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Lip Salve. (10,320.)

Balsam of Peru	25 minims
Spermaceti	4 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Olive Oil, coloured with Alkanet Root	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	8 minims
Oil of Bergamot	10 minims
Oil of Cloves	6 minims
Essence of Millefleurs	10 minims
Essence of Musk	10 minims
Aromatic Acetic Acid	10 minims

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Liquid Dentifrice. (5370.)

Synonym.—Saludonto.

Hard Soap	160 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	5 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Liquid Dentifrice. (8273.)

Quillaia Bark	½ ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	24 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	30 minims
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	3½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	4 fl. ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liquid Dentifrice and Mouth Wash. (5932.)

Gluside	10 grains
Quillaia Bark, crushed	2 ounces
Phenol	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	5 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	5 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	5 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	5 minims
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Locock's Hair Wash. (5536.)

Expressed Oil of Mace	420 grains
Olive Oil	3½ fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	84 minims
Solution of Ammonia	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	3½ fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotion for Chapped Hands. (2799.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Fuller's Earth	½ ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Essence of Jockey Club	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix and filter

Lotion for the Hair. (10,321.)

Quinine Hydrochloride	24 grains
Bay Rum	3 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Jaborandi, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Lotion for the Hair. (8570.)

Sir Erasmus Wilson's Prescription.

Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Oil of Rosemary	10 minims
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Eau de Cologne, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Marrow Oil. (10,322.)

Yellow Beeswax	180 grains
Golden Oil	3½ fl. ounces
Palm Oil	80 grains
Oil of Rose Oil of Verbena	of each a sufficient quantity to perfume suitably.

Mix.

Marrow Oil. (9265.)

Golden Oil	21 fl. ounces
Palm Oil	1 ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Yellow Beeswax	2¼ ounces

Mix.

Marrow Pomade. (6000.)

Wool Fat	2 ounces
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	12 ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Marrow Pomade. (10,323.)

Beef Marrow	6 ounces
Almond Oil	3 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose	8 minims
Oil of Lignaloe	2 minims
Oil of Lavender	5 minims

Melt the marrow on the water-bath in the oil; when nearly cold add the perfume.

Menthol Tooth Powder. (6371.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	10 ounces
Cuttle-Fish Bone, in powder	1 ounce
Menthol	60 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Wintergreen, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Milk of Roses. (9521.)

Bitter Almonds	2 ounces
Sweet Almonds	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Spermaceti	180 grains
White Beeswax	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	5 minims
Oil of Rose	20 minims
Distilled Water	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Moss Rose Tablet. (8968.)

Wax	12 ounces
Liquid Paraffin	4 ounces
Perfume	½ ounce
Lard	20 ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Mouth Wash. (1212.)

Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Chlorinated Soda	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mouth Wash. (9518.)

Anise Fruit, bruised	160 grains
Cinnamon Bark, bruised	160 grains
Cloves, bruised	160 grains
Cochineal, bruised	80 grains
Salol	400 grains
Oil of Peppermint	80 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	33½ fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Mouth Wash. (8898.)

Potassium Iodide	1 ounce
Tannic Acid	8 ounces
Tincture of Iodine	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	5 fl. ounces
Rose Water	200 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mouth Wash. (9386.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Lavender Water, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mouth Wash. (9343.)

Phenol	120 grains
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Munro Tooth Powder. (10,324.)

Cuttlefish Bone, in powder	240 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	8 ounces
Gluside	20 grains
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims

Mix.

Munro Tooth Powder. (9266.)

Cuttlefish Bone, in powder	½ ounce
Gluside	5 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims

Mix.

Myrrh, Borax, and Cologne. (6128.)

Glycerin of Borax	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Lavender	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Myrrh, Borax, and Eau de Cologne. (5228.)

Eau de Cologne	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Myrrh and Cologne Water Mouth Wash. (10,326.)

Oil of Bergamot	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	150 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	40 minims
Oil of Bitter Orange	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Myrrh	6 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water	12 fl. ounces

Add the oils to the tincture, then dilute with the orange-flower water. Filter through powdered pumice stone after setting aside for twelve hours.

Naismith's Tooth Powder. (10,327.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Rose Pink	54 grains

Mix.

Neroline. (9062.)

Borax	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Orange-flower	6 minims
Oil of Rose	2 minims
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Non-Greasy Hair Tonic. (9580.)

Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Orange-flower	5 minims
Oil of Rose	3 minims
Tincture of Cantharides	12 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Non-separating Brilliantine.

Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Essence of Jockey Club	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Nutritive Hair Restorer. (6667.)

Lead Acetate	30 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	120 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Orris Tincture.

Orris Root, in powder	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces

Macerate seven days, filter, and percolate residue with alcohol, sufficient to produce twenty ounces of tincture.

Paste for Chapped Hands. (2086.)

Boric Acid, in powder	4 ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	40 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	4 fl. drachms
Benzoated Lard	31 ounces
Wool Fat	5 ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Patchouly Extract.

Oil of Patchouly	60 minims
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Oil of Limetta	5 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Perfume Spray for Ball Room.

Terebene	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. ounces
Terpineol	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Lignaloe	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Spray over the room with an atomiser, as high as possible in the air, before any lights are lit.

Petroleum and Cantharidin Pomade. (2729.)

Oil of Lavender	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	½ fl. drachm
Strong Tincture of Cantharides (1 in 8)	4 fl. ounces
Hard Paraffin	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	2 pounds

Mix.

Pilocarpine Hair Lotion. (10,328.)

Pilocarpine Nitrate	2 grains
Quinine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Pimple Wash. (9530.)

Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Mercuric Iodide	10 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	5 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Saffron, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pot Pourri.

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	120 grains
Coriander Fruit, in powder	240 grains
Lavender Flowers, in powder	240 grains
Mace, in powder	240 grains
Musk, in powder	16 grains
Orris Root, in powder	240 grains
Red Rose Petals, in powder	240 grains
Sweet Flag, in powder	240 grains
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cloves	5 minims
Oil of Lavender	10 minims

Mix.

Potassium Chlorate Tooth Paste.

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	90 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	15 ounces
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	15 ounces
Cuttle-fish Bone, in powder	15 ounces
Solution of Carmine	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Ylang-Ylang	½ fl. ounce
Syrupy Glucose	25 fl. ounces
Menthol	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to make a paste.	

Mix.

Quinine and Cantharidin Hair Wash. (9671.)

Cantharides, in powder	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Essence of Vanilla	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine Tooth Powder. (2502.)

Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	30 ounces
Quinine	60 grains
Red Cinchona Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Geranium	30 minims

Mix.

Remedy for Dandruff. (10,329.)

Potassium Carbonate	60 grains
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinchona	1 fl. ounce
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Water, to	8 fl. ounces

Rose Dentifrice. (8529.)

Cuttle-Fish Bone, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	1 ounce
Orris Root, in powder	3 ounces
Prepared Chalk	12 ounces
Rose Pink	3 ounces
Essence of Musk	60 minims
Oil of Rose	30 minims

Mix.

Rose Dentifrice. (10,330.)

Carmine	16 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Orris Root, in powder	2 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose	12 minims

Mix.

Rose Glycerin. (76.)

Glycerin	¼ pound
Boric Acid, in powder	¼ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	¼ fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Essence of Bouquet	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	1 minim
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Dissolve the acid in the water, add the liquid cochineal and glycerin, then add the alcohol and perfumes, previously mixed. After shaking thoroughly, allow to stand for some days, then filter until perfectly bright.

Rose Lip Salve. (9767.)

Almond Oil	3 fl. ounces
Spermaceti	1 ounce
Balsam of Peru	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose Geranium	20 minims
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably	
White Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Rose Lip Salve. (1003.)

Almond Oil	6 ounces
Spermaceti	3 ounces
White Beeswax	3 ounces
Oil of Rose	60 minims
Alkanet Root, bruised	3 ounces

Melt the spermaceti and white beeswax; add the almond oil and alkanet root; digest for an hour over a water-bath; strain, and, when nearly cold, add the oil of rose.

Rose Lip Salve. (9257.)

Alkanet Root	3 ounces
Spermaceti	3 ounces
White Beeswax	3 ounces
Almond Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	1 fl. drachm

Mix and strain.

Rose Lip Salve. (6154.)

Alkanet Root	180 grains
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Oil of Geranium	10 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Oil of Theobroma	1½ ounces

Mix.

Rose Lip Salve. (5346.)

Alkanet Root	60 grains
Spermaceti	½ ounce
White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Almond Oil	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose.	24 minims

Mix.

Rose Powder. (9570.)

Boric Acid, in powder	5 ounces
Starch, in powder	5 ounces
Oil of Rose	2 minims

Mix.

Rose Tooth Powder. (10,331.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	4 ounces
Cuttle-fish Bone, in powder	1 ounce
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Carmine	10 grains
Oil of Rose	6 minims

Rub the carmine with a little of the chalk, add a few dro of solution of ammonia, continuing the trituration until ammoniacal odour has disappeared. Then mix in the otl ingredients, adding the otto last.

Rose Tooth Powder. (2501.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	24 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	30 minims
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Rose Tooth Powder. (9933.)

Carmine	4 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	8 ounces
Spirit of Roses	30 minims

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Roseline Cream. (6288.)

Synonym.—Lana Cream.

Zinc Oleate	180 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	8 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	4 ounces
Liquefied Phenol	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Rose-Geranium	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Rosemary, Camphor, and Borax Powder. (10,332.)

Camphor	30 grains
Oil of Rosemary	10 minims
Oil of Myrcia acris	4 minims
Powdered Borax	1 ounce

Mix; wrap in waxed paper.

Rosemary and Camphor Hair Wash. (9272.)

Synonym.—Borax Hair Wash.

Borax, in powder	1 pound
Camphor	½ ounce
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims

Mix.

Rosemary and Camphor Hair Wash Powders. (9589.

Camphor, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims
Borax	16 ounces

Mix.

osemary, Cantharides, and Jaborandi Hair Wash. (10,333.)

Pilocarpine Hydrochloride	3 grains
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	1½ fl. ounces
Bay Rum, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix, and filter bright through powdered pumice stone.

Rosemary, Cantharides, and Quinine Hair Wash. (10,334.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	2 fl. ounces
Bay Rum	4 fl. ounces
Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint
Caramel, a sufficient quantity to tint.	

Mix; allow to stand for twenty-four hours with occasional gitation; then filter through powdered pumice-stone.

Rosemary and Cantharidin Hair Lotion. (9295.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rosemary and Cantharidin Hair Lotion. (1095.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Rosemary and Cantharidin Hair Wash. (1965.)

Borax	2½ ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	100 minims
Oil of Rosemary	100 minims
Vinegar of Cantharides	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rosemary and Cantharidin Hair Wash. (2222.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rosemary and Cantharidin Hair Wash. (2696.)

Resorcin	360 grains
Acetic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Essence of White Rose	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Cantharides	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix and filter through charcoal.

Rosemary Hair Wash. (5958.)

Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Odoriferine	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	80 minims
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rosemary and Cantharidin Hair Wash. (9941.)

Borax	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	¼ fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rosemary and Cantharides Hair Wash. (1326.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	1½ fl. drachms
Vinegar of Cantharides	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix and filter through animal charcoal.

Rosemary Hair Wash. (8073.)

Borax	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Rosemary Hair Wash. (6568.)

Borax	120 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Eau de Cologne	2¾ fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rosemary Hair Wash. (8492.)

Borax	32 ounces
Camphor, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Rosemary	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Royal Dentifrice. (9809.)

Cuttle-fish Bone, in powder	2 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	½ ounce
Orris Root, in powder	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Oil of Rose	6 minims

Mix.

Sanitary Hair Wash. (5407.)

Quassia Wood	1 ounce
Quillaia Bark	1 ounce
Stavesacre Seeds	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemongrass	20 minims
Oil of Rosemary	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Saponaceous Tooth Powder. (10,335.)

Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Menthol	24 grains
Orris Root, in powder	6 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	24 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Cassia	48 minims
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Saponaceous Tooth Powder. (2503.)

Borax, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	360 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	30 ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Lavender	20 minims
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Separating Brilliantine.

Castor Oil	1 fl. ounce
Almond Oil	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Essence of Jockey Club	2 fl. drachms
Saffron	5 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.) to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix the glycerin, Jockey Club, and spirit. Macerate the saffron in the mixture for twenty-four hours. Strain, and add the oils.

Toilet Preparations.

Shampoo Liquid. (10,336.)

Alcoholic Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Quillaia	½ fl. ounce
Essence of Bouquet	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Shampoo Powder. (9478.)

Borax	1½ ounces
Camphor	¼ ounce
Quillaia Bark, in powder	¼ ounce
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims

Mix.

Shampoo Powder. (10,337.)

Hard Soap, in powder	8 ounces
Dried Washing Soda	1½ ounces
Borax, in powder	5 ounces
Phenolphthalein	5 grains

Mix.

Skin Cream. (5923.)

Tragacanth, in powder	35 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. drachms
Essence of White Rose	80 minims
Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Benzoin	½ fl. drachm
Rose Water, triple	2¼ fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Cream. (2762.)

Tragacanth, in powder	70 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. drachms
Almond Oil	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	1 drachm
Oil of Bergamot	10 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	4 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (9334.)

Prepared Calamine	30 grains
Ammoniated Mercury	10 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Eau de Cologne	4 fl. drachm
Glycerin	2 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	5 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (8029.)

Boric Acid	40 grains
Salicylic Acid	16 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	6 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	80 minims
Rose Water	1½ fl. ounce
Eau de Cologne, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Skin Lotion. (206.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Hamamelis	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (1200.)

Boric Acid	24 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water (triple)	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (1205.)

Zinc Sulphocarbolate	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Orange-flower Water	1½ fl. ounces
Rose Water (triple), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (5359.)

Precipitated Calamine	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (2562.)

Calamine	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (5578.)

Prepared Calamine, in smooth powder	3 ounces
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Rose Water (1 = 40)	½ fl. ounce
Distilled water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (1851.)

Alum	360 grains
Phenol	½ ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	½ fl. ounce
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (2025.)

Phenol	90 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Rose Water (triple)	3 fl. ounces
Saturated Solution of Boric Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Skin Lotion. (6296.)

Prepared Calamine	2½ ounces
Zinc Oxide, in powder	2½ ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (6868.)

Zinc Sulphocarbolate	60 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Skin Lotion. (5965.)

Boric Acid	300 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	15 minims
Solution of Hamamelis	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Smelling Salts. (9546.)

Ammonium Carbonate	2 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	20 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	30 minims
Lavender Water	1 fl. drachms

Mix

Smokers' Tooth Powder. (9763.)

Salicylic Acid	30 grains
Camphor	10 grains
Cuttlefish Bone, in powder	120 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Menthol	3 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2 ounces
Thymol	10 grains
Oil of Rose	4 minims

Mix.

Solidified Glycerin. (10,338.)

Tragacanth, in powder	1 ounce
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	8 minims
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Soothing Mouth Wash. (8081.)

Beta-Eucaine	4 grains
Borax	90 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stick Grease Paint for Theatricals.

White Beeswax	2 ounces
Prepared Suet	3 ounces
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	5 ounces

The melted basis may be coloured to any desired tint by the use of aniline oil, soluble "fettfarbe" colours, or with vermilion, carmine, lampblack, sienna, and other inorganic colours. The melted and tinted basis is run into suitable moulds, such as glass tubes, and rolled when cold in waxed paper and tinfoil.

Toilet Preparations.

Stimulating Hair Restorer. (5322.)

Pilocarpine Nitrate	8 grains
Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nutmeg	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Jaborandi	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Cantharides	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stimulating Hair Restorer. (10,339.)

Cantharides, in powder	45 grains
Almond Oil	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Rosemary	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Elder-flower Water	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stimulating Hair Wash. (371.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Stimulating Hair Wash. (8550.)

Acetic Ether	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Bay Rum	4 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Oil of Lavender	3 minims
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Oil of Orange-leaf	8 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	4 minims
Oil of Rosemary	6 minims
Vinegar of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Acetic Acid Distilled Water of equal parts a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Strong Tincture of Pellitory and Myrrh. (5461.)

Pyrethrum Root, in powder	1 pound
Myrrh, in coarse powder	4½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Hair Restorer. (8475.)

Lead Acetate	3 ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	6 ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Heliotrope Perfume	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Hair Restorer. (1094.)

Lead Acetate	30 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	70 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Sulphur Hair Restorer. (6721.)

Lead Acetate	210 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	140 grains
Glycerin	14 fl. drachms
Honey Water	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Hair Restorer. (9276.)

Lead Acetate	30 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	70 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Hair Restorer. (5319.)

Lead Acetate	60 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	120 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Lotion. (8997.)

Sodium Thiosulphate	180 grains
Zinc Oxide	30 grains
Essence of Wallflower	12 minims
Glycerin	60 grains
Liquefied Phenol	10 minims
Solution of Cochineal	8 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Lotion. (9117.)

Calamine	120 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Lotion. (5976.)

Calamine	60 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Glycerin of Phenol	60 minims
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Lotion. (5313.)

Prepared Calamine	180 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	180 grains
Eau de Cologne	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (10,079.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (1323.)

Carmine	1 grain
Precipitated Sulphur	30 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	10 grains
Eau de Cologne	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (1180.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	a sufficient quantity
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (2242.)

Precipitated Sulphur	240 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (718.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Carmine	4 drops
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (199.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Prepared Calamine	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (2142.)

Precipitated Sulphur	30 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Rose Geranium	1 minim
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (681.)

Carmine	1 grain
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Essential Oil of Almonds	1 minim
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Geranium	2 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (2153.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (2449.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2¼ ounces
Prepared Calamine	2¼ ounces
Zinc Oxide	2¼ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	6 minims
Solution of Lime, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (5377.)

Precipitated Sulphur	1½ ounces
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	½ ounce
Eau de Cologne	9 fl. ounces
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (9817.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (9844.)

Prepared Calamine	1 grain
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	10 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (5647.)

Precipitated Sulphur	150 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (9014.)

Carmine	2 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (6282.)

Sulphurated Potash	120 grains
Zinc Sulphate	120 grains
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (6963.)

Precipitated Sulphur	36 grains
Prepared Calamine	120 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Carmine	20 minims
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (6842.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Carmine	2 grains
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (6617.)

Precipitated Sulphur	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (5970.)

Precipitated Sulphur	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Rose Water (triple), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (5924.)

Red Mercuric Sulphide	60 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	180 grains
Zinc Oxide	180 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water (triple)	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (5957.)

Precipitated Sulphur	10 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Sulphurous Acid	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (3217.)

Precipitated Sulphur	20 grains
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Prepared Calamine	1½ ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (8267.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbonate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Carmine	1 grain
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (5542.)

Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	60 grains
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Sulphur Skin Lotion. (5371.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Zinc Sulphocarbolate	20 grains
Eau de Cologne	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sunburn Lotion. (8562.)

Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Elder-flower Water	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	2 minims

Mix.

Sunburn Protective. (1190.)

Sweet Almonds	1 ounce
Tincture of Benzoin	10 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water	19 fl. ounces
Rose Water	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Syrian Cream. (10,340.)

Spermaceti	240 grains
Almond Oil	4 fl. drachms
Castor Oil	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Bergamot	15 minims
Oil of Cloves	6 minims
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	3 minims

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

The Blackness Tooth Powder. (10,341.)

Borax, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	8 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	12 minims
Oil of Lavender	40 minims
Oil of Rose	20 minims

Mix.

The King's Bouquet. (10,342.)

Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Oil of Bergamot	60 minims
Musk	1 grain
Coumarin	10 grains
Concentrated Rose Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Benzoin	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orris	2 fl. ounces
Civet	2 grains
Essential Oil of Almonds	5 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture for the Mouth. (8059.)

Eucalyptus Gum	½ ounce
Glycerin of Boric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Eau de Cologne	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (8725.)

Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Borax	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orris	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (6134.)

Boric Acid	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (8548.)

Alum, in powder	60 grains
Borax	2 ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Orange-flower	40 minims
Tincture of Myrrh	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (6567.)

Borax	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	12 minims
Oil of Lemon	12 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	12 minims
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (8534.)

Glycerin of Borax	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (6947.)

Chloroform	48 minims
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Saturated Solution of Borax	5 fl. ounces
Proof Spirit (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (8476.)

Cologne Essence	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (6722.)

Borax	1 ounce
Krameria Root	120 grains
Myrrh	1 ounce
Eau de Cologne	1 pound
Syrup of Roses	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (8102.)

Eau de Cologne	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (6542.)

Borax	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (2634.)

Boric Acid	360 grains
Eau de Cologne	7½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (5321.)

Borax	480 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	5 minims
Oil of Lavender	10 minims
Oil of Lemon	20 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	40 minims
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (6234.)

Eau de Cologne	11 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (7025.)

Krameria Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Orris Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Prepare by the maceration process, and add to the product—

Borax	2 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Coriander	20 minims
Oil of Lavender	40 minims
Oil of Lemon	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Orange-flower	45 minims
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Rose Water, triple	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (2731.)

Borax	1 ounce
Krameria Root, in powder	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	23 minims
Oil of Lemon	23 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	5 minims
Oil of Rose	3 minims
Tincture of Myrrh	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (5315.)

Glycerin of Borax	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Orange-flower	4 minims
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (7078.)

Myrrh	½ ounce
Eau de Cologne	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (2752.)

Borax	1½ ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	13 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	9 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (607.)

Glycerin of Borax	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	15 minims
Oil of Orange	10 minims
Oil of Rosemary	5 minims
Tincture of Myrrh	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (1328.)

Phenol	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Oil of Lemon	30 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	20 minims
Oil of Rosemary	20 minims
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (1099.)

Borax	2 ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Orange-flower	4 minims
Eau de Cologne	14 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (1154.)

Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (1373.)

Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	2½ fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix, decant, and filter.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (10,343.)

Tincture of Myrrh	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (9293.)

Borax	2 ounces
Eau de Cologne	14 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Orange-flower	4 minims
Tincture of Myrrh	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (9806.)

Orris Root, in coarse powder	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	42 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	16 minims
Tincture of Myrrh	20 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax, with Eau de Cologne. (6101.)

Borax, in powder	120 grains
Myrrh	2½ ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Bergamot	2½ fl. drachms
Oil of Citron	75 minims
Oil of Lemon	2½ fl. drachms
Oil of Orange-flower	36 minims
Oil of Rosemary	50 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Toilet Cream. (9998.)

Boric Acid, in powder	30 grains
Oil of Geranium	8 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix.

Toilet Cream. (9997.)

Curd Soap	3 ounces
Lard	7 ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Almond Oil	1 ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	12 ounces

Mix.

Toilet Cream. (9996.)

Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Paraffin	11 ounces
Prepared Suet or Lard	1½ ounces
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, boiling	34 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Cream. (7076.)

Phenol	30 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Essence of Bouquet	1½ fl. drachms
Quince Mucilage	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Cream. (10,344.)

Lard	6 ounces
Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Melt the lard by the aid of gentle heat, and add the oil of almonds, then mix the glycerin and tincture, and thoroughly incorporate with the oily solution.

Toilet Emulsion. (10,345.)

Hard Soap	3 ounces
Borax	1 ounce
Wool-fat	7 ounces
Jasmine Pomade	3 ounces
Tincture of Quillaia	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	140 fl. ounces

Dissolve the soap in twenty ounces of the rose water, on the water-bath, add the tincture of quillaia, in a warm mortar; then add the wool-fat and the pomade previously melted together. Rub down until thoroughly emulsified, then slowly add the rest of the rose water slightly warmed, in which the borax has been previously dissolved. Keep stirred until quite cold; then set aside until next day. Then again agitate well for ten minutes and bottle off.

Toilet Fluid. (2094.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	300 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Orange-leaf	18 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	72 minims
Oil of Sandal Wood	36 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Toilet Powder. (1198.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	10 drops
Carmine	½ grain
Powdered Talc	1 ounce

Mix.

Toilet Vinegar. (6305.)

Eau de Cologne	2½ fl. ounces
Essence of Musk	½ fl. drachm
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Benzoin	80 minims

Mix.

Tonic Hair Lotion. (5419.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	6 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Hair Lotion. (8268.)

Borax, in powder	2 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Jaborandi	4 fl. ounces
Rose Water (triple)	16 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Hair Wash. (9749.)

Orris Root, in powder	4 ounces
Pumice, in powder	6 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	26 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6½ fl. ounces
Blistering Liquid	26 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	13 fl. ounces
Aromatic Vinegar	6½ fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water (triple)	18 fl. ounces
Rose Water (triple)	18 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix and filter.

Tooth Powder. (9536.)

Camphorated Chalk	2 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	½ ounce
Charcoal, in powder	½ ounce

Mix.

Tooth Powder. (10,346.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2 ounces
Cuttlefish Bone, in powder	2 ounces
Gluside	2 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	15 minims

Mix.

Violet Powder.

Orris Root, in powder	2 pounds
Starch	14 pounds
Oil of Bergamot	6 fl. drachms

Mix.

Vine Balm for the Hair. (9324.)

Cantharidin	2 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Acetic Ether	4 fl. drachms
Essence of Ambergris	½ fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Almonds	5 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	30 minims
Diluted Burnt Sugar	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Lavender	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	6 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Violet Tooth Powder. (10,347.)

Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	8 ounces
Cuttle-fish Bone, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	4 ounces
Ionone	20 minims
Terpineol	5 minims
Oil of Ylang-Ylang	2 minims
Oil of Bitter Orange	2 minims
Tincture of Orris	4 fl. drachms

Solution of Methyl Violet, in Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to tint.

Mix.

Volatile Essence for Preston Salts. (9544.)

Camphor	120 grains
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	5 minims
Oil of Lavender	45 minims
Oil of Lemon	15 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Volatile Essence for Smelling Salts. (9289.)

Oil of Bergamot	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	6 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Volatile Essence for Smelling Salts. (933.)

Oil of Bergamot	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonia	14 fl. ounces

Mix.

Walnut Hair Dye. (10,348.)

Green Walnut Shells	16 ounces
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces
Alum	2 ounces

Bruise the walnut pericarps and the alum together in a mortar, add the rose water, allow to macerate for four days, then strain and press. To every three ounces of expressed liquid add one ounce of eau de Cologne or other alcoholic perfume.

Walnut Hair Oil. (10,349.)

Green Walnut Shells	16 ounces
Alum	2 ounces

Bruise together in a mortar and allow to stand for two days. Then transfer to an evaporating dish, add

Olive Oil	30 ounces

and heat, with constant stirring, until all the moisture has evaporated, and the shells are quite crisp. Cool, strain, press, and add

Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	10 minims
Oil of Verbena	5 minims

Walnut Pomade. (10,350.)

Green Walnut Shells	16 ounces
Alum	4 ounces
Walnut Leaves	16 ounces

Beat to a pulp in a mortar and set aside for two days. Then transfer to an open dish with

Nut Oil or Cottonseed Oil	48 ounces
Palm Oil	10 ounces
Beeswax	6 ounces

Digest together with constant stirring until all the moisture has been evaporated, then strain and press. To the expressed fat add

Millefleurs Pomade	12 ounces
Jasmin Pomade	6 ounces

Melt on the water-bath, and fill into suitable pots.

White Fuller's Earth. (10,351.)

Fuller's Earth, in powder	2 pounds
Talc, in powder	12 pounds
Violet Powder	2 pounds

Mix.

White Rose. (10,352.)

Oil of Rose	25 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	20 minims
Oil of Patchouly	5 minims
Ionone	3 minims
Oil of Jasmine	5 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

White Violet Tooth Powder. (10,353.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	4 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Essence of White Violet	4 fl. drachms

Mix.

Winter Lotion. (10,063.)

Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Lemon Juice	12 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Winter's Friend. (6343.)

Borax	120 grains
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose	20 minims
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Winter Balm. (9746.)

Borax, in powder	60 grains
Coco Nut Oil	180 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Oil of Lavender	3 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	5 minims
Tincture of Benzoin	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Winter Cream. (9588.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Quince Seeds	1 ounce
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1½ fl. ounces
Rose Water	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Winter Cream. (2679.)

Phenol	120 grains
Sweet Almonds	1 ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Perfume	1 fl. drachm
Quince Mucilage	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	2 fl. ounces
Saturated Solution of Boric Acid, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Preparations.

Witch-Hazel Jelly. (9815.)

Tragacanth, in flakes	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Wool Fat Pomade. (5495.)

Oil of Theobroma	4½ ounces
Wool Fat	18 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Almond Oil	12 ounces
Oil of Rose	24 minims
Olive Oil	4 ounces

Mix.

Ylang Ylang.

Oil of Ylang Ylang	10 minims
Oil of Orange-flower	5 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims
Oil of Bergamot	3 minims
Musk	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Zinc Oxide Cosmetic Cream. (10,354.)

Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Rose Water	1 ounce
Orange-flower Water	½ ounce
Elder-flower Water	½ ounce
Glycerin	2 ounces
Carmine	4 grains

Mix.

SECTION VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS RECIPES.

Section VIII.—Miscellaneous Recipes.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Alum Whey.

Alum	120 grains
Milk	1 pint

Boil. Dose.—A wineglassful.

Aromatic Cachous.

Catechu, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Liquorice	3 ounces
Oil of Cassia	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	60 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	10 minims

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Divide into one grain pills.

Artificial Human Milk.

New Milk	3 pints
Cream	4 ounces
Milk Sugar	3¼ ounces
Water	2 pints

Dissolve the milk sugar in the water, and mix with the milk and cream. Fill a number of absolutely clean, recently scalded bottles to the shoulder with the milk, and plug the mouth with cotton wool, leaving some of the wool projecting. Put some straw in the bottom of a fish kettle; stand the milk-filled bottles thereon. Fill the kettle with the tepid water, then heat to boiling for half-an-hour. Quickly remove the cotton wool, and insert clean, recently scalded corks; drive them well home, and leave the corked bottles in the boiling bath for another thirty minutes. If the milk be not required for transit the bottles need not be corked; the cotton-wool plug will be sufficient protection if the projecting part be just singed off with a flame.

Baking Powder.

(1)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	19 ounces
Rice Flour	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces

Dry separately and mix.

(2)

Sodium Bicarbonate	8 ounces
Tartaric Acid	6 ounces
Ground Rice	4 ounces

Dry separately, mix, and store in perfectly dry bottles.

(3)

Tartaric Acid	8 ounces
Rice Flour	12 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 ounces

Mix.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Bassorin Paste.

Tragacanth	5 ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces

Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dilute the glycerin with an equal quantity of water, then diffuse the tragacanth in the alcohol (in a wide-mouthed bottle), add water to make the final product up to 100 ounces, and lastly add the diluted glycerin.

Battery Solution.

(1)

Potassium Bichromate	1 ounce
Sulphuric Acid	1 ounce
Boiling Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

(2)

Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Water	1 pint

Mix.

Bengal Fire.

Ammonium Picrate	25 ounces
Barium Nitrate	67 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	60 ounces

Mix.

Bichromate Solution for Battery.

Potassium Bichromate	1 ounce
Mercuric Sulphate	60 grains
Sulphuric Acid	15 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	12½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Bicycle Lamp Oil.

Colza Oil	20 ounces
Paraffin Oil (Kerosene)	5 ounces
Naphthalin Crystals Flake	½ ounce

Dissolve the naphthalin in the kerosene by standing in a bottle in warm water, then mix with the colza.

Bicycle Lubricating Oil.

Heavy Petroleum Oil	4 ounces
Kerosene Oil	1 ounce

Mix.

Black Boot Cream.

Lampblack	4 ounces
Treacle	4 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia	1 ounce
Linseed Oil	1 fl. ounce

Vinegar, a sufficient quantity to produce the required consistence.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Black Marking Ink.

(1)

Aniline	1 fl. drachm
Paratoluidine	10 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. drachms

Dissolve the paratoluidine in the aniline, then add the acid and the mucilage.

(2)

Cupric Chloride	40 grains
Sodium Chloride	30 grains
Ammonium Chloride	20 grains
Potassium Chlorate	20 grains
Distilled Water	5 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	3 fl. drachms

Boil the water, dissolve the salts, and add the mucilage. A few drops of each solution are mixed immediately before writing. No heat should be applied to the mark, which should be left for a day before washing.

Bleaching Liquid.

(1)

Chlorinated Lime	5 ounces
Water	50 fl. ounces

Mix and stir thoroughly.

(2)

Washing Soda	10 ounces
Water	50 fl. ounces

Dissolve. Mix the two solutions, allow to stand for twenty-four hours, then filter and bottle the liquid.

Blue Solution for Window Bottles.

Oxalic Acid	120 grains
Potassium Ferrocyanide	10 grains
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	10 minims
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Mix.

Bookbinding Dressing.

Cod-liver Oil	99 fl. ounces
Crude Oil of Birch Tar	1 fl. ounce

Rub well into the leather with a piece of soft linen rag

Boot Polish.

Beeswax	1 ounce
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces
Drop Black	½ ounce

Dissolve the beeswax in the oil of turpentine, then add the drop black previously ground in a little turpentine. A little Prussian blue may be added to improve the colour.

Brass Lacquer.

Seed Lac	1 ounce
Dragons' Blood	1 ounce
Raw Annatto	1 ounce
Saffron	¼ ounce
Methylated Spirit	2 pints

Macerate for seven days and filter.

British Oils.

Oil of Turpentine	1 ounce
Linseed Oil	1 ounce
Oil of Amber	½ ounce
Oil of Juniper	½ ounce
Barbados Tar	½ ounce
Petroleum	1 drachm

Mix.

Brown Boot Polish.

(1)

Palm Oil Soap	½ ounce
Yellow Wax	3 ounces
Pearlash	60 grains
Bismarck Brown	120 grains
Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Boiling Water	8 fl. ounces

Melt the soap and the wax. Dissolve the pearlash and the dye in the water. Put the melted liquid into a warm mortar; add the turpentine and stir in the water. Stir until cold.

(2)

Lard	6 ounces
Yellow Wax	1½ ounces
Oil-Soluble Chrysoidin	60 grains

Melt the lard and wax, add the dye and dissolve.

Canary Food.

Sweet Cayenne	4 ounces
Turmeric	3 ounces
Iron Peroxide	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	8 ounces

Mix.

Carbolised Resin.

Resin, finely powdered	4 ounces
Carbolic Acid (95 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces

This preparation is used as a styptic, being applied to wounds on cotton.

Casein Cement.

Milk	1 quart
Tartaric Acid	120 grains

Heat together until the milk coagulates. Collect and drain the casein. Dissolve it in just sufficient of a six per cent. aqueous solution of borax. The cement thus formed is useful for uniting broken glass, china, or meerschaum.

Castor Oil Soap.

Castor Oil	100 fl. ounces
Caustic Soda Solution, a sufficient quantity.	
Alcohol	12 fl. ounces
Filtered Sodium Chloride Solution	25 fl. ounces
Washing Soda	3 ounces
Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Heat 120 fluid ounces of caustic soda solution on a water-bath, and add the castor oil; stir constantly for half an hour, then add the alcohol. Continue stirring and heating until a uniform mixture results; then add gradually a little water and more soda solution, until a portion of the soap, on being removed and shaken with warm water, dissolves completely and shows no separation of oil. Next add the sodium chloride solution and the washing soda dissolved in 80 fluid ounces of water. Heat and stir until the soap separates out, then cool, drain off the liquor, press, and dry.

Cement for China.

Isinglass	½ ounce
Mastich	40 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	3 ounces
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Cement for Cue Tips.

Russian Isinglass	1 ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Cement for Knife Handles.

Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Glass (in 160 powder)	1 ounce

Mix. Fill the cavity in which the tang of the knife blade fits with the powder. Heat the tang of the blade to dull redness in a bunsen and thrust it into the powder-filled hole.

Cheap Black Ink.

Galls, in coarse powder	3 ounces
Commercial Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Rough Ghatti Gum	1 ounce
Carbolic Acid	30 minims
Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Boil the galls in 20 fluid ounces of the water for three hours, replacing what is lost by evaporation. Allow to settle, strain through calico, and mix enough hot water with the marc to bring the strained liquid up to 20 fluid ounces on again straining. Dissolve the gum in a little hot water and strain it into the gall decoction, then add gradually the ferrous sulphate, dissolved in a little water, and make the final product measure 32 fluid ounces, adding the carbolic acid as a preservative.

Cheap Black Wax.

Resin	6 ounces
Shellac	2 ounces
Venice Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Lamp Black	4 ounces

Mix.

Chemical Manure.

Bone Black	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Ammonium Phosphate	2 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce

For use, dissolve a heaped teaspoonful in a gallon of water.

Chemical Manure for Pot Plants.

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Sodium Phosphate	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	2 ounces
Ammonium Nitrate	2 ounces
Ammonium Sulphate	2 ounces

Chromic Ink.

(1)

Washing Soda	1 ounce
Extract of Logwood	18 ounces
Crude Ferrous Sulphate	24 ounces
Ghatti Gum	30 ounces
Potassium Bichromate	12 ounces
Water	3 gallons

Boil the soda, extract of logwood, ferrous sulphate, and ghatti gum together in the water, then add gradually the potassium bichromate previously dissolved in a little hot water. Cool and strain through cheese cloth.

(2)

Extract of Logwood	200 ounces
Potassium Bichromate	2 ounces
Alum	50 ounces
Oxalic Acid	10 ounces
Carbolic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the extract of logwood in 100 fluid ounces of hot water, remove any precipitate that may be thrown down after standing awhile, then add 500 fluid ounces of water and heat to 90° C., next add slowly a solution of the potassium bichromate, alum, oxalic acid in 150 fluid ounces of water. Finally, heat the mixture to 90° C. for half an hour, dilute to 1,000 fluid ounces with water, and add the carbolic acid. Allow to stand for two or three days before bottling.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Chutney.

Brown Sugar	8 ounces
Apples	3 pounds
Raisins	8 ounces
Onions	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	4 ounces
Mustard	3 ounces
Garlic	1 ounce
Capsicum	¼ ounce
Treacle	4 ounces
Soy	4 ounces
Tomatoes	8 ounces
One Lemon.	
Marsala Wine	10 ounces
Tamarinds	8 ounces
Tarragon Vinegar	30 fl. ounces
or a sufficient quantity.	

Stone the raisins; slice the lemon, garlic, onions, and tomatoes. Beat to a uniform pulp in a mortar. Pare and core the apples; simmer them and the tamarinds gently with the vinegar until quite soft. Pulp through a hair sieve. Mix the pulp and the other paste, add the other ingredients, heat on the water-bath for one hour, adding more vinegar to make a soft paste. Then mix in the wine, and bottle off while hot.

Cloudy Ammonia.

Synonym.—Household Ammonia.

Borax	½ ounce
Potassium Carbonate	½ ounce
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Common Red Wax.

Resin	8 ounces
Shellac	4 ounces
Venice Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Red Lead	3 ounces

Mix as above and run into suitable moulds very slightly oiled.

Compressed Effervescing Tablets.

Sodium Bicarbonate	138 ounces
Tartaric Acid	152 ounces
Citric Acid	40 ounces
Refined Sugar, in No. 40 powder	320 ounces

Mix, compress, and dry thoroughly at 70° to 80° C. before bottling.

Copying Ink.

(1)

Black Ink	10 fl. ounces
Evaporate on the water-bath to	6 fl. ounces
Then add	
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces

(2)

Extract of Logwood	64 ounces
Washing Soda	10 ounces
Potassium Chromate	2 ounces
Glycerin	64 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia	16 ounces
Water	270 fl. ounces
Nigrosine	4 ounces

Dissolve the logwood extract, gum, and soda in the water, with heat. Dissolve the potassium chromate separately in a little boiling water. Mix; heat to boiling, and add the nigrosine. Strain.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Copying Ink.

(3)

Extract of Logwood	4 ounces
Water	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve and add

Indigo Carmine	190 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	35 grains
Alum	280 grains
Copper Sulphate	30 grains
Syrupy Glucose	150 grains
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	20 minims

Dissolve in

Water	10 fl. ounces

Allow the mixed solutions to stand for a week; then decant the clear liquid, and filter the deposit.

(4)

Extract of Logwood	20 ounces
Indigo Carmine	2 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	175 grains
Alum	2½ ounces
Copper Sulphate	132 grains
Glucose, syrupy	1½ ounces
Gum Acacia	90 grains
Potassium Bichromate	90 grains
Salicylic Acid	15 grains

Dissolve the logwood extract in 50 ounces of hot water. Dissolve the other ingredients in another 50 fluid ounces of water. Mix the two solutions, and set aside for fourteen days. Decant and filter the residue.

Crimson Solution for Window Bottles.

Iodine	30 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Mix.

Curry Powder.

(1)

Citric Acid	1 ounce
Capsicum, in powder	4 ounces
Coriander Fruit, in powder	3¼ pounds
Fœnugreek, in powder	6 ounces
Garlic, in powder	180 grains
Black Pepper, in powder	1¼ pounds
Turmeric, in powder	12 ounces
Acetic Acid	2 ounces

Mix.

(2)

Black Pepper	12 ounces
Turmeric	1 pound
Cardamom Seeds	2 ounces
Cummin Seeds	9 ounces
Capsicum	3 ounces
Coriander	2 pounds
Fœnugreek	7 ounces
Cinnamon Bark	2 ounces
Fennel Seeds	2 ounces
Mustard	10 ounces
Asafetida	30 grains

Powder the various whole spices, and mix, sift, and powder the gruffs. Rub down the asafetida with the mustard, mix, and again sift. The ingredients should be freshly powdered, and at once packed in the various bottles for sale, which should be at once stoppered. Curry powder should never be put up in smaller quantities from a bulk of powder.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Curry Powder.

(3)

Caraway Fruit	½ ounce
Coriander Fruit	2 ounces
Cummin Fruit	1 ounce
Cardamom Seeds	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Black Pepper	1 ounce
Turmeric, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

(4)

Black Pepper	12 ounces
Cummin	9 ounces
Capsicum	3 ounces
Coriander	40 ounces
Fœnugreek	6 ounces
Cinnamon Bark	2 ounces
Fennel Fruit	2 ounces
Mustard	10 ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	1 ounce
Cardamoms	2½ ounces
Turmeric, in powder	20 ounces

Beat all the whole spices and sift through a 60-hole sieve. Mix the asafetida with the powdered mustard and turmeric, and add the recently powdered spices. Mix and again pass through the sieve. Bottle off at once into perfectly dry bottles. It is essential that the spices be freshly crushed.

(5)

Coriander	7 ounces
Black Pepper	2½ ounces
Cummin	1½ ounces
Mustard	3 ounces
Turmeric, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum	¼ ounce
Ginger	¼ ounce
Cardamom Seeds	¼ ounce
Mace	½ ounce
Allspice	1 ounce
Cloves	½ ounce

Proceed as in No. 4.

Custard Powder.

Arrowroot	8 ounces
Cornflour	8 ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	24 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	12 minims

Mix.

Dressing for Boots.

Linseed Oil, boiled	20 ounces
Resin	4 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces

Mix.

Driffield Oils.

Barbados Tar	1 ounce
Linseed Oil	16 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	3 ounces
Oil of Vitriol	1 ounce

Mix the first three ingredients, and cautiously add the oil of vitriol, a little at a time, with constant stirring.

Egg Powder.

Acid Potassium Tartrate	7 ounces
Rice Flour	24 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	16 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in powder	4 ounces

Liquid Extract of Saffron, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Everton Toffee.

Sugar	4 pounds
Water	1½ pints
Acid Potassium Tartrate	30 grains
Butter	2 ounces

Heat the sugar, water, and acid potassium tartrate in a pan with constant stirring until boiling. Allow to boil for ten minutes, remove from the source of heat, and add the butter. Do not stir after the boiling point is reached.

Freezing Mixtures.

(1)

Ammonium Chloride	5 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	5 ounces
Water	16 fl. ounces

(2)

Ammonium Nitrate	5 ounces
Water	5 fl. ounces

(3)

Ammonium Nitrate	5 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	5 ounces
Water	5 fl. ounces

(4)

Sodium Sulphate	8 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	5 ounces

(5)

Ammonium Nitrate, granular	4 ounces
Washing Soda	4 ounces
Water	4 ounces

Crush the washing soda to a coarse powder, mix with the ammonium nitrate. Add at once half the water; immerse the vessel, containing the substance to be cooled, in the crystalline magma; in twenty minutes add the rest of the liquid, and again mix. This will readily give a temperature of 16-18° F. (−8·9° to −7·8° C.) at ordinary temperatures, and lower, if the vessel containing it be packed in another with sawdust.

Furniture Cream.

Beeswax	4 ounces
Curd Soap	1 ounce
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Furniture Oil.

(1)

Benzoin, in fine powder	2 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar	15 fl. ounces
Linseed Oil	15 fl. ounces

Mix.

Furniture Oil.

(2)

Alkanet Root	120 grains
Linseed Oil	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1½ fl. ounces
Vinegar	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Furniture Paste.

(1)

Alkanet Root	3 ounces
Hard Paraffin	10 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	38 fl. ounces

Macerate the alkanet root in the turpentine for a week; strain. Melt the hard paraffin and beeswax, remove from the source of heat, and add the strained liquid. Stir till cold.

(2)

Alkanet Root, bruised, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 ounces

Digest the alkanet root in the turpentine and strain; melt the beeswax and add the coloured turpentine.

Furniture Polish.

(1)

Hard Soap	2 ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Oil of Turpentine	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	40 fl. ounces

Melt the beeswax and add the turpentine. Dissolve the soap in the distilled water and add to the beeswax solution with constant stirring.

(2)

Ammonium Oleate	1 ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Shellac Varnish	3 ounces
Linseed Oil	3 ounces

Mix.

(3)

Beeswax	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
Pearlash	60 grains
Extract of Logwood	120 grains
Boiling Water	3 fl. ounces

Melt the beeswax in the oil of turpentine. Dissolve the soap, pearlash, and extract of logwood in the water. Add gradually to the warm mixture of oil of turpentine and wax, and rub in a mortar until cold.

(4)

Yellow Wax	3½ ounces
Soap	60 grains
Boiling Water	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Pearlash	60 grains

Melt the wax in the oil of turpentine. Dissolve the soap and the pearlash in the water. Pour the aqueous solution gradually into the mixture of oil of turpentine and wax. Stir until quite cold.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Gingerade Crystals.

Tartaric Acid, in small crystals	3 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Oil of Ginger	5 minims
Soluble Essence of Ginger	½ fl. ounce

Rub the essence and the oil with the cream of tartar, then mix with the other ingredients. Directions as for lemon crystals.

Glissade Ball Room Powder.

Boric Acid	1 pound
Terpineol	½ ounce

Mix. Put up in tins with perforated lids. To be dusted evenly over the surface of the floor before the dancing commences.

Gold Paint.

Gold Bronze	120 grains
Resin, in powder	20 grains
Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Good Black Wax.

Shellac	6 ounces
Venice Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Ivory Black	3 ounces

Mix as above.

Good Red Wax.

Pale Shellac	16 ounces
Venice Turpentine	5 fl. ounces
Vermilion	12 ounces

Melt the shellac cautiously, and when fused add the turpentine; mix, and gradually stir in the vermilion.

"Graph" Composition.

Gelatin or Glue	3 ounces
Water	12 ounces
Brown Glycerin	18 ounces
Lead Carbonate	1½ ounces

Soak the gelatin or glue in the water until soft. Rub the lead carbonate smooth with the glycerin. Mix and dissolve on the water-bath. When liquid, pour into the flat tins. Remove any bubbles by passing the edge of a sheet of stiff paper over the surface of the liquid composition before it sets.

"Graph" Ink.

Methyl Violet, or any suitable Coal-tar Colour	1 ounce
Methylated Spirit	1 ounce
Water	8 ounces

Mix.

Green Oil.

Fresh Elder Leaves	2 pounds
Rape Oil	6 pounds

Crush the leaves and boil them in the oil until all moisture has evaporated, as shown by the cessation of the evolution of aqueous vapour. Strain, press and filter. This oil is generally supplied for "oil of swallows" and "oil of earthworms."

Green Solution for Window Bottles.

Copper Sulphate	60 grains
Potassium Bichromate	30 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Mix.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Hair Curl.

Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	6 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Harness Blackin

Beeswax	16 ounces
Lampblack	4 ounces
Levigated Prussian Blue	1 ounce
Linseed Oil	4 ounces
Soft Soap	6 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 ounces

Melt the beeswax, add the turps, soap and oil; incorporate the powders and stir until set.

Harness Paste.

Indigo	½ ounce
Ivory Black	2 ounces
Prussian Blue	½ ounce
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces

Mix.

Household Ammonia.

(1)

Potassium Carbonate	¾ ounce
Soft Soap	1 ounce
Solution of Ammonia	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

(2)

Pearlash	1 ounce
Soft Soap	1½ ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, to make	5 pints

Dissolve the soap and pearlash in half a gallon of distilled water, then add the ammonia.

Household Ammonia. (8185.)

Hard Soap, in shavings	20 grains
Eau de Cologne, or Lavender Water	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia (s.g. 0·880)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Ice Powder.

Ammonium Chloride, in coarse powder	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in coarse powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Incense.

(1)

Olibanum, in small tears	1 pound
Benzoin, in coarse powder	1½ ounces
Cascarilla Bark, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Styrax Calamita	½ ounce

Mix.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

(2)

Olibanum	1¼ pounds
Benzoin	6 ounces
Cascarilla Bark	5 ounces
Cassia Bark	2 ounces
Cloves	2 ounces

Mix.

Indian Curry Powder.

Black Pepper, in powder	2 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Coriander Fruit, in powder	6 ounces
Cummin Fruit, in powder	½ ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Mustard	2 ounces
Turmeric	6 ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	20 minims

Mix.

Ink for marking Packages.

Washing Soda	1 drachm
Commercial Extract of Logwood	18 ounces
Commercial Copper Sulphate	36 ounces
Ghatti Gum	3 ounces
Water	3 gallons

Boil together, then add

Potassium Bichromate	2½ ounces

Strain through cheese cloth.

nk Powder.

Tannic Acid	2 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Exsiccated Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce
Gum Acacia	1 ounce

One ounce of this added to half a pint of water, and allowed to stand, gives a good ink.

Invalids' and Infants' Food.

Baked Flour	1 pound
Biscuit Powder	1 pound
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	6 ounces
Finest Oat Flour	8 ounces
Malt, in powder	4 ounces

Mix.

Isinglass Cement.

Isinglass, in fine shreds	1 ounce
Glacial Acetic Acid	3 ounces

Heat together on the water-bath until the isinglass has completely dissolved. Store in wide-mouth stoppered bottles, the stoppers of which have been well lubricated with vaseline. To use, stand the bottle in hot water and apply to the broken edges previously warmed, with a piece of sharp pointed wood, or a glass rod.

Ketchup Seasoning.

Pimento	½ ounce
Black Pepper	½ ounce
Cloves	½ ounce
Ginger	¼ ounce

Mix.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Kid-Boot Reviver.

Yolk of One Egg.	
Castor Oil	2 fl. drachms
Gum Acacia	60 grains
Nigrosin	60 grains
Water	3 fl. ounces

Dissolve the dye in the water. Rub the acacia smooth with a few drops of the oil, and add to it the yolk of egg with constant trituration; add the oil and mix well, and lastly the water, gradually, with constant trituration.

Leather Renovator; Leatheridine.

Benzoin	2 ounces
Sandarac	2 ounces
Shellac	1 ounce
Methylated Spirit	20 fl. ounces

Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity to colour suitably.

Digest and filter.

Lemon Crystals.

Citric Acid, in small crystals	3 ounces
Tartaric Acid	½ ounce
Terpeneless Oil of Lemon	15 to 20 minims

Tincture of Turmeric, a sufficient quantity to colour.

Rub the tincture of turmeric with the tartaric acid until the spirit has all evaporated. Then add the terpeneless oil of lemon, and mix with the acid. Directions for use.—Dissolve two pounds of lump sugar in two pints of boiling water, and add the powder. Dilute as desired for a beverage with with plain or aërated water.

Lemonade Powder.

Refined Sugar, in coarse powder	10 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Tincture of Turmeric	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	30 minims

Mix. If preferred citric acid may be used instead of tartaric.

Lemonade Powder (Superior).

Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces
Refined Sugar	14 ounces
Citric Acid	5½ ounces
Terpeneless Oil of Lemon	20 minims

Dry; add the powders thoroughly and separately. Rub down the terpeneless oil of lemon with the sugar. Bottle off at once into perfectly dry bottles.

Lightning Cleanser.

Synonym.—Grease Eradicator.

Borax, in powder	1 ounce
Sodium Carbonate, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Linen Gloss.

Powdered Talc	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Mix.

Linoleum Polish.

Palm Oil	2 ounces
Beeswax	4 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	12 fl. ounces

Melt together and stir until cold.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Linoleum Polish.

Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Turpentine	1½ ounces

Melt together.

Liquid Butter Colouring.

Annatto Seeds	1 ounce
Sesame Oil	2 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces

Mix the oils and percolate the powdered seeds slowly with the mixture.

Liquid Glue.

Chloral Hydrate	600 grains
Gelatin	2 ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Marking Ink.

(1)

Mucilage of Acacia	1½ fl. drachms
Silver Nitrate	1 ounce
Distilled Water	4½ fl. ounces

Mix.

(2)

Asphalt	1 ounce
Spirit Varnish	3 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	8 ounces

Mix.

(3)

Silver Nitrate	120 grains
Distilled Water	6 fl. drachms
Mucilage	1½ fl. drachms

Indigo, a sufficient quantity.
Strong Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Mayonnaise Salad Dressing.

Yolks of three Hard-boiled Eggs.

Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Cayenne Pepper	15 grains
Salt	180 grains
Mustard	1 ounce
Nestlé's Condensed Milk	1 tin
Tarragon Vinegar	10 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	22½ fl. ounces

Mix in the order given, adding the two last ingredients alternately and rubbing well to form a perfect emulsion.

Meat Preserving Powder.

Borax	18 ounces
Salt	12 ounces
Boric Acid	70 ounces

Mix.

Mercury "Silvering" Solution.

Mercury	1 ounce
Nitric Acid	6 ounces
Granulated Tin	1 ounce

Dissolve the mercury in two ounces of nitric acid; then the granulated tin in the remainder of the acid, and mix. Apply a very little to the surface with a soft rag and rub well.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Mouse Poison.

Arsenious Anhydride	60 grains
Prussian Blue	5 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	240 grains
Strychnine	60 grains
Wheat Flour	240 grains

Mix.

Nutritive Lemonade.

Two Lemons.

Peel, trim and reject the white. Slice the fruit and place in a quart jug with the yellow peel.

Add

Sugar	1 ounce

Pour on them

Boiling Water	30 ounces

and stir occasionally.

When cold add the whites of two eggs, whisking constantly with an egg whisk. Strain through muslin.

This preparation is stated to be more nutritive than beef tea, and is readily taken by children.

Orangeade Crystals.

Citric Acid, in small crystals	3 ounces
Tartaric Acid	½ ounce
Terpeneless Oil of Sweet Orange	20 to 30 minims

Tincture of Turmeric, a sufficient quantity to colour.

Proceed as directed under lemon crystals. The directions will be the same.

Paper Label Varnish.

Canada Balsam	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Phonograph Wax.

White Beeswax	3 ounces
Carnauba Wax	1 ounce

Mix.

Pill Varnish.

(1)

Sandarac	60 grains
Absolute Alcohol	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

(2)

Sandarac	2 ounces
Absolute Alcohol	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pipeclay Paste for Cleaning Leather.

Pipeclay, in powder	6½ ounces
Soap, in powder	2½ ounces

Water, a sufficient quantity to mass.

Plate Powder.

Ammonium Carbonate, in powder	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	6 ounces
Mercury with Chalk	¼ ounce
Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ ounce
Tin Oxide	½ ounce

Mix.

Polish for Brown Boots.

Yellow Wax	1 ounce
Oil of Turpentine	8 ounces
Soft Soap	½ ounce
Water	8 ounces

Bismarck Brown, a sufficient quantity to tint.

Melt the wax in the turps. Dissolve the soap in the water. Mix and stir until cold.

Poultry Spice or Egg Producer.

Dried and Powdered Oyster Shells	12 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Phosphate	2 ounces
Capsicum	1 ounce
Grains of Paradise	1 ounce
Gentian Root	2 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	4 ounces
Cummin Fruit	2 ounces
Black Pepper	2 ounces
Locust Bean Meal	12 ounces

Mix two heaped tablespoonfuls with a quart of "middlings" or "sharps," and add enough boiling water to make a very stiff mass which just coheres, but not a paste. Feed this to the fowls in the early morning.

Powder to Prevent the Formation of Soot and Smoke from Coal Fires.

Chalk	2 ounces
Salt	7 ounces
Dried Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce

Mix.

Printers' Ink.

Copaiba	9 ounces
Lamp Black	3 ounces
Indigo	1¼ ounces
Indian Red	¾ ounce
Prussian Blue	1¼ ounces
Yellow Soap, in powder	3 ounces

Mix the powders and sift through a 120-hole sieve, then incorporate with the copaiba.

Printers' Rollers.

Best Glue	11 pounds
Syrup of Glucose	2½ gallons
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Venice Turpentine	2 ounces

Water, a sufficient quantity.

Let the glue swell, with just sufficient water to cover it; melt with gentle heat; add the glucose, stirring constantly, then the glycerin and the Venice turpentine; evaporate with constant stirring until a little, when cold, sets to a firm, pliable non-sticky mass.

Printing Ink.

Copaiba	18 ounces
Soap	6 ounces
Lamp Black	6 ounces
Prussian Blue	2½ ounces
Indian Red	1½ ounces

Mix and grind with a muller, adding more powdered soap to obtain a suitable consistence. Blues in various shades may be obtained by substituting smalts, indigo or Prussian or Turnbull's blues. Yellows, with lead chromate or oxychromate. Reds, with crimson lake, vermilion or Indian red. Green, by blending the blues with yellows. Purples, with purple lakes and Prussian blue.

Quick-drying Capping Cement for Bottles.

Powdered Colophony	10 ounces
Acetone, a sufficient quantity.	
Collodion, Methylated	15 ounces

Eosin, or any other spirit-soluble aniline dye, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the resin in the acetone. Mix the solution with the collodion, then colour to the desired tint.

Raspberry Crystals.

Tartaric Acid, in small crystals	3 ounces
Essence of Raspberry	4 fl. drachms

Alcoholic Solution of Rosaniline, a sufficient quantity to tint.

Proceed as in lemon crystals.

Other fruit flavours may be used in a similar manner; those of peach, blackberry, pineapple, and strawberry giving very palatable and refreshing drinks. If economy be desired tartaric acid may be substituted for citric acid in those recipes in which the latter occurs.

Razor Paste.

Finest Levigated Emery Powder	2 ounces
Jewellers' Rouge	3 ounces

Palm Oil, sufficient to mass.

Rubber Plaster.

Dammar Resin	3 ounces
Prepared Suet	5 ounces
Woolfat	3 ounces
Caoutchouc	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Benzol	5 fl. ounces

Digest the caoutchouc, previously cut up small, in the benzol for four or five days. Melt the resin and the suet, strain, and while still warm add the woolfat, glycerin, and the rubber solution, taking care that no naked flame is near at hand. Then carefully evaporate off the benzol by steam heat, away from any naked fire, until the plaster sets to the desired consistence.

Saddle Soap for Leather.

Palm Oil	1 ounce
Palm Oil Soap	9 ounces

Beat together, having gently heated them.

Salad Cream.

Mustard	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar	1 ounce
Sodium Chloride	120 grains
Two Eggs.	
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Shoemakers' Heel Ball.

Carnauba Wax	5 ounces
Beeswax	5 ounces
Lamp Black	2 ounces

Melt together the waxes, add the black, and pour into suitable moulds.

Shoemakers' Solution.

Synonym.—Gutta Percha Cement.

Gutta Percha	2 ounces
Carbon Bisulphide	6 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Silvering Solution.

Potassium Cyanide (33 per cent.)	12½ ounces
Silver Nitrate	1 ounce
Distilled Water	1 pint

Dissolve separately and mix.

Smoke Cartridge for Testing Drains.

Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Manganese Dioxide	½ ounce
Resin	½ ounce
Asphaltum	¼ ounce

Mix.

Soap Extract.

Dried Washing Soda	1 ounce
Powdered Yellow Soap	3 ounces

Mix.

Soap Solution for Determining the Hardness of Water.

Oleic Acid	5 C.c.
Methylated Spirit	50 C.c.

Phenolphthalein Solution, a sufficient quantity.

Warm and titrate with N/NaOH solution until a pink tint is just evident. Note the number of C.c. used. Every 15·5 C.c. of N/NaOH solution is equivalent to 410 C.c. of standard soap. Therefore when n=number of C.c. of alkali used

$$\frac{n \times 410}{15\cdot5} = \text{final volume of the solution.}$$

For use, dilute a known volume of this solution with an equal volume of water. Two C.c. are then equivalent to 1 degree of hardness when operating on 100 C.c. of water.

Soluble Essence of Cinnamon.

English Oil of Cinnamon	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	50 fl. ounces

Dissolve the oil of cinnamon in the alcohol; then gradually add the distilled water. Allow to stand for an hour, then filter bright through kieselguhr.

Soluble Essence of Ginger.

Strong Tincture of Ginger	30 fl. ounces
Terpeneless Oil of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Powdered Pumice	1 ounce

Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.

Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Add the water to the tincture, then add the essence and the glycerin. After standing twenty-four hours, add the powdered pumice and a sufficient quantity of burnt sugar; shake well and set aside until required, then filter. A little capsicin added to the tincture will make a more pungent product.

Soluble Essence of Lemon.

Finely-cut Fresh Lemon Peel	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Terpeneless Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm

Macerate the lemon peel with the alcohol for fourteen days, then strain, press, add the lemon oil, and filter bright through powdered pumice.

Solution of Carmine.

Synonym.—Liquid Cochineal.

Carmine	½ ounce
Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the carmine in the solution of ammonia; add the glycerin and 3 ounces of distilled water, and warm gently until a faint odour of ammonia remains. Add sufficient distilled water to produce 16 fluid ounces.

Solution of Phosphorus for Dispensing.

Phosphorus	4 grains
Glycerin	7 fl. ounces
Absolute Alcohol	3 fl. ounces

Heat the mixed glycerin and absolute alcohol on the water-bath in a strong bottle, well corked, having previously noted the total weight. Agitate the bottle, occasionally removing the cork, and when the contained air has been displaced by the vapour of the alcohol, drop in the phosphorus, which must be dry, and shake until it has dissolved. When cold, make up to the original weight.

Starch Glaze Powder.

Boric Acid	5 ounces
Borax	3 ounces
Stearin	1 ounce
White Wax	1 ounce

Starch, a sufficient quantity.

Heat together with sufficient caustic soda solution to give a clear solution, then evaporate to dryness. Powder and mix with fine starch powder in the proportion of one to ten.

Mix.

Stencil Ink.

Shellac	2 ounces
Borax	1½ ounces
Powdered Lamp Black	1 ounce
Gum Acacia	1 ounce
Water	10 fl. ounces

Boil the shellac and the borax in the water until the solution measures half a pint; then mix the lamp black and the gum acacia, and incorporate in the solution.

Sticky Fly-Papers.

(1)

Gum Thus	3 ounces
Birdlime	2 ounces
Linseed Oil	1¼ ounces
Honey	1 ounce
Foots Sugar	2 ounces

Melt together and spread while warm on parchment paper.

(2)

Bird Lime	10 ounces
Castor Oil	8 ounces
Honey	4 ounces
Powdered Yellow Resin	18 ounces

Melt together and spread on paper while warm.

(3)

Birdlime	10 ounces
Castor Oil	8 fl. ounces
Treacle	8 fl. ounces
Yellow Resin	18 ounces

Melt the resin, finely powdered, in the castor oil; then incorporate the birdlime and the treacle. Spread while hot with a broad spatula on unsized paper.

Stylographic Ink.

Tannic Acid	200 grains
Gallic Acid	50 grains
Indigo Carmine	320 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	5 minims
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Dissolve the tannin and gallic acid in part of the water, and the sulphate of iron separately in another part. Mix, add the indigo carmine, and, when dissolved, filter. Then add the mucilage and the phenol. Allow to stand for some time to deposit, then carefully decant or filter through a little moist absorbent cotton.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Ticket Varnish.

Clear Dammar	1 ounce
Acetone	6 fl. ounces

Thick Collodion, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the dammar in the acetone and allow to stand in a moderately warm place for fourteen days. Decant and add to every three parts of the solution four parts of thick collodion, and allow to stand until clear. Apply with a camel-hair brush.

Tolu Balsam Bottle Wax.

Residual Tolu Balsam, after preparing Syrup of Tolu	10 ounces
Levigated Bole	1 ounce

Melt the tolu resin and stir in the bole. Cinnabar may be substituted for bole, or Prussian blue, or ochre.

Transfer Liquid.

Soft Soap	½ ounce
Pearlash	¼ ounce
Distilled Water	10 ounces

Dissolve. Lay the print which it is desired to transfer (which should be recently printed) on a flat surface, and wash with the liquid with a brush. Lay a piece of unglazed paper (druggists' "demy" answers well) over the wet picture, then another piece of paper, and rub hard and evenly with a blunt instrument, such as the bowl of a tablespoon, until a sufficient depth of colour has been obtained, then dry on a piece of blotting paper pressed with a heavy book. The transfer will have a very artistic tone.

Varnish.

Benzoin	6 ounces
Resin	3 ounces
Sandarac	12 ounces
Shellac	6 ounces
Methylated Spirit	3 gallons

Mix.

Violet Ink for Rubber Stamps.

Methyl Violet	1 ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Methylated Spirit	4 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia	3 ounces
Water	16 fl. ounces

Dissolve the dye in the mixed spirit and water, then add the glycerin and the gum, and dissolve.

Violin Varnish.

Copal, in coarse powder	8 ounces
Camphor	1 ounce
Mastich	1 ounce
Dragons' Blood	1 ounce
Canada Balsam	1 fl. ounce
Strong Methylated Spirit	40 fl. ounces
Powdered Glass	8 ounces

Warm gently, agitate well until the resins are dissolved, then allow to stand for several days. Decant the clear supernatant varnish. The glass is added merely as a mechanical clarifier to carry down any insoluble impurities in the resins.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Washing Blue.

Ferric Ferrocyanide	3 ounces
Oxalic Acid, in powder	1½ ounces

Mix.

Washing Cream.

Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces

Soft Soap
Water } of each a sufficient quantity.

Shake the oil of turpentine with the strong solution of ammonia, and, when thoroughly mixed, add one fluid ounce of water and again shake well. A little soft soap, previously dissolved in water (say 1 in 20), will tend to prevent separation of the oil.

Waterproof Dressing.

Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Burgundy Pitch	1 ounce
Tallow	4 ounces
Cod Liver Oil	1 pound
Oil of Turpentine	1 ounce

Mix.

Zinc White Cement.

Finest Zinc Oxide	60 grains

Dammar Resin
Turpentine } of each a sufficient quantity.

Rub the oxide to a paste with a little turpentine and add gradually, stirring continually, one ounce of a thick syrupy solution of dammar resin in turpentine.

Agricultural Fungicides and Insecticides.

(From Strawson's 'Standard Fungicides and Insecticides in Agriculture.')

Acid Iron Sulphate Paint.

For Prevention of Anthracnose.

Ferrous Sulphate	40 pounds
Sulphuric Acid	2 pounds
Water, to	10 gallons

Mix.

Ammoniacal Copper Spray-fluid.

Copper Sulphate	1½ ounces
Sodium Carbonate	1¾ ounces
Solution of Ammonia (sp. gr. 0·880) or a sufficient quantity.	12 fl. ounces

Water, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the copper sulphate and sodium carbonate separately. Mix the solutions, collect the precipitate, and dissolve in the solution of ammonia, avoiding great excess. Add sufficient water to produce 10 gallons.

Arsenical Weed Killer.

Arsenious Anhydride	28 ounces
Sodium Hydroxide	17½ ounces
Crude Phenol	2½ ounces
Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	100 ounces

Heat the arsenic with the caustic soda in 75 ounces of water until dissolved. Add the phenol and enough water to make the weight 100. One gallon of this diluted with 25 gallons of water for use. One hundred gallons of the diluted liquid is enough for 50 square yards.

Fungicides and Insecticides.

Arsenical Wheat Dressing.

Commercial Ferrous Sulphate	7 pounds
Commercial Copper Sulphate	7 pounds
Arsenious Anhydride	7 pounds
Black Carbolic Acid	8 ounces

Mix.

Carbolic Acid Spray-fluid.

Hard Soap	1 pound
Crude Phenol	2 ounces
Water	10 gallons

Mix. Spray-marker.—Calcium Sulphate.

N.B.—The object of the spray-marker is to indicate to the operator, by means of the visible deposit on the surface sprayed, the thoroughness or otherwise of the spraying. In many cases the solution acts as its own spray-marker.

Charlock Destroying Spray-fluid.

Copper Sulphate	3 pounds
Water	10 gallons

Mix.

Copper and Lime Spray-fluid.

Synonym.—Burgundy Mixture.

Copper Sulphate	2 pounds
Lime (freshly burnt) or a sufficient quantity.	1 pound
Water to	10 gallons

Mix and stir constantly while using.

Copper Sulphate Smut Solution.

Copper Sulphate	1 pound
Water	1 gallon

Mix and use to moisten four bushels of wheat, oats, etc.

Copper Sulphate Spray-fluid.

Copper Sulphate	½ to 1 pound
Water	10 gallons

Mix.

Fumigating Powder.

Asafetida	3 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	2 ounces
Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	5 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	9 ounces
Charcoal	1 ounce
Starch	5 ounces
Snuff	50 ounces

Mix.

Hellebore.

White Hellebore Rhizome, in fine powder, is used as an insecticide by dusting over the affected plants.

Hellebore Spray-fluid.

White Hellebore Rhizome, in fine powder	2½ pounds
Water	10 gallons

Mix and agitate frequently while in use.

Fungicides and Insecticides.

Hydrocyanic Acid Fumigator.

Potassium Cyanide (98 per cent.)	1 ounce
Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Water	4 fl. ounces

The above quantities should be used for every 200 cubic feet of space to be fumigated. Great care should be exercised in mixing the ingredients. Proportionate amounts of weaker potassium cyanide or of sodium cyanide may replace the 98 per cent. cyanide.

Improved Soda and Potash Spray-fluid.

Lime (freshly burnt)	2½ pounds
Potassium Carbonate (80 per cent.)	1 pound
Soda Crystals	2½ pounds
Soft Soap (8 per cent. Potash)	8 ounces
Water to	10 gallons

Mix. The precipitate of calcium carbonate if stirred up acts as a spray-marker.

Kerosene Emulsion.

Soft Soap	½ pound
Kerosene	2 gallons
Water, boiling	1 gallon

Dissolve the soap in the water, and, while boiling, pour into the kerosene and beat into a creamy liquid. Pump through a fine spray nozzle into another vessel. This process emulsifies the kerosene completely.

Kerosene Paint.

Kerosene Emulsion	1 gallon
Water	2 to 6 gallons

Mix.

Kerosene Spray-fluid.

Kerosene Emulsion	1 gallon
Water	4 to 50 gallons

Mix.

Lead Arsenate Spray-fluid.

Lead Acetate	2¾ ounces
Sodium Arsenate	1 ounce
Water	10 gallons

Mix. Spray-marker.—Calcium Sulphate, but a marker is not essential.

Lime, Sulphur, and Salt Spray-fluid.

Lime (recently burnt)	7 pounds
Sublimed Sulphur	3½ pounds
Sodium Chloride	3 pounds
Water	10 gallons

Boil half the lime with the sulphur in three gallons o water for an hour; slake the remainder of the lime, and ad to a solution of the salt in four gallons of water. Mix th two solutions, and add the remainder of the water.

Nicotine Fumigator.

Camphor	2 ounces
Nicotine	4 fl. ounces
Methylated Spirit	3 fl. ounces
Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Paris Green.

Arsenious Anhydride	59 ounces
Cupric Oxide	31 ounces
Acetic Acid	10 ounces

Mix.

Pyrethrum.

Dalmatian Insect Flowers, in fine powder, are used as a insecticide by dusting over the affected plants.

Pyrethrum Spray-fluid.

Dalmatian Insect Flowers, in powder	2½ pounds
Water, hot	10 gallons

Infuse for two hours and strain, or use unstrained.

Quassia Spray-fluid.

Quassia Wood, in raspings	1 pound
Soft Soap (8 per cent. Potash)	1 pound
Water	to 10 gallons

Decoct the quassia with half the soap in one gallon of water for an hour, strain; repeat the process, and add the remainder of the water. Spray-marker.—Whiting or Chalk.

Resin Spray-fluid.

Resin	4 pounds
Caustic Soda (70 per cent.)	1½ pounds
Fish Oil (Seal or Train Oil)	2 pints
Water	to 10 gallons

Mix. Spray-marker.—Whiting or Chalk.

Soda and Potash Spray-fluid.

Caustic Soda (70 per cent.)	1 pound
Potassium Carbonate (80 per cent.)	1 pound
Soft Soap (8 per cent. Potash)	8 ounces
Water	to 10 gallons

Mix. Spray-marker.—Whiting or Chalk, in sufficient quantity.

Soda Spray-fluid.

Caustic Soda (70 per cent.)	1 pound
Water	10 gallons

Mix. This solution acts as an insecticide, and also clears trees of mosses and lichens.

Spray for Gooseberry Moth Caterpillars.

Naphthalin	1 pound
Paraffin Oil	1 gallon
Soft Soap	1 pound
Water	2 gallons

Dissolve the naphthalin in the paraffin oil, and the soft soap in the water, boiling. Pour the paraffin and naphthalin solution into the soap solution while hot, stir briskly, and then work a fine rose garden syringe in the mixture until a uniform emulsion results. Set aside for several hours, then again stir well. For use, dilute one pint of this strong emulsion with 1½ gallons of water, and syringe the infested trees with the mixture at dusk. Repeat the application in a couple of days. This spray is also very effective for aphis on rose trees.

Standard Paris Green Spray-fluid.

Paris Green	¾ to 1¼ ounces
Water	10 gallons

Mix. The strength of the solution may be varied, according to the nature of the plants under treatment. Spray-markers.—Calcium Carbonate; Calcium Sulphate.

Sulphur.

Sublimed Sulphur is used as a dusting powder in cases of mildew or slight fungoid attacks on vines, fruit trees, etc.

Sulphurated Potash Spray-fluid.

Sulphurated Potash	5 ounces
Water	10 gallons

Mix. Spray-marker.—Plaster of Paris in very small quantity.

Tobacco Spray-fluid.

Tobacco	2 pounds
Water, boiling	10 gallons

Infuse for four hours and strain.

SECTION IX.

HISTOLOGICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL STAINS AND REAGENTS.

SECTION IX.—HISTOLOGICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL STAINS AND REAGENTS.

Clearing Reagents and Mountants.

Absolute Alcohol.

This is a useful reagent to dissolve oils, resins, chlorophyll, etc. It is also useful to remove water from sections before transferring them to strong clearing agents, such as clove oil, oil of bergamot, or turpentine.

Acetic Acid.

The acetic acid (33 per cent. real acetic acid) of the Pharmacopœia is used to distinguish deposits of calcium carbonate from crystals of calcium oxalate. The former concretions dissolve in the acid with effervescence, while the latter are quite insoluble. The dilute acetic acid of the Pharmacopœia is used to render the cell-nuclei more prominent and is added to sections to neutralise an excess of potash when the action of that reagent has been carried further than is desirable.

Alcohol (90 per Cent.).

This is useful for flooding a razor in cutting sections; also for removing air from sections and powders before adding water, dilute glycerin, chloral hydrate, or other mounting or clearing reagent. It is also useful as a mountant for examining cells containing mucilage, or other contents which are soluble in water and ordinary mountants, but are insoluble in alcohol.

Camphor Water.

This reagent is a useful mountant for many algæ.

Canada Balsam.

Dried Canada Balsam	20 grammes
Benzol	25 C.c.

The Canada balsam is prepared by heating the Canada balsam of the Pharmacopœia in a dish on a water-bath until a portion, removed and allowed to cool, sets to a hard, brittle mass. This dried balsam is then dissolved in the benzol.

Castor Oil.

Is used as a mountant for some crystals and for examining the aleurone grains of *Ricinus communis*, so as to see them in an unaltered condition.

Chloral Hydrate Solution.

Chloral Hydrate	50 grammes
Water	20 C.c.

This is the most generally useful clearing reagent. It dissolves most cell contents, including starch and aleurone grains. Collapsed tissues open under its influence, and cellulose walls become somewhat swollen. The essential histological characters of most vegetable powders are best made evident by clearing a little of the powder with a warm chloral hydrate solution.

Clearing Reagents and Mountants.

Chlorinated Potash Solution.

"Eau de Javelle."

Chlorinated Lime	5 grammes
Potassium Carbonate	10 grammes
Distilled Water	100 C.c.

Dissolve the potassium carbonate in 25 C.c. of the water. Rub the chlorinated lime with the remainder of the water; mix the two liquids and filter. After treatment with this solution objects should be washed with water and then with dilute acetic acid.

Chlorinated Soda Solution.

Chlorinated Lime	200 grammes
Distilled Water	1,750 C.c.

Rub together in a mortar and transfer to a stoppered bottle and add :—Sodium carbonate, 250 grammes, dissolved in 750 C.c. of distilled water. Keep the bottle in the dark and shake at intervals during four days. Filter, add a 10 per cent. solution of potassium oxalate as long as a precipitate is formed; allow to stand, and filter.

Chromic Acid Solution.

Chromic Acid	10 grammes
Diluted Sulphuric Acid (B.P.)	90 C.c.

Mix.

Soak sections in the solution until, on gentle pressure under the cover-glass, they separate into their constituent cells.

Copper Acetate Solution.

Copper Acetate	1·0 gramme
Glacial Acetic Acid	1·0 C.c.
Mercuric Chloride	0·1 gramme
Camphor Water	150 C.c.
Glycerin	150 C.c.

Mix and filter into a stoppered bottle.

This solution is a good preservative for vegetable tissues containing chlorophyll, the colour of which remains permanent for some time. It is used as a mountant for green algæ.

Farrant's Medium.

Arsenious Anhydride	0·25 gramme
Distilled Water	25 C.c.
Glycerin	25 C.c.

Mix and add sufficient powdered gum acacia to saturate the fluid. Allow to stand for six weeks, filter, and keep in an outside stoppered bottle.

Formalin Solution.

A formalin solution containing 2·5 per cent. of formaldehyde is used as a mountant for *Rotatoria*.

Clearing Reagents and Mountants.

Glycerin Jelly.

Gelatin	20 grammes
Distilled Water	150 C.c.
Glycerin	100 C.c.
Phenol	0·5 gramme

Soak the gelatin in sufficient of the water to just cover it, then dissolve by warming on a water-bath; add the glycerin and the phenol dissolved in the remainder of the water. Filter while warm, and keep in a stoppered bottle.

Glycerin of the Pharmacopœia.

This is an extremely useful mountant for all preparations that are to be kept for a time only. It is freely miscible with water, alcohol, potash solution, chloral hydrate solution, and almost every reagent used in microscopic work, and can therefore be added to any preparation to prevent it from drying up, and enables one to keep the section for some length of time. Glycerin also possesses marked solvent powers, and is frequently useful as a clearing reagent.

Hydrochloric Acid.

The hydrochloric acid (s.g. 1·16) of the Pharmacopœia. This is used to identify calcium oxalate crystals which dissolve in the acid. It is sometimes useful as a clearing reagent, and brings out the nuclei of many cells. It is also used in conjunction with phloroglucin as a reagent for lignin.

Oil of Cloves, Oil of Bergamot, Oil of Cajuput, Oil of Turpentine.

All these oils are used as clearing reagents before mounting in Canada balsam.

Olive Oil.

This oil is used as a mountant for aleurone grains.

Potash Solution (Dilute).

A solution containing 0·3 per cent. of potash is used as a solvent for the crystalloids of proteid granules.

Potassium Acetate.

A solution of potassium acetate in its own weight of distilled water is used as a mountant for green algæ

Schulze's Macerating Fluid.

Nitric Acid (s.g. 1·42)	2 vols.
Water	1 vol.

Put a little of this diluted acid into a test-tube and add the chips of material to be disintegrated. Now add a few crystals of potassium chlorate and warm gently or allow to stand in the cold until the chips are entirely bleached and can be readily teased out with dissecting needles.

Sodium Chloride.

A 10 per cent. solution is used as a solvent for proteid crystalloids. A more dilute solution containing 1·0 to 5 per cent. is used for studying plasmolysis.

Solution of Potash.

The Pharmacopœia solution of potash. This reagent is a more powerful clearing agent than glycerin or chloral hydrate. It dissolves starch, aleurone grains and most resins, fixed oils and tannin or other dark-colouring matters. It produces considerable swelling of cell walls. The solution is also useful for separating tissues into their constituent elements; for this purpose the tissue to be examined is digested in the potash on a water-bath for periods varying from five minutes to half an hour or more. The material is then teased out with needles. Potash is used for softening the chitinous parts of insects.

Clearing Reagents and Mountants.

Sulphuric Acid.

The sulphuric acid (s.g. 1·843) of the Pharmacopœia. This reagent is used to confirm the presence of calcium oxalate which dissolves in the acid, and then acicular crystals of calcium sulphate appear in the place of the original crystal. It is also a reagent for suberised tissues which are insoluble in the strong acid while all other tissues are dissolved. In conjunction with iodine water it stains cellulose tissues blue.

Decalcifying Agents.

Ebner's Fluid.

Hydrochloric Acid (s.g. 1·16)	1 C.c.
Sodium Chloride	10 Gm.
Distilled Water to 100 C.c.	

Must be used fresh.

Glycerin and Hydrochloric Acid.

Hydrochloric Acid	5 C.c.
Glycerin ... to	100 C.c.

Mix. This reagent is a preservative as well as a softening agent.

Hopewell Smith's Solution.

Hydrochloric Acid (s.g. 1·16)	12 C.c.
Nitric Acid (s.g. 1·432)	30 C.c.
Distilled Water ... to	100 C.c.

Used for decalcifying teeth.

Dilute Hydrochloric Acid.

1 to 10 per cent. solution of hydrochloric acid (s.g. 1·16) in distilled water.

Kleinenberg's Fluid.

Saturated Aqueous Solution of Picric Acid	50 C.c.
Sulphuric Acid (s.g. 1·843)	1 C.c.
Filter, and add Distilled Water to	200 C.c.

Nitric Acid.

1 to 5 per cent. solution of nitric acid (s.g. 1·432) in distille water. Decalcify for a week, wash with water, and preserv in 70 per cent. alcohol.

Embedding Media.

Albumen Fixative.

White of Egg	50 C.c.
Glycerin	50 C.c.
Sodium Salicylate	1·0 G.m.

Dissolve and filter. This solution is used for fixing sec tions to the slide before treatment with solvents for th embedding media.

Celloidin.

A solution in equal parts of alcohol and ether.

Glycerin and Gelatin (Kleb's).

Gelatin	10 Gm.

Wash with water and allow to stand, with sufficient wate just to cover it. When thoroughly soaked, pour off exces of water and melt on a water-bath. Add ten grammes of gly cerin and 0·4 gramme of phenol.

Embedding Media.

Gum and Glycerin.

Gum Acacia	60 Gm.
Distilled Water	45 C.c.
Glycerin	45 C.c.
Thymol	0·2 Gm.

Dissolve. This reagent is used for fixing small seeds and similar objects previous to cutting sections.

Hard Paraffin, m.p. 45° to 50° C.

Mucilage of Acacia.

Mucilage of Acacia and Syrup.

Mucilage of Acacia	75 C.c.
Simple Syrup	45 C.c.

Mix.

Paraffin Wax and Lard.

Hard Paraffin	40 Gm.
Lard	10 Gm.

Melt together on a water-bath.

Resin and Wax.

Amber Resin	75 Gm.
Yellow Wax	15 Gm.

Melt together. Used to hold sections of bone and teeth while being ground.

Shellac Fixative.

Dissolve shellac in absolute alcohol until the resulting solution has about the consistence of oil.

Spread a thin layer of the shellac solution on a slide, and allow to dry. Apply a thin layer of creosote, and lay the section on the slide. Warm on a water-bath; the creosote volatilises, and the paraffin embedding medium is removed by benzol or turpentine.

Stearin and Naphthalene.

Stearin	75 Gm.
Naphthalene	15 Gm.

Melt together on a water-bath. An embedding medium which does not slip in the microtome tube so readily as paraffin. In warm weather use a larger amount of naphthalene.

Hardening and Fixing Reagents.

Alcohol.

Alcohol of various strengths is the most generally useful hardening and fixing reagent. Alcohol, 90 per cent., is used for most vegetable tissues and many animal tissues, such as stomach, salivary glands, etc. Absolute alcohol is used for fixing nuclei.

Note.—When 90 per cent. alcohol is to be used, methylated spirit, free from mineral naphtha, may be used for all ordinary purposes.

Chromic Acid.

Chromic Acid	0·5 Gm.
Distilled Water ... to	100 C.c.

Dissolve. Allow pieces of material to soak for one to fourteen days, wash with water, and transfer to 70 per cent. alcohol.

Chromic Acid and Spirit.

(Klein's Fluid.)

Solution of Chromic Acid (0·3 per cent.)	100 C.c.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	50 C.c.

Mix.

Hardening and Fixing Reagents.

Chromic and Nitric Acids.

Chromic Acid	3 Gm.
Nitric Acid	6 C.c.
Distilled Water ... to	500 C.c.

A useful hardening and decalcifying reagent for jaws, etc.

Erlicki's Fluid.

Potassium Bichromate	5 Gm.
Copper Sulphate	1 Gm.
Distilled Water ... to	200 C.c.

Dissolve.

Flemming's Solution.

Osmic Acid (1 per cent.)	80 C.c.
Chromic Acid	1·5 Gm.
Glacial Acetic Acid	10 C.c.
Distilled Water ... to	200 C.c.

A fixing solution for nuclei and karyokinetic figures.

Fol's Solution.

Osmic Acid (1 per cent.)	4 C.c.
Chromic Acid	0·5 Gm.
Glacial Acetic Acid	10 C.c.
Distilled Water to	180 C.c.

Dissolve.

Formaldehyde Solution.

A 10 per cent. solution of formic aldehyde in water is a useful fixing and preserving fluid.

Perchloride of Mercury.

Mercuric Chloride	3 Gm.
Distilled Water	50 C.c.

Dissolve. A useful fixing reagent for tooth pulp.

Potassium Bichromate.

Ammonium Bichromate.

A 2 per cent. solution of either in distilled water. Hardens in about three or four weeks. It is used for muscle, spleen, liver, kidney, brain, spinal cord, etc.

Muller's Fluid.

Potassium Bichromate	2 Gm.
Sodium Sulphate	1 Gm.
Distilled Water ... to	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Micro-Chemical Reagents.

Alpha-Naphthol Solution.

α-Naphthol	5 Gm.
Alcohol, 90 per cent.	50 C.c.

Dissolve. To a section containing inulin add a drop of the reagent; allow to stand for a minute. Remove the excess of α-naphthol solution and add a drop of strong sulphuric acid. A deep violet-red colour is produced.

Ammonium Molybdate Solution.

Ammonium Molybdate	1 Gm.
Ammonium Chloride	10 Gm.
Distilled Water ... to	50 C.c.

Dissolve. Gives a bulky yellow precipitate, with tannin.

Aniline Chloride Solution.

Aniline Chloride	2 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 C.c.
Hydrochloric Acid (s.g. 1·16)	2 C.c.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Dissolve the aniline chloride in the alcohol, add the acid, and dilute to 100 C.c. with the water. Gives a yellow coloration with lignified cell-walls.

Bræmer's Reagent.

Sodium Tungstate	5 Gm.
Sodium Acetate	10 Gm.
Distilled Water to	50 C.c.

Dissolve. When a dry section is mounted in this reagent, a copious red-brown precipitate is produced in cells containing tannin.

Chloral-Iodine Solution.

Chloral Hydrate	50 Gm.
Water	20 C.c.

Dissolve and saturate the solution with iodine by shaking it with a few crystals. Some crystals of iodine should be kept in each bottle of the reagent. This reagent is useful to detect small starch grains.

Chlor-Zinc-Iodine.

Schulze's Reagent.

Solution of Zinc Chloride (s.g. 1·8)	55 C.c.
Potassium Iodide	10 Gm.
Iodine	0·15 Gm.

Dissolve the potassium iodide and iodine in ten cubic centimetres of water; add to the solution of zinc chloride, and allow the mixture to stand till clear. Decant, and keep a few crystals of iodine in the solution. This reagent stains cellulose tissues blue, lignified elements yellow, cuticularised walls yellow or brown, and starch grains blue.

Corallin Solution.

Corallin	1 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	50 C.c.

Dissolve.

Sodium Carbonate (anhydrous)	25 Gm.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Dissolve and add ten cubic centimetres of the alcoholic corallin solution. This reagent must be freshly made.

Corallin solution is used to localise sieve-plates, the callus upon which is stained a brilliant pink by the reagent.

Cuoxam.

Ammoniacal Solution of Cupric Hydrate

Copper Sulphate	25 Gm.
Sodium Carbonate (Anhydrous)	11 Gm.

Dissolve the copper sulphate in distilled water and add the sodium carbonate, previously dissolved in a little water. Wash the precipitated hydrated copper carbonate by decantation and finally on a filter paper till the washings are free from sulphate. Dry the precipitate by exposure to the air, and preserve in a stoppered bottle. When required for use, a little of the powder is dissolved in strong ammonia. The reagent is used as a solvent for pure cellulose.

Diphenylamine Solution.

Diphenylamine	1 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 C.c.
Sulphuric Acid (s.g. 1·843)	25 C.c.

Dissolve the diphenylamine in the alcohol, and add the sulphuric acid gradually and carefully, keeping the mixture well cooled. A valuable reagent for the detection of turmeric, with the resin of which it gives a splendid purple coloration.

Fehling's Reagent.

Copper Sulphate	34·6 Gm.
Sulphuric Acid	0·5 C.c.
Distilled Water to	500 C.c.

Dissolve.

Sodium Potassium Tartrate	175 Gm.
Sodium Hydroxide	77 Gm.
Distilled Water to	500 C.c.

Dissolve.

Mix equal volumes of the two solutions when required. The reagent gives a red precipitate of cuprous oxide with reducing sugars.

Ferric Chloride Solution.

A 1 per cent. solution in water gives a dark greenish coloration with tannin.

Gold Chloride Solution.

Chloride of Gold	1 Gm.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Dissolve. The solution precipitates alkaloids as auro-chlorides.

Iodine Solution.

Iodine	2 Gm.
Potassium Iodide	1 Gm.
Distilled Water to	200 C.c.

Dissolve the iodine and potassium iodide in ten cubic centimetres of water; add distilled water to make 200 C.c. This solution gives a brown amorphous precipitate with alkaloids. When diluted with water it is used as a reagent for aleurone grains, which are stained yellow.

Iodine Water.

Shake a few crystals of iodine with water till a saturated solution is produced. The solution should be stored in amber-coloured bottles and a few crystals of iodine kept in the reagent. This reagent gives a blue colour with starch grains, and a yellow with aleurone grains.

Lead Subacetate Solution.

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	25 C.c.
Distilled Water (recently boiled and cooled)	75 C.c.

Mix. Gives a yellowish colour with mucilage.

Methylene Blue Solution.

Methylene Blue	0·1 Gm.
Alcohol (95 per cent.)	25 C.c.

Dissolve.

Methylene Blue	0·2 Gm.
Alcohol (95 per cent.)	10 C.c.
Glycerin	40 C.c.

Dissolve.

Mount a section in the alcoholic solution, and after a few minutes add a drop of the glycerin solution. The mucilage is stained blue.

Millon's Reagent.

Mercury	13 Gm.
Nitric Acid, fuming (s.g. 1·5)	10 C.c.

Dissolve, keeping the mixture cool. Add an equal volume of water when all the mercury has been dissolved. Gives a brick-red coloration with proteids.

Osmic Acid Solution.

A 1 per cent. solution of osmic acid gives a black colour with fixed oils.

Micro-Chemical Reagents.

Phloroglucin Solution.

Phloroglucin	1 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	100 C.c.

Dissolve. The solution cannot be kept longer than three months. Soak a section in a few drops of the reagent for two or three minutes; remove the solution with blotting paper, and add a drop of hydrochloric acid (s.g. 1·16). Lignified cell-walls are stained red, the depth of coloration varying with the extent of lignification.

Platinum-Chloride Solution.

A 1 per cent. solution of platinic chloride gives a yellow crystalline precipitate with alkaloids.

Potassio-Mercuric Iodide.

Mayer's Reagent.

Potassium Iodide	7 Gm.
Mercuric Chloride	2·5 Gm.
Distilled Water to	200 C.c.

Dissolve the potassium iodide and the mercuric chloride in 100 C.c. of distilled water; add a cold saturated solution of mercuric chloride until the red precipitate is all dissolved. Make up the volume to 200 C.c. with distilled water. This solution gives a yellowish precipitate with solutions of alkaloids.

Ruthenium-Red Solution.

Lead Acetate	10 Gm.
Distilled Water	100 C.c.

Dissolve and add—

Ruthenium Red	0·1 Gm.

This solution stains true mucilage with a pink colour. The reagent should be freshly prepared.

Solution of Alkanna.

Alkanet Root	20 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	100 C.c.

Macerate for a week and filter. Before using, mix with an equal volume of water.

A useful stain for volatile oils, which are coloured red.

Soudan-Red Solution.

Soudan-red	0·01 G.m.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 C.c.
Glycerin	5 C.c.

Dissolve the Soudan-red in the alcohol and add the glycerin. Gives a light red coloration with suberised cell-walls.

Sulpho-Molybdic Acid.

Froehde's Reagent.

Ammonium Molybdate	1 Gm.
Sulphuric Acid (s.g. 1·843)	100 C.c.

Rub the ammonium molybdate with the sulphuric acid in a mortar. Allow to settle, and decant the clear liquid. Gives characteristic colours with various alkaloids, etc.

Sulpho-Vanadic Acid.

Mandelin's Reagent.

Ammonium Vanadate	1 Gm.
Sulphuric Acid (s.g. 1·843)	100 C.c.

Rub the ammonium vanadate with the sulphuric acid in a mortar. The mixture changes colour from orange to red and green and forms a yellow deposit. Allow the deposit to subside, and use the clear liquid. This is a useful micro-chemical reagent for alkaloids.

Nutrient Media.

Acid Beef Broth.

Macerate 500 Gm. of minced beef, free from fat, in 1,000 C.c. of distilled water for twenty-four hours. Strain through cloth into a litre flask, squeeze the residue, and add to the liquid ten grammes of Witte's peptone and five grammes of sodium chloride. Make up the volume to 1,000 C.c. with distilled water. Steam for one hour, and strain through cotton wool into a sterile flask. Sterilise the liquid.

Beer-Wort Agar.

Agar-agar	10 Gm.
Beer-wort (unhopped)	500 C.c.

Proceed as directed for the Preparation of Nutrient Agar.

Beer-Wort Gelatin.

Gelatin	50 Gm.
Beer-wort (unhopped)	500 C.c.

Proceed as directed under nutrient gelatin, omitting the neutralisation.

Formate of Sodium Agar.

Sodium Formate	0·5 Gm.
Nutrient Agar-agar	100 C.c.

Mix and sterilise.

Formate of Sodium Broth.

Sodium formate	0·5 Gm.
Nutrient Broth	100 C.c.

Mix and sterilise.

Formate of Sodium Gelatin.

Sodium Formate	0·5 Gm.
Nutrient Gelatin	100 C.c.

Mix and sterilise.

Glucose-Agar.

(Sugar-agar.)

To 100 C.c. of nutrient agar, after neutralisation, add one or two grammes of glucose. Boil and test alkalinity; if necessary, make just alkaline with a 1 per cent. solution of sodium carbonate.

Glucose Broth.

(Sugar Broth.)

Glucose	1 Gm.
Nutrient Broth	100 C.c.

Mix and sterilise.

Glucose Gelatin.

Sugar Gelatin.

Add one to two grammes of glucose to every 100 C.c. of nutrient gelatin after neutralising. Test and, if necessary, make just alkaline by adding 1 per cent. sodium carbonate solution. Clarify, sterilise, and fill into test-tubes, as directed under nutrient gelatin.

Glycerin Agar-Agar.

Proceed as for nutrient agar-agar, but add, after heating in the autoclave for three-quarters of an hour, five cubic centimetres of glycerin to every 100 C.c. of agar-agar. Then proceed as directed for nutrient agar-agar.

Glycerin Broth.

Glycerin	5 C.c.
Nutrient Broth	100 C.c.

Mix and sterilise.

Nutrient Media.

Glycerin Gelatin.

Add from six to eight cubic centimetres of glycerin to every 100 C.c. of nutrient gelatin before the final sterilisation.

Litmus Milk.

Add a few drops of sterilised saturated infusion of litmus to each tube of separated milk.

Milk.

Allow fresh cow's milk to stand all night in a cool place in a tall glass cylinder, having a tap at the bottom. Run the separated milk into sterile test-tubes.

Sterilise in a steamer for half an hour on three successive days.

Neutral Litmus Agar.

Add a few drops of a sterilised saturated infusion of litmus to each tube of filtered glucose-agar.

Nutrient Agar-Agar.

Agar-agar, in powder	6 Gm.
Nutrient Broth	300 C.c.

Heat together in an autoclave at 120° C. for three-quarters of an hour. If necessary, neutralise again with 1 per cent. sodium carbonate solution. Clarify with the white of an egg. Heat again in the autoclave for half an hour. Filter through a moistened filter paper, using a hot-water-jacketed funnel. Pour into test-tubes, about six cubic centimetres into each. Plug with cotton wool and sterilise on three successive days for one hour on each day.

Nutrient Broth.

Liebig's Extract	5 Gm.
Peptone (Witte's)	10 Gm.
Sodium Chloride	5 Gm.

Mix together in an enamelled iron saucepan and boil, constantly stirring with a glass rod. Neutralise with a 1 per cent. solution of sodium carbonate, and then make slightly alkaline. Filter through wool into a sterile litre flask. Place in a steamer for half to three-quarters of an hour, and filter through paper; if it does not filter clear, add white of egg, after cooling to 50° C., and boil in steamer for half an hour; finally filter into a sterile flask.

Nutrient Gelatin.

Gelatin (gold-label)	37·5 Gm.
Nutrient Broth	300 C.c.

Dissolve the gelatin by heating for an hour in a steamer. Neutralise with a 1 per cent. sodium carbonate solution; clarify by adding the white of an egg; boil in steamer for a quarter of an hour. Filter through a moistened filter paper in a jacketed funnel containing hot water. Pour into sterile test-tubes, six to ten cubic centimetres into each; plug with cotton wool, and sterilise in the steamer on three successive days, for ten minutes each day.

Pasteur's Solution.

Candy Sugar	10 Gm.
Ammonium Tartrate	1 Gm.
Potassium Phosphate	0·5 Gm.
Distilled Water	100 C.c.

Dissolve; sterilise and pour into sterile test-tubes.

Peptone Water.

Peptone (Witte's)	10 Gm.
Sodium Chloride	10 Gm.
Tap Water	1,000 C.c.

Heat in a steamer for one hour; pour into sterile test-tubes, and sterilise on two successive days.

Nutrient Media.

Phenol Broth.

Phenol, 5 per cent. solution	1 C.c.
Nutrient Broth	100 C.c.

Mix.

Phenol Gelatin.

Phenol (5 per cent. solution)	1 C.c.
Nutrient Gelatin	100 C.c.

Mix.

Stains for General Use.

Alkaline Methylene Blue.

Löffler's Methylene Blue.

Methylene Blue	0·5 Gm.
Alcohol	35 C.c.
Potash Solution (1 in 10,000)	100 C.c.

Dissolve the methylene blue in the alcohol, and add the solution to the potash.

Aniline Blue.

Soluble Aniline Blue	1 Gm.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Aniline Blue Black.

Nigrosine.

Nigrosine	1 Gm.
Distilled Water	50 C.c.
Alcohol, 90 per cent.	14 C.c.

Dissolve and filter.

Aniline Gentian Violet.

Dahlia Violet.

Gentian Violet	0·2 Gm.
Alcohol	20 C.c.
Aniline Water (freshly prepared) ... to	100 C.c.

Dissolve the aniline violet in the alcohol and add to the aniline water.

Aniline Water.

Aniline Oil	5 C.c.
Distilled Water	100 C.c.

Shake the oil with the water to form an emulsion. Filter through a moistened filter paper.

Aniline Water Fuchsine.

Fuchsine	0·5 Gm.
Alcohol	20 C.c.
Aniline Water (freshly prepared) ...to	100 C.c.

Dissolve the fuchsine in the alcohol and add the aniline water.

Aqueous Borax Carmine.

Carmine	2 Gm.
Solution of Ammonia (s.g. 0·880)	4 C.c.
Borax	6 Gm.
Distilled Water	150 C.c.

Dissolve the carmine in the ammonia and the borax in the distilled water. Mix the two solutions and filter.

Stain for five minutes in this solution; wash with methylated spirit, and soak in a solution of one part of hydrochloric acid in five parts of methylated spirit till of a bright scarlet colour.

Stains for General Use.

Aqueous Fuchsine.

Magenta.

Add a solution of one part of fuchsine in four parts of alcohol to distilled water. Shake, and continue the addition of the fuchsine solution till the liquid is no longer translucent.

Beale's Carmine.

Carmine	0·6 Gm.
Solution of Ammonia (s.g. 0·880)	2 C.c.
Distilled Water	60 C.c.
Glycerin	50 C.c.
Absolute Alcohol	18 C.c.

Dissolve the carmine in the boiling solution of ammonia; allow to stand till cold and all the ammonia has evaporated. Add the water, glycerin, and alcohol. Allow to stand for some time and filter.

Bismark Brown.

Vesuvine.

Bismark Brown	0·5 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 C.c.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Carbol Fuchsine (Kuhne's).

Ziehl-Neelsen Solution.

Fuchsine	0·5 Gm.
Alcohol	15 C.c.
Solution of Phenol (5 per cent.) to	100 C.c.

Dissolve the fuchsine in the alcohol and add the solution of phenol.

Carbol Methylene Blue.

Kühne's Blue.

Methylene Blue	1·0 Gm.
Alcohol	10 C.c.
Solution of Phenol (5 per cent.) to	100 C.c.

Dissolve the methylene blue in alcohol, and add the solution of phenol.

Carbol Thionin Blue.

Thionin Blue	0·2 Gm.
Alcohol	20 C.c.
Solution of Phenol (5 per cent.)	100 C.c.

Dissolve the thionin blue in the alcohol and add the solution of phenol.

Ehrlich's Hæmatoxyiin.

Hæmatoxylin	1 Gm.
Alcohol	50 C.c.

Dissolve.

Ammonia Alum	1 Gm.
Distilled Water	50 C.c.
Glycerin	50 C.c.
Glacial Acetic Acid	5 C.c.

Dissolve the alum in the water, add the glycerin and acetic acid. Mix the two solutions, and allow to stand in sunlight for a month before use.

Eosin Solution (Alcoholic).

Eosin	0·5 Gm.
Alcohol (70 per cent.)	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Golgi's Nitrate of Silver.

Silver Nitrate	0·75 Gm.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Stains for General Use.

Gram's Iodine Solution.

Iodine	1·0 Gm.
Potassium Iodide	2·0 Gm.
Distilled Water to	300 C.c.

Dissolve.

Grenacher's Alcoholic Borax Carmine.

Carmine	3 Gm.
Borax	4 Gm.
Distilled Water	100 C.c.
Alcohol (70 per cent.)	100 C.c.

Dissolve the borax in the water, add the carmine, and dissolve by heat. To the cold solution add the alcohol, filter, and keep in a stoppered bottle. Stain in this solution for three to five minutes, wash with alcohol, and then for five or ten minutes with a solution of one part of hydrochloric acid and in five parts of methylated spirit; finally wash with alcohol.

Hæmatoxylin.

(Kleinenberg Squire's Modification.)

Hæmatoxylin	2·5 Gm.
Crystallised Calcium Chloride	20 Gm.
Alum	3 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	240 C.c.
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the calcium chloride in ten cubic centimetres and the alum in sixteen cubic centimetres of distilled water. Mix the solutions and dilute with the alcohol. After an hour filter and add the hæmatoxylin.

Dissolve.

Methyl Green Solution.

Aniline Green Solution.

Aqueous.

Methyl Green	1 Gm.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Methyl Green Solution.

Aniline Green Solution.

Alcoholic.

Methyl Green	1 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.) to	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Orseille (Wedl).

Glacial Acetic Acid	5 C.c.
Alcohol	20 C.c.
Distilled Water	40 C.c.

Mix and add orseille till a dark red liquid is formed.

Picro-Carmine.

Carmine	1·0 Gm.
Solution of Ammonia (s.g. 0·880)	3 C.c.
Distilled Water	5 C.c.
Saturated Solution of Picric Acid	200 C.c.

Dissolve the carmine in the ammonia and water by the aid of heat, then add the picric acid solution; heat to boiling, and filter.

If preferred, this liquid may be evaporated to dryness, and, when required for use, dissolve five grammes of the crystals so obtained in 100 C.c. of distilled water.

Stains for General Use.

Pitfield's Solutions for Flagella Staining.

Solution A.

Tannic Acid	10 Gm.
Distilled Water	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Solution B.

Alum	10 Gm.
Distilled Water	100 C.c.
Gentian Violet	0·15 Gm.
Alcohol	10 C.c.

Dissolve the alum in the water and the gentian violet in the alcohol. Mix the two solutions; filter.

Safranin Solution.

Safranin	1·0 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Thiersch's Carmine.

Borax	4 Gm.
Carmine	1 Gm.
Distilled Water	56 C.c.
Absolute Alcohol	115 C.c.

Dissolve the borax in the water; add the carmine and dissolve. Add the alcohol, filter, and keep in a stoppered bottle.

A useful nuclear stain.

Stains for General Use

Thionin Blue (Aqueous).

Thionin Blue	0·2 G.m.
Alcohol	20 C.c.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

Van Ermengem's Solutions.

(For Flagella Staining.)

α. Mordant.

Osmic Acid (2 per cent. solution)	20 C.c.
Tannic Acid (20 per cent. solution)	40 C.c.
Glacial Acetic Acid	0·6 C.c.

Mix.

β. Sensitising Bath.

Silver Nitrate	0·5 Gm.
Distilled Water to	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

γ. Reducing and Reinforcing Bath.

Gallic Acid	5 Gm.
Tannic Acid	3 Gm.
Sodium Acetate (fused)	10 Gm.
Distilled Water	350 C.c.

Dissolve.

SECTION X.

URINE ANALYSIS—REAGENTS AND TESTS.

SECTION X.—URINE ANALYSIS—REAGENTS AND TESTS.

Tests for Inorganic Acids and Salts.

Bromic Acid.

Rabuteau's Test.

Indigo is dissolved in sulphuric acid, and a little of the indigo-sulphonic acid so produced is added to the sample of urine. More sulphuric acid is then added, and, if the urine contains free chloric or bromic acids, these are reduced, and indigo decolorised as a result.

Chloric Acid.

(1)

Edlefsen's Test.

This is similar in principle to Rabuteau's reaction. It practically consists in boiling the urine with a quarter of its volume of strong hydrochloric acid. Near the boiling point any chloric acid present changes the colour of the solution from a dark red to a light brown or light yellow colour. The solution finally becomes colourless.

(2)

Rabuteau's Test.

(See under Bromic Acid.)

Hydriodic Acid.

Scivoletto's Test.

A filter-paper is dipped in starch solution and dried. A few drops of the urine are then placed on the filter-paper by means of a glass rod. The whole is exposed to the fumes of nitric acid by suspending in a flask over nitric acid. If hydriodic acid is present the nitrous fumes liberate iodine, which gives a blue colour to the paper. (See also under Iodine.)

Iodides.

Bourget's Method.

Starch paper is cut into small squares, and then impregnated with a 5 per cent. ammonium persulphate solution. The paper is dried in the dark, and touched with urine, when, if an iodide is present, the starch paper at once turns blue. (See also under Iodine, Hydriodic Acid.)

Hydrosulphuric Acid (Sulphuretted Hydrogen).

Mueller's Test.

The urine is placed in a flask and a current of air passed through. This vapour is then caused to play upon a moist filter-paper which has been impregnated with lead acetate A black coloration indicates sulphuretted hydrogen.

Nitric Acid.

Weyl's Test.

(A)

About 200 C.c. of urine are placed in a distilling flask, and 40 C.c. of sulphuric acid are added. The product is then distilled, and the distillate collected in a dilute solution of potassium hydrate. If nitric acid was originally present, a yellow colour develops when *m*-phenylene-diamine is added.

(B)

If *m*-phenylene-diamine in the last reaction be replaced by pyrogallic acid and sulphuric acid a yellowish-brown colour develops.

Tests for Inorganic Acids and Salts.

Nitrous Acid.

Schoenbein's Test.

To the urine a trace of sulphuric acid is added. If potassium iodide starch paper be then dipped in the urine a deep blue colour develops, owing to the liberation of iodine by nitrous acid.

Phosphoric Acid.

Some of the urine is boiled with a slight excess of ammonium hydrate. This causes a precipitation of calcium and magnesium phosphates, which should be collected and tested in the ordinary manner.

Determination.

This is performed volumetrically with uranic nitrate solution. For description see Clowes and Coleman's 'Quantitative Analysis.' A healthy person should excrete from two to three grammes of phosphates per day.

Pyrophosphoric Acid.

Joly-Pacquelin's Test.

This consists in converting pyrophosphates into orthophosphates by boiling the solution after precipitation of ordinary phosphates. The orthophosphates thus formed can be precipitated with ammonium molybdate.

Sulphuretted Hydrogen.

See Hydrosulphuric Acid.

Sulphates.

Freund's Method.

Dilute solutions of acetic acid and alizarin are added to the urine containing a sulphate, and an orange product is obtained. The solution is then titrated with a volumetric solution of barium acetate until the precipitate is red. Highly coloured urine should first be decolorised by boiling with acetic acid and zinc dust.

Sulphurous Acid.

Salkowsky's Test.

100 C.c. of the urine is treated with a tenth of its volume of hydrochloric acid (s.g. 1·12) and the liquid evaporated in a tube. A bluish or yellowish white precipitate is formed on the upper portion of the cool tube.

Tests for Other Inorganic Substances.

Arsenic.

Reichardt's Tests.

(A)

The arsenic is fixed as sodium arsenite by evaporating some of the urine with a little caustic soda. Marsh's test is then applied.

(B)

A stream of sulphuretted hydrogen is slowly passed through slightly acidulated urine from twelve to fourteen hours. The precipitate is collected, and any arsenic trisulphide present is dissolved out with bromine water. The washings are then treated as in Marsh's test, and any arsenic hydride formed is conducted into acidulated silver nitrate solution, when a black precipitate of arsenic is formed.

Tests for Other Inorganic Substances.

Copper or Lead.

Hahnemann's Test.

Shake urine with a solution made by shaking a 2 per cent. solution of tartaric acid with calcium sulphide and filtering. A brown or black precipitate appears if copper or lead be present.

Iodine.

(1)

Harnack's Test.

A mixture of starch paste and carbon disulphide produces a blue colour when urine containing iodine is shaken with it.

(2)

Jolle's Test.

Iodine is liberated from iodides with chlorine water and a trace of hydrochloric acid. It is then identified, as usual, with starch paste.

(3)

Sandlund's Test.

Iodine is liberated with a few drops of sulphuric acid and sodium nitrate solution, and dissolved out in carbon disulphide.

Lead.

(1)

Abram's Test.

Ammonium oxalate is added to the urine and metallic magnesium introduced. Lead is precipitated on the magnesium, and can be identified. Sensitive to 1 in 50,000.

(2)

Hahnemann's Test.

(See under Copper.)

Nitrogen.

Allen's Method.

Practically Kjeldahl's method of determining nitrogen. The urine is first evaporated with strong sulphuric acid, and when sulphuric acid vapours are liberated freely, potassium sulphate is added and the whole further heated. The residue is cooled and then boiled with excess of seminormal soda solution, and the ammonia collected in decinormal sulphuric acid.

Mercury.

(1)

Jolle's Method.

100 C.c. of urine and 2 Gm. of granulated gold are warmed with a quantity of stannous chloride on a water-bath, and the liquid is then decanted. The amalgam produced is washed, and it gives the ordinary reactions for mercury.

(2)

Ludwig's Test.

Copper or zinc is immersed in the urine, and mercury, if present, deposits on the metal. It may then be identified by the ordinary tests.

Potassium.

(1)

Urine is acidulated with hydrochloric acid and platinic chloride solution added. The precipitate is rendered less soluble in the urine by the addition of a mixture of equal parts of alcohol and ether. Crystals of potassium platinochloride are formed and may be identified microscopically.

(2)

Salkowsky's Test.

Urine is evaporated to a small bulk and the potassium precipitated as acid potassium tartrate.

Tests for Organic Substances.

Acetanilide.

Yvon's Test.

The urine is "shaken out" with chloroform, which extracts acetanilide. The chloroform is then evaporated. The residue is now heated with mercurous nitrate, and if acetanilide be present a green colour is produced.

Aceto-acetic Acid.

Arnold's Test.

(A)

Para-amido-acetophenone	1 Gm.
Distilled Water	80 C.c.

Hydrochloric Acid (sp. gr. 1·16), a sufficient quantity.

Shake the distilled water with the organic compound, and then add the acid drop by drop till solution is effected, and a colourless liquid obtained.

(B)

Sodium Nitrite	1 Gm.
Distilled Water	100 C.c.

Dissolve.

If the urine is strongly coloured, add freshly-powdered animal charcoal, and boil together till nearly colourless. Then mix two parts of solution (A) with one part of solution (B), an equal volume of urine, and two or three drops of concentrated solution of ammonia. When this has been done an intense red colour will have developed. This happens with all urine. If aceto-acetic acid be present, it will be detected by the development of a rich purple colour when one part of the urine is diluted with ten or twelve parts of strong hydrochloric acid.

Acetone.

(1)

Bayer's Test.

A sample of the urine is taken, and a few crystals of o.-nitro-benzaldehyde are dissolved in it by the aid of heat. Cool. Excess of a dilute solution of soda is then added. If acetone is present, a blue colour develops, owing to the production of indigo blue.

Use.—The presence of acetone, especially in the presence of sugar and aceto-acetic acid, most probably indicates that the urine is that of a diabetic patient. If acetone is present, it must be boiled off before tests for glucose are applied.

(2)

Legal's Test.

Distil a small quantity of urine, when the acetone will pass over. Add to the distillate a freshly-prepared solution of sodium nitro-prusside, and then a few drops of sodium hydrate solution. A red colour develops, which fades. (Compare also Creatinine.) Now add excess of acetic acid, and a purple colour develops. (Distinction from Creatinine. See also under Creatinine.)

Albumin.

(1)

To some clear urine add one drop of acetic acid. The acidulated urine is placed in a test-tube, and the upper portion only is heated over a very small flame. The lower portion remains clear, while the upper portion becomes coagulated if albumin be present, or turbid if the albumin be present in minute quantity.

Tests for Organic Substances.

Albumin.

(2)

Almen's Test.

Tannic Acid	4 Gm.
Glacial Acetic Acid	2 C.c.
Distilled Water	6 C.c.
Alcohol (50 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	200 C.c.

This is a special test to determine the amount of nitrogen present in the albumin and globulin. The precipitate obtained from a mixture of 10 C.c. of urine and 10 C.c. of the above reagent is collected on a filter, and 5 C.c. of the filtrate subjected to Kjeldahl's process. If 5 C.c. of the original urine be now subjected to Kjeldahl's process, the difference between the amounts of nitrogen found multiplied by a constant (6·3) gives the weight of albumin and globulin precipitated.

(3)

Esbach's Reagent.

Picric Acid	10 Gm.
Citric Acid	20 Gm.
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1000 C.c.

To a known volume of urine is added a little acetic acid, and then excess of the above reagent. A yellow precipitate falls, and this serves for a quantitative determination of albumin. It is usually determined in the albuminometer.

(4)

Pollacci's Reagent.

Tartaric Acid	1 Gm.
Mercuric Chloride	5 Gm.
Sodium Chloride	10 Gm.
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	100 C.c.

Mix, and add 5 C.c. of a 40 per cent. solution of formaldehyde.

The specimen of urine is placed in a test-tube, and a little of the above solution gradually added, so as not to mix. A ring appears at the point of contact of the two liquids if albumin is present. Sensitive to 1 in 370,000.

(5)

Spiegler's Reagent.

Mercuric Chloride	8 Gm
Tartaric Acid	4 Gm.
Sugar	20 Gm.
Distilled Water	200 C.c.

Mucin, if present, is first precipitated by acetic acid, and the precipitate filtered off. Some of the above solution is carefully poured on to the urine, and if albumin is present a white zone will appear. Should iodine be present, however, a yellow precipitate will appear at the point of contact of the liquids.

(6)

Millon's Reagent.

Mercury	10 Gm.
Nitric Acid (sp. gr. 1·4)	10 Gm.
Distilled Water	20 C.c.

Pour the diluted acid on to the mercury and, if the reaction becomes too vigorous, cool the mixture. Millon's reagent gives with albumin and urea a yellow coloration, and this turns red on the application of heat. The reagent should be freshly prepared.

Tests for Organic Substances.

Alcohol.

Anstie's Test.

Potassium Bichromate	1 Gm.
Strong Sulphuric Acid	300 C.c.

This reagent is added drop by drop to a sample of the urine. Alcohol is indicated in it by the development of an emerald green colour. Sensitive to about 1 in 500.

Bacterial Products. (Also Polyatomic Alcohols, Carbohydrates, and Diamines.)

Baumann's Reaction.

Mix the urine with sodium hydrate solution, and then add a little benzoyl chloride. Insoluble benzoyl esters are produced, which may be collected and investigated.

Bile, Bile Pigment, and Bile Acids.

(1)

Bartley's Test.

A green colour develops in urine containing bile when a solution of ferric chloride containing free hydrochloric acid is added to it.

(2)

Gmelin's Test.

Nitric acid containing nitrous fumes is placed in a test-tube, and a layer of urine poured on to it. A green colour will develop if bile is present.

Note.—Several colours develop in all urine, but green is essential to indicate the presence of bile.

(3)

Hay's Test.

This is a simple test, used especially to indicate bile salts. A little of the urine is placed in a test-tube and sublimed sulphur then sprinkled on it. The amount of bile salt present is indicated by the rapidity with which the sulphur falls. If it begins to fall at once, there is at least 1 part of bile salts in 10,000; if after a minute, 1 in 40,000, and so on. The presence of bile indicates diseases of the liver, jaundice, etc.

Blood.

Guaiacum Resin	1 Gm.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	20 C.c.

Make a tincture.

To about one-eighth of a test-tube full of urine add two or three drops of tincture. Now add gradually a layer of ozonic ether, and if blood is present, a blue colour appears at the layer of separation of the ether and urine. (See also under Hæmoglobin.)

Caffeine.

Hammarsten's Test.

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 C.c.
Urine	500 C.c.
Mix, evaporate to 40 C.c., then add Alcohol (97 per cent.)	120 C.c.

The whole is then allowed to stand for twelve hours, the alcohol is filtered off and evaporated. Caffeine is extracted from the residual extract by shaking with benzene, which is then evaporated off. The residue is treated with a crystal of potassium chlorate and a drop of hydrochloric acid and warmed. If ammonia is then added a blue colour appears if caffeine is present (murexide reaction).

Tests for Organic Substances.

Creatinine.

(1)

Grocco's Test.

Acidify the urine with acetic acid (s.g. 1·044), and let stand for twenty-four hours. Then nearly neutralise with freshly prepared milk of lime. Add calcium chloride, and evaporate down, adding a few drops of free acetic acid from time to time to render faintly acid. The residue is then extracted with alcohol containing a little sodium acetate, filtered, and the creatinine precipitated with alcoholic zinc chloride as a double salt.

(2)

Stillingfleet-Johnson's Process.

Urine	100 C.c.
Saturated Aqueous Solution of Sodium Acetate	5 C.c.
Saturated Solution of Mercuric Chloride	25 C.c.

Mix.

The precipitate produced is at once filtered off, and the filtrate is allowed to stand. If creatinine is present, in about two days' time microscopical spherical masses of a compound of corrosive sublimate and creatinine are produced. These may be collected and decomposed with sulphuretted hydrogen.

(3)

Weyle's Test.

On adding a small quantity of a dilute solution of sodium nitro-prusside together with a little solution of sodium hydroxide to urine which contains creatinine, a red colour is produced, which turns yellow if the mixture is allowed to stand for any considerable time.

Glucose.

(1)

Barford's Test.

Cupric Acetate	0·5 G.m.
Acetic Acid	1 C.c.
Distilled Water	100 C.c.

Dissolve and mix.

Glucose will reduce this reagent with production of cuprous oxide (red). This reaction will serve to distinguish glucose from lactose (*q.v.*).

(2)

Boettger's Test.

(A)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	2·5 Gm.
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	4 Gm.
Solution of Sodium Hydroxide (8 per cent.)	100 Gm.

Dissolve and keep as a stock solution.

(B)

Urine (under examination)	1 C.c.
Reagent A	10 C.c.

Mix and boil for some minutes. Traces of sugar cause a blackening to take place.

(3)

Crismer's Test.

Urine	10 C.c.
Solution of Potassium Hydroxide	10 C.c.
Solution of Safranin (1 in 1,000)	10 C.c.

Mix and boil. If glucose is present the solution is decolorised. Sensitive to 1 in 1,000.

Tests for Organic Substances.

Glucose.

(4)

Gower's Test.

Place in a test-tube equal parts of urine and solution of potassium hydroxide, and boil the upper portion only. Gradations of colour indicate approximately the amount of glucose present in the sample of urine investigated. A lemon-yellow colour indicates five grains per fluid ounce; a sherry colour, ten grains per fluid ounce; a port wine tint, twenty grains per fluid ounce.

(5)

Moore's Test.

The diabetic urine is heated with a solution of potash, and a brown colour develops. On acidifying a caramel-like odour is produced.

(6)

Pratesi's Test.

Potassium Hydroxide	2·5 Gm.
Concentrated Solution of Potassium Silicate (commercial)	60 C.c.
Potassium Bichromate	2 Gm.

A few drops of this reagent are evaporated on a piece of tin foil, and, on heating, the tin becomes yellow. The yellow colour is changed to green if a few drops of diabetic urine are now evaporated on the tin.

(7)

Purdy-Fehling Solution.

(A)

Copper Sulphate, crystals	4·742 Gm.
Glycerin	38 C.c.
Distilled Water	170 C.c.

(B)

Potassium Hydroxide	23·5 Gm.
Distilled Water	200 C.c.

Mix both of the above solutions, then add—

Solution of Ammonia (sp. gr. 0·900)	450 C.c.

Reduce a known volume of the above solution with the urine, and calculate from this datum:—

34 C.c. of Purdy-Fehling solution = 0·2 Gm. glucose

(8)

Quirini's Test.

Urine (under examination)	10 C.c.
Solution of o.-nitro-phenyl-propiolic Acid in Soda Lye (5 per cent.)	5 C.c.

Mix and boil for half a minute. If glucose is present, indigo blue is produced.

(9)

Wender's Test.

Diluted Urine (1 to 2)	1 C.c.
Aqueous Solution of Methylene Blue (1 : 1000)	1 C.c.
Decinormal Solution of Potassium Hydrate, diluted with twice its volume of Distilled Water	1 C.c.

Mix; boil several times. If the urine contains sugar, the blue colour disappears.

Glycerin.

Baumann's Test.

Also for carbohydrates and various bacterial products. Se Bacterial Products.

Luchsinger's Test.

The urine is evaporated to the consistence of a syrup; ar alcoholic extract is then made; this contains glycerin, whic may be identified by the ordinary tests.

Hæmoglobin.

Mahomed's Test.

Place a few drops of tincture of guaiacum on a filter-paper, previously dipped in urine and dried; evaporate off the alcohol, and add one drop of ozonised ether: a blue colour is produced. See also Blood.

Stevenson's Test.

A modification of Mahomed's test.

Indican.

(1)

Amann's Test.

Urine	10 C.c.
Strong Sulphuric Acid	0·3 C.c
Chloroform	5 C.c.
Sodium Persulphate Solution	5 C.c.

Mix in the above order. The mixture is then gently rotated, and a blue colour is produced, which dissolves in the chloroform if indican is present.

(2)

Hammarsten's or Jaffe's Test.

Urine	10 C.c.
Hydrochloric Acid (sp. gr. 1·16)	10 C.c.
Solution of Chlorinated Lime	0·3 C.c.
Chloroform	2 C.c.

The urine is mixed with the acid, the chlorinated lime solution is added, and the indigo produced from the indican, if present, is taken up in the chloroform.

(3)

Weil-Gilbert's Test.

Similar to the above, but a small quantity of solution of ferric chloride is used in place of chlorinated soda solution. Ammonium persulphate may also be used.

Indigo Red.

Rosenbach's Test.

Indigo-red can be detected in urine by boiling the urine with nitric acid, added drop by drop. A deep red colour develops, and, on shaking, a bluish froth is obtained.

Indole.

(See under Indican.)

Kairin.

Renzone's Test.

On mixing the urine with ferric chloride solution a dark violet or reddish-brown colour is developed. This is changed to light red by the addition of sulphuric acid.

Lactose.

Rubner's Test.

Urine is first tested to see if glucose or lactose be present. This is done by observing if it will reduce Fehling's or other suitable solution. To the urine add solution of lead acetate and filter. To the filtrate add the solution of ammonia till a precipitate just remains permanent. Then apply heat, and, if a reddish tint develops, glucose is indicated; if not, lactose may be assumed to have been present.

Barford's Test.

(See under Glucose.)

Leucin (also Tyrosin).

Frerich's Test.

Urine is precipitated with lead subacetate solution and the precipitate separated. Excess of lead is removed from the filtrate by sulphuretted hydrogen, the lead sulphide removed by filtration, the filtrate evaporated down, and the solution set aside to crystallise. In about one day crystals of tyrosin separate; after a longer interval crystals of leucin appear.

Melanin.

(1)

Eiselt's Preliminary Test.

Oxidising agents, such as nitric acid, produce a dark colour, when they react on urine containing melanin.

(2)

Thormaehlen's Test.

On mixing together solutions of sodium nitro-prusside and potassium hydroxide with acetic acid and urine, a deep blue colour is produced if the urine contains melanin.

(3)

Zeller's Test.

Urine containing melanin deposits a yellow precipitate, which, after the addition of bromine water, turns black on standing.

Morphine.

Landsberg-Wislicenus' Method.

Mix equal parts of the urine and acetic acid; evaporate to a syrupy consistence, and remove the soluble matter by successive digestions with absolute alcohol, which must be cold. Collect the mixed alcoholic solutions, and recover the alcohol by distillation. The residue in the flask is exhausted with water, the watery solution acidified with acetic acid and colouring matter abstracted by successive shakings with amylic alcohol at 70° C. The morphine is then extracted from the acid solution by adding more amylic alcohol and rendering the acid liquid alkaline, when the alkaloid passes into solution in the amylic alcohol. Evaporate off the solvent, and identify the residue by the usual tests.

Mucin.

Salkowsky-Leube's Test.

Urine (under investigation)	5 C.c.
Absolute Alcohol	10 C.c.

Mix and collect the precipitate; dissolve it in water, and add acetic acid, when, if mucin is present, a turbidity is produced. The precipitate is insoluble in excess of acetic acid, but soluble in mineral acids.

Nucleo-Albumin.

Reissner's Test.

Urine is filtered from insoluble matter and then diluted considerably. Excess of acetic acid produces a turbidity if Nucleo-albumin is present.

Oxalic Acid.

Reoch's Test.

Addition of alcohol causes the precipitation of calcium oxalate, if this substance be present.

Peptones.

(1)

Ralfe's Formula.

A little Fehling's solution is placed in a test-tube and a layer of the urine under examination is placed over it. Appearance of a rose-coloured halo indicates peptones.

(2)

Randolf's Test.

Urine rendered faintly alkaline	5 C.c.
Saturated Potassium Iodide Solution	2 drops
Millon's Reagent	2 drops

A yellow precipitate appears. Sensitive to 1 in 17,000. This reaction is also given by biliary acids.

Phenetidin.

Edlefsen's Test.

Urine	10 C.c.
Concentrated Hydrochloric Acid	1 C.c.
Solution of Sodium Nitrite (1 per cent.)	1 C.c.

Boil together the acid and the urine, cool and add the nitrite solution; then divide into two equal portions (A) and (B).

(A)

Add to this a few drops of 5 per cent. solution of *α*-naphthol and excess of sodium hydroxide solution. Then acidify with hydrochloric acid, and a reddish-violet colour is produced.

(B)

To this add 5 C.c. of solution of carbolic acid (3 per cent.), and render alkaline as above; then acidify with hydrochloric acid, and a pale red colour is formed.

Phenol.

Dragendorff's Method.

Phenol is extracted from urine by petroleum naphtha, and the ordinary tests applied.

Quinine.

(1)

Binz's Reagent

Iodine	2 Gm.
Potassium Iodide	1 Gm.
Distilled Water	40 C.c.

A precipitate falls on the addition of the above reagent to urine containing more than one part of quinine in 50,000 parts of urine.

(2)

Kerner's Method.

This depends upon the property of fluorescence, which is exhibited by quinine. Sodium chloride has first to be removed; this is done by adding mercurous nitrate solution, and, on filtering from precipitated mercurous chloride, fluorescence can be seen if an appreciable amount of quinine is present. In case of very small quantities it is necessary to use a fluorescope.

(3)

Vitali's Reaction.

This depends upon the production of thallioquin. The quinine is extracted from ammoniated urine with ether, hydrochloric acid added, and the ether evaporated. The residue is taken up with water, chlorine water and ammonia added, and the beautiful green of thallioquin produced.

Rhubarb and Senna.

Munk's Test.

(A)

Add an alkali; a red colour is produced, which is discharged with zinc dust.

(B)

Add an alkaline carbonate, which causes an immediate and permanent red coloration.

(C)

Add milk of lime and shake; a coloured residue, but colourless filtrate, result.

Proksch's Reactions.

(A)

Extract with xylene and hydrochloric acid; separate the xylene solution, and add carefully some potassium hydrate solution. A pink colour appears at the zone of separation.

(B)

Replace xylene by chloroform and repeat the test. The pink colour is replaced by violet. Senna gives similar reactions, though in a less degree.

Saccharose.

Bretet's Reaction.

This serves as a means of distinguishing glucose from saccharose or fructose in urine. Fehling's solution is in part reduced, and the precipitate with glucose rapidly settles; that afforded by saccharose or fructose remains more or less suspended, and the solution has a yellowish-red colour.

Salicylic Acid.

Make urine slightly alkaline with potassium carbonate, and then add lead nitrate solution in excess. The mixture is allowed to stand, and is shaken from time to time. The precipitate which appears is separated, and very dilute ferric chloride solution is added to the clear liquid. A violet colour is produced if the urine contains salicylic acid.

Santonin.

(A)

Add an alkali; a red colour is produced, which is not discharged by zinc dust, but discharged by amylic alcohol.

(B)

Add an alkaline carbonate; it produces gradually a red colour, which is not permanent.

(C)

Add milk of lime and shake; a colourless residue, but coloured filtrate, result.

Sugar.

(See under Glucose, Lactose, and Saccharose.)

Sulphocyanic Acid.

Munk's Test.

Mix the urine, acidified with nitric acid, with a sufficiency of silver nitrate solution. Filter. Precipitate excess of silver by the addition of sulphuretted hydrogen, and filter again. Then add ferrous sulphide and oxide, and solution of sodium hydroxide. Boil, and add hydrochloric acid. The ferrous compound has, in part at least, been oxidised, and a precipitate of prussian blue is produced if sulphocyanic acid is present.

Tyrosin.

Frerich's Test.

See under Leucin.

Urea.

(1)

Fowler's Method.

Urine (under investigation)	10 C.c.
Squibb's Chlorinated Soda Solution	70 C.c.

Mix, and allow to stand for twelve hours. Now take the specific gravity. Take now the specific gravity of the urine and soda solution separately, and find the mean. Subtract the specific gravity of the mixture from that of the mean of the respective specific gravities of its constituents, and multiply the figure so obtained by 0·77. This gives the percentage of urea.

(2)

Bromine	2·5 C.c.
Caustic Soda	10 Gm.
Distilled Water	25·0 C.c.

The nitrogen liberated from the urine when 10 C.c. is treated with the above solution is collected in a nitrometer.

Note.—37 C.c. of moist nitrogen at ordinary temperatures may approximately be taken as equivalent to 0·1 Gm. of urea.

Uric Acid.

(1)

Bayrac's Method.

A known volume of urine is evaporated on a water-bath, and the residue treated with diluted hydrochloric acid. The solid matter which is left is washed with alcohol, dissolved on a water-bath in a little sodium hydrate solution, and treated with sodium hypobromite in a nitrometer. 1 C.c. of nitrogen liberated at ordinary temperatures is equivalent to 0·00357 Gm. of uric acid.

(2)

Heintz's Method.

Mix urine (100 C.c.) with 10 C.c. of hydrochloric acid (sp. gr. 1·16). Set aside for two days; collect and weigh the precipitate.

(3)

Hopkin's Process.

Urine (under investigation)	100 C.c.
Ammonium Chloride	30 Gm.

Dissolve, and add—

Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity to neutralise.

Set aside for fifteen minutes; collect the precipitated acid ammonium urate, and wash it with ammonium sulphate solution. Rinse into a flask, add sulphuric acid, warm to about 60° C., and titrate with standard solution of potassium permanganate. 1 C.c. N/20 permanganate is equivalent to 0·00375 Gm. uric acid.

Urobilin.

Studenski's Process.

Urine	20 C.c
Saturated Solution of Copper Sulphate	2 C.c.

Ammonium Sulphate, a sufficient quantity to saturate.

To the above mixture add chloroform, 10 C.c., and shake for fifteen minutes. Separate the chloroformic solution, evaporate, and weigh the residue.

Urophain.

Heller's Test.

A little sulphuric acid is placed in a beaker, and about twice its volume of urine containing urophain poured on to it. If looked at from a height of about four inches, a black or opaque appearance indicates an excess, and a pale garnet-red colour an insufficiency of urophain.

SECTION XI.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS AND FORMULÆ.

SECTION XI.—PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS AND FORMULÆ.

CHEMICALS USED IN PHOTOGRAPHY.

THE following list, which has been reprinted from the *Pharmaceutical Journal* with additions, includes all the chemical reagents used in photography, giving their most important properties, method of preparation where necessary, and the purposes for which they are employed in photographic practice. In the case of substances likely to be well known to chemists and druggists, it has not been thought necessary to give particulars as to their method of preparation or properties.

Acetone.—A condensation product from acetic acid having the formula $CH_3{\cdot}CO{\cdot}CH_3$ (acetic acid being $CH_3{\cdot}COOH$). Mixes in all proportions with alcohol and water. Its use instead of alkali in dry plate development has been suggested by Lumiere and Seyewetz. The following is the formula suggested for pyrogallic acid:—

Pyrogallic acid	9 grains.
Water	1 oz.
Sulphite of soda (crystals)	56 grains.
Acetone	12 minims.

Acetone dissolves pyroxylin very readily, and can be used with excellent results for the repair of celluloid articles.

Acid Acetic.—The glacial form, which crystallises at about 34° F., contains 99 per cent. of acid and 1 per cent. of water. It is employed in the dilute form in wet plate developers to "restrain" the reducing power of the ferrous sulphate. It is used also for dissolving ferric hydrate from bromide papers after development with ferrous oxalate. It is sometimes employed in dry plate developers. The commercial "strong" acid is one-third of the strength of the glacial acid. Sulphurous and sulphuric acids are sometimes present as impurities; also hydrochloric acid, which can be detected with silver nitrate. The glacial acid will dissolve pyroxylin or gun-cotton.

Acid Citric is an occasional constituent of developers, where it acts as a restrainer upon the reduction of the silver.

Acid Gallic has sometimes been used as a developer, but its reducing action is comparatively slow.

Acid Hydrochloric is employed in the platinotype process for dissolving the iron out of the paper. For this purpose it is important that the acid itself should be free from any trace of iron.

Acid Pyrogallic (Pyrogallol) is not an acid in the ordinary sense of the term, being a 1 : 2 : 3 tri-phenol. As is the case with ordinary phenol (carbolic acid), however, it forms a compound with alkalies. A simple solution of pyrogallic acid oxidises slowly in the air, but in the presence of an alkali the oxidation proceeds very rapidly, the solution darkening first to a yellowish red, then to a full red, and finally becoming almost black. In spite of the introduction of new developers, such as hydroquinone, metol, amidol, etc., pyrogallic acid is still the most used for developing dry plates. It should be noted that excess of pyrogallic acid, in proportion to the alkali, acts as a restrainer. Pyrogallic acid is obtained by the sublimation of gallic acid.

Acid Sulphuric is used in the dilute state for dissolving iron out of bromide papers after development with ferrous oxalate. The pure acid should always be employed.

Alizarin.—Alizarin is the colouring matter of madder, now prepared artificially from anthraquinone, which is itself obtained from anthracene—one of the products of the distillation of coal. A lake formed from it is used as a colouring matter in the carbon process. Alizarin blue is employed sometimes as a colour sensitiser for the red rays in making iso-chromatic plates. Its formula is $C_{17}H_9NO_4$, alizarin being $C_{14}H_8O_4$.

Alum.—Common alum and chrome alum are employed in photography—the former to prevent a plate frilling, *i.e.*, the gelatin leaving the glass round the edges of the plate. Chrome alum is used as a constituent of dry plate emulsions. The object again is to prevent frilling, and where plates are intended for export a much larger quantity is introduced. It is often advisable to give gelatino-chloride or printing papers an alum bath in hot weather to prevent the gelatin softening.

Amidol is diamido-phenol—$C_6H_3(NH_2)_2OH$, that is to say, pyrogallic acid with two of the OH's replaced by NH_2, thus—

$$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Pyrogallic Acid.} & \text{Di-amido-phenol.} \\ C_6H_3\left\{\begin{array}{l}OH\\OH\\OH\end{array}\right. & C_6H_3\left\{\begin{array}{l}NH_2\\NH_2\\OH\end{array}\right. \end{array}$$

It is used for developing dry plates and possesses the peculiarity that it does not require the presence of an alkali. It is a crystalline white powder, which dissolves readily in water, but keeps badly in solution. Bromides do not seem to possess much restraining action with this developer, and sulphite acts as an accelerator. With amidol the image comes up very quickly, and care must be taken to leave the plate in the developer long enough to acquire sufficient density.

Ammonia.—The ordinary solution of the gas is employed sometimes as an alkali in pyrogallic acid developers. At one time it was almost the only alkali employed for this purpose, but its place has been taken by sodium carbonate to a large extent. Ammonia is unsatisfactory in the developer, as it evaporates and its strength is uncertain, results being equally so. Its use is objectionable owing to its irritating action on the eyes and mucous membrane, and its tendency to deposit on everything in the dark room in the form of minute crystals of ammonium bi-carbonate. Ammonia is employed for "fuming" sensitised albuminised paper, a process said to increase the brilliancy of the print.

Ammonio Ferrous Sulphate sometimes takes the place of part of the ferrous sulphate in wet plate developers.

Ammonium Bichromate.—Sometimes employed in place of the potassium salt in processes depending on the action of light on gelatin. Its formula is similar to the potash salt, namely $(NH_4)_2Cr_2O_7$, and it is made by neutralising chromic acid with ammonia.

Ammonium Bromide.—At one time largely employed as a restrainer in development, but the potassium salt is now generally used. Ammonium bromide is employed also in preparing the collodion "iodiser" in the wet plate process. This is largely used in plate manufacture and in bromide paper.

Ammonium Carbonate is very occasionally used as an alkali in development.

Ammonium Chloride.—In "salting" albuminised paper, that is to say, in adding the necessary chloride to convert the silver nitrate into chloride, the ammonium salt is used largely; also in preparing "chloride" papers.

Ammonium Citrate.—The most convenient form of this is the solution, as the salt itself is deliquescent. The solution can be prepared by neutralising citric acid with ammonia, as in the B.P. It is used as a restrainer in developing chloride plates and papers.

Ammonium Fluoride (NH_4F) has formed the base of several compounds used for obtaining an enlarged negative from a small one by causing the gelatin to expand under the action of the fluorine. It is a useful reagent also for etching glass.

Ammonium Iodide.—Like the bromide this is employed sometimes in the iodiser for collodion in the wet plate process.

Ammonium Oxalate is recommended in preparing platinotype papers.

Ammonium Sulphide.—Sulphuretted hydrogen and ammonia combine to form NH_4HS, which is colourless. On oxidation this changes to $(NH_4)_2S$, and further oxidation results in compounds containing still more sulphur, and in the production of ammonium thiosulphate. It is employed for blackening the bleached image when the mercury intensification process is used, and in the intensification with lead. It is important that colourless or nearly colourless sulphide should be used. Ammonium sulphide is a dangerous substance to have anywhere in the neighbourhood of sensitive material. This is not commercially obtainable quite colourless.

Ammonium Sulphocyanide or Thiocyanate is a very deliquescent salt, and for this reason is better made up into a 10 per cent. solution when quite fresh. It is employed with chloride of gold in toning gelatino-chloride ("printing-out") papers. It is very soluble in water and in alcohol.

Aniline is employed in the aniline printing process.

Asphaltum or Bitumen, obtained usually from Syria, is the sensitive substance employed in the line engraving or zinco-type process.

Aurantia is a dye obtained by the action of nitric acid on diphenylamine, and is employed for colour sensitising the emulsion for iso-chromatic plates; also for preparing the colour screens for iso-chromatic work.

Aurine is another non-actinic dye.

Barium Bromide and Iodide are occasionally used in the making of a collodion iodiser for the wet plate process.

Barium Chloride is used occasionally for "salting" albuminised paper and in making baryta paper.

Barium Sulphate is used in certain printing-out gelatino-chloride emulsions as a backing, and in the emulsion itself to secure a matt effect.

Benzene and Benzine.—The use of these two words often occasions much confusion. By benzene is usually meant C_6H_6, the light oil obtained by distilling coal tar. By benzine, light petroleum spirit. The two substances are entirely distinct in their composition and properties, although both have a very powerful solvent action.

Borax or Sodium Biborate is used on account of its faint alkaline properties in toning baths with chloride of gold.

Cadmium Bromide and Iodide and the double salts with ammonium are largely employed in preparing the "iodiser" for the collodion in the wet plate process.

Calcium Chloride mixed with asbestos, or some other absorptive material, is employed in the tubes used to stock platinotype papers to ensure that the air is kept perfectly dry.

Canada Balsam is the cementing medium for lenses.

Caramel is formed by heating cane sugar to about 400° F. Although theoretically easy to make at home in a saucepan, in reality it requires a great deal of experience to obtain a successful result. Caramel is very soluble in water, and is deliquescent. It is employed either alone or combined with burnt sienna as a coating for the back of the dry plate before exposure to prevent reflection from the back surface and consequent blurring of the high lights of the negative.

Carbon, in the form of lamp-black, is employed as a pigment in the carbon process (see Gelatin).

Catechu, obtained by extracting powdered Bombay catechu with water containing a small amount of alcohol, is employed in toning or intensifying platinum prints. Every trace of iron must be removed from the print before toning, as the catechu-tannic acid would at once form an inky compound with it.

Cellulose is the chemical term for all purified forms of vegetable fibre, etc., such as cotton wool, linen, etc. When nitrated it forms several highly combustible compounds; one of which, di-nitro-cellulose, or pyroxiline, is employed in the form of collodion. Cellulose has many interesting forms and derivatives. The xanthate formed by the action of carbon disulphide upon mercerised cotton wool (*i.e.*, cotton wool treated with caustic soda) re-deposits pure cellulose under certain conditions. The tetra-acetate also is highly interesting, forming a film of remarkable strength, brilliancy and transparency, when deposited from its solution in chloroform.

Chlorophyll, the green colouring matter of plants, obtained by macerating parsley or ivy leaves in alcohol, is sometimes used as a colour-sensitiser for iso-chromatic emulsions.

Cerium Sulphate.—This has been recommended as a non-staining reducer.

Cœrulein is also a sensitiser for the red.

Collodion has played an important part in the history of photography. It is the medium used as a vehicle in the wet plate process, whilst the collodion emulsion dry plate was the first step towards the gelatin dry plate. Collodio-chloride papers are still employed. Collodion is di-nitro-cellulose dissolved in a mixture of alcohol and ether. For the wet plate process it is important that mineralised methylated alcohol should not be used as a solvent.

Copper Bromide is employed in a method of intensification in which the insoluble cuprous bromide is formed in the film.

Copper Chloride is used in Obernetter's process of making an intaglio plate, by transferring the silver image on to copper. It is very useful in a 5 per cent. solution as a reducer. It first bleaches the negative, which is then redeveloped to the required extent, when it can again be fixed in acid hypo.

Copper Sulphate acts as a restrainer in the ferrous sulphate wet plate developer.

Cyanin, a complicated blue organic dye used as a colour sensitiser for the red rays in iso-chromatic plates.

Di-amido Phenol (see Amidol).

Diphenal is one of the new developers, its composition being di-amido-oxy-diphenol hydrochloride. It is almost insoluble in cold water, but soluble in hot water and in alcohol. As it will not dissolve in the usual mixture of sodium sulphite and carbonate, it is necessary to use sodium hydrate instead of carbonate.

Eikonogen is sodium amido-β-naphthol-β-sulphonate, and is used as developer. It is not convenient to use, as it dissolves in water with difficulty and when dissolved deteriorates rapidly.

Eosin, a fluorescent dye used in iso-chromatic work as a colour sensitiser for the green and yellow.

Erythrosin.—Another dye used for iso-chromatic work as a sensitiser for the yellow and green.

Ferric Chloride is used for etching the zinc plate in process work.

Ferrous Oxalate is used as a reducing agent in developers for dry plates and bromide papers. Owing to its definite chemical action the ferrous oxalate developer is employed in standardising plates for speed. Instead of using ferrous oxalate a mixture of ferrous sulphate and potassium oxalate is actually employed. In the developer ferrous salt is oxidised to ferric salt. If this be exposed to light it is again reduced to the ferrous state.

Ferrous Sulphate is largely employed in photography as a reducing agent (see Ferrous Oxalate above). The sulphate itself is employed in the wet plate developer, but for dry plates the oxalate is preferable. Various soluble colloidal forms of metallic silver can be secured by reducing its salts with ferrous sulphate.

Formalin or Formic Aldehyde is the aldehyde formed by the partial oxidation of methyl alcohol, in same way that ethyl aldehyde is the result of partly oxidising ethyl alcohol. Further oxidation leads to the production of acetic acid in the case of the ethyl compound, and of formic acid in the case of the methyl compound. Formic aldehyde renders gelatin insoluble, and is employed to harden the gelatin in the plate and prevent it frilling in warm weather. It is a powerful antiseptic, and is used to preserve organic mixtures from decomposition.

Gelatin is one of the most important substances used in photography. It is obtained by boiling bones and animal membranes under slight pressure. Soft gelatin will absorb the colour from hard gelatin by diffusion if placed in contact with it. It has the property of absorbing water and swelling in the process, a comparatively small proportion of gelatin being required to make water almost stand upright. One test of good gelatin is that it will absorb in the cold sufficient water to completely dissolve it when warmed above 90° F., the solution setting to a jelly again on cooling. There are two kinds of gelatin—hard and soft—a mixture of the two being employed for emulsion making. Gelatin forms a most convenient vehicle for the sensitive silver salts in dry plates and in printing-out papers. In both cases it is probable that the gelatin itself plays an important part in increasing the sensitiveness of the silver salt. Gelatin is rendered insoluble by exposure to light, and this action is greatly hastened by the presence of a bichromate. The so-called carbon process and several photo-mechanical processes of reproduction depend upon this. Another property is that whilst ordinary gelatin before exposure to light remains "tacky," *i.e.*, has a tendency to absorb water and to repel grease, after exposure it no longer does so. Other reproductive processes depend upon this property. Acetic acid and several other acids dissolve gelatin in the cold, and advantage is taken of the action of acetic acid to form a liquid glue or cement. Tannin combines with gelatin to form an insoluble compound.

Glue is a commercial form of gelatin. Fish glue is largely employed in the photo-mechanical processes.

Glycerin is used in developing platinum prints. The print is first of all coated with glycerin, and the developer, containing more or less glycerin, is applied with a brush. This allows of local development.

Glycin (oxy-phenyl-glycin—$C_6H_4OH{\cdot}NH{\cdot}CH_2{\cdot}COOH$) is one of the comparatively new developers. It is rather insoluble by itself, but dissolves readily in alkali and sulphite.

Gold Chloride.—The "gold chloride" known to photographers is a double salt of chloride of gold, and sodium or potassium. It is always slightly acid, and it is well to neutralise the solution. The gold salt is employed for toning silver prints, a process of electro-deposition taking place, gold being deposited in place of the silver. It should contain half its weight of metallic gold.

Gum Arabic.—Several processes depend upon the use of this substance—notably the gum-bichromate process, in which paper coated with bichromatised pigmented gum is exposed beneath a negative. Washing—largely assisted by the judgment of the operator—removes the portions not rendered insoluble by light.

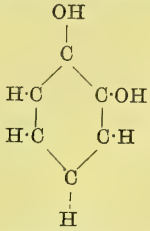
Gun-cotton (see Pyroxylin).

Hydrazine (N_2H_4) and

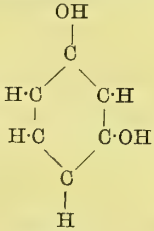
Hydroxylamine ($NH_2{\cdot}OH$) have been suggested as developers.

Hydrogen Peroxide is occasionally employed to get rid of the last traces of thiosulphate ("hypo") in prints after fixing. It possesses strong bleaching properties, and is sometimes used for that purpose.

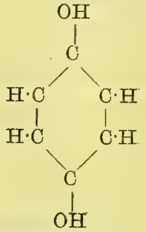
Hydroquinone is one of the three diphenols—pyrocatechin and resorcin being the other two. All are used or can be used as developers, hydroquinone being employed very extensively. The following diagram shows the relative composition of the three bodies, the difference consisting in the arrangement of the hydroxyls in the benzene ring:—



Pyrocatechin.



Resorcin.



Hydroquinone.

In connection with this, it is interesting to note that pyrogallol or pyrogallic acid is the 1: 2: 3 triphenol, that is, pyrocatechin, with the third H replaced by OH. Hydroquinone gives a rather dense negative, and for this reason is frequently employed with metol, which gives detail rather than density.

"Hypo" (see Sodium Thiosulphate).

Hypochlorites.—All hypochlorites, such as solution of bleaching powder or eau de javelle, reduce the density of the silver image by oxidising and dissolving the metal.

Imogen Sulphite is probably a mixture of other already known developers.

Iron, Ammonio-Citrate of (see above).

Iron Salts play an important part in several photographic processes. Ferric salts are reduced to ferrous salts by the action of light, and although the reduced image is barely visible to the naked eye, it can immediately be rendered so by the addition of potassium ferricyanide, which causes the reduced image to turn blue. If ferrocyanide be added a negative print is obtained instead of a positive. In practice the printing paper is coated first with a mixture of ammonio-citrate of iron and potassium ferricyanide, so that the paper contains its own developer, only washing being required to remove the unacted upon salt. Various modifications of this process are practised. Another important application of iron salts is in the platinum process. A mixture of potassium chloroplatinite and ferric oxalate is employed on the paper. The light first reduces the ferric salt, which in turn reduces the platinum.

Lead Nitrate is used as an intensifier for weak negatives, which are first bleached with a mixture of lead nitrate and potassium ferricyanide, which is equivalent to lead ferricyanide. The lead is then converted into sulphide with ammonium sulphydrate. The increase in density obtained by this process is very great.

Lithium Chloride.—This, as well as the bromide and iodide, is sometimes employed in preparing collodion emulsions.

Mercuric Chloride is used for intensification, the plate being first bleached with the perchloride, and then blackened with dilute ammonia or redeveloped with ferrous oxalate.

Methyl Orange.—A non-actinic organic dye, sometimes used in making fabrics or papers intended to cut off actinic rays.

Metol (Methyl-para-amido-meta-cresol—$C_3H_4{\cdot}CH_3{\cdot}NHCH_3{\cdot}O$) is one of the best of the developers which have partly taken the place of pyrogallic acid. It is very good for snap-shot work, as it brings up detail in the shadows unusually well. Owing to the rapidity with which the detail comes up in developing there is a danger of not leaving the plate in long enough to secure sufficient density. For this reason a mixture of metol and hydroquinone is better than metol by itself. The developer is used in conjunction with alkaline carbonate and sulphite.

Ortol is the sulphate of methyl-ortho-amido-phenol mixed with hydroquinone. It is employed as a developer in conjunction with sodium sulphite and carbonate.

Palladium.—This metal can be employed in place of platinum, the sodio-chloride of palladium being the actual salt used. The result on the printing paper is very similar to platinum; but as palladium is very much more expensive than the last-named metal, and there is no particular advantage gained by the substitution, it is rarely used.

Palladium Salts are sometimes used for giving a sepia tone to platinum prints, the palladium salt being added to the "sensitising" solution. Mercury salts have a similar effect.

Paramido-phenol is used in the form of hydrochloride as a developer ($C_6H_4{\cdot}NH_2Cl{\cdot}OH$). It is very soluble in water and slightly in alcohol and ether, and in the form of hydrochloride is known as rodinal. It is a very satisfactory developer, and is used in conjunction with sodium sulphite and carbonate.

Paraphenylenediamine is the hydrochloride of the para, or 1:4 phenyl-diamine, $C_6H_4(NH_2{\cdot}HCl)_2$. This developer is very soluble in water and slightly so in alcohol. Sodium hydrate is employed in the developer instead of the carbonate.

Petroleum Ether, otherwise known as benzoline, or benzine, is used as a solvent for resins, grease, etc.

Platinum, in the form of the double chloride with potassium, is employed for toning prints, and, in the well-known platinotype process. Platinous chloride is nearly insoluble in water, but the double salt, or potassium chloroplatinite, is very soluble, and this is the form generally used. The platinum salt itself is practically unaffected by light, and an iron salt is the sensitive constituent of the coating on the paper. On being developed in a bath of potassium oxalate the iron reduces the platinum; so that a platinum image instead of an iron one is obtained.

Potassium Bichromate possesses great importance in conjunction with gelatin. Bichromatised gelatin becomes insoluble and undergoes certain other changes on exposure to light, which is made use of in several ways, as in the carbon process, photogravure and half-tone engraving, collotype, etc. Ammonium bichromate is sometimes employed instead of the potassium salt. (See gelatin.) Bichromate of potash, with sulphuric acid, which is equivalent to chromic acid, forms an excellent reagent for thoroughly cleaning glass or porcelain plates, etc., which are required to be coated with an emulsion, or for other purposes where great cleanliness of the surface is required.

Potassium Bromide.—All haloid salts hinder the decomposition of silver bromide in presence of a reducing agent. Consequently, either potassium or ammonium bromide is added to the developer to restrain its reducing power, and allow the deposition of the silver to proceed selectively instead of as a general "fog" all over the plate. It is always advisable to have a small amount of bromide present—say, 1 grain to the ounce of developer. In cases of over-exposure further additions can be made. In making emulsions a mixture of silver nitrate and potassium bromide or iodide is employed, so as to obtain the salt in a very finely divided state.

Potassium Carbonate is occasionally given in formulæ for developers instead of the sodium salt. The only advantage it possesses over the latter is that it is more soluble. It is, however, much more expensive and troublesome to obtain in practice, so that its use is not to be recommended.

Potassium Chloroplatinite is the double salt of platinous and potassium chlorides, its formula being K_2PtCl_4 (see Platinum).

Potassium Cyanide dissolves silver bromide, chloride, or iodide, which has not been acted upon by light, forming a double cyanide with the silver. It is employed consequently for fixing wet plates, and in conjunction with an oxidising agent for reducing the density of negatives or prints.

Potassium Ferricyanide gives the well-known Prussian blue colour with a ferrous salt, and it is employed for this purpose in making the blue prints which are so much used fo reproducing plans and mechanical drawings (see Iron).

Potassium Ferrocyanide gives the reverse effect to the last salt, iron prints developed with it coming out as a reproduction of the negative, the whites of the negative being white and the darks blues (see Iron).

Potassium Iodide is used in making emulsions with silver nitrate (which see).

Potassium Metabisulphite has the formula $K_2S_2O_5$, or $K_2SO_3{\cdot}SO_2$, and is prepared by passing sulphurous anhydride (SO_2) into potassium carbonate until it is saturated. The metabisulphite is then precipitated with alcohol. This salt has a similar action to ordinary sulphite in preserving pyrogallic acid from oxidation and preventing the staining of the gelatin film. It has the drawback, however, that on oxidation free sulphuric acid is produced, requiring an extra amount of alkali to neutralise it.

Potassium Oxalate is used as a constituent of the ferrous oxalate developer, a mixture of ferrous sulphate and potassium oxalate being equivalent to employing ferrous oxalate itself. It is used also in the platinum process in a similar way.

Primuline is an organic dye of the diazo type, and possesses the property of dyeing cotton without the assistance of a mordant. The material is dipped in a solution of primuline and dried; then sensitised with a mixture of sodium nitrite and oxalic acid, and dried again; exposed in the printing frame, and then developed in various re-agents, which give different-coloured results.

Pyrocatechin is the ortho or 1 : 2 di-oxy-benzene, the othe two occupying the positions 1 : 3 and 1 : 4, being resorcin and hydroquinine. It is employed as a developer in conjunction with sodium sulphite and carbonate. It it readily soluble i water and alcohol (see Hydroquinone).

Pyrogallol (see Pyrogallic Acid and Hydroquinone).

Pyroxylin, or gun cotton, is the di-nitro cellulose produce by the nitrating action of a mixture of nitric and sulphuric acid on cotton wool. It dissolves in a mixture of alcohol and ether and is then known as collodion. This is employed as a vehicl for the sensitive silver salt in the wet-plate process, in collodion emulsions, and in collodio-chloride papers.

Resorcin is the meta or 1:3 di-oxy-benzene. It has been use as a developer, but its amido compound—di-amido-resorcin—is more frequently employed. It is very soluble in water an alcohol (see Hydroquinone).

Rodinol (see Paramido-Phenol).

Rose Bengal.—An organic dye employed in ortho-chromati work as a sensitiser for the yellow and yellow-green rays.

Schlippe's Salt (see Sodium Sulph-Antimoniate).

Silver, which is a beautifully white metal as ordinaril known, exists also in a peculiar colloid state, in which it i soluble in water. There are several forms of this colloid silver but space will not allow of their description here. Silve haloid salts (chloride, bromide, and iodide) are peculiarl sensitive to light, and it is upon this fact that nearly the whol of photographic work is based. In making sensitive emulsion the particular salt—chloride, bromide, or iodide, is not used but a mixture of silver nitrate with a soluble haloid, such a common salt, ammonium chloride, potassium bromide, cadmium bromide, potassium iodide, etc., is employed, according t the nature of the emulsion required. A double reaction occur the silver haloid salt being formed, and the sodium or potassium nitrate, together with any excess of the soluble haloid, i removed by careful washing.

Silver Albumenate.—Silver forms a very insoluble compoun with albumen, and this fact has to be taken into account i sensitising albuminised paper.

Silver Bromide is a yellow salt formed by double decompositio between silver nitrate and a soluble bromide. (See Silver.) It i insoluble in water, alcohol, and in acids, but soluble in ammonia to a slight extent, and in alkaline thiosulphates (hyposulphites), cyanides and thiocyanates (sulphocyanides). A subbromide is supposed to be formed by the action of light on the bromide. At all events, the light-struck salt is much more readily reduced to the metallic state than the ordinary bromide.

Silver Carbonate is a yellowish salt formed by treating silver nitrate with an alkaline carbonate. Like the bromide, it is darkened by exposure to light. It has occasionally been used in making emulsions. It is insoluble in water and alcohol, but soluble in the ordinary solvents of the haloid salts of silver.

Silver Chloride is a white salt, insoluble in water and alcohol, but soluble in alkaline thiosulphates, etc., similarly to the bromide. It is changed first to purple and then to black by light. It is used for making gelatino-chloride and collodio-chloride papers, lantern-slide emulsions, and is present in sensitised albumenised paper.

Silver Citrate is formed by double decomposition with a soluble citrate, and is employed as one of the constituents of gelatino-chloride emulsions.

Silver Iodide is obtained by double decomposition with a soluble iodide, and is used in wet plates and in dry-plate emulsions. Silver iodide gives a harder and less detailed negative than the bromide, which is inclined to give flat results if used alone. Mixtures of bromide and iodide are usually employed. Silver iodide is yellow and insoluble in water and alcohol, and almost so in ammonia, but dissolves in other solvents similarly to the bromide.

Silver Nitrate.—It is important that silver nitrate used for photographic purposes should be free from any excess of nitric acid. It forms a double soluble salt with ammonia, and is slightly soluble in alcohol. In water it is very soluble, but it is necessary to use distilled water, as any haloid present will form a precipitate at once (see Silver and the other Silver Salts above).

Sodium Bicarbonate is used as an alkali in some gold toning baths.

Sodium Carbonate.—Ordinary washing soda is somewhat uncertain in strength and contains a certain proportion of sulphate. For this reason the pure dry carbonate is much preferable to washing soda for use as an alkali in dry plate developers, for which sodium carbonate is now almost entirely used. There is a mono-hydrated form, but it is not often met with commercially. By igniting the bicarbonate, pure normal carbonate is secured.

Sodium Chloride is used for salting albuminised paper and in many other ways for forming silver chloride by interaction with the nitrate.

Sodium Hydrate is sometimes used in dry-plate developers instead of the carbonate.

Sodium Hyposulphite.—True sodium hyposulphite is Na_2SO_2, but the thiosulphate (which see) is usually designated "hyposulphite" by photographers.

Sodium Sulph-antimoniate has the formula $Na_3SbS_49H_2O$, and is very soluble in water. It is employed sometimes for toning bromide prints, to which it gives a reddish tint.

Sodium Sulphite.—Confusion sometimes arises in developing formulæ between the dry sulphite and the crystals which contain seven molecules of water ($Na_2SO_37H_2O$). It is prepared by passing sulphurous anhydride (SO_2) into solution of sodium carbonate. Sodium sulphite is employed as a preservative for pyrogallic acid and other organic developers, and to prevent staining of the gelatin. Its use as a fixing agent, instead of "hypo," has been suggested, but its powers in this direction are very small.

Sodium Thiosulphate is obtained commercially from the tank waste of the alkali works, and has the formula $Na_2S_2O_35H_2O$. It can be formed by heating sodium sulphite with excess of sulphur. Sodium thiosulphate possesses the property of dissolving silver haloid salts, and is employed almost entirely for "fixing" negatives and prints by removing the silver salt which remains unreduced. It forms first of all a very sparingly soluble double salt, $AgNaS_2O_3$, and then a much more soluble salt, $Ag_2Na_4(S_2O_3)_3$. Consequently it is important to have a large excess of "hypo" in the fixing bath. On decomposition with an acid the thiosulphate is resolved into free sulphur and sulphurous acid, both of which have an injurious effect on the print or negative; so that an acid, or an acid salt like alum, should never be introduced into the fixing bath.

Sodium Tungstate is used in gold toning baths. It is a compound of soda and tungstic acid, and is soluble in water, but insoluble in alcohol.

Thiocarbamide or thiourea, CH_4N_2S, has a tendency to produce reversal if introduced into the developer. It is valuable for removing green fog and pyro stains from negatives.

Thiosinamine is allyl-thio-urea, $CS{\cdot}NH_2{\cdot}NH{\cdot}C_3H_5$. It has a very similar action to thiocarbamide.

Tri-amido-phenol is the hydrochloride of the 2:4:6 tri-amido-phenol, $C_6H_4(NH_2{\cdot}HCl)_3OH$. It is very soluble in water, but almost insoluble in alcohol. When employed as a developer it is used in conjunction with neutral sodium sulphite.

Uranium Nitrate is employed for toning bromide prints, intensifying weak negatives, and in the uranium printing process, where the uranium salt is reduced directly by the action of light. It gives a rich red image. The reduced uranium compound is very opaque to actinic rays, so that in intensifying negatives care must be taken not to carry the process too far.

Zinc Bromide and Zinc Iodide are used occasionally in the "iodiser" in wet-plate work.

Zinc Chloride has a very strong solvent action on paper, cotton wool, or other forms of cellulose.

◆

PHOTOGRAPHIC FORMULÆ.

Accelerator for Beach's Developer.

(1) Potassium Carbonate	3 ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

(2) Sodium Sulphite	2 ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Dissolve and mix the two solutions.

When required for use, for each two ounces of developer take of No. 1 one drachm and of No. 2 from ½ drachm to 2½ drachms, and make up to 2 ounces with water, adding from 5 to 30 minims of a 10 per cent. solution of potassium bromide, according to the exposure and the contrast required. There is very little difference between the properties of the potassium and sodium carbonates as accelerating agents, but the former has the advantage of greater solubility.

Acid Fixing Bath.

Sodium Hyposulphite	5 ounces
Potassium (or Sodium) Metabisulphite	60 grains
Distilled Water ...to	20 fl. ounces

This will keep clean in use, and is suitable for plates or bromide papers.

Acid Fixing Bath for Gaslight Papers (Griffin).

Sodium Hyposulphite	16 ounces
Water	64 fl. ounces

Dissolve and add the following solution:—

Sodium Sulphite	½ ounce
Alum	½ ounce
Acetic Acid (25 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Water	5 fl. ounces

Photographic Formulæ.

Acid Fixing Bath for Papers or Plates.

Sodium Hyposulphite	5 ounces
Potassium Metabisulphite	¼ ounce
Water, to	20 fl. ounces

Amidol Developer

Amidol	2½ grains
Potassium Bromide	1 grain
Sodium Sulphite	30 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

The water should be added just before use. When this developer is employed, it is better not to soak the paper in water, as generally recommended, before applying it; the same solution can then be employed for several successive prints without being appreciably weakened The acid clearing solution is not necessary when this developer is used. It affords by far the most convenient and simple method of developing bromide paper positives; it is, however, impracticable to keep this developer in solution ready for sale, as it will not keep in this form.

Adurol Developer (Hauff).

Water	10 fl. ounces
Sodium Sulphite	4 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	3 ounces
Adurol	½ ounce

To be diluted with from three to five parts of water.

Amidol Developer for Bromide Paper (Dresser).

Amidol	of each 1 ounce.
Potassium Metabisulphite	
Water	10 fl. ounces

The above forms the stock solution. For use take—

Stock Solution	2 fl. ounces
Potassium Carbonate Solution (5 per cent.)	14 fl. drachms
Potassium Bromide Solution (10 per cent.)	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Backings for Plates.

Plate backings should be easily applied and as readily removed. They may consist of collodions, varnishes, or caramels, and need not be removed prior to development. To make a caramel backing, pour five ounces of caramel into half a pint of methylated spirit, with constant stirring for about ten minutes, allow to settle for half an hour, then decant or syphon off the supernatant liquid as closely as possible, collect the residue on a piece of fine linen, and allow to drain; when thoroughly drained, weigh and mix with an equal weight of burnt sienna in watery paste, and rub in half the weight of powdered gum arabic. This should be put up in small two-ounce tins with tight-fitting lids, and labelled: "Caramel and Sienna Backing—A preventive of halation, to be applied to the back of the plate with a small pad, a roller squeegee or stiff brush, and stand the plate in a light-tight box to dry. This can be readily removed before development by a wet rag."

Backing for Dry Plates (Teape).

Mucilage of Acacia	1 part
Caramel	1 part
Burnt Sienna, ground in water	2 parts

Mix and add

Alcohol, Methylated	2 parts

Photographic Formulæ.

Beach's Pyro Developer.

Pyrogallol	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphite	4 ounces
Sulphurous Acid	6½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	4 fl. ounces

Dissolve the sulphite in the boiling distilled water. When cooled sufficiently add the sulphurous acid, and lastly the pyrogallol, and filter through cotton wool. This form of developing solution, which has been in use for many years, is one of the best for negative work, and is very suitable for putting up in concentrated form in two solutions. The foregoing is the original formula. The sodium sulphite may not quite all dissolve, but this is immaterial, and the solution, when made, will be found to measure about ten fluid ounces, thus approximating to a 10 per cent. solution of pyrogallol.

For Accelerator to be used with above, see page 741.

Beach's Simplified Developer.

(1) Pyrogallol	1 ounce
Potassium Metabisulphite	½ ounce
Distilled Water ...to	10 fl. ounces
(2) Potassium Carbonate	3 ounces
Sodium Sulphite	2 ounces
Distilled Water ...to	10 fl. ounces

These may be kept as concentrated stock solutions, and may be put up for retail as follows:—

A. No. 1 Solution	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water ...to	6 fl. ounces
B. No. 2 Solution	2½ fl. ounces
Potassium Bromide	24 grains
Distilled Water ...to	6 fl. ounces

A may be labelled "The Developer" and B "The Accelerator." For normal exposures take equal parts of each, and dilute with an equal part of water; thus for four fluid ounces of developer take one fluid ounce each of A and B, and add two fluid ounces of water.

Blue Prints (Cyanotype).

(1)

Iron Ammonium Citrate	1⅞ ounces
Water	8 fl. ounces

(2)

Potassium Ferricyanide	1¼ ounces
Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix equal parts of (1) and (2) when required for use. The paper (plain Rives is the most suitable) may be coated with a buckle brush, or floated upon the solution for three minutes, then dried in the dark. Paper prepared with above will keep better if half a grain of potassium dichromate be added to each ounce of the mixed solutions.

Bromo-Iodide Emulsion for Negative Plates (Wall).

(1) Potassium Iodide	10 grains
(2) Potassium Bromide	135 grains
(3) Nelson's No. 1 Gelatin	30 grains
(4) Silver Nitrate	180 grains
(5) Nelson's Gelatin	160 grains
(6) Heinrich's Gelatin	80 grains

Dissolve No. 1 in one fluid drachm of distilled water, and No. 2 in twelve fluid drachms. To No. 2 add one minim pure hydrochloric acid and sufficient iodine to give it a deep sherry colour. Soak No. 3 in one fluid ounce distilled water for ten minutes, and dissolve by the heat of a water-bath. Dissolve No. 4 in half a fluid ounce of distilled water, and heat to about 120° F. The remaining operations must be conducted in the dark-room. Add No. 2 to No. 3, and shake for twenty minutes; add half No. 4, and shake for ten minutes; add No. 1 solution, and shake for five minutes; add half the remainder of No. 4, shake for five minutes; then add the remainder of No. 4, and shake for five minutes. Now place the bottle containing the emulsion in a water-bath, and heat, stirring at intervals of five minutes. When a drop of emulsion on a white plate shows a blue colour by transmitted light from a gas flame, the heating may be discontinued, or if an extra repid emulsion be required, it may be heated for a longer time. Now soak Nos. 5 and 6 in two fluid ounces of distilled water for about half an hour, and dissolve at a temperature not exceeding 100° F. Mix this with the emulsion at a temperature of 70° F., allow to stand for a few minutes, and pour out into a flat dish to set. When thoroughly set, break into small pieces with a silver or china spoon, and squeeze through clean, coarse canvas into a basin of distilled water; stir for about ten minutes, collect on a washed chamois leather, filter, and drain slightly; repeat the washing twice; collect the emulsion, and allow it to drain thoroughly. Remelt at 120° F., add half a grain chrome alum, dissolved in one fluid drachm distilled water; also add six fluid drachms absolute alcohol, filter through chamois leather, which has previously been well washed with caustic potash and water, and lastly in distilled water till free from alkali; about ten ounces of good emulsion should be the result.

Bromo-Iodised Collodion for Negatives by Iron Developer (B. J. Almanac).

Ether, 0·725	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol, 0·805	5 fl. ounces
Pyroxylin	120 grains
Ammonium Iodide	40 grains
Cadmium Iodide	40 grains
Cadmium Bromide	20 grains
Alcohol, 0·830	5 fl. ounces

The iodides and bromides should be dissolved in the weaker alcohol, the pyroxylin in the ether and the stronger alcohol, and the two solutions mixed.

Caramel for Backing Plates.

The material and apparatus required consist of a gas or paraffin stove, an enamelled iron saucepan holding about a quart, a wooden spoon, a thermometer reading up to 250° C., and a pound of white lump sugar. The sugar is crushed, put in the saucepan on the stove, and steadily stirred. It soon melts, and begins to froth up, until finally the saucepan will be quite filled. Stirring is kept up, and the temperature carefully watched with the thermometer; it should not be allowed to exceed 220° C. If allowed to get hotter the caramel will be ruined. It must be kept at this point for a quarter of an hour, when it will be found to become appreciably thicker. Continue the boiling and stirring for three minutes after the thickening is noticed, then pour out the caramel upon a clean metal slab to cool, which should then set into a perfectly dry, hard, brittle, black mass. The caramel is next broken up into small pieces, put into a bottle, a little water added, and the whole put aside for a few days, when it will be found that the caramel has dissolved, forming a thick treacly liquid. Pour this solution into ten times its bulk of methylated spirit and set aside for an hour; the caramel will then be found in a lump at the bottom of the liquid. The supernatant liquor is poured off and thrown away, and the caramel which is left behind is dissolved in a mixture of one part of spirit to four parts of water. It will take two or three days with occasional shaking to dissolve, and its adhesion to the glass is improved by adding to the solution so made a little of the solution which has not been precipitated with spirit. There is no need of any further addition whatsoever. Backing so made may be applied either with a sponge, a brush, or with a tuft of cotton wool. It is a mistake to apply too much. A little which can hardly be seen on looking through the plate at the red lamp will be found nearly, if not quite, as efficacious as a coating a sixteenth of an inch thick, a great deal easier to apply, and much quicker in drying. It will dry in less than twenty minutes, and will be quite hard, and without the slightest tendency to chip.—*Photography.*

Clearing Baths for Negatives.

(1)

Alum	2 ounces
Citric Acid	1 ounce
Water	20 fl. ounces

(2)

Chrome Alum	1 ounce
Citric Acid	1 ounce
Water	20 fl. ounces

Collodio Bromide Emulsion for Collodion Dry Plates.

(1) THE PLAIN COLLODION

Alcohol, Methylated	4½ drachms
Ether, Methylated, 0·720	3½ drachms
Pyroxylin	12 grains

(2) THE BROMIDE SOLUTION

Alcohol, Methylated	1½ drachms
Ammonium Bromide	13 grains
Distilled Water	20 minims

(3) THE SENSITISING SOLUTION.

Silver Nitrate	20 grains
Distilled Water	12 minims

A stock of plain collodion should be made and allowed to clear before use. The methylated alcohol should be free from mineral naphtha. To make the emulsion, pour one fluid ounce of the plain collodion into a clean and dry four-ounce bottle and add the bromide solution, shaking well. Then add the silver nitrate solution very gradually, with constant shaking. Set aside in a dark place for twenty-four hours, then pour out into a flat dish and allow solvents to evaporate, wash the pellicle until free from ammonium nitrate, dry, and redissolve in—

Alcohol, 0·820	of each 6 fl. drachms
Ether, 0·720	

Collodio Chloride Emulsion for Transparencies (Teape).

Pyroxylin	32 grains
Ether, 0·725	3¼ fl. ounces
Alcohol, 0·805	2½ fl. ounces
Zinc Chloride	40 grains
Silver Nitrate	92 grains

Dissolve the zinc chloride in the alcohol, add the pyroxylin, then the ether. Next dissolve the silver nitrate in forty minims of distilled water by heat in a small test tube. At same time heat six fluid drachms of alcohol, and add about one fluid drachm of hot alcohol to the aqueous solution of silver nitrate. Add this gradually with constant shaking to the chlorised collodion, using the remainder of the alcohol to rinse out the test tube. This will require twenty-four hours to "ripen."

Combined Toning and Fixing Bath for Black Tones.

Sodium Hyposulphite	6 ounces
Potassium Sulphocyanide	1 ounce
Sodium Acetate	1½ ounces
Alum	100 grains
Water	20 fl. ounces

When dissolved add—

Silver Chloride	100 grains

Leave for twenty-four hours, filter, and add—

Gold Chloride	15 grains
Ammonium Chloride	30 grains
Water	8 fl. ounces

Print deeply, and before placing in bath immerse prints direct in—

Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce
Water	20 fl. ounces

Combined Toning and Fixing Bath.

Ammonium Sulphocyanide	15 grains
Sodium Chloride	30 grains
Sodium Hyposulphite	2 ounces
Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix and add, little by little, the following solution :—

Gold Chloride	1 grain
Water	½ fl. ounce

Copper Bromide Intensifier for Negatives.

(1)

Cupric Sulphate	200 grains
Hot Water	1 fl. ounce

(2)

Potassium Bromide	200 grains
Hot Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix, allow to cool, and apply to well-washed plate till thoroughly bleached. Wash for five minutes, and blacken in silver nitrate, forty-four grains ; water, one fluid ounce.

Copper Toning Solution for Bromide Prints.

(A)

Cupric Sulphate	30 grains
Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Water	10 fl. ounces

(B)

Potassium Ferricyanide	25 grains
Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Water	10 fl. ounces

Use equal parts of (A) and (B).

Crystal Varnish for Transparencies.

Gum Dammar	250 grains
Benzol	10 fl. ounces

Celluloid Varnish for Negatives or Positives.

Celluloid	120 grains
Amyl Acetate	16 fl. ounces

Acetone may also be used as a solvent for celluloid, but when so prepared the varnish is deficient in brilliancy.

Developer for Collodion Dry Plates.

(1)

Pyrogallol	96 grains
Alcohol, Methylated	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

(2)

Ammonium Carbonate, in crystals	16 grains
Ammonium Bromide	4 grains
Sodium Sulphite	10 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

For use, add five minims of No. 1 to each fluid drachm of No. 2.

Developers for Wet Collodion Process.

For Negatives.

Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Glacial Acetic Acid Alcohol	of each ½ fl. ounce
Water	10 fl. ounces

For Positives or Ferrotypes.

Ferrous Sulphate	150 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Nitric Acid	5 minims
Alcohol	½ fl. ounce
Water	10 fl. ounces

Developer for Gaslight Papers.

Metol	10 grains
Hydrokinone	30 grains
Sodium Sulphite	350 grains
Sodium Carbonate, in crystals	350 grains
Potassium Bromide	5 grains
Water	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve the solids in the order given. The solution keeps indefinitely in well-stoppered bottles.

Developer for Obtaining Warm Tones on Platinum Papers (Inston).

(1)

Citric Acid	240 grains
Potassium Citrate	150 grains
Mercuric Chloride	90 grains
Water ....to	14 fl. ounces

(2)

Potassium Oxalate (neutral)	2 ounces
Water	14 fl. ounces

Take equal parts of (1) and (2) and mix immediately before use.

Developer for Very Rapid Shutter Exposures.

A. Pyrogallol	50 grains
Metol	45 grains
Potassium Metabisulphite	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	20 grains
Water ....to	20 fl. ounces
B. Sodium Carbonate, in crystals	4 ounces
Water ....to	20 fl. ounces

For use mix equal parts of A and B. Beach's developer may readily be modified to serve the same purpose by using with it a stock solution of metol—2 grains to each drachm, with 10 grains of sodium sulphite—in place of an equivalent quantity of pyrogallol.

Dextrin Mountant.

Dextrin	25 ounces
Alum	1 ounce
Sugar	4 ounces
Carbolic Acid (10 per cent.)	1½ fl. ounces
Water	30 fl. ounces

Edinol Developing Formulæ.

For Soft Portrait Negatives

Edinol	45 grains
Sodium Carbonate in Crystals	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphite	1 ounce
Water	10 fl. ounces

For Snapshots.

Edinol	45 grains
Acetone-sulphite (Bayer)	140 grains
Potassium Carbonate	1 ounce
Potassium Bromide	20 grains
Water	10 fl. ounces

For Bromide and Gaslight Papers or Lantern Slides.

Edinol	45 grains
Acetone-sulphite (Bayer)	½ ounce
Sodium Carbonate in Crystals	1½ ounces
Water	10 fl. ounces

Edinol Developer for Bromide Prints (Villain).

(1)

Edinol	150 grains
Sodium Sulphite	2¾ ounces
Water	35 fl. ounces

Photographic Formulæ.

Edinol Developer for Bromide Prints (Villain).

(2)

Potassium Carbonate	2 ounces
Water	35 fl. ounces

To develop, take of—

Nos. 1 and 2, of each	1 fl. ounce
Water	2 fl. ounces
Potassium Bromide Solution, 10 per cent.	1 to 5 minims

Eikonogen and Hydrokinone Developer (Carbutt).

(A)

Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Sodium Sulphite	4 ounces
Eikonogen	330 grains
Hydrokinone	160 grains
Water, sufficient to make up to	32 fl. ounces

(B)

Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Potassium Carbonate	2 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Water, sufficient to make up to	32 fl. ounces

	A	B	Water.
For shutter exposures take	1	1	4
For portraits take	1	1	5
For landscapes take	1	½ to ¾	3 to 4
For lantern slides take	1	¾	4

Emulsion for Gelatino-Chloride P.O.P. (Valenta.)

(A)

Silver Nitrate	32 grammes
Citric Acid	8 grammes
Distilled Water, Hot	160 C.c.

(B)

Gelatin	96 grammes
Water	700 C.c.

Allow to swell, then melt on water-bath, and add

Ammonium Chloride	2·8 grammes

(C)

Tartaric Acid	2·8 grammes
Sodium Bicarbonate	1·4 grammes
Alum	1·8 grammes
Water	140 C.c.

Dissolve in above order. Mix (B) and (C) at 120° F., warm (A) to 120° F., and add gradually with shaking. Allow to ripen at 100° to 120° F., filter through glass wool in a hot water funnel, and coat.

Encaustic Paste (Salomans).

(1)

White Wax	500 parts
Gum Elemi	10 parts
Benzol	200 parts
Oil of Lavender	300 parts
Oil of Spike	15 parts

(2)

White Wax	500 parts
Gum Elemi	10 parts
Benzol	200 parts
Oil of Lavender	15 parts
Oil of Turpentine	300 parts

Photographic Formulæ.

Ferro-Gallic Printing Process.

Gum Acacia	1 ounce
Ferric Chloride	¾ ounce
Tartaric Acid	½ ounce
Ferric Sulphate	½ ounce
Water	15 fl. ounces

Mix in the order given, and apply by a brush or by floating. Develop by means of the following solution:—

Gallic Acid	2 ounces
Alum	2 ounces
Water	160 fl. ounces

This process gives prints with black lines on a white ground.

Flashlight Powder (Wall).

(1)

Magnesium Powder	3 ounces
Potassium Chlorate	6 ounces
Antimony Sulphide	1 ounce

About one hundred grains of the powder to be ignited upon an iron dish or shovel.

(2)

Magnesium Powder	4 ounces
Gunpowder	1 ounce

Mix.

Gelatino-Chloride Emulsion for Lantern Plates (Henry).

Hard Gelatin	125 grains
Sodium Chloride	100 grains
Water	5 fl. ounces

Soak overnight in a stone bottle, then place the bottle in hot water to dissolve the gelatin, and in the dark-room add silver nitrate, in crystals, 150 grains. Shake for ten minutes, and put in a warm place to digest without setting for twelve hours, shaking occasionally, then turn the bottle horizontally under tap to set the emulsion on sides of bottle. Fill up with cold water, leave for half an hour, and pour off, repeating this three or four times. Then place bottle in hot water, filter the contents through cambric, and coat. Exposure, about one inch magnesium ribbon at three feet.

Hypo-Alum Toning Solution.

For Bromide Prints.

Sodium Hyposulphite	10 ounces
Alum	1 ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	70 fl. ounces

Dissolve the hyposulphite in the water first, then add the alum slowly. When all is dissolved the solution should be milk-white. The solution should not be filtered, and works better as it becomes a little old. It may be strengthened from time to time with a little fresh solution. This bath should be used at a temperature of from 100° to 120° F., and the time necessary varies from fifteen to forty minutes. This method of toning is well suited to prints upon rough toned etching paper. The following bath should be used before applying this toning method.

Formalin (40 per cent. solution)	1 part
Water	9 parts

in order to harden the gelatin, and then wash in water for a few minutes.

Hypo-alum Toning Solution for Bromide Prints.

Sodium Hyposulphite	10 ounces
Alum	1 ounce
Water, Boiling	70 fl. ounces

This should not be filtered, and improves by keeping. It gives sepia tones, and should be used at a temperature of from 100° to 120° F. Prints should be well alumed previous to toning, and well washed afterwards.

Photographic Formulæ.

Hydrokinone-Formalin Developer.

Hydrokinone	½ ounce
Sodium Sulphite	5 ounces
Formalin (Schering)	½ fl. ounce
Water	30 fl. ounces

This developer is useful for line negatives, giving great density and contrast.

Iodised Collodion for Negatives by Acid "Pyro" Developer

Ether, 0·725	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol, 0·805	4 fl. ounces
Pyroxylin	120 grains
Ammonium Iodide	30 grains
Cadmium Iodide	45 grains
Alcohol, 0·830	4 fl. ounces

Matt, or Ground-Glass Varnish.

Sandarac	90 grains
Mastich	20 grains
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Dissolve and add	
Benzene	½ to 1½ fl. ounces

The proportion of benzene added determines the fineness of the matt to be obtained, the more benzene, the coarser the matt and *vice versâ*.

Matt Varnish.

Mastich	20 grains
Sandarac	90 grains
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Benzole	½ fl. ounce

If a coarser matt be required, the proportion of benzole should be increased.

Mercuric Iodide Intensifier for Negatives (Lumiere).

Mercuric Iodide	45 grains
Sodium Sulphite, anhydrous	440 grains
Water	10 fl. ounces

Monckhoven's Silver Intensifier.

(1) Mercuric Chloride Potassium Bromide	of each	10 grains
Distilled Water		1 fl. ounce
(2) Potassium Cyanide (98 per cent.) Silver Nitrate	of each	10 grains
Distilled Water		1 fl. ounce

In making the No. 2 solution, the commercial cyanide may be used, but the quantity will require to be tripled. A precipitate of silver cyanide is formed at first, but is nearly redissolved in the excess of potassium cyanide—the clear solution should be poured off for use. Thorough washing after fixing, as well as between the application of the two solutions, is essential to success; this method of intensification is very effective, giving a clean black image of good printing quality. The plate must not be allowed to remain too long in the solution of silver cyanide or the image will be attacked; in some cases this may be an advantage when the intensification has been too great.

Mountant for Prints.

Arrowroot	½ ounce
Gelatin	20 grains
Alcohol, Methylated	2 fl. drachms
Carbolic Acid (liquefied)	2 minims
Water	3¾ fl. ounces

Mix the arrowroot into a cream with two fluid drachms of the water; then soak gelatin in the remainder of the water till softened, and boil together for five minutes. When cool add the alcohol and carbolic acid.

Photographic Formulæ.

Mounting Paste.

Gelatin	150 grains
Arrowroot	308 grains
Water	8 fl. ounces
Methylated Spirit	2½ fl. drachms
Formalin (40 per cent. sol.)	20 minims

Soak the gelatin for a few hours in two fluid ounces of the water; then make a paste with the arrowroot and remaining six fluid ounces of boiling water; mix, heat gently till dissolved, and as it cools add the methylated spirit and the formalin solution.

Mounting Paste for Photographs.

Dextrin	1 ounce
Creosote	4 minims
Distilled Water, boiling	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Negative Varnish.

White Hard Spirit Varnish	15 fl. ounces
Methylated Alcohol	25 fl. ounces

This is a cheap and readily obtainable varnish, but is inferior in durability to those specially prepared for the purpose. If only a limited number of prints are required from a negative it may be efficiently protected from silver-staining by coating it with a plain collodion of a strength of five grains of pyroxylin to each fluid ounce of equal parts of methylated alcohol and methylated ether. The advantage of this is that it can be applied cold by simply flowing over the plate.

Negative Varnish (Wall).

Orange Shellac	1¼ ounces
Mastich	¼ ounce
Sandarac	1¼ ounces
Oil of Turpentine	½ fl. ounce
Venice Turpentine	¼ ounce
Camphor	10 grains
Alcohol, Methylated	20 fl. ounces

Non-Mercurial Intensifier.

(1)

Potassium Bromide Copper Sulphate	of each	1 ounce
Distilled Water	to make	8 fl. ounces

(2)

Silver Nitrate		¼ ounce
Distilled Water	to make	8 fl. ounces

Lay the well-washed negative or bromide print in No. 1 solution till bleached right through, then well wash and immerse in solution No. 2 till it has darkened right through; again wash, place for a few minutes in a clean fixing bath, and for the third and last time wash.

Ortol Developer.

(A)

Potassium Metabisulphite	80 grains
Ortol	160 grains
Water to	20 fl. ounces

(B)

Sodium Sulphite	2 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	640 grains
Potassium Carbonate	320 grains
Water to	20 fl. ounces

For use take equal parts of (A) and (B) and an equal volume of water.

Photographic Formulæ.

Paper for Single Transfer (Carbon Process).

Gelatin (No. 1 Nelson's)	1 ounce
Water	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve by gentle heating. Then prepare the following :—

Chrome Alum	20 grains
Water, Warm	2 fl. ounces

Dissolve and pour gradually into the gelatin solution with constant stirring. Two coatings of this must be applied to the paper.

Pellet Printing Process.

(A)

Gum Acacia	90 grains
Water	1 fl. ounce

(B)

Ferric Ammonium Citrate	220 grains
Water	1 fl. ounce

(C)

Ferric Chloride, in crystals	220 grains
Water	1 fl. ounce

Add eight parts of (B) and five parts of (C) to twenty parts of (A), little by little—with shaking. Use after a few hours. The mixture keeps for a day or two. Develop by means of the following solution :—

Potassium Ferrocyanide	1 ounce
Warm Water	10 fl. ounces

Use not colder than 60° F. This process gives prints with blue lines on white ground.

Photographic Mountant.

Dextrin	1 ounce
Distilled Water	1 ounce
Creosote	5 drops

Mix and dextrin and water; boil, and add the creosote when cooling.

Platinum Toning Bath for Gelatino-Chloride Prints (Bolton).

Potassium Chloroplatinite	15 grains
Water	15 fl. drachms
Nitric Acid	3 minims

This constitutes the stock solution. For use, take of—

Potassium Chloroplatinite Stock Solution	1 fl. drachm
Water	5 fl. ounces
Oxalic Acid	5 grains

After toning, pass through a weak solution of sodium carbonate.

Pyro-Acetone Developer.

(1)

Pyrogallol	180 grains
Sodium Sulphite	4 ounces
Water	10 fl. ounces

(2)

No. 1 Solution	5 fl. ounces
Water	15 fl. ounces
Acetone	2 fl. ounces

This developer must be neutral or faintly alkaline; never acid.

Pyrogallol Developer with Formalin.

Pyrogallol	3 grains
Potassium Bromide	½ grain
Formaldehyde Solution (40 per cent.)	2½ to 5 minims
Sodium Sulphite	60 grains
Distilled Water to	1 fl. ounce

Photographic Formulæ.

Pyro-Metol Developer for Short Exposures.

(1)

Pyrogallol	40 grains
Metol	35 grains
Potassium Metabisulphite	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	15 grains
Water, to	20 fl. ounces

(2)

Sodium Carbonate, in crystals	3 ounces
Distilled Water, to	20 fl. ounces

Take equal parts of (1) and (2).

Pyrocatechin Developer (Concentrated).

Sodium Sulphite	5 ounces
Sodium Hydrate, in sticks	300 grains
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Pyrocatechin	1 ounce

The pyrocatechin should not be added until the sulphite and hydrate are completely dissolved. This should be diluted for use with from fifteen to twenty parts of water.

Pyroxylin for Wet Collodion Process (Hardwich).

Sulphuric Acid, 1·845	18 fl. ounces
Nitric Acid, 1·457	6 fl. ounces
Water	5 to 5¼ fl. ounces
Cotton Wool	300 grains

Immerse for ten minutes at a temperature of 150° F.

Reducing Agents.

As a preliminary to intensification, especially in the case of a thin and over-exposed negative, slight reduction is advisable in order to clear away any fog that may be present. For this purpose the reducer known as Farmer's may be applied carefully and in weak solution. A few drops of a saturated solution of potassium ferricyanide are added to a 5 per cent. solution of sodium hyposulphite, the ferricyanide solution being carefully increased if necessary until the desired effect is produced. A reducing agent which is preferable in some respects to "Farmer's" formula is the ammonium persulphate, which is generally credited with the property of attacking the denser deposit in the high lights to a greater degree than the detail in the shadows, thus correcting in a measure the scale of gradation when the contrast is excessive. This should be applied to the negative in a 5 per cent. solution. Its action is rapid and continuous, and must be stopped at the required point by immersing the plate in a 10 per cent. solution of sodium sulphite. A freshly prepared solution of ammonium persulphate is often very slow in action, but may be accelerated by the addition of a few drops of dilute nitric acid.

Resinised Paper.

Bleached Shellac	90 grains
Sodium Phosphate	30 grains
Borax	20 grains
Distilled Water	3½ fl. ounces

Heat the water in a water-bath, then add the salts, and lastly the shellac, previously powdered and washed with water. Continue the heat for two hours, with constant stirring. Make the solution up to original bulk with water, filter, and add ammonium chloride, seven and a-half grains. Immerse the paper in this solution for thirty seconds, then hang up to drain and dry. When required for printing, sensitise overnight by floating for five minutes upon a solution of silver nitrate, sixty grains to one fluid ounce.

Photographic Formulæ.

Retouching Medium.

Sandarac	1 ounce
Castor Oil	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Retouching Medium.

(1)

Resin, in powder	60 grains
Turpentine	2 fl. ounces

(2)

Gum Dammar	150 grains
Turpentine	2½ fl. ounces
Benzol	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	50 minims

Retouching Medium.

Gum Sandarac	1 ounce
Finest Castor Oil	90 grains
Methylated Spirit	6½ grains

Dissolve the gum in the spirit, and then add the castor oil.

Salting Bath for Plain Salted Papers.

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Sodium Citrate	80 grains
Gelatin	60 grains
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Float or immerse the paper for two to three minutes. When required for printing sensitise by floating for three minutes on a solution of silver nitrate, 60 grains to the fluid ounce.

Sensitising Bath for Wet Collodion Process.

For Negatives.

Silver Nitrate, recrystallised	6 ounces
Distilled Water	80 fl. ounces
Pure Nitric Acid	8 minims

Saturate with silver iodide and filter.

For Positives or Ferrotypes.

Silver Nitrate, recrystallised	5½ ounces
Distilled Water	80 fl. ounces
Pure Nitric Acid	30 minims

Saturate with silver iodide and filter. This is best done by coating a plate with collodion and leaving it in the bath for some hours.

Sensitising Solutions for Carbon Tissues.

(1)

Potassium Dichromate, granulated	15 ounces
Water	2 gallons

(2)

Potassium Dichromate, commercial	15 ounces
Solution of Ammonia, 0·880	1 fl. drachm
Water	2 gallons

Sensitising Solution for Plain Paper (Namias).

(1)

Iron Ammonium Citrate (Green)	192 grains
Citric Acid	48 grains
Water ...to	1 fl. ounce

(2)

Silver Nitrate	2 drachms
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix (1) and (2) in equal parts. Wash the prints first and fix in weak "hypo." (not stronger than one ounce in one pint) for not more than one minute; then wash in water to free from "hypo." This process gives prints with sepia tones.

Photographic Formulæ.

Sensitising Solution for Post-cards, etc.

Silver Nitrate	55 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. drachms

Dissolve and add solution of ammonia, drop by drop, to just redissolve precipitate at first formed; then add dilute sulphuric acid until smell of ammonia almost disappears. Now add the following solution:—

Iron Ammonium Citrate	40 grains
Water	6 fl. drachms

Keep in dark place in a stoppered bottle. Wash the prints and fix in—

Sodium Hyposulphite	100 grains
Sodium Sulphite	50 grains
Water	7 fl. ounces

This process gives prints with sepia tones.

Silver Intensifier (Wellington).

Silver Nitrate	100 grains
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Dissolve and add ammonium sulphocyanide, 240 grains. A precipitate is formed, which is redissolved in excess of sulphocyanide. Dilute with distilled water to ten fluid ounces. When a precipitate is again thrown out, add strong solution of sodium hyposulphite till redissolved. This constitutes the stock solution. For use take—

Stock Solution, as above	1 fl. ounce
Pyrogallol	3 grains
Sodium Sulphite	12 grains
Solution of Ammonia, 0·880	6 minims
Potassium Bromide	2 grains

Single Solution Developer (1).

Hydrokinone	60 grains
Metol	20 grains
Potassium Carbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphite	2 ounces
Potassium Bromide	20 to 30 grains
Distilled Water ...to	10 fl. ounces

Heat may be employed if necessary. The metol and hydrokinone should be added last, and the solution filtered and put up in well-filled and corked bottles. In putting up such solutions as this for sale it is a good practice to employ corks which have been dipped in melted hard paraffin. Prepared as above, the solution should be mixed with an equal part of water when required for use, or if softer effects be desired it may be still more diluted. This developer is suitable for positives on bromide paper or lantern plates as well as for the development of negatives. It may also be prepared in dry form in packet or cartridge. If this be preferred, the reducing agents should be in a separate packet or divided from the alkaline accelerator. For the latter an equivalent proportion of dried sodium carbonate will be preferable to the crystalline form, as being less bulky and free from water of crystallisation, and each packet should be packed in such a way as to be efficiently protected from the atmosphere.

Single Solution Developer (2).

Adurol	80 grains
Potassium Bromide	12 grains
Sodium Sulphite	1¼ ounces
Potassium Carbonate	300 grains
Distilled Water ... to	6 fl. ounces

Adurol, on account of its greater solubility, as well as its peculiar keeping quality in solution, is especially adapted for this form of developing solution. The formula given may be regarded as four times normal strength, *i.e.*, one part should be added to three parts of water for the average developer; but the degree of dilution may be more or less according to the exposure. It being advisable to use a more dilute developer for films or plates which may have had a minimum exposure, a stronger developer, with the addition of more bromide, being employed when full or over-exposure is suspected.

Photographic Formulæ.

Special Developers for Gaslight Papers.

FOR WARM TONES.

Kachin	40 grains
Sodium Sulphite	250 grains
Sodium Carbonate, in crystals	350 grains
Potassium Bromide	2 grains
Water to	10 fl. ounces

FOR WARM BROWN TO RED CHALK TONES.

Solution as above	1 fl. ounce
Water	½ fl. ounce
Potassium Bromide Solution (10 per cent.	20 drops

FOR RED AND SEPIA TONES.

(A)

Sulphuric Acid	5 minims
Ferrous Sulphate	2½ ounces
Water	20 fl. ounces

(B)

Sodium Citrate	5 ounces
Citric Acid	4 ounces
Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix one part of (A) and two parts of (B). Exposure on Velox paper, from three to four inches magnesium ribbon.

FOR BROWN TONES.

(A)

Pyrogallol	30 grains
Potassium Metabisulphite	30 grains
Ammonium Bromide	30 grains
Water	10 fl. ounces

(B)

Ammonia, 0·880	75 minims
Water	10 fl. ounces

Take of (A) and (B) each half a fluid ounce and add one fluid ounce of water.

Stain Reducer.

Thio-carbamide	30 grains
Chrome Alum	30 grains
Citric Acid	40 grains
Distilled Water to make	10 ounces

This solution is very useful for removing the stains of pyro from the films of negatives, the fingers, clothes, etc. Negatives may be soaked in it for ten minutes, and then well washed. The hands or fingers should be well rubbed with a coarse rag dipped in the solution.

Starch and Dextrin Mountant.

Dextrin	1 ounce
Water, Hot	1½ fl. ounces

Dissolve and add the following :—

Starch	1 ounce
Cold Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix and add the dextrin solution to the starch gradually and heat on a water-bath till the whole jellifies. When cold add thymol, two grains, to each ounce.

Stock Toning Bath.

(Which Keeps.)

Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Gold Chloride	15 grains
Strontium Chloride	150 grains

Heat the water to 100° F. in a clean beaker, then add the salts and heat till nearly boiling.

Also heat to nearly boiling point—

Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Potassium Sulphocyanide	40 grains

Next add the gold solution, two fluid drachms at a time, stirring continuously. Allow to cool, and make up to thirty fluid drachms. To make the bath, add one fluid drachm of this solution to from four to eight fluid ounces of water.

Substratum for Transparencies (Carbon Process).

Gelatin (Nelson's No. 1)	1 ounce
Water	20 fl. ounces

Soak and dissolve by gentle heat, and add sufficient potassium dichromate to produce a pale sherry colour.

To Remove Silver Stains from Negatives.

(A)

Ammonium Sulphocyanide	30 grains
Water	1 fl. ounce

(B)

Nitric Acid	30 minims
Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix (A) and (B), wash plate after use, then place in chrome alum solution and again wash.

Toning Bath for Gelatino-Chloride Prints.

Gold Chloride	2 grains
Ammonium Sulphocyanide	20 grains
Sodium Phosphate	20 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Toning Bromide Prints.

BLUE AND BLUISH GREEN.

Uranium Nitrate Solution (10 per cent.)	1 part
Ferric Ammonium Citrate Solution (10 per cent.)	1 part
Potassium Ferricyanide Solution (10 per cent.)	2 parts
Nitric Acid (10 per cent.)	2 parts

Mix, and, after use, wash the prints until the lights are clear.

BLUE.

Ferric Ammonium Citrate Solution (10 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Potassium Ferricyanide Solution (10 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Acetic Acid (10 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces

Immerse until dark greenish blue, and wash until lights are clear of yellow stain. This about doubles the density of the print.

GREEN.

Tone for a few seconds only in the solution for preparing blue prints, then rinse and transfer to a solution of chromic acid (forty-five grains to one fluid ounce). Remove the yellow chromate stain by means of alum solution, and wash thoroughly.

RED AND TERRA-COTTA TONES.

Bleach the prints in the following solution :—

Potassium Dichromate	300 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Water	20 fl. ounces

Well wash and re-develop in the following :—

Sodium Sulphantimonate	15 grains
Water	1 fl. ounce

Toning and Fixing Solution (1).

Calcium Chloride, in crystals	2 drachms
Ammonium Sulphocyanide	50 grains
Sodium Hyposulphite	1½ ounces
Distilled Water to	8 fl. ounces

Dissolve and add gold chloride, 1½ grains (in solution, 1 gr. in 1 fl. drachm).

It should be stated on the label for this solution that a combined bath gives warm tones, should never be used at a higher temperature than 50° F., in order to ensure fixation, and is sufficient to tone one shilling packet of **P.O.P.** The prints should be more deeply printed than when separately toned and fixed. This solution has been found to work well, keep well, and yield satisfactory results.

Toning and Fixing Solution (2).

Sodium Phosphate	15 grains
Ammonium Sulphocyanide	25 grains
Sodium Hyposulphite	240 grains
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Gold Chloride	1 grain

The excessive quantity of sulphocyanide is likely to have a softening effect on the gelatin and cause trouble if the prints are afterwards squeegeed upon glass or ferrotype plates, and probably could be reduced to half the quantity with advantage. Separate toning and fixing are decidedly to be preferred, as being more certain to result in reasonably permanent prints than when the combined toning and fixing method is employed.

Toning Solution.

Sodium Acetate	40 grains
Sodium Sulphite	1 grain
Ammonium Sulphocyanide	20 grains
Gold Chloride	2 to 2½ grains
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

This solution will keep reasonably well and will be found to work well with nearly all makers' P.O.P., but it is advisable either to supply the gold chloride in separate solution or to add it at time of sale. The addition of a minute proportion of sulphite, first recommended by one of the leading manufacturers, is of service in moderating and tending to evenness of tone, and this formula may be taken as typical of many others in which the sodium acetate may be replaced by other salts, such as borax, sodium phosphate, or tungstate, etc. It is a fact often overlooked that the quality of the tone of a print depends very greatly upon the quality of the negative employed. Weak negatives, with lack of contrast, will never yield prints of good tone, and should be reserved for a gaslight development process, by which, with care, much better results may be obtained from very poor negatives.

Toning Solutions for P.O.P.

(1)

Ammonium Sulphocyanide	20 grains
Sodium Sulphite	2 grains
Gold Chloride	2 grains
Water	20 fl. ounces

This solution acts slowly, and is less liable to double tones.

(2)

Sodium Tungstate	30 grains
Sodium Carbonate	1 grain
Gold Chloride	1 grain
Water	10 fl. ounces

Uranium and Potassium Ferricyanide Intensifier.

Potassium Ferricyanide	18 grains
Uranium Nitrate	16 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water to	16 fl. ounces

The ferricyanide should be first dissolved in the water and the solution allowed to stand for a few minutes, then the acid added, and lastly the uranium nitrate. This solution cannot be kept ready for sale, but should be prepared as required. Its possible disadvantage is that the acid may cause the film to leave the glass, either partially or wholly; probably for negative intensification this might be omitted or reduced. The method given by Wall in the 'Dictionary of Photography' is to soak the plate for ten minutes in a solution of uranium nitrate, 50 gr. to 1 oz. of distilled water, then drain and soak in a solution of potassium ferricyanide of same strength till dense enough; wash and dry.

Uranium Toning Solution for Bromide Prints.

Potassium Ferricyanide	9 grains
Uranium Nitrate	8 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Water	16 fl. ounces

Dissolve the ferricyanide in the water, and allow to stand a few minutes; then add the acetic acid, and lastly the uranium nitrate. The prints to be washed in running water for twenty-five minutes after toning.

Varnish for Negatives.

Orange Shellac	150 Gm.
Sandarac	150 Gm.
Canada Balsam	10 Gm.
Oil of Spike Lavender	60 C.c.
Methylated Spirit	1,000 C.c.

The negative must be warmed before and after the application of the varnish.

Waxing Solution for Temporary Support (Carbon Process).

Yellow Resin	¾ ounce
Yellow Wax	¼ ounce
Turpentine	1 pint

Yellow and Green Sensitiser for Orthochromatic Plates.

Erythrosin	35 grains
Alcohol (96 per cent.)	40 fl. ounces

This constitutes the stock solution. First soak the plates (medium or extra rapid) in—

Ammonia Solution, 0·880	1 part
Water	100 parts

Then transfer, without rinsing, to the following solution:—

Erythrosin Stock Solution	1 fl. ounce
Water	15 fl. ounces
Ammonia Solution, 0·880	1 fl. drachm

Allow to act for two minutes, and wash finally for four minutes in vertical trough.

Yellow, Green and Red Sensitiser for Orthochromatic Plates.

Cyanin	35 grains
Alcohol (96 per cent.)	40 fl. ounces

This constitutes the stock solution.

Then take of—

Alcohol (96 per cent.)	25 fl. ounces
Stock Cyanin Solution	½ fl. ounce

Next, gradually and with constant stirring, add—

Water	100 fl. ounces

And, finally—

Erythrosin Stock Solution	6¼ fl. ounces

Filter.—If the filter paper becomes strongly blue, part of the cyanin has been thrown out and the bath requires more alcohol. Add at the time of use four minims of ammonia solution, 0·880, to each fluid ounce. Immerse plates direct, and wash five o six minutes.

Yellow Light Filters for Plates Sensitive to Yellow and Green

Swell best transparent gelatin in eight times its weight o cold water. Liquefy, filter through hot water funnel, and add the dye solution in carefully measured dose. Warm fla plate glass (at least 7/32 of an inch thick) on hot iron plate and pour over gelatin solution. Leave to set, and, when dry cement with Canada balsam to flat cover glass. If the filter are to be used close in front of the plates, ordinary dry plates may be fixed and dried, and soaked in the dye solution. The dye employed may be:—Tartrazin, in 1 per cent solution, which gives a beautifully bright screen. Anothe method is to employ a collodion film stained with aurantia.

SECTION XII.

LEGAL HINTS FOR CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

Section XII.—Legal Hints for Chemists and Druggists.

A HANDY GUIDE TO THE STATUTES.

THE following notes have been compiled for the purpose of enabling chemists and druggists to make themselves familiar with the more important legal points which are likely to arise in connection with the conduct of their business. Following the notes, in Section XIII., will be found the chief provisions of various Acts of Parliament, in the working of which chemists and druggists are interested.

Abortifacients, Sale of.—It is illegal, under the Offences to the Persons Act, 1861, to knowingly supply or procure emmenagogic and purgative medicines for the purpose of procuring abortion. Section 59 of the Act provides that "Whosoever shall unlawfully supply or procure any poison or other noxious thing, or any instrument or thing whatsoever, knowing that the same is intended to be unlawfully used or employed with intent to procure the miscarriage of any woman, whether she be or be not with child, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and, being convicted thereof, shall be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be kept in penal servitude for the term of three years, or to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding two years, with or without hard labour."

Apprenticeship.—Apprentices are usually bound, by indenture or otherwise, for a period of three to seven years, the conditions, as regards premium, wages, etc., varying according to circumstances. No person can be bound against his will, and, in the case of a minor, the consent of a parent or guardian is also necessary. A minor can only be bound to serve until he is twenty-one years old. An apprentice must obey his master's lawful commands and give faithful service. The master, on the other hand, usually covenants to teach his trade or profession to the apprentice, and the latter is entitled to have such opportunities for gaining experience as will enable him to become expert in his master's business. Unless caused by his own misconduct, the temporary illness of an apprentice does not absolve his master from paying his wages, if any, nor can absence through illness be made an excuse for prolonging the apprenticeship beyond the agreed date. Neither can an apprentice be compelled to stay with the executors, after the death of the person to whom he was bound, unless the indenture or agreement contain provision to that effect. The apprentice may, however, claim performance of the contract from the executors, or—as an alternative—the return of a fair proportion of any premium which may have been paid. Similarly, the sale of the business during the apprenticeship does not release the master from his covenant. An apprentice cannot be compelled to stay with his master's successor, nor can he, or his parent or guardian, be compelled to pay for breakages, unless specifically agreed to in the indenture or agreement. An apprenticeship is terminated when the whole time has been served, or—if he refuse to serve longer—when the apprentice attains the age of twenty-one years, or when either apprentice or master dies, though the death of one member of a firm to which the apprentice is bound does not dissolve the contract. In certain circumstances, the parent or guardian may be sued for breach of contract if an apprentice refuse to serve after attaining the age of twenty-one years. An apprenticeship may also be terminated at any time by mutual agreement, or by order of justices, or by the bankruptcy of the master, in which case part of any premium paid may be returned by the trustees, subject to an appeal to the Bankruptcy Court. The stamp duty on an ordinary indenture of apprenticeship is half-a-crown. Apprenticeship in the strict sense of the word is not insisted upon by the present regulations of the Pharmaceutical Society.

Assistants' Engagements, etc.—A verbal agreement for an indefinite period, between an employer and an assistant, is valid, but an agreement for a specified term, exceeding twelve months, must be in writing and signed by the party or parties concerned. The written agreement, which may be simply a letter offering a situation on certain specified terms, should be stamped at the nearest money order office, at a cost of sixpence, within fourteen days of the date appearing upon it. Unless otherwise provided, a month's notice is required in terminating a chemist's assistant's engagement, and the customs of the drug trade as regards Sunday duty, the fortnight's annual holiday, etc., are implied in the contract. An assistant dismissed without notice may claim a month's salary in lieu thereof, but he cannot—if an indoor assistant—recover for board and lodging, and dismissal without notice may be justified by misconduct on the part of the assistant. The employer is liable, in civil law, for the mistakes of an assistant, but may recover compensation for any loss sustained through the assistant's wrongful conduct. He is not obliged to answer inquiries respecting an assistant, but it is not always wise to withhold replies. No action could lie in respect of a *bonâ-fide* statement of fact. The temporary illness of an assistant does not absolve his employer from paying his salary in full, and a month's notice should be given if it be desired to terminate an engagement on account of illness. The death of an employer usually terminates an engagement. An assistant is entitled, in the case of the bankruptcy of his employer, to be paid in full for services rendered during the four months preceding the date of the receiving order, provided the amount does not exceed fifty pounds. Agreements not to engage in the same business within certain limits are legally effective if reasonable.

Bankruptcy Law.—Proceedings in bankruptcy are regulated by the Bankruptcy Acts, 1883 and 1890, and can only be instituted when a debtor is of full age. Petitions must be presented to the High Court of Justice, London, or to a provincial County Court in other parts of England and Wales. A debtor may make private arrangements with his creditors, under the Deeds of Arrangement Act, 1887, or he may file his own petition, under the Bankruptcy Acts, in the Court of the district in which he has resided for the past six months. Proceedings may be instituted by one or more creditors, when the claim amounts to at least £50, when the alleged act of bankruptcy has been committed within the preceding three months. The following are regarded as acts of bankruptcy :—An assignment of property by a debtor for the benefit of his creditors; the fraudulent conveyance or transfer of property; a notice of suspension of payment of debts; the making by a Court of a receiving order for the payment of a judgment debt, etc., etc. The whole of a bankrupt's property may be divided among his creditors, except tools used in his trade, wearing apparel, and bedding, to an amount not exceeding £20. He may earn wages for the support of himself and family, but any property he acquires before obtaining his discharge must be employed to satisfy the claims of his creditors. Rates, taxes, and the wages of assistants and servants up to a certain amount have a preferential claim upon a debtor's estate, but a wife's claim in respect of a loan, and certain other claims, are not considered until the ordinary creditors are paid in full. If a scheme of composition be approved by a majority of the creditors representing three-fourths of the claims upon the estate, and by the Court, the receiving order is rescinded.

Calcium Carbide, Sale of.—Licences, obtainable from a county or district council, are required for the sale of calcium carbide, which is now subject to restrictions, under the Petroleum Act, 1879. If, however, the carbide is kept in hermetically closed metal vessels containing not more than 1 lb. each, as much as 5 lb. may be stored in one place without any licence being required. Vessels of calcium carbide exposed for sale must be labelled in conspicuous characters, "Carbide of calcium, dangerous if not kept dry"; each vessel must also bear the name and address of the vendor, together with the following notice:—"The contents of this package are liable, if brought into contact with moisture, to give off a highly inflammable gas."

Coloured Fires, Sale and Manufacture of.—The manufacture of coloured fires is regulated by the Explosives Act, 1875, and may only be carried on in duly licensed premises. Licences to conduct such manufacture are not granted in the case of shops.

Contract, Law of.—Contracts may be implied, or expressed orally or in writing, and are simply agreements between persons who offer and those who accept any article or articles for a legal consideration. The Statute of Frauds provides that:—"No contract for the sale of goods, wares, or merchandises for the price of £10 sterling or upwards shall be allowed to be good except the buyer shall accept part of the goods so sold and actually receive the same, or give something in earnest to bind the bargain, or in part payment; or that some note or memorandum in writing of the said bargain be made and signed by the parties to be charged by such contract, or their agents thereto authorised." The acceptance of delivery of goods may be held to constitute the creation of, and acquiescence in a contract or undertaking to purchase. The purchase of merchandise through the agent or agents of the seller necessitates care if it is desired to avoid unexpected obligations, and a retailer would be well advised to write his orders himself rather than trust to verbal directions to a traveller.

Copyright, Registration of.—The copyright of a book or price-list, etc., may be registered at Stationers' Hall, London, E.C., on payment of a fee of 5s., while the design of a label may be similarly registered in the fine art section on payment of a fee of 1s.

Dentistry, Practice of.—The Dentists Act, 1878, makes it an offence for any person who is not registered under the Act to take or use the name or title of "dentist," or any name, title, description, etc., implying that he is registered under the Act, or specially qualified to practise dentistry. It is not illegal, however, for an unregistered person to perform dental operations, but he must not advertise that he is specially qualified to do so. Medical men who assist unregistered persons in performing dental operations are liable to be dealt with by the General Medical Council as having been guilty of infamous conduct in a professional respect; the same applies to duly registered dentists who issue advertisements of an objectionable character. The title "Dental Institute" has been held to imply the qualification of the owner.

Designs, Registration of.—Application for the registration of a design must be made in a similar manner to an application for the registration of a trade-mark, the necessary form (E)—which costs 10s.—being filled up and sent to the Comptroller, Patent Office, Designs Branch, 25, Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London.

Drugs, Adulteration of.—It is an offence, under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act, 1875, to sell drugs which are mixed with injurious ingredients, or drugs of inferior quality, the British Pharmacopœia being usually regarded as the standard for drugs when asked for by the official names or synonyms, though the Act does not make that work a legal standard. Compounded drugs—*e.g.*, medicines dispensed from prescriptions—must be composed of ingredients in accordance with the demand of the purchaser. Full information concerning penalties, the taking of samples, etc., will be found in Section XIII. of this book.

Essences, Sale of.—Chemists and druggists may prepare soluble essences, wine essences, etc., for sale, without taking out a rectifier's or compounder's licence. This applies to (1) essences used in medicines and prepared in accordance with some recognised Pharmacopœia; (2) essences used solely in confectionery and food; (3) essences prepared for and sold only to aërated water manufacturers for use in making aërated waters only. In the case of wine essences, the proportion of citric or tartaric acid present must not be less than the proportion of proof spirit contained in the mixture. Essences must not be made with methylated spirit.

Explosives.—The manufacture and retail sale of all explosives is restricted by the Explosives Act, 1875, to duly licensed persons, and may only be conducted on registered premises. The list of substances regarded as explosives includes acetylene in liquid form or under pressure, dry collodion cotton, or soluble gun-cotton, coloured fires, picric acid and picrates (except when wholly in solution, or stored in securely-stoppered bottles), and fulminates, including diazobenzol and its nitrate, nitrogen chloride or iodide, fulminating gold or silver, and any mixture of a chlorate with sulphur, a sulphuret, or phosphorus. The premises of a chemist and druggist would not, under any circumstances, be licensed for the manufacture or sale of explosives.

Explosive Substances.—The Explosives Acts impose upon chemists and druggists the necessity for the exercise of caution in supplying to strangers articles capable of use in the manufacture of explosives. Among the substances classed as suspicious are nitric and sulphuric acids, especially in the concentrated state, glycerin, saltpetre, sodium nitrate, chlorates, picrates, picric acid, phosphorus, iodine, metallic mercury, and nitrate of mercury (even in small quantities) and orpiment. The acquisition of any of the foregoing articles in notable quantities by any unknown purchaser should be notified to the police.

False Trade Descriptions.—It is an offence under the Merchandise Marks Acts, 1887 and 1891, to apply to any goods a false or forged trade-mark (when the original is registered in the United Kingdom), or such a false trade description as may lead anyone to believe that the goods are what they are not. A false trade description may be given by assuming another person's trade-mark, by selling aërated waters, etc., in bottles bearing the names of persons who are not the actual makers of the preparations sold; also by the application of the name "Lime-juice and Glycerin" to a preparation containing no glycerin, or of a British Pharmacopœia name to a preparation not compounded in accordance with the official formula. Deficiency in weight may even be hit by this Act, for there is on record a case in which conviction was obtained for selling packets of tea labelled "two ounces," when the actual weight was one drachm less.

Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs, Sale of.—When a fertiliser is sold in quantities exceeding 56 lb., the Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act, 1893, requires that the seller should give the purchaser a legal warranty, in the form of an invoice, stating the name and composition of the article. A similar warranty must be given when artificially prepared feeding stuffs for cattle are sold.

Fireworks, Sale and Manufacture of.—The manufacture, storage, and sale of fireworks by unlicensed persons, or on unregistered premises, is illegal, as is also the manufacture, sale, etc., of fireworks containing sulphur mixed with a chlorate. See under "Explosives."

Indecent Advertisements.—It is an offence, under the Act to Suppress Indecent Advertisements, 1889, to exhibit, in a shop window or elsewhere, any picture or printed or written matter of an indecent or obscene nature. This includes the advertisements of remedies for certain sexual disorders and the exhibition of such remedies with discriptive labels, and also covers the distribution of objectionable announcements to the public.

Jury Service.—Exemption from service on all juries, including coroners' juries, may be claimed by pharmaceutical chemists, dentists, etc., actually in practice as such; but persons who are entitled to such exemption must take care that their names are not allowed to remain in the jury lists, which should be exhibited at the doors of every church and chapel in England and Wales on the first three Sundays in September.

Medicated Wines.—Excisable wines which have been so medicated as to render them unfit for use as beverages may be sold by chemists and druggists without licence. This applies to the official antimonial, ipecacuanha, iron (containing the equivalent of one grain of metallic iron per fluid ounce), and quinine wines. The same condition applies to coca wine, containing half a grain of cocaine per fluid ounce, and otherwise rendered unfit for use as a beverage; also to pepsin wine containing not less than sixteen grains of pepsin and six minims of hydrochloric acid per fluid ounce. Wines which are insufficiently medicated may only be sold by persons who hold the necessary licence.

Medicine, Practice of.—The Medical Act, 1858, makes it an offence for any person not registered under that Act to pretend, wilfully and falsely, to be, or take or use the name of, a registered medical practitioner. It is not illegal, under the Medical Act, for an unregistered person to prescribe or practise medicine, but the Apothecaries Acts, 1815 and 1874, make it an offence to act or practise as an apothecary. This has been held to mean professing to judge internal disease by its symptoms, and to cure that disease by medicine. Apparently, no offence is committed unless an unregistered person both prescribes and dispenses or compounds medicine for the same individual. See under "Prescribing."

Medicine Stamp Duty.—Preparations to be used or applied externally or internally, as medicines or medicaments for the prevention, cure, or relief of any disorder or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body are, in certain circumstances, liable to Medicine Stamp Duty in Great Britain, if exposed to sale or sold in any packet, box, bottle, phial, or other inclosure. Unless so inclosed, medicines are not liable to duty, and they may, therefore, be sold loose without being stamped. For the grounds of liability to duty and lists of articles which are not liable, reference should be made to Section XIII. of this book.

Methylated Spirit, Sale of.—Methylated spirit may only be supplied by authorised methylators to licensed retailers in quantities of not less than five gallons at a time, and retailers may not be supplied with non-mineralised spirit, except by permission of the Board of Inland Revenue. All methylated spirit supplied must be marked accordingly and accompanied by a permit, which the receiver must preserve carefully and deliver to a duly authorised officer when asked for it. An annual licence, costing ten shillings, must be held by a retailer for each set of premises where methylated spirit is sold. Not more than fifty gallons of the spirit may be received or stocked at one time, not more than one gallon may be sold by retail at a time, and no sale may take place between 10 p.m. on Saturday and 8 a.m. on the Monday following. It is illegal for a retailer to keep on the premises any methylated spirit to which an essential oil or other flavouring agent has been added. Licences to receive and sell methylated spirit are not granted to dealers in, or retailers of, wines or sweets.

Methylated Spirit, Use of.—Methylated spirit and its derivatives may not be used in the preparation of any article capable of being used wholly or partially as a beverage, or as a medicine for internal application. It is illegal to use methylated spirit for making compound tincture of benzoin, tincture of iodine, or other medicaments capable of being used internally, even though they are intended for external or veterinary use only. But methylated spirit may be used in the manufacture of chloroform, chloral hydrate, sulphuric ether, liniment of aconite, liniment of belladonna, ammoniated liniment of camphor, and liniment of soap. Such liniments should not be supplied unless it is clearly understood that they are not made in accordance with the British Pharmacopœia. Special application must be made if it be desired to use non-mineralised spirit for manufacturing purposes, or to use methylated spirit in the preparation of vegetable extracts, or of medicines which are not official in the British Pharmacopœia, while a bond is required if more than fifty gallons of the spirit is used annually for manufacturing purposes. The two kinds of methylated spirit must be stored apart, and excise inspectors are entitled to visit the premises and ask for permits once a quarter. Methylated finish, containing not less than three ounces of colophony resin, sandarac, seedlac, or shellac per gallon, may be sold without a licence, but it is illegal to remove the resin, or for unlicensed persons to mix the finish with methylated spirit and sell the mixture.

Partnership, Law of.—According to the law of partnership, which was codified by the Partnership Act, 1890, a business partnership cannot exist unless a definite contract has been entered into, orally or in writing. The mere investment of money in a business and receipt of profits therefrom does not constitute a legal partnership. A contract of partnership, however, may be implied by certain business acts, and a person proved to be a partner in any business is liable for the debts thereof incurred from the time he joins the firm, such liability continuing until the person has formally notified his retirement from the business to all whom it may concern. A partnership in Scots Law is an impersonal entity, standing on the same footing as a corporate body in England.

Patents for Inventions.—Application for Letters Patent must be made on a special form (A) which can be obtained at any money-order office at a cost of twenty shillings. An additional form (B), for the provisional specification, is supplied gratis. When filled up, the forms must be sent to the Comptroller of Patents, 25, Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London. The complete specification form (C) must be sent within nine months, and costs three pounds. If no opposition be offered the patent is sealed after the complete specification has been accepted. A further payment of four pounds must be made at the end of the fourth year, and fees of increasing amount each year subsequently, that for the thirteenth year being fourteen pounds. After fourteen years the patent expires unless an extension be granted. For further information, see the 'Patent Notes for Inventors,' supplied gratis by Mr. R. W. Barker, 56, Ludgate Hill, London, E.C. The Council of the Pharmaceutical Society has on several occasions proceeded to the revocation of patents for medicinal preparations containing poison.

Petroleum, Sale of.—The term "petroleum" has a distinctive meaning in the Petroleum Acts. It does not include ordinary high-flash paraffin oil or petroleum, used for burning in lamps, but the storage and sale of any variety of petroleum or petroleum spirit giving off an inflammable vapour below 73° F. are the subject of legal restrictions. Mixtures of petroleum with other substances are also affected by the provisions of the Acts, if their flash-point is below 73° F. Thus, benzene, benzolene, indiarubber solutions, and burning oils of low flash-point may only be kept in places licensed by the local authority (County or District Council) unless they are stored in separate and securely closed vessels containing not more than one pint each. Moreover, the aggregate amount kept on unlicensed premises must not exceed three gallons, and each separate vessel must be labelled "Petroleum; highly inflammable," with the name and address of the vendor in addition when the vessels are sold or exposed for sale. In the County of London it is permitted to open one pint bottle of petroleum at a time on unlicensed premises for use or for re-bottling for sale; elsewhere, however, it is illegal to open vessels containing petroleum for re-bottling for sale or for retailing small quantities, unless the local authority has made similar reasonable regulations. For use on light locomotives, petroleum must be kept in liquid-tight and vapour-tight metal vessels, containing not more than two gallons each, and labelled "Petroleum spirit, highly inflammable." The storehouse in which it is kept must be of special construction, and not more than sixty gallons of the petroleum may be stored therein at one time.

Pharmacopœia as a Standard.—It is an offence under Section 15 of the Pharmacy Act, 1868, to compound any medicines of the British Pharmacopœia except according to the formularies of the said Pharmacopœia. It has also been decided that if an article is asked for by the official name, or synonym, the British Pharmacopœia preparation must be applied.

Pharmacy, Practice of.—There is no restriction upon the practice of pharmacy in Great Britain, but the sale of certain poisons and the use of the titles pharmacist, pharmaceutical chemist, pharmaceutist, chemist and druggist, etc., is restricted to persons registered respectively as such under the Pharmacy Acts of 1852 and 1868. In Ireland a similar state of affairs prevails, but the right to compound medical prescriptions is there limited to persons registered as pharmaceutical chemists. The British qualification is not recognised in Ireland, nor the Irish qualification in Great Britain; neither are colonial qualifications registrable in Great Britain, though the British and Irish qualifications are accepted as evidence of fitness to practise pharmacy in most of the British colonies.

Poisons, Sale of.—The sale of the more important poisons is regulated by the Pharmacy Act, 1868, the sale of arsenic being further regulated by the Arsenic Act, 1851. Other Acts of Parliament which deal with the sale and use of poisons are the Poisoned Grain Prohibition Act, 1863, the Poisoned Flesh Prohibition Act, 1864, the Drugging of Animals Act, 1876, and the Sale of Poisons Act, Ireland. The chief provisions of all the Acts mentioned will be found in Section XIII. of this volume.

Prescribing.—There is no statute prohibiting the recommending of remedies, the giving of medical directions, or even the diagnosing of disease, but the Apothecaries Act makes it unlawful for an unregistered person to "act as an apothecary." What constitutes the act of an apothecary is left to the Courts to decide in each case, but the term is capable of wide application, and chemists should be careful not to lend themselves to any practice which properly falls within the province of medicine or surgery. Statements by a chemist and druggist of the properties and virtues of any medicinal preparation put up and sold by him to any person professing to suffer from a particular ailment are not within the scope of the Statute, nor would the rendering of first-aid by a chemist in his shop be liable to penal interpretation.

Rectified Spirit, Sale of.—It is illegal generally for unlicensed persons to sell spirit of wine or preparations made therefrom, but this does not apply in the case of chemists and druggists, so far as regards spirits of spirituous liquors which they may use in the preparation or making-up of medicines for sick, lame, or distempered persons only. If, however, medicated preparations made with spirit are sold as beverages or intoxicants, the seller commits an offence, in any case, if unlicensed. No licence is required for the sale of perfumes made with spirit of wine, and chemists are permitted to supply rectified spirit for the purposes of medical or scientific research, in quantities not exceeding eight fluid ounces at a time.

Shop Hours and Seats.—The Shop Hours Act, 1892, makes i an offence to employ a person under the age of eighteen year in or about a shop for a longer period than seventy-four hours including meal-times, in any one week. This applies to apprentices, junior assistants, errand boys, etc., and a notification of the limits prescribed by this Act must be exhibited in every shop where young persons are employed. A penalt of 40s. is imposed for default. If female assistants ar employed for retailing goods in shops, seats must be provide for them behind the counter, or in some other suitable position, in the proportion of one seat for each three female assistants. The provisions of the Factory and Workshop Act 1901, also apply to the premises of chemists and druggists, i mechanical power is used in manufacturing processes.

Stills, Use of.—It is an offence, under the Act to Preven the Use of Stills by Unlicensed Persons, 1846, to keep c use a still or retort without licence, but permission can b obtained to use stills, etc., without payment of licence duty for chemical experiments, by professors or teachers chemistry, analytical chemists, and manufacturers of coa gas, tar, or alkali. In such cases application must be ac dressed to the Board of Inland Revenue. A licence must b taken out wherever a still or retort is kept or used fo purposes of trade.

Sunday Trading.—Under the Sunday Closing Act, 1688, is an offence, punishable by a fine of five shillings, for trade men or other persons to do or exercise any worldly labou business, or work of their ordinary callings on Sundays. Work of necessity and charity, such as the sale of medicines, etc are exempted. Methylated spirit may not be sold on Sunday

Trade-Mark Registration.—Application for the registration of a trade-mark must be made on a special form (F) which can be obtained at any money-order office at a cost of five shillings. Additional forms (G) are also required and are supplied gratis. When filled up, the forms must be sent to the Comptroller, Patent Office, Trade-Marks Branch, 25, Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London. If no opposition be offered after advertising the application in the *Trade-Marks Journal* the trade-mark is registered upon payment of a fee of twenty shillings, which must be repeated every fourteen years, registration of the trade-mark being thus extended indefinitely. For further information, see the 'Trade-Mark Notes' supplied gratis by Mr. R. W. Barker, 56, Ludgate Hill, London, E.C.

Veterinary Surgery, Practice of.—There is no restriction upon the practice of veterinary surgery, but it is an offence under the Veterinary Surgeons Act, 1881, for any unregistered person to assume the style or title of veterinary surgeon, or to make use of any title, addition, or description implying that he is a fellow or member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons. This does not prevent the use of the title "veterinary chemist."

Weights, Measures, and Scales.—The use of both Imperial and metric weights is now legal in the United Kingdom, while drugs, when sold by retail, may be sold by apothecaries' weight, and precious metals or stones by the troy ounce or by any decimal part of such ounce. All sales by measure must be by Imperial or metric measures, or such sales will be void. Weights, measures, balances, and scales of all kinds, used for purposes of trade, must bear official stamps of verification, and be produced for inspection when required by a duly authorised inspector. If any person (and the word "person" here includes a corporation) uses or has in his possession for use for trade (*a*) any inaccurate weight or measure, or (*b*) any weight or measure not of the denomination of a Board of Trade standard, or (*c*) a weight or measure not bearing the stamp of verification, he is liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds. Forfeiture of the contract between buyer and seller follows conviction as well as confiscation of the weight or measure involved. Inspectors appointed by the local authorities to carry out the provisions of the Weights and Measures Acts are entitled to charge the prescribed fees for examining and marking weights and measures submitted to them for that purpose; also for adjusting weights.

Wine Licences.—Application for a licence to sell wines or sweets (*i.e.*, made wines) must be made at the annual licensing meeting during the first fourteen days of February; the granting of "off" licences in England and Wales and of "grocers'" licences in Scotland is optional to the magistrates, except in the case of persons who held a similar licence in any part of England and Wales prior to June 25, 1902, and against whom no misconduct has been proved.

Workmen, Compensation to.—The provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1897, do not apply to retail shops, unless hoists, cranes, etc., are worked by power on the premises. Factories adjoining shops are included within the scope of the Act.

SECTION XIII.

ACTS OF PARLIAMENT—TEXT AND COMMENTS.

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PHARMACY LAW IN GREAT BRITAIN.

INTRODUCTORY.

THE Statutes dealing with the regulation of the qualifications of pharmaceutical chemists and of chemists and druggists are the Pharmacy Acts of 1852 and 1868, and the Acts amending the same, passed in 1869 and 1898. The full text of those enactments is published each year in the Calendar of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, published by the Society at 17, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C., price two shillings.

THE REGULATION OF QUALIFICATION.

The Pharmacy Act of 1852 invested the titles "pharmaceutical chemist" and "pharmaceutist," with a legal status, and was designed, according to the preamble, to prevent ignorant and incompetent persons from assuming such titles, or pretending to be members of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain. It did not restrict practice, and, although its enactment was based upon the safety of the public, its main provisions were confined to setting up a standard by means of which the public might distinguish between those who possessed a competent practical knowledge of their calling and those who did not. The unrepealed portions of the Act may be divided into three parts, under the respective headings of Examination, Registration, and Prosecution.

Examination.—Section VIII. confirms the Charter provisions relating to the persons who may be deemed fit and proper persons to conduct examinations, and empowers them to examine all persons who shall present themselves for examination. The Latin language, botany, materia medica, pharmaceutical and general chemistry, and such other subjects determined upon from time to time are specified as constituting the statutory examination, and the examiners are authorised to grant or refuse to candidates certificates of competent knowledge and qualification to exercise the business or calling of pharmaceutical chemists, or to be engaged as assistants. Under this authority the differentiation now known as the Major and the Minor Examinations was established, and in 1868 the Legislature prescribed the lower, or assistants', examination as the test for qualification and registration as a chemist and druggist. The section prohibits the inclusion of the theory or practice of medicine, surgery, or midwifery in the subjects of the examination, and by a subsequent section—Section XI.—it is provided that no member of the medical profession shall be registered under the Act. If a pharmaceutical chemist should obtain a diploma or licence in medicine or surgery the Registrar is bound to remove his name from the Register of Pharmaceutical Chemists so long as medical practice continues. Chemists and druggists are not subject to this disability.

Section IX. establishes a Board of Examiners in Scotland, empowered to examine in Scotland such students, apprentices, or assistants residing in that part of the kingdom as may be desirous of presenting themselves for examination there. The Board has like powers and authority as the Board for England and Wales, and may be appointed to meet in Edinburgh or Glasgow, or such other place or places as the Council thinks desirable. At present the Board of Examiners in Scotland holds its sessions in Edinburgh.

Modifications and Additions by Amending Acts.

By Section VI. of the 1868 Act the examiners appointed in conformity with this Act are *required* to examine all persons, etc., etc., in addition to being *empowered* to do so, and it is further laid down that no appointed examiner shall be legally competent to conduct an examination until his appointment has been approved by the Privy Council. Such approval may cover a period of five years, but, as a matter of practice, it lasts for one year only. The same section requires the Society to allow any officer appointed by the Privy Council to be present during the progress of any examination. Reference has already been made to the circumstance that the Assistants' (or Minor) Examination is now the qualifying examination, by virtue of Section VI., and it need only be added that power is conferred by the same provisions to vary the examination from time to time by Bye-law. An almost obsolete Section—IV.—provides for a modified examination in cases of assistants registered as having been practically engaged before the passing of the Act.

Registration.—Section IV. requires the Council to appoint a Registrar, and a Deputy-Registrar, with assistants, if such be requisite for carrying out the purposes of the Act, and the duties of the Registrar are, by the following section, defined to be to make out and maintain a complete Register of (*a*) Members of the Society; (*b*) associates and apprentices or students; (*c*) indices to such Registers, and all others required to give effect to the Bye-laws and the Act. The Registrar is required by Section VII. to certify as to the presence or absence of any name supposed to be registered, whenever application is made by a person paying one shilling, and such certificate, duly signed and countersigned by the President or two members of the Council, is made sufficient evidence of the facts stated therein. It is somewhat curious to note that whereas the Register of Pharmaceutical Chemists is not in itself evidence of registration, an extract therefrom is constituted legal proof. In the case of chemists and druggists the Pharmacy Act of 1868 (Section XIII.), constitutes the Register legal evidence in all courts, in addition to and apart from the doubly-countersigned certificate of the Registrar.

Section X. enacts that persons who have obtained certificates of qualification from either Board of Examiners shall be entitled to be registered on payment of such fees as may be fixed by Bye-law. As a matter of fact, no registration fee is charged in respect of the registration of a pharmaceutical chemist, but this section confers the power to levy such fee. Under this portion of the Act, too, pharmaceutical chemists are declared, upon registration, to be eligible to be elected a member of the Society, and students or apprentices are to be admitted to the Society, according to the Bye-laws.

Section XV. declares any Registrar guilty of a misdemeanour* who wilfully commits or causes any falsification of the Registers or certificate of registration, and the following section proclaims it to be a misdemeanour to procure, by false or fraudulent means, a certificate purporting to be a certificate of registration under the Act, or to fraudulently exhibit a certificate of membership of the Society. It is to be feared that a number of former members of the Society, who have not returned their certificates of membership, do not realise the existence of this provision of the professional Act of 1852.

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* **Punishable by fine or imprisonment not exceeding twelve months (Act 1868, Section XIV.).**

Modifications and Additions by Amending Acts.

The Pharmacy Act, 1868, confirms (Sec. VIII.) the appointment of the Registrar called into existence with the Register of Pharmaceutical Chemists, and imposes upon him the duty of keeping a correct Register of all persons entitled to be registered under the Act (X.). These are (*a*) Persons in business as chemists and druggists before the passing of the Act; (*b*) assistants within the meaning of the 1852 Statute; (*c*) persons found possessed of competent skill and knowledge after examination by the statutory examiners. In the performance of these duties the Registrar is to be subject to such regulations and directions as the Council may from time to time deem desirable, and the lines upon which the Register is to be kept are prescribed with such minuteness that the statutory officer has very little discretionary power. The actual form of the Register is prescribed, as well as the precedure for keeping a correct Register—a procedure, by the way, based upon the non-delivery of two registered letters directed to addresses known to be wrong! (Section X.). The same section confers upon the Council the power of directing the restoration of the erased name of any registered person; but, in practice, such order is never issued except upon statutory declaration and after payment of a restoration fee, which at the present time is fixed at one guinea. It is of very great importance that chemists should inquire periodically of the Registrar as to the correctness of the entry in the Register relating to them. The end of each year is an appropriate and opportune time, inasmuch as correct copies of the Register have to be compiled, printed, and sold in January, pursuant to Section XIII., and the absence of the name of any person from such printed book is *primâ facie* evidence that such person is not possessed of the proper qualification to practise pharmacy in Great Britain. In regard to registration, it is worthy of note that the certificates of competent skill and knowledge granted by the Boards of Examiners to successful candidates—in other words, the Minor certificates—are for the purpose of proving to the Registrar that the person named therein is entitled to be registered under the Act, and were not originally intended to be kept by the examinee. If it should be thought proper, Section VII. of the Act would permit the Council to prescribe a fee payable upon registration as well as the fee payable upon examination. The present examination fee of ten guineas is regarded as a composition fee of five guineas for examination purposes and five guineas in respect of registration. The point which it is advisable to make clear is that registration takes place subsequently to examination, and not necessarily by virtue of it; the two processes are conducted by different persons, each acting under specific powers and without reference to each other, and it follows that, having done with the Board of Examiners, a qualified man should, for his own sake, see that he keeps in touch with the Registrar for the remainder of his pharmaceutical career. The Registrar may refuse to register the name of any person who fails to satisfy him with proper evidence of eligibility under the Statute, but every aggrieved person may appeal from the Registrar to the Council, which is empowered to decide such cases. The Council is also invested with the authority of directing the erasure or amendment of any fraudulent or incorrect entry in the Registers. Fraudulent registration or false declaration to procure registration is punishable by a fine or term of imprisonment not exceeding twelve months. To assist the Registrar in keeping his statutory records accurate, Section XI. imposes upon Registrars of Deaths in Great Britain the duty of furnishing certificates of the death of pharmaceutical chemists and chemists and druggists, but as there is no power of enforcing these provisions they are occasionally non-effective.

Prosecution.—The penal section of the 1852 Act is Section XII., and the acts declared to be unlawful therein are (*a*) The assumption or use by unregistered persons of the title "Pharmaceutical Chemist" or "Pharmaceutist"; and (*b*) the assumption, use, or exhibition of any name, title, or sign implying registration under the Statute; or (*c*) membership of the Society. The penalty is £5, and proceedings must be taken within six months of the commission of the offence. The Registrar, acting in the name and by the authority of the Council, is specifically named as the statutory prosecutor, and the procedure to be followed is prescribed as follows:—

> *In England and Wales.*—In the County Court by plaint as for the recovery of small debts or demands—or, in other words, by civil process.
>
> *In Scotland.*—By ordinary action in the Court of Session (civil), or by summary action in the Sheriff's Court, or, in the case of Royal Burghs, in the Magistrate's Court.

All penalties recovered are, by Section XIV., to be applied as the Treasury may direct, but that Department of the State has hitherto allowed the Council of the Society to retain, for the purposes of the Society, the sums recovered; and, seeing that the cost of proceedings is largely in excess of the penalties obtained, it is improbable that the Government will introduce any change into its policy in this connection. Proceedings have not been very frequently taken under this Act, although, as a Titles Act, it appears to possess a good deal of virtue and efficacy. It may be noted, too, that the Statute does not suffer from the disabilities or restrictive applications imposed upon the Pharmacy Act, 1868, by the decision of the House of Lords in the case of the Pharmaceutical Society *v.* the London and Provincial Supply Association, Limited (1880).

THE REGULATION OF PRACTICE.

The Pharmacy Act, 1868, may be treated as the Statute regulating the sale of poisons, and it will be convenient to classify the offences with which it deals into those affecting unregistered individuals and those having general applicability.

A person who is not registered under the Act may not (Sections I. and XV.):—

(*a*) Sell poison.

(*b*) Keep open shop for retailing, dispensing, or compounding poison.

(*c*) Assume, use, or exhibit, the title "Chemist and Druggist," or "Chemist," or "Druggist," or "Pharmacist," or "Dispensing Chemist or Druggist."

The penalty is £5 for each offence, and the procedure is that already explained above

The word "person" does not extend to a corporation or association of persons incorporated under the Companies Acts, but it includes a partnership in England and Wales, though not in Scotland. A "poison" within the meaning of the Act is any article named or described in Schedule A to the Act, or added thereto by the Pharmaceutical Society with the sanction of the Privy Council. A list of such articles is printed at page 765.

General Prohibitions.—It is unlawful for any person, registered or unregistered—

(*a*) To fail to conform with the regulations as to the keeping, dispensing, and selling of poisons prescribed by the Pharmaceutical Society with consent of the Privy Council. (See page 765.)

(*b*) To compound any medicines of the British Pharmacopœia except according to the formularies thereof.

(*c*) To sell any poison either by wholesale or retail unless the box, bottle, vessel, wrapper, or cover in which such poison is contained be distinctly labelled (1) with the name of the article, (2) with the word "Poison," (3) with the name and address of the seller.

(*d*) To sell any article in the first part of the Poison Schedule to any person unknown to the seller, unless introduced by a person known to both parties.

(*e*) To sell any article in the first part of the Schedule without entering, or causing to be entered, in the Poison Book before sale (1) the date of sale, (2) the name and address of purchaser, (3) name and quantity of article, and (4) the purpose for which it is wanted. The entries must be attested by the signature of the purchaser and of his introducer, if any.

Form of Poison Book.

Date.	Name (*and address**) of Purchaser.	Name and Quantity of Poison sold.	Purpose for which it is Required.	Signature of Purchaser.	Signature of Person Introducing Purchaser.

* The words in brackets are inserted by 32 and 33 Vict., cap. CXVII.

Paragraphs (*c*), (*d*), and (*e*) apply to companies as well as to individuals. There are, however, certain exemptions prescribed by Section XVII. which modify those paragraphs. Tabulated, they may be stated thus:—

1. Provided the name and address of the seller appear on the label, neither of the provisions indicated in the above-named paragraphs applies to medicines supplied by an apothecary to his patient or (P.A., 1869) by a legally qualified medical practitioner.
2. Subject to the same conditions, such provisions are not applicable to any article forming part of the ingredients of any medicine dispensed by a registered chemist and druggist.

In both cases the ingredients of the exempted preparation must be entered in the prescription book, together with the name of the patient or purchaser.

3. Articles to be exported by wholesale dealers and articles sold by wholesale to retail dealers in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing only require labelling with the name of the article and the word "poison."

Section XVII. has a procedure of its own, and makes contravention of its labelling provisions a criminal offence. No specific prosecutor is named, but it has been decided in the Scottish High Court of Justiciary that the Registrar appointed under the Statute of 1852 is the proper person to take proceedings. The maximum penalty for a first offence under the section is £5 and for any subsequent offence £10, and it is specially stated that the "seller"—or offender—is the person on behalf of whom the sale is made.

One other point connected with offences under the labelling section is that the Privy Council may direct the erasure from the Register of the name of any person convicted of any offence against the section, or who habitually disregards the Poison Regulations (Section XXVI.).

Privileged Persons.—The business of the following persons is not interfered with by the first fifteen sections of the Pharmacy Act, 1868:—

(*a*) Legally qualified apothecaries.

(*b*) Legally qualified medical practitioners registered before 1869.

(*c*) Legally qualified and registered practitioners, who, in order to obtain the diploma for registration, have passed an examination in pharmacy.

(*d*) Members of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons.

(*e*) Licentiates in veterinary surgery of the Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland, so far as dispensing medicines for animals under their care is concerned.

(*d*) Persons making or dealing in patent medicines—*i.e.*, preparations which are the subject of Letters Patent actually in force.

(*e*) Wholesale dealers supplying poisons to retailers in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing.

(*f*) Executors, administrators, or trustees continuing the business of a deceased registered person by the hand of a duly qualified (*i.e.*, registered) assistant.

The remaining sections of the Pharmacy Acts deal with matters of administration of the Pharmaceutical Society and with the Society's Benevolent Fund, and as members of the Society are, upon election, furnished with copies of the Byelaws which give in detail the necessary particulars, it is scarcely needful to refer to them in these pages.

Tabulated List of Legal Poisons.

Part I.

***Arsenic,** and its preparations. (See below.)

Aconite, and its preparations.

Alkaloids.—All poisonous vegetable alkaloids and their salts.

Atropine, preparations of.

Cantharides.

Corrosive Sublimate.

Cyanides of Potassium, and all metallic cyanides and the preparations of such articles.

Emetic Tartar.

Ergot of Rye, and its preparations.

Prussic Acid, and its preparations.

Savin, and its oil.

Strychnine, and its preparations.

Part II.

Almonds, Essential Oil of (*unless deprived of its Prussic Acid*).

Belladonna, and its preparations.

Cantharides, Tincture, and all vesicating liquid preparations of.

Carbolic Acid, liquid preparations of, and homologues (if containing more than 3 per cent. of such substances).

Chloroform.

Chloral Hydrate, and its preparations.

Corrosive Sublimate, preparations of.

Morphine, preparations of.

Nux Vomica, and its preparations.

Opium, and all preparations of Opium or of Poppies.

Oxalic Acid.

Precipitate, Red (Red Oxide of Mercury).

Precipitate, White (Ammoniated Mercury).

Every Compound containing a Poison within the meaning of the Act, when prepared or sold for the destruction of vermin.

REGULATIONS FOR THE KEEPING, DISPENSING, AND SELLING OF POISONS.

1. That in the keeping of poisons each bottle, vessel, box, or package containing a poison be labelled with the name of the article, and also with some distinctive mark indicating that it contains poison.

2. Also that in the keeping of poisons, each poison be kept on one or other of the following systems, viz.:—

(*a*) In a bottle or vessel tied over, capped, locked, or otherwise secured in a manner different from that in which bottles or vessels containing ordinary articles are secured in the same warehouse, shop, or dispensary; or

(*b*) In a bottle or vessel rendered distinguishable by touch from the bottles or vessels in which ordinary articles are kept in the same warehouse, shop, or dispensary; or

(*c*) In a bottle, vessel, box, or package kept in a room or cupboard set apart for dangerous articles.

3. That in the dispensing and selling of poisons all liniments, embrocations, lotions, and liquid disinfectants containing poison be sent out in bottles rendered distinguishable by touch from ordinary medicine bottles, and that there also be affixed to each such bottle (in addition to the name of the article, and to any particular instructions for its use) a label giving notice that the contents of the bottle are not to be taken internally.

Neglect of the foregoing regulations involves liability to a penalty of £5.

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* It is unlawful to sell arsenic or any of its preparations, unless, in addition to the requirements of the Pharmacy Act, 1868, the following provisions of the Arsenic Act be also observed:—

1. That the poison, if colourless, be mixed with soot or indigo, so as to colour it.
2. That the person to whom the poison is sold or delivered be of mature age.
3. That the occupation, as well as the name and address, of the purchaser be entered in the poison book.
4. That when the purchaser is not known to the seller, and is introduced by some person known to both, this person shall be present as a witness to the transaction, and shall enter his name and address in the poison book.

PHARMACY ACTS—GREAT BRITAIN.

REFERENCES TO IMPORTANT CASES IN SUPERIOR COURTS

Berry v. Henderson. (1870.) Provisions of Section 17 do not apply to medicines dispensed by persons registered under the Act. Queen's Bench. *P.J.*, vol. xi. (2) p. 559.

Society v. London and Provincial Supply Association, Ltd. (1880.) The word "person" in Sections 1 and 15 means a natural person and does not cover an incorporated Company. House of Lords. *P. J.*, vol. xi. (3) p. 83.

Templeman v. Trafford. (1881.) Definition of the word "Seller" within the meaning of Section 17. Queen's Bench. *P. J.*, vol. xii. (3) p. 429.

Society v. Wright. (1882.) The use of the title "Shipping Druggists" by an unqualified person and a qualified person in association constitutes an offence by the former. Queen's Bench. *P. J.*, vol. xii. (3) p. 835.

Society v. Leith Depot, Ltd. (Gray and others.) (1887.) The Directors of a limited Company are not personally liable under Section 15. High Court of Justiciary. *P. J.*, vol. xviii. (3) p. 99.

Society v. Wheeldon. (1890.) Definition of the word "Seller" within the meaning of Section 15. Queen's Bench. *P. J.*, vol. xx. (3) p. 902.

Society v. Piper. (1893.) Proprietary preparations containing poison are not within the exemption of Section 16 relating to "Patent Medicines." Queen's Bench. *P. J.*, vol. xxiii. (3) p. 669.

Society v. Delve. (1893.) The application of the principle of "De minimis non curat lex." Queen's Bench. *P. J.* vol. xxiv. (3) p. 378.

Society v. Armson. (1894.) The sale of a preparation containing poison is a sale of poison. Queen's Bench. *P. J.*, vol. xxiv. (3) p. 902.

Society v. Tomlinson. (1894.) Definition in Scotland of the word "Seller" within the meaning of Section 15. High Court of Justiciary. *P. J.*, vol. xxiv. (3) pp. 760 and 1038.

Society v. Hornsey. (1894.) Definition of "Open Shop" for the sale of Poison. Queen's Bench. *P. J.*, vol. xxiv. (3) p. 1018.

Society v. Turnbull. Society v. Hume. (1895.) Use of title is an offence in Scotland even when such title is associated with modifying words, *e.g.*, Photogrephic Chemists. High Court of Justiciary. *P. J.*, vol. i. (4) p. 396.

Society v. Fox. (1896.) Definition of the words "Patent Medicines" in Section 16. Queen's Bench. *P. J.*, vol. ii. (4) p. 495.

Society v. Potter. (1897.) Partnership does not exempt an individual from the provisions of the Acts. Queen's Bench. *P. J.*, vol. v. (4) p. 508a.

Society v. White. (1901.) Sale of Weed-Killer through an unqualified man who did not stock or handle the poison, but merely took the order and received a commission, held not to be a sale by the unqualified man. Court of Appeal. *P. J.*, vol. xii. (4) p. 234.

Society v. Gardner. (1901.) Imprisonment in default of payment of fine is competent in Scotland in proceedings under the Pharmacy Acts. High Court of Justiciary. *P. J.*, vol. xii. (4) p. 367.

Society v. Steele Smith. (1902.) The Registrar appointed by the Pharmacy Acts is the proper prosecutor in Scotland for offences against Section 17 of the Pharmacy Act, 1868. High Court of Justiciary. *P. J.*, vol. xiv. (4) p. 178.

ARSENIC ACT, 1851.

RESTRICTIONS, PENALTIES, AND DEFINITIONS.

THE Act to regulate the Sale of Arsenic (14 Vic., cap. 13) provides that every person who shall sell any Arsenic shall forthwith, and before the delivery of such Arsenic to the purchaser, enter or cause to be entered in a fair and regular manner in a book or books to be kept by such person for that purpose, set forth in the schedule to this Act, or to the like effect, a statement of such sale, with the quantity of Arsenic so sold, and the purpose for which such Arsenic is required or stated to be required, and the day of the month and year of the sale, and the name, place of abode, and condition or occupation of the purchaser, into all which circumstances the person selling such Arsenic is hereby required and authorised to inquire of the purchaser before the delivery to such purchaser of the Arsenic sold; and such entries shall in every case be signed by the person making the same, and shall also be signed by the purchaser, unless such purchaser profess to be unable to write (in which case the person making the entries hereby required shall add to the particulars to be entered in relation to such sale the words "Cannot write"), and, where a witness is hereby required to the sale, shall also be signed by such witness, together with his place of abode.

Provisions as to Sale and Colouring.

No person shall sell Arsenic to any person who is unknown to the person selling such Arsenic, unless the sale be made in the presence of a witness who is known to the person selling the Arsenic, and to whom the purchaser is known, and who signs his name together with his place of abode, to such entries, before the delivery of the Arsenic to the purchaser, and no person shall sell Arsenic to any person other than a person of full age. Further, no person shall sell any Arsenic unless the same be before the sale thereof mixed with soot or indigo in the proportion of one ounce of soot or half an ounce of indigo at least to one pound of the Arsenic, and so in proportion for any greater or less quantity, provided always that, where such Arsenic is stated by the purchaser to be required not for use in agriculture, but for some other purpose for which such admixture would, according to the representation of the purchaser, render it unfit, such Arsenic may be sold without such admixture in a quantity of not less than ten pounds at one time.

Penalty for Offending against this Act.

If any person shall sell any Arsenic, save as authorised by this Act, or on any sale of Arsenic shall deliver the same without having made and signed the entries hereby required on such sale, or without having obtained such signature or signatures to such entries as required by this Act, or if any person purchasing any Arsenic shall give false information to the person selling the same in relation to the particulars which such last-mentioned person is hereby authorised to inquire into of such purchaser, or if any person shall sign his name as aforesaid as a witness to a sale of Arsenic to a person unknown to the person so signing as a witness, every person so offending shall for every such offence, upon a summary conviction for the same before two justices of the peace in England or Ireland, or before two justices of the peace or the sheriff in Scotland, be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds. It is provided, however, that this Act shall not extend to the sale of Arsenic when the same forms part of the ingredients of any medicine required to be made up or compounded according to the prescription of a legally qualified medical practitioner, or a member of the medical profession, or to the sale of Arsenic by wholesale to retail dealers upon orders in writing in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing. In the construction of this Act the word "Arsenic" shall include arsenious acid and the arsenites, arsenic acid and the arseniates, and all other colourless poisonous preparations of Arsenic.

THE SCHEDULE.

Day of Sale.	Name and Surname of Purchaser.	Purchaser's Place of Abode.		Condition or Occupation.	Quantity of Arsenic Sold.	Purpose for which Required.
1 Sept., 1851.	John Thomas.	Hendon	Elm Farm.	Farm Labourer.	5 lbs.	To steep Wheat.

(Purchaser's signature.)	*(Witness).*	*(Seller's signature.)*
John Thomas.	James Stone,	George Wood.
Or, if the purchaser cannot write, seller to put here the words, "cannot write."		*Grove Farm, Hendon.*

POISONED GRAIN PROHIBITION ACT.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

THE Act to prohibit the sale and use of poisoned grain or seed (26 and 27 Vic., cap. 113) provides that every person who shall offer or expose for sale or sell any grain, seed, or meal which has been so steeped or dipped in poison, or with which any poison or any ingredient or preparation has been so mixed as thereby to render the same poisonous and calculated to destroy life, shall in either case for every such offence, upon summary conviction, as hereinafter provided, forfeit any sum not exceeding ten pounds. Further, every person who shall knowingly and wilfully sow, cast, set, lay, put, or place, or cause to be sown, cast, set, laid, put, or placed, into, in, or upon any ground or other exposed place or situation, any such grain, seed, or meal which has been so steeped or dipped in poison, or with which poison or any ingredient or preparation has been so mixed as thereby to render such grain, seed, or meal poisonous and calculatd to destroy life, shall, upon a summary conviction thereof, as hereinafter provided, forfeit any sum not exceeding ten pounds.

Poisonous Liquids for Agricultural Use.

Section 4 provides that nothing in the Act shall prohibit the offering or exposing for sale or selling or the use of any solution or infusion, or any material or ingredient for dressing, protecting, or preparing any grain or seed for *bonâ-fide* use in agriculture only, or the sowing of such last-mentioned grain or seed so prepared. All penalties imposed by the Act may be recovered in England and Ireland before two justices of the peace, and in Scotland before two justices of the peace or the sheriff; and for that purpose in England and Scotland the provisions of the Act of the eleventh and twelfth years of Her present Majesty, chapter forty-three, and in Ireland the "Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act, 1851," shall extend and apply to this Act and to all proceedings in relation thereto; and it shall not in any such proceedings be necessary to allege or prove the ground or other place where an offence is committed to be the property of or occupied by any person: Provided always, that the convicting justices or sheriff may, if they or he shall think fit, award to the informer or prosecutor (not being a police constable or peace officer) in any such proceedings any portion not exceeding one moiety of any penalty recovered under the aforesaid enactments: Provided also, that every informer or prosecutor, and every person who shall give evidence against any other person proceeded against under this Act, shall be freed and discharged from any such penalty which he may have incurred for or by reason of his having participated or aided in the commission of the offence with respect to which he shall so inform or prosecute or give evidence, provided the information against such other person has been laid, or such evidence has been given, before the laying of any information (if any) against such informer, prosecutor, or witness for the recovery of any penalty he may have so incurred.

POISONED FLESH PROHIBITION ACT.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

THE Act to prohibit the placing of Poisoned Flesh, etc., in open places (27 and 28 Vict., cap. 115) provides that every person who shall knowingly and wilfully set, lay, put, or place, or cause to be set, laid, put, or placed in or upon any land any flesh or meat which has been mixed with or steeped in or impregnated with poison or any poisonous ingredients so as to render such flesh or meat poisonous and calculated to destroy life, shall, upon a summary conviction thereof, forfeit any sum not exceeding ten pounds, to be recovered in the manner provided for by the "Poisoned Grain Prohibition Act, 1863." It is provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent owners or occupiers of land in Ireland from laying or causing to be laid any poisonous matter as hereinbefore described, after a notice has been posted in a conspicuous place, and notice in writing has been given to the nearest constabulary station. Further, nothing in the Act makes it unlawful for the occupier of any dwelling-house or other building, or the owner of any rick or stack of wheat, barley, oats, beans, peas, tares, seeds, or of any cultivated vegetable produce, to put or place or cause to be put or placed in any such dwelling house or other building, or in any enclosed garden attached to such dwelling-house or in the drains connected with any such dwelling-house, provided that such drains are so protected with gratings or otherwise as to prevent any dog from entering the same, or within such rick or stack, any poison or poisonous ingredient or preparation for the destruction of rats, mice, or other small vermin The Act does not apply to any grain, seed, or meal within the provisions of the "Poisoned Grain Prohibition Act, 1863," but the provisions of the fifth section, of the said "Poisoned Grain Prohibition Act, 1863," do apply to any proceedings instituted under this Act.

DRUGGING OF ANIMALS ACT.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

THE Act to prevent the administration of Poisonous Drugs to horses and other animals, 1876 (39 Vict., cap. 13), makes provision against the practice of administering poisonous drugs to horses and other animals by disqualified persons, and without the knowledge and consent of the owners of such horses and animals. If any person wilfully and unlawfully administers to or causes to be administered to or taken by any horse, cattle, or domestic animal any poisonous or injurious drug or substance, he is liable (unless some reasonable cause or excuse is shown on his behalf), on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding five pounds, or, at the discretion of the court, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding one month in the case of a first offence, or three months in the case of a second or any subsequent offence. Nothing in this Act extends to any person being owner or acting by authority of the owner of the horse, cattle, or other animal to which any drug or substance is administered. Neither does anything in the Act exempt a person from liability to any greater or other punishment under any other Act or law, so that he be not more than once punished for the same offence. Any offence against the Act may be prosecuted in the manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Acts before two justices of the peace. The Act does not extend to Scotland or to Ireland.

JURIES ACTS, 1862 AND 1870.

EXEMPTION OF PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS.

THE Juries Act (25 and 26 Vict., cap. 107) states that all registered Pharmaceutical Chemists actually in practice are absolutely freed and exempted from being returned and from serving upon any juries or inquests whatsoever, and shall not be inserted in the lists to be prepared by virtue of the Principal Act (6 Geo. IV., c. 50) or this Act. The Clerk of the Peace in every County in England and Wales is bound on or before the 20th July in every year, to issue a precept to the churchwardens and overseers, requiring them to make out, before the first day of September then next ensuing, a list of all men qualified and liable to serve on juries, which is affixed to the door of every church, chapel, or other public place of religious worship on the first three Sundays in September, and to which is subjoined a notice, that all objections to the list will be heard by the Justices in Petty Session on a given day in September. Where papers are left from house to house, as in London, for the jury return, Pharmaceutical Chemists should be careful to insert their ground of exemption in the column appointed for that purpose; but if their names are inserted on the church door lists, they should claim to have them expunged on the day of appeal, and for that purpose may obtain a Certificate of Registration on application to the Registrar appointed by the Pharmaceutical Society under the Pharmacy Act, which certificate must be produced on appeal for exemption. In the event of that portion of the Act referring to public exhibition of lists not being carried out, Pharmaceutical Chemists are advised to bring the matter at once to the notice of the Justices. According to Section 2 of the Juries Act, 1870, no person, whose name is in the Jury Book as a juror, shall be entitled to be excused from attendance on the ground of any disqualification or exemption, other than illness, not claimed by him at or before the revision of the lists by the justices of the peace, and a notice to that effect shall be printed at the bottom of every Jury list. By the decision given in the case of The Queen *v.* Dutton in the Appeal Court, in January, 1892, exemption under the Juries Acts, from service on juries, was held to extend to, and include, Coroners' Juries.

PHARMACY LAW IN IRELAND.

REGULATION OF THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY.

THE Pharmacy Act (Ireland), 1875, provides for the constitution and incorporation of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland, and authorises the Council of that body to hold examinations for the purpose of ascertaining the qualification of persons desirous of keeping open shop for the retailing, dispensing, or compounding poisons or medical prescriptions and being registered as pharmaceutical chemists. All persons desirous of being registered as pharmaceutical chemists under the Act may at any such examination present themselves for examination, and they shall be examined with respect to their knowledge of the Latin and English languages, of arithmetic, of botany, of materia medica, of pharmaceutical and general chemistry, of practical pharmacy, of the British Pharmacopœia, and of such other subjects as may from time to time be prescribed by any regulations made in pursuance of the Act: provided always that such examinations shall not include the theory and practice of medicine, surgery, or midwifery, or any branch of medicine or surgery. The examiners appointed by the Council are also empowered, after such examinations respectively, to grant or refuse to such persons, as in their discretion may seem fit, certificates of competent knowledge and qualification and skill to be registered as pharmaceutical chemists under the Act: provided always that in case of rejection a rejected candidate shall not present himself for re-examination until after six months following such rejection.

Offences and Penalties.

It is unlawful for any person to sell or keep open shop for retailing, dispensing, or compounding poisons or medical prescriptions in Ireland, unless such person be registered as a pharmaceutical chemist, or to assume or use the title of pharmaceutical chemist, or pharmaceutist, or pharmacist, or dispensing chemist, in any part of Ireland, unless such person shall be registered as a pharmaceutical chemist under the Act. Any person acting in contravention of this enactment, or compounding any medicines of the British Pharmacopœia, except according to the formularies of the said Pharmacopœia, shall for every such offence be liable to pay a penalty of £5; but no such penalty shall exempt any person from being liable to any other penalty, damage, or punishment to which he would have been subject if the Act had not passed. It is provided always that nothing in this section of the Act shall affect any licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall, or any person who shall have been registered as a legally qualified medical practitioner before the passing of this Act, or who shall be registered as a legally qualified medical practitioner after the passing of the Act, and who, in order to obtain his diploma, shall have passed an examination in pharmacy.

Exemptions.

Nothing in the Act extends to or interferes with the making or dealing in patent medicines, or with the business of wholesale dealers in supplying poisons in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing, save and except the provisions against the compounding of poisons or medical prescriptions, and against the preparing of any medicines of the British Pharmacopœia except according to the formularies of the said Pharmacopœia; and nothing in the Act prevents any person who is a member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons of Great Britain, or holds a certificate in veterinary surgery from the Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland, from dispensing medicines for animals under his care. Upon the decease of any person registered under the Act as a pharmaceutical chemist actually in business at the time of his death, it is lawful for any executor, administrator, or trustee of the estate of such pharmaceutical chemist to continue such business, if and so long only as such business shall be *bonâ fide* conducted by a duly qualified assistant, who shall be a pharmaceutical chemist registered as such under the Act.

Chemists and Druggists, etc.

The Pharmacy Act (Ireland), 1875, Amendment Act, 1890, provides that persons registered as chemists and druggists, or registered druggists, shall be entitled to keep open shop for the sale, retailing, or mixing of poisons, provided that nothing in the Act shall be deemed to confer on such persons any right to compound medical prescriptions; also that any person or persons lawfully keeping open shop for selling, retailing, or mixing poisons shall personally manage and conduct such shop and the retailing and mixing of poisons therein, or shall employ for the purposes aforesaid, as an assistant or manager in such shop, a duly registered chemist and druggist, or registered druggist, or pharmaceutical chemist or licentiate apothecary, and such person or persons lawfully keeping open shop as aforesaid shall for the purposes of this Act and of the principal Act, be held to be the retailer and compounder of poisons aforesaid therein; further, every person or persons lawfully keeping open shop for selling and retailing poisons, and dispensing and compounding medical prescriptions, shall personally manage and conduct such shop and the retailing, dispensing, and compounding of poisons and medical prescriptions therein, or shall employ for the purposes aforesaid as assistant or manager in such shop a duly qualified pharmaceutical chemist or licentiate apothecary, and such person or persons lawfully keeping open shop as aforesaid shall, for the purpose of this Act, and of the principal Act, be held to be the retailer and compounder of poisons or medical prescriptions as aforesaid therein; and any person or persons acting in contravention of this enactment shall for every such offence be liable to pay a penalty not exceeding £5.

Examination for Assistants.

The Council of the Pharmaceutical Society of Ireland may cause examinations to be held at such times and in such manner as may be prescribed by them from time to time for the purpose of examining assistants to pharmaceutical chemists, and such assistants as shall pass such examination such be competent to transact the business of a licentiate of the Pharmaceutical Society in his temporary absence, but shall not be entitled to conduct or manage a business or to keep open shop on their own account.

SALE OF POISONS ACT, IRELAND.

REGULATION OF THE SALE OF POISONS.

THE several articles mentioned in the Schedule to this Act are deemed to be poisons within the meaning of this Act; and the King and Queen's College of Physicians in Ireland may from time to time, by resolution, declare that any article other than those mentioned in the said schedule and in such resolution named ought to be deemed a poison within the meaning of this Act; and thereupon the said College shall submit the said resolution for the approval of Her Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, and if such approval shall be given, then such resolution and approval shall be advertised in the *Dublin Gazette*, and on the expiration of one month from such advertisement the article named in such resolution shall be deemed to be a poison within the meaning of this Act.

Offences under the Act.

It is unlawful to sell any poison either by wholesale or by retail, unless the box, bottle, vessel, wrapper, or cover in which such poison is contained be distinctly labelled with the name of the article, and the word "poison," with the name and address of the seller of the poison; and it shall be unlawful to sell any of the poisons which are named in the first part of the schedule to this Act, or which may hereafter be added thereto under Section 1 of this Act, to any person unknown to the seller, unless such person is introduced by some person known to the seller; and on every sale of any such article the seller shall, before delivery, make or cause to be made an entry in a book to be kept for that purpose, stating the date of the sale, the name and address of the purchaser, the name and quantity of the article sold, and the purpose for which it is stated by the purchaser to be required, to which entry the signature of the purchaser and of the person (if any) who introduced him shall be affixed; and any person selling poison otherwise than is herein provided shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds for the first offence, and to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds for the second or any subsequent offence; and for the purposes of this section the person on whose behalf any sale is made by any apprentice or servant shall be deemed to be the seller; but the provisions of this section which are solely applicable to poisons in the first part of the Schedule A to this Act annexed, or which require that the label shall contain the name and address of the seller, shall not apply to articles to be exported from Ireland by wholesale dealers, nor to sales by wholesale to retail dealers in the ordinary course of wholesale dealing, nor shall any of the provisions of this section apply to any medicine supplied by a duly qualified apothecary, nor apply to any article when forming part of the ingredients of any medicine dispensed by a duly qualified apothecary, provided such medicine be labelled in the manner aforesaid with the name and address of the seller, and the ingredients thereof be entered with the name of the person to whom it is sold or delivered, in a book to be kept by the seller for that purpose; and nothing in this Act contained shall repeal or affect any of the provisions of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to Regulate the Sale of Arsenic."

Recovery of Penalties.

Every penalty recoverable under the provisions of this Act shall be recoverable in a summary way, with respect to the police district of Dublin metropolis, subject and according to the provisions of any Act regulating the powers and duties of justices of the peace for such district or of the police of such district, and with respect to other parts of Ireland before a justice or justices of the peace sitting in petty sessions, subject and according to provisions of the Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act, 1851, and any Act amending the same, and shall be applied according to the provisions of the Fines Act (Ireland), 1851, or any Act amending the same.

Schedule of Poisons.

PART I.

Arsenic and its preparations.
Prussic acid.
Cyanide of potassium and all metallic cyanides.
Strychnine and all poisonous vegetable alkaloids and their salts.
Aconite and its preparations.
Emetic tartar.
Corrosive sublimate.
Cantharides.
Savin and its oil.
Ergot of rye, and its preparations.

PART II.

Oxalic acid and all oxalates.
Chloroform.
Ergot of rye and its preparations.
Essential oil of almonds, unless deprived of its prussic acid.
Opium and all preparations of opium or of poppies.
Preparations of corrosive sublimate.
Preparations of morphine.
Preparations of strychnine.
Biniodide of mercury.
Red oxide of mercury (commonly known as red precipitate of mercury).
Ammoniated mercury (commonly known as white precipitate of mercury).
Phosphorus, and all preparations containing it in a free state.
Chloral hydrate and all its preparations.
Nux vomica and its preparations.
Sulphuric ether.
Phenol (commonly called carbolic acid).
Every compound containing any of the poisons mentioned in this schedule, when prepared or sold for the destruction of vermin.
The tincture and all vesicating liquid preparations of cantharides.

MEDICINE STAMP DUTY ACTS.

LICENCES, STAMP DUTIES, AND EXEMPTIONS.

STAMP duties on medicines sold in Great Britain were first imposed in 1783, when an Act of Parliament (23 Geo. III. c. 62) was passed, compelling unqualified sellers of drugs and medicines to take out licences and pay a duty upon all medicines sold by them. Two years later that Act was repealed and replaced by a measure (25 Geo. III. c. 79) which also required chemists and druggists and other qualified persons to take out licences for the sale of medicines liable to stamp duty, though such persons were exempted in respect of crude or entire drugs, as well as compounded medicines of a non-secret character. In 1802 the second Act was, in turn, repealed, being replaced by a measure (42 Geo. III. c. 56) which re-enacted all the provisions of the 1785 Act, with certain modifications, and fixed the rates of duty now in force. Other amending Acts were passed in 1803 (43

Geo. III. c. 73), 1804 (44 Geo. III. c. 98), 1812 (52 Geo. III. c. 150), 1815 (55 Geo. III. c. 184), and 1833 (3 and 4 Will. IV. c. 97).

Licences to Sell Stamped Medicines.

The Act of 1802 provided that "every owner, proprietor, maker, and compounder of, and every person in Great Britain, uttering, vending, or exposing to sale or keeping ready for sale any drugs, herbs, pills, waters, essences, tinctures, powders, or other preparations or compositions whatsoever used or applied or to be used or applied externally or internally as medicines or medicaments for the prevention, cure, or relief of any disorder or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body, or any packets, boxes, bottles, pots, phials, or other inclosures with any such contents as aforesaid, subject to the duties specified, shall annually take out a licence," the annual cost of which is now five shillings. Such licence, obtainable from the nearest collector of Inland Revenue, authorises one licence for one set of premises only, and is renewable on September 1 in every year. Any person selling an article liable to stamp duty, without having a licence, incurs a penalty, the Act of 1802 providing that "no person whatsoever shall in any manner take or receive any profit, advantage, or emolument, as the owner or proprietor of, or make or compound, or utter, vend, or expose to sale, or keep ready for sale, any drugs, herbs, medicines, medicaments, or other preparations or compositions aforesaid, or any packets, boxes, bottles, pots, phials, or other inclosures aforesaid, with any such contents as aforesaid, which shall be subject to the duties granted by this Act, unless he or she shall have first obtained a licence in such manner as hereinbefore directed, upon pain to forfeit for every such offence the sum of twenty pounds."

General Charge of Duty.

The medicines included in the general charge of duty are those mentioned in the schedule to the Act of 1812 (see page 772) most of which are now obsolete, and also "all other pills, powders, lozenges, tinctures, potions, cordials, electuaries, plaisters, unguents, salves, ointments, drops, lotions, oils, spirits, medicated herbs and waters, chemical and officinal preparations whatsoever, to be used or applied externally or internally as medicines or medicaments for the prevention, cure, or relief of any disorder or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body, made, prepared, uttered, vended, or exposed to sale by any person or persons whatsoever, wherein the person making, preparing, uttering, vending, or exposing to sale the same, hath or claims to have any occult secret or art for the making or preparing the same, or hath or claims to have any exclusive right or title to the making or preparing the same, or which have at any time heretofore been, now are, or shall hereafter be prepared, uttered, vended, or exposed to sale under the authority of any Letters Patent under the Great Seal, or which have at any time heretofore been, now are, or shall hereafter be by any public notice or advertisement, or by any written or printed papers or hand bills, or by any label or words written or printed, affixed to, or delivered with any packet, box, bottle, phial, or other inclosure containing the same, held out or recommended to the public by the makers, vendors, or proprietors thereof as nostrums or proprietary medicines, or as specifics, or as beneficial to the prevention, cure, or relief of any distemper, malady, ailment, disorder, or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body."

Duty Payable Upon Medicines.

The duty payable upon medicines which are liable is defined by the Act of 1804, in the following terms:—

	£	s.	d.
Medicines, for and upon every packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, containing any drugs, herbs, pills, waters, essences, tinctures, powders, or other preparation or composition whatsoever, used or applied, or to be used or applied, externally or internally, as medicines or medicaments for the prevention, cure, or relief of any disorder or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body; which shall be uttered or vended in Great Britain, where such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall not exceed the price or value of one shilling	0	0	1½
Where such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall exceed the price or value of one shilling, and not exceed the price or value of two shillings and sixpence	0	0	3
Where such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall exceed the price or value of two shillings and sixpence, and not exceed the price or value of four shillings	0	0	6
Where such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall exceed the price or value of four shillings, and shall not exceed the price or value of ten shillings	0	1	0
Where such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall exceed the price or value of ten shillings, and shall not exceed the price or value of twenty shillings	0	2	0
Where such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall exceed the price or value of twenty shillings, and shall not exceed the price or value of thirty shillings	0	3	0
Where such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall exceed the price or value of thirty shillings, and shall not exceed the price or value of fifty shillings	0	10	0
Where such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall exceed the price or value of fifty shillings	1	0	0

Payment of Duty.

The duty must be paid as provided by the Act of 1802, which states that "the rates and duties by this Act granted shall be payable and paid by the owners and proprietors, or makers and compounders, or original and first vendors of such drugs, herbs, oils, waters, essences, tinctures, powders, or other preparations or compositions aforesaid, and shall be charged upon and payable and paid in respect of the same, and of every packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure aforesaid, with any such contents as aforesaid, before the same shall be first sold by or delivered out of the custody or possession of the owners, proprietors, makers, compounders, or original and first vendors thereof, for sale, either wholesale or retail, either for foreign or home consumption or otherwise, and before the same shall in any way be uttered or vended, either for foreign or home consumption, or exposed to sale, or offered or kept ready for sale, and not in bulk, in any shop, house, or other place, by any such owner, proprietor, maker, compounder, or original and first vendor aforesaid, or any person or persons on his or her behalf." The payment of duty is indicated by affixing a stamp (purchasable at any district Post Office) of the requisite value to the packet or other inclosure containing the medicine, as provided by the Act of 1812, which states that "if any person or persons, whether licensed or not, shall utter, vend, or expose to sale, or offer or keep ready for sale, whether for foreign or home consumption, or buy, or receive, or keep for the purpose of selling by retail, either on his, her, or their own account, or on the account or behalf of any other person or persons, any packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure containing any of the drugs, herbs, oils, waters, essences, tinctures, pills, powders, preparations, or compositions mentioned and set forth in the schedule annexed to this Act, without a paper cover, wrapper, or label, provided and supplied by the Commissioners of Stamps, pursuant to the said Act of the forty-fourth year of His Majesty's reign, or to the Act of the forty-second year of His Majesty's reign hereinafter recited, and duly stamped, for denoting the duty charged on such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure, being properly and sufficiently pasted, stuck, fastened, or affixed thereto, so and in such manner as that such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure cannot be opened and the contents poured out or taken therefrom without tearing such stamped cover, wrapper, or label so as to prevent its being made use of again, then and in such case the person or persons so offending shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of ten pounds, to be recovered and applied in such and the same manner as the pecuniary penalties imposed by the said Acts of the forty-second and forty-fourth years of His Majesty's reign, or either of them in relation to the duties on medicines, are or ought to be recovered and applied." In view of the virtual impossibility of affixing the duty-labels to bottles, etc., containing dutiable medicines in such a way that the contents cannot be removed without tearing the labels, the Board of Inland Revenue does not now enforce a literal compliance with the provisions of the Act in that respect, but it has been intimated that this concession will be withdrawn if found dangerous to the revenue.

Allowance for Spoiled Stamps.

An allowance for spoiled stamps, or for stamps on unsaleable stock, will be made by the Commissioners of Inland Revenue if application be made to the Board or to the nearest Revenue officer within two years of the accidental spoiling of the stamps or labels. This is in accordance with the Act of 1802, which provides that "in case any covers, wrappers, or labels shall be damaged, defaced, or spoiled in affixing the same upon such wares or other articles as aforesaid, or otherwise, so as to be rendered unfit for use, it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, licensed in pursuance of this Act, to bring such covers, wrappers, or labels so marked and stamped as aforesaid, together with the wares or other articles to which the same shall have been affixed, to the Commissioners for managing the stamp duties, or to the head officer appointed by them; and on oath (or solemn affirmation in case such licensed person shall be one of the people called Quakers) thereof made by such licensed person to the satisfaction of the said Commissioners or head officer so appointed (who are hereby authorised to administer such oath or solemn affirmation, and to examine into all circumstances relating to the damaging, defacing, or spoiling the same), that such covers, wrappers, or labels, so defaced or spoiled, or rendered unfit for the purpose intended, have not been used for any other purpose, or in any other manner whatsoever, and that none of them have been fradulently rebought or returned, after the same have been sold or disposed of, and that no money or other consideration hath been paid or given for the same, save and except the money first paid for such covers, wrappers, or labels, at the stamp office or other places appointed by the Commissioners for the distribution thereof, then, and in such case, the said Commissioners are hereby required and directed, after destroying such defaced covers, wrappers, or labels, to deliver to such licensed person other covers, wrappers, or labels of the same denomination or value instead of the covers, wrappers, or labels so damaged, defaced, or spoiled, or rendered unfit for use as aforesaid, without demanding, or taking, directly or indirectly, for the same any sum of money or other consideration whatsoever."

Liability to Medicine Stamp Duty.

Broadly speaking, there are four separate and distinct grounds on which liability to stamp duty may attach to a medicine which is not mentioned by name in the schedule to the Act of 1812, viz.:—

(1) A claim, whether well founded or not, to any secret or art in the preparation.
(2) A claim whether well founded or not, to any proprietary right in the preparation.
(3) The sale of the preparation, either present or past, under the authority of Letters Patent.
(4) The use at any time of any handbill, label, or advertisement holding out the preparation (*a*) as a nostrum or proprietary medicine, or (*b*) as a specific, or (*c*) as beneficial for the prevention, cure, or relief of any distemper, malady, or ailment, disorder, or complaint, incident to or in anywise affecting the human body.

A medicinal preparation may not be sold unstamped, without involving liability to penalty, unless care has been taken to avoid any expression or phraseology which can be construed as representing:—

((1) That the preparation of the medicine is a secret, or that the medicine is a specialty of any person, or that it is made in conformity with any special recipe. For instance, such fancy names as "The City of Liverpool Cough Lozenges," "St. Mark's Linctus," "Mephisto Corn Paint," etc., must be avoided.
(2) That it is the preparation of any particular person, or that anyone has a proprietary right in its manufacture or sale, for example, "Smith's Liver Pill," "Neuralgic Tincture, prepared only by Jones."
(3) That it will prevent, cure, or give relief in any disorder.

All such expressions must not only have been avoided on the label, itself, but also in all references to the medicine, whether on the label, wrapper, or cover, or in any printed or manuscript matter whatever, including newspapers, handbills, posters, show cards, advertisements, almanacs, lists, etc., inasmuch as, although the labels *per se* may not render the preparations to which they relate liable to duty, the preparations may be made so liable by the publication of other printed or written matter. It is well established that where any such expressions as aforesaid have been so used at any time before sale, the medicine is thereby rendered liable to stamp duty, even though the actual label on the package is entirely innocent. The Board of Inland Revenue formerly recognised the necessity that exists for giving to a preparation such a designation or name as shall distinguish it from other medicines, and did not attribute any further meaning to such words as cough mixture, teething powders, corn paint, etc., etc., but that concession has now been withdrawn.

Exemptions from Stamp Duty.

By the Act of 1815, it is provided that ginger and peppermint lozenges, and other articles of confectionery, are exempt from stamp duties, unless the person vending the same shall sell the same as medicines or as beneficial for the prevention, cure, or relief of any distemper, malady, ailment, or disorder, incident to or in anywise affecting the human body, nor to compel the person or persons vending the same to take out the licence required by persons vending medicines. A similar exemption is extended by the Act of 1833 to all artificial mineral waters, and all waters impregnated with soda or mineral alkali, or with carbonic acid gas, and all compositions in a liquid or solid state to be used for the purpose of compounding or making any of the said waters. With respect to these statutory exemptions, the terms of that applicable to articles of confectionery not vended as medicines are clear and unmistakable, and it follows from the decision of the Court of Appeal in the case of the Attorney-General *v.* Lamplough (L.R., 3 Exch. Div. 214) that effervescent preparations similar in composition to Lamplough's Pyretic Saline are exempt from duty. The addition of a medicinal substance to such compositions, would, however, take them out of the exemption, *e.g.*, effervescent citrate of iron is liable. The Act of 1812 also provides for three special exemptions:—

Special Exemptions.

(1) All drugs named or contained in the 'Book of Rates,' subscribed with the name of Sir Harbottle Grimstone, Baronet, and mentioned and referred to by the Act of tonnage and poundage made in the twelfth year of

the reign of King Charles the Second, and in another 'Book of Rates' intituled "An additional book of rates of goods and merchandizes usually imported and not particularly rated in the 'Book of Rates,' referred to in the Act of tonnage and poundage made in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, with rules, orders, and regulations signed by the Right Honourable Spencer Compton, Speaker of the Honourable House of Commons, and mentioned and referred to by an Act made in the eleventh year of the reign of His Majesty George the First."

(2) All medicinal drugs whatsoever which shall be uttered or vended entire without any mixture or composition with any other drug or ingredient whatsoever by any surgeon, apothecary, chemist, or druggist who hath served a regular apprenticeship, or by any person who hath served as a surgeon in the Navy or Army under any commission or appointment duly entered at the War Office or Navy Office, or by any other person whatsoever licensed to sell any of the medicines chargeable with a stamp duty

(3) All mixtures, compositions, or preparations whatsoever mixed or compounded with or prepared from medicinal drugs, medicated or chemical preparations or compositions, or other ingredients bearing different denominations or having different properties, qualities, virtues, or efficacies, which shall be uttered or vended by any such surgeon, apothecary, chemist, or druggist as aforesaid, or by any such person who hath served as a surgeon in the Navy or Army under any such commission or appointment as aforesaid, the different denomination, properties, qualities, virtues, and efficacies of which mixtures, compositions, and preparations as aforesaid are known, admitted and approved of in the preservation, cure, or relief of any disorder, malady, ailment, or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body, and wherein the person mixing, compounding, preparing, uttering, or vending the same hath not nor claims to have any occult secret or art for the mixing, compounding, or preparing the same, nor hath nor claims to have any exclusive right or title to the mixing, compounding, or preparing, or to the vending of the same, and which mixtures, compositions, or preparations have not been, are not, nor shall hereafter be prepared, uttered, vended, or exposed to sale under the authority of any Letters Patent under the Great Seal, nor at any time heretofore have been, now are, or shall hereafter be by any publick notice, advertisement, or by any written or printed papers or handbills, or by any labels or words written or printed and affixed to or delivered with any such packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure aforesaid, held out or recommended to the publick by the owners, proprietors, makers, compounders, original or first vendors thereof as nostrums or proprietary medicines, or as specifics, or as beneficial for the prevention, cure, or relief of any such distemper, malady, ailment, or complaint as aforesaid.

The list in the 'Book of Rates' contains the names of no articles now in use except crude or entire drugs, such as are specifically exempted from stamp duty in the second paragraph, when sold by duly qualified or licensed persons. With regard to the third special exemption, which does not apply to sales by limited companies or by unqualified individuals, it is sufficient to state that the Board of Inland Revenue now regards as falling within the special exemption all medicines composed of drugs the denominations, properties, qualities, virtues, and efficacies of which are known, admitted, and approved, when they are sold by a duly qualified chemist and druggist, provided that either

(1) The label contains an adequate indication of the ingredients of the medicine; or

(2) The medicine is prepared in accordance with a formula in the British Pharmacopœia or other well-known book of reference, such as the 'Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary,' and that fact is stated or otherwise indicated on the label.

It must be pointed out, however, that the Board considers it has now no alternative but to regard such titles as "Cough Mixture" or "Antibilious Pills" as *per se* involving liability. But if such medicines fall within the scope of the exemptions above-mentioned, and one or other of the conditions stated above is satisfied, they do not require to be stamped, if sold by a duly qualified chemist or druggist. It must, however, be distinctly understood that where such words as "Cough Mixture" or "Antibilious Pills" are used, without an adequate indication of the ingredients of the medicines, or an indication of the formula from which they are prepared, liability to duty is thereby held to be incurred. It may be added that the Board regards as being *primâ facie* within the scope of the special exemption medicines described by such titles as "Quinine and Iron Tonic," or "Compound Rhubarb Pills" when sold by chemists with a recommendation—provided the title in each case discloses all the active ingredients of the preparation.

SCHEDULE OF DUTIABLE MEDICINES.

Adam's Solvent.
Addison's Re-animating European Balsam.
Æthereal Anodyne Spirit.
Ague and Fever Drops (by Wilson)
Allan's Nipple Liniment.
Amboyna Lotion.
,, Mouth Powder.
,, Tooth Powder.
American Alterative Pills.
,, Salve.
,, Soothing Syrrup.
,, Tincture.
Andalusia Water.
Anderson's Scots Pills.
Angibaud's Lozenges of Blois.
Anodyne Necklace.
Antapoplectic Pills.
Appleby's Tea.
Arabian Balsam.
Arnold's Drops.
,, Pills.
Arquebusade Water.
Aromatick Spirit of Vinegar.
,, Condensed.
Asiatic Bilious Pills.
,, Tonic Tincture.
Austin's Chalybeate Pills.
,, Liniment.
Balm of Mecca.
,, of Quito.
Balsam of Iceland Liverwort.
Barclay's Antibilious Pills.
,, Asthmatic Candy.
,, Ointment.
Barlowe's Specific Medicine.
Barron's Cachou de Rose Lozenges.
Barton's Alterative Pomade.
,, Vital Wine.
Bateman's Drops.
,, Golden Spirit of Scurvy Grass.
,, Plain Spirits of Do.
Bath's Pills.
Bayley's British Tooth Powder.
,, Ointment.
,, Pectoral Pills.
Beaseley's Family Plaister.
Beaume de Vie.
Beiker's Tincture.
Bell's Restorative Pills.
Bennet's Worm Powders.
Benzoin, Essence of.
Berry's Bilious Pills.
Betton's British Oil.
Bird's Ague Tincture.
Birt's Martial Balsam.
Blair's Cephalic Fluid.
Blenkensop's Bilious Pills.
Boerhaave's Antiscorbutic Wine.
Bolderson's Worm Cakes.
Bollman's Specific.
Bolton's Asthmatic Tincture.
Bostock's Cordial.
,, Grand Elixir.
Bott's Corn Salve.
,, Tooth Powder.
Bourne's Æthereal Essence.
Box's Magnesia Lozenges.
Brabham's Oil.
Brandon's Composition or Medicine for the Evil and Scrophula.
Brazil Salts.
Brodum's Botanic Pills.
,, Botanical Syrrup.
,, Nervous Cordial.
Browne's British Pills.
,, Rheumatic Powders.
,, Tincture of Yellow Bark.
Bryant's Essence of Coltsfoot.
Burridge's Specific for Rheumatic Gout and Rheumatism.
Byron's Pills.
Bythell's Pectoral Lozenges.
Camphor, Æthereal Essence of.
Catharmian Water.
Cathcart's Edinburgh Ointment.
,, Water.
Cephalic Snuff.
Chamberlain's Ointment.
,, Pills.
Chapman's Cerate.
,, Chilblain Water.
Ching's Worm Lozenges.
Chinner's Pills.
Church's Anodyne Essence.
,, Antispasmodic Elixir.
,, Chilblain Ointment.
,, Cough Drops.
,, Eye Salve.
,, Pectoral Pills.
,, Volatile Tincture.
Clerval's Syrup.
Clinton's Oil for Deafness.
,, Snuff.
Clyde's Balsam.
,, Ointment.
Coates' Cough Drops.
Collier's Assistant Pills.
,, Ointment.
,, Remedy for Fistula and Piles.
Complin's Specific.
Cooke's Rheumatic Pills.
,, Family Pills.
Cordial Balm of Gilead.
Cornwell's Fruit Lozenges.
,, Opodeldoc.
,, Oriental Vegetable Cordial.

Costello's Cerate.
,, Collyrium.
,, Liniment.
Cottier's Resolvent and Healing Plaister.
Cox's Tincture.
Coxwell's Castor Oil Medicine.
Culpepper's Herb Cordial.
Cundell's Balsam of Honey.
Curtis's Syrup.
Daffy's Elixir, by whomsoever made.
Dalby's Carminative.
Dalmahoy's Sal Poignant.
,, Tasteless Salts.
Dawson's Lozenges.
Deering's Drops.
Delescot's Myrtle Opiate.
De Velnos' Pills.
,, Syrup.
Dicey and Co.'s Bathing Spirits.
Dickenson's Cephalic Drops.
,, Red Drops for Convulsions.
,, Drops for Fits.
Dixon's Antibilious Pills.
Donavan's American Vegetable Syrup.
Doranstorff's Opodeldoc.
Dutch Drops.
Earl's Remedy for the Hooping Cough.
Eau de Cologne. *Note.*—The payment of Stamp Duty is not now insisted upon in this case, unless the perfume is held out or recommended as a medicine or medicament.
Eau Medicinale de Husson.
Edge's Chronic Embrocation.
,, Universal Cerate.
Edward's Ague Tincture.
,, Nipple Ointment.
Elixir of Longevity, or Swedish Preservative.
Ellis's Aperient Pills.
Essence Kayou Pouti.
Falck's Cerate.
,, Universal Pills.
Felton's Mucilage of Marsh Mallows.
Findon's Drops.
Fisher's Golden Snuff.
Flexney's Wart Dissolvent.
Fogoni's Tincture.
Ford's Balsam of Horehound.
Foredyce's Cooling Opening Pills.
Foreign Medicines of all kinds, except Drugs. *Note.*—Foreign medicines are now dealt with, as regards payment of Stamp Duty, upon the same footing as other medicinal articles.
Fothergill's Pectoral Pills.
,, Restorative.
Fraunce's Elixir.
Freake's Tincture of Bark.
Freeman's Bathing Spirits.
,, Eye Water.
,, Gutta Salutaris.
Friar's Balsam.
Friend to Man.
Frith's Antibilious Elixir.
Fry's Worm Pills.
Gall's Antibilious Pills.
Gamble's Aromatic Snuff.
,, Sanative Tea.
Garaveni's Styptic.
Gardener's Ointment.
,, Pills.
German Corn Plaister or Salve.
Gifford's Pills.
Gilbert's Roseate Lotion.
Glasse's Magnesia.
Godbold's Balsam.
Godfrey's Cordial. *Note.*—The sale of this preparation unstamped is not now interfered with when the medicine is sold without a descriptive label, but the use of a slip-label describing it as "Godfrey's Cordial, or "Carminative Cordial (Godfrey)" incurs liability to Stamp Duty.
Godfrey's Rose Lozenges.
Gordon's Pills.
Gould's Powders and Lotion.
Gowland's Lotion.
Grand Specific or Infallible Antidote to Consumptions.
Grant's Drops.
,, Lisbon Tonic Pills
Green's Honey Lozenges.
,, Oil, or Infallible Oil.
,, Toothache Pills.
Greenhough's Tincture.
,, Tolu Lozenges.
Grey's Lozenges.
,, Tooth Powder.
Griffin's Asthmatic Tincture.
Grubb's Fryars Drops.
Guest's Lotion.
,, Pills.
,, Powder.
,, Tooth Powder.
,, Welcome Guest.
Haarlam's Drops.
Hadley's Convulsion Powders.
Hallam's Anima of Quassia.
,, Antibilious Pills.
,, Quassia Do.
Hamilton's Asthmatic Effluvia.
,, Cinnamon Drops.
,, Corn Salve.
,, Patent Mineral Water.
,, Vegetable Balsamic Tincture.
Hannay's Wash.
Harrison's Pile Lozenges.
Harvey's Anti-Venereal Pills
,, Grand Restorative Drops.
Hatfield's Tincture.
Hayman's Maredant's Drops.
Hayward's Stomachic Lozenges.
,, Anti-Acid Do.
,, Samaritan Water.
Hemet's Essence of Pearl.
,, Pearl Dentifrice.
Heming's Pine Bud Lozenges.
Henry's Aromatic Spirits of Vinegar.
Henry's Magnesia. *Note.* — Fluid magnesia, though sold as a proprietary article, was exempted by the repeal of the charge upon artificial mineral waters.
Hewitt's Analambanic Pills.
Hickman's Pills.
Hill's Balsam of Honey.
,, Bardana Drops.
,, Canada Balsam.
,, Essence of Water Dock.
,, Gout Essence.
,, Tincture of Centaury.
,, ,, ,, Sage.
,, Valerian.
Hinde's Powders.
,, Drops.
Hodson's Aromatic Nervine Tea.
,, Imperial Oil.
,, Persian Restorative.
,, Syrup.
Holdsworth's Lozenges.
Hollingshead's Balsam.
Hooper's Female Pills.
Hooping Cough Drops.
Hope's Hectic Pills.
Howell's Powders for Epilepsy.
Hudson's Tablets for the Worms.
Hungary Balsam for the Stone and Gravel.
Hunt's Family Pills.
Hunter's Elixir.
,, Pills.
,, Restorative.
Jackson's Asthmatic Candy.
,, Corn Salve.
,, Ointment.
,, Tincture.
Jacobson's Cough Drops.
James's Analeptic Pills.
,, Antibilious Pills.
James's Fever Powder.
,, Medicine for the Dropsy.
,, Tin Powder for the Worms.
Jebb's, Sir Richard, Elixir.
,, ,, ,, Pills.
Jenkins's Salve.
Jesuits' Drops.
Imperial Anodyne Opodeldoc.
Infallible Restorative.
Inglis's Scots Pills.
Johnson's Golden Ointment for the Eyes.
Johnston's Essence of Horehound.
Johntenocco's Tooth Powder.
Jones's Rheumatic Tincture.
Irvine's Fruit Lozenges.
Juniper's Essence of Penny Royal.
,, ,, ,, Peppermint.
Kemp's Gangrene Ointment.
Kennedy's Corn Salve or Plaister.
Keyser's Pills.
Knight's Pills.
Lamert's Balsam.
Lancaster Black Drop.
Leake's Cerate.
,, Chilblain Water.
,, Pills.
,, Purifying Drops.
Leathe's Lotion.
Le Cour's Imperial Oil.
Lee's Lozenges.
Lewis's Salve.
,, Specific Pills.
,, Tincture of Angustura Bark.
Liquid Shell for the Stone and Gravel.
Lobb's Stomachic Tincture.
Lockyer's Pills.
Lord's Corn Salve or Plaister.
Lorraine's Consumptive Pills.
Lowrie's Eye Water.
Lowther's Drops.
,, Nervous Powders.
Lozenges, Aniseed.
,, Benzoin.
,, Camomile.
,, Ginger.
,, Horehound.
,, Ipecacuanha.
,, Patirosa.
,, Peppermint.
,, Poppy.
,, Rose.
,, Roseated Liquorice.
Lozenges, Specific.
,, Spermaceti.
,, Tolu.
Lozenges, Tolu. *Note.*—Lozenges and other articles of confectionery are now exempted from liability unless they are sold as medicines, or as beneficial for the prevention, cure, or relief of human ailments.
Lucas's Pure Drops of Life.
Luzatte's British Pills.
Lygnum's Antiscorbutic Drops.
,, Lotion.
,, Pills.
Lynch's Embrocation.
Madden's Vegetable Essence.
Magnesia Tablets. *Note.*—Liability is not now incurred if the tablets consist of magnesia alone, without any admixture.
Manne's Cough Medicine.
Mapson's Sanative Salve.
Marshall's Cerate.
,, Wart Dissolvent.
,, Heal-all.
Mason's Ointment.
Matthew's or Matthews's Alterative Medicine.
,, Chymical Tincture.
,, Remedy for Curing Fistula and Piles without Cutting or Pain.
,, Samaritan Restorative.
Mayersbach's Balsamic Pills.
,, Mixture.
,, Restorative Powders.
Medley's Aromatic Herb Snuff.
Metallic Tractors.
Military Drops.
Millman's Itch Ointment.
Mollineaux's Ointment.
Monsey's Rheumatic Powders.
Nailor's Corn Ointment.
Newton's Restorative Tooth Powder.
Norman's Syrup.
Norris's Chalybeate Pills.
,, Drops.
,, Tonic Essence.
Norton's Maredant's Drops.
Odontalgic Elixir for Toothache.
Oliver's Remedy for Consumption.
Oliverian Ointment for the Piles.
Orme's Medicine.
Ormskirk Medicine for the Bite of a Mad Dog.
Oxley's Essence of Jamaica Ginger.
,, Stomachic Tincture.
Palmer's Laxative Pills.
Paraguay Lotion.
Paris Ointment.
Paschall's Teething Remedy.
Pectoral Essence of Coltsfoot.
Perkins's Metallic Tractors.
Perrin's Balsam of Lungwort.
,, Antibilious or Cough Pills.
,, Pile Ointment.
,, Powder for the Hooping Cough.
Perry's Essence.
Peter's Pills.
,, Tincture.
Pidding's Balsam of Liquorice
Pike's Ointment.
Pomade Divine.
,, Royal.
Potter's Pills.
Powell's Camphor Liniment.
,, Eye Salve.
Price's Breast Salve.
Prickett's Styptic.
Prince's Russia Oil.
Pullen's Antiscorbutic Pills.
,, Purging Pills.
Purland's Expectorating Pills.
Pyrmont Tablets.
Radcliffe's Purging Elixir.
,, Rheumatic Tincture.
Randall's Essence of Ginger.
Refined British Oil.
Relfe's Nipple Ointment.
Richardson's British Corn Salve or Plaister.
Riga Balsam.
Robberd's Cough Drops.
Robert's Worm Sugar Plums.
Robertson's Vegetable Julep.
Roche's Embrocation.
Roe's English Coffee for Nervous Disorders.
Rogers' Antibilious Elixir.
,, Antiscorbutic Pills.
Rook's Balsam.
Rose Tablets.
Ruspini's Styptic.
,, Tincture.
,, Tincture for the Tooth Ache.
,, Tooth Powder.
Ryan's Essence of Coltsfoot.
Rymer's Cordiac and Nervous Tincture.
,, Detergent Pills.
,, Essence of Garlick.
,, Pectoral Medicine.
,, Tonic Pills.
Salmon's Guttæ Vitæ.
Savage's Oil.
Saville's Ointment.
Schnid's Liquid Dentifrice.
Schult's Vegetable Acid Air.
Scot's Gout Pills.
Senate's Aromatic Steel Lozenges, or Lozenges of Steel.
Severne's Worm Tea.
,, Ague Cakes.
Sharpe's Hepatic Pills.
Sharp's Drops for Cancers.
Shaw's Sovereign Itch Ointment.
Shee's Specific Drops.
,, Pills.
,, Preventive Lotion.
Sibley's Lunar Tincture.
,, Solar Do.
Simson's Infallible Æthereal Tincture.
Singleton's Golden Ointment.
Sloane's, Sir Hans, Pills.
Smart's Tincture of Cascarilla Bark.
Smellome's Eye Salve.
Smith's Antibilious Pills.
,, Antihectic Balsam.
,, Cooling Opening Pills.
,, Drops.
,, Purifying Pills.
,, Restorative Medicated Wine.

Smyth's Drops.
,, Restorative.
Solander's Sanative Tea.
Soley's Essence of Squills.
Solomon's Abstergent.
,, Anti-Impetigines.
,, Balm of Gilead.
Spain's Restorative Oil.
Speediman's Stomach Pills.
Specific Convulsion Drops.
,, for the Yellow Fever.
,, Remedy (by Wessels).
,, Tincture.
Spence's Dentifrice.
Spilsbury's Antiscorbutic Drops.
,, Compound Essence.
Spinluff's Aromatic Bilious Cordial.
Squire's Elixir.
Squirrel's Drops.
,, Tonic Pills.
,, Powders.
Steer's Camomile Drops.
,, Camphorated Eye Water.
,, Convulsion Oil.
,, Nitre Drops.
,, Opodeldoc.
,, Paregoric Lozenges.
,, Purging Elixir.
,, Solution of Myrrh.
Sterne's Balsamic Æther.
,, Stomachic Tablets
,, Tincture of Gout Drops.
Storey's Worm Cakes.
Stoughton's Bitters.
,, Elixir.
Stringer's Essence of Myrrh.
,, Myrrh Dentifrice.
,, Paregoric Lozenges.
Swedish Preservative, or Elixir of Longevity.
Swinfen's Anti-Acid.
,, Electuary.
,, Ointment.
,, Worm Sugar Cakes.
Swiss Balsam.
Syrian Corn Pialster.
Tasteless Ague Drops.
,, Fever Drops.
Taylor's Antispasmodic Pills.
,, Remedy for Deafness.
,, Restorative Balsam for the Eyes.
Thomas's Tolu Essence.
Thompson's Ague Tincture.
,, Patent Medicinal Water.
Tickell's Æther.
Tincture for the Teeth and Gums. *Note.*—Now dealt with upon the same footing as toilet preparations, and not held to be dutiable unless held out or recommended for the prevention, cure, or relief of human ailments.
Tooley's Cordial.
Tooth Ache Fluid.
Tooth Powder, Asiatic.
,, ,, Paraguay.
,, ,, Royal.
Trotter's Asiatic Tooth Powder.
Trowbridge's Golden Pills.
Tuberosa Vitæ, or Chilblain Water.
Turlington's Balsam.
Vandour's Nervous Pills.
Van Swieten's Gout Cordial.
Vegetable Embrocation.
Vital Balm.
Waite's Worm Nuts.
Walford's Pancreatic Powders.
Walker's Jesuits Drops.
,, Specific Remedy.
,, Stomachic Wine.
Walkley's Tooth Powder.
Waller's Ointment.
Walsh's Antipertussis.
,, Coltsfoot Lozenges.
,, Ginger Seeds.
,, Pills.
Ward's Dropsy Pills.
,, Essence for the Head Ache.
,, Liquid Sweat.
,, Paste.
,, Powders.
,, Red Pills.
,, Sack Drops.
,, Sweating Powder.
,, White Drops.
Ware's Asthmatic Drops.
Warren's Analeptic Powders.
,, British Tooth Powder.
Waters, videlicet—All artificial Mineral Waters, and all Waters impregnated with Soda or Mineral Alkali, or with Carbonic Acid Gas, and all Compositions, in a liquid or solid State, to be used for the Purpose of compounding or making any of the said Waters. *Note.*—This charge has been repealed, with the result that effervescing Salines or Waters are now held to be exempted from liability, unless they are used as vehicles for the administration of medicines other than Mineral Alkalies.
Webster's Diet Drink.
Welch's Female Pills.
Wheatley's Ointment.
,, Fluid.
Whitehead's Cerate.
,, Essence of Mustard.
,, ,, ,, Horehound.
,, Pills.
Whittell's Black Drops.
Williams' Aperient Pills.
,, Essence of Benzoin, or Pulmonic Drops.
,, Spa Elixir, or Restorative Drops.
Willis's Asthmatic Pills.
Wilson's Balsam.
,, Opening Pills.
,, Powders.
Winch's Cough Drops.
Withers's Essence of Camomile.
Wray's Ague Pills.
York Medicinal Preventive Lotion.
Zimmerman's Stimulating Fluid.

WHEN LIABILITY TO MEDICINE STAMP DUTY IS INCURRED.

Preparations to be used or applied, externally or internally, as medicines or medicaments for the prevention, cure, or relief of any disorder or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body are, in certain circumstances, liable to Medicine Stamp Duty in Great Britain if exposed to sale or sold in any packet, box, bottle, phial, or other inclosure. Unless so inclosed, medicines are not liable to duty, and may be sold loose unstamped.

Grounds of Liability to Duty.

1. Claims to any Occult Secret or Art for making or preparing the medicine, when the preparation is held out or recommended to the public for the prevention, cure, or relief of any human ailment. Such claims are made by—

(*a*) A statement that the method of preparing the medicine is a secret, or that the preparation is the specialty of any person, or that the maker possesses the original or sole recipe.

(*b*) The use of a name in the possessive case, or its equivalent, *e.g.*, Smith's Antibilious Pills, or Antibilious Pills (Smith) (see *P.J.*, November 21, 1903, pp. 737-8).

(*c*) A warning, or caution, to beware of spurious imitations, or that no other similar preparation is genuine.

2. Claims to any Exclusive Right or Title for making or preparing the medicine, when the preparation is held out or recommended as aforesaid. Such claims are made by—

(*d*) A statement that the compound is "prepared *only* by Smith."

(*e*) The use of a trade-mark appropriated to a particular medicine.

3. Making or Selling Patented Medicines, *i.e.*, preparations which are or have been the subject of Letters Patent in the United Kingdom.

4. Holding Out or Recommending Medicines by any public notice, as by a town-crier, or by an advertisement in a newspaper, poster, or placard in a conveyance; or by any written or printed papers or handbills, books, showcards, price-lists, etc.; or by any label or words, written or printed, affixed to or delivered with the inclosure containing the medicine.

(*f*) As Nostrums or Proprietary Medicines, *e.g.*, Smith's Pills, or Liver Pills (Smith).

(*g*) As Specifics or Remedies for the cure of some particular disorder.

(*h*) As beneficial to the prevention, cure, or relief of any distemper, malady, ailment, disorder, or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body. Such a recommendation is held to be implied in the designations "Antibilious Pills," "Cough Mixture," and "Toothache Essence," but not in the names "Liver Pills," "Bronchial Mixture," and "Tooth Essence."

Articles Which Are Not Liable.

1. Entire or Crude Drugs are not liable to Stamp Duty, however described or recommended, when sold by Chemists and Druggists; they may be dissolved in water, but if mixed with colouring matter, or any other substance, they become dutiable if held out or recommended to the public for the prevention, cure, or relief of any human ailment, unless they are brought within the scope of the special exemption in favour of Chemists and Druggists (see below, No. 8).

2. Mechanical Appliances, such as Trusses, Bandages, and Unmedicated Corn Rings, or Plasters.

3. Soaps, Medicated or Otherwise, intended to be used in the ordinary way for washing purposes only, and not intended or directed to be left upon the skin, like an ointment or salve.

4. Effervescing Salines or Waters, unless used as vehicles for the administration of medicines other than Mineral Alkalies.

5. Dutiable Medicines supplied to chemists and druggists for use in dispensing only, as *part* of a medical prescription.

6. Veterinary Medicines, except when also recommended for use by human beings.

7. Foods, Hair Washes, Perfumes, Skin Pastes, Toilet Preparations, Tooth Powders, Tooth Stoppings, etc., when not held out or recommended for the prevention, cure, or relief of human ailments. The following are not regarded as ailments, and a claim to Medicine Stamp Duty does not arise if any preparation is held out or recommended for their prevention, cure, or relief :—Abrasions, baldness, blemishes chafes, chapped hands or lips, dandruff, freckles, husky voice impure breath, insect bites or stings, languor, loss of appetite mental depression, nits, roughness of the skin or voice, scurf smelling feet, stomach weakness, sunburn, tan, tender feet tickling of the throat, want of nerve power.

8. Preparations Known, Admitted, and Approved of in the prevention, cure, or relief of human ailments, when sold by Chemists and Druggists with an adequate disclosure of their composition. The disclosure may be made by stating the names of all the active medicinal ingredients of the medicine upon the label, or by making it in accordance with a Formula in the British Pharmacopœia, the 'Pharmaceutical Journa Formulary,' or some other well-known book of reference, and indicating that fact upon the label.

NOTES ON THE MEDICINE STAMP ACTS.

FROM THE INLAND REVENUE POINT OF VIEW.

THE general effect of the Medicine Stamp Duty Acts of 1802, 1803, 1804, and 1812 is to render it an offence punishable by a fine of ten pounds, if any person or persons, whether licensed or not, shall utter, vend, or expose to sale, or offer or keep ready for sale, whether for foreign or home consumption—or buy, or receive, or keep for the purpose of selling by retail, either on his, her, or their own account, or on the account or behalf of any other person or persons—any unstamped packet, box, bottle, pot, phial, or other inclosure containing any dutiable cordials, drops, drugs, electuaries, essences, lotions, lozenges, herbs, oils, ointments, pills, plaisters, potions, powders, salves, spirits, tinctures, unguents, waters, or other preparations intended to be used or applied externally or internally as medicines or medicaments for the prevention, cure, or relief of any disorder or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body. Provided the inclosure containing any medicinal preparation is duly stamped, as provided by the Act of 1802, the person making or preparing the medicine, or uttering or vending it, or exposing it to sale, may, if duly licensed—

(1) Have or claim to have an occult secret or art for making or preparing the medicine;

(2) Have or claim to have an exclusive right or title to making or preparing it;

(3) Prepare, utter, or vend it, or expose it to sale, under the authority of Letters Patent;

(4) Hold out or recommend the medicine to the public—

(*a*) As a nostrum or proprietary medicine, or

(*b*) As a specific, or

(*c*) As beneficial to the prevention, cure, or relief of any distemper, malady, ailment, disorder, or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body.

In fact, a duly licensed person may make almost any claim he likes in respect of properly stamped medicines, and recommend the medicines practically as he will, upon labels or showcards, or in handbills, books, or advertisements.

The Sale of Entire Drugs.

If, however, the maker or vendor of any medicinal article desires to avoid payment of stamp duty, his freedom of action is restricted as regards making claims to secret arts or proprietary rights, and publishing recommendations, except in the case of drugs which are uttered or vended entire, without any mixture or composition with any other drug or ingredient. A chemist and druggist may prepare or sell a simple or entire drug without being licensed or stamping the inclosures containing the drug; he may also call it by a fancy name, or claim—upon labels or showcards, or in handbills, books, or advertisements—that he prepares the drug by a secret process, or that he has an exclusive right to preparing and vending it, or that he prepares and sells it under the authority of Letters Patent. Further, a chemist and druggist may, without stamping the article or holding a licence, hold out or recommend an entire drug as a nostrum or proprietary medicine, or as a specific, or as beneficial to the prevention, cure, or relief of any human ailment. But it is essential in such a case that the drug shall be uttered or vended entire; if it be mixed or compounded with any other drug or ingredient, except water, the drug comes under the heading of mixtures, compositions, or preparations, and the seller must comply with the regulations affecting the preparation and sale of such articles. Thus, acetanilide or some other suitable drug may be put up and sold as "Headache Powders" without incurring liability to stamp duty; the seller, if a chemist and druggist or the holder of a so-called "patent" medicine licence, is also at liberty to state upon the labels that the powders are "prepared only" by him, or to claim a proprietary right by the use of his own or any other name in the possessive case, or to recommend the medicine as a specific or in any other way that he thinks fit. But if any other ingredient, even a simple colouring matter, be added to the acetanilide, whether an active medicinal substance or not, the special exemption granted to entire drugs ceases to apply, and the powders may then become liable to stamp duty. It is to be noted, by the way, that all tinctures may be liable to duty as compounded medicines, even though some of them are prepared by dissolving a single drug in alcohol.

The Sale of Compounded Medicines.

So far as the Medicine Stamp Duty Acts are concerned, there is no restriction upon the preparation and sale of compounded medicines by chemists and druggists provided the articles

(1) Are not, and have not been, the subject of proprietary or patent rights

(2) Have not been rendered dutiable by the persons who originally introduced them, and

(3) Are sold without any attempt at secrecy, while no words are used—on labels or showcards, or in handbills, books, or advertisements—which can be held to express or imply—

(*a*) Claims to secret methods of making the medicines or exclusive rights or titles to preparing or vending them; or

(*b*) Holding out or recommending them as nostrums or proprietary medicines, or as specifics.

The use of the word "specific" on a label for a compounded medicine renders the preparation dutiable, unless it can be proved that the medicine was not recommended as a specific by the first vendor. Further, a medicinal compound which has once been rendered liable to stamp duty remains dutiable for ever, whether the liability is caused by the preparation being, or having been, the subject of proprietary or patent rights, or by the person who originally introduced it having advertised it as a specific or as possessing remedial properties. Thus, Bow's Liniment, Dalby's Carminative, Godfrey's Cordial, and Kay's Compound Essence of Linseed are perpetually liable. If, however, the preparation is not dutiable for any such reason, and there is no mystery about its composition, a chemist and druggist may sell it unstamped and without being licensed, even though it is held out or recommended by him—on labels or showcards, or in handbills, books, or advertisements—for the prevention, cure, or relief of any distemper, malady, ailment, disorder, or complaint incident to or in anywise affecting the human body. Thus, Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine, Camphorated Oil, Tincture of Rhubarb, and other well-known galenical preparations may be sold freely by chemists and druggists under those designations, without incurring liability to stamp duty, even though the preparations are held out or recommended on labels or elsewhere, the reason being that the Medicine Stamp Duty Act of 1812 contains a special exemption in favour of chemists and druggists, with regard to the sale of non-secret compounded medicines, the denominations, properties, qualities, virtues, and efficacies of which are known, admitted, and approved of in the prevention, cure, or relief of any human ailment. A limited company is not entitled to the benefit of this special exemption, even though the whole of the shareholders are registered chemists, or the sales are effected by duly qualified assistants.

How the Statute is Now Interpreted.

The Board of Inland Revenue has decided to regard as falling within this special exemption all compounded medicines prepared in accordance with the formulæ in the British Pharmacopœia, provided that fact is indicated on the labels, even when a proprietary right is ostensibly set up by the use of a name in the possessive case—*e.g.*, Blaud's Pills, Easton's Syrup, and Gregory's Powder. Further, the Board has consented to regard as "known, admitted, and approved" remedies all compounded medicines prepared in accordance with formulæ in other well-known books of reference, provided that fact is adequately indicated on the label, but reference to such works will not be sufficient, as in the case of the British Pharmacopœia, to rebut the claim to a proprietary right ostensibly set up by the use of a name in the possessive case. Thus, such descriptions as "Hamilton's Pills" or "Liver Pills (Hamilton)" are held to incur liability, even though reference be made upon the label to a well-known book in which the formula is published. If, however, the formula be printed on the label, the Board will permit the use of a name in the possessive case, provided no claim to a proprietary right in the medicine is, or ever has been, made. With regard to such names as "Cough Mixture," "Antibilious Pills," "Toothache Essence," "Pile Ointment," "Corn Plasters," or "Teething Powders," they are now held to incur liability, because they imply recommendation of the medicines for the prevention, cure, or relief of ailments. On the other hand, it is not considered that the mention upon a label merely of an organ or part of the human body of itself renders a preparation liable to medicine stamp duty; neither does a description of a medicine by reference in general terms to its operation. Hence, such names as "Liver Pills," "Stomachic Mixture," "Anodyne Mixture," "Aperient Pills," etc., may appear upon labels, without any necessity existing for applying stamps to the packages so long as no other words are used which incur liability. But liability is incurred if the name of an organ or part of the human body be qualified by a word or words indicating the operation of the medicine upon that organ or part of the body, as in such descriptions as "Blood Purifier," "Liver Tonic," "Aperient Liver Mixture," etc. The list of names given below consists of descriptive titles which, according to the Board of Inland Revenue, do not of themselves incur liability, but compounded medicines are rendered dutiable if they are described on the labels or elsewhere by any of the titles given in the second list, unless their composition is disclosed, either by printing the names of all the active medicinal ingredients on the labels, or by publishing the formulæ in some well-known book of reference and indicating that fact upon the labels. It should be noted that absolute identification of formulæ is now insisted upon by the Board of Inland Revenue. That is to say, if several formulæ appear in a recognised book of reference under the same name, it will not be sufficient to give the name of the book upon the label; the specific number of the formula must also be given if it be desired to claim the benefit of the special exemption in favour of chemists and druggists.

Non-Dutiable Titles.

- Alterative Mixture
- Alterative Pills
- Anodyne Mixture
- Anodyne Pills
- Antiseptic Pastilles
- Aperient Mixture
- Aperient Pills
- Aperient Powders
- Astringent Mixture
- Blood and Stomach Pills
- Blood Lozenges
- Blood Mixture
- Bowel Mixture
- Breast Lotion
- Brompton Mixture
- Bronchial and Throat Tablets
- Bronchial Balsam
- Bronchial Elixir
- Bronchial Glycerin Lozenges
- Bronchial Lozenges
- Bronchial Mixture
- Bronchial Pastilles
- Cathartic Pills
- Chelsea Pensioner
- Chest and Lung Embrocation
- Children's Aperient Powders
- Children's Cooling Powders
- Children's Cordial
- Children's Powders
- Cleansing Hair Wash
- Cooling Mixture
- Cooling Powders
- Dandelion and Podophyllin Liver Pills
- Digestive Candy
- Digestive Lozenges
- Digestive Mixture
- Digestive Pills
- Digestive Drops
- Diuretic Drops
- Diuretic Mixture
- Diuretic Pills
- Ear Drops
- Emmenagogue Pills
- Emollient Ointment
- Eye Drops
- Eye Lotion
- Eye Ointment
- Eye Salve
- Female Mixture
- Female Pills
- Foot Powder
- Head and Stomach Pills
- Hepatic Mixture
- Hepatic Pills
- Infants' Carminative
- Infants' Friend
- Infants' Mixture
- Infants' Powders
- Infants' Preservative
- Kidney Pills
- Laxative Pills
- Laxative Tablets
- Little Liver Pills
- Liver and Kidney Pill
- Liver Mixture
- Liver Pills
- Lung Balsam
- Nervine Essence
- Nipple Lotion
- Nit Ointment
- Operating Pills
- Pectoral Balsam
- Pectoral Lozenges
- Pectoral Mixture
- Pulmonic Elixir
- Quinine and Iron Tonic
- Sarsaparilla Blood Mixture
- Scurf Pomade
- Skin Cream
- Skin Lotion
- Skin Ointment
- Skin Tablet
- Soothing Syrup
- Stomach Pills
- Stomach and Liver Pills
- Stomachic Mixture
- Stomachic Pills
- Tasteless Liver Pills
- Throat Gargle
- Throat Lozenges
- Throat Mixture
- Throat Pastilles
- Toilet Cream for Chapped Hands
- Tonic Bitters
- Tonic Mixture
- Tooth Essence
- Tooth Tincture
- Universal Household Embrocation
- Voice and Throat Lozenges
- Voice Lozenges

Dutiable Titles.

- Acne Ointment
- Ague Drops
- Ague Mixture
- Anæmia Mixture
- Anæmia Pills
- Antiapoplectic Pills
- Antibilious Pills
- Anticonstipation Mixture
- Antineuralgic Mixture
- Antiseptic Throat Pastill
- Antispasmodic Drops
- Aperient Liver Mixture
- Asthma Cure } Unless for fumigation only.
- Asthma Powder }
- Backache and Kidney Pills
- Balsamic Cough Mixture
- Blood Purifier
- Blood Purifying Pills
- Boil Lotion
- Boil Ointment
- Bowel Complaint Mixture
- Brain and Nerve Tonic
- Brain Tonic
- Bronchitis Mixture
- Cancer Cure
- Cardiac Tonic
- Catarrh Cure
- Catarrh Smelling Salts
- Cathartic and Liver Pills
- Chilblain Liniment
- Chilblain Lotion
- Chilblain Ointment
- Children's Cough Mixture
- Chlorosis Mixture
- Cholera Mixture
- Cold and Influenza Mixture
- Colic Drops
- Cooling and Fever Powder
- Corn and Wart Solvent
- Corn Paint
- Corn Plasters (if Medicated)
- Corn Solvent
- Cough Drops
- Cough Lozenges
- Cough Mixture
- Cough Pills
- Cough Syrup
- Croup Liniment
- Croup Mixture
- Diarrhœa Mixture
- Dropsy Cure
- Dyspepsia Mixture
- Dyspepsia Pills
- Dyspepsia Powders
- Dyspepsia Tablets
- Earache Drops
- Eczema Ointment
- Embrocation for Sprains
- Erysipelas Ointment
- Fever Cure
- Fever Mixture
- Gleet Mixture
- Gonorrhœa Injection
- Gonorrhœa Mixture
- Gout and Rheumatic Pills
- Gout Liniment
- Gout Mixture
- Gout Pills
- Gripe Mixture
- Hayfever Snuff
- Headache Mixture
- Headache Powders
- Healing Ointment
- Indigestion and Liver Mixture
- Indigestion and Stomachic Mixture
- Influenza Mixture
- Insomnia Powders
- Itch Ointment
- Jaundice Cure
- Kidney and Gravel Pills
- Liver and Blood Purifying Pills
- Liver Cleanser
- Liver Invigorator
- Liver Tonic
- Lumbago Ointment
- Lung and Bronchial Tonic
- Lung Tonic
- Measles Mixture
- Migraine Powders
- Nerve Tonic
- Nervine Tonic
- Neuralgia Liniment
- Neuralgia Mixture
- Neuralgia Powders
- Obesity Cure
- Pectoral Lung Tonic
- Pile Ointment
- Pile Pills
- Purifying Blood Pills
- Purifying Stomach and Head Pills
- Rheumatic and Gout Pills
- Rheumatic Liniment
- Rheumatic Mixture
- Ringworm Ointment
- Sciatica Liniment
- Sciatica Pills
- Scorbutic Ointment
- Scurvy Ointment
- Skin and Blood Purifier
- Teething Powders
- Tic Doloreux Mix
- Tic Mixture
- Tic Pills
- Tonic Throat Mixture
- Toothache Drops
- Toothache Essence
- Toothache Pills
- Toothache Powders
- Toothache Specific
- Uterine Tonic
- Wart Paint
- Whooping Cough Mixture
- Wind and Water Pills
- Wind Pills
- Worm Lozenges
- Worm Powders

Concluding Remarks.

A medicine which requires to be stamped becomes dutiable directly the packet, box, bottle, phial, or other inclosure containing it is labelled and exposed for sale. Such medicines, therefore, should not be exposed in windows, show-cases, or elsewhere, until the duty stamps have been properly affixed. A licensed retailer is permitted to break open duly stamped inclosures of dutiable medicines, which have been purchased from manufacturers or wholesale dealers, and to sell the contents without paying further stamp duty, provided he only sells them loose. Whatever may be the strict law on this point, the Board of Inland Revenue at present holds that a licensed vendor is not entitled to break open stamped packets and sell the contents loose, unstamped, if he has prepared and packed the medicines himself, the reason given being that there would be no security that the stamped packets were not filled over and over again. When stamped packets are broken open and the contents retailed without being restamped, pills, powders, or lozenges should be merely wrapped in paper or put in a paper bag, without being sealed up, or gummed, or tied with string, while liquids, ointments, etc., should not be supplied except in bottles or boxes supplied by the customers who ask for the articles, the greatest care being taken to avoid rendering the medicines liable a second time by supplying them in what could be regarded in strict law, as a dutiable "packet, box, bottle . . . or other inclosure." In strict law, even a paper bag or a screw of paper may be a dutiable inclosure, but the Board has granted a concession in that respect. Certain dutiable medicines may be purchased unstamped for dispensing purposes only, but if they are sold unmixed, even when ordered in a medical prescription, the bottles containing them must be duly stamped. Medicated cigarettes or preparations of herbs, intended for smoking only, are not liable to stamp duty, however recommended. Neither are asthma cures and other preparations intended to be burnt for inhalation, fumigation, or vaporisation only; but smelling salts, etc., recommended for the cure of colds, may be liable to duty. Soaps intended to be used in the ordinary way for washing purposes are not regarded as falling within the charge of duty, and they may therefore be recommended freely for any ailment, without requiring to be stamped; if, however, a soap is intended or directed to be applied as an ointment or salve, and left on the part affected, it becomes liable to duty. Toilet preparations, such as face lotions, skin pastes, and hair washes, may be freely recommended for roughness of skin, chapped hands, baldness, etc., but become liable to duty if recommended for the prevention, cure, or relief of any human ailment, unless they come within the special exemption in favour of chemists and druggists. Even a perfume may be rendered dutiable if recommended for use or application, externally or internally as a medicine or medicament. But by taking advantage of the special exemption and exercising ordinary care, it is now possible for chemists and druggists to avoid payment of stamp duty in the case of most preparations put up and offered for sale by themselves.

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SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.

THE ADULTERATION OF DRUGS.

THE Sale of Food and Drugs Act, 1875 (38 and 39 Vict., Cap. 63), provides that the term "drug" shall include medicine for internal or external use.

Drugs Not to be Mixed with Injurious Ingredients.

Section 4 states that no person shall, except for the purpose of compounding, mix, colour, stain, or powder, or order or permit any other person to mix, colour, stain, or powder, any drug with any ingredient or material so as to affect injuriously the quality or potency of such drug, with intent that the same may be sold in that state, and no person shall sell any such drug so mixed, coloured, stained, or powdered, under a penalty in each case not exceeding £50 for the first offence; every offence, after a conviction for a first offence, shall be a misdemeanour, for which the person, on conviction, shall be imprisoned for a period not exceeding six months with hard labour. It is provided, however, in Section 5 that no person shall be liable to be convicted under the foregoing section of this Act in respect of the sale of any drug, if he shows to the satisfaction of the justice or Court before whom he is charged that he did not know of the drug sold by him being so mixed, coloured, stained, or powdered, and that he could not with reasonable diligence have obtained that knowledge.

Prohibition of Sale of Inferior Drugs.

Section 6 provides that no person shall sell to the prejudice of the purchaser any drug which is not of the nature, substance, and quality of the article demanded by such purchaser, under a penalty not exceeding £20; provided that an offence shall not be deemed to be committed under this section in the following cases; that is to say:—

(1) Where any matter or ingredient not injurious to health has been added to the drug because the same is required for the production or preparation thereof as an article of commerce, in a state fit for carriage or consumption, and not fraudulently to increase the bulk, weight, or measure of the drug, or conceal the inferior quality thereof;

(2) Where the drug is a proprietary medicine, or is the subject of a patent in force, and is supplied in the state required by the specification of the patent;

(3) Where the drug is compounded as mentioned in the Act;

(4) Where the drug is unavoidably mixed with some extraneous matter in the process of collection or preparation.

The Sale of Compounded Drugs.

Section 7 stipulates that no person shall sell any compounded drug which is not composed of ingredients in accordance with the demand of the purchaser, under a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds, but Section 8 provides that no person shall be guilty of any such offence as aforesaid in respect of the sale of a drug mixed with any matter or ingredient not injurious to health, and not intended fraudulently to increase its bulk, weight, or measure, or conceal its inferior quality, if at the time of delivering such drug he shall supply to the person receiving the same a notice, by a label distinctly and legibly written or printed on or with the drug, to the effect that the same is mixed Where the fact of an article having been sold in a mixed state has been proved, if the defendant shall desire to rely upon any exception or provision contained in this Act, it shall be incumbent upon him to prove the same.

Analysis of Samples.

Any purchaser of a drug in any place being a district, county, city, or borough where there is any analyst appointed under this Act is entitled, on payment to such analyst of a sum not exceeding ten shillings and sixpence, or if there be no such analyst then acting for such place, to the analyst of another place, of such sum as may be agreed upon between such person and the analyst, to have such article analysed by such analyst, and to receive from him a certificate of the result of his analysis. Further, any medical officer of health, inspector of nuisances, or inspector of weights and measures, or any inspector of a market, or any police constable under the direction and at the cost of the local authority appointing such officer, inspector, or constable, or charged with the execution of this Act, may procure any sample of drugs, and if he suspect the same to have been sold to him contrary to any provision of this Act, shall submit the same to be analysed by the analyst of the district or place for which he acts, or if there be no such analyst then acting for such place, to the analyst of another place, and such analyst shall, upon receiving payment as is provided in the last section, with all convenient speed analyse the same and give a certificate to such officer, wherein he shall specify the result of the analysis. The person purchasing any article with the intention of submitting the same to analysis shall, after the purchase shall have been completed, forthwith notify to the seller or his agent selling the article, his intention to have the same analysed by the public analyst, and shall divide the article into three parts to be then and there separated, and each part to be marked and sealed or fastened up in such manner as its nature will permit, and shall, if required to do so, deliver one of the parts to the seller or his agent. He shall afterwards retain one of the said parts for future comparison, and submit the third part, if he deems it right to have the article analysed, to the analyst.

Penalty for Refusing to Sell.

If any officer, inspector, or constable, as above described, shall apply to purchase any drug exposed to sale, or on sale by retail on any premises or in any shop or stores, and shall tender the price for the quantity which he shall require for the purpose of analysis, not being more than shall be reasonably requisite, and the person exposing the same for sale shall refuse to sell the same to such officer, inspector, or constable, such person shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds.

Proceedings Against Offenders.

When the analyst having analysed any article shall have given his certificate of the result, from which it may appear that an offence against some one of the provisions of this Act has been committed, the person causing the analysis to be made may take proceedings for the recovery of the penalty herein imposed for such offence, before any justices in petty sessions assembled having jurisdiction in the place where the drug sold was actually delivered to the purchaser, in a summary manner. At the hearing of the information in such proceeding the production of the certificate of the analyst shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated, unless the defendant shall require that the analyst shall be called as a witness, and the parts of the articles retained by the person who purchased the article shall be produced.

Similarly (*vide* 1899 Act), the production by the defendant of a certificate of analysis by a public analyst in the form prescribed shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated, unless the prosecutor requires the analyst to be called as a witness. The prosecutor must be furnished with a copy of the certificate three days before the hearing, or the court may adjourn the hearing in consequence.

The justices before whom any complaint may be made, or the court before whom any appeal may be heard, under this Act may, in their discretion, or shall (*vide* 1899 Act), upon the request of either party, cause any drug to be sent to the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, who shall thereupon direct the chemical officers of their department at Somerset House to make the analysis, and give a certificate to such justices of the result of the analysis; and the expense of such analysis shall be paid by the complainant or the defendant as the justices may by order direct.

Right of Appeal.

Any person who has been convicted of any offence punishable by this Act by any justices may appeal in England to the next general or quarter sessions of the peace which shall be held for the city, county, town, or place wherein such conviction shall have been made, provided that such person enter into a recognizance within three days next after such conviction, with two sufficient sureties, conditioned to try such appeal, and to be forthcoming to abide the judgment and determination of the court at such general or quarter sessions, and to pay such costs as shall be by such court awarded; and the justices before whom such conviction shall be had are hereby empowered and required to take such recognizance; and the court at such general or quarter sessions are hereby required to hear and determine the matter of such appeal, and may award such costs to the party appealing or appealed against as they or he shall think proper.

Purchasing Drugs with a Warranty.

If the defendant in any prosecution prove to the satisfaction of the justices or court that he had purchased the article in question as the same in nature, substance, and quality as that demanded of him by the prosecutor, and with a written warranty to that effect, that he had no reason to believe at the time when he sold it that the article was otherwise, and that he sold it in the same state as when he purchased it, he shall be discharged from the prosecution, but shall be liable to pay the costs incurred by the prosecutor, unless he shall have given due notice to him that he will rely on the above defence. Any person who shall forge, or shall utter, knowing it to be forged, any certificate or any writing purporting to contain a warranty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour and be punishable on conviction by imprisonment for a term of not exceeding two years with hard labour. Further, every person who shall wilfully apply to a drug a certificate or warranty given in relation to any other article or drug, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable to a penalty not exceeding £50; and every person who shall wilfully give a label with any article sold by him which shall falsely describe the article sold, shall be guilty of an offence, and be liable to a penalty not exceeding £20.

Contracts not to be Affected.

Section 28 provides that nothing in this Act contained shall affect the power of proceeding by indictment, or take away any other remedy against any offender under this Act, or in any way interfere with contracts and bargains between individuals and the rights and remedies belonging thereto, provided that in any action brought by any person for a breach of contract on the sale of any drug, such person may recover alone or in addition to any other damages recoverable by him, the amount of any penalty in which he may have been convicted under this Act, together with the costs paid by him upon such conviction and those incurred by him in and about his defence thereto, if he prove that the drug the subject of such conviction was sold to him as and for a drug of the same nature, substance, and quality as that which was demanded of him, and that he purchased it not knowing it to be otherwise, and afterwards sold it in the same state in which he purchased it; the defendant in such action being nevertheless at liberty to prove that the conviction was wrongful, or that the amount of costs awarded or claimed was unreasonable.

No Defence to Allege Purchase for Analysis.

The Sale of Food and Drugs Act Amendment Act, 1879, provides that, in any prosecution under the provisions of the principal Act for selling to the prejudice of the purchaser any drug which is not of the nature, substance, and quality of the article demanded by such purchaser, it shall be no defence to any such prosecution to allege that the purchaser, having bought only for analysis, was not prejudiced by such sale. Neither shall it be a good defence to prove that the drug in question, though defective in nature or in substance or in quality, was not defective in all three respects.

Limitation as to Proceedings.

The Sale of Food and Drugs Act, 1899, provides that when any drug has been purchased for test purposes any prosecution based thereon must be instituted within twenty-eight days from the time of purchase. The original Statute is therefore modified to that extent. In any prosecution under the Acts the summons must give particulars of (*a*) the offence and (*b*) the name of prosecutor, and must be accompanied by a copy of the analyst's certificate. The summons must not be returnable in less time than fourteen days from the time of service.

Warranty or Invoice.

A warranty or invoice is not available as a defence to any summons unless the defendant has, within seven days of service, sent to the purchaser a copy of the warranty or invoice with a written intimation that he will rely thereon for his defence. He must also specify on his intimation the name and address of the warrantor, to whom notice of the defence must also be sent. The person by whom such warranty or invoice is alleged to have been given shall be entitled to appear at the hearing and to give evidence, and the court may adjourn the hearing to enable him to do so. Warranties from sources outside the United Kingdom are not available for defence unless the defendant proves that he had taken reasonable steps to ascertain, and did in fact believe in, the accuracy of the statements contained therein. Where a defendant is a servant of the person who purchased under warranty or invoice, he is entitled to rely on the warranty clause of the 1875 Act, in the same way as his employer would have been entitled to do; but the servant must prove that he had no reason to believe that the article sold was otherwise than that demanded. Where the defendant has successfully defended on a warranty, any proceedings against the warrantor may be taken before a court either having jurisdiction in the place where the article was purchased for analysis or in a court having jurisdiction in the place where the warranty was given. Every person who in respect of a drug sold by him as principal or agent gives a false warranty in writing is liable on summary conviction to a penalty of £20, £50, or £100, unless he satisfies the court that when he gave the warranty he had reason to believe in the accuracy of the statements or descriptions therein contained.

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT.

FRAUDULENT MARKS ON MERCHANDISE.

THE Merchandise Marks Act, 1887, provides that every person shall, unless he proves that he acted without intent to defraud, be guilty of an offence, who—

(*a*) forges any trade mark; or
(*b*) falsely applies to goods any trade mark or any mark so nearly resembling a trade mark as to be calculated to deceive; or
(*c*) makes any die, block, machine, or other instrument for the purpose of forging, or of being used for forging, a trade mark; or
(*d*) applies any false trade description to goods; or
(*e*) disposes of or has in his possession any die, block, machine, or other instrument for the purpose of forging a trade mark; or
(*f*) causes any of the things above in this section mentioned to be done.

It is also an offence if a person sells, or exposes for, or has in his possession for sale, or any purpose of trade or manufacture, any goods or things to which any forged trade mark or false trade description is applied, or to which any trade mark or mark so nearly resembling a trade mark as to be calculated to deceive is falsely applied, as the case may be, shall, unless he proves—

(*a*) That having taken all reasonable precautions against committing an offence against the Act, he had at the time of the commission of the alleged offence no reason to suspect the genuineness of the trade mark, mark, or trade description; and
(*b*) That on demand made by or on behalf of the prosecutor, he gave all the information in his power with respect to the persons from whom he obtained such goods or things; or
(*c*) That otherwise he had acted innocently;

be guilty of an offence against the Act.

Penalties.

Every person guilty of an offence against the Act shall be liable—

(i.) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding two years, or to a fine, or to both imprisonment and fine; and
(ii.) on summary conviction to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding four months, or to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds, and in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds; and
(iii.) in any case, to forfeit to His Majesty every chattel, article, instrument, or thing by means of or in relation to which the offence has been committed.

No prosecution for an offence against the Act may be commenced after the expiration of three years next after the commission of the offence, or one year next after the first discovery thereof by the prosecutor, whichever expiration first happens.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES ACTS.

UNIFORMITY OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

THE Weights and Measures Act, 1878, provides that the same weights and measures shall be used throughout the United Kingdom. Every contract, bargain, sale, or dealing, made or had in the United Kingdom for any work, goods, wares, or merchandise, or other thing which has been or is to be done, sold, delivered, carried, or agreed for by weight or measure, shall be deemed to be made, and had according to one of the imperial weights or measures ascertained by the Act, or to some multiple or part thereof, or according to weights and measures of the metric system (by the 1897 Act), and if not so made or had shall be void. Any person who sells by any denomination of weight or measure other than one of the imperial or metric weights or measures, or some multiple or part thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding forty shillings for every such sale.

Unjust Weights and Measures.

Every person who uses or has in his possession for use for trade any weight, measure, scale, balance, steelyard, or weighing machine which is false or unjust, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds, or in the case of a second offence ten pounds, and any contract, bargain, sale, or dealing made by the same shall be void, and the weight, measure, scale, balance, or steelyard shall be liable to be forfeited. Where any fraud is wilfully committed in the using of any weight, measure, scale, balance, steelyard, or weighing machine, the person committing such fraud, and every person party to the fraud, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds, or in the case of a second offence ten pounds, and the weight, measure, scale, balance, or steelyard shall be liable to be forfeited. A person shall not wilfully or knowingly make or sell, or cause to be made or sold, any false or unjust weight, measure, scale, balance, steelyard, or weighing machine. Every person who acts in contravention of this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds, or in the case of a second offence fifty pounds.

Stamping and Verification of Weights and Measures.

Every weight, except where the small size of the weight renders it impracticable, shall have the denomination of such weight stamped on the top or side thereof in legible figures and letters. Every measure of capacity shall have the denomination thereof stamped on the outside of such measure in legible figures and letters. A weight or measure not in conformity with this section shall not be stamped with such stamp of verification under the Act as is hereinafter mentioned. Every measure and weight whatsoever used for trade shall be verified and stamped by an inspector with a stamp of verification under the Act. Every person who uses or has in his possession for use for trade any measure or weight not stamped as required by this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds, or in the case of a second offence ten pounds, and shall be liable to forfeit the said measure or weight, and any contract, bargain, sale, or dealing made by such measure or weight shall be void. A weight made of lead or pewter, or of any mixture thereof, shall not be stamped with a stamp of verification, or used for trade, unless it be wholly and substantially cased with brass, copper, or iron, and legibly stamped or marked "cased": Provided that nothing in this section shall prevent the insertion into a weight of such a plug of lead or pewter as is *bonâ fide* necessary for the purpose of adjusting it and of affixing thereon the stamp of verification. A person guilty of any offence against, or disobedience to, the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds, or in the case of a second offence ten pounds.

Inspection of Weights and Measures.

Every inspector under the Act, authorised in writing under the hand of a justice of the peace, also every justice of the peace, may at all reasonable times inspect all weights, measures, scales, balances, steelyards, and weighing machines within his jurisdiction which are used or in the possession of any person or on any premises for use for trade, and may compare every such weight and measure with some local standard, and may seize and detain any weight, measure, scale, balance, or steelyard which is liable to be forfeited in pursuance of the Act, and may for the purpose of such inspection enter any place, whether a building or in the open air, whether open or enclosed, where he has reasonable cause to believe that there is any weight, measure, scale, balance, steelyard, or weighing machine which he is authorised by the Act to inspect. Any person who neglects or refuses to produce for such inspection all weights, measures, scales, balances, steelyards, and weighing machines in his possession or on his premises, or refuses to permit the justice or inspector to examine the same or any of them, or obstructs the entry of the justice or inspector under this section, or otherwise obstructs or hinders a justice or inspector acting under this section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds, or in the case of a second offence ten pounds.

Legal Proceedings.

All offences under the Act may be prosecuted and all fines and forfeitures under the Act may be recovered on summary conviction before a court of summary jurisdiction in manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Act. A person shall not be liable to any increased penalty for a second offence under any section of the Act unless that offence was committed after a conviction within five years previously for an offence under the same section. Where any weight, measure, scale, balance, steelyard, or weighing machine is found in the possession of any person carrying on trade within the meaning of the Act, or on the premises of any person which, whether a building or in the open air, whether open or enclosed, are used for trade within the meaning of the Act, such person shall be deemed for the purposes of the Act, until the contrary is proved, to have such weight, measure, scale, balance, steelyard, or weighing machine in his possession for use for trade. Any person who feels himself aggrieved by a conviction or order of a court of summary jurisdiction under the Act may appeal therefrom.

Pharmaceutical Measures.

In the preparation of medicines quantities are now expressed throughout the Pharmacopœia both in imperial and metric weights and measures. For the purpose of measures of capacity the new Pharmacopœia continues to use imperial measuring vessels graduated at the legal temperature of 62° Fahrenheit (16°·7 Centigrade). The official names of the metric capacity-units are defined at 39°·2 Fahrenheit; or 4° Centigrade as generally adopted on the Continent. The Pharmacopœia also follows the practice adopted abroad and employs metric measures of capacity and volumetric vessels graduated at 15°·5 Centigrade or 60° Fahrenheit. Specific gravity bottles are also to be adjusted at 60° Fahrenheit (15°·5 Centigrade), the figures indicating specific gravities being quotients obtained by dividing, in each instance, the weight of the solid or liquid by the weight of an equal bulk of water, both taken at 60° Fahrenheit (15°·5 Centigrade) Apparently there are in use, therefore, two metric capacity-units, one containing a litre at 4° Centigrade (39°·2 Fahrenheit), and the other a litre at 15°·5 Centigrade (60° Fahrenheit). Actually, however, there is only the one metric capacity-unit, that at 4° Centigrade as defined in the Order in Council dated 19th May, 1898, and from which the litre at 15°·5 Centigrade is ascertained. The metric standards, from 20 litres to a millilitre, used by local inspectors of weights and measures, are verified in relation to the litre at 4° Centigrade; such measures are made of brass, and each measure holds its true capacity when filled to the brim. In the case, however, of graduated glass standards, used by the inspectors in testing pharmaceutical measures, these are engraved in accordance with the Pharmacopœia to contain their capacities at 15°·5 Centigrade or in ordinary air. Metric glass measures verified by inspectors for pharmaceutical use, or for the use of chemists and druggists, should have the temperature 15°·5 Centigrade, or 60° Fahrenheit, marked on them, *i.e.*, the litre should hold at 15°·5 one kilogram weight of water at that temperature. Where this temperature is not so marked, then it is always to be assumed that the measuring vessel has its temperature at 4° Centigrade.

The Pharmacopœia imperial measures of capacity include:—

1 Minim	min.	
1 Fluid Drachm	fl. drm.	= 60 minims.
1 Fluid Ounce	fl. oz.	= 8 fl. drachms
1 Pint	O.	= 20 fl. ounces
1 Gallon	G.	= 8 pints

SPIRITS AND REVENUE ACTS.

THE Spirits Act, 1880, provides that no person may, without being licensed to do so, or on any premises to which his licence does not extend—

(*a*) Have or use a still for distilling, rectifying, or compounding spirits; or

(*b*) Brew or make wort or wash, or distil low wines, feints, or spirits; or

(*c*) Rectify or compound spirits.

(2) If any person contravenes this section, he shall for each offence incur a fine of five hundred pounds, and all spirits, and vessels, utensils, and materials for distilling or preparing spirits, in his possession shall be forfeited.

A person shall not have a licence to keep a still of less capacity than four hundred gallons, unless he has in use a still of that capacity, or produces to the Commissioners a certificate, signed by three justices for the county or place, that he is a person of good character, and fit and proper to be licensed to keep such a still, and that the premises in which he proposes to erect the still, and of which he is in actual possession, are of the yearly value of ten pounds at least. If the still is intended to be kept by persons in partnership, a certificate to the above effect with regard to one of the partners shall be sufficient. The Commissioners may, if they think fit, refuse to grant the licence, notwithstanding the production of the justices' certificate; but, in case of refusal, they shall state the grounds thereof, in writing signed by them, to the justices.

The Sale of Spirits and Beverages.

The sale of spirits, or spirituous preparations, necessitates the taking out of an Excise Licence. There is, however, still in force an exempting enactment which permits Chemists to prepare and supply, without licence, medicines containing spirit "for sick, lame, or distempered persons only." How far the exemption would be allowed to extend, inquiry at Somerset House failed to elicit, but there is reason to believe that as restrictive an interpretation as possible will be given to the wording of this saving clause in favour of pharmacists. Ginger Beer, Herb Beer, and similar preparations may be sold without restriction provided they contain less than two per cent. of proof spirit. In practice, proceedings are rarely instituted in respect of beverages containing less than three per cent. of proof spirit.

Methylated Spirit.

Any person, not being a distiller or rectifier of spirits, or a dealer in or retailer of beer, spirits, wines, or sweets, may obtain a licence to receive and sell methylated spirits under certain conditions hereinafter referred to. The licence duty is 10s. per annum, and is renewable on the first day of October in each year. Licences are also granted for one, two, or three quarters of a year at proportionate rates. The penalty for selling methylated spirit without proper licence is £50 in addition to any other liability which such unlawful sale may involve. Retailers of methylated spirit are prohibited by the Revenue Act of 1889 from selling methylated spirit between 10 p.m. on Saturday and 8 a.m. on the following Monday. Contravention of this provision renders the offender liable to a fine of £100 for each offence. A retailer must not sell or have on his premises any methylated spirit containing any essential oil or other flavouring matter, or in which the proper quantity of mineral naphtha (three-eighths of one per cent.) has not been dissolved.

A licensed retailer of methylated spirit may, if he so desires, and previously obtains the sanction of the Revenue Commissioners, receive ordinary methylated spirit for use in any art or manufacture, in addition to retailing the mineralised kind, but he must, under certain conditions, give security that he will use the methylated spirit in the art or manufacture, and for no other purpose. A fine of £50 is incurred if it be used for other purposes. A retailer receiving the permission above indicated (which, it may be noted, is not required for the use of mineralised methylated spirit in the manufacture of Linimenta Saponis, Camph. Co., Aconiti, Belladonnæ) must:—

(*a*) Order on the prescribed form of requisition, and correctly fill in the particulars demanded. On the back of the requisition is a certificate which must be signed by the proper Revenue Officer, testifying that the requisition is made by a person authorised to receive methylated spirit. The counterfoil of the requisition form must be kept for production when demanded.
(*b*) Order from an authorised methylator only.
(*c*) Keep apart from each other the methylated spirit received for retailing, and the ordinary methylated spirit received for use in any art or manufacture.

In all cases where methylated spirit is both used and retailed, and no larger quantity than 50 gallons of ordinary methylated spirit is kept in stock, the premises are to be surveyed in the same manner as those of retailers only; any increase beyond the quantity used under the Board's authority being disregarded if not amounting to more than 10 per cent., otherwise it has to be reported to the Board. When more than 50 gallons of ordinary methylated spirit is used annually, the user is required to give bond. No bond, however, is required in the case of mineralised methylated spirit used with the Board's sanction, in any art, providing the user does not keep a larger stock than 50 gallons. The use of methylated spirit in the preparation of "Absolute Alcohol" is illegal, and the Board of Inland Revenue has signified its intention of instituting proceedings whenever it is discovered that any such process involving the purification of the spirit is carried on.

Every retailer is required to comply with the following regulations, breach of any one of which entails the penalty of £50 and forfeiture of the spirit:—

(*a*) He must enter with the Commissioners each room or place where he intends to keep or sell the spirit.
(*b*) Must not keep or sell the spirit in any other place.
(*c*) Must not receive or possess at any one time a greater quantity of methylated spirit than 50 gallons.
(*d*) Must not receive methylated spirit except from an authorised methylator or a retailer of methylated spirit.
(*e*) Must not receive from a retailer of methylated spirit at one time a quantity of spirit exceeding one gallon.
(*f*) Must not sell to or for the use of, any one person more than one gallon at a time.
(*g*) Must on request at all reasonable times produce his stock of spirit for examination by a Revenue Officer.
(*h*) Must keep an account, when required to do so, in prescribed form, of his stock, and of sales thereof.
(*i*) Must label the containing vessel in all sales of the spirit with the words "Methylated Spirit."

Methylated spirit sold in conformity with these regulations is exempt from spirit duty.

General Conditions.

An officer may in the daytime enter and inspect the premises of a retailer of methylated spirit, or any premises of a person authorised to receive methylated spirit, and inspect, examine, and take samples of any methylated spirit therein, or of any preparation containing or suspected of containing methylated spirit, paying a reasonable price for each sample. If any person refuses to allow an officer to exercise any of these powers, he will incur a fine of £50 for each offence. Officers are instructed to leave a portion of any sample of methylated spirit or finish, purchased from unlicensed traders, with the vendor, to enable him to have it examined, as in the case of samples purchased under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act.

No person may supply, remove, or receive methylated spirit except under the foregoing conditions, and for each contravention of such conditions a fine of £50 is incurred, with forfeiture of the spirit in respect of which the offence is committed. A fine of £100 is incurred and the spirit forfeited if any person—

(*a*) prepares or attempts to prepare any methylated spirit for use as or for a beverage or as a mixture with a beverage; or
(*b*) sells any methylated spirit, whether so prepared or not, as or for a beverage, or mixed with a beverage; or
(*c*) uses any methylated spirit or any derivative thereof in the preparation of any article capable of being used wholly or partially as a beverage, or internally as a medicine; or
(*d*) sells or has in his possession any such article in the preparation of which methylated spirit or any derivative thereof has been used.

Use of Methylated Spirit in Pharmacy.

Methylated spirit may, however, be used in the composition of soap, compound camphor, aconite and belladonna liniments of the British Pharmacopœia, and in the manufacture of sulphuric ether, chloroform, and hydrate of chloral. This permission does not, however, enable a vendor to escape the provisions of the Food and Drugs Acts if he supply methylated tinctures when official tinctures are demanded by the purchaser. The Board of Inland Revenue has, in answer to personal inquiry, stated that the preparation of an ethereal tincture of capsicum, in which methylated ether was substituted for ordinary alcohol, would not be objected to. When permission has been obtained, methylated spirit can also be used in the preparation of vegetable and other extracts, provided such extracts are so prepared as to ensure the complete removal of the methylated spirit from the finished product. No flavouring matter or essential oil may be added to, or mixed with, methylated spirit unless express sanction to do so has been accorded by the Board. Bond is not required when ordinary methylated spirit is authorised to be used in hospitals or other public institutions, or by Professors of Colleges, but the application to the Board should come from the Governing Body through its Secretary.

Varnish and Finish.

Varnish and the article known as "Finish," must contain at least three ounces of shellac, or other gum resin, to the gallon. No licence is needed for the sale of "Finish" if the above condition has been complied with, and no other substance added.

Essences for Aërated Beverages, etc.

Essences, provided they are not made with Methylated Spirit, may be made and sold without licence when strictly complying with the following conditions, viz.:—

(1) Essences used in Medicine, prepared according to the formula of some recognised Pharmacopœia.
(2) Essences used solely in Confectionery and Food.
(3) Essences prepared for, and sold only to, Aërated Water Manufacturers, to be used solely by them in making such waters.

In the event of any Chemist desiring to make an essence which does not comply with these conditions, an inquiry should be made of the Board of Inland Revenue as to liability to a Compounder's licence.

Medicated Wines.

For the sale of a medicated wine properly so-called—that is to say, a wine sufficiently medicated to be rendered unfit for use as a beverage—no excise licence is required. In regard to Vinum Quininæ, B.P., the pronouncement of the Board of Inland Revenue is that Orange Wine compounded with sulphate of quinine in the proportion of one grain of quinine in every ounce of such wine, being described as a medicine in the Pharmacopœia, and—the essential consideration—being no longer fit to be used as a beverage, may be sold by Chemists and Druggists without a wine licence. On the same principle Vinum Antimonialis and Vinum Ipecacuanhæ are allowed to be sold without restriction. Vinum Ferri, however, must contain the equivalent of at least one grain of metallic iron to the fluid ounce to escape liability to excise duty, and non-liable Vinum Pepsinæ must contain 320 grains of pepsin and 2 fluid drachms of strong hydrochloric acid in the pint. Many of the coca wines on the market necessitate taking out a licence, but the Board will pass a preparation of this kind if it contain half a grain of alkaloid to the fluid ounce, and is otherwise unfit for use as a beverage. Application for a wine licence should be made to the justices at their annual licensing session, which, under the provisions of the new Licensing Act, 1902, takes place during the first fortnight in February. The new Act invests the justices with absolute discretion in the granting of any "off" licence. An exception, however, is made in favour of licences in force on June 25, 1902, which are directed to be renewed unless the licencee has been guilty of misconduct in the management of the business carried on under the licence.

Licences.

The following list of licence duties, with the dates on which each licence should be renewed, is compiled for convenient reference:—

	Per Annum.	Renewable.
Stamped medicines, licence to sell..	£0 5 0	Sept. 1
Methylated spirit:—		
Retailer........................	0 10 0	Oct. 1
Methylator	10 10 0	Oct. 1
For the use of a still	0 10 0	July 5
Spirit rectifiers and compounders ..	10 10 0	July 5
Dealers in "sweets" or made wines	5 5 0	July 5
Retailers of "sweets" or made wines	1 5 0	July 5
Wine dealers......................	10 10 0	July 5
Wine retailers .... (For consumption off the premises)	2 10 0	Feb. 1-14

THE USE OF STILLS ACT.

LICENCES, OFFENCES, AND PENALTIES.

THE use of stills is regulated by an Act passed in 1846 (9 and 10 Vict., cap. 90), which imposes an Excise duty of 10s. per annum on every person using a still or retort. Licensed distillers, rectifiers, or compounders of spirits or vinegar makers, as persons paying Excise duties under other enactments, are specifically relieved from the incidence of the Use of Stills Act. In practice, the Board of Inland Revenue also foregoes the payment of duty in respect to any works coming within the Alkali Works Regulation Act, 1881, and for which there is in force a certificate of registration within the meaning of the provisions of that Act.

Exemptions.

Exemptions may also be obtained in the case of stills or retorts kept or used solely for scientific work or for purposes which would render the apparatus unfit for the manufacture of spirits or spirituous mixtures, but such exemptions are only granted after application to the Board through the nearest Revenue officer and after inspection of the premises and utensils concerned. It must not be assumed that an innocent use of distilling appliances is sufficient to take the user out of the scope of the Statute; and too strong an emphasis cannot be made of the fact that all uses of stills are improper and unlawful until either a licence has been obtained or an official intimation has been given that such licence will not be regarded as requisite in the particular circumstances. Neither the grant of a licence nor the receipt of official permission to keep a still authorises the licencee or the beneficiaire to distil spirits.

Payment of Duty.

The duty must be paid yearly, on or before July 5, and must be renewed so long as the still or retort is kept.

Liability to Inspection of Premises.

The premises of any licencee may be entered by any officer of Excise at any time for the purpose of examining apparatus kept or used by such licencee, and the same liability to inspection occurs in cases where stills are used by science teachers and others acting under the special permission of the Board. Revenue officers are required to make their visits at reasonable hours—*i.e.*, between 5 a.m. and 11 p.m.—unless there are exceptional circumstances which render a midnight visitation necessary, in which case the officer or officers must be accompanied by a representative of the police.

Penalties.

The breach of the provisions of this Statute involves liability to a penalty not exceeding £50, together with confiscation of all the criminatory appliances. Penalties are recoverable under the procedure prescribed by the Summary Jurisdiction Acts, and corporate bodies are just as amenable to proceedings as individuals.

Definition and General.

The Board holds that the terms of the Statute are sufficiently wide to embrace anything capable of being used for distilling liquids, and that the mere fact of keeping such an apparatus, or piece of apparatus, either for use or sale, may be interpreted as a contravention of the law. Chemists and druggists who stock apparatus for chemical experiments should, therefore, be particularly careful to ascertain the opinion of the nearest Revenue officer as to the liability of the goods offered for sale. If any are deemed to be within the Statute application for exemption should at once be made to the Board, and in all genuine cases this is readily granted.

THE EXPLOSIVES ACT, 1875.

GUNPOWDER, COLOURED FIRES, AND FIREWORKS.

THE Explosives Act, 1875, applies to gunpowder, nitroglycerine, dynamite, gun-cotton, blasting powders, fulminate of mercury or of other metals, coloured fires, and every other substance, whether similar to those above mentioned or not, used or manufactured with a view to produce a practical effect by explosion or a pyrotechnic effect; also to fog-signals, fireworks, fuzes, rockets, percussion caps, detonators, cartridges, ammunition of all descriptions, and every adaptation or preparation of an explosive as above defined.

General Law as to Manufacture and Keeping of Gunpowder.

The manufacture of gunpowder, coloured fires, and all other explosives, and even the manufacture of fireworks privately for private use, shall not, nor shall any process of such manufacture, be carried on except at a factory for gunpowder either lawfully existing or licensed for the same. In an official report on an explosion occurring in a shop, Major Cundill, Inspector of Explosives, says—"In no case would a chemist's (or other public) shop ever be licensed for the manufacture of any fireworks, still less for the manufacture of such especially dangerous fireworks as coloured fires containing chlorate." It is permitted, however, to make small quantities of gunpowder, etc., for the purpose of chemical experiment, and not for practical use or for sale. If any person manufactures gunpowder, etc., or carries on any process of such manufacture at any place at which he is not allowed by law so to do, he shall be deemed to manufacture gunpowder at an unauthorised place. The penalty for manufacturing contrary to the Act is a continuing one of £100 a day, together with forfeit of material. Gunpowder, etc., may not be kept except in premises registered for that purpose, but this does not apply to a person keeping for his private use and not for sale gunpowder to an amount not exceeding on the same premises thirty pounds.

Keeping of Explosive for Private Use.

No unauthorised explosive or any authorised explosive of the fulminate class may be kept for private use, neither may any explosive, other than gunpowder, and safety cartridges, etc., made therewith, be kept for private use, except that any person requiring any authorised explosives (except those belonging to the fulminate class) for some special purpose, and not for sale, may, on obtaining a certificate, keep for private use the explosive mentioned in the certificate, and for the time specified therein. The chief officer of police is the person to whom application for a certificate as above should be addressed.

Classification of Explosives.

An Order in Council, dated August 5th, 1875, divides Explosives into the following classes:—

Class 1. Gunpowder.
„ 2. Nitrate Mixture.
„ 3. Nitro Compound.
„ 4. Chlorate Mixture
Class 5. Fulminate.
„ 6. Ammunition.
„ 7. Fireworks.

Any substance coming within more than one of the above classes is to be deemed to belong exclusively to the latest of the classes within which it falls.

Class 2 includes Pyrolithe, Pudrolithe, Poudre Saxifragine, and any mechanical mixture of a nitrate with any form of carbon or carbonaceous substance.

Class 3 is subdivided into two parts:—

(*a*) Comprising—
Nitro-Glycerine,
Dynamite,
Lithofracteur,
Dualine,
Glyoxiline,
Methylic Nitrate,
and any substance consisting wholly or partly of nitroglycerine or other liquid nitro-compound.

(*b*) Comprising, among other substances—
Picric powder,
Picrates,
Nitro-mannite,
Xyloidine,
and any nitro-compound not included in the first division.

Class 4 comprises any explosive containing a chlorate, and is subdivided into two parts.

Class 5 has also two subdivisions:—

(*a*) Including fulminate of silver and mercury and their preparations; and any preparation consisting of a mixture of a chlorate with phosphorus or certain phosphorus compounds; and any mixture of sulphur with a chlorate.
(*b*) Including chloride and iodide of nitrogen, fulminating gold or silver, diazobenzol and its nitrate.

Class 6 has three subdivisions, all referring to explosives enclosed in cases or contrivances for use as ammunition.

Class 7 is subdivided into two parts:—

(*a*) Comprising "firework composition," by which is meant mechanically mixed preparations of an explosive or inflammable nature.
(*b*) Comprising any "firework composition" enclosed in a case or contrivance for the production of pyrotechnic effects.

Collodion.

Soluble Guncotton or Collodion Cotton is deemed an "explosive," and as a substance coming within the scope of the Act and the orders made thereunder. An exception is made when the Cotton is

(*a*) in solution in alcohol and ether, or
(*b*) wet, or
(*c*) saturated with methylated spirit, and contained in airtight cases, such conditions being found to deprive the substance of explosive properties.

Picric Acid and Picrates.

Picric Acid, when in process of manufacture or storage, is deemed to be an explosive within the meaning of the Act, except

(*a*) when wholly in solution;
(*b*) when being manufactured or stored in a factory, building, or place exclusively appropriated to its manufacture or storage, and when stored in a manner effectually preventing its contact with any other substance capable of forming with it an explosive compound, or with any article capable of exploding or igniting it.

Picrates and mixtures of Picric Acid with any substance capable of forming, with Picric Acid, an explosive compound or mixture, are deemed to be an explosive within the meaning of the Act for all purposes of the Act, except such Picrates or mixtures be wholly in solution. This Order refers only to Picric Acid which does not fall within the definition of an explosive in virtue of the purpose for which it is used or manufactured.

Acetylene.

Acetylene when liquid or when subject to a pressure above that of the atmosphere capable of supporting a column of water exceeding one hundred inches in height, and whether or not in admixture with other substances, is deemed to be an explosive, subject to the following exception: that if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that acetylene, declared to be explosive by this Order when in admixture with any substance, or in any form or condition, is not possessed of explosive properties, the Secretary of State may by Order exempt such acetylene from being deemed to be an explosive.

Acetylene declared to be an explosive is prohibited from being manufactured, imported, kept, conveyed, or sold. A similar order has also been promulgated in respect of acetylene mixed with atmospheric air or with oxygen.

THE PETROLEUM ACTS.

KEEPING, STORING, AND CONVEYANCE OF PETROLEUM.

THE Petroleum Acts of 1871 and 1879 regulate the keeping, storing, and conveying of Petroleum. By the first-mentioned statute Petroleum is defined as including any "rock oil, Rangoon oil, Burmah oil, oil made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, peat, or other bituminous substance, and any products of petroleum, or any of the above-mentioned oils." By a decision of the Divisional Court in 1899 (L.C.C. *v.* Holzapfels Company) it follows that compositions containing Petroleum Spirit within the meaning of the Act are themselves subject to the provisions of the Act. A vessel containing any petroleum to which the Acts apply must have attached thereto a label in conspicuous characters, stating the description of the petroleum, with the addition of the words "highly inflammable," when sold or exposed for sale. Any contravention of these conditions involves liability to a penalty not exceeding five pounds and confiscation of the petroleum and its containing vessel.

Storage.

Petroleum may not be kept except in pursuance of a licence given by a local authority within the meaning of the Act, under penalty of forfeiture and a fine not exceeding twenty pounds a day for each day during which such petroleum is so kept, except when the petroleum is kept either for private use or for sale, and the following conditions are complied with:—

(1) That it is kept in separate glass, earthenware, or metal vessels, each of which contains not more than a pint, and is securely stopped.
(2) That the aggregate amount kept, supposing the whole contents of the vessels to be in bulk, does not exceed three gallons.

Carbide of Calcium.

By an Order in Council, dated February 26, 1897, this substance was officially declared to present dangers similar to those presented by Petroleum, and it was consequently placed under the provisions of the Petroleum Acts, 1871 to 1879. The permission to keep without licence small quantities of Petroleum under certain conditions does not apply in the case of Calcium Carbide, but an unlicensed person may keep as much as 5 lb. of Carbide, provided it is contained in "separate substantial hermetically closed metal vessels containing not more than 1 lb. each." If kept under any other conditions the concession ceases to have effect. Each vessel containing Carbide must bear in conspicuous characters the words "Carbide of Calcium," "Dangerous if not kept dry," together with the following cautionary notice:—"The contents of this package are liable, if brought into contact with moisture, to give off a highly inflammable gas." In the case of a vessel placed in store, the name and address of the consignee or owner must be added to the foregoing notices. Vessels of Carbide sent or conveyed must bear the name and address of the sender. Vessels sold or exposed for sale must bear the name and address of the vendor.

Petroleum Spirit in London.

Persons keeping petroleum spirit in the County of London are not required to obtain a licence, provided—

(*a*) That the total quantity kept does not exceed three gallons.

(*b*) That the spirit is kept in securely stopped vessels, each of which contains not more than one pint.

(*c*) That not more than one of such vessels is opened upon the premises at one time, whether for use or for re-bottling for sale.

PATENTS, DESIGNS, AND TRADE MARKS ACTS.

REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARKS.

THE conditions of registration of trade marks are as follows:—

(1) A trade mark for the purposes of the Act must consist of or contain at least one of the following essential particulars:

(*a*) A name of an individual or firm printed, impressed, or woven in some particular and distinctive manner; or

(*b*) A written signature or copy of a written signature of the individual or firm applying for registration thereof as a trade mark; or

(*c*) A distinctive device, mark, brand, heading, label, or ticket; or

(*d*) An invented word or invented words; or

(*e*) A word or words having no reference to the character or quality of the goods and not being a geographical name.

(2) There may be added to any one or more of the essential particulars mentioned in this section any letters, words, or figures, or combination of letters, words, or figures, or of any of them, but the applicant for registration of any such additional matter must state in his application the essential particulars of the trade mark, and must disclaim in his application any right to the exclusive use of the added matter, and a copy of the statement and disclaimer shall be entered on the register.

(3) Provided as follows:

(i.) A person need not disclaim his own name or the foreign equivalent thereof, or his place of business, but no entry of any such name shall affect the right of any owner of the same name to use that name or the foreign equivalent thereof:

(ii.) Any special and distinctive word or words, letter, figure, or combination of letters or figures, or of letters and figures, used as a trade mark before the thirteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, may be registered as a trade mark under this part of this Act.

Effect of Registration.

Application for registration of a trade mark shall be deemed to be equivalent to public use of the trade mark, and the date of the application shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be, and as from the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six to have been the date of the registration.

Trade Mark Rules, etc.

Trade Mark Rules are issued officially, and may be obtained on application to the Patent Office Publication Department, Quality Court, E.C., price 8d., or by post 9d. These deal in detail with the procedure of registration or opposition to registration.

Classification.—The following extract from the fifty classes into which goods are divided will be sufficient for those interested chiefly in pharmaceutical substances:—

Class 1. Chemical substances used in manufactures, photography, or philosophical research, and anti-corrosives, such as acids, including vegetable acids, alkalies, artists' colours, pigments, mineral dyes.

Class 2. Chemical substances used for agricultural, horticultural, veterinary and sanitary purposes, such as artificial manure, cattle medicines, deodorisers, vermin destroyers.

Class 3. Chemical substances prepared for use in medicine and pharmacy, such as cod-liver oil, medicated articles, patent medicines, plasters, rhubarb.

Class 4. Raw or partly prepared vegetable, animal, and mineral substances used in manufactures, not included in other classes, such as resins, oils used in manufactures and not included in other classes, dyes other than mineral, tanning substances, fibrous substances (*e.g.* cotton, hemp, flax, jute), wool, silk, bristles, hair, feathers, cork, seeds, coal, coke, bone, sponge.

Class 8. Philosophical instruments, scientific instruments and apparatus for useful purposes, instruments and apparatus for teaching, such as mathematical instruments, gauges, logs, spectacles, educational appliances.

Class 11. Instruments, apparatus, and contrivances, not medicated, for surgical or curative purposes, or in relation to the health of men and animals, such as bandages, friction gloves, lancets, fleams, enemas.

Class 20. Explosive substances, such as gunpowder, guncotton, dynamite, fog-signals, percussion caps, fireworks, cartridges.

Class 42. Substances used as food, or as ingredients in food, such as cereals, pulses, olive oils, hops, malt, dried fruits, tea, sago, salt, sugar, preserved meats, confectionery, oil cakes, pickles, vinegar, beer clarifiers.

Class 43. Fermented liquors and spirits, such as beer, cider, wine, whisky, liqueurs.

Class 44. Mineral and aërated waters, natural and artificial, including ginger-beer.

Class 47. Candles, common soap, detergents; illuminating, heating, or lubricating oils; matches; and starch, blue, and other preparations for laundry purposes, such as washing powders, benzine collas.

Class 48. Perfumery (including toilet articles, preparations for the teeth and hair, and perfumed soap).

Class 50. Miscellaneous, including—(1) Goods manufactured from ivory, bone, or wood, not included in other classes, such as coopers' wares. (2) Goods manufactured from straw or grass, not included in other classes. (3) Goods manufactured from animal and vegetable substances, not included in other classes. (4) Tobacco pipes. (5) Umbrellas, walking-sticks, brushes and combs. (6) Furniture cream, plate powder. (7) Tarpaulins, tents, rick-cloths, rope, twine. (8) Buttons of all kinds, other than of precious metal or imitations thereof. (9) Packing and hose of all kinds. (10) Goods not included in the foregoing classes.

FEES FOR REGISTRATION, ETC.

	£	s.	d.
On application to register a trade mark for one or more articles included in one class	0	5	0
For registration of a trade mark for one or more articles included in one class	1	0	0
For registering a series of trade marks, for every additional representation after the first in each class	0	5	0
On appeal from Comptroller to Board of Trade. By appellant	1	0	0
On notice of opposition for each application opposed. By opponent	1	0	0
On hearing by Comptroller. By applicant and by opponent respectively	1	0	0
On application to register a subsequent proprietor in cases of assignment or transmission, the first mark	1	0	0
For every additional mark assigned or transmitted at the same time	0	2	0
For certificate of refusal to register a trade mark under Section 77	1	0	0
For certificate of refusal at the same time for more than one trade mark, for each additional trade mark after the first	0	10	0
For continuance of mark at expiration of fourteen years	1	0	0
Additional fee where fee is paid within three months after expiration of fourteen years	0	10	0
Additional fee for restoration of trade mark where removed for non-payment of fee	1	0	0
For altering address on the register, for every mark	0	5	0
For every entry in the register of a rectification thereof or an alteration therein, not otherwise charged	0	10	0

	£	s.	d
For cancelling the entry or part of the entry of a trade mark upon the register, on the application of the owner of such trade mark	0	5	0
On request to Comptroller to correct a clerical error or permit amendment of application under Section 91	0	5	0
For certificate of registration to be used in legal proceedings	1	0	0
For certificate of registration to be used for the purpose of obtaining registration in foreign countries	0	5	0
For copy of notification of registration	0	2	0
Settling a special case by Comptroller	2	0	0
For inspecting register, for every quarter of an hour	0	1	0
For making a search amongst the classified representations of trade marks, for every quarter of an hour	0	1	0
For office copy of documents, for every 100 words (but never less than one shilling)	0	0	4
For certifying office copies, MS. or printed	0	1	0
For certificate of Comptroller under Section 96, other than certificate of registration to be used in legal proceedings, or for the purpose of obtaining registration in a foreign country	0	5	0
In cases where the wood-block or electrotype of the trade mark exceeds two inches in breadth or depth, or in breadth and depth.—For every inch or part of an inch over two inches in breadth	0	2	0
For every inch or part of an inch over two inches in depth	0	2	0
Manchester Trade Marks Office	Same as above		
Sheffield Marks	Same as above		
On appeal from Cutlers' Company, Sheffield, to Comptroller	1	0	0

SECTION XIV.

POISONS AND ANTIDOTES.

SECTION XIV.—POISONS AND ANTIDOTES.

GENERAL PRINCIPLES.

THE following notes on treatment in cases of poisoning, by Edmund White, B.Sc. (Lond.), F.I.C., are reprinted, by permission, from the 'Pharmacopœia of St. Thomas's Hospital':—

1. **Remove by lavage or emesis** any poison which remains in the stomach, or chemically neutralise it.
   For lavage, use a soft stomach-tube and warm water containing the appropriate chemical antidote, if such be available, in solution or suspension.
   For emetics, see list below.
   (**Caution !** avoid lavage and emesis in poisoning by corrosive substances.)
2. **Administer the physiological antidote**, if one be known. See list below.
3. **Hasten elimination of the poison**.—Intravenous infusion of normal saline solution in poisoning with alkaloids. Aperients. (**Caution !** Avoid castor oil in phosphorus poisoning.)
4. **Treat other symptoms** as they arise:

   Collapse.—Hot bottles. **Caution !** Beware of burning an unconscious patient. Hot blankets. Strong coffee by mouth or rectum. Elevate foot of bed.

   Syncope.—Recumbency. Subcutaneous injections of ether or strychnine. Arom. sp. of ammonia in water, by the mouth. Faradism. Mustard papers to precordial region.

   Respiratory Failure.—Artificial respiration. Cold affusion. Tracheotomy, if there is laryngeal obstruction. Oxygen inhalation.

   Pain, if severe.—Morphine hypodermically.

5. **When poison has been eliminated**, as far as possible, give demulcents (see following list).

LIST OF ANTIDOTES.

The following articles are the most useful antidotes in cases of poisoning. The quantities given are for adults and for a single dose, which must be repeated, within the limits of safe dosage, according to the severity of the symptoms and the quantity of poison ingested.

EMETICS.

1. **Apomorphine Hydrochloride**, $\frac{1}{10}$ gr. for hypod. inj.
2. **Powd. Ipecac.** (*not* Pulv. Ipecac. *Co.*), 30 gr. in water.
3. **Liq. Ext. of Ipecac.**, 20 m. in water.
4. **Mustard**, one tablespoonful in 8 oz. water.
5. **Common Salt**, one tablespoonful in warm water.
6. **Zinc Sulphate**, 30 gr. in 8 oz. warm water.

If there is delay in obtaining emetics tickling the fauces may be resorted to.

DEMULCENTS.

7. **Milk.**
8. **Olive Oil,**
9. **Thick Gruel** (fine oatmeal, 1 oz., mixed and boiled with 10 oz. of water).
10. **White of Egg.**

STIMULANTS.

11. **Brandy,** $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. in 2 oz. water.
12. **Strychnine Hydrochloride,** $\frac{1}{60}$ gr. for hypod. inj.
13. **Ether,** 30-60 m., for hypod. inj.
14. **Arom. Spt. of Ammonia,** 60 m. in water.
15. **Smelling bottle,** for ammonia inhalation.
16. **Coffee,** 2 oz. to be boiled with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint water.
17. **Mustard Papers,** to be moistened with tepid water.

CHEMICAL ANTIDOTES.

18. **Chalk, Whiting,** or **Wall Plaster,** $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. stirred up in water.
19. **Sodium** or **Potassium Bicarbonate,** 120 gr. in water (only used for acids in absence of magnesia and chalk, on account of the rapid evolution of gas).
20. **Magnesia,** $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. stirred up in water.
21. **Sacch. Sol. of Lime,** 1-2 fl. drm. in water.
22. **Citric** or **Tartaric Acid,** 20 gr. in water.
23. **Vinegar** or **Lemon Juice,** 1 oz. diluted with water.
24. **Magnesium** or **Sodium Sulphate,** $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. in 8 oz. of water.
25. **Hydrated Ferric Oxide,** produced when required by adding to $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Sol. of Ferric Chloride in 8 oz. of water, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. Magnesia or 2 fl. drm. Sol. of Ammonia (*not* Liq. Ammon. Fort.)
26. **Copper Sulphate,** $2\frac{1}{2}$ gr. in 2 or 3 oz. of water.
27. **French Turpentine** or **Sanitas,** 30 m. in 1 oz. of water, repeated about four times in the first hour.
28. **Potassium Permanganate,** 5 gr. in $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of water.
29. **Tannic Acid,** 20 gr. in water; or strong (overdrawn Tea.

PHYSIOLOGICAL ANTIDOTES.

30. **Amyl Nitrite** Capsules, 3 m., for inhalation.
31. **Atropine Sulphate,** $\frac{1}{60}$ gr. for hypod. inj.
32. **Chloral Hydrate,** 40 gr. in 3 oz. of water, by rectum or mouth.
33. **Chloroform,** for inhalation.
34. **Digitalis Tincture,** 20 m. for hypod. inj.
35. **Morphine Tartrate,** $\frac{1}{3}$ gr. for hypod. inj.
36. **Pilocarpine Nitrate,** $\frac{1}{4}$ gr. for hypod. inj.
37. **Potassium Bromide.** 30-60 gr. in water, by the mouth.

NORMAL SALINE Solution.

38. **Common Salt,** 60 gr. in one pint of sterilised water at bod temperature.

TREATMENT IN SPECIAL CASES.

The various poisons are arranged in groups, alphabetically, under the name of the active principle or typical member of each group. Apply in all cases the general principles of treatment, modified or supplemented as described under each group. The numbers refer to the numerical arrangement of the substances in the list of antidotes.

ACIDS, MINERAL. Hydrochloric. Nitric. Sulphuric. Spirit of Salt. Muriatic. Aqua Fortis. Acetic. Butter of Antimony. Soldering Fluid. Battery Fluids.	**Caution ! Lavage or Emesis** inadmissible. **Chemical Antidotes,** 20, 18, 19, 21. **Demulcents,** 7, 10, 9.
ACID, OXALIC. Salt of Sorrel. Salt of Lemon.	**Caution : Lavage** or **Emesis** only if case is treated soon after ingestion of poison, and then cautiously. **Chemical Antidotes,** 18, 21 ; *not* 19 or 20.
ACID, CARBOLIC. Creosote. Disinfecting Fluids.	**Lavage,** with care. Wash out with 24. **Demulcents,** 8, 7. **Stimulants,** freely. **Intravenous** or **rectal injection of saline solution.**
ACID, HYDROCYANIC. Cyanides. Bitter Almond Oil.	**General Principles,** page 145, particularly treatment for respiratory failure. **Stimulants,** 13, 14, 15, 11.
ACONITE. Monkshood. Aconitine.	**General Principles,** page 145, especially treatment for respiratory failure. **Stimulants,** 12, 11. **Saline infusion.**
ALCOHOL.	**General Principles,** especially Cold Affusion, Faradism, and Artificial Respiration.
ALKALIES. Potash. Soda. Ammonia. Hartshorn. Weed-killer.	**Caution ! Lavage** or **emesis** inadmissible. **Chemical Antidotes,** 22, 23. **Demulcents,** 8, 7, 10. **Stimulants.**
ANTIMONY SALTS. Tartar Emetic. Butter of Antimony.	**General Principles,** especially stimulants and treatment for collapse. Caution ! Avoid Lavage after Butter of Antimony (see Acids). Emesis generally occurs from action of poison — give copious draughts of warm water. **Chemical Antidote,** 29. **Demulcents,** 7, 10.
ARSENIC COMPOUNDS. White Arsenic. Weed Killers. Some Vermin Killers. Sheep Dips. Some Fly Papers.	**General Principles,** unless in poisoning by strongly alkaline weed-killers, when Lavage must be applied cautiously or not at all. **Chemical Antidote,** 25. **Demulcents.**
ATROPINE. Nightshade. Belladonna. Stramonium. Hyoscyamus.	**General Principles,** especially treatment for respiratory failure. **Chemical Antidote,** 29.. **Physiological Antidote,** 36.
BARIUM SALTS.	**General Principles.** **Chemical Antidote,** 24.
CAMPHOR. Camphorated Oil. (Lin. Camph.)	**General Principles.**
CANTHARIDES.	**General Principles.** Caution ! Proceed carefully if mouth or œsophagus be blistered. **Demulcents.**
CHLOROFORM.	**General Principles,** especially fresh air, stimulation, and artificial respiration. **Physiological Antidote,** 30.
COCAINE.	**General Principles,** with stimulants, 14, 15, 12. **Physiological Antidote,** 30.
COPPER. Blue Vitriol. Verdigris.	**General Principles.** **Chemical Antidote,** 19 (or Potassium Ferrocyanide, 10 gr. in 2 oz. of water). **Demulcent,** 7, copiously.
DIGITALIS. (Foxglove.)	**General Principles.** **Chemical Antidote,** 29.
GASES. Carbon Monoxide. Carbon Dioxide. Coal Gas. Sewer Gas. Acetylene. Chlorine. Nitrous Fumes.	**General Principles,** particularly artificial respiration and oxygen inhalation.
HYPNOTICS. Chloral Hydrate. Chloralamide. Sulphonal. Paraldehyde.	**General Principles.** **Stimulants,** particularly 12.
IODINE.	**General Principles.** **Chemical Antidote,** 21. **Demulcents,** copiously.
IRRITANTS, VEGETABLE. Unidentified Plants. Violent Purgatives. Nicotine. Tobacco. Savin. Squill.	**General Principles.** **Demulcent,** 7, freely by stomach tube.
LEAD SALTS.	**General Principles.** **Chemical Antidote,** 24.

MERCURY SALTS. White Precipitate. Red Precipitate.	**General Principles.** **Demulcents,** 10 and 7, freely.
MINERAL OILS. Benzoline. Paraffin. Petroleum.	**General Principles.** **Demulcents,** 8 freely, followed by free **lavage** with milk.
MORPHINE. Opium. Codeine. Syrup of Poppy. Soothing Syrups. Chlorodyne. Laudanum. Paregoric.	**General Principles.** **Chemical Antidote,** 28, freely washing out after use. **Physiological Antidote,** 31. **Stimulants** freely, but do not overdo rousing, forced movements and exposure.
PHOSPHORUS. Rat Pastes.	**General Principles.** **Chemical Antidotes,** 26, 27. **Demulcents.** Caution! avoid oil.
PTOMAINES. Stale Food. Canned Food.	**General Principles,** especially treatment for collapse. **Chemical, Antidote,** 29.
SILVER SALTS.	**General Principles.** **Chemical Antidote,** 5.
STRYCHNINE. Vermin Killer.	**General Principles.** **Chloroform** by inhalation, **Emesis** by Apomorphine, or **Lavage** as soon as patient is under influence of Chloroform. **Chemical Antidote,** 29. **Physiological Antidote,** 37, or 32.
TURPENTINE. Polishing Fluids or Pastes.	**General Principles;** **Lavage** with milk.
ZINC SALTS. White Vitriol. Burnett's Fluid. Soldering Fluid.	**Caution! Lavage** and **Emesis** inadmissible except in poisoning with neutral zinc salts. **Chemical Antidote,** 19. **Demulcents,** 7, copiously.

MEDICINAL AND FATAL DOSES OF POISONS.

Name of Poison.	Maximum Medicinal Dose.	Recorded Fatal Dose.
Acetanilide	3 grains	120 grains
Acid Arsenious	$\frac{1}{15}$ grain	2 grains
Acid Boric	15 grains	variable amount
Acid Carbolic	3 grains	60 grains
Acid Hydrochloric	—	1 fl. drachm
Acid Hydrochloric, Diluted	20 minims	
Acid Hydrocyanic, Diluted	6 minims	30 minims
Acid Nitric	—	2 fl. drachms
Acid Nitric, Diluted	20 minims	
Acid Oxalic	—	60 to 180 grains
Acid Sulphuric	—	1 fl. drachm
Acid Sulphuric, Diluted	20 minims	
Aconite Root	—	60 grains
Aconite, Green Extract of	1 grain	2 grains
Aconite, Tincture of	15 minims	1 fl. drachm
Aconitine	—	$\frac{1}{30}$ to $\frac{1}{15}$ grain
Alcohol	—	3 to 5 fl. ounces
Ammonia, Strong Solution of	—	1 fl. drachm
Aniline	—	4 fl. drachms
Antimony, Tartarated	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain as a diaphoretic 2 grains as an emetic	5 to 15 grains
Atropine and its Salts	$\frac{1}{100}$ grain	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 grains
Barium Salts	—	100 grains
Belladonna, Liquid Extract of	—	1 fl. drachm
Belladonna, Liniment of	—	1 fl. drachm
Belladonna Berries	—	14 berries
Bismuth Salts	20 grains	
Bismuth Oxynitrate	20 grains	120 grains
Bromine	—	2 minims
Brucine	—	6 grains
Camphor	5 grains	20 grains
Carbon Bisulphide	—	4 fl. drachms
Carbon Monoxide	—	1 p.c. is dangerous
Chloral Hydrate	20 grains	30 grains
Chloroform	5 minims	4 fl. drachms
Cocaine	$\frac{1}{2}$ grain	1 to 2 grains
Codeine	2 grains	$4\frac{1}{2}$ grains
Colchicum Corm	5 grains	48 grains
Colchicum, Extract of	1 grain	
Colchicum, Wine of	30 minims	$3\frac{1}{2}$ fl. drachms
Colchicum Seeds	—	60 grains
Coniine	—	1 drop
Copper Oxyacetate (Verdigris)	—	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce; Daily dose of $3\frac{1}{2}$ grains
Croton Oil	1 minim	$2\frac{1}{2}$ fl. drachms
Digitalin	—	$\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ grain
Digitalis Leaves	2 grains	38 grains
Digitalis, Infusion of	4 fl. drachms	
Digitalis, Tincture of	15 minims	9 fl. drachms
Ergot	60 grains	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 drachms
Foxglove, see Digitalis.		
Ferric Chloride Tincture of	15 minims	$1\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounces
Gelsemium, Liquid Extract of	—	3 fl. drachms
Gelsemium, Tincture of	15 minims	4 fl. drachms
Hyoscine Hydrobromide	$\frac{1}{100}$ grain	$\frac{1}{8}$ grain
Hyoscyamus, Tincture of	1 fl. drachm	4 fl. drachms
Iodine	—	$1\frac{1}{2}$ grains
Iodine, Tincture of	5 minims	1 fl. drachm
Lead Acetate	—	1 to 2 ounces
Lead Carbonate	—	1 to 2 ounces
Lobelia Herb	—	60 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	$\frac{1}{2}$ ounce in one dose $\frac{1}{4}$ ounce for repeated doses	1 to 4 fl. ounces
Mercuric Chloride (corrosive sublimate)	$\frac{1}{16}$ grain	3 to 5 grains
Mercuric Oxysulphate (Turpeth mineral)	—	40 grains
Mercurous Chloride (Calomel)	5 grains	6 grains
Mercury Ammoniated	—	35 grains
Morphine and its Salts	$\frac{1}{2}$ grain	1 grain
Nicotine	—	1 to 3 drops
Nitrobenzene	—	20 minims
Nitroglycerine	$\frac{1}{50}$ grain	1 ounce
Nux Vomica	4 grains	40 grains
Oil of Almonds, Essential	—	30 minims
Opium	2 grains	4 grains
Opium, Tincture of	15 minims for repeated doses 30 minims in one dose	2 fl. drachms
Phenol, see Acid Carbolic.		
Phosphorus	$\frac{1}{20}$ grain	$\frac{1}{8}$ to 2 grains
Potassium Bichromate	$\frac{1}{5}$ grain	120 grains
Potassium Chlorate	15 grains	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ounces
Potassium Cyanide	—	5 grains
Potassium Hydroxide	—	40 grains
Potassium Hydroxide, Solution of	30 minims	
Potassium Iodide	20 grains	5 grains in "iodism"
Potassium Nitrate	20 grains	120 grains
Salol	15 grains	15 grains
Silver Nitrate	$\frac{1}{2}$ grain	50 grains
Stramonium Seeds	—	100 seeds
Stramonium Extract	1 grain	8 grains
Strychnine and its Salts	$\frac{1}{15}$ grain	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 grains
Sulphonal	30 grains	1 ounce
Tobacco	5 grains as an emetic	6 grains
Turpentine	10 minims $\frac{1}{2}$ fl. ounce as an anthelmintic	6 fl. ounces
Verdigris, see Copper.		
Zinc Chloride	—	6 grains
Zinc Sulphate	2 grains as a tonic, 30 grains as an emetic	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ounces

SECTION XV.

STANDARDS FOR MEDICINES.

SECTION XV.—STANDARDS FOR MEDICINES (UMNEY).

TABLE A.—Ash Standards for Crude Drugs.

Drug.	Ash Standard of B.P., 1898.	Suggested Ash Standard.
Acaciæ Gummi	Not exceeding 4 per cent.	Not exceeding 4 per cent.
Aconiti Radix	Not stated.	6 ,,
Aloe Barbadensis	,, ,,	3 ,,
,, Socotrina	,, ,,	3 ,,
Ammoniacum	,, ,,	7·5 ,,
Amylum	,, ,,	0·5 ,,
Anethi Fructus	,, ,,	8 ,,
Anisi Fructus	,, ,,	8 ,,
Anthemidis Flores	,, ,,	6 ,,
Araroba	,, ,,	7·5 ,,
Arnicæ Rhizoma	,, ,,	10 ,,
Asafetida	Not exceeding 10 per cent.	20 ,,
Aurantii Cortex	Not stated.	7 ,,
Belladonnæ Radix	,, ,,	7 ,,
Benzoinum	,, ,,	2 ,,
Buchu Folia	,, ,,	5 ,,
Calumbæ Radix	,, ,,	6 ,,
Cambogia	Not exceeding 3 per cent.	3 ,,
Cannabis Indica	Not stated.	15 ,,
Cantharis	,, ,,	7 ,,
Capsici Fructus	Not exceeding 6 per cent.	6 ,,
Cardamomi Sem.	Not exceeding 4 per cent.	6 ,,
Carui Fructus	Not exceeding 8 per cent.	8 ,,
Caryophyllum	Not stated.	6 ,,
CascaræSagradæ Cor	,, ,,	5 ,,
Cascarillæ Cortex	,, ,,	10 ,,
Catechu	Not exceeding 5 per cent.	5 ,,
Chirata	Not stated.	6 ,,
Cimicifugæ Rhizoma	,, ,,	10 ,,
Cinchonæ Rubræ Cortex	,, ,,	4 ,,
Cinnamomi Cortex	Not exceeding 6 per cent.	6 ,,
Cocæ Folia	Not stated.	8 ,,
Coccus	Not exceeding 6 per cent.	8 ,,
Colchici Cormus	Not stated.	3 ,,
Colchici Semina	,, ,,	5 ,,
Colocynthidis Pulpa	Not less than 9 per cent.	Not less than 10 per cent.
Conii Folia	Not stated.	Not exceeding 15 per cent.
Conii Fructus	,, ,,	7 ,,
Coriandri Fructus	,, ,,	6 ,,
Crocus	Not exceeding 7 per cent.	7 ,,
Cubebæ Fructus	Not stated	7 ,,
Cuspariæ Cortex	,, ,,	9 ,,
Cusso	,, ,,	7 ,,
Digitalis Folia	,, ,,	10 ,,
Elaterium	,, ,,	14 ,,
Ergota	,, ,,	6 ,,
Eucalypti Gummi	,, ,,	0·5 ,,
Euonymi Cortex	,, ,,	10 ,,
Filix-Mas	,, ,,	5 ,,
Fœniculi Fructus	,, ,,	10 ,,
Galbanum	,, ,,	8 ,,
Galla	,, ,,	3 ,,
Gelsemii Radix	,, ,,	3 ,,
Gentianæ Radix	,, ,,	5 ,,
Glycyrrhizæ Radix	,, ,,	4 ,,
Granati Cortex	,, ,,	15 ,,
Guaiaci Lignum	,, ,,	2 ,,
Guaiaci Resina	,, ,,	3 ,,
HæmatoxyliLignum	,, ,,	2 ,,
Hamamelidis Cortex	,, ,,	5 ,,
Hamamelidis Folia	,, ,,	,,
Hemidesmi Radix	Not stated.	Not exceeding 4 per cent.
Hydrastis Rhizoma	,, ,,	10 ,,
Hyoscyami Folia	,, ,,	12 ,,
Ipecacuanhæ Radix	,, ,,	5 ,,
Jaborandi Folia	,, ,,	7 ,,
Jalapa	,, ,,	6 ,,
Kino	,, ,,	2 ,,
Krameriæ Triandræ Radix	,, ,,	2
Krameriæ Argenteæ Radix	,, ,,	2 ,,
Limonis Cortex	,, ,,	5 ,,
Linum	Not exceeding 5 per cent.	5 ,,
Lobelia	Not stated.	12 ,,
Lupulinum	Not exceeding 12 per cent.	14 ,,
Lupulus	Not stated.	7 ,,
Mezerei Cortex	,, ,,	4 ,,
Moschus	Not exceeding 8 per cent.	8 ,,
Myristica	Not stated.	Not exceeding 4 per cent.
Myrrha	,, ,,	6 ,,
Nux Vomica	,, ,,	2 ,,
Opium	,, ,,	5 ,,
Papaveris Capsulæ	,, ,,	10 ,,
Pareiræ Radix	,, ,,	4 ,,
Physostigmatis Sem.	,, ,,	4 ,,
Pimenta	,, ,,	5 ,,
Piper Nigrum	,,	7 ,,
Pix Burgundica	,, ,,	1 ,,
Podophylli Rhizoma	,, ,,	5 ,,
Pruni Virginianæ Cortex	,, ,,	6 ,,
Pterocarpi Lignum	,, ,,	1 ,,
Pyrethri Radix	,, ,,	5 ,,
Quassiæ Lignum	,, ,,	4 ,,
Quillaiæ Cortex	,, ,,	12 ,,
Rhei Radix	,, ,,	12 ,,
Rhœados Petala	,, ,,	16 ,,
Rosæ Gallicæ Petala	,, ,,	4 ,,
Saccharum Lactis	Not exceeding 0·25 p. cent.	0·25 ,,
Sambuci Flores	Not stated.	10 ,,
Sarsæ Radix	,, ,,	8 ,,
Sassafras Radix	,, ,,	2 ,,
Scammoniæ Radix	,, ,,	12 ,,
Scilla	,, ,,	4 ,,
Scoparii Cacumina	,, ,,	4 ,,
Senegæ Radix	,, ,,	5 ,,
Senna Alexandrina	,, ,,	14 ,,
Senna Indica	,, ,,	14 ,,
Serpentariæ Rhizoma	,, ,,	10 ,,
Sinapis	,, ,,	5 ,,
Staphisagriæ Sem.	,, ,,	15 ,,
Strophanthi Sem.	,, ,,	5 ,,
Stramonii Folia	,, ,,	15 ,,
Stramonii Sem.	,, ,,	3 ,,
Styrax Præparatus	,, ,,	0·5 ,,
Sumbul Radix	,, ,,	6 ,,
Taraxaci Radix	,, ,,	7 ,,
Tragacantha	,, ,,	4 ,,
Uvæ Ursi Folia	,, ,,	4 ,,
Valerianæ Rhizoma	,, ,,	10 ,,
Zingiber	,, ,,	5 ,,

TABLE B.—Gum Resins, Resins, etc.

Substance.	Statement of British Pharmacopœia, 1898.		Suggested Standard.	
	Proportion.	Solvent.	Proportion.	Solvent.
Ammoniacum	—	—	50 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Asafetida	65 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.	60 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Balsam, Canada ..	—	—	90 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Bals. Peruvianum ..	—	56·8 to 61·1 p.c. Cinnamein	60 p.c. cinnam, sol.	
Bals. Tolutanum ..	Soluble	Alcohol 90 p.c.		Alcohol 90 p.c.
Benzoinum	Almost entirely soluble.	Alcohol 90 p.c.	90 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Cambogia..........	Completely soluble.	Alcohol and water successively	75 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Catechu	70 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.	70 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c,
Eucalypti Gummi ..	80 to 90 p.c. Almost entirely	Cold water Alcohol 90 p.c.	—	—
Guaiaci Resina	—		90 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Galbanum	Not more than 10 p.c.	Ether	60 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Jalapæ Resina	Not more than 10 p.c.	Ether	not more than 10	Ether purificatus
Kino	Partially soluble	Cold water	75 p.c.	Cold water
	Almost entirely	Alcohol 90 p.c.	80 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Myrrh	—	—	30 p.c.	Alcohol 90 p.c.
Scammony	70 p.c.	Ether	—	—
Styrax Preparatus..	—	—	—	Alcohol 90 p.c.

TABLE C.—Drugs Containing Alkaloids.

Drug.	Range of Alkaloidal, etc., Values.	Average Alkaloidal, etc., Value.	Suggested Standard.
Calabar Bean	0·103 to 0·16	0·14	0·125 (Total alkaloids)
Coca	0·49 to 1·1	0·6	0·5 (Cocaine)
Cantharides.	0·47 to 1·07	0·7	0·8 (Cantharidin)
Henbane ..	0·07 to 0·10	0·08	0·08 (Total alkaloids)
Stramonium Leaves ..	0·39 to 0·44	0·42	0·4 (Total alkaloids)
Stramonium Seeds	0· to 0·46	0·41	0·4 (Total alkaloids)

TABLE D.—Resinous Drugs.

Drug.	Solvent.	Character of Extractive.	Suggested Standard.
Podophyllum...	Alcohol, 90 per cent.	Precipitated resin.	5·0 p. c.
Scammony....	Alcohol, 90 per cent.	Resin freed from sugar.	6·5 ,,
Capsicum	Dry chemically pure Ether	Oleoresin.	15 ,,
Cubebs	,,	,,	22 ,,
Ginger......	,, Alcohol, 90 per cent.	,, Mixed extractive.	5·5 ,, 8·0 ,,

TABLE E.—Essential Oils.

Oil.	B.P. 1898 Standard.	Active Medicinal or Odorous Constituent.	Suggested Standard.	Process for Determination.
Oleum Anethi	—	Carvol	45 p.c.	As caraway oil
,, Anisi	—	Anethol	80 p.c.	Fractionation 225°-235° C.
,, Cajeputi ..	—	Cineol	55 p.c.	Phosphoric
,, Carui	—	Carvol	55 p.c.	Fractionation 220°-230° C., & phenyl - hydrazine comp.
,, Caryophylli.	—	Eugenol	75 p.c.	Thoms
Cinnamomi.	50 per cent. Cinnamic Aldehyde	—	—	Sodium acid sulphite
,, Eucalypti ..	—	Cineol	50 p.c.	Phosphoric
,, Lavandulæ.	–	(English) Esters of Linalool (French) Esters of Linalool	Not more than 11 Not less than 36	Saponification Saponification
,, Limonis....	—	Citral	6·5 p.c.	Various
,, Menth. Pip.	—	Menthol	55 p.c.	Acetylation
,, Pimentæ ..	—	Eugenol	65 p.c.	Thoms
,, Santali	—	Santalol	90 p.c.	Acetylation
,, Sinapis	—	Allyl Sulphocyanide	98 p.c.	U.S.P. process

TABLE F.—Liniments.

Liniments.	Specific Gravity.	Average Extractive (Grammes per 100 C.c.).	Average Alcoholic Strength (by Volume).
Linimentum Aconiti	0·860-0·875	5·25	82
Linimentum Belladonnæ ..	0·875-0·895	5	71

TABLE G.—Concentrated Solutions.

Liquores.	Specific Gravity.	Average Extractive (Grammes per 100 C.c.)	Average Alcoholic Strength (by Vol.).
Liquor. Calumbæ Conc. .	0·987-0·997	3·5	20
,, Chiratæ Conc...	0·990-1·00	4·5	19
,, Cuspariæ Conc.	1·010-1·020	10	19
,, Krameriæ Conc.	1·007-1·015	9	19
,, Picis Carb.	0·858-0·872	3	82
,, Quassiæ	0·976-0·980	0·25	19
,, Rhei	1·015-1·030	11·5	18
,, Sarsæ Co. Conc..	1·02 -1·04	9	19
,, Senegæ Conc. ..	1·01 -1·03	11	22
,, Sennæ Conc. ..	1·02 -1·08	12	18
,, Serpentariæ Conc...	0·990-1·0	4·5	19

TABLE H.—Liquid Extracts.

Liquid Extracts.	Specific Gravity.	Average Extractive (Gm. per 100 C.c.)	Average Alc'holic Strength (by Volume)
Extract. Belladodnæ Liq.	0·890-0·925	13	68
,, Cascaræ Liq. ..	1·054-1·066	24	19
,, Cimicifugæ Liq.	0·875-0·890	10	78

TABLE H.—**Liquid Extracts**—*continued.*

Liquid Extracts.	Specific Gravity.	Average Extractive (Gm. per 100 C.c.)	Average Alc'holic Strength (by Volume)
Extract. Cinchonæ Liq...	1·115-1·130	42	12
,, Cocæ Liq.......	0·995-1·03	19	50
,, Ergotæ Liq.....	1·015-1·025	15	32
,, Hamamelidis Liq...	1·025-1·040	21	34
,, Hydrastis Liq. ..	1·025-1·040	22	39
,, Ipecac. Liq.....	0·885-0·915	10	78
,, Jaborandi Liq....	1·020-1·050	22	34
,, Glycyrrh. Liq....	1·114-1·135	42	17·5
,, Nucis Vomicæ Liq.	0·945-0·965	12	61
,, Opii Liq.	0·985-0·995	3	18·5
,, Pareiræ Liq. ..	1·025-1·050	19	22
,, Sarsæ Liq.	1·055-1·085	26	19
,, Tarax. Liq.	1·045-1·060	24	26

TABLE I.—**Tinctures.**

Tinctures.	Range of Specific Gravity.	Average Extractive (Grammes per 100 C.c).	Average Alcoholic Strength (by Volume).
Tinctura Aconiti	0·890-0·895	1·4	66
,, Aloes	0·970-0·980	7·5	38
,, Asafetidæ	0·910-0·915	10	66
,, Arnicæ	0·890-0·895	0·6	68
,, Aurantii	0·875-0·887	1·8	74
,, Belladonnæ	0·910-0·916	0·6	59
,, Benzoini Composita	0·890-0·905	17·5	75
,, Buchu	0·925-0·933	4·0	57
,, Calumbæ	0·915-0·920	1·0	57
,, Camphoræ Composita .	0·915-0·920	0·3	58
,, Cannabis Indicæ........	0·845-0·850	3·5	87
,, Cantharidis	0·835-0·840	0·22	88
,, Capsici	0·890-0·895	1·25	69
,, Cardamomi Composita ..	0·945-0·950	6	56
,, Cascarillæ..............	0·895-0·900	2·5	67
,, Catechu	0·975-0·980	15	52
,, Chiratæ	0·920-0·925	1·25	58
,, Chloroformi et Morphinæ Composita	1·010-1·015	30	52
,, Cimicifugæ	0·923-0·928	2·0	58
,, Cinchonæ...............	0·915-0·922	6·5	63
Tinctura Cinchonæ Composita....	0·915-0·922	4·5	65
,, Cinnamomi	0·900-0·905	2·25	68
,, Cocci.................	0·950-0·955	2·25	44
,, Colchici Seminum	0·950-0·955	2·0	43
,, Conii..................	0·895-0·900	1·4	68
,, Croci	0·925-0·930	2·75	57
,, Cubebæ................	0·840-0·845	1·5	85
,, Digitalis	0·930-0·935	3·5	55
,, Ergotæ Ammoniata	0·930-0·938	4·25	52
,, Ferri Perchloridi	1·085-1·089	12	22
,, Gelsemii	0·920-0·925	1·25	58
,, Gentianæ Composita....	0·965-0·970	5·5	43
,, Guaiaci Ammoniata	0·897-0·905	15	72
,, Hamamelidis	0·948-0·954	2·0	44
,, Hydrastis..............	0·920-0 925	2·25	58
,, Hyoscyami	0·950-0·957	3·0	45
,, Iodi	0·875-0·880	2·7	86
,, Jaborandi..............	0·950-0·955	3	43
,, Jalapæ	0·905-0·910	3·5	68
,, Kino	0·995-1·00	22	50
,, Krameriæ	0·935-0·940	5	56
,, Lavandulæ Composita ..	0·835-0·840	0·5	88
,, Limonis	0·875-0·887	1·8	77
,, Lobeliæ Ætherea	0·815-0·820	1·5	64
,, Lupuli	0·930-0·938	4·0	57
,, Myrrhæ................	0·845-0·855	5	85
,, Nucis Vomicæ..........	0·910-0·915	2·25	65
,, Opii	0·950-0·965	3·5	44
,, Opii Ammoniata........	0·895-0·900	·75	63
,, Podophylli	0·845-0·850	3·5	87
,, Pruni Virginianæ	0·935-0·940	3·0	54
,, Pyrethri	0·900-0·905	1·75	68
,, Quassiæ................	0·942-0·948	0·5	45
,, Quillaiæ	0·920-0·925	1·25	58
,, Quininæ	0·885-0·895	3·5	74
,, Quininæ Ammoniata ..	0·925-0·930	1·8	54
,, Rhei Composita	0·967-0·975	16	50
,, Scillæ	0·960-0·970	12	54
,, Senegæ	0·935-0·940	6	56
,, Sennæ Composita	0·985-0·995	11	40
,, Serpentariæ	0·895-0·900	2	68
,, Stramonii..............	0·954-0·962	3·89	43
,, Strophanthi............	0·890-0 893	0·55	69
,, Sumbul................	0·900-0·905	2·5	69
,, Toluntana..............	0·860-0·868	8·5	81
,, Valerianæ Ammoniata ..	0·940-0·948	3·5	53
,, Zingiberis..............	0·837-0·843	0·5	89

SECTION XVI.

VETERINARY POSOLOGICAL TABLE.

Section XVI.—Veterinary Posological Table.

Name of Drug.	Horse.	Ox.	Sheep.	Pig.	Dog.
Acetanilide	30 to 120 grains	30 to 120 grains	15 to 60 grains	—	2 to 10 grains
Acid Boracic	120 grains to ¾ oz. foals, 20 to 30 grains	120 grains to 1 oz. calves, 20 to 40 grains	10 to 40 grains lambs, 5 to 15 grains, in scours	10 to 30 grains	5 to 20 grains
Acid Hydrobromic Dilutum	—	—	—	—	10 to 40 minims
Acid Hydrochloric Dilutum	½ to 2 fl. drachms	1 to 4 fl. drachms	15 to 40 minims	10 to 40 minims	3 to 15 minims
Acid Hydrocyanic Dilutum (B.P.)	10 to 15 minims	20 to 60 minims	5 to 12 minims	1 to 5 minims	¼ to 2 minims
Acid Nitric Dilutum	½ to 2 fl. drachms	40 to 100 minims	10 to 40 minims	10 to 30 minims	3 to 15 minims
Acid Nitrohydrochlor. Dilutum	½ to 2 fl. drachms	40 to 100 minims	10 to 40 minims	10 to 30 minims	3 to 15 minims
Acid Phosphoric Dilutum	½ to 2 fl. drachms	1 to 3 fl. drachms	10 to 40 minims	10 to 30 minims	3 to 15 minims
Acid Sulphuric, Diluted	1 to 4 fl. drachms	1 to 6 fl. drachms	10 to 30 minims	5 to 30 minims	2 to 10 minims
Acid Sulphurous (B.P.)	1 to 2 fl. oz.	1 to 3 fl. oz.	½ to 1 fl. drachm	20 min. to 6 fl. dr.	10 to 40 minims
Aconite, Tincture of	15 to 60 minims	30 to 90 minims	10 to 20 minims	5 to 20 minims	1 to 10 minims
Æther (B.P)	½ to 1 fl. oz.	½ to 2 fl. oz.	½ to 3 fl. drachms	20 to 100 minims	3 to 20 minims
Aloes	purgative, ¼ to 1 oz.	purgative, 1 to 2 oz.	purg., 60 to 240 grs.	alterative, 5 to 15 gr.	5 to 30 grains
Aloes	tonic, ⅒th of the above	tonic, ⅒th of the above	tonic, ⅒th of above	aperient, 60 to 240 gr.	—
Alum	120 grains to 1 oz.	1 to 4 oz.	20 to 60 grains	15 to 40 grains	5 to 20 grains
Ammon. Acet. Liq.	2 to 4 fl. oz.	2 to 6 fl. oz.	½ to 2 fl. oz.	¼ to 3 fl. oz.	30 to 240 minims
Ammon. Carb.	120 grains to ½ oz.	180 grains to 1 oz.	15 to 50 grains	10 to 60 grains	2 to 10 grains
Ammonium Chlorate	120 grains to ½ oz.	½ oz. to 1 oz.	30 to 60 grains	10 to 60 grains	3 to 10 grains
Ammon. Spt. Co.	2 fl. drachms to 1 fl. oz.	½ fl. oz. to 1¼ fl. oz.	20 to 60 minims	10 to 100 minims	3 to 20 minims
Amyl Nitrite	3 to 10 minims	3 to 10 minims	—	—	½ to 2 minims
Anise, in powder	½ to 1 oz.	1 to 2 oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 120 grains	15 to 50 grains
Antimonious Sulphide	60 to 120 grains	60 to 120 grains	5 to 20 grains	3 to 12 grains	—
Antim. Tartaric	60 grains to ½ oz.	60 grains to ¾ oz.	10 to 30 grains	5 to 15 grains	⅛ to 2 grains
Antipyrine	120 grains to ½ oz.	180 grains to ¾ oz.	20 to 60 grains	—	10 to 20 grains
Areca Nut	½ to 1½ oz.	1 to 4 oz.	½ to 1 oz.	60 grains to ½ oz.	2 gr. each lb. weight
Arnica, Tincture of	½ to 1 fl. oz.	1 to 2 fl. oz.	1 to 3 fl. drachms	—	3 to 8 minims
Arsenic	2 to 10 grains	3 to 12 grains	½ to 2 grains	$\frac{1}{20}$ to ⅛ of a grain	$\frac{1}{50}$ to ⅛ grain
Asafetida	120 grains to ½ oz.	180 grains to 1 oz.	30 to 120 grains	—	5 to 20 grains
Barium Chloride	30 to 180 grains in aqua	180 grains to 1 oz.	30 to 120 grains	—	5 to 20 grains
Belladonna Extract Viride	60 to 120 grains	90 to 180 grains	10 to 30 grains	5 to 20 grains	½ to 4 grains
Belladonna Folia	120 grains to ¾ oz.	180 grains to 1 oz.	20 to 50 grains	10 to 60 grains	3 to 8 grains
Belladonna Tincture	½ to 1 fl. oz.	5 fl. drachms to 1½ fl. oz.	20 to 60 minims	10 to 40 minims	5 to 20 minims
Bismuth Oxynitrate	60 grains to ½ oz.	60 grains to ¾ oz.	20 to 60 grains	10 to 50 grains	3 to 20 grains
Black Pepper, in powder	30 to 60 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	10 to 30 grains	10 to 30 grains	2 to 8 grains
Bromide Potassium	½ to 1½ oz.	½ to 2 oz.	30 to 90 grains	10 to 30 grains	3 to 20 grains
Broom Juice (Succus)	½ to 1 fl. oz.	1 to 1½ fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. drachms	½ to 3 fl. drachms	15 to 40 minims
Buchu, Infusion of	1 to 3 fl. oz.	2 to 4 fl. oz.	2 fl. dr. to 1 fl. oz.	2 fl. dr. to 1 fl. oz.	½ to 2 fl. drachm
Caffeine	5 to 10 grains (hypoderm.)	5 to 12 grains (hypoderm.)	—	—	½ to 2 gr. (hypoderm)
Calabar Bean	10 to 30 grains	15 to 40 grains	3 to 10 grains	2 to 10 grains	⅛ to ¼ grain
Calcium Carbonate	1 to 2 oz.	2 to 4 oz.	60 grains to ½ oz.	60 to 120 grains	3 to 12 grains
Calcium Oxide	60 to 120 grains	60 to 180 grains	15 to 30 grains	10 to 20 grains	5 to 20 grains
Calcium Phosphate	2 to 4 fl. drachms	5 to 15 fl. drachms	1 to 2 fl. drachms	20 to 100 minims	3 to 10 minims
Calomel	10 to 60 grains (½ oz. is occasionally given in colic, with opium)	15 to 80 grains	5 to 30 grains	1 to 15 grains	¼ to 5 grains
Calumba, in powder	120 grains to ½ oz.	½ to 1½ oz.	30 to 120 grains	15 to 60 grains	5 to 20 grains
Calumba Infusion	2 to 3 fl. oz.	2 to 4 fl. oz.	2 to 6 fl. drachms	1 to 4 fl. drachms	15 to 60 minims
Cantharides	4 to 20 grains	10 to 20 grains	2 to 8 grains	1 to 7 grains	½ to 2 grains
Calx Chlorinata	60 to 120 grains	120 grains to ½ oz.	20 to 60 grains	10 to 30 grains	5 to 30 grains
Carbolic Acid	20 to 60 minims	½ to 4 fl. drachms	10 to 40 minims	5 to 20 minims	¼ to 1 minim
Cardamoms, in powder	½ to 1 oz.	1 to 2 oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 120 grains	15 to 50 grains
Caraway, in powder	½ to 1 oz.	1 to 2 oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 120 grains	15 to 50 grains
Camphor	60 to 120 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	15 to 50 grains	10 to 40 grains	2 to 10 grains.
Cascarilla, in powder	60 grains to ½ oz.	120 grains to 1 oz.	20 to 70 grains	10 to 40 grains	5 to 40 grains
Castor Oil	10 to 20 fl. oz.	10 to 30 fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. oz.	¼ to 2 fl. oz.
Catechu	60 grains to ¾ oz.	½ to 1 oz.	30 to 90 grains	20 to 90 grains	5 to 25 grains
Chamomile Flowers	1 to 2 oz.	1 to 3 oz.	30 to 120 grains	20 to 90 grains	1 to 5 grains
Chinosol	30 to 120 grains	120 to 180 grains (for udder injections 60 grains in one pint of water)	10 to 30 grains	5 to 20 grains	1 to 6 grains
Chinoseptol	60 to 120 grains	—	—	—	5 to 30 grains
Chloral Hydras	180 grains to ¾ oz.	½ to 1¼ oz.	15 to 90 grains	10 to 70 grains	3 to 20 grains
Chloroform	30 to 60 minims	60 to 120 minims	10 to 20 minims	5 to 20 minims	3 to 12 minims
Chloroform (as Anæsthetic)	1 to 4 fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. oz.	1 to 6 fl. drachms	1 to 8 fl. drachms	40 to 200 minims
Cinchona, in powder	120 grains to ½ oz.	120 grains to ¾ oz.	30 to 120 grains	20 to 90 grains	10 to 40 grains
Cinnamon, in powder	180 grains to 1 oz.	½ to 1½ oz.	20 to 60 grains	15 to 50 grains	15 to 30 grains
Colchicum, in powder	8 to 50 grains	30 to 120 grains	10 to 25 grains	2 to 8 grains	1 to 5 grains
Copper acetate	60 to 120 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	15 to 30 grains	3 to 10 grains	¼ to 2 grains
Copper Sulphate	60 to 120 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	15 to 30 grains	3 to 10 grains	¼ to 2 grains
Coriander, in powder	½ to 1 oz.	1 to 2 oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 120 grains	15 to 50 grains
Creosol, Creolin, Cyllin	2 to 6 fl. drachms	2 fl. drachms to 1 fl. oz.	20 to 50 minims	10 to 40 minims	3 to 10 minims
Creosote	20 to 60 minims	½ to 2 fl. drachms	10 to 30 minims	5 to 20 minims	½ to 4 minims
Croton Oil	10 to 30 minims	15 to 40 minims	3 to 8 minims	1 to 5 minims	½ to 2 minims
Croton Seeds	9 to 12 seeds	15 to 20 seeds	3 to 4 seeds	1 to 3 seeds	1 or 2 seeds
Curare	½ to 1 grain	½ to 1 grain	⅒ to ¼ grain	⅒ to ¼ grain	$\frac{1}{20}$ to ¼ grain
Cusso (Kousso)	1 to 3 oz.	2 to 4 oz.	½ to 1 oz.	60 grains to ½ oz.	30 to 60 grains
Digitalis Folio	15 to 30 grains	20 to 60 grains	5 to 10 grains	3 to 10 grains	½ to 4 grains
Digitalis, Tincture of	2 to 4 fl. drachms	3 to 6 fl. drachms	20 to 60 minims	15 to 50 minims	1 to 8 minims
Elaterium (in Milk or Mucilage)	—	—	—	—	$\frac{1}{20}$ to ½ grain
Ergot, in powder	½ to 2 oz.	½ to 2 oz.	60 grains to ½ oz.	30 to 120 grains	20 to 60 grains
Ergot, Liquid Extract	40 to 90 minims	50 minims to 1½ fl. drachm	10 to 40 minims	10 to 40 minims	10 to 40 minims
Eucalyptus Oil	1 to 3 fl. drachms	1 to 4 fl. drachms	20 to 60 minims	15 to 50 minims	2 to 10 minims
Extract Cannabis Indicus	60 grains to ¾ oz.	120 grains to 1 oz.	30 to 90 grains	20 to 50 grains	½ to 3 grains
Extractum Sagrada	—	—	—	—	1 to 4 fl. drachms
Fennel, in powder	½ to 1 oz.	1 to 2 oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 120 grains	15 to 50 grains
Fenugreek, in powder	½ to 1 oz.	1 to 2 oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 120 grains	15 to 50 grains
Formaldehyde	60 to 180 grs. in linseed tea	60 to 180 grs. in demulcent	—	—	10 to 30 grains
Gamboge	—	½ to 1 oz.	20 to 30 grains	—	—

VETERINARY POSOLOGICAL TABLE—*Continued.*

Name of Drug.	Horse.	Ox.	Sheep.	Pig.	Dog.
Gentian, in powder	½ to 1 oz.	½ to 1½ oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 60 grains	5 to 20 grains
Ginger, in powder	120 grains to 1 oz.	1 to 2 oz.	30 to 120 grains	20 to 40 grains	5 to 30 grains
Hellebore, in powder	20 to 40 grains	30 to 60 grains	15 to 30 grains	10 to 25 grains	1/10 to ¼ grain
Hemlock (Succus)	2 to 4 fl. oz.	3 to 4 fl. oz.	2 to 6 fl. drachms	20 to 90 minims	15 to 60 minims
Hydrarg. Creta	60 to 180 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	5 to 15 grains	1 to 10 grains	½ to 7 grains
Hydrarg. Perchlor	5 to 8 grains	5 to 10 grains	⅛ to 1 grain	⅛ to 1 grain	1/30 to ⅛ grain
Hyoscyamus (Succus)	½ to 1 fl. oz.	¾ to 1½ fl. oz.	½ to 1½ fl. drachms	20 to 90 minims	5 to 40 minims
Hyoscyamus Tincture	½ to 1 fl. oz.	¾ to 1½ fl. oz.	½ to 1½ fl. drachms	20 to 90 minims	5 to 40 minims
Iodine	15 to 60 grains	20 to 70 grains	10 to 40 grains	5 to 20 grains	1 to 7 grains
Ipecacuanha Powder (as Emetic)	—	—	—	15 to 50 grains	15 to 50 grains
,, ,, (as Expectorant or Alterative)	30 to 60 grains	—	—	2 to 6 grains	2 to 6 grains
Iron Perchloride Tincture	½ to 1 fl. oz.	½ to 2 fl. oz.	10 to 30 minims	5 to 20 minims	1 to 10 minims
Iron Sulphate	30 to 120 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	10 to 30 grains	5 to 20 grains	½ to 10 grains
Jaborandi Folia	60 to 180 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	10 to 30 grains	5 to 25 grains	10 to 30 grains
Jalap	—	—	—	10 to 60 grains	5 to 40 grains
Juniper Fruit	¾ to 1½ oz.	1 to 2 oz.	60 to 180 grains	—	10 to 40 grains
Juniper Oil	½ to 2 fl. drachms	1 to 3 fl. drachms	20 to 40 minims	—	10 to 40 minims
Lead Acetate	20 to 60 grains	20 to 60 grains	8 to 20 grains	5 to 20 grains	¼ to 4 grains
Liquor Atropinæ Sulphatis	1 to 2 fl. drachms	1½ to 3 fl. drachms	15 to 30 minims	10 to 40 minims	1 to 5 minims
Linseed Oil	10 to 30 fl. oz.	20 to 40 fl. oz.	4 to 10 fl. oz.	3 to 12 fl. oz.	—
Magnesium Oxide	Foals, as an antacid, 30 to 60 grains	Calves as an antacid, 30 to 120 grains	Lambs, 10 to 30 grains	10 to 50 grains	5 to 30 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	As febrifuge, ½ to 2 oz.	As purgative, ¾ to 2 lb.	As purg., 3 to 6 oz.	1 to 4 oz.	60 grains to ½ oz.
Male Fern Extract, Liquid	2 to 6 fl. drachms	3 fl. drachms to 1 fl. oz.	½ to 2 fl. drachms	20 to 90 minims	5 to 40 minims
Male Fern, in powder	2 to 4 oz.	3 to 6 oz.	½ to 1 oz.	¼ to ¾ oz.	60 grains to 1 oz.
Morphine Salts	3 to 10 grains	4 to 12 grains	½ to 2 grains	1/10 to ½ grain	1/10 to ¼ grain
Mustard, in powder	120 grains to ¾ oz.	½ to 1½ oz.	30 to 120 grains	30 to 120 grains	5 to 20 grains
Myrrh, in powder	60 to 120 grains	60 to 180 grains	30 to 60 grains	20 to 40 grains	5 to 20 grains
Naphthalin	60 to 180 grains	—	3 to 15 grains	—	3 to 10 grains
Nux Vomica, in powder	30 to 60 grains	60 to 120 grains	10 to 30 grains	5 to 30 grains	½ to 2 grains
Oak Bark, in powder	60 grains to ½ oz.	120 grains to 1 oz.	30 to 120 grains	20 to 50 grains	5 to 30 grains
Opium	30 to 120 grains	120 grains to ½ oz.	10 to 40 grains	5 to 20 grains	½ to 5 grains
Peppermint Oil	20 minims to 1 fl. drachm	½ to 1½ fl. drachms	5 to 20 minims	5 to 20 minims	1 to 5 minims
Pepsin	2 to 10 grains (foals)	2 to 10 grains (calves)	1 to 3 grains (lambs)	1 to 3 grains	2 to 7 grains
Petroleum Benzine	½ to ¾ oz. in milk	½ to ¾ oz. in milk	—	—	30 to 120 grs. in milk
Phenacetin	60 grains to ½ oz.	120 grains to ¾ oz.	—	—	3 to 12 grains
Phosphorus	½ to 4 grains	1 to 5 grains	1/100 to 1/60 grains	1/300 to 1/100 grain	1/500 to 1/100 grain
Pil. Hydrarg.	60 to 120 grains }	60 to 180 grains	4 to 10 grains	1 to 10 grains	½ to 5 grains
Podophyllum	60 to 120 grains	60 to 180 grains	10 to 20 grains	5 to 20 grains	1 to 2 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains to 1 oz.	180 grains to 2 oz.	30 to 180 grains	20 grains to ½ oz.	5 to 30 grains
Potassium Bromide	½ to 2 oz.	½ to 2 oz.	20 to 120 grains	10 to 120 grains	5 to 60 grains
Potassium Chlorate	60 grains to ½ oz.	120 grains to ¾ oz.	10 to 60 grains	10 to 60 grains	3 to 15 grains
Potassium Iodide	120 grains to ½ oz.	½ oz. to 1½ oz.	10 to 60 grains	10 to 80 grains	½ to 10 grains
Potassium Nitrate	½ oz. to 1½ oz.	½ to 2 oz.	30 to 120 grains	7 to 60 grains	2 to 12 grains
Potassæ Sulphurata	60 grains to ½ oz.	60 grains to ½ oz.	20 to 60 grains	10 to 80 grains	3 to 12 grains
Potassium Tartrate	120 grains to 1 oz.	120 grains to 1¼ oz.	10 to 60 grains	10 to 60 grains	1 to 10 grains
Quassia Infusion	2 to 4 fl. oz.	2 to 6 fl. oz.	2 to 4 fl. drachms	1 to 3 fl. drachms	20 to 40 minims
Quinine Salts	30 to 180 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	10 to 40 grains	5 to 30 grains	½ to 5 grains
Salicylic Acid	120 grains to ¾ oz.	180 grains to 1 oz.	60 to 120 grains	20 to 60 grains	5 to 30 grains
Salol	120 grains to ½ oz.	—	—	—	3 to 12 grains
Santonin	30 to 120 grains	60 to 180 grains	10 to 30 grains	2 to 10 grains	½ to 10 grains
Savin Oil	1 to 3 fl. drachms	1 to 4 fl. drachms	10 to 60 minims	5 to 40 minims	3 to 10 minims
Silver Nitrate	5 to 15 grains	8 to 24 grains	1 to 5 grains	½ to 3 grains	1/12 to ½ grain
Sodæ Chlorinatæ Liquor	1 to 2 fl. oz.	1 to 3 fl. oz.	1 to 2 fl. drachms	½ to 2 fl. drachms	10 to 30 minims
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains to 1 oz.	½ to 2 oz.	10 to 30 grains	10 to 120 grains	2 to 20 grains
Sodium Chloride	1 to 3 oz.	2 to 4 oz.	60 grains to ½ oz.	10 to 20 grains	60 grains to ½ oz. (as an emetic)
Sodium Hyposulphite	½ oz. to 1 oz.	½ oz. to 1 oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 120 grains	5 to 20 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains to ¾ oz.	180 grains to 1 oz.	60 to 120 grains	30 to 60 grains	5 to 30 grains
Sodium Sulphate	1 to 4 oz. (as a febrifuge)	1 to 1½ lb. (as purgative)	2 to 4 oz.	½ oz. to 2 oz.	5 to 40 grains (in rheumatism)
Spiritus Ætheris Nit.	½ to 2 fl. oz.	1 to 3 fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. drachms	½ to 3 fl. drachms	10 to 60 minims
Spiritus Chloroformi	½ to 1 fl. oz.	½ to 2 fl. oz.	2 drachms to 1 fl. oz.	1 to 6 fl. drachms	10 to 100 minims
Spiritus Vin. Rect.	1 to 4 fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. oz.	3 to 6 fl. drachms	½ to 3 fl. drachms	½ to 2 fl. drachms
Squill, Syrup of	3 to 6 fl. drachms	½ to 1 fl. oz.	½ to 2 fl. drachms	20 to 90 minims	10 to 40 minims
Strophanthus, Tincture of	2 to 4 fl. drachms	2 to 5 fl. drachms	—	—	3 to 12 minims
Strychnine	1 to 2 grains	2 to 5 grains	⅕ to 1 grain	⅙ to ½ grain	1/50 to 1/20 grains
Sulphonal	½ to 1 oz.	—	—	—	10 to 40 grains
Syrupus Rhamni	—	—	—	—	½ to 2 fl. oz.
Sulphur (as Laxative)	1 to 4 oz.	3 to 10 oz.	½ to 2 oz.	180 grains to 2 oz.	60 grains to ¾ oz.
,, (as Alterative)	¼ of above	¼ of above	¼ of above	¼ of above	¼ of above
Tannic Acid	30 to 120 grains	60 grains to ½ oz.	15 to 60 grains	10 to 40 grains	2 to 15 grains
Taraxacum Juice (Succus)	1 to 2 fl. oz.	1 to 3 fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. drachms	1 to 3 fl. drachms	15 minims to 1 fl. drachm
Thallin	120 to 180 grains	120 grains to ½ oz.	15 to 30 grains	15 to 30 grains	1 to 4 grains
Thymol	10 to 30 grains	—	—	—	½ to 5 grains
Tincture Chloroform et Morphinæ Comp.	3 fl. drachms to 1 fl. oz.	½ to 1 fl. oz.	½ to 3 fl. drachms	15 to 80 minims	3 to 20 minims
Tincture Opii	4 to 12 fl. drachms	6 fl. drachms to 3 fl. oz.	1 to 5 fl. drachms	½ to 1½ fl. drachm	5 to 10 minims
Tobacco	30 to 120 grains	60 to 180 grains	10 to 30 grains	10 to 20 grains	10 to 40 grains infused as strychnine antidote
Treacle	1 to 2 lb.	1 to 5 lb.	4 to 10 oz.	2 to 10 oz.	½ to 2 oz.
Turpentine, Oil of	1 to 2 fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. oz.	1 to 4 fl. drachms	½ to 1½ fl. drachms	10 to 60 minims
Turpentine, Venice	½ to 2 oz.	1 to 3 oz.	60 to 180 grains	30 to 120 grains	10 to 40 grains
Valerian Root, in powder	½ to 1oz.	¾ to 1½ oz.	30 to 120 grains	—	10 to 30 grains
Veratrine	1 to 2 grains	2½ to 4 grains	—	—	1/40 to 1/20 grain
Zinc Oxide	120 grains to ½ oz.	120 grains to ¾ oz.	10 to 40 grains	5 to 20 grains	1 to 5 grains
Zinc Sulphate	30 to 120 grains	60 to 180 grains	8 to 20 grains	5 to 20 grs. (emetic)	7 to 20 grs. (emetic)

SECTION XVII.

PRACTICAL METHODS OF BACTERIOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION.

SECTION XVII.—PRACTICAL METHODS OF BACTERIOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION.

IN the preparation of this monograph it has been found necessary to quote from current English and Continental text-books, and advantage has also been taken of the current literature dealing with bacteriological investigation to include recent views and methods of procedure.

The following sources may be mentioned in particular, as the references indicated in the text refer to these works, viz. :—Hewlett's 'Manual of Bacteriology,' Frankland's 'Micro-organisms in Water,' Crookshank's 'Bacteriology and Infective Diseases,' Swithinbank's 'Bacteriology of Milk,' Klobstock's 'Manual of Clinical Chemistry, Microscopy, and Bacteriology,' Curtis' 'Essentials of Bacteriology,' Cornil's 'Les Bacteries,' and Zapffe's 'Bacteriology.'

Formulæ for the ordinary laboratory media and stains will be found in Section IX. of the 'Pharmaceutical Journal Formulary.'

The preparation of media and cultivation methods are dealt with at considerable length in *The Pharmaceutical Journal*, viz. :—For August 26 and October 14, 1905; and March 31, 1906.

I. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF MILK.

Milk is a perfect nidus for micro-organisms, and possesses normally a very luxuriant flora. The bacterial content of dairy milk is a very indefinite quantity, varying from a few thousands to several millions per mil. The bacteria present in greatest numbers are those producing lactic and butyric fermentations—*e.g.*, *B. acidi lactici*, *Clostridium Butyricum*, etc. The lactic ferments are largely non-sporing, the butyric ones chiefly sporing species. The spores of the latter are able to withstand boiling for a few minutes, and consequently may be found in "sterilised" milk. Organisms also occur having more or less specific effects, and give rise to blue milk (*B. cyanogenes*), red milk (*B. lactis erythrogenes*), yellow milk (*B. synxanthus*), bitter milk (maple leaf organism), soapy milk (*B. lactis saponacei*), etc. In addition to the organisms named, pathogenic species may be also met with—viz., the tubercle, diphtheria, typhoid, and comma bacilli, and the *S. pyogenes aureus*, *S. scarlatinæ*, and *Streptococcus pyogenes*. *B. enteritidis sporogenes*, the cause of epidemic diarrhœa, is also occasionally found. In searching for special pathogenic organisms, information bearing on the source of pollution will be helpful—*e.g.*, the presence of udder disease in the cow, prevailing conditions of contamination or infection at time of milking, and exposure (to dust and flies) during transit to consumer. Physical examination may be made if necessary. Cholera organisms have been found in boiled milk. The microscopical examination of the milk before and after centrifugalisation or sedimentation will likewise often yield good results.

1. Examination of Cover-glass Preparations.

(*a*) SIMPLE STAINING.—The presence of casein and fat in the milk is troublesome, and apt to confuse the issue. The following method, however, gives good results: Place a few loopfuls of milk on a grease-free slide, and allow to dry at room temperature. Fix with one or two drops of alcohol-ether (*part. æq.*), and add before drying an equal number of loopfuls of a sodium carbonate or sodium hydrate solution (5·50 per cent. dilut.). Clear the film by washing alternately with 5 per cent. solution of CH_3COOH and distilled water. Dry between layers of fine filter paper. Stain with any of the aniline dyes (carbol-fuchsin, methylene blue, gentian violet), wash in water and examine.

(*b*) COMPOUND OR DIFFERENTIAL STAINING.—Remove the fat by centrifugalisation and prepare a film from the particulate matter. If no centrifuge is available, add 20 per cent. of Acid. Carbol. Liq., B.P., and shake well. Set aside (in tall conical glass) in an ice chest for twenty-four hours, and remove a little of the sediment by means of a sterile pipette. Fix in both cases by alcohol-ether. Stain by any of the following methods :—

(1) According to Gram (Nicholle's modification, cf. p. 302, "Schenk"), *B. typhosus*, *B. diphtheriæ*, *B. streptococcus* will be decolorised. (2) According to Ziehl-Nielsen (cf. p. 74, "Schenk"), the tubercle bacilli, or other acid-fast organisms are stained red, and the milk or casein cells will be blue. (3) According to Neisser (cf. p. 88, "Zapffe") the polar granules of *B. diphtheriæ* are deeply stained.

2. Cultural Examination.

(*a*) PLATE CULTIVATION.—Make blank dilutions with sterile water to ascertain contamination. Prepare a suitable dilution (usually 1 in 500, if fresh) and inoculate tubes of liquid gelatin, agar, etc., for aërobic and anaërobic cultivation with fractional quantities, *e.g.*, 0·05 Ml., 0·1 Ml., 0·2 Ml., 0·5 Ml. Pour into Petri or flat-bottomed dishes and incubate at the room temperature (gelatin), or at 37° C. (agar). Count the number of colonies on the second, third, and fourth days, and make the necessary number of sub-cultures.

(*b*) PRIMARY TUBE CULTIVATION.—Take ten tubes of 10 Ml. of the milk, and incubate three of them at room temperature, and three of them at 37° C. Place four in water-bath at 80° C. for fifteen minutes, and then enclose each in a Buchner's or vacuum desiccator.

Test the primary culture in forty-eight hours for *B. coli*, the presence of indol, and *B. enteritidis sporogenes*.

Methods of Examination for Special Micro-Organisms in Milk.

BACILLUS DIPHTHERIÆ.—Inoculate six tubes or plates of Löffler's medium with the particulate matter from sedimentation or centrifugalisation. Growth occurs in twelve to twenty hours. The colonies are scattered, nucleated, round, white, finally becoming yellow.

Methods of Staining.—Neisser's and Löffler's methods are the best for differential purposes.

BACILLUS STREPTOCOCCUS.—Add a loopful of the particulate matter (cf. *B. diphtheriæ*) to 1 or 2 Ml. of sterile salt solution. Inoculate agar plates with a loopful of this dilution, and incubate at 37° C. When the colonies appear, subculture those resembling streptococcus colonies in bouillon, and on blood serum. Subculture from the bouillon in milk, gelatin and agar, carefully noting the characters of the growth, etc.

Method of Staining.—Gram's method is the most satisfactory. Next to Gram's method, the most useful is Löffler's blue.

BACILLUS COLI COMMUNIS.—(*a*) Inoculate six agar plates with a 1 in 500 or 1 in 1,000 dilution by brushing over the surface of each consecutively without recharging the brush. Incubate at 42° C., and subculture the coliform colonies (bouillon, milk, litmus milk, gelatin "shake," cultures, etc.).

(*b*) Inoculate six tubes of phenol bouillon (0·05 per cent. of C_6H_5OH) with crude or diluted milk. Those which show abundant turbidity after twenty-four to forty-eight hours at 37° C. may be placed upon phenol-gelatin.

The following are the main bio-chemical features of the *B. coli* group :—(1) They are non-sporing and non-liquefying; (2) they rarely stain by Gram's method; (3) They are motile; (4) they produce acid and gas in glucose and lactose media; (5) they produce acid in milk, and usually coagulate it; (6) they grow well at a temperature of 42° C.

Bacillus Enteritidis Sporogenes of Klein.—Inoculate six tubes of freshly sterilised milk with 1 Ml. of a 1 in 500 dilution of the milk to be examined, or, if preferred, 0·1 Ml. of the crude milk. Heat at 80° C. for fifteen minutes. Remove, cool, and place in Buchner's tubes or cylinder containing freshly prepared alkaline pyrogallol solution. Seal the tubes or cylinder with great care, making it absolute. Incubate at 37° C. After forty-eight hours take out the tubes and examine them for *B. enteritidis sporogenes.* The "enteritidis change" is characterised by copious gas formation, clear or slightly turbid whey in the middle of the tube, with faintly pinkish flocculi of casein floating on top, and casein mucus at sides and bottom of tube.

Pus Cells.—Prepare a cover-slip preparation from a little of the centrifugalised deposit in the following way:—Spread evenly over the surface and fix by drying over the Bunsen. Wash fixed film with ether, or alternately with alcohol and ether, until all the superfluous fat is removed. Stain by (*a*) one of the ordinary solutions—*e.g.*, Löffler's blue—or (*b*) Gram's method.

2. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF BUTTER.

Place 120 Gm. of butter in a sterilised flask, add 150 Ml. of sterile salt solution, and heat in a water-bath at about 35° C., shaking gently until the latter has melted—*i.e.*, until a milk-like emulsion is formed. Inoculate tubes of gelatin and agar for plate cultivation. Place the remainder in a sedimentation flask in the refrigerator for twenty-four hours. Then remove the superficial solidified fat by means of a sterile spatula and decant the turbid liquid. Examine sediment for organisms.

3. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF CHEESE.

Remove a thin slice of the cheese under examination by cutting with a sterile knife parallel to the surface. Discard this, and with a sterile knife cut perpendicularly downward from the bared surface. Introduce into the prepared surface a coarse, sterile platinum needle, slightly roughened with a file near the distal end. Inoculate with this needle a sufficient number of tubes of bouillon for ultimately making aerobic and anaerobic plate cultivations.

4. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF MOULDS.

With the exception of the ringworms and allied fungi, the hyphomycetes are not of very great pathological importance. Mucors and aspergilli may be met with in the ear and nose, and, less frequently, *Aspergillus fumigatus* in the lung tissue (pneumo-mycosis).

The examination of hyphomycetes may be advantageously carried out for differential purposes in the Petri dish itself. Drop carefully on the centre of the mould colony, by means of a pipette, a droplet of eosin (1 per cent. aq. sol.). Place a thin cover-glass upon the centre of the drop, and press together to get close contact. Remove the dish to the microscope stage and examine margin of growth with a $\frac{1}{6}$-in. objective. If this process is impracticable, remove a portion of the growth, tease up gently with needles in a little ammoniated alcohol, absorb surplus fluid with blotting-paper, and mount in Farrant's solution (p. 621, "Crookshank") or in glycerin jelly. If desired they may be stained by irrigation method with fuchsin, or by covering with aniline-gentian-violet and heating gently.

Ringworm.

Two affections are distinguishable by reason of a difference in the size of the spores of the fungi. The first is due to *Microsporon Andonini* (round or ovoid spores, 3 to 4μ in diameter) occurring in early childhood, forming 80-90 per cent. of the ringworm met with in London; the second variety, *Tricophyton Megasporon* (chains of mycelial spores; endospores, 4 to 12μ in diam.), is divided into three groups according to the habitat—viz., the (*a*) *endothrix* form (interior of the hair), (*b*) *ectothrix* (outside of the hair), and (*c*) *endo-ectothrix* (partly inside and outside of the hair).

The ectothrix form is responsible for all the tinia sycosis and ringworm of the nails, and half the cases of tinia circinata.

Cultural Examination.—The ringworm fungi form white fluffy growths (for appearance *vide* pp. 85-93, "Curtis") after seven days on beer-wort agar and gelatin (liquefaction). For cultivation: Remove the diseased hairs or stumps (by traction in the axis of its growth, so as to obtain the soft bulb intact if possible) with forceps to a sterile glass slide. Cut away aerial portions with a sterile scalpel, divide diseased parts into fragments, and well wash with sterile water to remove bacteria, yeasts, sarcinæ, etc. Transfer the fragments with a platinum needle to beer-wort agar and incubate at 30° C.

Pure cultures may be made on French proof agar (cf. p. 74, "Curtis") by tapping a tube containing a culture possessing aerial hyphæ over the surface of the medium; spores are ejected, and growth ensues. It may be mentioned here that all true ringworm fungi have their aerial fructifications developed on the same plan—viz., a central rod bearing terminally and laterally small spores attached by a small pedicle. Klatsch (impression) preparata may be made from cultures to demonstrate aerial hyphæ.

Microscopic Examination.—Clear the hair by maceration with Liq. Potassæ, B.P., *q.s.*, for twenty minutes, wash in 15 per cent. alcohol, dry and stain by Gram-Weigert's method (modified)—*e.g.*, (1) Stain in aniline-gentian-violet for thirty minutes. (2) Treat with Gram's iodine solution, three minutes. (3) Decolorise in aniline oil, thirty minutes. (4) Counter-stain in eosin, one minute.

Favus.

The specific organism (*Achorion Schœnleinii*) occurs on the hairy parts of the body in the form of compact, sulphur-yellow, cup-shaped bodies, which are usually pierced by a hair, and imbedded in the skin. These crusts, or scutula, are isolated by piercing the horny layer and prising them out of the skin. The specimens are examined unstained.

The scutulum is seen to be composed of epidermis, radiate mycelial threads, and spores. The mycelial threads are of varying width, with many septa, often bifurcating, and having bulbous ends.

In favus of the scalp, the mycelium is composed of chains of jointed rods (resembling meta-tarsal bones) and spherical cells. Examine hair, scales, and nail secretions by means of stained specimens (cf. ringworm).

Cultural Examination.—Cultivate at 35° C. in glycerin-agar. The grey colonies are circular or oval in shape, snowy-white in tint, finely powdered over the raised surface in young cultures, slightly wrinkled in older ones. From the margin, fine branches pass out in a radiating direction. In very old cultures, a brownish, or *café au lait*, tint is seen, and the surface becomes very rugged or honey-combed.

5. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF YEASTS.

Yeasts were formerly relegated to a subordinate position among the achlorophyllous thallophytes, being viewed as pure saprophytes—*i.e.*, incapable of invading living tissues, whether animal or vegetable, and therefore possessing little pathological significance when compared with the hyphomycetes and bacteria. This view has been discarded since the organism of "Thrush," *S. albicans*, was classed as a yeast, and the saccharomycetes are now important bacteriologically apart from their value in brewing.

Morphologically, they consist of round or oval cells, arranged singly or in chains. The single cells are, generally speaking, much larger than bacteria. Their diameter may be as much as 8 or 9μ. The thin cell-wall encloses a granular protoplasm, containing one or more vacuoles, and in old cultures a nucleus. Multiplication occurs by a system of budding or gemmation, the buds or daughter-cells remaining attached for a considerable time to the mother-cell. This is well seen under the microscope if the yeast has been grown in a saccharine fluid.

Thrush or Soor Fungus.

The yeast *Saccharomyces albicans* is the cause of Thrush in infants; it is usually located in circular milk-white patches on the tongue and mucous membrane of the mouth, occasionally along the pharynx to the œsophagus. It has also been found in diphtheritic membrane and on furred tongues. It also occurs in adults recovering from phthisis and cancer.

The fungus may be cultivated (usually not necessary) on the ordinary laboratory media. In gelatin and agar streaks, the growth is snow white, and at first dry; subsequently it becomes moist and wrinkled. No liquefaction of the gelatin occurs.

Cover-glass preparations may be stained according to Gram or Kuhne-Weigert cf. p. 274, "Klobstock"). Films prepared from an oro-pharyngeal patch show under the microscope double contoured hyaline mycelia, having transverse septa and indentations, and often having lateral branches which interlace with each other. Films from cultures, on the other hand, show cells having the characteristics of the typical yeast cells already described, the mycelial filaments only occurring in older cultures, especially when deprived of sugar.

6. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF WATER.

Owing to the rapidity with which bacteria multiply, it is obviously necessary to examine immediately on receipt or collection. Samples may be collected in sterilised Erlenmeyer flasks, sterilised stoppered Winchester-quart bottles, or in Sternberg's bulbs. If the city water supply is to be examined, the sample may be taken from a faucet after the water has been running for about half-an-hour. In sampling water from a river, reservoir, etc., the container should be immersed about a foot below the surface. The bottle is opened and closed under the water, and hermetically sealed before it is transported. Should a sample be desired not from the surface but from a given depth below the surface, the apparatus devised by Miguel may be employed (*vide* Frankland's 'Micro-organism in Water').

A bacteriological investigation carried out in conformity with the procedures recommended by the Committee of the Royal Institute of Public Health should include:—(*a*) Enumeration of the bacteria present on a medium incubated at room temperature (18°-20° C.). (*b*) Search for *B. coli* and identification and enumeration of the organism if present. (*c*) Enumeration of the bacteria present on a medium incubated at blood heat (36°-38° C.). (*d*) Search and enumeration of streptococci. May also be advisable to search for *B. enteritidis sporogenes.*

It will be observed that the R.I.P.H. recommend incubation at high and low temperatures in order to arrive at a more exact conclusion as to the number of bacteria present. As the purity of a water depends on the pathogenicity or otherwise of the germs present, it is possible to discriminate in this way between the non-pathogenic and pathogenic forms. Certain types of the thallophyta other than the schizomycetes frequently appear on the laboratory media, especially glucose-containing media, and are easily distinguishable microscopically, more so on prolonged incubation.

Physical Examination.—The temperature and reaction should be first tested, and an examination made of any deposit or suspended matter. Bubbles of gas, if present, should be noted. Data as to source, etc., should be recorded, as in general analytical practice.

Quantitative Examination.—The sample should be gently mixed and plate cultivations made. To five tubes of 10-15 Ml. of liquefied gelatin, add the following quantities of the water under examination: 0·5 Ml., 0·2 Ml., 0·2 Ml., 0·1 Ml., 0·1 Ml. Mix well, and pour into the corresponding number of sterilised Petri dishes. Allow the gelatin to set, and incubate at 22° C. for as long as possible before complete liquefaction takes place. Count the colonies which appear after forty-eight hours' incubation, take the average at the period of maximum growth, multiply up according to the fraction which has been used, and return as so many organisms per mil. The colonies are counted by means of Wolffhügel's apparatus or Pake's disc (cf. "Zapffe," pp. 135-6).

Pure water, according to Miguel's standard, may contain from 100 to 1,000 organisms per mil, very impure water being defined to contain 100,000, and upwards per mil.

Qualitative Examination.—(*a*) The ratio of organisms liquefying gelatin. This is ascertained from the gelatin plates employed for enumeration.

The ratio of liquefying to non-liquefying organisms should not exceed one to ten, as above this points to sewage contamination (*b*) The number of organisms which multiply at blood-heat. At the time of making the gelatin plates for quantitative examination, several agar plates may be made for quantitative purposes, and incubated at blood-heat. On the second or third day colonies will have appeared, and these should be studied and sub-cultured in suitable media.

Detection of Special Organisms.—Take a sterilised Berkefeld filter and pump or aspirate through it a litre of the water under examination, and with a sterilised brush (rubber tooth-brush) transfer the collected particulate matter to 5 or 10 Ml. of sterile water. This concentration of the organismal content of the litre of water is used as follows:—

(1) Place 0·5 or 1 Ml. in each of three sterilised tubes of 10-15 Ml. of fresh sterilised milk. Incubate anaerobically and examine for *B. enteritidis sporogenes,* as described under milk (q.v.).

(2) Add from 0·1 to 0·5 Ml. to three tubes of phenolated gelatin, and plate. Colonies developing should be examined for *B. coli communis,* or inoculate three tubes of Parietti's broth (cf. p. 5, "Curtis"), and incubate at 42° C. Those tubes which show growth in one to three days should be examined for *B. coli.*

Tubes of glucose-formate-bouillon may be also inoculated with 0·1 to 0·5 Ml., and incubated in a Buchner's tube at 42° C., and all the tubes which show turbidity in twenty-four hours may be plated out in gelatin or alkaline glucose litmus agar, and the *B. coli,* if present, thus isolated. Subcultures should be made in gelatin or glucose gelatin (for gas production), milk (for acidity and coagulation), and peptone water (for indol). MacConkey recommends a bile-salt-broth (sodium taurocholate, 0·5 Gm.; glucose, 0·5 Gm.; peptone, 2 Gm.; water, 100 Ml.) for detecting gas and indol formation; the medium is used with Durham's tube.

(3) *B. typhosus* may be examined for by adopting exactly the same methods as for *B. coli.*

(4) Sewage organisms and the organisms indicative of surface pollution should also be examined for.

If the organisms *B. coli, B. enteritidis sporogenes,* and *streptococci* are present in the water, it may be taken as proved that such water has been recently polluted, and should be condemned. Crude sewage generally contains in 1 Ml. (*a*) one to ten million bacteria; (*b*) 100,000 *B. coli* (or closely allied forms); (*c*) 100 spores of *B. enteritidis sporogenes;* and (*d*) 1,000 *streptococci* (Houston).

7. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF THE SECRETIONS AND DEPOSITS IN THE MOUTH AND PHARYNX.

In the examination of oro-pharyngeal pathological products, the place of first importance belongs to the diphtheria bacilli. Of secondary importance only are the staphylo- strepto-, pneumo-cocci, influenza bacilli, and the diplobacillus of Friedländer, which occur in angina and in mixed diphtheritic infections. Finally, the "soor fungus," *Oidium albicans* (see above) should be mentioned.

Routine procedure for the detection of the diphtheria bacillus. (1) Direct identification. A cover-slip preparation is made directly from the swabbing or membrane according to the method of Neisser. If present, the Klebs-Löffler bacillus appears as a slender, longish rod, stained brown, and generally containing granules of a deep blue or inky tint.

This reaction is not always infallible, and the result should always be confirmed by serum culture control before giving a report.

(2) Cultural Examination.—A piece of membrane or a throat swabbing is rubbed over the surface of several tubes of Löffler's blood-serum, care being taken not to break up the medium. The tubes are then incubated for six hours at 37° C. It is rarely possible to find any visible growth in so short a time, and a scraping is therefore taken from the whole surface of the medium, and a cover-glass preparation made and stained with Löffler's blue.

Diphtheria bacilli, if present, will show the following features, viz.: (1) slender rods having the same diameter, (2) involution forms, (3) parallel grouping, and (4) the characteristic polar staining. If no bacilli can be detected the tubes must be incubated again, and examined at the end of twelve or twenty-four hours.

After twenty-four hours' growth, the diphtheria bacilli will have developed colonies about the size of a pin's head, round, prominent, and yellowish-white. If the colonies lying close together coalesce, a yellowish-white coating is formed which still presents a distinctly granular appearance.

If after twelve to twenty-four hours cocci alone have grown, it is very improbable that the case is one of diphtheria. However, the plate must be examined again on the following day, as in rare cases diphtheria bacilli develop late—namely, when gargles, etc., have been used shortly before obtaining the material for examination.

Pseudo-organisms may be differentiated by foregoing biological and morphological characters, but in case of doubt it is advisable to cultivate on neutral litmus agar (K.L.B. = alkalinity), and alkaline nutrient broth (K.L.B. = more acidity). Also *vide* Curtis's 'Essentials,' pp. 164 *et seq.*

8. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF SPUTUM.

Pour the sputum into a sterile Petri dish placed over a dark background, and remove one or more of the thick yellowish masses to the cover of the dish. Spread this material out by means of two platinum wires and isolate a distinctly purulent fleck (the nucleus).

The fleck, having in this way been freed from the adherent mucus and bacteria which it has collected in its passage through the upper respiratory tract, may now be used for planting cultures or the preparation of smears.

Examination of Stained Films.—Smear a little of the prepared sputum over a cover-glass held in cornet forceps (adding a little sterile water, if necessary), so as to form a thin film. Dry and fix in the usual way. Stain as follows:—(1) According to the method of Ziehl-Nielson (cf. "Hewlett," p. 207). The tubercle bacilli will appear as delicate red rods, often beaded or segmented on a blue background of cells, mucus, and putrefactive or other bacilli. (2) With carbol-fuchsin. Dilute carbol-fuchsin is dropped on the smear, heated to the steaming point over a small flame (support on asbestos board), and at once washed off, as the details are hard to recognise in too deeply stained specimens. All bacteria other than tubercle bacilli will be stained blue. (3) According to Gram (cf. "Hewlett," p. 78). The tubercle bacilli, pneumococci, streptococci, staphylococci, and the *Micrococcus tetragenus* are stained, while *Micrococcus catarrhalis*, influenza bacilli, Friedländer's diplobacilli, *B. pyocyaneus*, *B. pestis*, are decolorised. The former, or Gram-positive bacteria, owing to their dark stain, are prominent against the brown background of decolorised cellular elements.

Cultural Examination.—Wash the prepared sputum in physiological salt solution. Inoculate tubes of agar, glycerin-agar, blood-agar, blood-serum, and bouillon with the washed fleck. Incubate at 37° C. When the presence of many germs capable of development is suspected, the same fleck is smeared on a number of cultures to obtain isolated colonies.

Tubercle Bacilli.—Material for smears should always be taken from a number of suspected places in the sputum, the so-called nuclei being specially sought after. In specimens stained as described the tubercle bacilli appear as slim rods of varying length, often slightly curved. They lie in groups, singly or in pairs, which may be parallel or at right angles to one another. They are often of uneven thickness or irregularly granular. Colourless spots are seen between the stained granules, so that the bacilli resemble a string of pearls. The number of bacilli are best counted by the method of Czaplewski—viz., the number of bacilli in a given field is made the numerator of a fraction; the number of fields counted, the denominator. If in one or more entire smears only a few bacilli are counted, then the denominator is written as a Roman numeral, *e.g.*: $\frac{6}{1}$ = 6 bacilli in a field; $\frac{\alpha}{1}$ = innumerable bacilli in a field; $\frac{1}{5}$ = 1 bacillus in five fields; $\frac{2}{1}$ = 2 bacilli in an entire smear; $\frac{1}{\mathrm{vi}}$ = 1 bacillus in six entire smears, and so forth. It is perhaps well to express the minimum and maximum number observed (for example $\frac{0-6}{\mathrm{I}}$ etc.), and also the average number found in a number of fields (for example, $\frac{0-6}{\mathrm{I}} = \frac{3}{1}$).

Pneumococci.—Cover-glass specimens prepared from the rusty sputum are best stained by the Gram-eosin method (cf. "Hewlett," p. 76). The diplococci appear in the stained preparation to lie in small oval clear spaces outlined by the counter-stain. Frequently they occur in chains. The pneumococci may be distinguished from Friedländer's bacillus by staining with Gram, and also by producing no growth on gelatin below 24° C.

Streptococci.—Isolate by inoculating blood-serum or Löffler's blood-serum, and incubating at 37° C. for six to seven hours, and then examining. Streptococci, if present in the sputum, will be found forming beautiful chains. This is the most satisfactory way of eliminating contaminating organisms.

Staphylococci.—*S. aureus* or *albus* is usually present in the sputum, more rarely the *S. citreus*. Staphylococci are best grown on agar for differential purposes. They appear under the microscope as round cocci usually arranged like a bunch of grapes, and stain according to Gram.

Micrococcus Tetragenus.—This organism occurs in the sputum only as a producer of mixed infection in tuberculosis. The cells occur singly (diameter 1μ); in pairs, or in fours, and enclosed within a capsule. It stains with the ordinary aniline dyes and by Gram's method. Develops slowly on gelatin (without liquefaction) and agar, forming a thick, white, shining growth.

Micrococcus Catarrhalis.—This organism occurs in the sputum in bronchitis and broncho-pneumonia generally associated with streptococci and the influenza bacilli. It appears as a diplococcus or tetracoccus, but never forms chains. It is much larger than the gonococcus, which it resembles in appearance, as well as by decolorising with Gram.

Influenza Bacilli.—Inoculate tubes of blood-agar and glycerin-agar with a prepared fleck, well wash with physiological salt solution, and incubate at 37° C. After twenty-four hours, take out of incubator, and prepare Klatsch preparations from a small, transparent, drop-like colony. Stain with carbol-methylene blue (Kühne, cf. "Hewlett," p. 75) and examine. It appears as a very fine short (0·5μ) rod with rounded ends. It is decolorised by Gram.

Diplobacillus of Friedländer—The pneumo-bacilli are plump rods with rounded ends, varying in size and form, often resembling cocci. They lie in pairs, and possess, like the true pneumococci, a capsule, which is conspicuous in sputum films in contrast to those made from cultures. They are decolorised by Gram. A stab-inoculation in gelatin resembles a "nail" in appearance, occasionally accompanied by gas bubbles.

Bacillus Pyocyaneus.—This organism is the source of the colour of blue or bluish-green sputum. In cover-glass preparations the bacilli appear as small, slim rods with rounded extremities. They are decolorised by Gram. The organism differs from the influenza bacillus in that it is easily cultivated on the usual culture media, produces pigment, and is motile (a single flagellum).

9. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF FÆCES.

In making a bacteriological examination of the intestinal evacuations, the general characteristics should be observed, as in certain infections abnormal features are always present.

Thus, bloody mucus stools occur in dysentery, flecks of mucus and pus in the evacuations in intestinal tuberculosis, stools of a characteristic rice-water appearance in Asiatic cholera, and occasionally evacuations are met with of a green colour due to *B. pyocyaneus.*

Preparation for Examination.—Fluid and thin-pasty stools are poured into a shallow dish, stirred to a uniform consistency, and traces are then removed for planting cultures or microscopic examination. Very thin evacuations are allowed to settle, or at once centrifuged, and the sediment examined. Formed stools are rubbed in a mortar with water or physiological salt solution. Macroscopical constituents, such as mucus and other intestinal wall products, are best isolated by spreading the fæces on a very fine sieve (200 mesh), and washing freely with water, stirring meanwhile; the fæcal sieve suggested by Boas is most useful for this purpose.

Cultural Examination.—(1) Inoculate tubes of bouillon and cultivate at 37° C. Examine for turbidity. (2) Inoculate tubes of gelatin, (*a*) stab, (*b*) streak, (*c*) shake. Examine daily for gas formation. (3) Recent milk tubes are inoculated, heated to 80° C. for ten to fifteen minutes, and then incubated anaerobically at 37° C. (cf. "Milk") by means of alkaline pyrogallol. Coagulation in forty-eight hours indicates *B. coli* and *B. enteritidis sporogenes.* In the latter case the milk undergoes the "enteritidis" change. (4) Inoculate tubes of litmus-whey and incubate at 37° C. Typhoid bacilli, dysentery bacilli, and type A of the para-typhoid bacilli, produce, after twenty-four hours, a small amount of acid (typhoid under 3 per cent. N/10 acid), and the tubes show a slight reddish tinge, while coli bacteria produce more than 7 per cent. of N/10 acid, and the tubes are coloured bright red. Para-typhoid bacillus B produces at first a small amount of acid, but after a few days' growth turns the medium blue. (5) Prepare: stab, and "shake" (*schüttel*) cultures in 2 per cent. glucose-agar and neutral-red agar. Incubate at 37° C. Most varieties of coli and both types of para-typhoid bacilli cause fermentation with the formation of gas (CO_2), also reduction in the neutral-red agar, with the production of a greenish fluorescence. (6) Inoculate six tubes of Barsiekow's culture medium (cf. p. 284, "Klopstock"), containing 1 per cent. of glucose. Incubate at 37° C. for twenty-four hours. Dysentery tubes show acid formation, but no coagulation. Typhoid tubes show acid formation and cloudiness, due to slight coagulation. Coli tubes show acid formation and complete coagulation. (7) Cultivate in peptone water and test for indol—(*a*) with nitrite, (*b*) without nitrite. *B. coli* gives a positive reaction in (*a*), and the bacillus of Asiatic cholera in (*b*).

Microscopical Examination.—(1) Prepare hanging-drops from sub-cultures on bouillon, and examine for motility. Typhoid bacilli, alkaligenes, the two types of para-typhoid bacilli, and the cholera bacilli are motile. *B. coli* is non-motile, or slightly motile, while dysentery bacilli possess no motility. (2) Prepare "Klatch" preparata from the gelatin plates when the colonies are twenty-four hours old, and stain with carbol-fuchsin. (3) Prepare cover-slip preparations from material (*e.g.*, mucus fleck) and pure culture, and stain with—(*a*) Carbol-fuchsin. In pure culture cholera bacilli show semi-lunar or S-shaped figures. Preparations from the rice-like flakes in cholera show curved rods or commata lying parallel to each other. (*b*) Gram's method.—*B. coli*, *B. typhosus*, and dysentery bacilli are decolorised.

Typhoid Bacilli.—For isolation and differential purposes plant traces of the material to be examined on agar, Conradi-Drigalski's litmus agar, and Piorkowski urine gelatin (cf. "Klopstock," pp. 283-4). (1) Incubate the agar and litmus agar plates at 37° C. After fourteen to twenty-four hours look for small, transparent, bluish iridescent colonies on the agar plates, and small, blue, sharply outlined colonies, resembling dewdrops, on the Conradi-Drigalski plates. Prepare hanging-drops from these and examine carefully. If motile rods, having the appearance of typhoid bacilli (cf. pp. 177-8, "Curtis"), are seen, make sub-cultures on agar (slanting). Make a "preliminary agglutination test" in the following way:—Place a trace of the colony on a cover-glass in a drop of diluted (1 in 1,000) high-potency serum (from an animal immunised with T.B.). Use as a control a hanging-drop made from normal serum (× 10 the concentration of the immune) of the same kind of animal. Place the cover-glasses upon concave slides, and examine with a low power. If clumping occurs in the hanging-drop from the specific serum, either at once or after a few minutes, while the control remains homogeneous, the reaction is positive, and the bacteria are in all probability typhoid bacilli. On the following day the media described in the routine examination are inoculated with a pure culture for biological observation, and a quantitative microscopic test is carried out with the bacteria (*vide* below). (2) Incubate the urine-gelatin plates at 21·5° to 22° C., and examine with a low power. Typhoid colonies show a small, usually oblong, clear nucleus, which, depending upon the character of the flagella, has at each end four to six branches about four to six times the length of the nucleus, and frequently spirally arranged. Other typhoid colonies possess no nucleus at all, or are rounded and finally granular.

Transplant any colonies possessing the foregoing characteristic appearance upon agar tubes. Test the pure culture on the following day, as described above.

The Macroscopical Quantitative Agglutination Test is carried out in the following way:—Add one loopful (about 2 milligrams) of a twenty-four hours' agar culture to each of a series of tubes containing 1 Ml. of immune serum, diluted in different proportions, *e.g.*, 1 : 100, 1 : 200, 1 : 500, 1 : 1,000, etc. First smear the culture on the side of the tube just above the fluid, and rub with a drop of it until all visible lumps have disappeared, then gradually mix with the rest until homogeneous.

If agglutination does not occur at once incubate tubes at 37° C. Test the tubes by holding them horizontally above the head and look upward through the thin layer of diluted serum. If agglutination has taken place the clear liquid is seen to be filled with granules. Controls should be made from authentic typhoid cultures with the immune serum, with normal serum, and with the salt solution used as diluent.

Para-Typhoid Bacilli.—The two types A. and B. are detected, and isolated from the dejecta by similar methods to those employed for typhoid bacilli (q.v.). Urine-gelatin is, however, not used for their detection, as para-typhoid bacilli produce no fibril forms when grown on it. They are identified by their biological characteristics and by the agglutination test.

Dysentery Bacilli.—In addition to the biological and bio-chemical characters already described, the dysentery bacilli are positively identified by agglutination with a high potency serum. As, however, the dysentery bacilli agglutinate more slowly than the typhoid bacilli, the inoculated tubes are first incubated at 37° C., and then placed for twelve hours in an ice-chest. The detection of dysentery bacilli in the fæces is, as a rule, easy so long as the evacuations are of a typical mucous character.

Cholera Vibriones.—Smears are made when possible from one of the whitish, slimy, rice-like flakes, and stained with dilute carbol-fuchsin (1 : 9). Frequently, typical cholera bacilli are present in these smears in great numbers, lying in groups parallel to each other. In addition, hanging drops are made from a rice-like flake with peptone water, and examined fresh and stained, at once, and after half-an-hour, in an incubator at 37° C.

Occasionally the vibriones are seen to collect at the margin of the drop. Cultivations are made in gelatin, agar, and peptone water, as described. Finally, serum tests are carried out with the pure culture (quantitative microscopical agglutination test and Pfeiffer's reaction, cf. "Hewlett," pp 252-3).

Tubercle Bacilli.—Stained cover-slip preparations are made from the flecks of mucus and pus present in the diarrhœal evacuations from intestinal tuberculosis. If the fæces are formed they are (according to Strasburger) mixed with water and centrifuged. The cloudy liquid above the sediment is decanted, and diluted with 96 per cent. alcohol (2 parts of fluid to be examined, 1 part alcohol). It is then centrifuged again, and smears made from sediment. Care should be exercised in forming an opinion from the cover-slip preparations, as other acid-fast bacilli are occasionally present.

Staphylococci and Streptococci.—In acute intestinal catarrh, the pyogenic bacteria are seen in the evacuations in such large numbers, that the micro-organisms usually present are completely overshadowed by them. They are detected by cover-slip preparations, stained with dilute carbol-fuchsin, and according to Gram (cf. "Sputum").

10. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF URINE.

Ascertain, approximately, the number of micro-organisms present by preparing a hanging-drop. If many (*e.g.*, the so-called bacteriuria) cover-slip preparations may be made directly. It most cases, however, it is advisable to centrifugalise the urine in sterile tubes, and use the sediment so obtained for examination.

Sedimentation is difficult to get in some cases, *e.g.*, bacteriuria and ammoniacal urine. In the former case, add, before centrifugalising, absolute alcohol (to lower the density), and in the latter, add dilute KOH, and heat on water-bath. In both instances, the precipitate is rendered unfit for cultural use.

Urine, turbid from precipitated urates, must be cleared by incubating for a few minutes at 37° C.

Cover-slip Examination.—Smears are prepared in the usual way. Modifications in technique are, however, necessary in certain cases, *e.g.*, in the presence of a large amount of crystalline salts, fix in alcohol-ether. Stain with dilute borax-methylene-blue (1 : 9), two minutes, without heating, according to Gram, and according to one of the methods for detecting tubercle bacilli (q.v.).

Cultural Examination.—Agar is the most suitable for isolating the bacteria which appear in the urine. Special culture media are, however, necessary for the detection of tubercle bacilli and gonococci.

Bacterium Coli.—This is present in the urine from cases of cystitis and pyelitis. The urine is usually acid in reaction. *B. coli* appears in stained smears made from urinary sediment as a plump, straight rod with rounded ends, and of varying length. The bacteria lie singly, in pairs, or in groups, and frequently form chains; more rarely they lie within the cells (epithelial).

They are decolorised in specimens stained according to Gram. For methods of identification, cf. the examination of milk for special organisms, also the examination of the fæces.

Staphylococci and Streptococci.—Both varieties of cocci stain, according to Gram, and are therefore conspicuous in cover-slips so stained. Staphylococci frequently lie within the cells. Staphylococci and streptococci are distinguished from gonococci by their form, staining characteristics, and the ease with which they can be cultivated in the ordinary laboratory media. For cultural characteristics cf. examination of sputum.

Tubercle Bacilli.—Prepare cover-slip preparations and stain as directed for tubercle bacilli in the examination of sputum (q.v.). The bacilli will present similar features.

In tubercular cystitis the bacilli are often present in the urine in great numbers, lying either singly or in groups, and frequently in characteristically plaited or S-shaped arrangement. In tuberculosis of the kidney their detection is extremely difficult, and a great number of specimens must be examined before the first bacillus is found.

When unsuccessful in detecting the tubercle bacilli in the sediment obtained by centrifugalisation in the ordinary way, the following method may be tried:—Pour as large a quantity of the urine as possible into a conical sedimentation-glass (containing a crystal of thymol), and stand for twelve hours. Withdraw the lowest portion and centrifugalise. For further particulars of identification, and differentiation from other acid-fast bacilli cf. "Sputum," also, Curtis's 'Essentials,' pp. 143-145.

Typhoid Bacilli.—The bacilli are found in the urine in typhoidal cystitis. The urine is acid in reaction, and contains usually enormous quantities of typhoid bacilli. These are, as a rule, the only bacteria present. On examining the sediment in hanging-drop, numerous highly motile bacilli are seen. In stained cover-slip preparations they appear as small rods, which are decolorised by Gram. They are cultivated, and identified according to the method described under examination of the fæces.

Gonococci.—The gonococci are present in the urine in gonorrhœal cystitis and (indirectly) in gonorrhœa. Urine from chronic gonorrhœa contains numerous filaments or "fish-hooks." These are most numerous in the first morning urine. The filaments are removed with a pipette and carefully spread upon a cover-glass or slide. For identification, *vide* "Examination of the Urethral Secretion."

Proteus Vulgaris.—The bacilli occur in urine (ammoniacal) either alone or associated with other micro-organisms, especially *B. coli.* Microscopical examination shows rods of varying size, which frequently form long spiral threads, and for the most part are decolorised by Gram. In hanging-drop they appear highly motile. The colonies in gelatin plates are characterised by the variable outline, and ramifying branches known as "swarmers" or "swarming islets" (cf. p. 65, "Curtis").

Proteus Vulgaris ferments grape and cane-sugar, but not milk-sugar, and forms a large amount of indol. It decomposes albuminoid substances, with the formation of foul-smelling products.

11. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF THE URETHRAL AND PROSTATIC SECRETIONS.

The gonococcus of Neisser, or *Micrococcus gonorrhœæ*, is the principal organism to be searched for in the urethral secretion, as it is, in the majority of cases, the exciting cause of urethritis and vulvitis. It is generally, even at an early stage, associated with other organisms, of which Foulerton (pp. 40-81, 'Trans. Instit. Prevent. Med.,' First Series, 1897) gives a list of no less than eighteen species belonging to the coccus group alone. These include several diplococci, which have to be distinguished from the gonococcus—*e.g.*, the *Diplococcus intra-cellularis meningitidis* of "*Weichselbaum.*"

Microscopical Examination.—Cover-glass preparations of the pus or discharge are best prepared in the following way:—(1) Smear thin films on cover-glasses and allow to dry in the air. (2) Fix with alcohol-ether for fifteen minutes. After fixing, stain two of the preparations with Löffler's blue (3—5 m.), wash in water, dry, and mount. Examine with a 1/12 in. oil-immersion lens. Ovoid cocci in pairs, and occasionally in tetrads, occurring within the pus cells in groups of not less than four pairs, are practically characteristic. Next, stain by Gram's method. After washing with alcohol, counterstain with Bismarck brown. On drying and examining as before, gonococci, if present, will be seen to be stained brown, while streptococci or staphylococci appear violet (having taken up the para-rosaniline in Gram's process).

Cultural Examination.—Gonococci cannot be grown on ordinary laboratory media. Foulerton recommends cultivation of the pus on 1½ in. agar plates, streaked with fresh human blood. Blood, obtained by aseptically pricking the finger, is taken up in a sterile capillary tube, and deposited in the centre of each plate. A trace of gonorrhœal pus is taken up on a small sterile camel's hair brush, rubbed up with a drop of the blood, and smeared over the surface of the agar. Inoculate a set of plain agar plates with the pus in the same way. Incubate both sets at 37° C. In forty-eight hours colonies of the gonococcus should be recognisable on the blood agar, but not on the plain agar. After twenty-four hours' growth at 37° C. the colonies of the gonococci appear as transparent, greyish specks, which increase in size up to the end of three days. At this stage the colony measures 1 to 2 Mm. in diameter, is raised, brownish, and finely granular in appearance, and irregularly rounded with a crinkled margin.

An organism suspected to be *Micrococcus gonorrhœæ* should comply with the following postulates:—It should (*a*) occur in cell colony in pus, (*b*) decolorise when treated by Gram's method, (*c*) not grow on agar at either 20° or 36° C. Prostatic secretion is examined in the same way as the urethral secretion.

12. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF BLOOD.

The bacteriological examination of blood is not confined solely to the detection of specific micro-organisms such as Obermeyer's spirilla and typhoid bacilli, but is also directed to the detection of certain small parasitic protozoa known as hæmatozoa, and trypanosomes.

The malarial parasite is a type of the former, and *Trypanosoma gambiense* (sleeping sickness) an example of the latter. Blood is obtained for examination from the lobe of the ear or the finger tip, under aseptic conditions.

The drops of blood are drawn up into a capillary pipette (*vide* "Hewlett," fig. 6, p. 39), and sealed up. In the absence of capillary tubes the blood may be spotted on a cover-glass or glass slide, and allowed to dry, or on a piece of blotting-paper. In these cases, a droplet of water must be added, and a solution made for cultural, and hanging-drop examination.

Cover-slip Preparation.—Touch the blood with the middle of one of the narrower ground edges of a microscopic slide, and draw this rapidly across a clean cover-slip free from grease, supported by another slide. An evenly distributed film will be obtained. Allow the smears to dry in the air, and fix in the usual way. Other methods, such as Hyam's and Manson's (cf., "Curtis," p. 240) may also be employed. Specimens may be also fixed by (*a*) immersion in one of the following—absolute alcohol, alcohol and ether (*p. æq.*), and formalin, or (*b*) with heat. In the latter case the method of Kowarsky is followed—the cover-glasses are placed with the film side up upon a hollow copper cylinder (fig. 12, p. 62, "Klopstock"), which is provided with a depression for the reception of a crystal of urea. The bottom of the cylinder is carefully heated with a Bunsen or alcohol lamp, and when the crystal melts (132° to 135° C.), fixation is complete. This takes two to three minutes.

Malaria.—The protozoan parasite of malaria may be met with in the blood in four distinct types, viz.: (1) Spherical bodies; (2) flagellated bodies; (3) crescentic bodies; and (4) segmented or rosette bodies. For their description, *vide* Hewlett's 'Manual of Bacteriology,' pp. 237-9.

Stain with a 1 per cent. aqueous solution of eosin for five minutes, wash thoroughly, and immerse in saturated aqueous methylene blue for two to three minutes. Wash well, dry, and mount. The plasmodia in the red corpuscles (stained pink) are stained blue, and are distinguished from the nuclei by their shape, and by the presence of pigment. Other stains may be used for demonstrating the parasite—viz., Jenner's combined eosin-methylene blue, Erlich-Biondi solution, and Erlich's hæmatoxylin (for details see p. 241 "Curtis"). Flagellate bodies are best demonstrated by Manson's method. This consists in removing the hæmoglobin from a specially prepared film (for details see *Brit. Med. Journ.*, 1896, 2, p. 122, or "Curtis," p. 242) with 15 per cent. acetic acid, washing in water, and staining with 20 per cent. carbol-fuchsin for six to eight hours. Negative results in the examination for the malarial parasite must be accepted with caution, unless repeated.

Trypanosoma.—Several trypanosomes have been found in tsetse fly and other entomophilous diseases by different investigators; one, *T. Lewesi*, found in rats is stated to be non-pathogenic; *T. hominis* is the only one found in man. The organism consists of a long-shaped protozoon containing a large nucleus centrally, and a vacuole or contractile space at the other end. It has only one flagellum, which originates from a small mass of chromatin at the anterior end. The flagellum which forms the edge of undulating membrane traversing the entire length of the organism is further extended as a free tail for some distance. It measures 18·26μ. by 2 to 2·5μ. The trypanosoma differs from analogous flagellates in moving backwards by means of this membrane. It is further characterised by possessing behind the vacuole some patches of pigment: the so-called eye spots or micronucleus. The protozoon reproduces itself by (1) longitudinal division or fission, (2) transverse division, and (3) formation of rosettes by multiple division. The fission is preceded by a division of the micronucleus or centrosome, followed by a division of the flagellum nucleus and the protoplasm. Blood should be centrifugalised previous to examination, as the trypanosomes accumulate in the leucocyte layer above the red corpuscles. Specimens are fixed as already described, and stained with Leishman's stain, thionin blue, and Borrel's blue (methylene blue and silver oxide, *ad sat.*). The latter stain is used in conjunction with eosin and tannin in Laveran's method of staining. Briefly, this consists of treating the prepared film for five to twenty minutes with a freshly made mixture of the following:—Borrel's stain, Ml., eosin sol., 1 in 1,000, 4 Ml.; water, 6 Ml.; next washing in water and then treating with a 5 per cent. solution of tannin for a few minutes. Wash in water, and also in distilled water. Finally, if precipitate be found on preparation, clear in clove oil and brush off with xylol.

Spirilla of Relapsing Fever.—Obermeyer's spirillum occurs as a long, slender, spiral filament, not unlike the spirillum rubrum, 20 to 30μ. in length, and actively motile. They usually lie singly or a few side by side, and rarely form snarls. Smears are prepared in the same way as for the detection of the malarial protozoa. The spirilla are best stained, according to Günther, in the following way: Smears are thoroughly dried by placing in the incubator at 37° C., removing and immersing in 5 per cent. CH_3COOH to extract the hæmoglobin. After ten seconds the acetic acid is blown off, and the air-dried cover-slip preparation held for several seconds, film down, over the mouth of a bottle of liq. ammon.; it is then stained for a few seconds with Erlich's aniline-water gentian-violet. The spirilla are detected with difficulty in unstained specimens; in swishing about they displace the blood corpuscles.

Spirochæta Pallida.—This organism is considered the specific cause of syphilis. Preparations are made from the serum, fixed by one of the methods already described, and stained by Giemsa's method (a modification of Romanowski's method). For this the following solutions are required:—(1) 1 per cent. aqueous solution of eosin; (2) 0·08 per cent. aqueous solution of azur (Höchst). A mixture is prepared for the actual staining by adding 1 Ml. of No. 2 to 9 Ml. of a 1-200 (aq.) dilution of No. 1. The film is floated on this mixture in a watch-glass. The degree of staining is controlled by microscopic examination, using the dry system, and on the appearance of a precipitate the smear is washed with 35 per cent. alcohol, dried and mounted. The *Spirochæta pallida* shows spirally twisted threads which bend at a right angle at several points. The organism may be cultivated on the ordinary laboratory media. On gelatin, growth occurs at room temperature, and at the end of twenty-four hours a very fine, greyish-white, thready mass like cloudy streaks, and having a peculiar reflecting surface, can be seen. Liquefaction occurs after some time.

Typhoid Bacilli.—Blood obtained by venepuncture may be cultivated right away on bouillon or liquefied agar at 37° C. Schottmüller recommends 2 to 3 Ml. of the blood to be added to tubes containing 6 Ml. of the agar, cooled to 45° C. After mixing, the cultures are poured into Petri dishes or Erlenmeyer flasks and incubated at 37° C. Examine daily. The typical colonies appear as deep, greenish-black points within the culture media, and gradually grow to the size of a pea.

The surface colonies, which are dark grey in colour, grow even larger. The cultures are identified as previously described.

Agglutination Reaction.—(*a*) Macroscopic examination. This is best carried out according to Ficker. About 2 C.c. of the blood obtained by venepuncture, cupping, or from the finger-tip is collected in a small centrifuge tube. When coagulated, the clot is loosened with a sterile platinum needle, and the tube set aside on ice for some hours.

The serum is removed with a pipette, and a dilution of 1 in 10 prepared with sterile 0·85 per cent. NaCl solution, and centrifugalised till clear. 0·2 and 0·1 Ml. of this dilution are placed in conical test tubes. To tube one, 0·85 Ml. of the "diagnosticum" (a mixture of dead typhoid bacilli) is added; to tube two, 0·9 Ml. A third receives 1 Ml. of the "diagnosticum" without the addition of serum (control). The tubes are corked, and set aside in the dark at room temperature. Positive agglutination may be seen after ten, twelve, to fourteen hours, and is observed as described under typhoid in the examination of the fæces. Apparatus (agglutometer) for carrying this operation out is obtainable from Parke, Davis, and Co.

(*b*) *Microscopic Examination.*—The ends of the sealed pipette or capillary tube are broken off, and a drop of the serum or blood is blown out on to a clean cover-glass or slide. A small loopful of this is placed in the depression of a hollow slide, and with same loop four loopfuls of sterile broth, salt solution, or water, added, and the whole mixed up. A loopful of this solution is then mixed with an equal loopful of filtered typhoid culture on a clean cover-glass, and a hanging drop prepared (= 1 in 10 dilution). A simpler way is to mix one loopful of the serum or blood with nine loopfuls of the filtered typhoid culture, and make a hanging drop of the mixture. Many prefer a dilution of 1 in 30 or more (cf. "Curtis," p. 189). The hanging-drops are examined under the microscope, a 1/6th in. objective being sufficient for the purpose, and observed for half an hour. The hanging-drop should show the following phenomena:—

The motility of the bacilli is instantaneously or quickly arrested, and in a few minutes they begin to aggregate together into clumps, and by the end of half an hour only a few individuals show a slight Brownian movement.

A control should be made, if possible, with healthy blood.

13. BACTERIOLOGICAL DETERMINATION OF THE OPSONIC INDEX.

Since Metschnikoff formulated his theory of phagocytosis considerable light has been thrown on the activity with which the white corpuscles show to living bacteria. Wright has shown that the leucocyte loses its power of absorbing and destroying bacteria when it is separated from the blood serum, and also that certain treatment of the serum destroys or modifies this power. From this he assumes that there exists in the blood some constituent which stimulates the leucocyte's relish for destroying micro-organisms. This constituent has been designated "opsonin," which means "provider of appetite." Further, it has been demonstrated that separate opsonins are required for different diseases—*e.g.*, a member of a tuberculous family may inherit a blood whose leucocytes have a poor appetite for tubercle bacilli owing to a deficiency in opsonin. It is obvious from the latter instance that something must be done for the patient in order to ward off an attack, and this is accomplished in modern treatment of such diseases by raising the opsonic power by suitable means of treatment. The progress of the treatment is arrived at by a determination of the opsonic power, and from this is deduced the opsonic index. The opsonic index for a given organism—*e.g.*, *B. tuberculosis*—is the ratio of the opsonic power of the serum of a patient as compared with that of a normal being. The following is an outline of the bacteriological technique:—(1) The leucocytes of a normal person are separated as much as possible from the other corpuscles and the serum; the resulting fluid is termed the "leucocytic mud." (2) A pure culture of the disease germ (T.B. in this case) is required. (3) Some fresh blood serum, separated from the corpuscles, is obtained from the patient. (4) Some fresh blood from a normal being is procured.

Preparations (1), (2), and (3) are mixed together in equal proportions and incubated at 37° C. for fifteen minutes; (1), (2), and (4) are treated similarly and used as a control. Film preparations are made and stained as described under "Bacteriological Examination of Blood," and the average number of bacteria ingested in both cases determined—*e.g.*, the control film shows an average of twenty bacteria per leucocyte, and the patient's film an average of only ten, then the opsonic index is expressed, taking the control as unity, as a decimal: 5/10 = 0·5. The normal tuberculo-opsonic index has been found to average 0·95. An index below 0·8 or above 1·2 is suggestive of tuberculosis.

14. BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF SKIN.

Material for examination is obtained from purulent affections of the skin by puncture with a sterile needle or by incision.

In dermatomycosis epidermal scales are obtained by scraping with a dull, slightly moistened scalpel, or, according to Unna, by means of adhesive plaster, the scales being removed from the plaster by treatment with benzene, and freed with HCl-alcohol from the zinc oxide. The material is examined microscopically, and by means of cultures. Among the bacteria to be met with are *Staphylococcus aureus* or *albus* (furunculous processes), pyogenic cocci and typhoid bacilli (acute abscesses), tetanus bacilli (wounds), *Bacterium coli*, and *B. Lactis Aerogenes* (gas phlegmona). Hyphomycetes and yeasts also occur, *e.g.*, ringworm, favus, etc.

Bacillus Mallei.—In suspected cases cultures are planted (from the pus or discharge) upon glycerin-agar and potato. After two days the potato will show a honey-yellow or amber coating, which, after a week, assumes a brownish-red tint. Cover-slip preparations are prepared from the material in the usual way, and are stained with Löffler's alkaline methylene blue. The bacilli are small, slim, slightly curved, non-motile rods, about the size of tubercle bacilli.

In the tissues they are difficult to demonstrate. Abbott ('Princip. of Bact.,' third edit.) recommends the following method:—Rinse the sections in distilled water, stain on the slide with dilute carbol-fuchsin (1 in 10 aq.) for half an hour. Wash for ten seconds three times with 0·3 per cent. CH_3COOH. Wash, dry, clear in xylol, and mount.

Anthrax Bacilli.—Smears are obtained with dilute methylene blue, according to Gram, and by one of the methods for demonstrating spores. The bacilli may be cultivated on agar and gelatin. After twenty-four hours' growth characteristic colonies are seen (cf. p. 133, *et seq.*, "Curtis").

"Klatsch" preparata, examined with a low power, show spiral branches radiating from a centre composed of a non-transparent whorl of threads, presenting the appearance of a tangle of hair. Stab cultures in gelatin show a characteristic appearance compared to an inverted fir or "Norfolk pine" tree.

In stained smears the bacilli usually have a slight bulbous enlargement at their ends, and at the same time a slight concavity, so that when two bacilli be end to end a small hole is found between the points of contact (bamboo-form). In the Gram specimens they are often unevenly stained, and appear granular. For further particulars cf. p. 191, "Crookshank," and p. 151, "Hewlett."

Tetanus Bacilli.—Cover-glass preparations are prepared from the pus or discharge, and stained by Gram's method. If "drum-sticks" or spore-bearing rods are seen in the microscopic examination, the bacilli may be isolated by cultivation according to Kitasato. The material is planted upon agar, and incubated for two days at 37° C.

The mixed culture is heated in a water-bath at 80° C. for about one hour to destroy the less resistant contaminating bacilli. From this anaerobic cultures are made in the usual way (cf. p. 222, "Curtis"). After a few days' growth on gelatin small colonies with radiating branches have developed.

Gelatin is liquefied. The bacilli develop much more rapidly on agar. When examined with a low power, the delicate colonies appear as a maze of fine threads.

Bacillus of Soft Chancre (*Ulcus Molle*).—Smears from the secretion of fresh ulcers are stained with Löffler's methylene blue. Ducrey's bacilli appear as short bacilli, having rounded ends, frequently showing polar staining, and lie in groups, pairs, or singly, both within and without the cells. They are decolorised by Gram. Celloidin sections may be stained according to Krefting—viz.:—(1) Stain on the slide with Unna's methylene blue (cf. p. 164, "Schenk"), two to five minutes. (2) Dry with filter paper. (3) Aniline-xylol, two to three hours. (4) Xylol, Canada balsam. Sections from the periphery of excised soft chancre show the bacilli lying frequently in parallel chains in the lymphatic spaces of the tissue.

Cultivate upon blood-agar (2 parts liquefied agar, cooled to 40° to 50° C., and 1 part rabbit blood) at 37° C. After forty-eight hours, dark-grey colonies the size of a pin's head develop.

15. BACTERIOLOGICAL STANDARDISATION OF DISINFECTANTS.

Until the Rideal-Walker method of standardising disinfectants was formulated, there was no generally recognised standard for the determination of the germicidal power.

The methods of Koch and Sternberg left too much room for modification in the way of procedure, with consequent discrepancies in results.

In order to eliminate these differences, due to varying chemical and physical conditions, it is necessary to observe the following factors in selecting any particular process:—Time, age of culture, constitution of medium and its reaction, variations in vital resistance of species of microbe worked with, proportion of culture to disinfectant, temperature of medication, and temperature of incubation.

The method now followed consists in comparing the disinfectant action of a preparation with carbolic acid as a standard. The comparative lethal action is designated in terms of "the carbolic acid co-efficient." This figure is obtained thus:—The particular strength of the disinfectant which will kill in a given time is divided by the strength of carbolic acid which, under the same conditions, will kill the same microbe in the same time. Thus, if a 1 in 80 solution of disinfectant x will destroy the typhoid bacillus in five minutes, and the strength of carbolic acid which will act similarly is 1 in 100, the carbolic acid co-efficient of x is $\frac{80}{100} = 0{\cdot}8$: if a solution of disinfectant y, of strength 1 in 150, is similarly equal to carbolic acid 1 in 100, the carbolic co-efficient would be $\frac{150}{100} = 1{\cdot}5$.

The *modus operandi* is as follows:—A special test-tube rack is made use of. It consists of a lower tier with five holes for five test-tubes, and an upper tier with two rows (one behind the other) of fifteen holes each, and divided by spacing into three groups of ten. Into the bottom row test-tubes, 5 Ml. each of various strengths of the disinfectant and of carbolic acid for comparison, are placed, and into each are dropped at intervals of half a minute five drops of (1) a broth culture of the organism chosen, *e.g.*, the typhoid bacillus, *Bacterium coli*, or *Micrococcus pyogenes aureus*, or (2) an emulsion of the organism, as in the case of *B. pestis* (from a forty-eight hours' old agar culture, made with sterile H_2O).

Sub-cultures are then made, in the first example: on bouillon; in the second, on gelatin or agar—at intervals of exactly half a minute. (The tubes are placed in upper tiers of rack previous to inoculation.) In this way a subculture is made from each tube after intervals of exactly two and a-half, five, seven and a-half, ten, and fifteen minutes.

The inoculated tubes are then incubated (gelatin at 21° C., bouillon and agar at 37° C.); if no growth occurs it is assumed that the organism has been killed, the reverse if growth occurs. The following data (obtained by Dr. Klein) are given as illustrative of the foregoing brief *résumé*:—

Bacteriological Test.

B. Pestis, forty-eight hours' agar culture at 37° C.
Room temperature, 15° to 18° C.

Sample.	Dilution.	Cultures Exposed.			Subculture.		Remarks.
		Minutes. 5	10	15	Period of Incubation.	Temperature.	
Formalin, 40 p.c.	1·100	+	+	+	7 days	37° C.	Copious Growth.
,,	1·50	+	+	+	7 days	37° C.	
,,	1·30	+	+	+	7 days	37° C.	Slight Reduction in 15 min.
Pure Phenol....	1·80	+	–	–	7 days	37° C.	Reduction in 5 minutes.

+ = Growth; – = No growth.

SECTION XVIII.

ALCOHOL CONVERSION TABLE.

THE ALCOHOLIC MENSTRUA OF THE BRITISH PHARMACOPŒIA.

THE table on the opposite page gives the proportions of 90 per cent. alcohol (58 o.p.), or 60 o.p. spirit, and distilled water (both by measure and by weight), required for the production of one gallon or one litre of the weaker alcoholic menstrua of the British Pharmacopœia. No pretension is made to minute scientific accuracy, the quantities being approximate only, but the range of error is well within that of the hydrometers and measuring vessels used in the laboratory. Proof strengths are given to the nearest half degree, avoirdupois weights to the nearest 1/8 ounce, percentages within 0·05, and specific gravities within 0·0005 of the calculated figures. The alcohol has been kept rather above the theoretical quantity to compensate for the slight loss of spirit which usually occurs during the manipulation of alcoholic liquids. Considerable heat is developed on mixing alcohol and water, and when it is remembered that the temperature of the liquid may from this cause be raised by as much as 9° C. (16°·2 F.) the advantage of knowing the exact quantities which will, after contraction has taken place, produce a given volume at 15°·5 C. is very evident. In the second division of the table the proportions for mixing by weight to obtain a product of one gallon, or one litre, are indicated. During hot weather, and especially when dealing with a considerable bulk of liquid, it is found simpler, quicker, and more accurate to weigh the spirit and water instead of reducing to 15°·5 C. and measuring, and the method of mixture by weight, as far as the dilution of alcohol is concerned, has much to recommend it, and deserves to be more generally adopted. The 7 and 1 and 2 and 1 mixtures are used in the preparation of Extractum Belladonnæ Liquidum and Liquor Senegæ Concentratus, respectively, and the 1 and 1 mixture for the adjustment of Tinctura Opii. So much depends upon accuracy in the prescribed strength of the alcoholic menstrua employed for certain pharmaceutical preparations, that in order to guard against error (especially when the method of mixture by volume has been adopted) it is often advisable to check the specific gravity of a diluted alcohol before use. But before a true reading can be taken, the liquid must either be brought to the standard temperature of 15°·5 C., or a correction made by observing the temperature and apparent specific gravity at the time of the experiment, and ascertaining the real specific gravity at 15°·5 C. by reference to the small table here given, which embraces the extremes of temperature likely to be met with in this climate.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY TABLE.

Apparent specific gravities of the various official alcohols at temperatures from 2° to 25° C. (35°·6 to 77° F.).

Degrees **C.**	90 per cent.	70 per cent.	60 per cent.	45 per cent.	20 per cent.	Degrees **F.**
2	0·8454	0·9010	0·9242	0·9529	0·9795	35·6
3	0·8446	0·9002	0·9234	0·9522	0·9793	37·4
4	0·8438	0·8994	0·9226	0·9515	0·9790	39·
5	0·8429	0·8986	0·9218	0·9508	0·9787	41
6	0·8421	0·8977	0·9210	0·9502	0·9785	42·8
7	0·8412	0·8969	0·9203	0·9495	0·9782	44·6
8	0·8404	0·8961	0·9195	0·9488	0·9780	46·4
9	0·8395	0·8953	0·9187	0·9481	0·9777	48·2
10	0·8387	0·8946	0·9179	0·9474	0·9774	50
11	0·8378	0·8936	0·9171	0·9468	0·9772	51·8
12	0·8370	0·8928	0·9164	0·9461	0·9769	53·6
13	0·8361	0·8920	0·9156	0·9454	0·9767	55·4
14	0·8353	0·8912	0·9148	0·9447	0·9764	57·2
15	0·8344	0·8904	0·9140	0·9440	0·9761	59
15·5	**0·8340**	**0·8900**	**0·9135**	**0·9436**	**0·9760**	**60**
16	0·8335	0·8895	0·9132	0·9433	0·9759	60·8
17	0·8327	0·8887	0·9124	0·9426	0·9756	62·6
18	0·8318	0·8879	0·9116	0·9419	0·9754	64·4
19	0·8310	0·8871	0·9108	0·9412	0·9751	66·2
20	0·8301	0·8863	0·9100	0·9405	0·9748	68
21	0·8293	0·8854	0·9093	0·9399	0·9746	69·8
22	0·8284	0·8846	0·9086	0·9392	0·9743	71·6
23	0·8276	0·8838	0·9078	0·9385	0·9741	73·4
24	0·8268	0·8830	0·9070	0·9378	0·9738	75·2
25	0·8259	0·8822	0·9062	0·9371	0·9735	77

NOTE.—The figure in the fourth decimal place is not intended to be scientifically accurate, but merely serves to qualify the one preceding it.

SECTION XVIII.—BIRD'S ALCOHOL CONVERSION TABLE.

Menstrua, B.P., 1898. Per cent. by volume.	Per cent. absolute Alcohol by weight.	Proportions for Mixing. BY VOLUME.				Proportions for Mixing. BY WEIGHT.				Product, Specific Gravity, and Proof Strength at 15°·5 C.			Weight of one Gallon of Product.
		From Alcohol (90 per cent.).		From 60 o.p. Spirit.		From Alcohol (90 per cent.).		From 60 o.p. Spirit.					
		Alcohol, 90 p.c. at 15°·5 C.	Distilled Water at 15°·5 C.	60 o.p. Spt. at 15°·5 C.	Distilled Water at 15°·5 C.	Alcohol 90 p.c.	Distilled Water.	60 o.p. Spirit.	Distilled Water.	Product.	Specific Gravity.	Proof degrees.	
Alcohol, 90 p.c.	85·65			157⅞ fl. oz. 985·9 C.c.	2⅝ fl. oz. 16·4 C.c.			8lb. 2⅞oz. 817·7 Gm.	2⅝oz. 16·4 Gm.	1 gallon 1000 C.c.	0·834	58 o.p.	8lb. 5½oz.
Alcohol, 79·65 p.c. (Alcohol, 90 p.c., 7 vol. Distilled Water, 1 vol.)	73·12	141⅞ fl. oz. 884·6 C.c.	20⅛ fl. oz. 127·1 C.c.	139¾ fl. oz. 872·5 C.c.	22½ fl. oz. 141 C.c.	7lb. 6⅛oz. 737·8 Gm.	1lb. 4⅜oz. 127·1 Gm.	7lb. 4oz. 723·7 Gm.	1lb. 6½oz. 141 Gm.	1 gallon 1000 C.c.	0·8645	40 o.p.	8lb. 10½oz.
Alcohol, 70 p.c.	62·50	124⅝ fl. oz. 777·7 C.c.	38⅝ fl. oz. 241·6 C.c.	122¾ fl. oz. 766·8 C.c.	40⅝ fl. oz. 254·1 C.c.	6lb. 7⅞oz. 648·5 Gm.	2lb. 6⅝oz. 241·6 Gm.	6lb. 5⅞oz. 636 Gm.	2lb. 8⅝oz. 254·1 Gm.	1 gallon 1000 C.c.	0·890	22·5 o.p.	8lb. 14½oz.
Alcohol, 60 p.c.	52·15	106¾ fl. oz. 666·6 C.c.	57¼ fl. oz. 357·8 C.c.	105¼ fl. oz. 657·3 C.c.	59 fl. oz. 368·5 C.c.	5lb. 9oz. 555·9 Gm.	3lb. 9¼oz. 357·8 Gm.	5lb. 7¼oz. 545·2 Gm.	3lb. 11oz. 368·5 Gm.	1 gallon 1000 C.c.	0·9135	5·5 o.p.	9lb. 2¼oz.
Alcohol, 46·2 p.c. (Alcohol, 90 p.c., 1 vol. Distilled Water, 1 vol.)	38·95	82¼ fl. oz. 513·7 C.c.	82⅛ fl. oz. 513·3 C.c.	81 fl. oz. 506·1 C.c.	83½ fl. oz. 521·8 C.c.	4lb. 4⅝oz. 428·3 Gm.	5lb. 2⅛oz. 513·3 Gm.	4lb. 3¼oz. 419·8 Gm.	5lb. 3½oz. 521·8 Gm.	1 gallon 1000 C.c.	0·9415	19 u.p.	9lb. 6¾oz.
Alcohol, 45 p.c.	37·85	80⅛ fl. oz. 500 C.c.	84¼ fl. oz. 526·6 C.c.	79 fl. oz. 493 C.c.	85½ fl. oz. 534·8 C.c.	4lb. 2⅞oz. 417·2 Gm.	5lb. 4¼oz. 526·6 Gm.	4lb. 1½oz. 408·9 Gm.	5lb. 5½oz. 534·8 Gm.	1 gallon 1000 C.c.	0·9435	21 u.p.	9lb. 7oz.
Alcohol, 28·45 p.c. (Alcohol, 20 p.c., 2 vol. Alcohol, 45 p.c., 1 vol.)	23·32	50¾ fl. oz. 316·7 C.c.	112½ fl. oz. 703·4 C.c.	49⅞ fl. oz. 311·7 C.c.	113⅜ fl. oz. 708·6 C.c.	2lb. 10⅜oz. 264 Gm.	7lb. 0½oz. 703·4 Gm.	2lb. 9⅜oz. 258·6 Gm.	7lb. 1⅜oz. 708·6 Gm.	1 gallon 1000 C.c.	0·967	50 u.p.	9lb. 10¾oz.
Alcohol, 20 p.c.	16·30	35⅝ fl. oz. 222·2 C.c.	126½ fl. oz. 791 C.c.	35⅛ fl. oz. 219·2 C.c.	127 fl. oz. 794·3 C.c.	1lb. 13¾oz. 185·2 Gm.	7lb. 14½oz. 791 Gm.	1lb. 13⅛oz. 181·8 Gm.	7lb. 15⅛oz. 794·3 Gm.	1 gallon 1000 C.c.	0·976	65 u.p.	9lb. 12¼oz.

SECTION XIX.

WATER ANALYSIS.

SECTION XIX.—WATER ANALYSIS.

CHEMICAL AND MICROSCOPICAL EXAMINATION.

In the majority of cases in which water is submitted to chemical examination the object of the examination is to determine its fitness, or otherwise, for drinking and general domestic use. While an exhaustive analysis requires the use of expensive apparatus and special methods of examination, which practically necessitate its being done by an expert in this special branch of work, sufficient information for the purpose just mentioned can be obtained by any careful chemist possessed of ordinary laboratory apparatus. In the present article those processes are described which furnish the requisite data on which to base an opinion as to the utility of the water examined. While care and ordinary chemical knowledge suffice for the carrying out of the actual analysis, the formation of a sound opinion from the analytical results requires experience. General rules as to the inferences to be drawn from the results are given below; but it is not possible to furnish any such rules which shall be suitable to all cases. In forming a judgment on any given water, attention must be paid to the nature of the source, its geographical position, and the geological formations of the locality. By far the larger number of waters submitted for analysis are from wells, and in these cases information should be obtained as to the depth of the well, and its position with regard to cesspools, sewers, stables or cowhouses, etc., in the vicinity. Such information is rarely supplied unless asked for; its importance should, therefore, be pointed out, and the fullest possible details be obtained from a competent person having access to the source of supply.

It is not, as a rule, the business of the chemist to collect the sample for analysis, but he can often furnish instructions to the person who will do so. A clean, stoppered Winchester quart should be used. This should be rinsed out once or twice with the water; or, better, it should be completely filled and emptied again before collecting the sample to be used for analysis. If the source is a river or well, the whole bottle should be plunged some inches below the surface and there filled, but without stirring up sediment from the bottom. If a supply from a tap or pump is to be examined, the water should be allowed to run to waste long enough to empty the pipes of the water that has stood in them before beginning to collect the sample. The water having been collected, the bottle should be at once tied down and labelled.

Before proceeding to the analysis the physical characters of the water should be noted. These include colour, for which a considerable depth of the water is examined in a white glass vessel; taste; smell, when warmed; and brightness, carefully noting any turbidity or sediment. The reaction of the water to litmus paper should also be ascertained.

The Chemical Examination may include the following tests, but it is not necessary to apply all of them in every case. This is referred to more fully below:—

(1) Total Solids.—50 or 100 Ml. of the water is evaporated to dryness on a water-bath in a tared platinum or nickel dish; when completely dry the dish, with residue, is cooled in a desiccator and weighed. If a little suspended matter or sediment exists in the water it should be first shaken up, so that the total solids will include undissolved, as well as dissolved, matter; but if much is present it may be filtered out and determined separately by drying and weighing.

(2) Oxygen Absorbed.—Two determinations are made, one of the amount of oxygen absorbed in fifteen minutes, the other of the amount absorbed in four hours; the temperature employed is 27° C.

The following solutions are required:—

Potassium Permanganate.—0·3954 Gm. in 1 litre; 1 Ml. contains 0·0001 Gm. of available oxygen.

Potassium Iodide.—About 1 in 10.

Dilute Sulphuric Acid.—One fluid part of strong acid is added to 3 of water; after cooling to 27° it must be kept at this temperature for four hours, after adding enough permanganate to leave a very faint pink tint at the end of that time.

Sodium Thiosulphate.—1 Gm. in 1 litre.

To perform the test, two stoppered flasks are taken of 250 Ml. capacity, and 200 Ml. of the water put in each; these are placed in a water-bath at 27° until the contained water is at that temperature, then 10 Ml. each of the dilute sulphuric acid and the permanganate solution are added to each flask. At the end of fifteen minutes one flask is taken out of the bath, potassium iodide solution dropped in until the pink colour is replaced by a yellow, and the iodine then determined by titration with the thiosulphate solution, using starch as indicator. At the end of four hours the other flask is treated in the same way; if the pink colour in this flask disappears in less than four hours a further measured quantity of permanganate is added, so that at the end of the time a marked pink colour remains. The exact strength of the thiosulphate solution is determined by a control experiment with *pure* distilled water for four hours. From the data obtained from these determinations the amounts of oxygen absorbed respectively in fifteen minutes and four hours are found by simple calculations. The strength of the thiosulphate solution will not remain constant for more than three or four days, and it should therefore be determined afresh each time.

(3) "Free" and "Albuminoid" Ammonia.—For these most important determinations the following solutions are required:—

Standard Ammonium Chloride.—Dissolve 3·14 Gm. of pure ammonium chloride in ammonia-free distilled water and make up to 1 litre; dilute 10 Ml. of this solution with more of the water to 1 litre. This diluted solution contains 0·01 milligram of ammonia (NH_3) in 1 Ml.

Nessler Solution.—Dissolve 17 Gm. of mercuric chloride in 300 Ml. of water, and add this to a previously made solution of 35 Gm. of potassium iodide in 100 Ml. of water; dilute the mixed liquid with a 20 per cent. solution of caustic potash to 1 litre; add more mercuric chloride solution until the precipitate that forms just ceases to redissolve on shaking. Then set aside for the precipitate to settle, and decant the clear liquid. The sensitiveness of this solution is increased by keeping, and should be such that 2 Ml. dropped into a mixture of 5 Ml. of the dilute ammonium chloride solution with 45 Ml. of water will *at once* give a yellowish-brown colour.

Alkaline Permanganate Solution.—Dissolve 8 Gm. of potassium permanganate and 200 Gm. of caustic potash in 1,100 Ml. of water and boil rapidly till concentrated to 1 litre.

Ammonia-free Distilled Water.—The purest water available is distilled, and the distillate rejected until 50 Ml. of it does not give a yellow tint with 2 Ml. of Nessler solution after five minutes' standing; it is then collected, but distillation must not be carried to dryness.

The test is carried out in the following manner:—A stoppered glass retort of about 1 litre capacity is connected to a large Liebig condenser; the tube of the retort must pass several inches into the tube of the condenser, and the joint may be packed by wrapping a little writing paper round the tube of the retort, or it may be covered with a broad india-rubber band. Ammonia-free water (300 Ml. or so) is put into the retort, and distilled until 50 Ml. of the distillate gives no colour with 2 Ml. of Nessler solution, showing the apparatus to be free from ammonia; distillation is then stopped, and the water remaining in the retort siphoned out through the tubulure, without dismantling the apparatus, and 500 Ml. of the water for examination is put in. About 0·5 Gm. of recently ignited sodium carbonate is added, the stopper replaced, and distillation commenced. The retort should not be placed on wire gauze, but heated by means of a naked flame, and distillation should proceed briskly. The distillate is collected in portions of 50 Ml., conveniently in cylinders of white glass with a mark at 50 Ml. (known as Nessler glasses). These cylinders must all be of uniform diameter, so that 50 Ml. of liquid forms a column of the same height in all. The first 50 Ml. of distillate is set aside; the second is Nesslerised—that is, 2 Ml. of Nessler solution is dropped into it and the mixture stirred. If any colour is produced, the depth of colour is imitated by dropping into another Nessler glass from a burette a known quantity of the dilute standard ammonium chloride solution, adding ammonia-free water to 50 Ml., and then 2 Ml. of Nessler solution, and stirring. If the colour so produced is not identical in depth with that obtained with the distillate, a fresh trial is made with more or less of the ammonium chloride until a liquid of exactly the same depth of colour is obtained. The amount of ammonia in the distillate that has been Nesslerised is, of course, equal to the known amount that has been used to match it. The comparison is made by placing the Nessler tubes side by side on a white porcelain tile or a sheet of white paper, and looking through the column of liquid from above in a good light; daylight is greatly to be preferred to any artificial light. If this second 50 Ml. of distillate gives a colour with Nessler solution, further portions of 50 Ml. each are collected until no more ammonia is obtained; if less than a total of 200 Ml. has been collected, distillation is continued until this quantity has passed over, throwing away the later portions of distillate, and the burner is then removed from under the retort. The first 50 Ml. of distillate is Nesslerised in the manner that has just been described; the reason for setting it aside until after the second portion has been treated is that it is not possible to accurately compare the depth of colour in two liquids if very much ammonia is present. If, therefore, the second distillate has been found to contain much ammonia, the first, which will contain considerably more, should be suitably diluted before Nesslerising, and calculation made accordingly. The total of the quantities of ammonia found in all the distillates constitutes the "free ammonia" of the sample. While this distillation of the sample of water is proceeding, 50 Ml. of the alkaline permanganate solution and 200 Ml. of ammonia-free water are kept gently boiling in a flask, so that the volume is not reduced below about 200 Ml. by the time the water in the retort is reduced to 300 Ml.; having then temporarily stopped the distillation, the stopper of the retort is removed and the 200 Ml. of diluted permanganate poured in. Distillation is then commenced, and successive portions of distillate of 50 Ml. each are collected and Nesslerised as before. When no more ammonia is contained in the distillate, the operation is at an end. Usually three portions of 50 Ml. will be sufficient. In the distillation with permanganate it is often necessary to keep the retort gently shaken to prevent bumping. The total ammonia obtained in this second distillation, as found by Nesslerising the fractions, constitutes the "albuminoid ammonia" of the sample. Half a litre of water having been employed, a simple calculation gives the result as parts of ammonia per 100,000 of water. In the case of very bad waters, less than half a litre should be taken, and diluted to this volume with ammonia-free water; a corresponding difference must, of course, be made in calculating the results. It is, of course, obvious that every part of the process of determining ammonia by this method must be carried out in a room in which no ammoniacal vapour is present in the atmosphere. If this precaution is not observed enough ammonia may be dissolved from the air by the distillates to vitiate the results. When practicable, it is a good plan to leave the retort and condenser always standing ready, and use them for no other purpose.

(4) NITRITE.—The following solutions are required:—

Meta-Phenylene-Diamine.—Dissolve 0·5 Gm. in very dilute sulphuric acid, and dilute the solution to 100 Ml. with water.

Sulphuric Acid.—Diluted with twice its volume of water.

Sodium Nitrite.—Dissolve 0·4047 Gm. of silver nitrite in boiling water, and add sodium chloride until no further precipitate is formed; dilute to 1 litre, let the silver chloride settle, and then dilute 100 Ml. of the clear liquid to 1 litre. This solution contains 0·01 milligram of nitrous anhydride (N_2O_3) in 1 Ml.

To carry out the test, 100 Ml. of the water is put into a 100 Ml. Nessler glass, and 1 Ml. each of the meta-phenylene-diamine solution and the sulphuric acid are added. If a brown colour appears in less than one minute a new test must be made with a less quantity of the water, made up to 100 Ml. with pure distilled water. The colour produced is matched by trying measured quantities of the sodium nitrite solution, diluted to 100 Ml., and treated with meta-phenylene-diamine and acid in the same way as the water. Since the colour gradually deepens for some time, the final comparison must be between liquids that have stood for twenty minutes. The comparison and the calculation are made in the same way as in Nesslerising for ammonia. Since nitrite is easily oxidised on keeping the water, it should be determined as soon as possible after the water is received.

(5) NITRATE.—Nitrate and nitrite are determined together by reducing to ammonia; the nitrite found as above is then deducted, and the difference is nitrate. One molecule of ammonia represents one molecule of nitrite or nitrate, or half a molecule of the respective anhydrides (N_2O_3 and N_2O_5). Dissolve 100 Gm. of caustic soda in 1 litre of water, add about 100 square centimetres of thin aluminium foil, keeping it at the bottom by a glass rod; when it is dissolved, boil the solution briskly to about two-thirds of its volume, cool, and dilute to 1 litre. (This is to ensure freedom from nitrate and ammonia formed by its reduction.) 100 Ml. of this solution, and 100 Ml. of the water are then put into a retort, and a piece of aluminium foil added. The retort is stoppered, a plug of glass wool, moistened with very dilute hydrochloric acid (free from ammonia), is put into the tube of it, and the open end closed with a cork. The whole is set aside for a few hours, the plug of glass wool then washed down into the retort with ammonia-free water, and the whole distilled until reduced to about one-half. The distillate is collected, and an aliquot part diluted to 50 Ml. and Nesslerised; if much ammonia is found, ammonia-free water is added to the retort and distillation is continued until a distillate free from ammonia is obtained. From the total amount of ammonia found, the amount of "free ammonia" in 100 Ml. of the water must be deducted; the remainder represents nitrite and nitrate.

(6) CHLORINE.—Prepare a solution of silver nitrate, containing 4·7946 Gm. per litre; 1 Ml. of this is equivalent to 1 milligram of chlorine. Titrate 100 Ml. of the water with this solution, using potassium chromate as indicator in the usual way.

(7) POISONOUS METALS.—The chief metal to be looked for is lead, which may be present from the water having acted on the lead pipes through which it is conveyed. Copper and iron can be tested for at the same time; the latter metal, although not poisonous, is objectionable if present in drinking water in more than traces. 100 Ml. of the water is placed in a porcelain dish and stirred with a glass rod which has been dipped in ammonium sulphide solution. If any darkening is produced, the liquid is just acidified with a drop or two of hydrochloric acid; if the darkening disappears, it is due to iron; if it persists, it is due to lead or copper. The test may be made approximately quantitative by comparing the depth of colour with that produced in a very dilute solution of a salt of the metal in question, of known strength. For more accurate results, and for the detection of arsenic or other metallic impurities, a large quantity of the water must be concentrated in a porcelain dish and examined by the usual analytical methods.

(8) HARDNESS.—The following solutions are required:—

Calcium Chloride.—One gramme of pure marble is dissolved in slight excess of dilute hydrochloric acid, the solution neutralised with ammonia, and diluted to 1 litre. This contains 1 milligram of calcium carbonate in 1 Ml.

Soap.—Ten grammes of powdered Castile soap is dissolved in alcohol of about 35 per cent. strength to make 1 litre (methylated spirit can only be employed if free from mineral naphtha). The strength of the solution is then adjusted by means of the calcium chloride solution. To do this, 12 Ml. of the latter is diluted with distilled water to 70 Ml., and put into a stoppered bottle of about 200 Ml. capacity. The soap solution is then run into this in small quantities from a burette, shaking well after each addition, until a lather is formed that persists for five minutes. For this purpose exactly 13 Ml. should be required, and, if necessary, the strength of the soap solution must be adjusted by dilution or the addition of a stronger solution until this is the case.

To determine the *total hardness* of any given water, 70 Ml. of it is to be titrated with the soap solution in the manner described until a lather persisting for five minutes is obtained. From the number of centimetres used 1 Ml. is to be deducted for the soap consumed in producing the lather; the remainder represents the number of "degrees of hardness" of the water, or the number of grains of calcium carbonate per gallon equivalent to the total calcium and magnesium salts present. If the water shows more than 16° of hardness the determination must be repeated, first diluting the water so as to bring it within that limit, and allowing for the dilution in calculating the result. To determine *permanent hardness*, boil a measured quantity of the water briskly in a flask for half an hour, adding distilled water from time to time as required; at the end of that time cool, make up to the original volume with distilled water, and decant or filter out 70 Ml.; titrate this with the soap solution as before. The difference between the total and permanent hardness gives the temporary hardness.

Microscopical Examination of the Deposit.—Useful information may sometimes be obtained by examining with the microscope the deposit which forms on standing. About a pint of water, well shaken up, should be put into a conical glass and left undisturbed for about twelve hours; most of the water is then siphoned off, and small quantities of the deposit transferred to microscope slides by means of a pipette and examined with both low and high powers. Animal and vegetable organisms are to be noted and identified if possible, and from the kinds of organisms found conclusions may sometimes be reached as to the nature of the contamination which the water has undergone. In many cases a bacteriological examination is necessary, but this lies outside the scope of the present article.

Reporting and Interpretation of Results.—Some diversity exists as to the figures employed in reporting the results of water analysis. Some chemists express all results as grains per gallon, others as parts in 100,000, or, in some cases, parts per million. A committee appointed by the British Association to consider the subject and recommend a uniform system reported in favour of expressing all results as parts per 100,000, and that system is here adopted, except in the case of hardness, for the reason given below.

It is not necessary in every case to perform all the determinations described above. Not infrequently a report is given, with an opinion as to the fitness or otherwise of a water for drinking, from determinations of total solids, chlorine, and free and albuminoid ammonia, together with qualitative tests for nitrite, nitrate, and poisonous metals. The hardness of a water is not usually of importance when the water is only required for drinking; for domestic purposes involving boiling the water, a hard water is evidently undesirable on account of the "fur" that is deposited in the vessels in which it is boiled, especially if most of the hardness is "temporary." For steam boilers, for laundry work, and some other industrial purposes hard water is quite unsuitable. Since the general custom is to speak of the hardness of water in degrees, and any other nomenclature is likely not to be understood by those using water for industrial purposes, the term is here retained. As already explained, each degree of hardness represents the effect of 1 grain of calcium carbonate per gallon, or 1·43 part per 100,000.

It has been stated above, and cannot to too strongly emphasised, that to form a correct opinion as to the suitability of a water for drinking regard must be had to the nature and position of the source. If this is constantly borne in mind the following notes will be of assistance in interpreting the results of analysis. Approval or condemnation must not be based on the result of any one test, but on the combined indications of all the tests employed.

Total Solids.—If not more than 60 parts of total solids per 100,000 are present, no exception need be taken to the water on this account. A high proportion of solids is, of course, undesirable, but not in itself sufficient grounds for condemning a water without taking account of the nature of the solids.

Oxygen Absorbed.—Rapid reduction of the permanganate may be due to nitrite, ferrous salt, or other inorganic material, and the reduction in four hours is of more value as an indication of organic impurity. The figures obtained are only comparable with anything like accuracy for waters of the same class. Frankland and Tidy have given the following figures:—For upland surface water, absorption of more than 0·4 part of oxygen per 100,000 indicates an impure water; absorption of from 0·3 to 0·4 part points to doubtful purity. For water other than upland surface, absorption of more than 0·2 part indicates an impure water, from 0·1 to 0·15 part a water of doubtful purity.

Ammonia, "Free" and "Albuminoid."—If less than 0·005 part per 100,000 of albuminoid ammonia is found, the water belongs to the class of very pure water, and the amount of free ammonia is not very important. If the albuminoid is from 0·005 to 0·01, free ammonia above 0·001 must cause the water to be regarded with suspicion. Albuminoid ammonia above 0·01 is a suspicious sign, and if it rises above 0·015 part it is sufficient to condemn a water. Free ammonia above 0·008 is usually a sign of contamination with urine, and in such a case the chlorine will be very high. In all cases the figures for free and albuminoid ammonia must be interpreted in conjunction with the figure for chlorine. High albuminoid ammonia and low chlorine usually indicates organic matter of vegetable origin; if both are high, sewage contamination is the probable cause.

Nitrite and Nitrate.—The presence of nitrite in river or shallow well water is probable indication of recent sewage contamination; in deep well water nitrite may be due to reduction of nitrate by ferrous oxide, etc., and is not of much significance. Nitrate is usually evidence of past organic contamination followed by thorough natural filtration or oxidation, and is not in itself grounds for condemnation, but it should direct attention to the source of contamination, in view of the possibility that in times of flood or other occasional conditions the filtration may become imperfect. In upland surface water the proportion of nitrate and nitrite together averages about 0·01 part per 100,000. In shallow well water they are often from two to five parts, even rising in some cases to as much as twenty-five parts. When this figure is high, suspicion should always be aroused, but the results of the other tests must be fully considered before deciding as to its importance.

Chlorine.—In the absence of any other sufficient cause, a high figure for chlorine usually indicates sewage; if the figure for albuminoid ammonia is also high, the water may be unhesitatingly condemned. Unpolluted river and spring waters usually contain less than one part of chlorine per 100,000; more than three or four parts must be regarded with suspicion. Average town sewage contains about eleven parts. In the vicinity of the sea or of salt deposits, very high figures for chlorine may be obtained with unpolluted waters, and a sample should not be condemned on this figure alone.

Poisonous Metals.—Good drinking water should be free from lead and copper, or should at worst not contain more than 0·1 per 100,000. Not more than double this quantity of iron should be present.

SECTION XX.

MILK ANALYSIS.

SECTION XX.—MILK ANALYSIS.

AMONG all classes of civilised people, milk is one of the most widely used articles of diet, as well as one of the most valuable and important; it is also one of the most easily and frequently adulterated, either by the addition of water, the removal of part of the cream, or the addition of entirely foreign substances. It may be shown by statistics that adulteration diminishes in proportion as milk is more often submitted to analysis, and offenders exposed or proceeded against; but much more might be done in this way to check adulteration than is at present the case. In order to ascertain the genuineness or otherwise of milk only a few determinations are necessary, requiring care, but presenting no difficulty to a competent worker. It is probable that very many pharmacists might secure a good deal of practice of this kind with satisfactory results both in payment for the work done and in improved professional position. In the present article a careful selection of the processes of milk analysis is given, with sufficiently detailed descriptions to enable any chemist who will devote a little time to obtaining proficiency by practice to successfully carry out the examination of milks that may be submitted to him.

Milk may be obtained from many sources, but unless otherwise specified the term is here intended to refer to cow's milk. It not infrequently happens that samples of various modified milks are submitted for analysis, such as the so-called humanised milks; while medical practitioners sometimes require detailed analysis of human milk. In all such cases, however, the methods of analysis to be followed are the same as for cow's milk, and it will suffice to describe the treatment of the latter.

Constituents of Milk.

The constituents of cow's milk, and the proportions in which they exist in specimens of average composition, are as follows:—

Water	87·6 per cent.
Fat	3·6 per cent.
Milk Sugar	4·8 per cent.
Proteids	3·3 per cent.
Ash	0·7 per cent.

These are average figures, and the proportion of any constituent may vary a little. Certain minimum figures may, however, be taken, representing the composition of genuine milk of very poor quality; then if any sample is found on analysis to contain less of the proper constituents than these minimum proportions, it may be regarded as a mixture of milk and water. It is not necessary for this purpose to determine all the constituents named above; sugar, proteids, and ash vary but little in their ratio one to another, and they are determined together under the name of "solids not fat." The proportion of fat is determined separately, and from these two determinations it is usually possible to state whether water has been added to the milk or not. Under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, the Board of Agriculture was given power to fix limits for the composition of milk and some other articles, and in 1901 the Board issued regulations by which a sample of milk which contains less than 3 per cent. of fat, *or* less than 8·5 per cent. of solids not fat, shall be presumed for the purposes of the Acts, until the contrary is proved, to be not genuine, by reason of the abstraction of milk fat or solids not fat (as the case may be) or the addition of water.

Methods of Analysis.

The usual analysis of milk includes the determination of (1) specific gravity; (2) percentage of total solids; (3) percentage of ash; (4) percentage of fat; (5) presence or absence of preservatives. We proceed to describe the methods used for these determinations, leaving others until later.

It is, of course, essential that each portion of milk used in an analysis should truly represent the bulk from which it is taken; since the cream rises to the surface on standing, milk that has remained undisturbed for any considerable length of time is not homogeneous, and should be well mixed by pouring from one vessel to another and back again several times (shaking is not as good, as more air may be entangled in the milk in this way, and there is risk of churning the cream into butter); for the same reason it is best to commence the analysis as soon as possible after the sample is received, and also in order to prevent the occurrence of curdling or similar changes.

1. SPECIFIC GRAVITY.—This is determined by means of a hydrometer, Westphal balance, or specific gravity bottle, the first being the least accurate; it is usually from 1·029 to 1·034 at 15·5°, at which temperature it should always be determined. Specially graduated hydrometers are sometimes used, and termed lactometers; these are usually graduated to read the "excess gravity" over water taken as 1,000; thus a milk of specific gravity 1·0315 would give a reading of 31·5°. Since the specific gravity of milk is raised by removing part of the cream and lowered by addition of water, it is possible for a much diluted milk to show normal gravity; the gravity determination alone, therefore, is of no value for detecting adulteration. It is of use, however, since it permits of the quantities taken for other determinations being measured instead of weighed; and any abnormality in the specific gravity is a useful indication of some fault to be looked for further.

2. TOTAL SOLIDS.—Five Gm. of the milk is weighed (or 5 mils measured with an accurate pipette) into a shallow dish, preferably of platinum, which is then heated on a boiling water-bath for about three hours, and then inside a water-oven at 100° for a further two hours. It is then cooled in a desiccator, and weighed with as little exposure as possible, as the residue is somewhat hygroscopic.

3. ASH.—After weighing, the total residue is ignited in the dish over a bunsen flame until a white ash is left; no part of the dish should be heated above very low redness, or some sodium chloride may be lost from the ash. The ash of normal milk consists of chlorides of sodium and potassium, phosphates of potassium, calcium, and magnesium, and traces of sulphates and of iron. The ratio of ash to solids not fat is very constant in genuine milks, being usually 8·3 to 100, and rarely falling outside the limits of 8·0 and 8·6 to 100. In the case of watered milk to which some addition has been made in order to bring the total solids up to the normal amount, the ratio of ash to solids not fat, is very likely to be altered; if this ratio falls outside the limits just named special search should be made for such added substance. If boric acid or borax has been added to the milk the ash is of course raised in quantity, and the addition can be found by qualitative tests; some other preservatives would also be found in the ash, and are mentioned below.

4. FAT.—Several methods are in vogue for this important determination; we describe these in the order of their convenience of application in a laboratory not specially fitted for milk testing.

(*a*) *Werner-Schmid Method.*—Measure out 10 mils of the milk with a pipette, and add to it about an equal volume of strong hydrochloric acid: boil the mixture for two minutes (not more), then allow to stand for a further three minutes; or immerse the tube in a boiling water-bath for about ten minutes; afterwards cool by immersing in cold water. This heating may be done in a graduated test-tube of the kind made specially for the test, or the mixture may now be transferred to a small cylinder graduated to 50 mils, employing a few drops of water to rinse the tube and draining it well so that none is lost. Now add to the dark liquid about 30 mils of ether, shake, well for half a minute, then let stand five minutes to separate. Then take out with a pipette 20 mils of the ethereal solution evaporate it in a tared dish, dry and weigh the residual fat; the volume of the ethereal solution remaining is read, and a simple calculation then gives the total amount of fat. Sometimes there is a little difficulty in reading exactly the volume of the ethereal layer, owing to the presence of a fluffy stratum of casein at the junction of the liquids; three-fourths of this stratum may be reckoned to belong to the ethereal liquid. An example will make the method of calculation clear:—10 Ml. of milk of specific gravity, 1·031, treated as above, gave from 20 Ml. of ethereal solution, 0·277 Gm. of fat; there remained in the cylinder 6·5 Ml. of ethereal solution, making a total of 26·5 Ml. The total amount of fat was therefore $0{\cdot}277 \times \frac{26{\cdot}5}{20} = 0{\cdot}367$; the percentage being thus $\frac{3{\cdot}67}{1{\cdot}031} = 3{\cdot}56$.

(*b*) *Adams' Method.*—This is the official method of the Society of Public Analysts. Strips of thick absorbent fat-free paper are required, about 55 × 6 Cm. in dimensions; these can be obtained from apparatus dealers, or good blotting-paper may be dried and thoroughly extracted with ether. One of these strips is rolled up into a loose coil and fastened by a piece of wire; 5 mils or so of the milk is accurately measured or weighed, and slowly poured on to the coil in such a way that it is fairly evenly distributed upon it; the coil is then thoroughly dried by heating for two to three hours in a water oven. It is then placed in a Soxhlet extraction apparatus connected to a flask and a reflux condenser, and thoroughly extracted with dry ether; the ethereal liquid should siphon over at least twelve times, the extraction taking about three hours. The flask is then disconnected and the ether evaporated, and the residue of fat dried in a water-oven for about five hours, or until it loses less than a milligramme in an hour's further heating. It is then weighed and the tare of the flask deducted, giving the weight of the fat, from which the percentage is ascertained by a simple calculation.

(*c*) *Leffmann-Beam Method.*—This can only be carried out where a small centrifugal machine is available; such a machine is very useful in a laboratory where much work of this kind is to be done. With the Leffmann-Beam centrifuge special bottles for milk are supplied, holding about 40 mils, and graduated on the neck. Fifteen mils of milk is placed in the bottle, 3 mils of a mixture of equal parts of fusel oil and hydrochloric acid of specific gravity 1·16 is added, and the liquids mixed by shaking, taking care that none gets into the neck; 9 mils of 95 per cent. sulphuric acid is then added, and the bottle again shaken, then enough of a hot mixture of equal volumes of sulphuric acid and water to bring the liquid nearly up to the zero mark; the bottle is now placed in one of the receptacles of the machine, and filled bottles in the other receptacles in order to balance properly. The handle is then turned, so as to whirl the bottle for one or two minutes at high speed. On now taking the bottle out the fat will be found entirely at the top, and the percentage is read on the graduations of the neck, which are made to read percentages directly without calculation.

(*d*) Apart from the above methods for direct determination, the percentage of fat may be ascertained with substantial accuracy by simple calculation from the total solids and specific gravity, by the following formula:—

$$F = 0{\cdot}859\,T - 0{\cdot}2186\,G,$$

where F is the percentage of fat, T the percentage of total solids, and G the last two units of the specific gravity referred to water as 1,000. Thus if a milk of specific gravity 1·0305 contained 12·5 per cent. of total solids, the percentage of fat would be

$$0{\cdot}859 \times 12{\cdot}5 - 0{\cdot}2186 \times 30{\cdot}5 = 10{\cdot}737 - 6{\cdot}667 = 4{\cdot}07.$$

Obviously also, if the specific gravity and percentage of fat have been determined, the total solids may be found by aid of the same formula.

5. PRESERVATIVES.—The substances most commonly added to milk to preserve it are boric acid and borax, separately or together, and formaldehyde; other preservatives less frequently used are fluorides, hydrogen peroxide, and salicylic acid. Sodium carbonate or bicarbonate is sometimes added to neutralise acidity, and so prevent the curdling of rather stale milk.

Boric acid or *borax* is detected in the ash by the familiar flame test with sulphuric acid and alcohol; to obviate any loss of boron in the incineration it is best to apply the test to the ash of a portion that has been rendered strongly alkaline with soda before evaporation. To determine the amount of boric acid, the ash from 100 mils of milk is dissolved in dilute hydrochloric acid, a little calcium chloride added, and the liquid made faintly alkaline to phenolphthalein by dropping in caustic soda solution; 25 mils of lime water is then added. In this way all phosphate is removed as calcium phosphate. The mixture is then made up to a known volume, an aliquot portion filtered out, and the boric acid determined in the latter by titration with standard acid and alkali, using first methyl orange and then phenolphthalein, glycerin having been added before the last titration, as described in text-books on volumetric analysis.

Formaldehyde.—One part of formaldehyde in about 50,000 of milk is sufficient to keep it for three days; it is therefore necessary to be able to detect very small quantities. It is also important to test for formaldehyde as soon as the sample of milk is received, as this preservative disappears rather quickly on keeping. Many tests have been recommended for this purpose, and the following, among others, are satisfactory:—

(*a*) Sulphuric acid test: dilute the milk with an equal volume of water, and carefully run in sulphuric acid of 90 to 94 per cent. strength, to which a trace of a ferric salt has been added, so as to form a separate layer; if formaldehyde is present a violet ring is formed at the junction of the liquids, while in its absence only a slight greenish tinge appears. This test will detect 1 in 100,000.

(*b*) Gallic acid test: to 30 mils of the milk add 2 mils of normal sulphuric acid, and distil off 5 mils; to the distillate add 2 to 3 decimils of a saturated solution of gallic acid in pure alcohol, then carefully run in about 4 mils of strong sulphuric acid so as to form a separate layer; in presence of formaldehyde, a green zone appears at the junction of the liquids (preceded by a yellowish colour if much of the aldehyde is present), and gradually changes to a pure blue. This test will detect 1 in 200,000, or even smaller quantities.

Fluorides may be detected in the ash; as, however, a small quantity of fluoride may be almost completely lost on burning the solids in the ordinary way, it is necessary to have excess of alkali present. Add 1 gramme of dried sodium carbonate to 100 mils of milk, evaporate and ignite the residue in a platinum dish. The ash is then examined by the usual test of heating with sulphuric acid and covering the dish with a piece of glass coated with wax except in certain parts; etching of the exposed parts shows the presence of fluorides.

Hydrogen Peroxide is detected by adding to 15 mils of the milk 3 drops of a 2 per cent. aqueous solution of paraphenylenediamine hydrochloride and shaking. The appearance of a blue colour at once or after a few minutes indicates the presence of this preservative. As the test depends on the action of an enzyme in the milk the colour is not given if the milk has been boiled; in this case, however, it is only necessary to add to the milk an equal volume of fresh milk known to be free from hydrogen peroxide, before adding the reagent.

Salicylic Acid is detected as follows:—Acidulate 20 mils of the milk with sulphuric acid and shake well, then add 25 mils of ether, mix, and allow to separate; take 10 mils of the ethereal layer and evaporate to dryness; boil the residue with 20 mils of 40 per cent. alcohol, cool and filter. On adding a little ferric chloride to the filtrate the characteristic violet or purple colour is obtained if salicylic acid or salicylate was present in the milk.

Sodium Carbonate or *Bicarbonate* is shown by effervescence of the ash with hydrochloric acid; for confirmation, 10 mils of the milk is mixed with an equal volume of alcohol and a few drops of 1 per cent. solution of rosolic acid, when a rose-red colour is obtained. With pure milk the colour is brownish-yellow.

Statement of Results.

In giving a certificate of analysis of milk, it is usually not sufficient to state merely the results obtained, but an opinion must be given, based on those results, as to the genuineness or otherwise of the sample. The presence or absence of added water is to be judged from the amount of solids-not-fat obtained by deducting the percentage of fat found from the percentage of total solids. As already stated, the limit for this figure for genuine milk is taken to be 8·5 per cent.; if less than this is found, a simple calculation shows the percentage of milk of minimum quality that is present, and therefore the percentage of added water. Thus, if a sample of milk gives fat 2·6 per cent., total solids 10·5 per cent., the solids-not-fat is found by difference to be 7·9 per cent.; this corresponds to $\frac{7{\cdot}9}{8{\cdot}5} \times 100 = 92{\cdot}9$ per cent. of milk of minimum quality, and therefore the milk contains 7·1 per cent. of added water. An ingenious perversion of the method of calculating has sometimes been resorted to by the defence, in cases of prosecution for sale of adulterated milk. Taking the above case, for instance, the argument put forward would be that since this milk contains 10·5 per cent. of total solids, the total water in it amounts to 89·5 per cent.; and genuine milk of minimum quality contains 11·25 per cent. of total solids, or 88·75 per cent. of water; therefore the milk in question contains only an excess of 0·75 per cent. of water, and not 7·1 per cent. The fallacy in this argument is too obvious to need pointing out, but, nevertheless, such a defence has sometimes imposed on the Court.

The quality of milk may be lowered, not only by adding water, but also by removing a portion of the cream. If less than 3·0 per cent. of fat is found the difference between this figure and the percentage found gives the deficiency in fat per cent.; since 3·0 per cent. is really a low limit for the fat present, it is probable that the amount of cream actually removed is greater than the amount represented by this difference. Milk containing appreciably less fat than 4·0 per cent., or solids-not-fat than 8·8 per cent., but without falling below the above-named limits, should be described as genuine but of poor quality.

The above tests include all that is necessary in the ordinary commercial analysis of milk; occasionally, however, it is requisite to determine also the proportions of milk sugar and of proteids; this is done as follows:—

Milk Sugar (*Lactose*).—Lactose may be estimated either by its reducing action on Pavy's solution, or by its rotation of the plane of polarised light. To prepare Pavy's solution dissolve 20·4 Gm. of sodium potassium tartrate and an equal weight of caustic potash in 200 mils of water, and 4·158 Gm. of pure copper sulphate crystals in another 200 mils of water and pour into the first solution; then add 30 mils of strong ammonia (0·880), and water to 1 litre; or, to 120 mils of Fehling's solution add 300 mils of strong ammonia, 100 mils of 10 per cent. caustic soda solution, and water to 1 litre. 100 mils of Pavy's solution exactly oxidises 0·0962 Gm. of lactose; this quantity of the liquid is therefore put into a flask closed by a cork having three holes, through one of which passes the nozzle of the burette, while the other two carry tubes providing entrance and exit for a current of coal gas and the flask is heated to boiling; one volume of milk is diluted to five or ten volumes with about 5 per cent. ammonia, and this diluted milk is run from the burette into the boiling Pavy's solution until the latter is decolorised; the amount of milk used contains 0·0962 Gm. of lactose, and the percentage of the latter is found by a simple calculation.

For the polarimetric determination of the milk sugar it is necessary to first remove the proteids and fat, for which purpose an acid solution of mercuric nitrate is used. Mercury is dissolved in twice its weight of nitric acid of specific gravity 1·42, and to the solution an equal volume of water is then added; 1 mil of this is added to 60 mils of the milk, and water to 100 mils. After well shaking the mixture is filtered, and the rotatory power of the filtrate determined. The filtrate contains the sugar from 60 mils of milk in less than 100 mils, part of the volume of 100 mils being occupied by the proteid and fat; to find the volume of these, multiply the weight of fat by 1·075, and that of the proteids by 0·8. The specific rotatory power of lactose for sodium light is +52·5 at 20° C.; the usual formula $[a]_D = \frac{100a}{lc}$ (where a is the observed angle, l the length of tube, and c the number of grammes of lactose in 100 mils of the liquid) enables the amount of lactose to be found. An example will make these calculations clear; suppose the milk is of specific gravity 1·032, and contains 3·5 per cent. of fat and 4 per cent. of proteids, then—

60 mils of milk weigh $60 \times 1{\cdot}032 = 61{\cdot}92$ Gm.
The fat weighs $61{\cdot}92 \times 0{\cdot}035 = 2{\cdot}167$ Gm. and measures $2{\cdot}167 \times 1{\cdot}075 = 2{\cdot}33$ mils.
The proteid weighs $61{\cdot}92 \times 0{\cdot}4 = 2{\cdot}477$ Gm., and measures $2{\cdot}477 \times 0{\cdot}8 = 1{\cdot}98$ mils.

The liquid, therefore, measures $100 - (2{\cdot}33 + 1{\cdot}98) = 95{\cdot}69$ mils. Suppose the observed angle of rotation, in a 2 dm. tube, is + 2° 47′ (= 2·78°)

$$\text{then } 52{\cdot}5 = \frac{100 \times 2{\cdot}78}{2 \times c} \text{ or } c = \frac{278}{105} = {\cdot}65.$$

Since there is 2·65 Gm. of lactose in 100 mils of the liquid, 95·69 mils contains $2{\cdot}65 \times 0{\cdot}9569$, and this quantity was contained in 61·92 Gm. of the milk. Therefore the percentage is $\frac{100}{61{\cdot}92} \times 2{\cdot}65 \times 0{\cdot}9569 = 4{\cdot}09$.

In case the percentages of fat and proteid are not known, the true volume of the lactose solution may be found as follows:—Take a second lot of 60 mils of the milk, add 1 Ml. of the mercuric nitrate solution, dilute to 200 mils, filter, and find the rotatory power of the filtrate. If the true volume of the solution first polarised is x, that of the second is $100 + x$; if the angles of rotation are a and a', then—

$\frac{a}{a'} = \frac{100 + x}{x}$ from which x is at once found.

Proteids.—The total amount of proteids in milk is found by determining the nitrogen by Kjeldahl's method, and multiplying the figure so obtained by 6·3. Let 5 or 10 mils of milk be put into a Kjeldahl flask with 20 to 25 mils of strong sulphuric acid and a globule of mercury, and the process carried out in the usual way. In the case of milk that has been kept some time, part of the nitrogen will be present as ammonia or amino compounds, but the total nitrogen will still represent the proteids originally present.

Cream and Condensed Milk.

Cream may be diluted with about five times its weight of water, and the mixture then analysed in the same way as milk. Some preservative is usually present in cream; gelatin is also sometimes added to thicken it, and may be detected as follows:—Add just enough acetic acid to the diluted cream to precipitate fat and albuminoids, filter, and to the filtrate add a little solution of tannin; genuine cream gives a slight precipitate, but an abundant precipitate is formed if gelatin is present. Another useful method is to evaporate a portion of the cream to dryness, remove fat as completely as possible with ether, and then take up the residue with a very little boiling water; on cooling the aqueous liquid it will set solid if gelatin was present.

Fifty grammes of condensed milk should be diluted with water to half a litre, and this liquid then analysed in the same way as fresh milk. A very usual ingredient is cane sugar, added as a preservative; if the sum of the ash, proteid, lactose, and fat is deducted from the total solids, the difference usually represents the cane sugar. The lactose must be determined by Pavy's solution, and not by the polarimeter, on account of the optical activity of cane sugar. Cane sugar may be inverted by boiling the diluted milk with 2 per cent. of citric acid for ten minutes, and the invert sugar determined by titration with Pavy's solution; 100 mils of the latter correspond to 0·0475 Gm. of cane sugar. Lactose is not inverted by the citric acid; it must be determined separately, and allowed for in calculating from the results of the titration after inverting.

SECTION XXI.

THE EXAMINATION OF URINE.

SECTION XXI.—THE EXAMINATION OF URINE.

CONSTITUENTS, TESTS, AND REAGENTS.

The physical and chemical characters of urine are in very many cases of great importance, and accurate information with regard to them is of high value to the physician in diagnosing disease. The examination of urine is work for which the pharmacist is peculiarly fitted by his training, and most medical practitioners are glad to place it in the hands of those pharmacists who are willing to devote to it the requisite time and care. In the present article information is given with regard to the characters on which information is usually sought, sufficient to enable anyone who is familiar with chemical manipulation to carry out the tests. As a rule, information is only required on some one or more characters, and specific instructions on this point are usually supplied by the physician when sending the urine for examination. In cases where more information is required than is afforded by the tests here detailed reference should be made to works dealing exhaustively with the subject, and the following may be mentioned as among the most suitable:—Allen's 'Chemistry of Urine,' Long's 'Text-book of Urine Analysis,' Halliburton's 'Chemical Physiology and Pathology.'

Preliminary Examination.

The colour, smell, and reaction to litmus paper of all samples should be carefully noted, and the presence or absence of turbidity or a precipitate. The specific gravity is determined in the usual way with a specific gravity bottle or hydrometer. If the latter is used, the special small instrument known as a urinometer is most convenient, as only a small volume of the liquid is necessary for its employment.

ALBUMEN.

Even a trace of albumen in urine is sometimes of considerable pathological significance, and it is, therefore, necessary that all tests for its presence should be applied with the greatest care. For its detection the following tests are selected as the best from the large number that have been put forward, and at least two tests should be applied in each case; there is great divergence of opinion as to their relative delicacy.

N.B.—Whatever test is employed, the urine should in all cases be first tested with litmus paper, and if it is not already acid, *dilute* acetic acid should be added drop by drop until the liquid will *just* redden blue litmus paper; it must then be filtered, and the tests applied to the perfectly bright filtrate.

Qualitative Tests.

Heat Test.—A few mils of the sample should be boiled in a test-tube for about a minute; albumen, if present, separates as a white precipitate; after a few minutes' standing, this aggregates into flocculi, which *gradually* sink to the bottom. For the detection of very small quantities, the boiled urine is compared with an equal volume that has not been heated.

If the urine has been properly acidified beforehand phosphates will not be precipitated; but to make sure of this any precipitate formed may be tested by adding a few drops more of acetic acid and shaking, when phosphates dissolve but albumen does not.

Nitric Acid Test.—Nitric acid coagulates albumen, forming a ring of white precipitate at the junction of the acid and urine if they are poured into a test-tube without mixing. The most delicate way of applying the test is as follows:—Dissolve 10 parts of magnesium sulphate in 13 of hot water, and filter; to 5 Ml. of this solution add 1 Ml. of nitric acid (sp.gr. 1·42), and carefully pour on to the surface of this in a test-tube a few mils of the urine, taking care that the liquids do not mix. An opalescent zone at the region of contact indicates albumen; traces may not appear until after an interval, up to fifteen minutes.

Copaiba resin is precipitated by nitric acid, but the precipitate, unlike albumen, is soluble in alcohol. Uric acid, acid urates, or urea nitrate, *may* be precipitated, but they are soluble on warming, and their appearance may be prevented by using warm acid in the test. Mucin may cause a cloudiness, but this appears towards the upper part of the liquid, distinct from the albumen ring.

Ferrocyanide Test.—Add excess of acetic acid, and then a solution of potassium ferrocyanide; a white precipitate indicates albumen. In this test also traces may only be shown after a short interval.

Salicyl-sulphonic Acid Test.—A few crystals of this acid, or a small quantity of a 5 per cent. solution in water, added to urine, gives a precipitate or turbidity if albumen is present.

Trichloracetic Acid Test.—A saturated solution of this acid is poured on to the surface of the urine without mixing, when a white cloud appears at the junction of the liquids if albumen is present. Alkaloids also give a white precipitate with this reagent, but in this case the precipitate dissolves on heating or adding excess of the reagent. This is a very delicate test, and this and the preceding one do not cause precipitation of mucin.

Quantitative Tests.

Picric Acid.—A cold saturated solution of picric acid in water precipitates albumen, and from the volume of the precipitate an approximate idea of the amount of albumen may be obtained. Some other substances, as alkaloids, piperazine, etc., may give precipitates, but these disappear on warming. The test is best applied by means of Esbach's albuminometer, which consists of a cylindrical tube marked with several graduations, as follows:—10 Gm. of picric acid and 20 Gm. of citric acid are dissolved in boiling water, and the solution made up to measure 1 litre when cold. The tube is filled to the mark "U" with the urine, and the reagent then added up to the mark "R."; the tube is inverted several times to mix them, and set aside for twenty-four hours. At the end of this time the volume of precipitate is observed; the tube is so graduated that readings are obtained directly as parts of albumen per thousand. The graduation is empirical, and the results are only comparable if exactly twenty-four hours is allowed for subsidence. Another form of tube is sometimes used which tapers to a blunt point at the bottom, and settling of the precipitate is promoted by whirling in a centrifuge, much less time being then required.

For accurate quantitative determination of the amount of albumen in urine, it must be precipitated by one of the methods described above, collected on a filter, washed, dried, and weighed; or the nitrogen in the precipitate may be determined by Kjeldahl's method, and the amount multiplied by 6·3. In the latter case nitric or picric acid or ferrocyanide must not be used as precipitants, on account of the nitrogen they contain.

SUGAR.

The following tests are suited for the quantitative detection of sugar in urine; if only a qualitative test is required the same tests can, of course, be used, and it is therefore only necessary to describe them once.

The amount of sugar in the urine of diabetic patients may vary greatly; traces are said to be present in normal urine;

and generally for pathological purposes less than 0·25 per cent. is of little or no importance. The chemist should be prepared, when necessary, to detect smaller amounts, and to determine quantitatively amounts ranging from 0·25 to 15 per cent. of the urine.

Certain normal constituents of urine simulate the behaviour of sugar in many tests, and great care must be taken that the presence of sugar is not erroneously reported on account of behaviour really due to these other substances. The chief of them are uric acid, creatinine, and glycuronic acid; in many cases it is advisable to remove them before testing for sugar. In pathological urine glycosuric acid may occur, and this has a strong reducing action on Fehling's solution.

Fehling's Test.—By far the most usual test for sugar in urine is that of Fehling, and for ordinary purposes it is very satisfactory. Fehling's solution must be prepared in two parts, and these two liquids should be kept separately and mixed in exactly equal volumes only a short time before using, as the mixed solution is not stable; where Fehling's solution is mentioned the mixed liquid is intended. They are prepared as follows:—(A) copper sulphate, cryst., pure, 34·64 Gm., water to 500 Ml.; (B) potassium sodium tartrate, 180 Gm., water, 300 Ml.; filter, if necessary, then add 70 Gm. of caustic soda, and make up to 500 Ml.

If the urine to be tested contains albumen, this must be coagulated by heat and removed by filtration; a rough test for sugar should then be made by diluting 2 Ml. of Fehling's solution with 8 Ml. of water and boiling, and adding to the boiling liquid 1 or 2 Ml. of the liquid obtained by diluting the urine with nine times it volume of water. With a little practice the amount of precipitate so obtained will indicate roughly the amount of sugar present, and the urine is then diluted, if necessary, so that the liquid shall contain approximately from 0·25 to 1·0 per cent. of glucose. This diluted urine is then put into the burette for the more accurate determination, which is carried out as follows:—10 Ml. of Fehling's solution and 40 Ml. of water are put into a porcelain basin and heated to boiling; glass vessels should not be used, as the strong hot alkali rapidly attacks the glass and cracking results; the basin should be rather deep, so as to reduce the surface exposed to the air, or a porcelain beaker may be employed. After boiling for about a minute, during which the solution must remain clear and bright, the urine in the burette is run in gradually, keeping the liquid boiling, or boiling up after each addition; the blue colour gradually disappears, and a red precipitate of cuprous oxide forms. When the blue colour is just completely discharged the titration is at an end; this point is observed by stopping the boiling for a few seconds to allow the oxide to settle, inclining the basin and judging the colour of the solution against the white porcelain. A second titration should be made in the same way, but the result of the first allows of nearly the correct amount of urine being run in at once, thus reducing the time and giving greater accuracy. Since 10 Ml. of Fehling's solution is exactly reduced by 0·05 Gm. of glucose, this amount is contained in the quantity of urine used in the titration, and a simple calculation gives the number of grammes per 100 Ml.; on multiplying this result by 4·375 the figure obtained represents grains of sugar per fluid ounce.

When the amount of glucose present is but small the error due to the reducing action of uric acid, creatinine, and glycuronic acid is proportionately greater, and it is desirable to remove these substances first; this may be effectively done by means of mercuric acetate, and the sugar then determined by Pavy's modification of the above test. The procedure is as follows:—

The urine is treated with 5 per cent. of its volume of cold saturated solution of sodium acetate, and 25 per cent. of cold saturated solution of mercuric chloride, and the mixture boiled for a few minutes; the bulky precipitate is filtered out, and the excess of mercury removed from the filtrate by boiling it with zinc dust for a few minutes and filtering. (The loss of volume at each boiling may, of course, be made up by cooling before filtration, and adding water to bring the volume exactly to what it was before boiling.) This final filtrate is mixed with an equal volume of ammonia, and put into a burette. Pavy's solution is made by mixing Fehling's solution 12 Ml. with ammonia (0·880) 30 Ml., adding 10 Ml. of 10 per cent. solution of caustic soda, and diluting to 100 Ml.; the oxidising power of this solution is *one-tenth* that of Fehling's, *i.e.*, 100 Ml. reduced represents 0·05 Gm. of glucose. In this case, however, cuprous oxide is not precipitated, but held in solution, and the end-point, shown by the complete disappearance of all colour, is easily seen by viewing the liquid against a white surface. Reduced Pavy's solution is very rapidly reoxidised on contact with the air; the titration is therefore conducted in a flask fitted with a three-hole cork; through one hole passes a tube which is connected to the nozzle of the burette, while the others provide entrance and exit for a current of coal gas; or the boiling liquid may be covered with a thin layer of paraffin. In any case, but especially if paraffin is used, a few pieces of pumice or pipe-stem will be useful to prevent bumping.

If the substances which might simulate sugar are removed as described the titration it best conducted with Pavy's solution; but the latter may also be applied in any case whether the urine has been previously treated or not. Another very useful modification of Fehling's test is due to Gerrard, and is carried out as follows:—10 Ml. of Fehling's solution and 40 Ml. of water are heated to boiling, and a 5 per cent. solution of potassium cyanide is then added carefully, finally drop by drop, until the blue colour is *just* discharged; a further 10 Ml. of Fehling's solution is then added, and the boiling liquid titrated with the urine; the end-point is now again shown by the disappearance of the blue colour. Since no cuprous oxide is precipitated this point is easily observed; only the second quantity of Fehling's solution is reduced by the glucose, and the calculation is made as before. This method has been strongly recommended, and burettes may be obtained for use with it so graduated that the readings are directly in percentages of sugar in the urine instead of in mils.

The following tests for sugar are also useful:—

Picric Acid Test.—A saturated cold solution of picric acid in water is mixed with an equal volume of normal caustic soda solution and boiled; a measured quantity of urine is then added, and the mixed liquid boiled for a minute or so. In the presence of glucose a deep red colour is produced, the depth of colour being proportionate to the amount of glucose present. A fairly accurate estimation may be made by comparing the colour with a standard. Creatinine, which is normally present, produces a similar colour; it must, therefore, be removed by treatment with mercuric acetate, followed by zinc, as described above. A standard coloured solution for comparison is made as follows:—

Liq. Ferri Perchlor. Fort. (s.g. 1·42)	1
Acid. Acetic. Glaciale	4
Liq. Ammon. (s.g. 0·959)	6
Aq. Destil., sufficient to produce	32

The colour of this is the same as that given with the picric acid test, by an undiluted urine containing 1 grain of glucose per fluid ounce. The liquid obtained from the urine in question and sodium picrate is compared with this standard liquid, and one or other diluted until the depth of colour of the two is equal; from the dilution that is necessary the amount of sugar present is found by a simple calculation.

Optical Activity.—Colouring matter and other substances are removed by adding to the urine, at boiling temperature, about 3 per cent. of powdered lead acetate, shaking well, and filtering; or mercuric acetate may be employed, as already described. The colourless filtrate is then examined with the polarimeter, and from the observed rotation the percentage of glucose ($[\alpha]_D = +52{\cdot}7°$) is found by the usual calculation. There is little or no interference by other constituents, hence the results are very fairly accurate.

The two following tests are not capable of being applied quantitatively. They are, nevertheless, sometimes very useful, as they distinguish clearly between sugar and the other reducing substances that may be mistaken for it.

Phenyl-hydrazine Test.—50 Ml. of urine, freed from albumen, is treated with 2 Gm. of sodium acetate and 1 to 2 Gm. of phenyl-hydrazine hydrochloride, and the liquid heated to 100° C. for half an hour. On cooling, if glucose was present, phenyl-glucosazone separates as a yellow or brick-red precipitate, crystalline or amorphous; if the latter, it must be dissolved in hot alcohol, the solution diluted with water, and boiled to remove alcohol and cooled, when crystals are deposited. Glycuronic acid forms a similar compound, hence the melting point must be determined. The osazone from glycuronic acid melts at 150°, that from glucose at 205°.

Indigo Test.—The moderately diluted urine is boiled with a small quantity of orthonitrophenyl-propiolic acid ("nitro propiol") for five minutes; if glucose is present, a blue colour is produced, due to the formation of indigo blue.

UREA.

The usual method for estimating urea is to decompose it, measure the nitrogen so produced, and calculate from this the amount of urea from which it is derived. Sodium hypobromite is the agent employed for the decomposition, and the solution of this substance is prepared by dissolving 400 Gm. of caustic soda in water and making up to 1 litre; 9 Ml. of this solution is mixed with 1 Ml. of bromine when required, as the mixed liquid does not keep very well. When this solution of sodium hypobromite is added to urine, the urea is decomposed with liberation of the nitrogen; but it is found that the nitrogen produced only corresponds to about 92 per cent. of the amount of urea actually present. If, however, the gas is measured at the usual laboratory temperature of about 18° C. (65·4° F.), its volume is aboot 8 per cent. greater than it would be at the standard temperature of 0° C.; therefore, by omitting to make a correction for temperature and calculating from the volume of gas actually collected, a very nearly correct figure is obtained for the amount of urea. If, however, sugar is present in any considerable quantity, practically the whole of the nitrogen is liberated; with diabetic urine, therefore, if temperature correction is omitted, 8 per cent. should be deducted from the amount of urea found.

The simplest method of making the determination is to employ the ordinary nitrometer, following the same procedure as in determining the strength of spirit of nitrous ether. The nitrometer is first filled with brine to the tap; 5 Ml. of urine is then placed in the cup and carefully introduced, and the cup rinsed with a few drops of water, this being also admitted by the tap. A mixture of 10 Ml. of hypobromite solution and 10 Ml. of water is then introduced in the same way, and nitrogen is at once evolved; when the reaction has nearly ceased, the flexible tube of the nitrometer is closed with a clip and the liquids mixed well by shaking the tube. When the evolution of gas has ceased and the temperature become constant, the liquid in the two tubes of the nitrometer is brought to the same level and the volume of gas read off. Each mil of nitrogen represents 2·7 milligrammes of urea. If a nitrometer is not available, the hypobromite solution may be put into a flask and the urine measured into a small test tube, which is also placed in the flask; the latter is then closed with a cork through which passes a glass tube, communicating by means of india-rubber tubing with another glass tube passing through a cork in the top of an ordinary burette without tap, or with the tap open; a long piece of india-rubber tubing connects the nozzle of the burette to a funnel, which is held by a clamp at a convenient height. The cork at the top of the burette is removed and water poured in through the funnel until it reaches the zero mark; the cork is then replaced tightly. The flask containing the hypobromite and urine is now inclined, so that the latter runs out of the tube and the two liquids mix; when most of the nitrogen has been evolved the flask is well shaken; after reaction is complete, the position of the funnel is adjusted so that the water stands at the same height in the burette and the funnel, and the volume of gas is then read off.

If, instead of urea, the total nitrogen of all the constituents of the urine is required, a determination must be made by Kjeldahl's method in the usual manner.

URIC ACID.

To determine uric acid, powdered ammonium chloride is added in small quantities to 100 Ml. of the urine until no more is dissolved, about 30 Gm. being necessary. After standing for two hours, with occasional stirring, the precipitate, consisting of acid ammonium urate, is collected on a filter and washed twice with saturated solution of ammonium chloride. It is then washed off the filter with about 100 Ml. of water, 20 Ml. of strong sulphuric acid added, and the liquid titrated while still hot (about 60° C. is best) with N/10 permanganate; the end point is reached when the pink colour, after shaking, remains for about two or three seconds. Each mil of N/10 permanganate used up represents 3·75 milligrammes of uric acid.

If preferred, the acid ammonium urate may be heated to boiling with excess of dilute hydrochloric acid, the liquid cooled and left standing for two hours, the uric acid collected on a filter, washed with a little cold water and then with alcohol, dried and weighed. To the weight found 1 milligramme is added for every 15 Ml. of mother liquor (not washings).

BILE PIGMENTS.

The presence of bile in urine is shown by the characteristic colours produced when the bile pigments are acted on by nitric acid. A little of the urine is gently poured on to the surface of some *fuming* nitric acid in a test-tube. If bile pigments are present a green ring appears at the zone of contact, and below this appear, in order, violet, red, and yellow zones. The latter without the green zone do not indicate bile.

Traces only of bile pigments are sometimes important, and for their detection the urine should be treated with moderate excess of lime water, and carbon dioxide then passed until the excess of lime is thrown down. The precipitate is collected and treated with fuming nitric acid, when the same characteristic colours as above will be observed if bile is present.

MICROSCOPICAL EXAMINATION.

A portion of the urine (about 100 Ml. or more) is set aside in a conical glass vessel for twenty-four hours, in order that the sediment may collect in a small volume at the bottom. In hot weather, about one-fourth of its volume of saturated chloroform water may be added to prevent decomposition. If, however, a centrifuge is available, the deposit may be caused to collect at the bottom by whirling for a few minutes.

A drop of the liquid from the bottom of the settling vessel is taken out with a pipette, placed on a glass slide, and covered with a thin cover-slip for examination with the microscope. The principal objects to be looked for are those mentioned below; it is not possible, however, to give such verbal descriptions as will enable most of them to be identified with certainty; the requisite knowledge of each can only be obtained by practice.

Blood Corpuscles.—These are biconcave, and of an average diameter of 0·0077 Mm.; they retain their shape fairly well in acid urine, but soon become more or less eroded if the urine is alkaline. They will not be found in rouleaux.

Confirmation of the presence of blood may be obtained by evaporating a little of the deposit to dryness with a fragment of sodium chloride at a gentle heat. The residue is treated with a few drops of glacial acetic acid and heated on a slide. When cool, reddish-brown rhomboidal plates of hæmin may be found with the microscope if blood was present.

Pus Corpuscles.—These vary in size, but are usually rather larger than blood corpuscles, and spherical, not biconcave. If much pus is present the lower portion of the urine that has been standing is converted to a thick viscid mass on mixing with an equal volume of strong potash solution; this glairy substance may be formed spontaneously in alkaline urine.

Epithelium Cells.—These are much larger than corpuscles; they may be of almost any shape, have ordinarily a well-marked nucleus, and are often united in groups of three or four together.

Casts.—These are casts of portions of the uriniferous tubules of the kidney, and usually much longer than broad; several different kinds occur, and experience alone will enable them to be satisfactorily identified.

Crystals.—These may consist of uric acid, or of many other substances; most of them may be recognised, with practice, by their shape and behaviour to reagents.

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SECTION XXII.

TABLE OF THERMOMETRIC EQUIVALENTS.

SECTION XXII.—TABLE OF THERMOMETRIC EQUIVALENTS.

CENTIGRADE (CELSIUS) AND FAHRENHEIT SCALES.

C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°
—40	—40	—16·1	3	7·2	45	31·1	88	55·6	132
—39·4	—39	—16	3·2	7·8	46	31·7	89	56	132·8
—39	—38·2	—15·6	4	8	46·4	32	89·6	56·1	133
—38·9	—38	—15	5	8·3	47	32·2	90	56·7	134
—38·3	—37			8·9	48	32·8	91	57	134·6
—38	—36·4	—14·4	6	9	48·2	33	91·4	57·2	135
—37·8	—36	—14	6·8	9·4	49	33·3	92	57·8	136
—37·2	—35	—13·9	7	10	50	33·9	93	58	136·4
—37	—34·6	—13·3	8			34	93·2	58·3	137
—36·7	—34	—13	8·6	10·6	51	34·4	94	58·9	138
—36·1	—33	—12·8	9	11	51·8	35	95	59	138·2
—36	—32·8	—12·2	10	11·1	52			59·4	139
—35·6	—32	—12	10·4	11·7	53	35·6	96		
—35	—31	—11·7	11	12	53·6	36	96·8	60	140
		—11·1	12	12·2	54	36·1	97	60·6	141
—34·4	—30	—11	12·2	12·8	55	36·7	98	61	141·8
—34	—29·2	—10·6	13	13	55·4	37	98·6	61·1	142
—33·9	—29	—10	14	13·3	56	37·2	99	61·7	143
—33·3	—28			13·9	57	37·8	100	62	143·6
—33	—27·4	—9·4	15	14	57·2	38	100·4	62·2	144
—32·8	—27	—9	15·8	14·4	58	38·3	101	62·8	145
—32·2	—26	—8·9	16	15	59	38·9	102	63	145·4
—32	—25·6	—8·3	17			39	102·2	63·3	146
—31·7	—25	—8	17·6	15·6	60	39·4	103	63·9	147
—31·1	—24	—7·8	18	16	60·8	40	104	64	147·2
—31	—23·8	—7·2	19	16·1	61			64·4	148
—30·6	—23	—7	19·4	16·7	62	40·6	105	65	149
—30	—22	—6·7	20	17	62·6	41	105·8		
		—6·1	21	17·2	63	41·1	106	65·6	150
—29	—21	—6	21·2	17·8	64	41·7	107	66	150·8
—29	20·2	—5·6	22	18	64·4	42	107·6	66·1	151
—28·9	—20	—5	23	18·3	65	42·2	108	66·7	152
—28·3	—19			18·9	66	42·8	109	67	152·6
—28	—18·4	—4·4	24	19	66·2	43	109·4	67·2	153
—27·8	—18	—4	24·8	19·4	67	43·3	110	67·8	154
—27·2	—17	—3·9	25	20	68	43·9	111	68	154·4
—27	—16·6	—3·3	26			44	111·2	68·3	155
—26·7	—16	—3	26·6	20·6	69	44·4	112	68·9	156
—26·1	—15	—2·8	27	21	69·8	45	113	69	156·2
—26	—14·8	—2·2	28	21·1	70			69·4	157
—25·6	—14	—2	28·4	21·7	71	45·6	114	70	158
—25	—13	—1·7	29	22	71·6	46	114·8		
		—1·1	30	22·2	72	46·1	115	70·6	159
—24·4	—12	—1	30·2	22·8	73	46·7	116	71	159·8
—24	—11·2	—0·6	31	23	73·4	47	116·6	71·1	160
—23·9	—11	0	32	23·3	74	47·2	117	71·7	161
—23·3	—10			23·9	75	47·8	118	72	161·6
—23	—9·4	0·5	32·9	24	75·2	48	118·4	72·2	162
—22·8	—9	0·6	33	24·4	76	48·3	119	72·8	163
—22·2	—8	1	33·8	25	77	48·9	120	73	163·4
—22	—7·6	1·1	34			49	120·2	73·3	164
—21·7	—7	1·7	35	25·6	78	49·4	121	73·9	165
—21·1	—6	2	35·6	26	78·8	50	122	74	165·2
—21	—5·8	2·2	36	26·1	79			74·4	166
—20·6	—5	2·8	37	26·7	80	50·6	123	75	167
—20	—4	3	37·4	27	80·6	51	123·8		
		3·3	38	27·2	81	51·1	124	75·6	168
—19·4	—3	3·9	39	27·8	82	51·7	125	76	168·8
—19	—2·2	4	39·2	28	82·4	52	125·6	76·1	169
—18·9	—2	4·4	40	28·3	83	52·2	126	76·7	170
—18·3	—1	5	41	28·9	84	52·8	127	77	170·6
—18	—0·4			29	84·2	53	127·4	77·2	171
—17·8	0	5·6	42	29·4	85	53·3	128	77·8	172
—17·5	0·5	6	42·8	30	86	53·9	129	78	172·4
—17·2	1	6·1	43			54	129·2	78·3	173
—17	1·4	6·7	44	30·6	87	54·4	130	78·9	174
—16·7	2	7	44·6	31	87·8	55	131	79	174·2

TABLE OF THERMOMETRIC EQUIVALENTS—*continued.*

C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°
79·4	175	104	219·2	128·9	264	153·3	308	178	352·4
80	176	104·4	220	129	264·2	153·9	309	178·3	353
80·6	177	105	221	129·4	265	154	309 2	178·9	354
81	177·8	105·6	222	130	266	154·4	310	179	354·2
81·1	178	106	222·8	130·6	267	155	311	179·4	355
81·7	179	106·1	223	131	267·8	155·6	312	180	356
82	179·6	106·7	224	131·1	268	156	312·8	180·6	357
82·2	180	107	224·6	131·7	269	156·1	313	181	357·8
82·8	181	107·2	225	132	269·6	156·7	314	181·1	358
83	181·4	107·8	226	132·2	270	157	314·6	181·7	359
83·3	182	108	226·4	132·8	271	157·2	315	182	359·6
83·9	183	108·3	227	133	271·4	157·8	316	182·2	360
84	183·2	108·9	228	133·3	272	158	316·4	182·8	361
84·4	184	109	228·2	133·9	273	158·3	317	183	361·4
85	185	109·4	229	134	273·2	158·9	318	183·3	362
85·6	186	110	230	134·4	274	159	318·2	183·9	363
86	186·8	110·6	231	135	275	159·4	319	184	363·2
86·1	187	111	231·8	135·6	276	160	320	184·4	364
86·7	188	111·1	232	136	276·8	160·6	321	185	365
87	188·6	111·7	233	136·1	277	161	321·8	185·6	366
87·2	189	112	233·6	136·7	278	161·1	322	186	366·8
87·8	190	112·2	234	137	278·6	161·7	323	186·1	367
88	190·4	112·8	235	137·2	279	162	323·6	186·7	368
88·3	191	113	235·4	137·8	280	162·2	324	187	368·6
88·9	192	113·3	236	138	280·4	162·8	325	187·2	369
89	192·2	113·9	237	138·3	281	163	325·4	187·8	370
89·4	193	114	237·2	138·9	282	163·3	326	188	370·4
90	194	114·4	238	139	282·2	163·9	327	188·3	371
90·6	195	115	239	139·4	283	164	327·2	188·9	372
91	195·8	115·6	240	140	284	164·4	328	189	372·2
91·1	196	116	240·8	140·6	285	165	329	189·4	373
91·7	197	116·1	241	141	285·8	165·6	330	190	374
92	197·6	116·7	242	141·1	286	166	330·8	190·6	375
92·2	198	117	242·6	141·7	287	166·1	331	191	375·8
92·8	199	117·2	243	142	287·6	166·7	332	191·1	376
93	199·4	117·8	244	142·2	288	167	332·6	191·7	377
93·3	200	118	244·4	142·8	289	167·2	333	192	377·6
93·9	201	118·3	245	143	289·4	167·8	334	192·2	378
94	201·2	118·9	246	143·3	290	168	334·4	192·8	379
94·4	202	119	246·2	143·9	291	168·3	335	193	379·4
95	203	119·4	247	144	291·2	168·9	336	193·3	380
95·6	204	120	248	144·4	292	169	336·2	193·9	381
96	204·8	120·6	249	145	293	169·4	337	194	381·2
96·1	205	121	249·8	145·6	294	170	338	194·4	382
96·7	206	121·1	250	146	294·8	170·6	339	195	383
97	206·6	121·7	251	146·1	295	171	339·8	195·6	384
97·2	207	122	251·6	146·7	296	171·1	340	196	384·8
97·8	208	122·2	252	147	296·6	171·7	341	196·1	385
98	208·4	122·8	253	147·2	297	172	341·6	196·7	386
98·3	209	123	253·4	147·8	298	172·2	342	197	388·6
98·9	210	123·3	254	148	298·4	172·8	343	197·2	387
99	210·2	123·9	255	148·3	299	173	343·4	197·8	388
99·4	211	124	255·2	148·9	300	173·3	344	198	388·4
100	212	124·4	256	149	300·2	173·9	345	198·3	389
100·6	213	125	257	149·4	301	174	345·2	198·9	390
101	213·8	125·6	258	150	302	174·4	346	199	390·2
101·1	214	126	258·8	150·6	303	175	347	199·4	391
101·7	215	126·1	259	151	303·8	175·6	348	200	392
102	215·6	126·7	260	151·1	304	176	348·8	200·6	393
102·2	216	127	260·6	151·7	305	176·1	349	201	393·8
102·8	217	127·2	261	152	305·6	176·7	350	201·1	394
103	217·4	127·8	262	152·2	306	177	350·6	201·7	395
103·3	218	128	262·4	152·8	307	177·2	351	202	395·6
103·9	219	128·3	263	153	307·4	177·8	352	202·2	396

TABLE OF THERMOMETRIC EQUIVALENTS—*Continued.*

C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°	C.°	F.°
202·8	397	215·6	420	228	442·4	240·6	465	253	487·4
203	397·4	216	420·8	228·3	443	241	465·8	253·3	488
203·3	398	216·1	421	228·9	444	241·1	466	253·9	489
203·9	399	216·7	422	229	444·2	241·7	467	254	489·2
204	399·2	217	422·6	229·4	445	242	467·6	254·4	490
204·4	400	217·2	423	230	446	242·2	468	255	491
205	401	217·8	424	230·6	447	242·8	469	255·6	492
205·6	402	218	424·4	231	447·8	243	469·4	256	492·8
206	402·8	218·3	425	231·1	448	243·3	470	256·1	493
206·1	403	218·9	426	231·7	449	243·9	471	256·7	494
206·7	404	219	426·2	232	449·6	244	471·2	257	494·6
207	404·6	219·4	427	232·2	450	244·4	472	257·2	495
207·2	405	220	428	232·8	451	245	473	257·8	496
207·8	406	220·6	429	233	451·4	245·6	474	258	496·4
208	406·4	221	429·8	233·3	452	246	474·8	258·3	497
208·3	407	221·1	430	233·9	453	246·1	475	258·9	498
208·9	408	221·7	431	234	453·2	246·7	476	259	498·2
209	408·2	222	431·6	234·4	454	247	476·6	259·4	499
209·4	409	222·2	432	235	455	247·2	477	260	500
210	410	222·8	433	235·6	456	247·8	478	260·6	501
210·6	411	223	433·4	236	456·8	248	478·4	261	501·8
211	411·8	223·3	434	236·1	457	248·3	479	261·1	502
211·1	412	223·9	435	236·7	458	248·9	480	261·7	503
211·7	413	224	435·2	237	458·6	249	480·2	262	503·6
212	413·6	224·4	436	237·2	459	249·4	481	262·2	504
212·2	414	225	437	237·8	460	250	482	262·8	505
212·8	415	225·6	438	238	460·4	250·6	483	263	505·4
213	415·4	226	438·8	238·3	461	251	483·8	263·3	506
213·3	416	226·1	439	238·9	462	251·1	484	263·9	507
213·9	417	226·7	440	239	462·2	251·7	485	264	507·2
214	417·2	227	440·6	239·4	463	252	485·6	264·4	508
214·4	418	227·2	441	240	464	252·2	486	265	509
215	419	227·8	442			252·8	487		

THERMOMETRIC MEMORANDA.

REPRINTED FROM THE BRITISH PHARMACOPŒIA.

Thermometers employed in taking specific gravities, melting points, or boiling points, should have been compared with a standard thermometer, and their errors recorded in a table, by means of which the readings of the instruments used are to be corrected. The zero point of the instruments should be verified from time to time.

To determine the melting point of a substance, a minute fragment of it should be placed in a thin-walled glass tube having an internal diameter of about one millimetre (1/25 inch), and sealed at the lower end. This tube should be attached to the thermometer so that the substance is near the middle of the bulb, and the thermometer with the attached tube should be immersed in a suitable liquid, contained in a beaker placed over a small lamp flame. Water is suitable for substances melting below 212° F. (100° C); sulphuric acid, hard paraffin, or glycerin for substances melting at higher temperatures. The liquid should be continually stirred by means of a glass ring moved up and down till the substance is seen to melt. The temperature is noted, the tube cooled till the substance solidfies, and the operation then repeated. The latter reading of the thermometer should be taken as the melting point. To obtain accurate results, the whole of the mercury column of the thermometer should be immersed in the heated liquid; but as this is seldom practicable, the mean temperature of the emergent column—that is, of that portion above the surface of the heated liquid—should be ascertained and the necessary correction applied. To obtain the mean temperature of the emergent column, a small thermometer is fixed by india-rubber bands in such a position that its bulb is about the middle of the emergent column. The corrected temperature may be calculated with approximate accuracy from the formula:—

Corrected temperature = $T + 0{\cdot}000143\ (T - t)\ N$, in which
T = observed, *i.e.*, uncorrected, temperature;
t = mean temperature of the emergent column;
N = the length of the emergent column in scale degrees.

To determine the boiling point of a substance, the liquid under examination should be placed in a distilling flask having a side tube for conveying the vapour to a condenser, while the thermometer passes through a cork inserted in the neck. The bulb of the thermometer should be near to, but not immersed in, the liquid, and the whole of the thread of mercury should, if possible, be surrounded by the vapour; the temperature is read off as soon as the liquid is distilling freely. If any considerable length of the mercurial column be not surrounded by the vapour, the temperature of the emergent column should be ascertained as directed under melting points, and the necessary correction applied.

SECTION XXIII.

IMPERIAL AND METRIC MEASURES.

SECTION XXIII.—IMPERIAL AND METRIC MEASURES.

EQUIVALENTS AND CONVERSION TABLES.

IMPERIAL MEASURES OF LENGTH.

1 Inch	=	25·3999 Millimetres.
1 Foot (12 in.)	=	304·7997 Millimetres. 0·3047997 Metre.
1 Yard (3 ft.)	=	914·3992 Millimetres. 0·9143992 Metre.
1 Mile (1,760 yds.)	=	1,609,342·5920 Millimetres. 1·6093426 Kilom.

Conversion of Imperial to Metric Units.

Inches ÷ 0·0394 = Millimetres.
Inches × 25·3999 = Millimetres.
Inches ÷ 0·3937 = Centimetres.
Inches × 2·5399 = Centimetres.
Inches ÷ 3·9370 = Decimetres.

Inches × 0·2539 = Decimetres.
Inches ÷ 39·3701 = Metres.
Inches × 0·0254 = Metres.
Miles ÷ 0·6214 = Kilometres.
Miles × 1·6093 = Kilometres.

IMPERIAL WEIGHTS OR MEASURES OF MASS.

1 Grain	=	0·0648 Gramme. 64·7989 Milligrammes.
1 Scruple (20 grains)	=	1·2959 Grammes.
1 Drachm (60 grains)........	=	3·8879 Grammes.
1 Troy or Apothecaries' Ounce (480 grains)	=	31·1035 Grammes.
1 Avoirdupois Ounce (437·5 gr.)	=	28·3495 Grammes.
1 Pound (7,000 grains)	=	453·5924 Grammes. 0·4536 Kilogramme.

Conversion of Imperial to Metric Units.

Grains ÷ 15·4324 = Gms.
Grains × 0·0648 = Gms.
Scruples (Ap.) × 1·2959 = Gms.
Drachms (Ap.) × 3·8879 = Gms.
Ounces (Troy) ÷ 0·0311 = Gms.

Ounces (Troy) × 31·1035 = Gms.
Ounces (Av.) ÷ 0·0353 = Gms.
Ounces (Av.) × 28·3459 = Gms.
Pounds (Av.) ÷ 2·2046 = Kilo.
Pounds (Av.) × 0·4536 = Kilo.

IMPERIAL MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

1 Minim (0·9114583 grain of water)	=	0·0592 Millilitre.
1 Fluid Drachm (60 m. or 54·6875 gr.)	=	3·5515 Millilitres.
1 Fluid Ounce (8 fl. dr. or 437·5 gr.)	=	28·4123 Millilitres. 0·0284 Litre.
1 Pint (20 fl. oz. or 8·750 grains)..	=	568·2454 Millilitres. 0·5682 Litre.
1 Gallon (8 pints or 70,000 grains)	=	4545·9631 Millilitres. 4·5459 Litres.

Conversion of Imperial to Metric Units.

Minims ÷ 16·8941 = Millilitres.
Minims × 0·0592 = Millilitres.
Fl. Dr. ÷ 0·2816 = Millilitres.
Fl. Dr. × 3·5515 = Millilitres.
Fl. Oz. ÷ 0·0352 = Millilitres.
Fl. Oz. × 28·4123 = Millilitres.

Fl. Oz. ÷ 35·1960 = Litres.
Fl. Oz. × 0·0284 = Litres.
Pints ÷ 1·7598 = Litres.
Pints × 0·5682 = Litres.
Gallons ÷ 0·2199 = Litres.
Gallons × 4·5459 = Litres.

METRIC MEASURES OF LENGTH.

The Metre (M.) equals 39·370113 inches, and was originally supposed to represent the ten-millionth part of the quadrant of a meridian; the actual standard is the distance, determined at 0° C., between two points on a bar of iridio-platinum, a copy of which is in the possession of the Board of Trade.

1 Micromillimetre (μμ)	= 0·000001 Mm.	= 0·00000004 Inch.
1 Micron (μ)	= 0·001 Mm.	= 0·0000394 Inch.
1 Millimetre (Mm.)	= 0·001 M.	= 0·0393701 Inch.
1 Centimetre (Cm.)	= 0·010 M.	= 0·3937011 Inch.
1 Decimetre (Dm.)	= 0·100 M.	= 3·9370113 Inches.
1 Metre (M.)	= 1·0 M.	39·370113 Inches. 3·280843 Feet. 1·0936143 Yards.
1 Dekametre (Dkm.)	= 10·0 M.	= 10·93614 Yards.
1 Hectometre (Hm.)	= 100·0 M.	= 109·36143 Yards.
1 Kilometre (Km.) ..	= 1000·0 M.	= 0·62137 Mile.
1 Myriametre (Mym.)	= 10,000·0 M.	= 6·21371 Miles.

Conversion of Metric to Imperial Units.

Millimetres × 0·0394 = Inches.
Millimetres ÷ 25·3999 = Inches.
Centimetres × 0·3937 = Inches.
Centimetres ÷ 2·5399 = Inches.
Decimetres × 3·9370 = Inches.

Decimetres ÷ 0·2539 = Inches.
Metres × 39·3701 = Inches.
Metres ÷ 0·0254 = Inches.
Kilometres × 0·6214 = Miles.
Kilometres ÷ 1·6093 = Miles.

METRIC WEIGHTS OR MEASURES OF MASS.

The Gramme (Gm.) equals 15·432 grains, and was originally the mass of one-thousandth part of a Cubic Decimetre of water at 4° C.; it is now equal to the mass of one-thousandth part of a solid cylinder of iridio-platinum 39 Mm. high and the same in diameter, a copy of which is in the possession of the Board of Trade.

1 Microgram (γ)	= 0·001 Mgm.	= 0·000015 Gr.
1 Milligram (Mgm.)....	= 0·001 Gm.	= 0·015 Grain.
1 Centigram (Cgm.)....	= 0·010 Gm.	= 0·154 Grain.
1 Decigram (Dgm.)	= 0·100 Gm.	= 1·543 Grain.
1 Gramme (Gm.)	= 1·0 Gm.	= 15·4324 Grains. 0·7716 Scruple. 0·2572 Drachm. 0·03215 Oz. Tr. 0·03527 Oz. Av.
1 Dekagram (Dkgm.) ..	= 10·0 Gm.	= 0·3527 Oz. Av.
1 Hectogram (Hgm.) ..	= 100·0 Gm.	= 3·5274 Oz. Av.
1 Kilogram (Kilo)	= 1000·0 Gm.	= 2·2046 Lbs.
1 Myriagram (Mygm.)..	= 10·0 Kilo.	= 22·0462 Lbs.
1 Quintal (Q.)	= 100·0 Kilo.	= 1·9684 Cwt.
1 Millier or Tonne (T.) .	= 1000·0 Kilo.	= 0·9842 Ton.

Conversion of Metric to Imperial Units.

Grammes × 15·4324 = Grains.
Grammes ÷ 0·0648 = Grains.
Grammes ÷ 1·2959 = Scruples.
Grammes ÷ 3·8879 = Drachms.
Grammes × 0·0311 = Oz. (Troy)

Grammes ÷ 31·1035 = Oz. (Tr.)
Grammes × 0·0353 = Oz. (Av.)
Grammes ÷ 28·3495 = Oz. (Av.)
Kilogrm. × 2·2046 = Pounds.
Kilogrm. ÷ 0·4536 = Pounds.

METRIC MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

The Litre (L.) equals 1·7598 pints, and was originally the volume of a Cubic Decimetre of water at 4° C., its point of greatest density; the Board of Trade standard Litre (= 1·00016 Cubic Decimetres) is the volume of a Kilogramme weight of water at 4° C., and the Mil or Millilitre (= 1·00016 Cubic Centimetres) is the volume of a gramme weight of water at the same temperature. The word "Mil" is officially recognised as a convenient abbreviation of Millilitre, and should replace the abbreviation "C.c." (Cubic Centimetre) in formulæ for medicines and statements of doses, while the terms "Centimil" and "Decimil" should be used for smaller quantities of liquids, instead of fractions of a Mil.

1 Microl (λ)	= 0·001 Ml.	= 0·0169 Minim.
1 Centimil (C.)	= 0·010 Ml.	= 0·1689 Minim.
1 Decimil (D.)	= 0·100 Ml.	= 1·6894 Minims.
1 Mil or Millilitre (Ml.)	= 0·001 L.	= 0·0352 Fl. Oz.
1 Centilitre (Cl.)	= 0·010 L.	= 0·0176 Pint.
1 Decilitre (Dl.)	= 0·100 L.	= 0·1759 Pint.
1 Litre (L.)	= 1·0 L.	= 35·1960 Fl. Oz. 1·7598 Pints. 0·219 Gallon.
1 Dekalitre (Dkl.)....	= 10·0 L.	= 2·19975 Gallons.
1 Hectolitre (Hl.)....	= 100·0 L.	= 2·74969 Bushels.
1 Kilolitre (Kl.)	= 1000·0 L.	= 3·43712 Quarters.

Conversion of Metric to Imperial Units.

Millilitres × 16·8941 = Minims.
Millilitres ÷ 0·0592 = Minim.
Millilitres × 0·2816 = Fl. Dr.
Millilitres ÷ 3·5515 = Fl. Dr.
Millilitres × 0·0352 = Fl. Oz.
Millilitres ÷ 28·4123 = Fl. Oz.

Litres × 35·1960 = Fl. Oz.
Litres ÷ 0·0284 = Fl. Oz.
Litres × 1·7598 = Pints.
Litres ÷ 0·5682 = Pints.
Litres × 0·2199 = Gallons.
Litres ÷ 4·5459 = Gallons.

METRIC AND IMPERIAL EQUIVALENTS FOR TRADE PURPOSES.

BASED ON BOARD OF TRADE STANDARDS.

METRIC TO IMPERIAL.

Linear Measure.

1 Millimetre (Mm.) (1/1000th M.)	=	0·03937 Inch.
1 Centimetre (1/100th M.)	=	0·3937 Inch.
1 Decimetre (1/10th M.)	=	3·937 Inches.
1 Metre (M.)	=	**39·370113 Inches.** **3·280843 Feet.** **1·0936143 Yards.**
1 Decametre (10 M.)	=	10·936 Yards.
1 Hectometre (100 M.)	=	109·36 Yards.
1 Kilometre (1000 M.)	=	0·62137 Mile.

Square Measure.

1 Square Centimetre	=	0·15500 Square Inch.
1 Square Decimetre (100 Square Centimetres)	=	15·500 Square Inches.
1 Square Metre (100 Square Decimetres)	=	10·7639 Square Feet. 1·1960 Square Yards.
1 Are (100 Sq. Metres)	=	119·60 Square Yards.
1 Hectare (100 Ares or 10,000 Sq. Metres)	=	2·4711 Acres.

Cubic Measure.

1 Cubic Centimetre	=	0·0610 Cubic Inch.
1 Cubic Decimetre (C.d.) (1000 Cubic Centimetres)	=	61·024 Cubic Inches.
1 Cubic Metre (1000 Cubic Decimetres)	=	35·3148 Cubic Feet. 1·307954 Cubic Yards.

Measure of Capacity.

1 Centilitre (1/100th Litre)	=	0·070 Gill.
1 Decilitre (1/10th Litre)	=	0·176 Pint.
1 Litre	=	**1·75980 Pints.**
1 Dekalitre (10 Litres)	=	2·200 Gallons.
1 Hectolitre (100 Litres)	=	2·75 Bushels.

Apothecaries Measure.

1 Centimil (1/100th Millilitre)	=	0·1689 Minim.
1 Decimil (1/10th Millilitre)	=	1·6894 Minims.
1 Mil or Millilitre (1/1000th Litre)	=	16·8941 Minims, or 0·2816 Fl. Drachm
1 Centilitre (1/100th Litre)	=	2·8157 Fl. Drachms, or 0·35196 Fl. Ounce.
1 Decilitre (1/10th Litre)	=	3·5196 Fl. Ounces.
1 Litre	=	1·7598 Pints.

Avoirdupois Weight.

1 Milligram (1/1000th Grm.)	=	0·015 Grain.
1 Centigram (1/100th Grm.)	=	0·154 Grain.
1 Decigram (1/10th Grm.)	=	1·543 Grains.
1 Gramme (1 Grm.)	=	15·432 Grains.
1 Dekagram (10 Grm.)	=	5·644 Drachms.
1 Hectogram (100 Grm.)	=	3·527 Oz.
1 Kilogram (1000 Grm.)	=	**2·2046223 Lbs. or** **15432·3564 Grains.**
1 Myriagram (10 Kilog.)	=	22·046 Lbs.
1 Quintal (100 Kilog.)	=	1·968 Cwt.
1 Tonne (1000 Kilog.)	=	0·9842 Ton.

Troy Weight.

1 Gramme (1 Grm.)	=	0·03215 Oz. Troy. 15·432 Grains.

Apothecaries Weight.

1 Gramme (1 Grm.)	=	0·2572 Drachm. 0·7716 Scruple. 15·432 Grains.

IMPERIAL TO METRIC.

Linear Measure.

1 Inch	=	25·400 Millimetres.
1 Foot (12 Inches)	=	0·30480 Metre.
1 Yard (3 Feet)	=	**0·914399 Metre.**
1 Fathom (6 Feet)	=	1·8288 Metres.
1 Pole (5½ Yards)	=	5·0292 Metres.
1 Chain (22 Yards)	=	20·1168 Metres.
1 Furlong (220 Yards)	=	201·168 Metres.
1 Mile (8 Furlongs)	=	1·6093 Kilometres.

Square Measure.

1 Square Inch	=	6·4516 Sq. Centimetres.
1 Square Foot (144 Square Inches)	=	9·2903 Sq. Decimetres.
1 Square Yard (9 Square Feet)	=	0·836126 Square Metre.
1 Porch (30¼ Square Yards)	=	25·293 Square Metres.
1 Rood (40 Perches)	=	10·117 Ares.
1 Acre (4,840 Square Yards)	=	0·40468 Hectare.
1 Square Mile (640 Acres)	=	259·00 Hectares.

Cubic Measure.

1 Cubic Inch	=	16·387 Cubic Centimetres.
1 Cubic Foot (1728 Cubic Inches)	=	0·028317 Cubic Metre.
1 Cubic Yard (27 Cubic Feet)	=	0·764553 Cubic Metre.

Measures of Capacity.

1 Gill	=	1·42 Decilitres.
1 Pint (4 Gills)	=	0·568 Litre.
1 Quart (2 Pints)	=	1·136 Litres.
1 Gallon (4 Quarts)	=	**4·5459631 Litres.**
1 Peck (2 Gallons)	=	9·092 Litres.
1 Bushel (8 Gallons)	=	3·637 Dekalitres.
1 Quarter (8 Bushels)	=	2·909 Hectolitres.

Apothecaries Measure.

1 Minim	=	5·919 Centimils. 0·059 Mil. or Millilitre.
1 Fluid Scruple	=	1·184 Mils or Millilitres.
1 Fluid Drachm (60 Minims)	=	3·552 Mils or Millilitres.
1 Fluid Ounce (8 Drachms)	=	2·84123 Centilitres.
1 Pint (20 Fluid Ounces)	=	0·568 Litre
1 Gallon (8 Pints or 160 Fluid Ounces)	=	**4·5459631 Litres.**

Avoirdupois Weight.

1 Grain	=	0·0648 Gramme.
1 Drachm	=	1·772 Grammes.
1 Ounce (16 Drachms)	=	28·350 Grammes.
1 Pound (16 Ozs., or 7,000 Grains)	=	**0·45359243 Kilogram**
1 Stone (14 Lbs.)	=	6·350 Kilograms.
1 Quarter (28 Lbs.)	=	12·70 Kilograms.
1 Hundredweight (Cwt.) (112 Lbs.)	=	50·80 Kilograms. 0·5080 Quintal.
1 Ton (20 Cwt.)	=	1·0160 Tonnes or 1016 Kilograms.

Troy Weight.

1 Grain	=	0·0648 Gramme.
1 Pennyweight (24 Grains)	=	1·5552 Grammes.
1 Troy Ounce (20 Pennyweights)	=	31·1035 Grammes.

Apothecaries Weight.

1 Grain	=	0·0648 Gramme.
1 Scruple (20 Grains)	=	1·296 Grammes.
1 Drachm (3 Scruples)	=	3·888 Grammes.
1 Ounce (8 Drachms)	=	31·1035 Grammes.

EQUIVALENTS OF MEASURES OF LENGTH.

METRIC AND IMPERIAL.

Metric.	Imperial.	Metric.	Imperial.	Metric.	Imperial.
Millimetres.	Inches.	Millimetres.	Inches.	Millimetres.	Inches.
1524	60	533	21	19	0·75
1500	59·06	508	20	18	0·71
1450	57·09	500	19·69	17·5	0·69
1400	55·12	483	19	17	0·67
1397	55	457	18	16	0·63
1350	53·15	450	17·72	15	0·59
1300	51·18	432	17	14	0·55
1270	50	406	16	13	0·51
1250	49·21	400	15·75	12·5	0·49
1200	47·24	381	15	12	0·47
1150	45·28	356	14	11	0·43
1143	45	350	13·78	10 (1 Cm.)	0·39
1100	43·31	330	13	9·5	0·37
1050	41·34	305	12 (1 Foot)	9	0·35
1016	40	300	11·81	8·5	0·33
1000 (1 M.)	39·37	279	11	8	0·31
990	39	254	10	7·5	0·29
965	38	250	9·84	7	0 28
950	37·40	229	9	6·5	0·25
939	37	203	8	6	0·24
914	36 (1 Yard)	200	7·87	5·5	0·22
900	35·43	178	7	5	0·20
889	35	152	6	4·5	0·18
864	34	150	5·91	4	0·16
850	33·46	127	5	3·5	0·14
838	33	102	4	3	C·12
813	32	100 (1 Dcm.)	3·94	2·5	0·10
800	31·50	90	3·54	2	0·08
787	31	80	3·15	1·75	0·07
762	30	76	3	1·5	0·06
750	29·53	70	2·76	1·25	0·05
736	29	60	2·36	1	0·04
711	28	51	2	0·9	0·035
700	27·56	50	1·97	0·8	0·031
686	27	40	1·57	0·75	0·029
660	26	30	1·18	0·7	0·027
650	25·59	25·4	1 (1 Inch)	0·6	0·023
635	25	25	0·98	0·5	0·019
610	24	24	0·94	0·4	0·015
600	23·62	23	0·90	0·3	0·012
584	23	22	0·87	0·25	0·0097
559	22	21	0·83	0·2	0·0078
550	21·65	20	0·79	0·1	0·0039

Fractions of Inches, with Equivalents of the same in Millimetres.

Imperial.		Metric.	Imperial.		Metric.
Inches.		Milli-metres.	Inches.		Milli-metres.
In decimal fractions.	In 32ds.		In decimal fractions.	In 32ds.	
1	32	25·4	0·37	12	9·5
0·94	30	23·8	0·34	11	8·7
0·90	29	23	0·31	10	7·9
0·87	28	22·2	0·28	9	7·1
0·81	26	20·6	0·25	8	6·4
0·75	24	19·1	0·22	7	5·6
0·69	22	17·5	0·19	6	4·8
0·62	20	15·9	0·13	4	3·2
0·56	18	14·3	0·09	3	2·4
0·50	16	12·7	0·06	2	1·6
0·44	14	11·1	0·03	1	0·8

Inches to Micra and Millimetres, Feet to Centimetres, Yards to Metres.

Inches, Feet, or Yards.	Inches to Micra (μ).	Inches to Millimetres (Mm.).	Feet to Centimetres (Cm.).	Yards to Metres (M.).
1	25399·9	25·4	30·5	0·9
2	50799·9	50·8	60·9	1·8
3	76199·9	76·2	91·4	2·7
4	101599·9	101·6	121·9	3·6
5	126999·9	127·0	152·4	4·6
6	152399·9	152·4	182·9	5·5
7	177799·9	177·8	213·4	6·4
8	203199·8	203·2	243·8	7·3
9	228599·8	228·6	274·3	8·2

EXPLANATION OF TABLE.—The first column represents the number of inches, feet, or yards to be converted.

Thus:

4 in. = 101599·9μ or 101·6 Mm.; 4 ft. = 121·9 Cm.; 4 yds. = 3·6 M.

EQUIVALENTS OF WEIGHTS OR MEASURES OF MASS.

METRIC AND IMPERIAL.

Metric Weight.	Imperial Weight.
Grammes.	Grains.
1000	15432·4
995·312	15360
975	15046·6
971·984	15000
964·208	14880
950	14660·7
933·105	14400
925	14274·9
907·185	14000 [2 av. lb.
902·000	13920
900	13889·1
878·635	13562·5 [31 oz.
875	13503·3
870·898	13440
850·486	13125 [30 oz.
850	13117·5
842·386	13000
839·794	12960
825	12731·7
822·136	12687·5 [29 oz.
808·691	12480
800	12345·9
793·787	12250 [28 oz.
777·587	12000
775	11960·1
765·437	11812·5 [27 oz.
750	11574·3
746·484	11520 [2 troy lb.
737·087	11375 [26 oz.
725	11188·5
715·380	11040
712·788	11000
708·738	10937·5 [25 oz.
700	10802·6
684·277	10560
680·388	10500 [24 oz.
675	10416·8
653·173	10080
652·039	10062·5 [23 oz.
650	10031·0
647·989	10000
625	9645·2
623·689	9625 [22 oz.
622·070	9600
600	9259·4
595·340	9187·5 [21 oz.
590·966	9120
583·191	9000
575	8873·6
566·990	8750 [20 oz
559·863	8640
550	8487·8
538·641	8312·5 [19 oz.
528·759	8160
525	8102
518·392	8000
510·291	7875 [18 oz.
500	7716·2
497·656	7680
481·942	7437·5 [17 oz.

Metric Weight.	Imperial Weight.
Grammes.	Grains.
475	7330·4
466·552	7200
453·592	7000 [1 av. lb.
450	6944·6
435·449	6720
425·243	6562·5 [15 oz.
425	6558·8
404·345	6240
400	6172·9
396·893	6125 [14 oz.
388·794	6000
375	5787·1
373·242	5760 [1 troy lb.
368·544	5687·5 [13 oz.
350	5401·3
342·138	5280
340·194	5250 [12 oz.
325	5015·5
323·995	5000
311·845	4812·5 [11 oz.
311·035	4800
300	4629·7
283·495	4375 [10 oz.
279·930	4320
275	4244
259·196	4000
255·146	3937·5 [9 oz.
250	3858·1
248·828	3840
226·796	3500 [8 oz.
225	3472·3
217·724	3360
200	3086·5
198·447	3062·5 [7 oz.
194·397	3000
186·621	2880
175	2700·7
170·097	2625 [6 oz.
161·997	2500
155·517	2400
150	2314·9
141·748	2187·5 [5 oz.
129·598	2000
125	1929
124·414	1920
113·398	1750 [4 oz.
100	1543·2
97·198	1500
93·310	1440
90	1388·9
85·049	1312·5 [3 oz.
80	1234·6
75	1157·4
70	1080·3
64·799	1000
62·207	960
60	925·9
58·319	900
56·699	875 [2 oz.
51·839	800

Metric Weight.	Imperial Weight.
Grammes.	Grains.
50	771·6
45·359	700
40	617·3
39·879	600
32·399	500
31·1035	480 [1ʒ
31	478·4
30·455	470
30·5	470·7
30	463·0
29·807	460
29·5	455·3
29·159	450
29	447·5
28·512	440
28·5	439·8
28·350	437·5 [1 av. oz.
28	431·1
27·864	430
27·5	423·4
27·215	420 [7ʒ
27	416·7
26·568	410
26·5	408·3
26	401·2
25·919	400
25·5	393·5
25·271	390
24·624	380
25	385·8
	378·1
24	370·4
23·976	370
23·5	362·7
23·327	360 [6ʒ
23	354·9
22·679	350
22·5	347·2
22·032	340
22	339·5
21·5	331·8
21·383	330
21	324·1
20·736	320
20·5	316·4
20·088	310
20	308·6
19·5	300·9
19·439	300 [5ʒ
19	293·2
18·792	290
18·5	285·5
18·144	280
18	277·8
17·5	270·1
17·495	270
17	262·3
16·848	260
16·5	254·6
16·199	250

EQUIVALENTS OF WEIGHTS OR MEASURES OF MASS—*continued.*

Metric Weight. Grammes.	Imperial Weight. Grains.
16	246·9
15·878	245
15·551	240 [4ʒ
15·5	239·2
15·228	235
15	231·5
14·904	230
14·580	225
14·5	223·8
14·256	220
14·175	218·75 [½ av. oz.
14	216·1
13·932	215
13·607	210
13·5	208·4
13·284	205
13	200·6
12·690	200
12·636	195
12·5	192·9
12·312	190
12	185·2
11·988	185
11·663	180 [3ʒ
11·5	177·5
11·340	175
11·016	170
11	169·8
10·692	165
10·5	162·1
10·368	160
10	154·3
10·044	155
9·719	150
9·5	146·6
9·396	145
9·072	140
9	138·6
8·748	135
8·5	130·9
8·424	130
8·100	125
8	123·5
7·775	120 [2ʒ
7·5	115·8
7·452	115
7·128	110
7·088	109·375 [¼ av. oz.
7	108·0
6·804	105
6·5	100·3
6·480	100
6·156	95
6	92·6
5·832	90
5·505	85
5·5	84·9
5·184	80
5	77·2
4·860	75
4·536	70
4·5	69·5
4·212	65
4	61·7
3·888	60
3·564	55
3·544	54·6875 [⅛ av. oz.
3·5	54·0
3·240	50
3	46·3
2·916	45
2·592	40
2·5	38·6
2·268	35
2	30·9
1·944	30
1·9	29·3
1·8	27·8
1·75	27·0
1·7	26·2
1·620	25
1·6	24·7
1·555	24
1·5	23·2
1·490	23
1·426	22
1·4	21·6
1·361	21
1·3	20·1
1·296	20 [1ʒ
1·25	19·3
1·232	19
1·2	18·5
1·166	18
1·102	17
1·1	16·9
1·037	16
1	15·4324
0·972	15
0·95	14·7
0·907	14
0·9	13·9
0·85	13·1
0·842	13
0·8	12·4
0·775	12
0·75	11·6
0·713	11
0·7	10·8
0·65	10·1
0·648	10 [½ʒ
0·6	9·1
0·583	9
0·55	8·5
0·518	8
0·5	7·7
0·454	7
0·45	6·9
0·4	6·2
0·389	6
0·35	5·4
0·324	5
0·3	4·6
0·291	4·5
0·259	4
0·25	3·9
0·226	3·5
0·2	3·1
0·194	3
0·162	2·5
0·15	2·3
0·129	2
0·125	1·9
0·10	1·55
0·097	1·5
0·06479	1 grain
0·061	0·94
0·060	0·93
0·057	0·88
0·053	0·82
0·052	0·77
0·049	0·76 [¾ grain
0·046	0·7
0·045	0·69
0·044	0·66
0·040	0·62
0·039	0·6
0·036	0·56
0·032	0·5 [½ grain
0·029	0·45
0·028	0·43
0·026	0·4
0·024	0·37
0·023	0·35
0·022	0·33
0·020	0·31
0·019	0·3
0·016	0·25 [¼ grain
0·013	0·2
0·012	0·18
0·011	0·166
0·0097	0·15
0·0090	0·143
0·0080	0·125 [⅛ grain
0·0070	0·11
0·0065	0·1
0·0055	0·08
0·0040	0·06
0·0032	0·05
0·0028	0·042
0·0027	0·04
0·0022	0·033
0·0020	0·032
0·0018	0·028
0·0016	0·025
0·0014	0·021
0·0013	0·02
0·0011	0·017
0·0009	0·015
0·0007	0·010
0·0006	0·01
0·0005	0·008
0·0004	0·006
0·0003	0·005
0·0002	0·003
0·0001	0·0015

EQUIVALENTS OF MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

METRIC AND IMPERIAL.

Metric Measure.	Imperial Measure.	
Mils. (= C.c.'s.)	Minims.	Fluid Grains.
1000 (1 litre)	16894·1	15398·3
994·429	16800 [35 fl. oz.	15312·5
975	16471·7	15013·3
966·017	16320 [34 fl. oz.	14875
950	16049·4	14628·3
947·072	16000	14583·4
937·605	15840 [33 fl. oz.	14437·5
925	15627	12243·4
909·193	15360 [32 fl. oz.	14000
900	15204·7	13858·4
887·883	15·000	13671·9
880·780	14880 [31 fl. oz.	13562·5
875	14782·3	13473·5
852·368	14400 [30 fl. oz.	13125
850	14349·9	13088·5
828·690	14000	12760·5
825	13937·6	12703·6
823·956	13920 [29 fl. oz.	12687·5
800	13515·3	12319
795·544	13440 [28 fl. oz.	12250
775	13092·9	11934
769·498	13000	11849
767·131	12960 [27 fl. oz.	11812·5
750	12670·6	11548·7
738·719	12480 [26 fl. oz.	11375
725	12248·2	11153·7
710·307	12000 [25 fl. oz.	10937·5
700	11825·8	10478·8
681·895	11520 [24 fl. oz.	10500
675	11403·5	10393·8
653·482	11040 [23 fl. oz.	10062·5
651·114	11000	10026
650	10981·2	10008·0
625·070	10560 [22 fl. oz.	9625
625	10558·8	9622·9
600	10136·4	9238·9
596·658	10080 [21 fl. oz.	9187·5
591·922	10000	9114·6
575	9714·1	8854
568·245	9600 [1 pint.	8750
550	9291·7	8469
539·833	9120 [19 fl. oz.	8312·5
732·730	9000	8203·2
525	8869·4	8004
511·421	8640 [18 fl. oz.	7875
500	8447	7699·1
483·009	8160 [17 fl. oz.	7437·5
475	8024·7	7314·2
473·536	8000	7291·7
454·596	7680 [16 fl. oz.	7000
450	7602·4	6929·2

Metric Measure.	Imperial Measure.	
Mils. (= C.c.'s.)	Minims.	Fluid Grains.
426·184	7200 [15 fl. oz.	6562·5
425	7179	6544·3
414·344	7000	6380·2
400	6757·6	6159·5
397·772	6720 [14 fl. oz.	6125
375	6335·3	5774·3
369·360	6240 [13 fl. oz.	5687·5
355·152	6000	5468·8
350	5912·9	5389·4
340·947	5760 [12 fl. oz.	5250
325	5490·6	5004·4
312·535	5280 [11 fl. oz.	4812·5
300	5068·2	4619·5
295·961	5000	4557·3
284·123	4800 [10 fl. oz.	4375
275	4645·9	4234·5
255·711	4320 [9 fl. oz.	3937·5
250	4223·5	3849·6
236·678	4000	3645·9
227·298	3840 [8 fl. oz.	3500
225	3801·2	3464·6
200	3378·8	3079·7
198·886	3360 [7 fl. oz.	3062·5
177·577	3000	2734·4
175	2956·5	2694·7
170·474	2880 [6 fl. oz.	2625
150	2534·1	2309·7
147·980	2500	2278·7
142	2400 [5 fl. oz.	2187·5
125	2111·8	1924·8
118·384	2000	1823·9
113·649	1920 [4 fl. oz.	1750
112·565	1900	1731·8
106·646	1800	1640·6
100·727	1700	1549·5
100	1689·4	1539·8
95	1604·9	1462·8
94·707	1600	1458·3
90	1520·5	1385·1
88·788	1500	1367·2
85·238	1440 [3 fl. oz.	1312·5
85	1435·9	1308·9
82·869	1400	1276·1
80	1351·6	1231·86
76·950	1300	1184·9
75	1267	1154·9
71	1200	1093·75
70	1182·6	1077·9
65·111	1100	1002·6
65	1098·1	1000·9
60	1013·6	923·9
59·192	1000	911·5

Metric Measure.	Imperial Measure.	
Mils. (= C.c.'s.)	Minims.	Fluid Grains.
56·825	960 [2 fl. oz.	875
55	929·2	846·9
53·273	900	820·3
50	844·7	769·9
47·354	800	729·2
45	760·2	692·9
44·394	750	683·6
42·618	720	656·3
41·434	700	638
40	675·8	615·9
35·515	600	546·9
35	591·3	538·9
30	506·8	461·9
29·596	500	455·7
28·412	480 [1 fl. oz.	437·5
28	473	431·1
27·821	470	428·4
27·5	464·6	423·5
27·228	460	419·3
27	456·1	415·7
26·637	450	410·2
26·5	447·7	408·1
26·045	440	401
26	439·2	400·3
25·977	438·9	400
25·5	430·8	392·7
25·453	430	391·9
25	422·4	384·9
24·861	420 [7 fl. drm.	382·8
24·5	413·9	377·3
24·269	410	373·7
24	405·5	369·6
23·677	400	364·6
23·5	397	361·9
23·085	390	355·5
23	388·6	354·2
22·730	383·9	350
22·5	380·1	346·5
22·494	380	346·4
22	371·7	338·8
21·902	370	337·2
21·5	363·2	331·2
21·309	360 [6 fl. drm.	328·1
21	354·8	323·4
20·718	350	319
20·5	346·3	315·7
20·126	340	309·9
20	337·9	307·9
19·534	330	300·8
19·5	329·4	300·2
19·482	329·1	300
19	320·9	292·5

EQUIVALENTS OF MEASURES OF CAPACITY—*continued.*

Metric Measure.	Imperial Measure.	
Mils. (= C.c.'s.)	Minims.	Fluid Grains.
18·942	320	291·7
18·5	312·5	284·8
18·350	310	282·6
18	304·1	277·1
17·758	300 [5 fl. drm.	273·4
17·5	295·6	269·4
17·166	290	264·3
17	287·2	261·7
16·574	280	255·2
16·5	278·8	254
16·235	274·3	250
16	270·3	246·3
15·982	270	246·1
15·5	261·9	208·6
15·390	260	236·9
15	253·4	230·9
14·798	250	227·9
14·5	244·9	223·2
14·502	245	223·3
14·206	240 [4 fl. drm.	218·8
14	236·5	215·5
13·910	235	214·2
13·614	230	209·6
13·5	228·1	207·8
13·318	225	205·1
13·022	220	200·5
13	219·6	200·1
12·988	219·4	200
12·726	215	195·9
12·5	211·2	192·4
12·430	210	191·4
12·134	205	186·8
12	202·7	184·7
11·838	200	182·3
11·542	195	177·7
11·5	194·3	177·1
11·247	190	173·2
11	185·8	169·3
10·951	185	168·6
10·655	180 [3 fl. drm.	164·1
10·5	177·4	161·6
10·359	175	159·5
10·063	170	154·9
10	168·9	153·9
9·741	164·6	150
9·767	165	150·4
9·5	160·4	146·3
9·471	160	145·8
9·175	155	141·3
9	152	138·5
8·879	150	136·7
8·683	145	131·6
8·5	143·6	130·9
8·287	140	127·6
8	135·2	123·2
7·990	135	123
7·695	130	118·7
7·5	126·7	115·5
7·399	125	114·1
7·251	122·5	111·6

Metric Measure.	Imperial Measure.	
Mils. (= C.c.'s.)	Minims.	Fluid Grains.
7·103	120 [2 fl. drm.	109·4
7	118·3	107·8
6·807	115	104·8
6·511	110	100·3
6·5	109·8	100·1
6·494	109·7	100
6·215	105	95·7
6	101·4	92·4
5·919	100	91·1
5·845	98·7	90
5·624	95	86·6
5·5	92·9	84·7
5·328	90	82
5·195	87·8	80
5·031	85	77·5
5	84·5	76·9
4·736	80	72·9
4·546	76·8	70
4·5	76	69·3
4·439	75	68·4
4·143	70	63·8
4	67·6	61·6
3·896	65·8	60
3·847	65	59·2
3·552	60 [1 fl. drm.	54·7
3·5	59·1	53·9
3·256	55	50·1
3·247	54·9	50
3	50·7	46·2
2·959	50	45·6
2·922	49·4	45
2·664	45	41·1
2·597	43·8	40
2·5	42·2	38·5
2·368	40	36·5
2·273	38·4	35
2·072	35	31·9
2	33·8	30·8
1·948	32·9	30
1·9	32·1	29·3
1·8	30·4	27·7
1·776	30 [½ fl. drm.	27·3
1·75	29·6	26·9
1·7	28·7	26·2
1·624	27·4	25
1·6	27	24·6
1·5	25·3	23·1
1·479	25	22·8
1·421	24	21·9
1·4	23·7	21·6
1·361	23	20·9
1·3	22	20·1
1·299	21·9	20
1·25	21·1	19·2
1·243	21	19
1·2	20·3	18·5

Metric Measure.	Imperial Measure.	
Mils. (= C.c.'s.)	Minims.	Fluid Grains.
1·184	20	18·2
1·179	19·8	18
1·15	19·4	17·7
1·125	19	17·3
1·1	18·6	17
1·066	18	16·4
1·039	17·7	16
1·006	17	15·5
1	16·9	15·4
0·974	16·5	15
0·95	16·1	14·6
0·947	16	14·5
0·918	15·5	14
0·9	15·2	13·9
0·888	15	13·7
0·85	14·4	13·1
0·839	14·2	13
0·829	14	12·8
0·8	13·5	12·3
0·779	13·2	12
0·770	13	11·9
0·75	12·7	11·6
0·710	12	11
0·7	11·8	10·7
0·65	11	10·1
0·649	10·9	10
0·6	10·1	9·2
0·592	10	9·1
0·585	9·9	9
0·55	9·3	8·5
0·533	9	8·2
0·520	8·8	8
0·5	8·5	7·7
0·474	8	7·3
0·45	7·7	7
0·414	7	6·4
0·4	6·8	6·1
0·390	6·7	6
0·355	6	5·5
0·35	5·9	5·4
0·325	5·5	5
0·3	5·1	4·7
0·296	5	4·5
0·260	4·4	4
0·25	4·2	3·9
0·237	4	3·7
0·2	3·4	3·1
0·195	3·3	3
0·178	3	2·7
0·15	2·5	2·3
0·130	2·2	2
0·125	2·1	1·9
0·118	2	1·8
0·1	1·7	1·5
0·065	1·1	1
0·059	1	0·9
0·010	0·17	0·15

SECTION XXIV.

GALENICAL AND PRIVATE RECIPES.

SECTION XXIV.—GALENICAL AND PRIVATE RECIPES.

INCLUDING Chemists' and Druggists' Recipes registered up to January 31st, 1907, together with numerous galenical formulæ, the sources of which are indicated, where necessary, by capital letters following the Latin names of the preparations. Thus, **A.** = Australian Pharmaceutical Formulary; **B.** = Bournemouth Formulary; **C.** = Canadian Compendium of Medicines; **L.** = Liverpool Royal Infirmary; **N.F.** = National Formulary; **U.S.P.** = United States Pharmacopœia.

CAUTION.—It should be noted that medicinal preparations with titles including proper names in the possessive case may not, in the opinion of the Board of Inland Revenue, be sold unstamped under those titles unless satisfactory evidence is forthcoming that the use of any particular name or title carries with it no claim either to exclusive right of sale or to exclusive knowledge of the composition of the preparation.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Abercrombie's Cough Mixture. (7242.)

Tincture of Opium	80 minims
Syrup of Squills	1 fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Abernethy's Pill. (7244.)

Mercury Pill	3 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 grains

Absorbent Lozenges. (7113.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	1½ pounds
Oil of Nutmeg	30 minims
Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix.

Acetone Blistering Collodion. (8412.)

Camphor	¼ ounce
Cantharides, in No. 60 powder	15 ounces
Pyroxylin	1 ounce
Acetone, sufficient to produce	25 fl. ounces

Moisten the cantharides with 8 fl. ounces of acetone, pack in a percolator, macerate for twenty-four hours, and then percolate with acetone till exhausted. Reserve the first 20 fl. ounces of percolate and evaporate the remainder, at a low temperature, to a soft extract. Dissolve this extract together with the pyroxylin and camphor in the reserved percolate and add sufficient acetone to produce the required volume of collodion.

Acetone Collodion. (8308.)

Camphor	90 grains
Pyroxylin	1 ounce
Acetone, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve.

Acid Glycerin of Pepsin. (6521.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	5 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	8½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with the diluted hydrochloric acid, then add the glycerin and sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms, in water.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Acid Tonic Mixture. (7317.)

Mistura Tonica Acida. (L.)

Diluted Nitro-Hydrochloric Acid	10 minims
Compound Infusion of Gentian, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Acne Mixture. (5932.)

Ichthyol	120 grains
Spirit of Nutmeg	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Adjuvant Elixir. (10,383.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	12 fl. ounces
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix. Filter if necessary.

Adult Bronchitis Mixture. (2130.)

Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Adult Cough Mixture. (1585.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	¼ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Adult Cough Mixture. (4505.)

Morphine Acetate	15 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, sufficient to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Adult Cough Mixture. (2113.)

Oxymel of Squill	3½ pounds
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	12 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	12 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces

Ægyptiacum. (7312.)

Verdigris	1 ounce
Vinegar	7 fl. ounces
Honey	14 ounces

Dissolve the verdigris in the vinegar; strain the solution through a linen cloth, add the honey, and boil down to a suitable consistence. This is the P.L. formula.

Aitken's Tonic Pill. (7247.)

Arsenious Acid	1 grain
Quinine Sulphate	50 grains
Reduced Iron	33 grains
Strychnine	1 grain

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into fifty pills. Dose.—1 or 2 pills.

Alexander's Liver Pill. (1031.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Sulphate, in very fine powder	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Caraway	3 fl. drachms

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Alkaline Glycerin of Thymol. (6523.)

Glycerinum Thymol Alkalinum. (B.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	100 grains
Sodium Biborate	200 grains
Sodium Benzoate	80 grains
Sodium Salicylate	40 grains
Menthol	2 grains
Pumilio Pine Oil	4 minims
Wintergreen Oil	2 minims
Thymol	4 grains
Eucalyptol	12 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Carmine	40 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the salts in the water, add the glycerin and solution of carmine, then add the oils previously dissolved in the alcohol, filter.

Alkaline Liver Mixture. (7911.)

Ammonium Carbonate	5 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	10 minims
Compound Tincture of Gentian	30 minims
Tincture of Orange	30 minims
Cherry-laurel Water	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Allen's Hiccough Mixture. (7246.)

Oil of Amber	30 minims
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose. 1 fl. ounce every two hours.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Aloes and Nux Vomica Pills. (7991.)

Extract of Socotrine Aloes	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Aloes, Iron, Myrrh, and Pennyroyal Pills. (7988.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Aloes Mixture. (7019.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Myrrh, in powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Carbonate	¼ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix and strain.

Aloes, Myrrh, and Iron Pills. (7993.)

Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Iron	2 ounces
Pill of Aloes and Myrrh	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Alterative and Aperient Powder. (1539.)

Jalap, in powder	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces

Alterative Mixture. (7779.)

Potassium Iodide	150 grains
Arsenical Solution	5 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	15 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Alterative Powders. (5967.)

Mercury, with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces

Alterative Powders. (5970.)

Mercury with Chalk	1½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Amandine. (7447.)

Pale Honey	2 ounces
White Soft Soap	1 ounce
Balsam of Peru	60 grains
Essential Oil of Bergamot	1½ fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Bitter Almonds	1½ fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Almonds	7 fl. ounces

Triturate the balsam of Peru with a little of the almond oil and let it stand. Meanwhile mix the honey and soap thoroughly in a mortar; slowly rub in the almond oil and continue trituration until a homogeneous transparent jelly results; then perfume, pouring off only the clear oil from the Peruvian balsam for that purpose. To use, take a piece of the amandine the size of a pea and rub with a little tepid water. The rich white lather is then applied to the skin.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

American Digestive Syrup. (2153.)

Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Oil of Sassafras	10 minims
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Ammoniated Solution of Quinine. (6721.)

Quinine Sulphate	64 grains
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Ammoniated Tincture of Podophyllum. (7142.)

Podophyllum Resin	160 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	13½ fl. ounces

Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the podophyllum resin in the alcohol; add a sufficient quantity of the solution of ammonia to make the product measure one pint. One fluid drachm of the tincture contains one grain of podophyllum resin.

Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Ammonium Chloride and Liquorice Lozenges. (10,229.)

Ammonium Chloride	300 grains
Extract of Liquorice	300 grains

Fruit Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Ammonium Chloride and Liquorice Pastilles. (7276.)

Pastilli Ammonii Chloridi et Glycyrrhizæ.

Ammonium Chloride	12 grains
Distilled Water	½ fl. drachm
Glyco-gelatin, uncoloured	126 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	12 minims
Solution of Ammonia	2 or 3 drops

Dissolve the ammonium chloride in the water and add the solution to the other ingredients. Divide into six pastilles.

Ammonium Chloride Lozenges. (10,228.)

Ammonium Chloride	200 grains

Fruit Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Anæmia Mixture. (2294.)

Magnesium Sulphate	14 ounces
Essence of Peppermint (B.P. 1885)	75 minims
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferric Chloride	5 ounces
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Anæmia Mixture. (8901.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	60 minims
Glycerin	240 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	60 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Andeer's Lotion. (7173.)

Resorcin	40 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Aniseed Cough Balsam. (1575.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	12 minims
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Virginian Prune	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	12 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy, sufficient to make	24 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Aniseed Cough Candy. (7120.)

Oil of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Refined Sugar	16 pounds

Make into candy.

Angostura Hop Bitters. (5377.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	7 fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange	4½ fl. ounces
Dandelion Juice	7½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Casparia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hops	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllin	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	96 fl. ounces

Anodyne Colloid. (8725.)

Aconitine	1 grain
Veratrine	6 grains
Absolute Alcohol	½ fl. ounce
Amyl Hydride	½ fl. ounce
Collodion, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Dissolve the aconitine and veratrine in the amyl hydride and alcohol, then add the collodion.

Anodyne Embrocation. (3726.)

Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Elder	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces

Anodyne Vesicant. (8753.)

Cantharides, in No. 20 powder	1 ounce
Camphor	2 ounces
Chloral Hydrate	3 ounces

Liquefy the camphor and chloral hydrate by heating them together on a water-bath; then add the cantharides, digest at 60° to 70° C. for one hour, and strain with pressure.

Antacid Cream. (7812.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1½ ounces
Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nutmeg	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antacid Lozenges. (10,230.)

Sir W. Roberts's Formula.

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	350 grains
Magnesium Carbonate	250 grains
Sodium Chloride	100 grains

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Antacid Mixture. (7320.)

Mistura Antacida. (L.)

Tincture of Henbane	15 minims
Solution of Potash	15 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	12½ minims
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	½ fl. ounce

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Anthelmintic Syrup. (7879.)

Refined Sugar	8 ounces
Spigelia, bruised	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 ounces
Syrup of Senna	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Macerate the spigelia in the water for twelve hours, then strain, evaporate to 10 fluid ounces, filter, and add the other ingredients.

Anti-Anæmic Tonic. (4781.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Pepsin Wine	½ fl. ounce
Arsenical Solution	48 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	48 minims
Tincture of Quinine	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Calumba, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Antibilious Pills. (421.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains

Antibilious Pills. (1979.)

Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Antibilious Pills. (2679.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	14 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	384 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	4 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	4½ ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	3 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (2720.)

Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1¼ ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Scammony, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm

Antibilious Pills. (4581.)

Synonym.—Liver Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Liquorice Root, in powder	3 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	3 ounces

Treacle, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (5558.)

Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colycynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Antibilious Pills. (7506.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Gamboge, in powder	120 grains
Jalap, in powder	240 grains
Oil of Juniper	14 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (7549.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (7550.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Pill of Colocynth	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (7574.)

Socotrine Aloes	4 ounces
Ginger	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Turmeric	2 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (7575.)

Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Colocynth Pulp	1 ounce
Gamboge	1 ounce
Jalap	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Rhubarb Root	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (7576).

Hard Soap	1½ ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (8545.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	5 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims
Oil of Peppermint	60 minims

Golden Syrup, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (7712.)

Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (7760.)

Socotrine Aloes	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2 ounces
Oil of Caraway	200 minims
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Antibilious Pills. (6862.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	2¼ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2¼ ounces
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Caraway	45 drops

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (7130.)

Synonym.—Female Pills.

Compound Extract of Colocynth	8 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4 ounces
Extract of Chamomile	2½ ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	2½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 grains.

Antibilious Pills. (7650.)

Barbados Aloes	8 ounces
Colocynth Pulp	2 ounces
Gamboge	2 ounces
Ginger	1 ounce
Hard Soap	½ ounce
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (7936.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Scammony Resin	2½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious Pills. (8526.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1½ ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Treacle, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Antibilious and Liver Pills. (7818.)

Podophyllum Resin	45 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes	1½ ounces
Tartarated Antimony	40 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Gingerin	60 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Antibilious or Aperient Pills. (5594.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	3 ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Antibilious or Liver Pills. (7861.)

Barbados Aloes	8 ounces
Colocynth	3 ounces
Gamboge	½ ounce
Jalap	8 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2¼ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (8690.)

Tow soaked with :—

Camphor	120 grains
Phenol	1½ ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	4 fl. drachms
Fir Wool Oil	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2½ fl. ounces

Anti-Cholera or Diarrhœa Mixture. (7580.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Rhubarb, in powder	160 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water	56 fl. ounces

Mix.

Anti-Cholera Mixture. (2783.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P., 1885)	80 grains
Powder for Chalk Mixture	320 grains
Essence of Peppermint (B.P., 1885)	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	160 minims
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Anti-Constipation Mixture. (1971.)

Magnesium Sulphate	1½ ounces
Essence of Peppermint (1 in 5)	30 minims
Tonic Mixture (P.J.F., No. 3707), a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Anti-Constipation Paste. (7474.)

Coriander Fruit	12 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Fig Pulp	50 ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Prune Pulp	11 ounces
Senna, in powder	25 ounces
Tamarind Pulp	28 ounces
Refined Sugar	133 ounces

Mix to make a confection.

Anti-Emetic Mixture. (7539.)

Stovaine	11 grains
Chloroform Water	25 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	25 fl. ounces

Anti-Gastralgic Drops. (7536.)

Stovaine	¼ ounce
Cherry-Laurel Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 minims.

Anti-Gastralgic Lozenges. (7538.)

Stovaine	10 grains

Mix with a suitable basis and divide into 320 lozenges.

Anti-Gastralgic Powders. (7537.)

Prepared Chalk	400 grains
Magnesium Carbonate	600 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	400 grains
Stovaine	20 grains

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Anti-Gastralgic Syrup. (7540.)

Stovaine	22 grains
Syrup	7½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fl. drachm.

Anti-Lumbago Pills. (2727.)

Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Oil of Juniper	30 minims
Solution of Potash, a sufficient quantity.	

Anti-Neuralgia Mixture. (7052.)

Ammonium Bromide	3 ounces
Ammonium Chloride	3 ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Aconite	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cimicifuga	14 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Antiscorbutic Ointment. (7689.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Spermaceti	¾ ounce
White Beeswax	¾ ounce
Olive Oil	2 ounces
Prepared Lard	8½ ounces
Vermilion	60 grains
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Antiscorbutic or Skin Ointment. (4001.)

Mercuric Sulphide	60 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide	½ ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	4 ounces
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Oil of Bergamot, a sufficient quantity.	
Olive Oil	18 ounces

Antiseptic and Astringent Gargle. (8625.)

Boric Acid	1200 grains
Tannic Acid	600 grains
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin of Phenol	2½ fl. ounces
Acid Infusion of Roses	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	100 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Antiseptic Cold and Influenza Mixture. (8528.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Terebene	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Antiseptic Dentifrice. (7710.)

Boric Acid	240 grains
Cochineal	80 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate, a sufficient quantity.	
Phenol	60 grains
Quillaia Bark	4 ounces
Geranium Root	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Essence of Rose	320 minims
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	10 draps
Oil of Cloves	10 drops
Oil of Rose Geranium	20 drops
Tincture of Krameria	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix and filter.

Antiseptic Dusting Powder. (8748.)

Boric Acid, in powder	10 ounces
Starch, in powder	5 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	5 minims
Oil of Geranium	10 minims

Antiseptic Eucalyptus Foot Powder. (8085.)

Boric Acid, in powder	5 pounds
Powdered Talc	1 pound
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (7807.)

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Prepared Calamine	2 ounces
Fuller's Earth	4 ounces
Orris Root	2 ounces
Powdered Talc	4 ounces
Starch	4 ounces
Thymol	8 grains
Oil of Citronella	10 drops
Oil of Eucalyptus	20 drops
Oil of Rose Geranium	20 drops

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (7857.)

Boric Acid	4 ounces
Starch	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces
Eucalyptus Oil	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (7907.)

Boric Acid	3 ounces
Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Slippery Elm Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Powdered Talc	38 ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (7806.)

Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 drops
Oil of Cinnamon	40 drops
Liquefied Phenol	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Compound Spirit of Thymol	10 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (5973.)

Benzoic Acid	180 grains
Thymol	16 grains
Tincture of Eucalyptus	14 fl. drachms
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	1 pint

Antiseptic Mouth Wash. (7448.)

Boric Acid	5 grains
Salol	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	1 minim
Oil of Cloves	3 minims
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 minims
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Oil of Anise	8 minims
Tincture of Benzoin, Simple	40 minims
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Antiseptic Ointment. (7894.)

Phenol	2 ounces
Resin	8 ounces
Zinc Oxide	4 ounces
Beeswax, yellow	4 ounces
Prepared Lard	2½ pounds

Mix.

Antiseptic Salve. (7811.)

Boric Acid, in powder	2 ounces
Wool Fat	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Solution of Phenol (1 in 30)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Antiseptic Solution. (7361.)

Liquor Antisepticus. (C.)

Thymol	17½ grains
Eucalyptol	5 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	5 minims
Oil of Thyme	2 minims
Benzoic Acid, natural	17½ grains
Boric Acid	350 grains
Purified Talc	350 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the boric acid in 25 fluid ounces of distilled water and add to the benzoic acid dissolved in 6 fluid ounces of alcohol. Mix the oils, dissolve the thymol in the mixture, incorporate the talc, and add, with constant trituration, the solution of the acids. Allow the mixture to stand for 48 hours, shaking occasionally, then filter, add the remaining alcohol and sufficient distilled water to produce the required volume.

Antiseptic Toilet Cream. (5142.)

Antiseptic Toilet Cream (No. 8950)	1 pound
Tar	½ ounce

Antiseptic Toilet Powder. (7449.)

Boric Acid	60 grains
Light Magnesia	60 grains
Rice Starch	2¾ ounces

Perfume as desired.

Antiseptic Toilet Powder. (7450.)

French Chalk	3 ounces
Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Starch Powder	180 grains
Oil of Rose Geranium	q.s.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Antispasmodic Mixture. (7968.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Aperient and Cooling Powders. (4778.)

Mercurous Chloride	16 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	72 grains

Mix. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Aperient and Liver Pills. (2762.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	480 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	96 grains
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	24 grains
Scammony Resin, in powder	96 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	96 grains
Oil of Cloves	30 minims

Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Aperient Liver Pills. (7791.)

Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Cardamom Seeds	¼ ounce
Colocynth Pulp	1½ ounces
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Scammony	¾ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	4½ ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	4 minims
Oil of Cloves	8 minims
Oil of Nutmeg	4 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Aperient Liver Salts. (8200.)

Sodium Sulphate, a sufficient quantity.

Aperient Pills. (6665.)

Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Rhubarb	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Aperient Pills. (7572.)

Hard Soap	12 grains
Jalap	12 grains
Mercurous Chloride	8 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	24 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	24 grains
Gingerin	3 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Aperient Pills. (7573.)

Cape Aloes	80 grains
Colocynth Pulp	18 grains
Gamboge	18 grains
Ginger	15 grains
Hard Soap	20 grains
Jalap	18 grains
Mercurous Chloride	36 grains

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Aperient Pills. (7999.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	8 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	½ ounce
Jalap, in powder	8 ounces
Soft Soap	2 ounces

Gingerin, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Application for Chaps and Rough Skin. (7451.)

Castile Soap, White,	8 ounces
Camphor	60 grains
Spermaceti	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Neroli, or other perfume	q.s.

Shave the soap and melt it with the spermaceti. Dissolve the camphor, with heat, in the oil. Mix and add the water very gradually, with constant stirring. Remove from the fire, and when nearly cold add the essential oil dissolved in the alcohol.

Application for Chaps and the Complexion. (7452)

Fresh White of Egg	1
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Carmine	q.s.

Mix and strain.

Application for Sore Nipples. (7453.)

Powdered Borax	60 grains
Powdered Gum Acacia	1¼ ounces
Balsam of Peru	⅛ ounce
Almond Oil	2½ fl. ounces
Rose Water	5 fl. ounces

Application for Warts. (7454.)

Chloral Hydrate	60 grains
Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Acetic Ether	1 fl. drachm
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces

To be applied once or twice daily.

Application for Warts. (7455.)

Flowers of Sulphur	2 ounces
Glacial Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	6½ fl. ounces

Apply to the warts at night and wash off the next morning. Repeat the application until the warts drop off.

Areca Tooth Paste. (5986.)

Armenian Bole	½ ounce
Areca Nut, in powder	4 ounces
Prepared Chalk	8 ounces
Orris Root, in powder	4 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 minims
Oil of Rose	5 minims

Glycerin, sufficient to produce a stiff paste.

Arnica Collodion. (7456.)

Flexible Collodion	9 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Arnica Flowers	1 fl. ounce

Arnica Opodeldoc. (7298.)

Hard Soap, white	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	5 fl. ounces
Camphor	1 ounce

Dissolve by heat, and strain.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Aromatic Cascara Cordial. (6878.)

Tasteless Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Malt	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Aromatic Castor Oil. (7534.)

Amyl Acetate	4 minims
Gluside	4 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Castor Oil, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Dissolve the amyl acetate and the gluside in the alcohol, then add the castor oil.

Aromatic Castor Oil. (7373.)

Oleum Ricini Aromaticum. (C.)

Synonym.—Sweet Castor Oil.

Gluside	7½ grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	7½ grains
Chloroform	75 minims
Oil of Pimento	76 minims
Oil of Cassia	76 minims
Oil of Cloves	76 minims
Castor Oil, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the gluside in the chloroform, add the sodium bicarbonate, then mix with the volatile oils.

Aromatic Diarrhœa Mixture. (1843.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Powder for Chalk Mixture	1 ounce
Powder for Confection of Opium	120 grains
Essence of Peppermint	2½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform	3½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Rhubarb	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	32 fl. ounces

Aromatic Elixir. (7341.)

Elixir Aromaticum. (C.)

Compound Spirit of Orange		230 minims
Syrup		14 fl. ounces
Precipitated Calcium Phosphate		285 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each, in equal parts, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

To the compound spirit of orange add enough deodorised alcohol to make 10 fl. ounces. In this solution add the syrup in several portions, agitating after each addition, and afterwards add in the same manner 14 fl. ounces of distilled water. Mix the calcium phosphate intimately with the liquid and then filter through a wetted filter, returning the first portions of the filtrate until a transparent liquid is obtained. Lastly, wash the filter with a mixture of 1 part of deodorised alcohol to 3 parts of water until the product measures 40 fl. ounces.

Aromatic Elixir. (6521.)

Elixir Aromaticus. (B.)

Oil of Bitter Orange	40 minims
Oil of Lemon	10 minims
Oil of Coriander	4 minims
Oil of Aniseed	1 minim
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Kaolin	½ ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the oils in the alcohol, add the solution to the syrup with constant agitation, then add the water and kaolin, and filter. Dose.—½ to 1 drachm.

Aromatic Elixir. (10,385.)

Compound Spirit of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	37½ fl. ounces
Purified Talc	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	Sufficient to make 100 fl. ounces

Mix the compound spirit of orange with sufficient alcohol to make 25 fluid ounces; then add the syrup in several portions, shaking well after each addition, and afterwards add, in the same manner, 37 fluid ounces of the water. Mix the purified talc intimately with the liquid, and then filter through a wetted filter, returning the first portions of the filtrate until a clear liquid is obtained. Lastly, wash the filter with a mixture of one of alcohol and three of distilled water, until the product measures 100 fluid ounces.

Aromatic Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada. (7351).

Extractum Cascaræ Sagradæ Aromaticum Fluidum. **(C.)**

Synonym.—Aromatic Cascara Sagrada.

Cascara Sagrada Bark, three years old, in coarse powder	5 pounds
Liquorice Root, in coarse powder	10 ounces
Magnesia	12 ounces
Gluside (550)	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Oil of Coriander	15 minims
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	24 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	100 fl. ounces

Mix the cascara, liquorice, and magnesia thoroughly; add the water in portions, mixing well, and macerate for 24 hours. Then pack the mass in a percolator and percolate with boiling distilled water until exhausted. Evaporate the percolate over a water-bath or steam-bath to 54 fluid ounces. Dissolve the gluside and sodium bicarbonate in one fluid ounce of distilled water, and dissolve the oils of coriander and anise in the alcohol; mix the two solutions with the glycerin and add the mixture to the concentrated percolate by shaking thoroughly.

Aromatic Powder. (501.)

Synonym.—Pulvis Aromaticus (B.P. 1864).

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	4 ounces
Nutmeg, in powder	3 ounces
Saffron, in powder	3 ounces
Cloves, in powder	1½ ounces
Cardamom Seeds, in powder	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	25 ounces

Mix thoroughly and pass through a fine sieve; then rub lightly in a mortar and place in a stoppered bottle. If a product of bright colour be desired, the saffron may previously be moistened and triturated with a little water or spirit, or the fresh and faintly damp mixture may be subjected to considerable pressure during the process of trituration. If eleven ounces of prepared chalk be added to the foregoing mixture, Pulvis Cretæ Aromaticus, B.P., 1885, will be produced.

Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk. (7067.)

Synonym.—Confectio Aromatica.

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1898)	45½ ounces
Saffron, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 grains.

Aromatic Powder of Mercury. (7073.)

Mercury, with Chalk	½ ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2½ to 5 grains.

Aromatic Syrup of Blackberry. (7386.)

Syrupus Rubi Aromaticus. **(C.)**

Blackberry Root	5 ounces
Cinnamon	262 grains
Nutmeg	262 grains
Cloves	140 grains
Allspice	140 grains
Refined Sugar	26 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	
Distilled Water Blackberry Juice	of each, in equal parts, sufficient to produce 40 fl. ounces

Reduce the blackberry root and the aromatics to a moderately coarse (No. 40) powder and percolate it in the usual manner with a menstruum of equal volumes of alcohol and water until 10 fluid ounces of percolate are obtained. To this add 18 fluid ounces of blackberry juice, and dissolve the sugar in the liquid by agitation. Lastly, add enough blackberry juice to make 40 fluid ounces.

Aromatic Syrup of Cascara. (7100.)

Tasteless Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Aromatic Syrup of Liquorice. (7382.)

Syrupus Glycyrrhizæ Aromaticus. **(C.)**

Liquorice Root, cut small	8 ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Coriander	20 minims
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	27 ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Macerate the liquorice root with 16 fluid ounces of distilled water mixed with 160 minims of solution of ammonia, for twelve hours; strain and express, reserving the strained liquid. Repeat this operation with the pressed mace and new menstruum of ammonia and water twice, straining, pressing, and reserving the strained liquids after each maceration. Mix the strained liquid and evaporate over a water-bath until the mixture is concentrated to 16 fluid ounces, then cool and filter. To the filtrate add the oils, previously dissolved in the alcohol, and dissolve the sugar, by percolation, in the mixed liquids, adding enough to make the finished product measure 40 fluid ounces.

Aromatic Syrup of Liquorice. (7383.)

Syrupus Glycyrrhizæ Aromaticus (2). **(C.)**

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Coriander	20 minims
Oil of Cloves	10 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Granulated Sugar	27 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to make	40 fl. ounces

Mix the liquid extract with the alcohol, in which the oils have been previously dissolved, and 8 fluid ounces of distilled water, in which dissolve the sugar, adding distilled water to make the finished product measure 40 fluid ounces. This preparation is sometimes prepared for quinine mixture.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Aromatic Tincture. (9844.)

Cassia Bark, in powder	5 parts
Cardamoms, crushed	1 part
Cloves, crushed	1 part
Galangal Root, crushed	1 part
Ginger, crushed	2 parts
Alcohol (68 per cent.)	50 parts

Macerate seven days; strain, press, and filter.

Artificial Carlsbad Salt. (7378.)

Sal Carolinum Factitium. (C.)

Sodium Sulphate	44 grains
Potassium Sulphate	2 grains
Sodium Chloride, purified	18 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	36 grains

Triturate the ingredients, previously well-dried, to a fine uniform powder. The dried sodium sulphate is prepared by slowly drying the crystalline salt until it has lost one-half its weight. A solution containing 53 grains to 1 pint of water is similar to Carlsbad water.

Aseptic Shaving Cream. (7161.)

Hard Paraffin (m.p. 55° C.)	5½ ounces
Prepared Suet	¾ ounce
Soft Soap	½ ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Glycerin	½ ounce
Oil of Lavender	¼ ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	17 ounces

Place the hard paraffin and suet in a vessel surrounded by hot water, add the soap and boiling water, and vigorously beat the mixture until a smooth white emulsion is obtained. Remove the surrounding hot water, and gradually add the tragacanth, continuing the beating and stirring until the temperature has fallen below 50° C. When nearly cold add the glycerin and oil of lavender. This product should have the consistence of a soft paste, and is used to facilitate the shaving of skin-areas before surgical operations, so as to obviate the use of a shaving-brush and soap. The particles of wax form an embedding film, which supports the hairs during the passage of the razor. A thin layer should be rubbed over the area to be shaved, and the razor immediately applied. Paraffin emulsion may also be used as an ointment basis. It leaves an inconspicuous film upon the surface of the skin, which does not adhere to the patient's clothing.

Asthma Drops. (5415.)

Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	18 fl. ounces

Asthma or Fever Cure. (5407.)

Tincture of Belladonna	15 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Asthma Powder. (7078.)

Stramonium Leaves, in powder	½ ounce
Anise Fruit, in powder	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	¼ ounce
Tobacco, in powder	10 grains

Dissolve the potassium nitrate in one fluid ounce of water; mix the solution uniformly with the mixed powders, and dry. When required, one teaspoonful of the powder is to be ignited on a plate, and the fumes inhaled.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Asthma Powder. (7641.)

Sir James Sawyer's Formula.

Potassium Nitrate	½ ounce
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Anise Fruit, in powder	120 grains
Lobelia, in powder	60 grains
Tea, in powder	60 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	15 minims

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (7642.)

Sir James Sawyer's Formula.

Anise Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	2 ounces

Mix.

Asthma Powder. (2073.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Belladonna Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims

Asthma Powder for Burning. (5419.)

Anise Fruit, in powder	2 ounces
Black Tea, in powder	2 ounces
Datura Tatula, in powder	4 ounces
Fennel Fruit, in powder	2 ounces
Indian Hemp	4 ounces
Lobelia Leaves, in powder	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	32 ounces
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce

Asthma Remedy. (7856.)

Tea, in powder	2 pounds
Sal Prunella, in powder	2½ pounds
Stramonium Leaves, in powder	2 pounds
Lobelia, in powder	2 pounds
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Astringent Gargle. (7780.)

Solution of Aluminium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Boric Acid	60 grains
Rose water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Mixture. (7697.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	3 ounces
Gum Acacia	2 ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Refined Sugar	1½ ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Extract of Logwood	120 grains
Sedative Solution of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Astringent Tincture for the Teeth. (7788.)

Tannic Acid	5 ounces
Red Sanders Wood	1 ounce
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Wintergreen	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Iodine	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (7871.)

Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Capsicum	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	3 ounces
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	2 ounces
Extract of Buchu Leaves	2 ounces
Oil of Juniper	4 fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Backache and Kidney Pills. (7951.)

Copaiba	3 ounces
Extract of Buchu Leaves	½ ounce
Extract of Cubebs	1 ounce
Oil of Juniper, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Backache and Liver Mixture. (2501.)

Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Decoction of Broom (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Bailie's Pill. (902.)

Synonym.—Gilmour's Pill.

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Baird's Aperient Powder. (1065.)

Mercury, with Chalk	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	3 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Mix. Dose.—6 to 12 grains.

Baird's Pill. (9562.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	5 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Baking Powder.

Rice Flour	10 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	9 ounces
Tartaric Acid	8 ounces

Dry separately and mix.

Baking Powder.

Flour	12 ounces
Magnesium Carbonate	6 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	16 ounces
Tartaric Acid	14 ounces

Dry separately and mix.

Balmetta for the Skin. (7787.)

Synonym.—Toilet Cream.

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1½ ounces
Essence of Almonds	10 minims
Essence of White Rose	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1½ pints
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Triple Rose Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsam of Aniseed. (4099.)

Extract of Liquorice	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Glycerin of Borax	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	80 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Balsam of Aniseed. (6787.)

Oil of Anise	90 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	10 minims
Oil of Coriander	5 minims
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Senega	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Balsam of Honey and Aniseed. (7815.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Clarified Honey	1 pound

Mix.

Balsam of Horehound. (2616.)

Anise Fruit	2 pounds
Benzoic Acid	8 ounces
Capsicum Fruit	2 ounces
Cochineal	½ pound
Horehound	3 pounds
Senega Root	2 pounds
Squill	1 pound
Golden Syrup	20 pounds
Virginian Prune Bark	2 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ gallons
Spirit of Chloroform	50 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	42 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, boiling	2½ gallons
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, sufficient to make	8 gallons

Balsam of Honey and Horehound and Linseed. (7051.)

Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Clarified Honey	1 pound
Refined Sugar	1 pound
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed and Horehound, sufficient to produce	60 fl. ounces

Balsamic Cough Linctus. (3347.)

Clarified Honey	1 pound
Glycerin	40 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3½ fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	14 fl. ounces

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (10,074.)

Clarified Honey	6 pounds
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 pounds
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	8 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	3 pounds

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Balsamic Cough Mixture. (7628.)

Horehound	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Treacle	2 pounds
Chlorodyne	10 fl. ounces
Compound Mixture of Senna	20 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	10 fl. drachms
Vinegar	40 fl. ounces
Concentrated Peppermint Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsamic Elixir. (7935.)

Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Poppies for Syrup (1 = 4)	7½ fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	7 ounces
Vinegar of Squill	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Balsamic Mixture. (7701.)

Synonym.—Essence of Linseed.

Chlorodyne	2¼ fl. ounces
Extract of Liquorice, soft	1 ounce
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	96 minims
Oxymel of Squill	36 fl. ounces
Tincture of Senega	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Baly's Pill. (293.)

Synonym.—Guy's Pill.

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Barber's Mixture. (2621.)

Benzoic Acid	400 grains
Camphor	400 grains
Opium, in powder	200 grains

Bark and Sarsaparilla Mixture. (7827.)

Potassium Iodide	360 grains
Solution of Potash	6 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla	6 fl. drachms
Arsenical Solution	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Barton's Fever Powder. (8413.)

Citric Acid, in crystals	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate, in powder	1½ ounces
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	1 ounce

Barton's Mixture. (7141.)

Benzoic Acid	20 grains
Camphor	20 grains
Opium, in powder	20 grains

Basilicon Ointment. (7156.)

Resin, in powder	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Olive Oil	8 ounces
Lard	6 ounces

Add the lard and oil to the previously melted resin and beeswax; then strain, and stir until cold.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Bath Powder, Effervescing.

Cream of Tartar	70 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	9 ounces
Starch Powder	20 ounces
Tartaric Acid	1 ounce

Dry separately and mix.

Bazin's Ointment. (7205.)

Yellow Mercuric Sulphate	15 grains
Benzoated Lard	1 ounce

Bead Oil, for Wines and Liqueurs.

Olive Oil	30 minims
Strong Sulphuric Acid	20 minims

Add the acid, very cautiously, drop by drop to the oil, with constant stirring.

Beef and Malt Wine. (7147.)

Extract of Beef	1 ounce
Extract of Malt	4 ounces
Dry Sherry	24 fl. ounces

Rub down the beef extract with a little of the sherry; mix with the malt extract; add the rest of the wine, allow to stand for a week, and filter. Marsala, Catalon port, or Malaga wine may be substituted for the sherry. This wine can only be sold under an excise licence.

Beetle Powder.

Flowers of Sulphur	1 ounce
Powdered Borax	2 ounces
Powdered Insect Flowers	2 ounces

Begbie's Mixture. (613.)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	40 minims
Diluted Nitric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Quassia, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Betula-Menthol Liniment. (8481.)

Menthol	½ ounce
Methyl Salicylate	1 pint

Dissolve the menthol in the methyl salicylate.

Bile Pills or Tablets. (7708.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce

Divide into pills or tablets.

Bilious Pills. (7721.)

Aloin	5 grains
Capsicum	2 grains
Mercurous Chloride	10 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	5 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Bilious and Liver Pills. (5799.)

Mercury Pill	2 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	4 ounces

Excipient, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Bismuth Cream Balm for Rough Skin and Chaps. (7457.)

Bismuth Carbonate	15 grains
Thymol	3 grains
Oil of Wintergreen	2 minims
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Mix. If desired, this may be tinted flesh colour with a little carmine.

Bismuth and Pepsin Mixture. (6528.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Finally, mix the two solutions, add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, then filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Bismuth Hair Dye.

Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	300 grains
Sodium Thiosulphate	100 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Dissolve the salts separately, mix the solutions, add the solution of ammonia and the glycerin, and finally make up to the required volume. To produce a deep black dye, a solution of potassium sulphide, 20 grains to the ounce, or dilute ammonium hydrosulphide should be applied after the bismuth solution.

Bismuth Mixture. (6270.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	30 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Black Currant Cough Balsam. (2696.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Infusion of Senega	6 fl. ounces
Juice of Conium	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	80 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. drachms
Black Currant Syrup	55 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3 fl. ounces

Black Currant Cough Elixir. (7795.)

Citric Acid	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	360 grains
Refined Sugar	18 ounces
Black Currant Jam	10 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 pint
Syrup, sufficient to make	3 pints

Black Currant Cough Syrup. (7698.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Syrup, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Black Currant Cough Mixture for Children. (2610.)

Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Black Hair Dye.

Solution No. I.

Silver Nitrate	360 grains
Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Dissolve the silver nitrate in a little of the distilled water; then add the solution of ammonia until a clear solution is produced; finally make up to the required volume with the distilled water.

Solution No. II.

Gallic Acid	120 grains
Pyrogallic Acid	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Black Hair Dye.

Pyrogallic Acid	60 grains
Copper Chloride	120 grains
Orange-flower Water	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water	3 fl. ounces

Dissolve the pyrogallic acid and copper chloride separately; then mix the solutions.

Black Hair Dye.

Solution No. 1.

Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Distilled water	10 fl. ounces

Solution No. 2.

Gallic Acid	60 grains
Tannin	60 grains
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Wash the hair in water containing a little solution of ammonia, to free it from grease. Apply Solution No. 1 and allow to dry. Then apply Solution No. 2.

Black Hair Dye with Silver Nitrate.

Copper Nitrate	36 grains
Silver Nitrate	300 grains
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the salts in the distilled water; then add sufficient solution of ammonia to redissolve the precipitate at first formed.

Blaud Capsules. (7476.)

Ferrous Carbonate	3 grains
Liquid Paraffin	5 minims

Mix and enclose in capsules.

Blaud's Pill. (7219.)

(Pilula Ferri, B.P.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate, in fine powder	150 grains
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate, in fine powder	95 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	50 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	15 grains
Syrup	150 grains
Glycerin	10 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix as directed in the B.P.

Blaud's Pills. (690.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	50 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	160 grains
Potassium Carbonate	144 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	16 grains
Manna	48 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Blennorrhagia Mixture. (7647.)

Copaiba	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachm
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Krameria	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood and Anæmia Capsules. (7678.)

Dr. Blaud's Formula.

Iron Pill	60 to 180 grains

Fill 12 capsules.

Blood Formers. (2608.)

Aloin	40 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	480 grains
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	480 grains

Dose.—1 to 3 grains, in a capsule.

Blood Mixture. (1534.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	16 fl. ounces

Blood Mixture. (1593.)

Potassium Chlorate	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	½ ounce
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	8 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	80 fl. ounces

Blood Mixture. (5870.)

Sodium Potassium Tartrate	600 grains
Tincture of Orange	5 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Blood Mixture. (6053.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	40 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Sassafras Oil	3 minims
Syrup of Senna	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Blood Mixture. (6134.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	½ fl. ounce
Arsenical Solution	40 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Blood Mixture. (7553.)

Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Mixture. (7046.)

Potassium Chlorate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	12 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Blood Mixture. (6416.)

Potassium Iodide	32 grains
Chloroform	10 minims
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Blood Mixture. (7912.)

Potassium Iodide	408 grains
Concentrated Solution of Sarsaparilla	8½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	11 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	66 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (7963.)

Potassium Nitrate	300 grains
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	5 ounces
Concentrated Solution of Sarsaparilla	4½ fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	10 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Mixture. (7516.)

Magnesium Sulphate	½ ounce
Potassium Iodide	36 grains
Arsenical Solution	24 minims
Solution of Potash	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla (B.P. 1885), sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Blood Purifier. (1546.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Chloroform	6 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2 fl. drachms
Compound Mixture of Senna, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Dose.— 4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (7479.)

Potassium Iodide	16 grains
Concentrated Decoction of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl ounces

Blood Purifier. (7600.)

Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Conc. Comp. Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	30 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Blood Purifier. (7517.)

Ammonium Carbonate	798 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	6½ ounces
Potassium Iodide	1,432 grains
Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	9 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	2 gallons

Blood Purifier. (7102.)

Potassium Iodide	64 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Chloroform Water	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Blood Purifier. (7651.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	½ fl. ounce
Compound Mixture of Senna	½ fl. ounce
Conc. Comp. Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (7686.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Conc. Comp. Solution of Sarsaparilla	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (7823.)

Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Conc. Comp. Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Purifier. (7872.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Sulphate	½ ounce
Conc. Comp. Solution of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Blood Tonic. (7481.)

Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Concentrated Decoction of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Blood Tonic or Purifier. (7948.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	1½ ounces
Chloroform	30 minims
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Sassafras	108 minims
Syrup	9 fl. ounces
Potassium Iodide, if required	720 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	72 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Board of Health Cholera Mixture. (500.)

Aromatic Powder	180 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	1¼ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Chalk Mixture, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Triturate the aromatic powder with a small quantity of the chalk mixture, and gradually add sufficient of the latter to produce about ten fluid ounces; then add the tinctures and spirit, previously mixed together, and make up the required quantity with chalk mixture.

Dose.—1 fluid ounce for an adult; ½ fluid ounce for a child twelve years old; 2 fluid drachms for a child seven years old. To be taken after each liquid motion.

Boracic Ointment. (7876.)

Boric Acid	40 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Bergamot	20 minims
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. drachm
Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	6 ounces

Mix.

Borax Lozenges. (10,231.)

Borax	300 grains
Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Boric Acid Gauze. (10,219.)

Absorbent Cotton Gauze	100 ounces
Boiling Saturated Solution of Boric Acid	of each a sufficient quantity.
Aniline Red	

Immerse the gauze in the solution of boric acid tinted with aniline red, remove and press the gauze until it weighs 300 ounces, then dry. The product contains approximately 40 to 45 per cent. of boric acid.

Boric Wool. (10,209.)

Absorbent Cotton, in thin sheets	50 ounces
Boric Acid	50 ounces
Distilled Water (boiling), a sufficient quantity.	

Prepare a hot saturated aqueous solution of the boric acid, and tint it with aniline red, immerse the cotton in the liquid, then remove the sheets to wire trays, and allow to drain and cool. The medicated cotton is afterwards pressed until it weighs 100, and then suspended until dry. The strength of the finished product varies, but the wool contains usually from 40 to 50 per cent. of boric acid.

Bowel Complaint Mixture. (4698.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	90 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 8 fluid drachms.

Bowel Complaint Remedy. (7804.)

Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Brodie's Antibilious Pill. (8532.)

Ginger, in powder	22½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	11½ ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	33 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	8½ ounces
Extract of Colocynth	8½ ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	61½ ounces
Mercury Pill	30 ounces
Oil of Caraway	1½ fl. ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Brodie's Gout Pill. (7195.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum	6 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	16 grains
Extract of Rhubarb	16 grains
Mercury Pill	16 grains

Mix and divide into twelve pills. Dose.—1 or 2 pills.

Bromine Water. (7369.)

Aqua Bromi. (C.)

Bromine	1 ounce
Distilled Water	30 ounces

Bromoform Mixture. (7287.)

Mistura Bromoformi. (A.)

Bromoform	8 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the bromoform in the alcohol; then add the tincture and sufficient glycerin to produce one fluid ounce.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm every four hours, for children from one to three years old.

Brompton Hospital Cough Lozenges. (6439.)

Extract of Liquorice	300 grains
Oil of Anise	50 minims
Lozenge Basis	1,500 grains

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Bronchial Cough Mixture. (7256.)

Concentrated Infusion of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squills	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Bronchial Drops. (7918.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. drachms
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Terebene	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Bronchial Lozenges. (7730.)

Benzoic Acid	40 grains
Citric Acid	120 grains
Gum Acacia	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root	40 grains
Menthol	10 grains
Squill	40 grains
Refined Sugar	9 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	360 grains
Extract of Poppies	180 grains
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Lemon	of each a sufficient quantity.
Oil of Rose	
Distilled Water	

Mix.

Bronchial Lozenges. (7982.)

Benzoic Acid	40 grains
Citric Acid	120 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	40 grains
Menthol	10 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	9 ounces
Squill, in powder	40 grains
Extract of Liquorice	360 grains
Extract of Poppies (P.J.F.)	180 grains
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Lemon	of each a sufficient quantity.
Oil of Rose	
Distilled Water	

Mix.

Bronchial or Bronchitis Lozenges. (3206.)

Cubebs, in powder	1 pound
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	2 pounds
Refined Sugar, in powder	28 pounds
Mucilage, a sufficient quantity.	
Flavouring, a sufficient quantity.	

Bronchitis and Asthma Mixture. (8550.)

Ammonium Carbonate	32 grains
Concentrated Decoction of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Conium	80 minims
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	80 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Bronchitis Mixture. (2699.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	12 fl. ounces

Bronchitis Mixture. (6101.)

Chlorodyne	7½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	21 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	400 minims
Tincture of Lobelia	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	16 pints

Bronchitis Mixture. (6303.)

Ammonium Carbonate	90 grains
Ammonium Chloride	240 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	90 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Strophanthus	90 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Bronchitis Mixture. (7900.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (6135.)

Cough Drops (No. 6135)	4 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces

Bronchitis Mixture. (7742.)

Ammonium Chloride	90 grains
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Bronchitis Mixture. (6615.)

Chlorodyne	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Burnt Sugar	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 pints

Bronchitis Mixture. (7741.)

Potassium Nitrate	300 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Brook's Paste. (9362.)

Black Pepper, in powder	½ ounce
Confection of Senna	9 ounces
Fennel Fruit, in powder	1 ounce
Honey	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Almonds	2 fl. ounces
Potassium Bitartrate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce

Brown Carminative Mixture. (7577.)

White Carminative Mixture (No. 7625)	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Brown Hair Dye.

Pyrogallic Acid	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Brown Ointment. (7873.)

Frankincense	½ ounce
Red Lead	2 ounces
Venice Turpentine	¾ ounce
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Olive Oil	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Brown or Black Hair Dye.

Lead Acetate	120 grains
Sodium Thiosulphate	480 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Elder-flower Water	7 fl. ounces
Rose Water	7 fl. ounces

Dissolve the salts separately, mix the solutions, and then add the glycerin.

Brown-Sequard's Pill. (301.)

Extract of Aconite	20 grains
Extract of Belladonna	10 grains
Extract of Conium	40 grains
Extract of Ignatius Beans	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	15 grains
Extract of Opium	30 grains
Extract of Stramonium	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	40 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Brown-Sequard's Pill. (508.)

Extract of Aconite	20 grains
Extract of Belladonna	10 grains
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	40 grains
Extract of Ignatius Beans	30 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	15 grains
Extract of Stramonium	12 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	40 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Brown Silver Hair Dye.

Silver Nitrate	70 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.	
Orange-flower Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Dissolve the silver nitrate in the orange-flower water; add sufficient strong solution of ammonia to redissolve the precipitate at first formed; add the glycerin, and finally make up to the required quantity with distilled water.

Brown Walnut Hair Dye.

Green Walnut Shells, bruised	8 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Macerate for eight days; then strain, press, and filter.

Bunion Paint. (7905.)

Chloral Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Decolorised Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Burn Application. (6234.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	½ fl. ounce
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces
Olive Oil, sufficient to produce	12 fl. ounces

Butyl-Chloral Mixture. (7372.)

Mistura Butyl-Chloral. (C.)

Butyl-Chloral Hydrate	80 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix and dissolve. Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Calamine Lotion. (7370.)

Lotio Calaminæ. (C.)

Calamine, Levigated	40 grains
Zinc Oxide	20 grains
Glycerin	20 minims
Distilled or Lime Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Elutriate the calamine and zinc oxide by triturating them in a mortar with successive portions of the water and decanting from the siliceous matter, then add the glycerin.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Caldwell's Bronchitis Mixture. (7243.)

Quinine Sulphate	8 grains
Extract of Conium	24 to 40 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	32 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Calendula Cerate. (7496.)

Hard Paraffin	1 pound
Soft Paraffin	6 pounds
Palm Oil	1½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Calendula	3 fl. ounces

Camphor and Aconite Cold Mixture. (7751.)

Potassium Citrate	2 ounces
Burnt Sugar	15 minims
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix.

Camphorated Chloral. (7336.)

Chloral Camphoratum. (C.)

Chloral	2 ounces
Camphor	2 ounces

Mix them by agitation in a bottle, or by trituration in a warm mortar until they are liquefied and combined.

Camphorated Chloroform. (7337.)

Chloroformum Camphoratum. (C.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve the camphor in the chloroform by agitation.

Camphorated Chloroform Parogen. (9115.)

Synonym.—Camphorated Chloroform Vasoliment.

Camphor	37·5 parts
Chloroform	25 parts
Parogen	37·5 parts

Dissolve the camphor in the chloroform, and add the parogen.

Camphor Ice. (7895.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Hard Paraffin	5 ounces
Liquid Paraffin	20 ounces

Mix.

Cantharidin Pomade. (2084.)

Hydrous Wool-fat	½ pound
Soft Paraffin	1½ pounds
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	4 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Cantharides	3 fl. drachms

Capsicum and Camphor Liniment. (7901.)

Capsicum, bruised	2 ounces
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces

Digest and strain. To each fluid ounce of the strained liquid add:—

Camphor	¼ ounce

Dissolve.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Capsicum Collodion. (7458.)

Flexile Collodion	9 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Capsicum Wool. (10,211.)

Liquid Extract of Capsicum	10 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton, in thin sheets	90 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	70 fl. ounces

Dissolve the extract in the alcohol, and pour the solution over the cotton, under pressure, so that it may become saturated evenly with the liquid. After drying, keep the medicated cotton in well-closed cartons. When freshly made, capsicum wool is of a pale orange colour, but it becomes bleached on keeping, though without loss of strength. In order to maintain an even colour, it is advisable to dye the wool with eosine.

Capsules of Apiol and Ergotin. (7334.)

Capsulæ Apiol et Ergotini. (C.)

Apiol	1250 minims
Ergotin	500 grains

Mix and fill into 250 capsules. Each capsule contains apiol, 5 minims, and ergotin, 2 grains.

Dose.—One capsule.

Capsules of Salicylate of Colchicine and Methyl.

Capsulæ Colchicinæ et Methyl Salicylatis. (C.)

Colchicine Salicylate	1 grain
Methyl Salicylate	1250 minims

Dissolve and fill into 250 capsules. Each capsule contains colchicine, 1/250th grain, and methyl salicylate, 5 minims.

Dose.—One capsule.

Carbolic Acid Gauze. (10,220.)

Phenol	10 ounces
Resin	40 ounces
Paraffin Wax	40 ounces
Absorbent Cotton Gauze	90 ounces

Melt together the phenol, resin, and wax on a water-bath, saturate the gauze with the mixture, and press between warm metal plates, so that the gauze is evenly saturated. Preserve in air-tight vessels, as the gauze quickly loses its strength on exposure. The strength of the gauze when freshly made is approximately 5 per cent.

Carbolic Colloid. (3488.)

Phenol	20 grains
Styptic Colloid, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Carbolic Mouth Wash. (7271.)

Collutorium Acidi Carbolici. (L.)

Liquefied Carbolic Acid	5 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. drachm
Glycerin	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Carbolic Tooth Paste. (6004.)

Exsiccated Alum	180 grains
Armenian Bole	1 ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	5½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	20 grains
Cuttle Fish Bone, in powder	2 ounces
Musk, in powder	1 grain
Orris Root, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Liquefied Phenol	40 minims
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Lavender	2 minims
Oil of Rose	2 minims

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Carbolised Alcohol. (7459.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Carbolised Disinfectant Toilet Wash. (7460.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Eau de Cologne	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Quillaia, sufficient to make	5 fl. ounces

For use, add 1 part to 100 parts of water for washing purposes.

Carbolised Ether. (7461.)

Phenol	4½ grains
Ether, sp. g. 720, to make	1 fl. ounce

Carbolised Glycerin. (7462.)

Phenol	4½ grains
Glycerin, to make	1 fl. ounce

Carbolised Vinegar. (7463.)

Phenol	4½ grains
Vinegar	1 fl. ounce

Carbolised Wool. (10,212.)

Phenol, in crystals	5 ounces
Methylated Ether (s.g. 0·720)	100 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton	95 ounces

Dissolve the phenol in the ether, and pour the solution over the cotton under pressure, so as to saturate it evenly. Then remove the medicated cotton, and open it into thin layers, so that the ether may evaporate quickly. When dry, preserve the wool in well-closed vessels. This wool soon loses strength by exposure, and is only approximately of 5 per cent. strength when freshly made.

Carminative. (7810.)

Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Carminative Gripe Mixture. (5144.)

Bismuth Carbonate	¾ ounce
Magnesium Carbonate	2¼ ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	¾ ounce
Sodium Bromide	2¼ ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Chamomile	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	½ fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1 fl. drachm
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	640 minims
Syrup	1 pint
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	4 pints

Carron Oil. (7300.)

Linseed Oil	2 fl. ounces
Lime Water	2 fl. ounces

Shake well to form a cream. Used as an application for burns or scalds.

Castor Oil Beans. (8968.)

Aloin	60 grains
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	480 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	48 grains
Podophyllum Resin	60 grains
Castor Oil, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Peppermint, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Castor Oil Emulsion. (1535.)

Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Castor Oil	28 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squills	54 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppies	48 fl. ounces
Vinegar	12 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	4½ fl. ounces

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Castor Oil Pills. (7850.)

Barbados Aloes	3 ounces
Jalap	1 ounce
Castor Oil Soap	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass.

Catarrh and Influenza Mixture. (5578.)

Potassium Bromide	80 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	60 minims
Tincture of Aconite	30 minims
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Catarrh and Influenza Mixture. (7889.)

Ammonium Carbonate	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	400 minims
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	80 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	13 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Anise	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	10 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix.

Cathartic Pills. (7945.)

Synonyms.—Liver Pills; Head and Stomach Pills.

Mercury Pill	7 ounces
Pill of Colocynth and Hyoscyamus	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—3 to 8 grains.

Cathartic Pills. (7998.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Catheter Lubricant. (7273.)

Tragacanth, in powder	15 grains
Glycerin	50 grains
Distilled Water	500 grains
Phenol	5 grains
or	
Salicylic Acid	½ grain

Chamomile Pills. (7571.)

Socotrine Aloes	96 grains
Potassium Sulphate	48 grains
Rhubarb Root	64 grains
Extract of Chamomile	32 grains
Oil of Chamomile	1 minim

Mix to form a mass.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chapman's Dinner Pill. (304.)

Mastich, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Champion Vegetable Liver and Aperient Pills. (5962.)

Extract of Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce

Chemical Dentifrice. (5974.)

Borax, in powder	12 ounces
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	3¾ pounds
Potassium Chloride, in powder	12 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Phosphate	12 ounces
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. drachms

Cherry and Areca Tooth Paste. (7703.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	1½ ounces
Alum	½ ounce
Areca Nut	180 grains
Boric Acid	¼ ounce
Cochineal	1 ounce
Cuttle-fish Bone	1½ ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Precipitated Chalk	1½ ounces
Orris Root	1½ ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	15 minims
Oil of Cloves	15 minims
Solution of Carmine	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Cherry Cough Pastilles. (7981.)

Benzoic Acid Wild Cherry Bark, in powder Capsicin Spirit of Chloroform Pastille Basis	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Cherry Cough Syrup for Children. (4511.)

Acetic Acid	20 minims
Fuchsine	½ grain
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Orange-flower Water (1=40)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Cherry Tooth Paste. (5997.)

Carmine	10 grains
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Cuttle Fish Bone, in powder	½ ounce
Myrrh, in powder	60 grains
Orris Root, in powder	½ ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Geranium	8 minims
Oil of Lavender	6 minims
Oil of Rose	4 minims

Glycerin, sufficient to produce a stiff paste.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chest and Lung Tonic. (4344.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Sedative Solution of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Chilblain and Frost-Bite Application. (7432.)

Camphor	100 grains
Castile Soap	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve the soap and camphor in the spirit, the potassium iodide in the water. Mix. Add the other ingredients and filter.

Chilblain and Frost-Bite Application. (7429.)

Tincture of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	3 fl. ounces

Chilblain and Frost-Bite Application. (7433.)

Camphor, in powder	100 grains
Lanolin	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm

Apply at night.

Chilblain and Frost-Bite Liniment. (7435.)

Compound Liniment of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Application. (7413.)

Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	8 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	5 fl. ounces

Dissolve the camphor in the oil with gentle heat, then mix in a mortar with the other ingredients.

Chilblain Application. (7414.)

Camphor, in powder	4 ounces
Tannin	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Balsam of Peru	8 ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces

Chilblain Application. (7415.)

Camphor Oil (Essential)	4 fl. ounces
Clove Oil	4 fl. ounces
Eucalyptus Oil	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Application. (7416.)

Camphorated Spirit	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Chilblain Application. (7979.)

Crême de Nice (No. 6133)	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Application. (3827.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Ammonium Chloride	3½ ounces
Camphor Water	24 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Saffron, a sufficient quantity.

Chilblain Application. (7417.)

Castor Oil	4 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Application. (7418.)

Collodion	25 fl. ounces
Ether	7½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Iodine	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Application. (7419.)

Corrosive Sublimate	60 grains
Castor Oil	3 fl. drachms
Collodion	5¼ fl. ounces
Turpentine Oil	½ fl. ounce

Chilblain Application. (7420.)

Ichthyol	60 grains
Resorcin	60 grains
Tannin	60 grains
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix, and label "Shake the bottle." Paint over the chilblains after washing with warm water.

Chilblain Application. (7421.)

Iodine	20 grains
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Application. (7422.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Soap Liniment	3 fl. ounces

Chilblain Application. (7425.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion to make	8 fl. ounces

Chilblain Application. (7427.)

Soap Liniment	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Tinctures of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Application. (7428.)

Tannin	25 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces

Chilblain Application. (7465.)

Ammonium-Ichthyol	1 ounce
Resorcin	1 ounce
Tannin	1 ounce
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Chilblain Application. (7464.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Stronger Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Application. (7430.)

Zinc Sulphate	1 ounce
Rose Water	5 fl. ounces

Chilblain Application. (7466.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Balsam of Peru	60 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm

Chilblain Application. (7467.)

Alum	8 grains
Borax	8 grains
Rose Water	1 fl. ounce
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	20 minims

Chilblain Application. (7468.)

Balsam of Peru	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	8 fl ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Application. (7469.)

Bitter Almonds	4 ounces
Burnt Alum	60 grains
Camphor, in powder	120 grains
Mustard	120 grains
Yolks of Eggs	q.s.

Beat together to form a paste with. Apply to the affected part moistened with water; then wash off with warm water and dry thoroughly. To be used night and morning.

Chilblain Application. (7471.)

Camphor	30 grains
Lard	1 ounce
Oil of Rosemary	5 minims
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. drachms

Chilblain Application. (7472.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	8 ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces

Chilblain Application. (7473.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Tincture of Iodine	2 fl. ounces

Apply with a brush or feather, night and morning.

Chilblain Application and Powder. (7431.)

Tannin	2 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Rose Water	2 fl. ounces

Apply at night, then dust with

Bismuth Salicylate	½ ounce
Starch Powder	4½ ounces

Chilblain Healing Ointment. (9478.)

Boric Acid Ointment	8 parts
Balsam of Peru	1 part
Zinc Oxide Ointment	8 parts

Chilblain Liniment. (7437.)

Acetic Liniment of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Camphor Liniment	2 fl. ounces
Soap Liniment	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (7486.)

Liniment of Potassium Iodide with Soap	5 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounce

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Liniment. (7487.)

Liniment of Soap	12 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Liniment. (7488.)

Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Yolk of Egg	q.s.
Linseed Oil, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (7438.)

Belladonna Liniment	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Soap Liniment	3 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (7440.)

Camphorated Spirit	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Liniment. (7445.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7442.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	7 fl. ounces
Stronger Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Liniment. (7518.)

Ammonium Chloride	3 ounces
Red Sanders Wood	120 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	11 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	12 minims
Tincture of Opium	9 fl. ounces
Rose Water, sufficient to produce	48 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (8197.)

Diluted Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	12 fl. drachms

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7743.)

Strong Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (1624.)

Hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (1978.)

Camphor	300 grains
Soft Soap	600 grains
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	8 fl. ounces
Rose Water	15 fl. drachms

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Liniment. (1528.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Essential Oil of Camphor	7 fl. drachms

Chilblain Liniment. (2481.)

Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (2619.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	6 fl. drachms
Stronger Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms
Liniment of Opium, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (2671.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (2767.)

Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	½ fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (3747.)

Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Liniment. (3851.)

Camphor	180 grains
Menthol	30 grains
Phenol	30 grains
Liquid Extract of Belladonna	½ fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Capsicum (B.P.C.)	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (6163.)

Liquefied Phenol	12 minims
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Turpentine, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Liniment. (6192.)

Extract of Alkanet	10 grains
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Mirbane	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Paraffin	20 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (6570.)

Strong Solution of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Iodine	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	4 fl. ounces

Mix the first three ingredients, and, when colourless, add the Liniment of Soap.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Liniment. (6722.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Chloroform, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Dissolve and add

Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to produce	16 fl. ounces

Chilblain Liniment. (6949.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Mirbane	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	

Chilblain Liniment. (7259.)

Phenol	6 grains
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Liniment. (7596.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	6 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms
Liniment of Opium, sufficient to make	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7601.)

Hydrochloric Acid	9 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	2 fl. ounces
Distilled water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7620.)

Menthol	20 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	40 minims
Acetic Acid Egg Emulsion Oil of Turpentine — of each a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7733.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7767.)

Phenol	10 grains
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. drachm
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Liniment. (7933.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Liniment. (7409.)

Decolorised Tincture of Iodine, a sufficient quantity.

Chilblain Lotion. (7489.)

Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Rose Water	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Lotion. (7490.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Sulphurous Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Chilblain Ointment. (7491.)

Carbolic Acid	12 grains
Lead Ointment	½ ounce
Soft Paraffin	½ ounce
Oil of Lavender	12 minims
Olive Oil	2 fl. drachms

Melt the lead ointment and vaseline with the olive oil. Add the carbolic acid, and the lavender when nearly cold. To be applied on a linen rag at night.

Chilblain Ointment. (7492.)

Castile Soap	2 ounces
Mutton Suet	2 ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar	1 fl. ounce

Melt the suet and soap together; stir in the vinegar. Remove from the fire, and add the spirit of camphor when nearly cold. Continue stirring until quite cold.

Chilblain Ointment. (1525.)

Camphor, in flowers	1 ounce
Lard	5 ounces

Chilblain Ointment. (6599.)

Boric Acid, in powder	360 grains
Camphor, in powder	1 ounce
Lead Acetate, in powder	360 grains
Yellow Beeswax	2½ ounces
Benzoated Lard	9½ ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims

Chilblain Lotion. (6903.)

Camphor	¾ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1½ fl. ounces

Chilblain Mixture. (7059.)

Calcium Chloride	120 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Chilblain Ointment. (7602.)

Liquefied Phenol	20 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	2 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Zinc Oleate Ointment	1 ounce

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (7644.)

Lead Acetate	30 grains
Liniment of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Hydrous Wool Fat, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 ounce

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Ointment. (7645.)

Boric Acid Ointment	3 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide Ointment	2 ounces
Phenol Ointment	3 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (7862.)

Phenol	60 grains
Liquid Extract of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Lard	4 ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Ointment. (9475.)

Boric Acid	3 parts
Camphor, in powder	1 part
Lanolin	12 parts
Petrolatum	3 parts
Creosote	1 part
Oil of Cajuput	3 parts

Chilblain Ointment. (9490.)

Camphor, in powder	2 parts
Lard	16 parts
Lead Acetate, in powder	2 parts
Tar	3 parts
Cherry Laurel Water	2 parts

Chilblain Ointment. (9503.)

Camphor	2 parts
Peruvian Balsam	1 part
Vaseline	47 parts

Chilblain Ointment. (9518.)

Camphor	8 parts
Menthol	1 part
Mustard	8 parts
Creosote	2 parts
Oil of Cajuput	4 parts
Spermaceti	72 parts

Melt the spermaceti, add the mustard, camphor, and menthol, and then the other ingredients.

Chilblain Ointment. (9519.)

Camphor Ointment	8 parts
Petrolatum	32 parts
Chloroform of Belladonna	1 part

Chilblain Ointment. (9520.)

Capsicum Ointment	1 part
Creosote Ointment	2 parts
Lead Subacetate Ointment	2 parts

Chilblain Ointment. (9521.)

Cocaine Alkaloid	1 part
Lanolin	40 parts
Camphorated Oil	5 parts
Oil of Birch Tar	2 parts

Apply at night.

Chilblain Ointment. (9523.)

Extract of Opium	2 parts
Creosote	12 parts
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	12 parts
Lard, to make	400 parts

Chilblain Ointment. (9585.)

Ointment of Galls and Opium	4 parts
Spermaceti Ointment	4 parts
Glycerin	1 part

Mix in a hot mortar and stir until cold.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Ointment. (9580.)

Ointment of Camphor	6 parts
Petrolatum	24 parts
Chloroform of Belladonna	1 part

Chilblain Ointment. (9536.)

Lanolin	150 parts
Menthol	3 parts
Salol	4 parts
Olive Oil	q.s.

Melt the lanolin, and add enough oil to give it a proper consistence. While warm, incorporate the salol and menthol.

Chilblain Ointment. (9537.)

Lanolin	10 parts
Ointment of Lead Acetate	20 parts
Oil of Cajuput	1 part
Oil of Sweet Almonds	10 parts

Chilblain Ointment. (9543.)

Lanolin	5 parts
Vaseline	5 parts
Fluid Extract of Arnica	1 part
Glycerin of Boric Acid	4 parts

Chilblain Ointment. (9579.)

Mustard Paste, freshly made	4 parts
Spermaceti Ointment	3 parts
Glycerin	2 parts

Mix in a warm mortar and triturate until cold.

Chilblain Ointment. (9586.)

Salol	6 parts
Lanolin	100 parts
Olive Oil	6 parts

Chilblain Ointment. (9588.)

Simple Cerate	6 parts
Camphorated Oil	2 parts
Solution of Basic Lead Acetate	1 part

Melt the cerate and add the other ingredients.

Chilblain or Frost-Bite Liniment. (7436.)

Tannin	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Collodion	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce

Chilblain Paint. (2292.)

Benzoic Acid	1 ounce
Eau de Cologne	9 fl. ounces

Chilblain Paste. (7470.)

Bitter Almonds	4 ounces
Burnt Alum	60 grains
Honey	3 ounces
Olibanum	60 grains
Camphor, in Powder	120 grains
Mustard	120 grains
Yolks of Eggs	q.s.

Mix and beat together to a uniform mass.

Chilblain Pencils. (9656.)

Camphor	3 parts
Hard Paraffin	57 parts
Iodine	6 parts
Potassium Iodide	12 parts
Alcohol, 90 per cent.	q.s.
Olive Oil	96 parts

Dissolve the camphor in the oil and the iodine and potassium iodide in the smallest possible quantity of alcohol. Mix and add to the hard paraffin previously melted, and pour into suitable moulds.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chilblain Preventive. (9589.)

Gutta-percha	6 parts
Resin	1 part
Chloroform	80 parts

Dissolve. Apply as soon as any itching is felt.

Chilblain Salve. (6181.)

Liniment of Potassium Iodide with Soap.

Chilblains and Frost-Bite, Russian Ointment for. (7434.)

Camphor	100 grains
Extract of Opium	24 grains
Marrow	48 grains
Marshmallow Ointment	¼ ounce
Venice Turpentine	½ ounce
Hydrochloric Acid	½ fl. drachm

Chilblains, Application for. (7423.)

Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Stronger Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce

Chilblains, Application for Broken. (7424.)

Lead Acetate	1 ounce
Yellow Wax	3 ounces
Rape Oil	10 fl. ounces
Yolk of Egg	1

Melt the wax in the oil, add the egg-yolk, and lastly the lead acetate.

Chilblain Stick. (7898.)

Hard Soap, in powder	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chilblain Tablets. (9749.)

Beeswax	3 parts
Benzoated Lard	6 parts
Camphor	1 part
Menthol	1 part
Yellow Resin	1 part
Cajuput Oil	1 part
Tincture of Capsicum	1 part

Melt the resin and wax, add the lard; add the capsicum tincture and then the other ingredients when nearly cold.

Chilblain Tablets. (1630.)

Camphor	8 ounces
Iodine	2 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	15 fl. ounces
Terebene	15 fl. ounces
White Beeswax	2 pounds
Soft Paraffin	4 pounds

Children's Aperient Granules. (7987.)

Jalapin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix.

Children's Aperient Mixture. (5933.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	55 grains
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	492 grains
Refined Sugar	3½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	72 minims
Liquir Extract of Anise	4½ fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Senna	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Santonica	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	4 minims
Distilled Water	14 fl. drachms

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Children's Cooling Powders. (7921.)

Jalapin	40 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	80 grains
Mercurous Chloride	80 grains
Mercury with Chalk	80 grains
Refined Sugar	120 grains

Mix.

Children's Cough Elixir. (7512.)

Potassium Nitrate	160 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Citrate	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Red-Poppy	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (7524.)

Potassium Chlorate	4 grains
Glycerin of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	25 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Children's Cough Mixture. (8068.)

Clarified Honey	14 ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	36 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (163.)

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	200 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	60 minims
Syrup	120 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	30 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	20 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	2 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid ounces.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1536.)

Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppies	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (1540.)

Ammonium Bromide	40 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	2 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (1570.)

Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	21 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1579.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppies, sufficient to make	10 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (1892.)

Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Oil of Anise)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1967.)

Essence of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	3½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (1972.)

Ammonium Bromide	1 ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Children's Cough Mixture. (2367.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	40 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	40 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (P.J.F.)	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	20 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	160 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (2609.)

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	16 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (4392.)

Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	30 fl. ounces
Syrup, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Children's Cough Mixture. (2676.)

Potassium Nitrate	3 ounces
Syrup of Poppies (P.J.F.)	48 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	80 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	32 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (3277.)

Oxymel of Squill	6 ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (P.J.F.)	6 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Anise Water	8 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (4601.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (5145.)

Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	10 minims
Syrup of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (double strength)	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. drachms
Syrup, sufficient to make	16 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (5318.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppies	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (6154.)

Potassium Citrate	780 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	10 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	13 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	24 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (7025.)

Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	16 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Syrup, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7258.)

Vinegar of Squill	48 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	13½ ounces
Honey	5 pounds
Glycerin	54 ounces
Camphor	½ ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	13½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	21 ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	16 fl. ounces
Syrup	144 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7257.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squills	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	8 fl. ounces
Syrup, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Children's Cough Mixture. (7610.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7622.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	½ pound
Syrup of Squill	½ pound
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7674.)

Glycerin	18 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	18 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7728.)

Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	10 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7752.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	6 drops
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7762.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	6 fl. ounces
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7781.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7826.)

Ammonium Bromide	480 grains
Solution of Ipecacuanha	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Virginian Prune	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	1¼ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7843.)

Sodium Bromide	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	20 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	7½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7913.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	120 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (7937.)

Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Children's Cough Mixture. (9272.)

Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled water, sufficient to produce..	10 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Syrup. (3891.)

Ammonium Bromide	2 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Virginian Prune	27 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Syrup. (7919.)

Tragacanth, in powder	15 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	9 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Solution of Senega	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Hops	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Children's Cough Syrup. (7847.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 ounce
Wild Cherry Cough Syrup (P.J.F. 97)	7 ounces
Raspberry Vinegar	8 ounces

Mix.

Children's Cough Syrup. (7929.)

Cochineal, in powder	40 grains
Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Refined Sugar	8 ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Syrup of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Children's Fever Mixture. (7974.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	40 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	90 minims
Anise Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Gripe Mixture. (8668.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	48 grains
Sodium Bromide	24 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. drachm
Dill Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Children's Hair Lotion. (9216.)

Quassia Wood	1 ounce
Stavesacre Seeds, bruised	1 ounce
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Children's Preservative and Carminative. (5371.)

Ammonium Bromide	360 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	7½ ounces
Potassium Bromide	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	2¼ ounces
Sugar	24 ounces
Alcohol	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	90 minims
Oil of Caraway	20 minims
Oil of Dill	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Lavender	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4½ pints

Children's Quinsy Powders. (5530.)

Mercury with Chalk	60 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	720 grains

Children's Red Cough Mixture. (8267.)

Benzoic Acid	120 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Red-Poppy Petals	12 ounces
Refined Sugar	5 pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Anise Water, sufficient to produce	8 pounds

Mix.

Children's Tonic. (1632.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	240 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Children's Tonic. (7589.)

Glycerin Extract of Red Bone Marrow	1 fl. ounce
Compound Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Malt	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—One teaspoonful in water three times a day after meals; for children under five years old, a small teaspoonful.

Children's Vegetable Cough Mixture. (7962.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1¾ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	98 minims
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup	10½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	42 fl. ounces

Mix.

Children's Whooping Cough Mixture. (1548.)

Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Water, sufficient to make	26 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Child's Carminative or Soothing Mixture. (3244.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	480 grains
Oil of Anise	24 minims
Oil of Caraway	60 minims
Oil of Peppermint	12 minims
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Asafetida	24 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	12 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Child's Cordial. (7627.)

Opium	½ ounce
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	50 ounces
Treacle	25 ounces
Oil of Sassafras	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	100 ounces

Mix.

Chillie Paste. (7786.)

Capsicum	6 ounces
Spermaceti	6 ounces
Olive or Nut Oil	34 fl. ounces or a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Chillie Paste. (8306.)

Capsicum, in powder	8 ounces
Spermaceti	6 ounces
Oil of Lavender	3 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	32 ounces

Chinosol Catheter Lubricant. (L.) (7274.)

Green Soft Soap	8 ounces
Glycerin	6 ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Chinosol	8 grains

Heat the soap with water and glycerin, and, when mixed, add the chinosol.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Chlorine Gargle. (7354.)

Gargarisma Chlori. (C.)

Potassium Chlorate, in powder	240 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Add the acid to the chlorate in a large bottle; when the gas given off has displaced the air, add the water gradually, corking and shaking the bottle after each addition. Sodium chlorate is preferred to potassium chlorate, being less nauseous.

Chlorodyne. (2839.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	8 grains
Extract of Liquorice	2½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	17½ fl. ounces
Treacle	4 fl. ounces

Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Chlorodyne Cough Mixture. (7653.)

Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Diascordium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Chlorodyne Lozenges. (10,233.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ grains
Tragacanth, in powder	¾ grain
Chloroform	77 minims
Ether	11½ minims
Oil of Peppermint	1-5 minim
Tincture of Capsicum	1¾ minims
Refined Sugar ..... } of each a sufficient Mucilage of Acacia } quantity to make	5½ ounces

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9750.)

Essential Oil of Anise	4 parts
Essential Oil of Cajuput	4 parts
Essential Oil of Juniper	4 parts
Mixture of Sulphuric Acid	1 part
Spirit of Ether	12 parts
Tincture of Cinnamon	24 parts

The mixture of sulphuric acid (Haller's acid elixir) in the above formula is composed of alcohol 90 per cent., q.s., strong sulphuric acid, 1. Add the acid very gradually to alcohol 3, contained in a glass flask, agitating well after each addition, and not allowing the temperature during mixing to exceed 50° C. When cold, add more alcohol to make total weight 4.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9767.)

Ether	40 parts
Peppermint Oil	3 parts
Tincture of Cascarilla	30 parts
Tincture of Castor	30 parts
Tincture of Cinchona	30 parts
Tincture of Krameria	60 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	120 parts

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9784.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	30 parts
Peppermint Oil	1 part
Tincture of Opium	10 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	160 parts

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9759.)

Acetic Ether	9 parts
Peppermint Oil	1 part
Aromatic Tincture	40 parts

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9802.)

Peppermint Oil	10 parts
Tincture of Ipecacuanha	10 parts
Tincture of Opium with Saffron	5 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	20 parts

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9806.)

Peppermint Oil	5 parts
Spirit of Ether	20 parts
Tincture of Arnica	10 parts
Tincture of Nux Vomica	10 parts
Tincture of Opium	15 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	20 parts

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 drops every half-hour in Malaga wine.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9807.)

Aromatic Tincture	9 parts
Tincture of Opium with Saffron	1 part

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9808.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	30 parts
Peppermint Oil	1 part
Tincture of Opium with Saffron	10 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	60 parts

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9810.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 parts
Peppermint Oil	4 parts
Tincture of Opium with Saffron	15 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	30 parts

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9812.)

Spirit of Ether	5 parts
Spirit of Peppermint	10 parts
Tincture of Castor	5 parts
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 parts
Tincture of Opium	5 parts
Tincture of Rhubarb, Vinous	30 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	5 parts

Mix. Dose.—15 to 20 drops every fifteen minutes.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9829.)

Aromatic Tincture	15 parts
Peppermint Oil	1 part
Tincture of Cascarilla	4 parts
Tincture of Krameria	10 parts
Tincture of Opium	5 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	15 parts

Mix. Let stand for three days, then filter.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9817.)

Cinnamon Bark, crushed	80 parts
Calumba Root, crushed	40 parts
Opium, in coarse powder	20 parts
Rhubarb Root, crushed	80 parts
Saffron	10 parts
Peppermint Oil	50 parts
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to make	1000 parts

Macerate the saffron for five days in alcohol, 250. Macerate separately the cinnamon, rhubarb, and calumba in alcohol, 500. Strain and press off the two tinctures; mix the strained liquors, and add the mixture to the opium in a percolator. Let stand for forty-eight hours, then percolate; add the peppermint oil and enough alcohol to make the weight 1000. Filter after standing for forty-eight hours.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9815.)

Aromatic Tincture	10 parts
Oil of Peppermint	1 part
Tincture of Opium	10 parts
Tincture of Valerian (Ethereal)	10 parts

Mix. Dose.—15 to 30 drops.

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9809.)

Ether	5 parts
Tincture of Opium with Saffron	1 part
Tincture of Valerian	4 parts

Cholera and Diarrhœa Drops. (9921.)

Tincture of Cascarilla	10 parts
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 parts
Tincture of Opium	2 parts

Cholera and Diarrhœa Mixture. (4829.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	3 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	3 ounces
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	72 fl. ounces

Cholera or Diarrhœa Mixture. (5148.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	36 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Christison's Cough Mixture. (583.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Christison's Cough Mixture. (806.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Christison's Pill. (7218.)

Pilula Colocynthidis et Hyoscyami, B.P.

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix and divide into 2 or 2½ grain pills.

Christison's Pill. (7400.)

Compound Pill of Colocynth, B.P. 1867	2 ounces
Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix and divide into 2-grain pills.

Churchill's Tincture of Iodine. (7390.)

Tinctura Iodi (Churchill). (C.)

Iodine, Resublimed	3 oz. 131 grains
Potassium Iodide	289 grains
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (95 per cent.), sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the potassium iodide in the water, then add the iodine, and, lastly, enough alcohol to make the tincture, when completed, measure 20 fluid ounces.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cinchona Wine. (7152.)

Liquid Extract of Cinchona	1 fl. ounce
Detannated Sherry	80 fl. ounces

Mix and allow to stand for fourteen days in a cool place, then filter.

Cinchona Wine. (7153.)

Cinchona Bark, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Port Wine, or other Red Wine	40 fl. ounces

Macerate the cinchona bark in the alcohol for twenty-four hours, then add the port wine and macerate for ten days; strain, press, and filter.

Cinchona Wine. (7154.)

Cinchona Bark, in coarse powder	20 ounces
Detannated Sherry or White Malaga Wine	500 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	50 ounces
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. ounce

Macerate the cinchona bark in the wine for eight days, then strain and press; next add the sugar and tincture of orange; allow to stand for fourteen days in a cool place, then filter.

Clark's Liver Mixture. (3980.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	48 minims
Spirit of Juniper	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Buchu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Clark's Liver Pill. (516.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Clark's Liver Pill. (517.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Clark's Liver Pill. (518.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Clemen's Solution. (7207.)

Liquor Potassii Arseniatis et Bromidi, N.F.

Arsenious Anhydride	73 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	73 grains
Bromine	113 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	16 fl. ounces

Add the bromine after dissolving the other ingredients.

Clovine for Toothache. (6893.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	16 grains
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces

Rub the solids in a mortar until solution is effected; add the oil, and mix.

Cocaine and Menthol Spray. (7230.)

Nebula Cocainæ cum Menthol. (A.)

Cocaine	10 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Liquid Paraffin	7 fl. drachms

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Codeine Jelly. (10,205.)

Codeine	87½ grains
Citric Acid	2 ounces
Gelatin	8 ounces
Glycerin	48½ ounces
Terpeneless Oil of Lemon	4 minims
Balsam of Tolu Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Boil the tolu in water as in making Syrupus Tolutanus. Of the liquor so prepared take 41 fluid ounces; in 34 fluid ounces of it soak the gelatin, and heat until dissolved, then add the glycerin. In the remaining 7 fluid ounces of liquor dissolve the codeine and citric acid, mix with the solution of gelatin, add the oil of lemon, and stir well together. Dose.—60 grains.

Codeine Pastilles.

Pastilli Codeinæ.

Codeine	3 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water	2 fl. drachms
Elixir of Saccharin (B.P.C.)	½ fl. drachm
Glyco-gelatin	720 grains

To make thirty pastilles, each of which will contain a tenth of a grain of codeine.

Cod-Liver Oil Emulsion. (6800.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Cod-liver Oil	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Cod-Liver Oil Emulsion. (7832.)

Arsenical Solution	144 minims
Compound Powder of Tragacanth (without sugar)	1½ ounces
Cod-liver Oil	12 fl. ounces
Compound Solution of Hypophosphites	4½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	72 minims
Elixir of Gluside	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-Liver Oil Emulsion. (7757.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	192 grains
Gum Tragacanth	48 grains
Elixir of Gluside	3 fl. drachms
Cod-liver Oil	24 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	3 fl. drachms
Yolks of Six Eggs.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cod-Liver Oil Emulsion with Bone Marrow. (5150.)

Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites	19 ounces
Glycerin Extract of Red Bone Marrow	1 ounce

Cod-Liver Oil Emulsion with Hypophosphites. (7629.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Gum Acacia	2½ ounces
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	15 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	8 minims
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Cold and Chill Mixture. (7498.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Cold and Fever Remedy. (6947.)

Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	2½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	800 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Orange Flower Water of Commerce, undiluted	1½ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (7519.)

Potassium Nitrate	64 grains
Essence of Camphor	10 minims
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Citrate (1=2)	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (8066.)

Potassium Citrate	7½ grains
Potassium Chlorate	10 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. drachm
Syrup of Orange	½ fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity	
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Cold, Catarrh, and Influenza Mixture. (7480.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Solution of Ammonium Citrate	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (5143.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (6567.)

Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Extract of Liquorice	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (P.J.F.)	3 fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Cold and Influenza Mixture. (6569.)

Extract of Liquorice	½ ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Cold Cream. (5461.)

Borax, in powder	360 grains
White Beeswax	12 ounces
Almond Oil	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Olive Oil	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose or Rose Geranium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces

Cold Cure Tablets. (7528.)

Cocoa	3½ pounds
Extract of Liquorice	1 pound
Liquorice Root, in powder	7 pounds
Refined Sugar, in powder	28 pounds
Fir-Wool Oil	9 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	2¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	225 minims
Oil of Peppermint	7 fl. ounces
Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	

Cold Cure Tablets. (8530.)

Acetanilide	50 grains
Ammonium Carbonate	100 grains
Camphor	50 grains
Quinine Sulphate	100 grains
Podophyllum Resin	10 grains

Mix, and divide into 200 lozenges.

Cold, Fever, and Influenza Mixture. (7050.)

Ammonium Chloride	30 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Potassum Chlorate	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	30 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	5 minims
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	3 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Cold Mixture. (1758.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Chlorodyne	14 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	½ fl. ounce
Camphor Water, sufficient to make	84 fl. ounces

Cold Mixture. (7604.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Potassium Nitrate	10 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	40 minims
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cold Mixture. (9111.)

Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1=8)	4 fl. drachms
Solution for Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Cold Mixture. (7726.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cold or Influenza and Tonic Capsules. (5455.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Ammonium Carbonate	2 grains

To be given in a capsule.

Cold or Influenza Mixture. (7677.)

Phenol	24 grains
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Complexion Pills. (507.)

Synonyms.—Blood Pills; Boil Pills.

Calcium Sulphide	1 ounce

Excipient, a sufficient quantity to form a mass.

Dose.—1/10 to 2 grains.

Composition Powder. (8447.)

Capsicum, in powder	¼ ounce
Cloves, in powder	¼ ounce
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Hemlock Spruce Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Laurel Berries, in powder	4 ounces

Compound Acacia Powder. (7377.)

Pulvis Acaciæ Compositus. (C.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	100 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	100 grains
Starch, in powder	100 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	100 grains
Boric Acid, in powder	20 grains

Triturate the powders together until thoroughly mixed. The product is used as an emulsifying agent.

Compound Ammonia and Camphor Mixture. (8542.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Spirit of Camphor	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Compound Balsam of Linseed and Liquorice. (7983.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	1 pound
Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	½ pound
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	½ pound
Tincture of Squill	½ pound
Distilled Water	4 pounds
Infusion of Linseed, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 pounds

Mix.

Compound Bismuth Mixture. (6532.)

Mistura Bismuthi Composita. (B.)

Bismuth Citrate	320 grains
Solution of Ammonia	*q.s.*
Chloroform	32 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Dilute Hydrocyanic Acid	128 minims
Solution of Carmine (No. 8184)	32 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Rub the bismuth citrate with a little water, add solution of ammonia until the salt is just dissolved, and make up to 6 ounces with distilled water. Dissolve the chloroform in the tincture of nux vomica, and add to the bismuth solution, then add the solution of carmine and filter, wash the filter paper with sufficient distilled water to produce with the hydrocyanic acid 8 fluid ounces of finished product. (Each fluid drachm is equivalent to one drachm of the B.P. bismuth solution, 10 minims of spirit of chloroform, 7½ minims of tincture of nux vomica and 2 minims of hydrocyanic acid.)

Dose.—½ to 1 drachm.

Compound Bismuth Mixture with Morphine. (6533.)

Mistura Bismuthi Composita cum Morphina. (B.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Compound Bismuth Mixture	3 fl. ounces

Dissolve. (Each fluid drachm contains one twenty-fourth part of a grain of morphine hydrochloride.)

Dose.—½ to 1 drachm.

Compound Bismuth Mixture with Pepsin. (6534.)

Mistura Bismuthi Composita cum Pepsino. (B.)

Bismuth Citrate	320 grains
Solution of Ammonia	*q.s.*
Soluble Scale Pepsin	64 grains
Chloroform	32 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Dilute Hydrocyanic Acid	128 minims
Solution of Carmine (Martindale)	32 minims
Distilled Water sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Rub the bismuth citrate with a little water, add solution of ammonia until the salt is just dissolved, and make up to 4 ounces with distilled water. Dissolve the pepsin in 2 ounces of water and add to the bismuth solution, then add the chloroform dissolved in the tincture of nux vomica, and the carmine solution, filter and wash the filter paper with sufficient water to produce with the hydrocyanic acid 8 fluid ounces of finished product

Each fluid drachm is equivalent to—

Solution of Bismuth	1 drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	10 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	7½ minims
Pepsin	1 grain
Hydrocyanic Acid	2 minims

Dose.—½ to 1 drachm.

Compound Black Currant Cough Mixture. (3605.)

Chlorodyne	10 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Cascara Sagrada Pills. (7995.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Compound Catechu Mixture. (7313.)

Catechu, in powder	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Caraway	10 drops
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix together the strong tincture of ginger, spirit of chloroform, oil of caraway, and tragacanth in a bottle; add fifteen fluid ounces of the distilled water and shake immediately; reserve. Dissolve the catechu in fifteen fluid ounces of boiling distilled water; triturate the prepared chalk with the solution; add to the reserved liquid. Add the glycerin, tincture of catechu, and sufficient distilled water to produce forty fluid ounces of the mixture.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Compound Chamomile Pills. (7790.)

Ginger	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Compound Chloroform Mixture. (7288.)

Mistura Tussi Rubra Concentrata. (A.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	80 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	40 minims
Dilute Hydrocyanic Acid	8 minims
Syrup of Virginian Prune, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the solution of morphine hydrochloride with the tinctures and acids; then add sufficient syrup to produce one fluid ounce.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Cocaine Spray. (6535.)

Nebula Cocainæ Composita. (B.)

Cocaine	2 grains
Menthol	4 grains
Eucalyptus Oil	6 minims
Camphor	4 grains
Spray Oil	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Compound Cocaine Spray. (7293.)

Nebula Cocainæ Composita. (A.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	3 grains
Menthol	10 grains
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Compound Cypripedin Pills. (4057.)

Extract of Cypripedium	3 ounces
Extract of Hops (P.J.F.)	2 ounces
Extract of Lettuce (P.J.F.)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Compound Elixir of Acetomorphine. (10.382.)

Acetomorphine	17½ grains
Terpine Hydrate	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	37½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	12½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Dose.—¼ to ½ fluid ounce.

Compound Elixir of Euonymus. (10,392.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	12½ fl. ounces
Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3½ ounces
Tincture of Euonymus	4 fl. ounces
Iridin	87½ grains
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Simple Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with 10 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth and ammonium citrate in 50 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, adding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next digest the iridin for twenty-four hours in the tincture of euonymus, and then filter. Mix the three solutions, and add sufficient simple elixir to make up the required volume. Finally, colour with the tincture of cochineal, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Elixir of Orange. (10,386.)

Tincture of Orange	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	2½ fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. ounces
Syrup	40 fl. ounces
Kaolin	10 ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix the tinctures, orange-flower water, alcohol, syrup, and 20 of water with the kaolin. Set aside for twenty-four hours; then filter and wash the filter with sufficient water to make up the required volume.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Elixir of Pepsin. (7345.)

Elixir Pepsini Compositum. (C.)

Synonyms.—Elixir Digestivum Compositum; Elixir of Digestive Ferments; Elixir of Lactated Pepsin.

Pepsin	175 grains
Pancreatin	17½ grains
Diastase	17½ grains
Lactic Acid	30 minims
Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cudbear	5 fl. ounces
Purified Talcum	1 ounce
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix the acids with the glycerin and water, add the pepsin, pancreatin, and diastase to this mixture, and macerate with occasional shaking until solution is apparently effected. Then add the tincture of cudbear and enough aromatic elixir to make 40 fluid ounces. Incorporate the purified talcum thoroughly with the mixture, and filter.

Compound Elixir of Pepsin and Bismuth. (10,401.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	12½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	3½ ounces
Morphine Acetate	43¾ grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	96 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	4 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Simple Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with 10 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth and ammonium citrate in 50 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next mix the acetic acid, the alcohol, and 5 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and dissolve the morphine acetate in the mixture. Mix the three solutions, add the tincture of nux vomica, then the hydrocyanic acid, and sufficient simple elixir to make up the required volume. Finally colour with the tincture of cochineal, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Eucalyptus Spray. (7292.)

Nebula Eucalypti Composita. (A.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	20 minims
Thymol	3 grains
Menthol	25 grains
Oil of Wintergreen	7 minims
Boric Acid	7 grains
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Compound Extract of Buchu. (2500.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Concentrated Decoction of Broom	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Burnt Sugar	15 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Compound Galbanum Tablets. (10,357.)

Compound Asafetida Tablets.

Asafetida	143 grains
Galbanum	143 grains
Myrrh	143 grains
Refined Sugar	143 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 minims

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Compound Glycerin of Heroine. (7356.)

Glycerinum Heroinæ Compositum. (C.)

Synonym.—Glycaphorm.

Heroine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Chloroform	20 minims
Alcohol	40 minims
Syrup of Roses	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the heroine in the distilled water and add the syrup of roses gradually, shaking after each addition. Dissolve the chloroform in the alcohol, add to the syrup; then add sufficient glycerin to make 20 fluid ounces.

Compound Glycerin of Talcum. (7358.)

Glycerinum Talci Compositum. (C.)

Boric Acid	3 ounces
Thymol	120 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	1 drachm
Oil of Wintergreen	2 drachms
Purified Talcum	50 ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the thymol and menthol in the oils. Boil the glycerin for five minutes and dissolve in it the boric acid, then add the talcum and the oils; triturate thoroughly until a homogeneous mixture results.

Compound Iodine Spray. (6536.)

Nebula Iodi Composita. (B.)

Iodine	1 grain
Carbolic Acid	4 grains
Spray Oil	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Compound Ichthyol Ointment. (7394.)

Unguentum Ichthyol Compositum. (C.)

Ichthyol	1 ounce
Solution of Lime	4 fl. ounces
Wool Fat, Anhydrous	2½ ounces
Soft Paraffin	5 ounces
Zinc Ointment	2½ ounces

Triturate the ichthyol with the lime water; add the wool fat gradually, under constant trituration, and then the other ingredients in a similar manner.

Compound Menthol Liniment. (7360.)

Linimentum Menthol Compositum. (C.)

Menthol	1 ounce
Liniment of Ammonium Iodide	49 fl. ounces

Mix and shake until the menthol is dissolved.

Compound Menthol Lozenges. (10,238.)

Potassium Chlorate	70 grains
Menthol	23 grains
Betacaine Hydrochloride	3 grains

Fruit Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Compound Menthol Spray. (7295.)

Nebula Mentholis Composita. (A.)

Menthol	30 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin, sufficient to make	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Compound Methyl Salicylate Liniment. (8527.)

Menthol	1 ounce
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Camphor	5 fl. ounces
Methyl Salicylate, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Mix, and colour, if desired, with 0·2 per cent. of red sanders wood.

Compound Mustard Oil. (7878.)

Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Volatile Oil of Mustard	1 fl. drachm
Olive Oil	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Ointment of Carbolic Acid. (7393.)

Unguentum Acidi Carbolici Compositum. (C.)

Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	4 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
Phenol	2 ounces
Olive Oil	2 ounces
Yellow Wax	2 ounces

Dissolve the sulphur in the previously heated olive oil and melt the wax in this solution with a gentle heat. Stir while cooling, and when nearly cold add the phenol and stir until dissolved. Rub the mercuric nitrate ointment in a mortar until smooth; then incorporate with it the mixture previously prepared.

Compound Pepsin Mixture. (7289.)

Mistura Pepsini Composita cum Bismutho. (A.)

Pepsin, in scales	320 grains
Tincture of Nux Vomica	13½ fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	6½ fl. drachms
Solution of Carmine	5 fl. drachms

Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate, a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the pepsin in fifteen fluid ounces of the solution of bismuth citrate; then add the tincture and acid. Finally, add the solution of carmine and sufficient of the solution of bismuth citrate to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm, in water.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Compound Pepsin Pills. (7992.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	1½ ounces
Pepsin	3 ounces
Purified Ox-gall	4½ ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Compound Pill of Iron Phosphate. (320.)

Synonyms.—Easton's Pills; Nerve Pills; Tonic Pills.

Iron Phosphate	160 grains
Quinine Phosphate	120 grains
Strychnine	5 grains
Compound Acacia Powder	of each a sufficient quantity.
Syrup of Glucose	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Compound Podophyllin Pills. (7792.)

Capsicum	9 grains
Hard Soap	36 grains
Podophyllum Resin	36 grains
Rhubarb Root	72 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	144 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	72 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	72 grains
Oil of Caraway	8 minims

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass.

Compound Podophyllin Pills. (7996.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Capsicum, in fine powder	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	1 ounce
Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Compound Podophyllin Pills. (7997.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	1½ ounces
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	3 ounces
Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Compound Potassium Iodide Mixture. (7316.)

Mistura Potassii Iodidi Composita. (L.)

Potassium Iodide	10 grains
Potassium Acetate	15 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	15 minims
Infusion of Buchu, sufficient to produce	½ fl. ounce

Compound Powder of Acetanilide. (7375.)

Pulvis Acetanilidi Compositus. (C.)

Acetanilide	7 ounces
Caffeine	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces

Reduce the ingredients separately to a fine powder and mix them thoroughly. Dose.—3 to 5 grains.

Compound Quinine, Camphor and Ammonia. (7908.)

Burnt Sugar	2 drops
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Resorcin Ointment. (7397.)

Unguentum Resorcini Compositum. (C.)

Resorcin	1 oz. 85 grains
Zinc Oxide	1 oz. 85 grains
Bismuth Subnitrate	1 oz. 85 grains
Oil of Cade	2 fl.oz. 192 mins.
Soft Paraffin, white	7 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	7 ounces

Triturate the resorcin to a fine powder with the aid of a little ether, and allow the ether to evaporate; then mix the powders, and incorporate with the remainder of the ingredients. This ointment darkens on exposure to air and light, and should be kept in well-closed containers.

Compound Resorcin Ointment. (6561.)

Unguentum Resorcini Compositum. (B.)

Resorcin	80 grains
Distilled Water	80 minims
Oil of White Birch	80 minims
Oxide of Zinc	80 grains
Soft Paraffin	320 grains
Wool Fat	320 grains

Dissolve the resorcin in the water and mix with the other ingredients.

Compound Rose Powder. (7076.)

Oil of Rose	of each 1 minim.
Chloroform	
Gum Acacia, in powder	145 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	840 grains
Solution of Carmine	13 minims

Mix. Used as a diluent for powders, such as calomel or grey powder.

Compound Salicylated Collodion. (7388.)

Collodium Salicylatum Compositum. (C.)

Synonym.—Corn Collodion.

Salicylic acid	1 oz. 45 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	90 grains
Alcohol	1 fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion, sufficient to produce	10 ounces

Dissolve the extract of Indian hemp in alcohol and the salicylic acid in about 5 ounces of flexible collodion contained in a tared bottle. Then add the former solution to the latter, and finally add enough flexible collodion to make 10 fluid ounces.

Compound Soap Tablets. (10,197.)

Opium, in powder	100 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	300 grains
Refined Sugar	100 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Compound Solution of Borax. (7367.)

Liquor Boracis Compositus. (C.)

Synonym.—Dobell's Solution.

Borax	131 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	131 grains
Phenol	26 grains
Glycerin	5 fl. drachms 36 minims
Water, sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the salts in about 10 fluid ounces of water, and then add the glycerin and the carbolic acid, previously liquefied by warming, and, lastly, enough water to make 20 fluid ounces.

Compound Solution of Bromides. (6526.)

Liquor Bromidi Compositus. (B.)

Chloral Hydrate	96 grains
Potassium Bromide	96 grains
Extract of Henbane	1 grain
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 grain
Extract of Liquorice	9 grains
Oil of Orange Peel	1 minim
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix and allow to settle, then filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 drachm.

Compound Solution of Bromo-Chloral. (7363.)

Liquor Bromo-Chloral Compositus. (C.)

Chloral Hydrate	68 grains
Potassium Bromide	68 grains
Tincture of Indian Hemp	40 minims
Tincture of Orange Peel	40 minims
Henbane Juice	160 minims
Syrup	3¾ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the potassium bromide in 7 ounces of water, and mix all the other ingredients except the water together. Add the solution of potassium bromide, filter and wash the filtrate with enough distilled water to make 20 fluid ounces. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Solution of Thymol. (6530.)

Liquor Thymol Compositus. (B.)

A.

Benzoic Acid	64 grains
Borax	64 grains
Boric Acid	128 grains
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

B.

Thymol	20 grains
Menthol	6 grains
Eucalyptol	4 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	4 minims
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Oil of Thyme	1 minim
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Mix solutions A and B, make up to 20 fluid ounces with distilled water, and filter.

Compound Spirit of Orange. (7380.)

Spiritus Aurantii Compositus. (C.)

Oil of Orange Peel	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Coriander	3 fl. drachms 12 minims
Oil of Anisi	48 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix and keep in completely filled, well-stoppered bottles, in a cool dark place.

Compound Sulphur Ointment. (7398.)

Unguentum Sulphuris Compositum. (C.)

Calcium Carbonate, precipitated	1 ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1½ ounces
Oil of Cade	1½ ounces
Soft Soap	3 ounces
Lard	3 ounces

Mix the lard with the soft soap and oil of cade; then gradually incorporate the sublimed sulphur and precipitated calcium carbonate.

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Compound Sulphur Lotion. (7736.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Eau de Cologne	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Compound Sulphur Tablets. (1962.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ pound
Precipitated Sulphur	2½ pounds
Flavoured Sugar Basis	4½ pounds

Compound Suprarenalin and Menthol Snuff. (7587.)

Boric Acid, in powder	240 grains
Camphor, in powder	20 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Suprarenalin Powder	1 grain
Lycopodium	2 ounces
Menthol, in powder	60 grains
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	10 minims

Mix thoroughly. Dose.—A pinch to be applied to each nostril every two or three hours.

Compound Syrup of Bromides. (3607.)

Ammonium Bromide	180 grains
Calcium Bromide	30 grains
Lithium Bromide	150 grains
Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Sodium Bromide	180 grains
Strontium Bromide	120 grains
Burnt Sugar	10 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	7 fl. ounces

Compound Syrup of Camphor. (7632.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squills	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Syrup of Horehound, Honey, and Tolu. (1547.)

Borax of Honey	1 ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform (1 in 10)	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Senega	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Horehound, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Dose. — 1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. (7297.)

Syrupus Hypophosphitum Compositus. (A.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	20 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	40 grains
Soluble Ferric Pyrophosphate	20 grains
Strychnine Hydrochloride	1¼ grains
Quinine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Hypophosphorous Acid	20 minims
Alcohol (20 per cent.)	150 minims
Refined Sugar	15⅝ ounces
Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.
Syrup	

Dissolve the hypophosphites in two fluid ounces of distilled water and add the acid; then dissolve the ferric pyrophosphate in half a fluid ounce of distilled water, mix the two solutions, and filter. Make a syrup by dissolving the sugar in five and a-half fluid ounces of boiling water and adding the mixed solutions; then add the strychnine and quinine hydrochlorides, previously dissolved in the alcohol, filter, and add sufficient syrup to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. (7384.)

Syrupus Hypophosphitum Compositus. (C.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	1,920 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	2,560 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	1,280 grains
Manganese Hypophosphite	160 grains
Quinine	80 grains
Strychnine	20 grains
Ferrous Sulphate	240 grains
Hypophosphorous Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Refined Sugar	130 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity	160 fl. ounces

Dissolve the calcium, sodium, and potassium hypophosphites in the order named in 70 fluid ounces of boiling water; then dissolve the manganese hypophosphite in 10 fluid ounces of hot water, and dissolve the alkaloids in this solution, using only sufficient hypophosphorous acid to effect solution. Mix the two solutions and filter, if necessary. Percolate the filtrate through the sugar to form a syrup. Next, dissolve 240 grains of crystallised ferrous sulphate in 1½ fluid ounces of water (with the aid of 1½ fluid drachms of concentrated phosphoric acid), also dissolve 163 grains of calcium hypophosphite in 1½ fluid ounces of water. Mix the two solutions, let stand a few hours, and filter out the precipitate. (The solution will contain 160 grains ferrous hypophosphite.) Add the filtrate to the syrup and pass sufficient water through the percolator to make the finished product measure 160 fluid ounces. Each fluid ounce contains 16 grains of sodium hypophosphite, 12 grains of calcium hypophosphite, 8 grains of potassium hypophosphite, and 1 grain each of the hypophosphites of manganese and iron, ½ grain of quinine, and 1/8th grain of strychnine. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. (7385.)

Syrupus Hypophosphitum Compositus (2). (C.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	2¼ oz. 58 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	2¾ oz. 80 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	1¼ oz. 94 grains
Manganese Hypophosphite	80 grains
Quinine	40 grains
Strychnine	10 grains
Ferrous Sulphate, in Crystals	120 grains
Hypophosphorous Acid, Dilute, a sufficient quantity.	
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	45 minims
Refined Sugar	65 ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Dissolve the sodium and potassium hypophosphites and 960 grains of calcium hypophosphite in 35 fluid ounces of boiling distilled water. Dissolve the manganese hypophosphite in 5 fluid ounces of hot distilled water, and dissolve the alkaloids in this solution, with the aid of a minimum quantity of dilute hypophosphorous acid. Mix the two solutions and filter, if necessary. Make a syrup by dissolving the sugar in the filtrate by percolation. Dissolve the ferrous sulphate in 5 fluid drachms of water, with the aid of the concentrated phosphoric acid. Also dissolve 82 grains of calcium hypophosphite in 6 fluid drachms of water; mix this solution with the ferrous solution, let the mixture stand for twelve hours and filter out the precipitate. (The filtrate will contain approximately 80 grains of ferrous hypophosphite.) Mix the filtrate with the syrup and pass enough water through the percolator to make the finished product measure 80 fluid ounces. Each fluid ounce of this syrup contains sodium hypophosphite, 16 grains; calcium hypophosphite, 12 grains; potassium hypophosphite, 8 grains; manganese and ferrous hypophosphites, 1 grain each; quinine, ½ grain; and strychnine, ½ grain Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Compound Tablets of Acetanilide. (10,172.)

Acetanilide	200 grains
Caffeine Citrate	100 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	100 grains
Glucose	25 grains

Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Compound Tablets of Acetanilide with Codeine. (10,173.)

Acetanilide	200 grains
Caffeine Citrate	100 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	100 grains
Codeine	16⅔ grains
Glucose	25 grains

Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Compound Tablets of Aloin. (10,163.)

Aloin	100 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	25 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	12½ grains
Refined Sugar	50 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	20 grains

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Compound Tablets of Colocynth. (10,166.)

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	84 grains
Barbados Aloes, in powder	168 grains
Scammony Resin, in powder	168 grains
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	21 grains
Oil of Cloves	23 minims
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	1 fl. drachm

Alcohol (80 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Compound Tablets of Mercurous Chloride. (10,180.)

Mercurous Chloride	109 grains
Sulphurated Antimony	109 grains
Guaiacum Resin	219 grains
Refined Sugar	23 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	54 grains

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Compound Tablets of Podophyllum. (10,188.)

Podophyllin Resin	25 grains
Mercurous Chloride	100 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	16⅔ grains

Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Compound Tablets of Rhubarb. (10,195.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	132 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	98 grains
Myrrh, in powder	65 grains
Oil of Peppermint	9 minims
Refined Sugar	186 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	54 minims
Alcohol	36 minims

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Compound Tablets of Santonin. (10,196.)

Santonin	100 grains
Mercurous Chloride	100 grains
Cocoa, in powder	100 grains
Refined Sugar	100 grains

Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and with light compression make into 100 tablets.

Compound Tablets of Squill. (10,198.)

Squill, in powder	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	95 grains
Ammoniacum, in powder	95 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	95 grains
Refined Sugar	95 grains

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Compound Tablets of Zinc Valerianate. (10,203.)

Zinc Valerianate	100 grains
Asafetida	56·5 grains
Galbanum	56·5 grains
Myrrh	56·5 grains
Refined Sugar	40 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	80 minims
Alcohol	10 minims

Reduce the asafetida, galbanum, and myrrh to powder with the aid of the sugar; granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Compound Zinc Oleate Ointment. (7325.)

Unguentum Zinci Oleatis Compositum.

Ointment of Zinc Oleate	1 ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 ounce
Liquefied Carbolic Acid	24 minims
Sweet Oil of Almonds	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Rose Geranium	15 minims

Melt the ointment and wool fat together, and add the other ingredients.

Compressed Catechu Lozenges. (10,232.)

Catechu	100 grains
Gum Acacia	120 grains
Refined Sugar	3·5 ounces

Theobroma and Acacia Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 lozenges.

Compressed Krameria Lozenges. (10,239.)

Extract of Krameria	100 grains
Gum Acacia	120 grains
Black Currant Paste	175 grains
Refined Sugar	3·1 ounces
Theobroma and Acacia Emulsion	87·5 grs. or *q.s.*

Incorporate the fruit-paste with the theobroma emulsion by heating together on a water-bath, granulate, dry, and make into 100 lozenges.

Compressed Morphine and Ipecacuanha Lozenges. (10,240.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	2 4/5 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	8½ grains
Gum Acacia	120 grains
Refined Sugar	3½ ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	36 minims

Theobroma and Acacia Emulsion (acacia), a sufficient quantity.

Mix the powders, then incorporate the tincture of balsam of tolu, by trituration, granulate, dry, and make into 100 lozenges.

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Compressed Potassium Chlorate Lozenges. (10,380.)

Potassium Chlorate	300 grains
Gum Acacia	90 grains
Refined Sugar	3·5 ounces
Theobroma Emulsion (made with rose water and acacia), a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 lozenges.

Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses. (10,093.)

Dried Red Rose Petals, in No. 20 powder	20 parts
Diluted Sulphuric Acid Alcohol (20 per cent.), of each sufficient to make	100 parts

Moisten the powder with some of the alcohol containing one-fortieth its volume of the diluted sulphuric acid, macerate for two hours, then pack in a glass percolator, and percolate slowly with more of the acidulated alcohol, until 92½ has been collected. Add to this 7½ of diluted sulphuric acid, set aside for seven days, filter. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian. (9997.)

Gentian Root, in No. 10 powder	10 parts
Dried Bitter Orange Peel, in No. 10 powder	10 parts
Tincture of Lemon	10 parts
Tincture of Orange	5 parts
Alcohol	17·5 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Mix the tinctures with the alcohol, and repercolate the drugs with dilute chloroform water, adding the mixed tinctures to the reserved portion. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Compound Infusion of Orange. (9933.)

Dried Bitter Orange Peel, in No. 10 powder	20 parts
Dried Lemon Peel, in No. 10 powder	5 parts
Cloves, freshly powdered	2·5 parts
Tincture of Lemon	5 parts
Tincture of Orange	5 parts
Alcohol, a sufficient quantity.	
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Macerate the powdered cloves in 20 of the alcohol for twelve hours, filter through cotton wool and pass through the marc sufficient alcohol to make the filtrate measure 20. Add the tinctures and set aside. Mix the other powders and submit them to macero-expression with dilute chloroform water, adding the mixed tinctures to the reserved portion. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Bearberry. (10,241.)

Bearberry Leaves, in No. 20 powder	40 parts
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by repercolation. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Broom. (10,147.)

Broom Tops, in No. 20 powder	80 parts
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to produce	100 parts

Prepare by repercolation. Before the addition of the alcohol to the reserved portion this should be heated to a temperature of not less than 85° C., and maintained thereat for five minutes. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

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Concentrated Infusion of Buchu.

Buchu Leaves, in No. 20 powder	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Percolate the drug with the alcohol, previously mixed with an equal volume of distilled water; then continue the percolation with more water until the product measures one pint.

Concentrated Infusion of Buchu. (9954.)

Buchu Leaves, bruised	40 parts
Tincture of Buchu	22·5 parts
Alcohol	10 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by macero-expression. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Concentrated Infusion of Calumba. (9955.)

Calumba Root, in No. 10 powder	40 parts
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by macero-expression. Before the addition of the alcohol to the reserved portion, the latter should be heated to a temperature of not less than 85°, and maintained thereat for five minutes. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Cascarilla. (9958.)

Cascarilla Bark, in No. 40 powder	40 parts
Tincture of Cascarilla	7·5 parts
Alcohol	20 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by macero-expression. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Chamomile. (9925.)

Chamomile Flowers, in powder	40 parts
Oil of Chamomile	0·2 part
Alcohol (20 per cent.), sufficient to make	100 parts

Mix the oil of chamomile thoroughly with the powder, and submit the latter to repercolation. Dose.—As a stomachic, 1 to 4 fluid drachms; as an emetic, 5 to 10 fluid drachms.

Concentrated Infusion of Chiretta. (9976.)

Chiretta, in No. 40 powder	40 parts
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by repercolation. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Cloves. (9957.)

Cloves, in No. 10 powder	20 parts
Alcohol (20 per cent.), sufficient to produce	100 parts

Macerate the drug in 50 of the menstruum for seven days, strain, pack the marc in a percolator, and percolate slowly, first with the tincture, and subsequently with the dilute alcohol, until the process is completed.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Cusparia. (9994.)

Cusparia Bark, in No. 40 powder	14 parts
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by macero-expression. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Concentrated Infusion of Digitalis. (9996.)

Dilute Leaves, in No. 20 powder	5·5 parts
Alcohol	20 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by macero-expression. Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

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Concentrated Infusion of Hops. (10,075.)

Hops, freshly broken	40 parts
Alcohol, 1	
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), 3, sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by macero-expression. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Concentrated Infusion of Krameria. (9998.)

Synonym.—Concentrated Infusion of Rhatany.

Krameria Root, in No. 40 powder	40 parts
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by repercolation. Before the addition of the alcohol to the reserved portion this should be heated to a temperature of not less than 85° C., and maintained thereat for five minutes. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Orange. (9941.)

Dried Bitter Orange Peel, in No. 10 Powder	40 parts
Tincture of Orange	5 parts
Alcohol	22·5 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by repercolation. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Quassia. (10,356.)

Quassia Wood, in No. 20 powder	7·5 parts
Alcohol	20 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by repercolation. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Rhubarb. (10,086.)

Rhubarb Root, in No. 10 powder	40 parts
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by repercolation. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Senega. (10,148.)

Senega Root, in No. 20 powder	40 parts
Strong Solution of Ammonia	0·5 part
Oil of Wintergreen	0·15 part
Alcohol, 1	
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), 3, sufficient to make	100 parts

Mix the powder with the strong solution of ammonia and sufficient menstruum to damp it evenly. Complete by repercolation. Dissolve the oil of wintergreen in the product. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Infusion of Senna. (10,149.)

Senna Leaves, broken small	80 parts
Strong Tincture of Ginger	2·5 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), 3, sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by macero-expression. After completing the process, add the essence of ginger. Heat in a closed vessel by means of a water-bath to a temperature of 85° C., and maintain thereat for five minutes. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm; as a draught, 2 fluid drachms, diluted with water.

Concentrated Infusion of Serpentary. (10,150.)

Serpentary Rhizome, in No. 20 powder	40 parts
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Prepare by repercolation. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

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Concentrated Infusion of Valerian. (10,242.)

Valerian Rhizome, in No. 20 powder	40 parts
Strong Solution of Ammonia	0·3 part
Alcohol	25 parts
Dilute Chloroform Water (1 in 1,000), sufficient to make	100 parts

Mix the powder with the strong solution of ammonia and sufficient chloroform water to damp it evenly, set aside fo two hours, and then submit it to repercolation. Dose.— ½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Concentrated Tonic Elixir. (8696.)

Quinine Hydrochloride	20 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin of Pepsin	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Confection for Thrush. (2695.)

Confection of Hips	8 ounces
Borax	1 ounce

Congreve's Liniment. (6920.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	3½ fl. drachms
Liniment of Soap	3½ fl. drachms
Oil of Cajuput	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	3½ fl. drachms

Cooling and Aperient Powder. (7952.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	4½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	4½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Conium Ointment, Improved. (9333.)

Juice of Conium, 160 parts evaporated to	20 parts
Wool Fat	15 parts
Soft Paraffin	65 parts

Mix the concentrated juice with the wool fat, then add the soft paraffin.

Cooling and Fever Powder. (7693.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	1 ounce

Mix.

Corn and Wart Paint. (7103.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Zinc Chloride	30 grains
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Corn and Wart Solvent. (6617.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Lactic Acid	12 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces
Ether	½ fl. ounce

Corn and Wart Solvent. (7732.)

Salicylic Acid	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Collodion	2 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Cure. (1242.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	96 grains
Collodion	12 fl. ounces

Corn Paint. (1751.)

Synonym.—Corn Solvent.

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	73 grains
Flexible Collodion	8 fl. ounces

Corn Paint. (7260.)

Salicylic Acid, in powder	240 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	40 grains
Ether	4 fl. drachms
Flexible Collodion	3½ fl. ounces

Corn Paint. (7833.)

Salicylic Acid	1 ounce
Picric Acid	10 grains
Aniline Oil (green)	5 grains
Frankincense	½ ounce
Castor Oil	¼ ounce
Collodion, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Corn Paint. (7890.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Flexible Collodion	1½ fl. drachms
Methylated Collodion	5½ fl. drachms

Mix.

Corn Plaster. (168.)

Synonym.—Anodyne Salicylic Plaster.

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	2½ ounces
Rubber Basis	5½ ounces

Mix to form a plaster.

Corn Plaster. (2378.)

Synonyms.—Corn Leaf or Silk; Anodyne Salicylic Plaster.

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Rubber Plaster Basis	2 ounces

Mix and spread on silk.

Corn Plaster. (7654.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Rubber Basis	7 ounces

Mix.

Corn Silk. (7633.)

Synonyms.—Corn Leaf; Corn Plaster.

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Rubber Plaster	2 ounces

Mix, and spread on silk or adhesive plaster.

Corn Silk. (7634.)

Synonyms.—Corn Leaf; Corn Plaster.

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Green Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Rubber Plaster	7 ounces

Mix, and spread on silk or adhesive plaster.

Corn Silk. (7640.)

Synonyms.—Corn Leaf; Corn Plaster.

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Rubber Plaster	7 ounces

Mix, and spread on silk or adhesive plaster.

Corn Solvent. (7504).

Salicylic Acid	½ ounce
Resin	½ ounce
Ether	3 fl. ounces

Corn Solvent. (1550.)

Acetic Acid	80 per cent.
Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	

Corn Solvent. (2642.)

Salicylic Acid	270 grains
Collodion	12 fl. drachms
Ether	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Indian Hemp	4 fl. drachms

Corn Solvent. (3727.)

Salicylic Acid	180 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	30 grains
Flexible Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Corn Solvent. (7744.)

Chromic Acid	100 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Corn Solvent. (8135.)

Salicylic Acid	40 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	80 grains
Collodion	4 fl. ounces

Cosmetic Cream. (10,430.)

Borax, in finest powder	4 parts
Hard Paraffin	12 parts
White Soft Paraffin	100 parts
Zinc Oxide	5 parts
Glycerin	5 parts
Tincture of Benzoin, simple	4 parts

Melt the hard and soft paraffins together. Add the borax; rub down the zinc oxide with the glycerin, add to the melted paraffins; lastly, add the tincture. The cream may be perfumed as desired.

Coster's Paste. (7214.)

Iodine	120 grains
Rectified Oil of Tar	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve with the aid of gentle heat.

Cough and Chest Balsam. (8570.)

Benzoic Acid	1½ ounces
Camphor	60 grains
Glacial Acetic Acid	15 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	43 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	20 fl. ounces
Colouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup, sufficient to produce	2 gallons

Mix.

Cough and Cold Mixture. (8534.)

Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Raspberries	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	½ fl. ounce

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough and Wind Pills. (7707.)

Anise Fruit	2 ounces
Capsicum	1 ounce
Ginger	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root	1½ ounces
Lobelia Seed	2 ounces
Squill	1 ounce
Extract of Taraxacum	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Cough Drops. (6135.)

Purified Ether	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces

Cough Drops. (6945.)

Tartaric Acid	3 ounces
Refined Sugar	20 pounds
Oil of Anise	1 to 3 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 to 3 fl. drachms

Mix and divide into suitable drops.

Cough Drops. (7268.)

Guttæ Pectorales. (L.)

Tincture of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Benzoic Acid	1 drachm
Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	70 fl. ounces

Dissolve the benzoic acid and oil of anise in the tinctures and spirit; add the acid and syrup.

Cough Drops for Children. (4829.)

Cough Drops (No. 3792)	7½ fl. ounces
Syrup	7½ fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Elixir. (7750.)

Potassium Bromide	3 ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	3 ounces
Chlorodyne	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Red Poppy	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	48 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	56 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Elixir for Children. (1445.)

Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Strong Acetic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Compound Spirit of Opium (P.J.F.)	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Emulsion. (5156.)

Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Vinegar of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Honey	2 pounds
Distilled Water	3 pints

Cough Linctus. (6126.)

Ether	1 fl. drachm
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. drachms

Cough Linctus. (6869.)

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Antimonial Wine	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon, sufficient to produce	72 fl. ounces

Cough Linctus. (7611.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (7676.)

Oil of Anise	144 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Liquid Extract of Liquorice (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (7971.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel	18 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Linctus. (7971.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel	18 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	12 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	12 fl. ounces

Cough Liniment. (7718.)

Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Lozenges. (8595.)

Benzoic Acid	¼ ounce
Camphor	½ ounce
Chocolate Powder	5 pounds 5 ozs.
Extract of Liquorice	15 ounces
Menthol	273 grains
Fir-Wool Oil	1½ fl. ounces

Mix, and divide into 5-grain lozenges.
Dose.—1 to 4 lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (1965.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	78 grains
Essence of Lemon	½ fl. ounce
Extract of Liquorice, a sufficient quantity.	
Flavoured Basis, sufficient to make	7¾ pounds

Cough Lozenges. (5159.)

Tartaric Acid	1½ ounces
Balsam of Tolu	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	4 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Morphine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Lozenge Paste, sufficient to make	5 pounds

Mix, and divide into suitable lozenges.

Cough Lozenges. (7126.)

Balsam of Tolu	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Squill, in powder	30 grains
Tartaric Acid	90 grains
Oil of Rose	3½ minims
Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix.

Cough Lozenges. (7127.)

Oil of Anise	1½ fl. ounces
Solid Extract of Liquorice	20 ounces
Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	7 pounds

Mix.

Cough Lozenges. (7608.)

Antipyrin	2½ ounces
Cocaine Hydrochloride	40 grains
Ipecacuanha Root	400 grains
Refined Sugar	4 ounces
Squill	200 grains
Flavouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Black Currant Paste, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 pounds

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (2222.)

Benzoic Acid	32 grains
Camphor	20 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Senega	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	90 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	16 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	6 fl. ounces
Terebene	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Squill	15 fl. ounces
Decoction of Linseed, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Mixture. (1569.)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture. (1601.)

Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	10 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture. (2223.)

Cough Mixture for Adults (P.J.F., No. 1331)	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	16 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (2270.)

Oxymel of Squill	18 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	18 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	36 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (3824.)

Antimonial Wine	4 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture. (5146.)

Ammonium Carbonate	60 grains
Chlorodyne	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
White Wine Vinegar	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture. (7500.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Senega, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ fluid ounce.

Cough Mixture. (8562.)

Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Honey	8 ounces
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Tragacanth	15 fl. ounces
Solution of Tartarated Antimony (2 grains in 1 fl. ounce)	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform ('P.J.F.')	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	48 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Mixture. (5315.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	16 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture. (6636.)

Morphine Acetate	44 grains
Tartarated Antimony	30 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	½ pound
Chlorodyne	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	5 pounds
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	61 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture. (7526.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Chlorodyne	9 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed, sufficient to produce	72 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture. (8244.)

Ammonium Carbonate	32 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	80 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	80 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7585.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Hydrogen Peroxide	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	16 ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7690.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Treacle	½ pound
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7727.)

Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Mixture. (9051.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture. (7753.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Clarified Honey	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Acacia	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7761.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. ounces
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7775.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7799.)

Potassium Citrate	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	5 minims
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	3½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7813.)

Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (9133.)

Synonym.—Lung Tonic.

Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (F.J.F.)	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Treacle	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Irish Moss, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Mixture. (7867.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7887.)

Clarified Honey	5 pounds
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. ounces
Antimonial Wine	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 pounds

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7927.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (P.J.F.)	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Cough Mixture. (7940.)

Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	144 minims
Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	6 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7946.)

Synonym.—Lung and Chill Tonic.

Antimonial Wine	10 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	4 fl. ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	10 fl. drachms
Syrup or Glucose	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.
Burnt Sugar	

Mix.

Cough Mixture. (7906.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Orange-flower Water	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (6156.)

Heroine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce..	3 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2107.)

Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Chlorodyne	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	96 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Cough Mixture for Adults. (2207.)

Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of White Poppies	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	1 pound
Vinegar of Squill	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture for Adults. (7734.)

Chloral Hydrate	320 grains
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 pint

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children and Adults. (7505.)

Honey	1 pound
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor (without Opium)	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce

Cough Mixture for Children. (7738.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Essence of Almonds	30 minims
Essence of Vanilla	30 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Mixture for Children. (4929.)

Potassium Nitrate	240 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	2 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	32 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture for Children. (4837.)

Refined Sugar	6 ounces
Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	6 minims
Solution of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce..	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5141.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5739.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oxymel of Squill	8 fl. ounces
Syrup, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—5 to 15 minims.

Cough Mixture for Children. (5975.)

Ammonium Bromide	20 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Squill	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant	1 fl. drachm
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Dill Water, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Cough Mixture for Children. (5976.)

Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Lemon Juice	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Cough Pastilles. (7121.)

Solid Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Pastille Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	17 pounds

Mix.

Cough Pellets. (10,355.)

Benzoic Acid	1 1-3 ounces
Camphor	2 ounces
Chocolate	19 pounds
Extract of Liquorice	3 pounds
Liquorice Root, in powder	7 pounds
Menthol	3 ounces
Oil of Aniseed	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Pine	4 fl. ounces

Mix and divide into 12-grain pellets.

Cough Pills. (3731.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Cough Pills. (6667.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	10 grains
Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 grain
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	3 grains
Opium, in powder	3 grains
Squill, in powder	3 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	1½ minims
Syrup, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (7568.)

Ammoniacum	180 grains
Ginger	90 grains
Hard Soap	120 grains
Ipecacuanha Root	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Squill	90 grains
Tartarated Antimony	5 grains
Oil of Anise	24 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Pills. (2257.)

Ammoniacum, in powder	1 ounce
Benzoic Acid	½ ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Indian Hemp	½ ounce
Extract of Conium	½ ounce

Cough Pills. (9671.)

Pill of Ipecacuanha with Squill	2 ounces
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Cough Pills. (7569.)

Capsicum	8 grains
Ipecacuanha Root	4 grains
Liquorice Root	32 grains
Extract of Liquorice	16 grains
Oil of Anise	1 minim

Mix to form a mass.

Cough Pills. (7570.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 ounce
Compound Squill Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Cough Plaster. (9113.)

Belladonna Plaster, U.S.P.	5 ounces
Capsicum Plaster, U.S.P.	5 ounces
Adhesive Plaster, U.S.P.	90 ounces

Cough Syrup. (1735.)

Tragacanth, in powder	40 grains
Spirit of Anise	50 minims
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Simple Syrup, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Cough Syrup. (2246.)

Oxymel of Squill	1 pound
Syrup of Red Poppy	¼ pound
Concentrated Sweet Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces
Vinegar	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms

Cough Syrup. (2284.)

Clarified Honey	2 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Flavouring Oils	10 minims
Fuchsine, a sufficient quantity to colour.	

Cough Syrup. (7892.)

Potassium Bromide	660 grains
Antimonial Wine	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform	12 minims
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1 = 8)	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	10 fl. ounces
Raspberry Vinegar, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cough Syrup for Children. (7672.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	32½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	32½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cough Wafers. (7118.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	80 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	53 grains
Solid Extract of Liquorice	8 ounces
Tartarated Antimony	40 grains
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Oil of Cloves	40 minims
Oil of Spearmint	40 minims
Plain Basis, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pound

Mix.

Cramp Drops. (7720.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Cream Balm for Chapped and Rough Skin. (10,429.)

Hard Paraffin	30 parts
Petrolatum	200 parts
Sodium Nitrate	30 parts
White Wax	60 parts
Oil of Lemon	10 parts
Oil of Bitter Orange	2 parts
Oil of Sweet Almonds	120 parts
Water	30 parts

Dissolve the potassium nitrate in the water with gentle heat. Melt the paraffins and wax in the oil, add the nitro solution and stir until cold, adding the essential oils when the cream has nearly set.

Cream Ointment. (1538.)

Zinc Ointment	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce

Cream to Prevent Insect Bites. (10,428.)

White Vaseline	10 parts
Cajuput Oil	3 parts
Eugenol	50 parts
Eucalyptus Oil	5000 parts

Creosote Parogen. (9117.)

Synonym.—Creosote Vasoliment.

Creosote	5 parts
Parogen	95 parts

Critchett's Eye-Wash. (7248.)

Lapis Divinus	4 grains
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces

Critchett's Eye-Wash. (7249.)

Boric Acid	8 grains
Cherry-Laurel Water	½ fl. ounce
Elder-flower Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Cubeb and Copaiba Paste. (7277.)

Pasta Cubebæ et Copaibæ, L.R.I., Lock.

Cubebs in Powder	1½ ounces
Copaiba	½ ounce
Extract of Henbane	30 grains
Camphor	30 grains

Treacle, sufficient to make a stiff paste.

Dose.—30 grains three times a day.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Cubeb Lozenges. (10,234.)

Cubebs	50 grains

Fruit Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 100 lozenges.

Cyanide Gauze. (10,226.)

Double Cyanide of Zinc and Mercury	3 ounces
Solution of Perchloride of Mercury (1 in 4,000)	200 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton Gauze	97 ounces

Aniline Violet, a sufficient quantity.

Diffuse the cyanide of zinc and mercury in the solution of perchloride of mercury, and colour lightly with aniline violet. Place the gauze in the mixture, agitating, so that the insoluble powder is equally diffused over the gauze. When the whole of the mixture is absorbed dry the gauze, and preserve it in well-closed vessels.

Dale's Plaster. (7250.)

Red Lead	6 ounces
Resin	3 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	3 ounces
Sweet (Colza) Oil	12 ounces

Boil the red lead and sweet oil to a proper consistence, then add the resin and beeswax, mix, and cast into rolls weighing each three-quarters of an ounce.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (7567.)

Ginger	18 grains
Rhubarb Root	18 grains
Extract of Barbados Aloes	12 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	18 grains
Oil of Chamomile	6 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Dandelion and Chamomile Pills. (7566.)

Socotrine Aloes	24 grains
Ginger	12 grains
Rhubarb Root	12 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	18 grains
Oil of Chamomile	3 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Dandruff Cure. (9545.)

Chloral Hydrate	62 parts
Resorcin	32 parts
Tannin	32 parts
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	240 parts
Glycerin	120 parts
Rose Water, to make	2500 parts

Dandruff Ointment. (9546.)

Ointment of Red Mercuric Oxide	1 part
Benzoated Lard	3 part

Decoction of Chamomile and Poppy. (6563.)

Chamomile Flowers	1 ounce
Poppy Capsules	½ ounce
Distilled Water	25 fl. ounces

Boil for ten minutes in a covered vessel; strain and pour sufficient distilled water over the contents of the strainer to make the strained product measure 10 fluid ounces.

Decolorised Tincture of Iodine. (7391.)

Tinctura Iodi Decolorata. (C.)

Iodine	250 grains
Strong Solation of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the iodine in the alcohol and add the ammonia solution. Keep the mixture in a warm place until decolorised.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Deodorised Alcohol. (7332.)

Alcohol Deodoratum. (C.)

Alcohol (95 per cent.)	160 fl. ounces
Quicklime, in powder	300 grains
Alum, in powder	150 grains
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1¼ fl. drachms

Mix the lime and alum intimately by trituration; add the alcohol and shake well, then add the spirit of nitrous ether, set aside for seven days and filter through powdered animal charcoal.

Depilatory. (10,426.)

Barium Sulphide, freshly prepared	1 part
Zinc Oxide	1 part
Water	q.s.

Mix the powders and add sufficient water to make a paste. The preparation should be applied to the surface from which it is required to remove the hairs, and scraped off in a minute or two.

Detannated Orange Wine. (7151.)

Orange Wine	1 gallon
Gelatin, in No. 100 powder	¼ ounce

Macerate for twenty-four hours, at a temperature not exceeding 15·5° C., with frequent agitation, and afterwards decant.

Detannated Sherry. (7149.)

Sherry	1 gallon
Gelatin, in No. 100 powder	¼ ounce

Macerate for twenty-four hours, at a temperature not exceeding 15·5° C., with frequent agitation, and afterwards decant.

Diachylon Ointment. (7396.)

Unguentum Emplastri Plumbi. (C.)

Lead Plaster	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	1 ounce
Oil of Bergamot	4 minims

Melt the lead plaster and paraffin together; when the mixture approaches the temperature of 71° to 76° C., add the oil and stir until cool.

Diaphoretic Mixture. (7777.)

Ammonium Carbonate	24 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	24 minims
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	160 minims
Camphor Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Cordial. (7749.)

Prepared Chalk	10 ounces
Ipecacuanha Root	60 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	4 ounces
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Cassia	½ fl. ounce
Sedative Solution of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	16 fl. ounces
Syrup of Saffron	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	24 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water	12 pints

Mix

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Diarrhœa Lozenges. (5434.)

Cardamom Seeds	30 grains
Catechu	328 grains
Opium	15 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	2 ounces
Mucilage of Acacia } of each sufficient to produce	16 ounces
Refined Sugar	

Mix and divide into suitable lozenges.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2468.)

Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1¼ fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	16 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7107.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	570 grains
Prepared Chalk	570 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (541.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	120 grains
Compound Powder of Opium	90 grains
Light Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	½ fl. drachm
Distilled water, sufficient to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1529.)

Chloroform	45 minims
Oil of Cassia	3 minims
Solution of Cochineal	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2025.)

Prepared Chalk	½ ounce
Magnesium Carbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Essence of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	90 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2269.)

Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar, in powder	1½ ounces
Oil of Cassia	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	9 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 pints

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1541.)

Gum Acacia	960 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	960 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	2 pints

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (1628.)

Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	2 ounces
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	4 pints

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2453.)

Compound Powder of Opium	15 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Mixture, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2629.)

Spirit of Camphor	160 minims
Aromatic Spirits of Ammonia	160 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	200 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (2701.)

Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	360 grains
Oil of Peppermint	24 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	24 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3015.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	300 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Chalk Mixture, sufficient to make	36 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3596.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	90 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Chlorodyne	15 minims
Oil of Peppermint	10 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	30 minims
Tincture of Kino	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3855.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3895.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	¼ ounce
Chloroform	40 minims
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1½ fluid ounces.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (3898.)

Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	33 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4099.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	180 grains
Prepared Chalk	240 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	480 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	30 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4556.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	4 ounces
Chloroform	80 minims
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	7 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (4837.)

Compound Powder of Chalk (P.L.)	360 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	480 grains
Tincture of Catechu	10 fl. drachms
Distilled or Peppermint Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5151.)

Camphor	60 grains
Prepared Chalk	3 ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (P.J.F.)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	24 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5977.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	4 ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	48 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (5192.)

Aromatic Confection	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	120 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	½ ounce
Tragacanth, in powder	15 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Lavender	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	32 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6180.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	120 grains
Chlorodyne	80 minims
Essence of Peppermint (B.P. 1885)	20 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (6280.)

Liquid Extract of Logwood	90 minims
Tincture of Catechu	90 minims
Chalk Mixture, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7594.)

Spirit of Camphor	160 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	160 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	200 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7598.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	1½ ounces
Prepared Chalk	2½ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Red Gum	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 8 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7612.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1¼ ounces
Species for Chalk Mixture	5 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7626.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1½ ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7648.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	40 grains
Chlorodyne	⅕ fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	2½ fl. drachms
Compound Chalk Mixture, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7681.)

Gum Acacia	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Tragacanth	30 grains
Oil of Cassia	15 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7694.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	900 grains
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	1½ ounces
Mucilage of Acacia	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	36 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7739.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	45 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	90 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	90 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Oil of Cassia	6 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7759.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	150 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	150 grains
Chlorodyne	90 minims
Concentrated Decoction of Logwood	2½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	100 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7774.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Oil of Cinnamon	2 minims
Compound Solution of Chloroform (P.J.F.)	80 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7609.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Camphor Water	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7800.)

Prepared Chalk	2½ ounces
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Syrup	6 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Catechu	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7869.)

Compound Powder of Chalk	3 ounces
Chloroform	72 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Catechu	4½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Cinnamon Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7924.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	240 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	120 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Hamamelis	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Cassia	30 minims
Spirit of Peppermint	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	40 minims
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7955.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	½ fl. drachm
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (9746.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	2 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7961.)

Ammonium Carbonate	360 grains
Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Species for Chalk Mixture	2¼ ounces
Spirit of Peppermint	160 minims
Tincture of Catechu	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7808.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (7976.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	140 grains
Ginger	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Rhubarb Root	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Catechu	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 minims
Distilled Water	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Diarrhœa Mixture. (9235.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Species for Chalk Mixture	60 grains
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (3151.)

Prepared Chalk	32 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Mucilage of Acacia	80 minims
Syrup	80 minims
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (3729.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	480 grains
Prepared Chalk	480 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	200 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	800 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	400 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Cinnamon	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	100 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Diarrhœa Mixture for Children. (7679.)

Gum Acacia	1 ounce
Prepared Chalk	1 ounce
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Tragacanth	30 grains
Oil of Cassia	15 minims
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Diarrhœa Pills. (5965.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	720 grains
Camphor	720 grains
Lead Acetate, in powder	960 grains
Opium, in powder	36 grains

Extract of Gentian, a sufficient quantity.

Diarrhœa Powder. (7904.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix.

Diarrhœa Remedy or Drops. (3723.)

Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. ounce

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 minims in water.

Digestive and Liver Tonic. (7916.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin of Pepsin	½ fl. ounce
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Chiretta	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	12 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Candy. (7117.)

Cardamom Seeds, in powder	300 grains
Ginger Root, in powder	3½ ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1¼ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Refined Sugar	16 pounds

Mix and make into candy.

Digestive Candy. (7796.)

Caraway Fruits	½ ounce
Ginger	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Rhubarb Root	1 ounce
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Mix.

Digestive Drops. (6938.)

Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Pepsin Wine, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Digestive Liver Tonic. (6535.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Tincture of Euonymus, B.P.C.	400 minims
Iridin	16 grains
Tincture of Cochineal Simple Elixir	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next digest the iridin for twenty-four hours in the tincture of euonymus, and then filter. Mix the three solutions, and add sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces. Finally, colour with the tincture of cochineal, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

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Digestive Liver Tonic. (6533.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Morphine Acetate	8 grains
Diluted Acetic Acid	16 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	400 minims
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	200 minims
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cochineal Simple Elixir	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next mix the acetic acid, the alcohol, and one fluid ounce of the simple elixir, and dissolve the morphine acetate in the mixture. Mix the three solutions, add the tincture of nux vomica, then hydrocyanic acid, and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces. Finally, colour with the tincture of cochineal, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Digestive Liver Tonic. (6534.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Podophyllin Resin	16 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Cochineal Simple Elixir	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next dissolve the podophyllin resin in the aromatic spirit of ammonia, and add this solution to five fluid ounces of the simple elixir. Mix the three solutions, and add sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces. Finally colour with the tincture of cochineal, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Digestive Mixture. (7766.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Hops	5½ fl. ounces

Digestive Pills. (2729.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	180 grains
Bismuth Oxycitrate	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	240 grains
Myrrh, in powder	240 grains
Compound Rhubarb Pill	360 grains
Hard Soap	120 grains
Oil of Caraway	30 minims

Digestive Pills. (7855.)

Capsicum	2 ounces
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Digestive Pills. (7854.)

Canella Bark	2 ounces
Capsicum	1 ounce
Pepsin	2 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Extract of Rhubarb	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

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Digestive Pills. (7888.)

Compound Rhubarb Pill	3 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Digestive Powder. (6519.)

Pepsin, in powder (3,000 test)	60 grains
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Magnesium Carbonate (heavy)	120 grains

Mix, sift, and rub lightly in a mortar; then divide into twelve powders.

Dose.—One powder after meals.

Digestive Powder. (7592.)

Lactated Pepsin	120 grains
Bismuth Subnitrate	120 grains
Salol	60 grains

Mix and divide into twelve powders. Dose.—One powder immediately after each meal, in cases of acid dyspepsia.

Digestive Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6532.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	320 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and dissolve the iron and quinine citrate in ten fluid ounces of simple elixir. Mix the two solutions; then add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Digestive Quinine Tonic. (6531.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Quinine Hydrochloride	80 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid Simple Elixir	of each a sufficient quantity.

Dissolve the quinine hydrochloride in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if necessary, by adding a few drops of diluted hydrochloric acid. Mix the glycerole of pepsin with the solution of quinine hydrochlorate; then add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Digestive Syrup. (1526.)

Borax, in powder	10 grains
Capsicum, in powder	1 grain
Gentian Root, in powder	10 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Tasteless Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 fl. drachms
Compound Decoction of Aloes	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Sassafras	5 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	7 minims
Treacle, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Digestive Syrup. (7704.)

Borax	50 grains
Extract of Gentian	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. drachms
Concentrated Decoction of Aloes	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Solution of Taraxacum and Podophyllin	7½ fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	20 minims
Treacle	5 ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

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Digestive Syrup. (2602.)

Borax	60 grains
Dry Extract of Euonymus	20 grains
Extract of Chamomile	180 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	10 grains
Capsicum Fruit, in powder	10 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	90 grains
Treacle	3 ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes (without saffron)	3½ fl. ounces
Oil of Sassafras	10 drops
Oil of Wintergreen	5 drops
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	12 fl. ounces

Digestive Table Salt. (4880.)

Pepsin, in powder (3,000 test)	3 ounces
Prepared Table Salt (No. 7061)	97 ounces

Triturate thoroughly in a dry mortar, and sift.

Digestive Tonic. (2731.)

Ammonium Carbonate	20 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Digestive Tonic Tablet. (7053.)

Aloin	1/20 grain
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	⅛ grain
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 grain
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ grain
Oil of Peppermint	1/10 minim

Diluted Iodine Parogen. (9264.)

Synonym.—Diluted Iodine Vasoliment.

Iodised Vasoliment	60 parts
Parogen	40 parts

Diluted Mercury Ointment. (7146.)

Synonyms.—Blue Ointment; Trooper's Ointment.

Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Lard	2 ounces

Mix.

Diluted Solution of Iodine. (7365.)

Liquor Iodi Dilutus. (C.)

Iodine	440 grains
Potassium Iodide	600 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Dinner Pills. (7563.)

Capsicum	½ ounce
Chiretta	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass.

Dinner Pills. (7564.)

Capsicum	¼ ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Dinner Pills. (7565.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	4 ounces
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	4 ounces
Gingerin	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Disinfectant Fluid. (7659.)

Potassium Permanganate	80 grains
Distilled Water	1 pint

Mix.

Dispensary Linctus. (7834.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	1 pint
Syrup of Poppies (B.P. 1885)	1 pint

Mix.

Diuretic Mixture. (6295.)

Potassium Acetate	240 grains
Solution of Morphine Acetate	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Infusion of Buchu, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Dobell's Aperient. (7240.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	2 fl. ounces
Extract of Rhubarb	160 grains
Jalapin	80 grains
Podophyllin	3¼ grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	13¼ grains
Oil of Cloves	40 minims
Glycerin	400 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to produce	5 fl. ounces

Evaporate the extract of cascara to one-fourth; then mix with the other ingredients and filter. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Dobell's Solution. (7202.)

Liquor Sodii Boratis Compositus, N.F.

Borax	110 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	110 grains
Phenol	22 grains
Glycerin	4¾ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	16 fl. ounces

Donovan's Solution. (7203.)

Liquor Arsenii et Hydrargyri Iodidi, B.P.

Arsenious Iodide	87½ grains
Mercuric Iodide	87½ grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dover's Powder. (7196.)

Pulvis Ipecacuanhæ Compositus, B.P.

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	1 ounce
Potassium Sulphate, in powder	8 ounces

Dover's Tincture. (7232.)

Tincture of Opium	20 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), sufficient to produce	1 pint

Evaporate the tincture of opium to 16 ounces; then cool, add the liquid extract, filter, and pass the alcohol through the filter.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims for repeated administration; for a single administration, 20 to 30 minims.

Drops for the Ear. (7868.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Almond Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Dyspepsia Pills. (3852.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	¼ ounce
Extract of Chamomile	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Earache Drops. (7986.)

Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Easton's Pill. (320.)

Iron Phosphate	160 grains
Quinine Phosphate	120 grains
Strychnine	5 grains
Compound Acacia Powder Syrup of Glucose	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Easton's Pill. (7220.)

Ferrous Phosphate	1 grain
Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Strychnine, in powder	$\frac{1}{32}$ grain
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	1½ minims
Liquorice, in powder, sufficient to produce	5 grains

Mix to make a pill.

Easton's Syrup. (2250.)

Quinine Sulphate	48 grains
Solution of Ferrous Phosphate (1 to 7)	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	200 minims
Syrup, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Easton's Syrup. (7228.)

Syr. Ferri Phosphatis c. Quinina et Strychnina, B.P.

Iron, in wire	75 grains
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	1¼ fl. ounces
Strychnine, in powder	5 grains
Quinine Sulphate	130 grains
Syrup	14 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Prepare as directed in the B.P.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Easton's Syrup. (7302.)

Solution of Iron, Quinine, and Strychnine	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	7 fl. ounces

Mix. The product should correspond in strength to the B.P. syrup.

Eczema Ointment. (2611.)

Boric Acid	½ ounce
Ichthyol	¼ ounce
Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin, yellow	10 ounces
Wool Fat	5 ounces
Solution of Coal Tar	1 ounce

Eczema Ointment. (6138.)

Boric Acid, in powder	60 grains
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Creolin	88 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces
Benzoated Lard or Soft Paraffin, sufficient to produce	4 ounces

Eczema Ointment. (8860.)

Mercury Ointment	60 grains
Yellow Mercuric Oxide	30 grains
Creosote	2 minims
Prepared Lard	2 ounces

Eczema Ointment. (5536.)

Zinc Oleate	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Wool Fat	10 ounces

Eczema Ointment. (7044.)

Boric Acid, in powder	1 ounce
Ammoniated Mercury	½ ounce
Calamine	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Benzoated Lard	16 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	4 ounces
Solution of Coal Tar	½ fl. ounce

Eczema Ointment. (7588.)

Liquefied Phenol	320 minims
Zinc Oxide	1280 grains
White Soft Paraffin	6 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	12 ounces

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (7663.)

Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Ammoniated Mercury Ointment	60 grains
Olive Oil	60 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	300 grains

Mix.

Eczema Ointment. (7699.)

Boric Acid	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin	1 pound
Hydrous Wool Fat	1 pound
Creosote	6 fl. drachms
Almond Oil	1 pound
Rose Water	½ pound

Perfume, a sufficient quantity.

Mix.

Effervescent Aspirin. (6520.)

Aspirin Effervescens. (B.)

Aspirin	80 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Tartaric Acid	270 grains
Citric Acid	170 grains

Mix well and granulate on a water-bath. Each teaspoonful contains 5 grains of aspirin.

Dose.—1 to 2 drachms.

Effervescent Granule Basis. (10,151.)

Lunan's Formula.

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder...	55 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	26½ ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from uneffloresced crystals	21 ounces

Mix the sodium bicarbonate, the sugar or gluside, and the medicament when present, pass them through a No. 20 to No. 30 incorrodible sieve; subject the acids previously mixed to the same process, and thoroughly mix the two sifted powders. Place the mixed powders in layers on a suitable dish, pan or glass tray, heated to between 75° C. to 85° C. if required, but not to exceed the latter temperature. When the mass by means of proper manipulative kneading and compression has assumed a uniformly plastic condition, suitable for granulation, rub it through a No. 5 to No. 10 incorrodible sieve, according to the size of granule desired and most adapted to the special effervescent preparation. Dry the granules at a temperature not exceeding 50° C. The product should weigh about 95 ounces.

Effervescent Granules of Caffeine Citrate. (10,152.)

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder...	50 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	26 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from uneffloresced crystals	18 ounces
Refined Sugar, in dry powder	12 ounces
Caffeine Citrate, in dry powder	5 ounces

Prepare according to the process described for Effervescent Granule Basis, the product to weigh about 100 ounces.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Effervescent Granules of Iron and Ammonium Citrate. (10,153.)

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder...	50 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	26 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from uneffloresced crystals	18 ounces
Iron and Ammonium Citrate, in dry powder	10 ounces

Prepare according to the process described for Effervescent Granule Basis, the product to weigh about 100 ounces.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Effervescent Granules of Lithium Citrate. (10,154.)

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder...	53 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	30 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from uneffloresced crystals)	20½ ounces
Lithium Carbonate, in dry powder....	5 ounces

Prepare according to the process described for Effervescent Granule Basis, the product to weigh about 100 ounces.

Dose.—30 to 60 grains.

Effervescent Granules of Magnesium Sulphate. (10,155.)

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder...	37 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	19 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from uneffloresced crystals	13½ ounces
Soluble Gluside, in dry powder	⅛ ounce
Desiccated Magnesium Sulphate, powdered and dried at a temperature not exceeding 100° C., until it loses 20 per cent. of weight	40 ounces

Prepare according to the process described for Granular Effervescent Basis, the product to weigh about 100 ounces. The finished product will contain the equivalent of 50 per cent. $MgSO_4 7H_2O$.

Dose.—Repeated 60 to 120 grains; single ½ to 1 oz., best administered in warm water

Effervescent Granules of Potassium Citrate. (10,156.)

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder...	50 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	25 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from uneffloresced crystals	18 ounces
Potassium Citrate, in dry powder	20 ounces

Prepare according to the process described for Granular Effervescent Basis, the product to weigh about 100 ounces.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

Effervescent Granules of Sodium Citro-tartrate. (10,157.)

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder...	50 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	26 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from uneffloresced crystals	18 ounces
Refined Sugar, in dry powder	15 ounces

Prepare according to the process described for Granular Effervescent Basis, the product to weigh about 100 ounces.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains.

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Effervescent Granules of Sodium Phosphate. (10,158.)

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder ...	50 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	25 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from uneffloresced crystals	20 ounces
Desiccated Sodium Phosphate (Sodium Phosphate powdered and dried at 100 to 120° C., until it loses half its weight)	25 ounces

Prepare according to the process described for Granular Effervescent Basis, the product to weigh about 100 ounces.

Dose.—Repeated 60 to 120 grains; single, ¼ to ½ oz., preferably in warm water.

Effervescent Granules of Sodium Sulphate. (10,159.)

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder ...	50 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	23 ounces
Citric Acid, in powder from unеffloresced crystals	20 ounces
Desiccated Sodium Sulphate (Sodium Sulphate deprived of half its weight at 100° C.)	25 ounces

Prepare according to the process described for Granular Effervescent Basis, the product to weigh about 100 ounces.

Dose.—60 to 120 grains repeated; ¼ to ½ oz. for single, preferably in half a tumblerful of hot water.

Effervescent Laxative Citrate of Lithium. (6531.)

Lithii Citras Laxativa Effervescens. (B.)

Lithium Citrate	80 grains
Sodium Phosphate, dried	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	350 grains
Tartaric Acid	120 grains
Citric Acid	140 grains

Mix well and granulate.

Each teaspoonful contains the equivalent of 5 grains of lithium citrate and 30 grains of crystallised sodium phosphate.

Dose.—1 to 2 drachms.

Effervescent Saline. (7709.)

Synonym.—Grape Salt.

Tartaric Acid	3½ pounds
Magnesium Sulphate	½ pound
Potassium Chlorate	2 ounces
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 pounds

Mix.

Effervescent Saline Aperient. (6666.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Tartaric Acid	1 pound
Magnesium Sulphate	1 pound
Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Sodium Carbonate	1 pound

Effervescent Sodium Tartro-Sulphate. (10,160.)

Lunan's Formula.

Sodium Bicarbonate, in dry powder ...	41 ounces
Tartaric Acid, in dry powder	37 ounces
Soluble Gluside, in dry powder	⅛ ounce
Exsiccated Sodium Sulphate (deprived of all its water of crystallisation, 56 per cent.)	22 ounces

Mix the dry powders, expose them for an hour to a temperature of 50° C., and pass them through a No. 30 incorrodible sieve. The product should weight about 100 ounces, and contain 50 per cent. of sodium sulphate.

Dose.—Repeated 60 to 120 grains; single, ¼ to ½ oz., preferably administered in warm water.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Effervescing Pick-me-up. (1522.)

A

Ammonium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	9 fl. ounces
Tincture of Calumba	18 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

B

Citric Acid	1 oz. 312 grains
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 fluid ounce of (A) with 2 fluid drachms of (B) in water, during effervescence.

Electuary for Piles. (5153.)

Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Acid Potassium Tartrate	3 ounces
Confection of Senna	16 ounces
Sublimed Sulphur	8 ounces
Treacle	16 ounces

Elixir of Aletris. (10,384.)

Liquid Extract of Aletris	25 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir	45 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make ...	100 fl. ounces

Mix.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Ammonium Bromide. (7339.)

Elixir Ammonii Bromidi. (C.)

Ammonium Bromide	800 grains
Citric Acid	35 grains
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the ammonium bromide and citric acid in about 10 fluid ounces of aromatic elixir, by agitation. Then add enough aromatic elixir to made 20 fluid ounces and filter, if necessary. Each fluid drachm contains 5 grains of ammonium bromide.

Elixir of Anise. (7340.)

Elixir Anisi. (C.)

Synonym.—Aniseed Cordial.

Anethol	65 minims
Oil of Fennel	10 minims
Spirit of Bitter Almond	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9½ fl. ounces
Syrup	25 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces
Magnesium Carbonate	270 grains

Mix the anethol, the oil and the spirit of bitter almond with the deodorised alcohol, add the syrup and water, and set the mixture aside for twelve house. Then mix it intimately with the magnesium carbonate and filter it through a wetted filter, returning the first portions of the filtrate until it runs through clear.

Elixir of Bismuth. (10,387.)

Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3½ ounces
Distilled Water, hot	6 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia, a sufficient quantity.	
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to make ...	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve the bismuth and ammonium citrate in the hot water, and allow the solution to stand until any undissolved matter has subsided; decant the clear liquid, add to the residue just sufficient solution of ammonia to dissolve it, then add the decanted portion and sufficient aromatic elixir to make up the required volume. Filter if necessary.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Elixir of Cascara. (7278.)

Elixir Cascaræ. (A.)

Synonym.—Aromatic Cascara.

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada ...	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Gluside, soluble	56 grains
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Oil of Dill	2 minims
Oil of Cloves	2 minims
Oil of Cinnamon	2 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	96 minims

Dissolve the gluside in the liquid extracts and glycerin, previously mixed, and the oils in the alcohol; then mix the two solutions.

Dose.—30 minims for repeated administration; for a single administration, 1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Elixir of Cascara and Euonymin. (10,388.)

Dry Extract of Euonymus	1 ounce
Tincture of Lemon	25 fl. ounces
Tasteless Liquid Extract of Cascara ...	50 fl. ounces
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	100 fl. ounces

Add the dry extract of euonymus to the tincture of lemon. Then add the tasteless liquid extract of cascara and the glycerin.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Cinchona. (7167.)

Elixir Calisayæ. (A.)

Tincture of Yellow Cinchona (P.J.F.)	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Aromatic Elixir	12 fl. ounces

Mix, allow to stand awhile, and filter through a wetted filter.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Coca. (10,389.)

Miscible Liquid Extract of Coca	16½ fl. ounces
Simple Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Elixir of Euonymus. (10,391.)

Liquor Euonymin cum Pepsino.

Tincture of Euonymus	12½ fl. ounces
Pepsin, in scales	2¾ ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make ...	100 fl. ounces

Mix the acid with 50 fluid ounces of the water; then triturate the pepsin with the glycerin in a mortar and add gradually the acidified water, stirring constantly until the pepsin is dissolved. Next add the tincture, and, finally, sufficient distilled water to make up the required volume.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Glycero-Phosphate of Calcium and Sodium. (7343.)

Elixir Calcii et Sodii Glycero-Phosphatis. (C.)

Calcium Glycero-phosphate	320 grains
Sodium Glycero-phosphate	160 grains
Gluside	5 grains
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	150 grains
Tincture of Fresh Sweet Orange Peel	1¼ fl. ounces
Glycerin..	7½ fl. ounces
Sherry...	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the glycero-phosphates of calcium and sodium in 10 fl. ounces of distilled water with which the concentrated phosphoric acid has been previously mixed. Then add the glycerin, sherry, and the gluside dissolved in the tincture of orange and enough distilled water to make the finished elixir measure 40 fl. ounces. Filter through paper sprinkled with talcum. Each fluid drachm contains glycero-phosphate of calcium, 1 grain, and glycero-phosphate of sodium, ½-grain.

Elixir of Guarana. (10,395.)

Guarana, in No. 60 powder	20 ounces
Light Magnesia	2½ ounces
Oil of Cinnamon	24 minims
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix the powders, moisten with 15 fluid ounces of the alcohol, and macerate for twenty-four hours, mix with 40 ounces of coarse sand, pack in a percolator and percolate with the alcohol until 80 fluid ounces of percolate are obtained, press the marc and collect the expressed liquid. To the percolate add the syrup and the oil of cinnamon, and make up to 100 fluid ounces by addition of the expressed liquid, previously reduced by evaporation if necessary.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Elixir of Heroin with Terpene. (6522.)

Elixir Heroin cum Terpene. (B.)

Heroin	½ grain
Terpene Hydrate	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Virginian Prune Bark	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms

Dissolve the heroin and the terpene hydrate in the alcohol and add the glycerin and syrup of Virginian prune bark. (Each fluid drachm contains $\frac{1}{24}$ grain heroin and ⅔ grain terpene hydrate.)

Dose.—½ to 2 drachms.

Elixir of Iron, Quinine, and Strychnine Phosphates. (10,393.)

Soluble Ferric Phosphate	1¾ ounces
Quinine	⅞ ounce
Strychnine	12½ grains
Phosphoric Acid	87½ grains
Ammonium Carbonate	400 grains
Alcohol	6¼ fl. ounces
Acetic Acid	2¾ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to make ...	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve the quinine and strychnine in the alcohol, add the phosphoric acid and 35 fluid ounces of aromatic elixir. Add the acetic acid to the ammonium carbonate, and when dissolved neutralise with solution of ammonia and add sufficient distilled water to produce 5 fluid ounces. Mix this solution of ammonium acetate with the solution containing the alkaloids, and add sufficient aromatic elixir to produce 88 fluid ounces. Dissolve the ferric phosphate in 3 fluid ounces of distilled water by the aid of gentle heat · if the solution be acid, neutralise exactly with solution of ammonia, and add sufficient aromatic elixir to make the product measure 12 fluid ounces. Mix the two solutions, and filter if necessary.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Kola. (10,396.)

Liquid Extract of Kola	10 fl. ounces
Vanillin	43¾ grains
Syrup, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve the vanillin in the liquid extract of kola and add the syrup.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Elixir of Lithium Salicylate. (7344.)

Elixir Lithii Salicylatis. (C.)

Lithium Salicylate	800 grains
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the lithium salicylate in about 36 fl. ounces of aromatic elixir by agitation. Then add enough aromatic elixir to make 40 fluid ounces, and filter. Each fluid drachm contains 5 grains of lithium salicylate.

Elixir of Orange. (7158.)

Elixir Simplex. (B.P.C. 1894.)

Synonym.—Simple Elixir.

Oil of Bitter Orange	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Cinnamon Water	7 fl. ounces
Syrup	7 fl. ounces

Dissolve the oil in the alcohol, add the cinnamon water and syrup, then filter through paper moistened with 60 per cent. alcohol and well sprinkled with kaolin, returning the first portions of filtrate until the liquid passes through bright.

Dose.—20 to 60 minims.

Elixir of Orange. (7342.)

Elixir Aurantii. (C.)

Synonym.—Simple Elixir.

Spirit of Orange	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	25 fl. ounces
Syrup	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	31 fl. ounces
Purified Talcum, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the several ingredients in the order named; shake occasionally and filter through talcum till clear.

Elixir of Pancreatin. (10,397.)

Pancreatin	5 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 p.c.)	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	45 fl. ounces
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to make ...	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve the pancreatin and sodium bicarbonate in the water, add the alcohol and aromatic elixir.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Papain. (10,398.)

Papain	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 p.c.)	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	45 fl. ounces
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to make ...	100 fl. ounces

Macerate the papain with the alcohol and water for several days, then filter, and add the aromatic elixir.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm with meals.

Elixir of Pepsin. (10,399.)

Essence of Pepsin.

Pepsin	5 ounces
Alcohol (90 p.c.)	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	45 fl. ounces
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to make ...	100 fl. ounces

Macerate the pepsin with the alcohol and water for several days, then filter, and add the aromatic elixir.

Dose.—2 to 4 mils (½ to 1 fluid drachm).

Elixir of Pepsin and Bismuth. (10,400.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	12½ fl. ounces
Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3½ ounces
Alcohol (60 p.c.)	5 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with 10 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth and ammonium citrate in 50 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Finally, mix the two solutions, add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to make up the required volume, then filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Pepsin and Bismuth, with Iron. (10,402.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	12½ fl. ounces
Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3½ ounces
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	3½ ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with 10 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth and ammonium citrate in 25 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next dissolve the iron and ammonium citrate in 25 fluid ounces of the simple elixir. Mix the first two solutions, then add the solution of iron and ammonium citrate, alcohol, and sufficient simple elixir to make up the required volume, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Pepsin and Quinine. (10,403.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	12½ fl. ounces
Quinine Hydrochloride	1 ounce
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Simple Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve the quinine hydrochloride in 50 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if necessary, by adding a few drops of diluted hydrochloric acid. Mix the glycerole of pepsin with the solution of quinine hydrochloride; then add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to make up the required volume, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Pepsin and Quinine, with Iron. (10,404.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	12½ fl. ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	3½ ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with 10 fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and dissolve the iron and quinine citrate in 50 fluid ounces of simple elixir. Mix the two solutions; then add the alcohol and sufficient simple elixir to make up the required volume.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Elixir of Phosphorus. (10,405.)

Syrup of Phosphorus.

Compound Tincture of Phosphorus ...	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces

Add the tincture to the glycerin and shake well. Each fluid drachm of the resulting elixir contains one-fiftieth of a grain of phosphorus. The elixir should be made as required, and be kept in dark amber-coloured bottles, in a cool and dark place.

Dose.—15 to 60 minims.

Elixir of Potassium Bromide. (7346.)

Elixir Potassii Bromidi. (C.)

Potassium Bromide	7 oz. 140 grains
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces
Solution of Carmine	35 minims
Elixir of Orange, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the potassium bromide in the distilled water and about 25 fl. ounces (625 C.c.) of the elixir of orange by agitation; add the solution of carmine and sufficient elixir of orange to make 40 fluid ounces. Let stand a few hours and filter. Each fluid drachm contains 10 grains of potassium bromide.

Elixir of Rhubarb. (10,406.)

Sweet Essence of Rhubarb.

Rhubarb Root, in No. 12 powder	25 ounces
Fennel Fruit, bruised	10 ounces
Refined Sugar	20 ounces
Glycerin	15 fl. ounces
Alcohol .... Distilled Water } sufficient to make...	100 fl. ounces

Moisten the rhubarb and fennel with 75 fluid ounces of a mixture of 1 part of alcohol and 3 parts of distilled water, macerate for forty-eight hours and express. Again macerate with sufficient of the menstruum to furnish, with the previous pressing, 75 fluid ounces of clear product. After twenty-four hours' maceration again express. Unite the liquors, allow to stand for two days, and filter into the sugar and glycerin. Dissolve without heat, and add sufficient of the above menstruum to make up the required volume.

Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Elixir of Rhubarb and Magnesium Acetate. (7347.)

Elixir Rhei et Magnesii Acetatis. (C.)

Magnesia	355 grains
Acetic Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Liquid Extract of Rhubarb	5 fl. ounces
Aromatic Elixir, sufficient to make...	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the magnesia in 6 fluid ounces of acetic acid with the acid of a gentle heat, adding, if necessary, a little more acetic acid, drop by drop until the solution is neutral to test paper. Then add the fluid extract and enough aromatic elixir to make 40 fluid ounces, and filter. Each fluid drachm represents about 4 grains of magnesium acetate, and 7½ grains of rhubarb.

Elixir of Saccharin. (10,394.)

Saccharin (Gluside)	5½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make ...	100 fl. ounces

Mix the gluside and the sodium bicarbonate with the distilled water. Add the alcohol, filter, and wash the filter with sufficient distilled water to produce 100 fluid ounces.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Elixir of Senna. (10,407.)

Sweet Essence of Senna.

Alexandrian Senna	66 ounces
Refined Sugar, in coarse powder	50 ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Coriander	12 minims
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol .... Distilled Water } of each a sufficient quantity.	
Alcohol (60 per cent.), sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Macerate the senna for three days with a mixture of 16½ fluid ounces of alcohol and 50 fluid ounces of water. Express forcibly, and pour the product on the sugar. Break up the marc, and again macerate with sufficient of the same menstruum to furnish in all 66 fluid ounces of product. Express again after twenty-four hours' maceration, add the liquor to that previously obtained and the sugar, heat to 94° C. in a closed vessel by means of a water-bath, and maintain at that temperature for ten minutes. When cold, strain and add, after mixing, the chloroform, oil of coriander, tincture of capsicum, and 1½ fluid ounces of alcohol. Agitate thoroughly, and if necessary add sufficient 60 per cent. alcohol to make up the required volume.

Dose.—1 to 3 fluid drachms.

Elixir of Terpin Hydrate and Codeine. (7348.)

Elixir Terpini Hydratis et Codeinæ. (C.)

Terpin Hydrate	320 grains
Codeine Phosphate	40 grains
Gluside	10 grains
Tincture of Fresh Sweet-Orange Peel	1¼ fl. ounces
Alcohol (95 per cent.)	13 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Elixir or Orange, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the terpin hydrate, codeine phosphate, and gluside in the alcohol with a gentle heat, add the tincture of orange, glycerin, and enough elixir of orange to make 40 fluid ounces. Each fluid drachm contains terpin hydrate, 1 grain, and codeine phosphate, ⅛ grain.

Elixir of Terpin Hydrate and Heroin. (7349.)

Elixir Terpini Hydratis et Heroinæ. (C.)

Terpin Hydrate	320 grains
Heroin Hydrochloride	13⅓ grains
Gluside	10 grains
Tincture of Vanilla (1 in 10)	1¼ fl. drachms
Brandy	5 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Dissolve the terpin hydrate, heroine hydrochloride, and the gluside in the alcohol with a gentle heat; add the tincture of vanilla, brandy, glycerin, and, lastly, enough distilled water to make 40 fluid ounces. Each fluid drachm contains terpin hydrate, 1 grain, and heroine hydrochloride, 1/24th grain.

Embrocation. (5158.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces
Four Eggs.	
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Embrocation. (7243.)

Oil of Turpentine	21 fl. ounces
Colza Oil	9 fl. ounces
Acetic Acid	18 fl. ounces
Yolks of Eggs	8
Distilled Water	12 fl. ounces

Embrocation. (7501.)

Camphor	4 ounces
Soft Soap	12 ounces
Acetic Acid	15 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	15 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	15 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	96 fl. ounces

Emollient Cream. (7893.)

Borax	30 grains
Sweet Almonds	2 ounces
Quince Seeds	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	½ ounce
Oil of Rose Geranium	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	32 fl. ounces

Mix.

Emulsion a l'Huile de Foie de Morue aux Glycerophosphates. (1629.)

Synonym.—Cod-liver Oil Emulsion with Glycerophosphates.

Calcium Glycerophosphate	75 grains
Sodium Glycerophosphate	37½ grains
Tragacanth	120 grains
Cod-liver Oil	40 fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	7½ fl. drachms
Flavouring Essence	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces, 6 fl. drachms
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	7½ fl. drachms
Twelve Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	120 fl. ounces

Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil. (7352.)

Emulsion Olei Morrhuæ. (C.)

Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	2½ ounces
Solution of Gluside	1 fl. drachm
or	
Syrup of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Flavouring, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Triturate the oil and acacia together in a mortar. Add at once to the mixture of oil and acacia 5 fluid ounces of water, having a temperature not less than 70° C., triturating briskly until a thick creamy emulsion is produced. To this add the desired flavouring, the solution of gluside or syrup of tolu, and enough water to make 20 fluid ounces. Hypophosphites of lime or soda can be included in this emulsion by first dissolving in the water.

Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil and Pepsin. (7353.)

Emulsio Olei Morrhuæ cum Pepsina. (C.)

Cod-liver Oil	144 fl. ounces
Yolks of Eggs	24
Glycerin	24 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	40 ounces
Compound Powder of Acacia	4½ ounces
Lime Water	72 fl. ounces
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	9 fl. ounces
Essence of Pepsin	24 fl. ounces
Essential Oils, to flavour	3 fl. drachms

Rub the yolks of eggs in mortar (whites of half the number of eggs may be added with advantage) until smooth paste results, add the glycerin and triturate vigorously. Add the compound powder of acacia, then the cod-liver oil in portions of about 8 fluid ounces at a time. When the oil is emulsified add the lime water containing the sugar in solution and stir vigorously; then add the diluted phosphoric acid and finally the essence of pepsin, and stir vigorously for fifteen minutes; then allow the emulsion to stand for two hours, and strain through cheese cloth.

Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. (7279.)

Emulsio Olei Morrhuæ cum Hypophosphitibus. (A.)

Cod-liver Oil	8 fl. ounces
Yolks of Eggs	2
Tragacanth, in powder	8 grains
Elixir of Saccharin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Bitter Almonds	8 minims
Sodium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Calcium Hypophosphite	60 grains
Sherry, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the hypophosphites in five fluid ounces of the sherry; then place the tragacanth in a dry mortar, triturate with a little of the oil, add the previously beaten yolks of eggs, and stir briskly, adding the sherry solution as the mixture thickens. When of a suitable consistence, add the remainder of the oil and sherry solution alternately, with constant stirring, avoiding frothing. Finally, transfer to a bottle, add the remaining ingredients, previously mixed, shake well, and add sufficient sherry to produce sixteen fluid ounces.

Dose.—4 to 8 fluid drachms.

Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. (8102.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Sodium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	2½ ounces
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. drachm
Cod-liver Oil	5 fl. ounces
Flavouring, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Emulsion of Magnesia. (8273.)

LAC MAGNESIÆ.

Magnesium Sulphate	19 ounces
Solution of Potash, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the magnesium sulphate in a sufficiency of distilled water, add the solution of potash until precipitation is complete; then wash the precipitated magnesium hydroxide until free from sulphates; then diffuse it in sufficient distilled water to produce one pint.

Dose.—1 or 2 fluid drachms.

Emulsion of Petroleum with Glycerophosphates. (9334.)

Emulsio Petrolei et Glycerophosphatis. (B.)

Liquid Paraffin	2 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Calcium Glycerophosphate	24 grains
Magnesium Glycerophosphate	12 grains
Potassium Glycerophosphate	12 grains
Sodium Glycerophosphate	12 grains
Citric Acid	5 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Elixir of Saccharin	24 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Triturate the liquid paraffin with the powdered gum and add, all at once, distilled water, 1½ fluid ounces. Dissolve the glycerophosphates and the citric acid in distilled water, 1 fluid ounce; then add the other ingredients, mix the whole with the emulsion, and add sufficient distilled water to make up the required quantity.

Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Empyreumatic Parogen. (9118.)

Synonym.—Empyreumatic Vasoliment.

Oil of Cade	25 parts
Parogen	75 parts

Epinephrine Spray. (7535.)

Epinephrine Hydrochloride Solution (1 in 1,000)	20 parts
Chloroform Water (1 in 200), sufficient to produce	100 parts

Erasmus Wilson's Blood Mixture. (3892.)

Magnesium Sulphate	360 grains
Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla	3 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ferrous Iodide	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

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Erasmus Wilson's Hair Lotion. (573.)

Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Honey Water	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Erasmus Wilson's Hair Lotion. (7266.)

Oil of Almond	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	20 drops

Erasmus Wilson's Ointment. (7239.)

Cantharides, in powder	1 ounce
Lard	4 ounces

Macerate for 24 hours and filter.

Erasmus Wilson's Pomade. (8038.)

Red Mercuric Oxide (levigated)	55 grains
Soft Paraffin	3 ounces

Essence of Ginger. (7144.)

Synonym.—Strong Tincture of Ginger.

Ginger, in fine powder	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Pack the ginger tightly in a percolator, and pour over it half a pint of the alcohol. At the expiration of two hours add more alcohol, and let it percolate slowly until one pint of tincture has been collected.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Essence of Pepsin. (7350.)

Essentia Pepsinæ. (C.)

Synonym.—Elixir of Pepsin.

Glycerin of Pepsin, B.P.	4 fl. ounces
Sherry	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Fresh Sweet-Orange Peel...	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix, and filter through paper sprinkled with talcum.

Essence of Pepsin and Malt. (6523.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	400 minims
Extract of Malt	6 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with the extract of malt; then add sufficient of the alcohol to produce twenty fluid ounces and strain.

Dose.—½ fluid ounce imediately after meals.

Essence of Rennet. (7286.)

Liquor Seriparus. (A.)

Rennet, salted and cut small	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces
Sherry	2½ fl. ounces
Kaolin	½ ounce

Macerate the rennet with the alcohol and water for four days; then add the sherry, set aside for three days, and strain. Next add the kaolin, shake, and set aside for seven days. Finally decant the clear solution and filter the remainder.

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Essence of Rennet. (7402.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	10 ounces
Boric Acid	1½ ounces
Sodium Chloride	5 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Colouring, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 gallon

Dissolve the acid and salt in water, 4 pints; then add the other ingredients and sufficient water to produce the required quantity.

Essence of Rennet.

Glycerole of Pepsin	10 fl. ounces
Boric Acid	1½ ounces
Sodium Chloride	5 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	20 fl. ounces
Colouring Matter, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to make......	1 gallon

Dissolve the acid and salt in the water; then add the other ingredients, filter, and bottle, avoiding contact with air as much as possible.

Ether Punch. (L.) (7275.)

Compound Spirit of Ether	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	40 minims
Syrup	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. One-fourth part for a dose.

Ether Soap. (7133.)

Oleic Acid	7 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender	20 minims
Ether, Methylated (s.g 0·720), sufficient to make	1 pint

Mix the oleic acid and alcohol, and neutralise with a saturated solution of potassium hydroxide in water (1 in 1), of which nearly 1½ fluid ounces will be required, using phenolphthalein as indicator. Allow the neutralised product to cool, and add the oil and ether. Preserve in well-closed bottles. The detergent action of this solution may be increased by using a slight excess of potash solution. Ether-soap solution is used to cleanse skin-areas before surgical operations. A small quantity should be well rubbed in until the surface is dry, then, with a brush and hot water, thoroughly scrub the skin. The ether, being a fat-solvent, penetrates the epidermis and carries the soap with it.

Eucalyptol Parogen. (9123.)

Synonym.—Eucalyptol Vasoliment.

Eucalyptol	20 parts
Parogen	80 parts

Ethereal Inhalation of Iodine. (7155.)

Iodine	3 grains
Ether	2 fl. drachms
Carbolic Acid	2 drachms
Creosote	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms

Mix. Ten minims to be dropped on a respirator for dry inhalation.

Ethereal Solution of Theobroma. (10,170.)

Oil of Theobroma	16½ ounces
Ether, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve the oil of theobroma in the ether, and add an equal volume of alcohol when required for use. In granulating powders with this solution the excipient should be added all at once to the substance or mixture contained in a mortar, trituration accomplished as quickly as possible, the mass passed through a No. 20 sieve, and set aside to dry.

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Eucalyptus Anti-Catarrh Smelling Salts. (5283.)

Ammonium Carbonate	13 ounces
Camphor	3 ounces
Wood Charcoal, in powder, a sufficient quantity.	
Liquefied Phenol	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Iodine	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. ounces

Mix the liquids and add the mixture to the solids until saturated.

Euonymus and Pepsin Mixture. (7282.)

Liquor Euonymin cum Pepsino. (A.)

Tincture of Euonymus	2½ fl. ounces
Pepsin, in scales	240 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the acid with ten fluid ounces of the water; then triturate the pepsin with the glycerin in a mortar and add gradually the acidified water, stirring constantly until the pepsin is dissolved. Next add the tincture, and, finally, sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Eye Collyrium. (7660.)

Dr. White's Formula.

Borax	6 grains
Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Orange Flower Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Eye Ointment. (2939.)

Dr. Craig's Prescription.

Red Mercuric Oxide	240 grains
Soft Paraffin	180 grains
Spermaceti	360 grains
White Beeswax	120 grains
Lard	360 grains

Face Cream. (9997.)

Synonyms.—Skin Cream; Toilet Cream.

Curd Soap	3 ounces
Lard	7 ounces
White Beeswax	1 ounce
Almond Oil	1 ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	12 ounces

Dissolve the soap in the water and add, with a constant stirring, the lard, wax, and oil, previously melted together. Finally, add the perfume.

Female Mixture. (4607.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	90 grains
Compound Decoction of Aloes	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Pennyroyal	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Female Pill. (7446.)

Apiol	15 minims
Pill of Aloes and Iron	480 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Female Pills. (7562.)

Aloes and Iron Pill	4 ounces
Apiol	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Female Pills. (5370.)

Synonym.—Benedict Pills.

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Extract of Socotrine Aloes	150 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Compound Pill of Galbanum	150 grains

Female Pills. (7561.)

Barbados Aloes	2 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Ginger	4 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass.

Female Pills. (7547.)

Aloes and Iron Pill	4 ounces
Oil of Pennyroyal	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass.

Female Pills. (9002.)

Canella Bark, in powder	60 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	240 grains
Extract of Black Hellebore	120 grains
Ginger	60 grains
Hard Soap	60 grains
Myrrh	120 grains
Socotrine Aloes	480 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Ferrier's Snuff. (7221.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	360 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	2 grains
Gum Acacia, in powder	120 grains

Ferrier's Snuff. (599.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains
Bismuth Oxynitrate	180 grains

Fever and Influenza Powder. (8185.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	1½ ounces
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Mercury with Chalk	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	4 ounces
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	1 ounce

Mix.

Fever Mixture. (1531.)

Potassium Nitrate	120 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces.
Colouring Matter, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Fever Mixture. (6613.)

Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (P.J.F.)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Fever Powder. (1801.)

Potassium Chlorate, in powder	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate, in powder	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	120 grains
Carmine, a sufficient quantity.	

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Fever Powders. (9382.)

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Fever and Stomach Cure. (5320.)

Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	40 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	30 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Flavours for Emulsions. (C.)

The quantities given below are intended for 40 fluid ounces of finished emulsion.

1. Oil of Wintergreen	78 minims
2. Oil of Wintergreen	40 minims
Oil of Sassafras	40 minims
3. Compound Spirit of Orange	30 minims
4. Oil of Wintergreen	40 minims
Oil of Bitter Almond	4 minims
Oil of Coriander	4 minims
5. Oil of Wintergreen	30 minims
Oil of Sassafras	30 minims
Oil of Bitter Almond	4 minims
6. Oil of Wintergreen	48 minims
Oil of Bitter Almond	48 minims
7. Oil of Neroli	30 minims
Oil of Bitter Almond	30 minims
Oil of Cloves	4 minims

Fleming's Tincture of Aconite. (7197).

Aconite Root, in No. 40 powder	16 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to produce	24 fl. ounces

Prepare by maceration and percolation.

Fluid Corn Plaster. (2915.)

Salicylic Acid	360 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Flexible Collodion	4½ fl. ounces
Ether, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Foaming Dentifrice. (5983.)

No. 1.

Quillaia Bark, in powder	1½ ounces
Liquefied Phenol	10 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	10 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Macerate for ten days, and filter.

No. 2.

Cochineal	8 grains
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water	4 fl. ounces

Macerate for ten days and filter. Mix the two liquids; and add sufficient distilled water to produce 24 fluid ounces.

Foaming Dentaline. (7803.)

Arnica Flowers	1 ounce
Cochineal	180 grains
Heliotropin	80 grains
Pyrethrum Root	2 ounces
Vanillin	60 grains
Soft Soap	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1½ pints
Formaldehyde Solution (40 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cassia	100 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	6½ pints

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Foot Powder. (7105.)

Boric Acid	2½ ounces
Salicylic Acid	¾ ounce
Powdered Talc	21¾ ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	3 fl. drachms

Foot Powder. (8057.)

Alum, in powder	1 ounce
Boric Acid, in powder	6 ounces
Powdered Talc	14 ounces
Salicylic Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Starch, in powder	4 ounces
Oil of Lemon, a sufficient quantity.	

Formalin Tooth Paste. (10,425.)

Magnesium Carbonate (heavy)	68 parts
Orris Root, in finest powder	40 parts
Precipitated Chalk	500 parts
Carmine	q.s.
Formalin	9 to 12 parts
Glycerin	100 parts
Mucilage of Acacia	q.s.
Clove Oil	1 part
Eucalyptus Oil	1½ parts
Peppermint Oil	4 parts

Formalin Tooth Paste. (10,424.)

Cuttlefish Bone (finely powdered)	170 parts
Precipitated Chalk	200 parts
Prepared Chalk (finely powdered)	300 parts
Pumice Stone (finely powdered)	60 parts
Anise Oil	1 part
Formalin	8 parts
Lemon Oil	2 parts
Peppermint Oil	3 parts
Glycerin	q.s.

Fowler's Solution. (7199.)

Liquor Arsenicalis, B.P.

Arsenious Anhydride, in powder	87½ grains
Potassium Carbonate	87½ grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the solids in the water and add the tincture.

Freres Come's Arsenical Paste. (7210.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1 ounce
Charcoal	1 ounce
Red Sulphide of Mercury	4 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to make a paste.

Galen's Cerate. (7335.)

Ceratum Galeni. (C.)

Synonym.—Cold Cream.

Liquid Paraffin	16 fl. ounces
White Beeswax	4 ounces
Spermaceti	1 ounce
Borax	30 grains
Oil of Rose	10 minims
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Dissolve the borax in the distilled water; melt the white beeswax and spermaceti with the liquid paraffin at a gentle heat; pour the mixture into a warmed mortar and add while yet hot the borax solution, previously warmed, with constant trituration, and finally the oil of rose; continue the trituration until cold. In hot weather the quantity of white beeswax may be increased to 5½ ounces and the spermaceti to 2 ounces.

Garfield Tea. (10,423.)

Hepatica Herb	15 parts
Senna Leaves	225 parts
Triticum Repens Rhizome	15 parts

Gargle. (7543.)

Stovaine	44 grains
Syrup of Red-Poppy	3 fl. ounces
Cherry-laurel Water	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	17 fl. ounces

Garrod's Sulphur Lozenge. (10,381.)

Precipitated Sulphur	4 grains
Acid Potassium Tartrate	1 grain

Refined Sugar, sufficient to make a lozenge.

Gastric Ant-Acid Tablets. (2398.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	250 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	500 grains
Milk Sugar, in powder	200 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	850 grains

Oil of Cinnamon, a sufficient quantity.
Oil of Coriander, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 100 tablets.

Gelato-Glycerin for Nasal Bougies. (10,207.)

Gelatin	33½ ounces
Glycerin	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	40 fl. ounces

Soak the gelatin in the water for twelve hours, with occasional stirring; then add the glycerin, dissolve on a water-bath, and evaporate so as to produce 100 ounces by weight of the gelato-glycerin.

Gelato-Glycerin for Suppositories. (10,208.)

Gelatin	18 ounces
Glycerin	64 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces

Mix as in the case of Gelato-Glycerin for Nasal Bougies

German Blood Powder. (5972.)

Tartaric Acid	½ ounce
Coriander Fruit, in powder	3 ounces
Manna	6 ounces
Senna, in powder	12½ ounces

Gilmour's Pill. (902.)

Synonym.—Bailie's Pills.

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Gingerbread Worm Cakes. (7129.)

Cassia Bark, in powder	218 grains
Ginger, in powder	218 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	3 oz. 28 gr.
Mercurous Chloride	3 oz. 28 gr.
Tartaric Acid	218 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	17 ounces
Excipient, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 lb. 6½ oz.

Mix, and divide into 672 cakes.

Gingerbread Worm Cakes. (7899.)

Jalap, in powder	16 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	12 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Gingerbread, a sufficient quantity to produce	56 pounds

Mix.

Glycerin and Camphor Ice. (10,422.)

Borax	1 part
Camphor	20 parts
Spermaceti	24 parts
White Wax	16 parts
Almond Oil, expressed	96 parts
Glycerin	8 parts
Perfume	q.s.
Rose Water	16 parts

Melt the spermaceti and wax in the oil, add the camphor. Dissolve the borax and glycerin in the rose water; mix, stir until nearly cold, then run into suitable pots.

Glycerin and Camphor Ice. (10,421.)

Camphor, in powder	3 parts
Spermaceti	12 parts
White beeswax	4 parts
Glycerin of Borax	4 parts
Perfume	q.s.

Melt the spermaceti and beeswax, add the glycerin of borax and, lastly, the perfume, when nearly cold.

Glycerin and Paregoric Pastilles. (3853.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	15 grains
Oil of Anise	140 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	14 fl. ounces
Pastille Basis, sufficient to produce	35 pounds

Mix and divide into suitable pastilles.

Glycerin Cough Linctus. (7624.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Morphine Acetate (B.P. 1885)	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Conium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Lobelia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Virginian Prune	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Glycerin Cough Mixture. (4687.)

Chlorodyne	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Treacle, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Glycerin Extract of Red Bone Marrow. (7405.)

Veal Marrow	1 ounce
Chloroform Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces

Beat up the marrow with the glycerin and add the chloroform water, beating the whole together frequently during one hour; then strain and make up to 4 fluid ounces with a mixture of chloroform water and glycerin, in equal parts. Four fluid parts of this extract equal one part of marrow.

Glycerin of Belladonna. (7355.)

Glycerinum Belladonnæ. (C.)

Green Extract of Belladonna	1 ounce
Distilled Water, boiling	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Rub together in a warm mortar the extract of belladonna and the boiling distilled water to produce smooth paste; then add sufficient glycerin to make 2 fluid ounces.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Glycerin of Cinchona. (7262.)

Liquid Extract of Cinchona	2 fl. ounces
Tragacanth. in fine powder	30 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

This preparation is of the same strength as Tincture of Cinchona (B.P.), containing 1 per cent. of total alkaloid.

Glycerin of Iodine. (7357.)

Glycerinum Iodi. (C.)

Iodine, resublimed	2 grains
Glycerin	100 minims

Dissolve the iodine in the glycerin with the aid of a gentle heat. This forms a useful pigment; the skin does not get hardened by repeated application, and does not peel off.

Glycerin of Pepsin. (7404.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	14 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Mix, allow to stand for a few days, and filter.

Glycerin of Saffron. (7311.)

Saffron	60 grains
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces

Mix the glycerin and the alcohol; then digest the saffron in the mixture for an hour at a gentle heat and filter. Syrupus Croci can be prepared by diluting one fluid part of the glycerin with seven fluid parts of syrup.

Glycerin of Sodium Cinnamate. (7269.)

Glycerinum Sodii Cinnamatis.

Sodium Cinnamate	1 ounce
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	20 ounces

Rub the salt to a fine powder and incorporate with the glycerin; transfer to a flask, the mouth of which is plugged with cotton wool. Heat upon a sand bath until solution is effected, the temperature required being 180° C. Transfer to bottles which have been sterilised.

Glycerol of Glycerophosphates. (6524.)

Glycerol Glycerophosphatis. (B.)

Cudbear	15 grains
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Boil for ten minutes, filter and dissolve in the warm filtrate.

Calcium Glycerophosphate	160 grains
Potassium Glycerophosphate	80 grains
Sodium Glycerophosphate	80 grains
Magnesium Glycerophosphate	80 grains
Iron Glycerophosphate (in scales)	40 grains
Citric Acid	30 grains

Then add—

Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform	5 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 minims
Orange Flower Water (triple)	2 drachms
Cherry Laurel Water	3 drachms

Dose.—1 to 2 drachms.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Glycerol of Glycerophosphates with Red Bone Marrow. (9335.)

Glycerol Glycerophosphatis cum Medulla Rubra. (B.)

Calcium Glycerophosphate	80 grains
Iron Glycerophosphate	20 grains
Magnesium Glycerophosphate	40 grains
Manganese Glycerophosphate	20 grains
Potassium Glycerophosphate	40 grains
Sodium Glycerophosphate	40 grains
Citric Acid	15 grains
Chloroform	5 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	40 minims
Orange-flower Water	1 fl. drachm
Cherry-laurel Water	1½ fl. drachms
Glycerin Extract of Red Bone Marrow	10 ounces
Distilled Water	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve the glycerophosphates and the acid in the distilled water; then filter and add the other ingredients.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Glycerol of Hypophosphites. (9342.)

Glycerol Hypophosphitis. (B.)

Calcium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Manganese Hypophosphite	80 grains
Potassium Hypophosphite	160 grains
Quinine Hypophosphite	80 grains
Strychnine Hypophosphite	2½ grains
Strong Solution of Ferric Hypophosphite (B.P C.)	4 fl. ounces
Hypophosphorous Acid	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the hypophosphites in the distilled water and add the other ingredients. Each fluid drachm of the product should contain $\frac{1}{64}$ grain strychnine hypophosphite, ½ grain quinine hypophosphite.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Glycerole of Pancreatin. (7310.)

Pancreatin	2 ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve.

Glycerole of Pepsin. (7314.)

Pepsin	2 ounces
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Simple Elixir	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Goulard's Extract. (7194.)

Liquor Plumbi Subacetatis Fortis, B.P.

Lead Acetate	5 ounces
Lead Oxide, in powder	3½ ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Prepare as directed in the B.P.

Goulard's Lotion or Water. (7193.)

Liquor Plumbi Subacetatis Dilutus, B.P.

Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, recently boiled and cooled	19½ fl. ounces

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (2309.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Iodide	½ ounce
Sodium Salicylate	1 ounce
Colchicum Wine	1½ fl. ounces
Camphor Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (8558.)

Magnesium Sulphate	15 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	15 grains
Potassium Iodide	4 grains
Potassium Nitrate	10 grains
Sodium Salicylate	10 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	10 minims
Colchicum Wine	15 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (7922.)

Lithium Benzoate	36 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Sodium Salicylate	60 grains
Elixir of Gluside	½ fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Ammoniated Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Colchicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (2562.)

Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Gout and Rheumatic Mixture. (1524.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (7502.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	75 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	20 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (7484.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum	240 grains
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	60 grains
Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	120 grains
Ginger, in powder	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	40 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	40 grains
Scammony, in powder	40 grains
Balsam of Peru	25 minims

Mix and divide 90 grains into 24 pills.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (7771.)

Ipecacuanha Root	¼ ounce
Morphine Acetate	¼ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (7853.)

Colchicum Seeds	4 ounces
Potassium Iodide	5 ounces
Extract of Aconite	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (7941.)

Cinchonine Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Ferric Oxide	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Extract of Hemlock (B.P. 1885)	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (7554.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2298.)

Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin	2 ounces

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (3725.)

Jalap, in powder	480 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	15 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (P.J.F.)	480 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 grains.

Gout and Rheumatic Pills. (2851.)

Tartarated Antimony	1½ grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	20 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	40 grains
Extract of Hyoscyamus	20 grains

Gout Mixture. (3728.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Sulphate	2 ounces
Tincture of Colchicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Gout Mixture. (7838.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Magnesium Sulphate	1 ounce
Potassium Iodide	40 grains
Colchicum Wine	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gout Pills. (7560.)

Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Compound Rhubarb Pill	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Gout Pills. (7559.)

Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Gout Pills. (7994.)

Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	½ ounce
Compound Pill of Colocynth	4 ounces
Mercury Pill	3 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Graham's Pill. (702.)

Tartarated Antimony	12 grains
Mercury Pill	120 grains
Extract of Hemlock (P.J.F.)	360 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Gregory Capsules. (7478.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Heavy Calcined Magnesia	6 ounces
Alcoholic Extract of Jamaica Ginger (1 in 1)	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Paraffin, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix, and enclose in capsules.

Gregory Powder. (7687.)

Chamomile Flowers	4 ounces
Ginger	2 ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	5 ounces
Rhubarb Root	4 ounces

Mix.

Gregory's Pill. (7401.)

Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 5-grain pills.

Gregory's Pill. (62.)

Pilula Colocynthidis Composita, B.P.

Colocynth Pulp, in powder	1 ounce
Barbados Aloes, in powder	2 ounces
Scammony Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Potassium Sulphate, in very fine powder	¼ ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to form a mass.	

Mix.

Gregory's Powder. (7224.)

Pulvis Rhei Compositus, B.P.

Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Magnesia	6 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce

Gregory's Powder, Improved. (7225.)

Pulvis Rhei cum Magnesia.

Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Magnesium Carbonate	6 ounces
Ginger, in powder	1 ounce

Griffith's Mixture. (7190.)

Mistura Ferri Composita, B.P.

Ferrous Sulphate	25 grains
Potassium Carbonate	30 grains
Myrrh	60 grains
Refined Sugar	60 grains
Spirit of Nutmeg	50 minims
Rose Water	10 fl. ounces

Gripe Mixture. (7412.)

Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Oil of Caraway	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	7½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Gripe Mixture. (7109.)

Borax	120 grains
Light Magnesia	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1½ fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces
Anise Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Gripe Mixture. (7411.)

Ammonium Bromide	480 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	240 grains
Refined Sugar	18 ounces
Oil of Aniseed	10 minims
Oil of Dill	40 minims
Oil of Peppermint	8 minims
Distilled water, sufficient to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ to 2 drachms.

Gripe or Teething Mixture. (6128.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bromide	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Dill Water	10 fl. ounces
Caraway Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Gripe Syrup. (7673.)

Ammonium Bromide	1¼ ounces
Refined Sugar	2 pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	3¾ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	90 minims
Oil of Peppermint	90 minims
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	12 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (7522.)

Potassium Bromide	300 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Oil of Dill	12 minims
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	50 minims
Distilled Water	15 fl. ounces

Gripe Water. (7768.)

Potassium Bromide	30 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	80 minims
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	40 minims
Dill Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Gripe Water. (2165.)

Sodium Carbonate	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Syrup	25 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 pints

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Gripe Water. (7668.)

Oil of Anise	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Caraway	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Dill	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Gripe Water. (1625.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bromide	120 grains
Oil of Dill	30 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Gripe Water. (5149.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	180 grains
Sodium Bromide	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Dill Water (1—40)	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Gripe Water. (5346.)

Potassium Bromide	10 grains
Sodium Bromide	15 grains
Dill Water	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Gripe Water for Children. (6955.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	250 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	150 grains
Sodium Bromide	250 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	30 fl. ounces

Guaiacol and Menthol Spray. (7291.)

Nebula Guaiacolis cum Menthol. (A.)

Guaiacol	10 minims
Menthol	60 grains
Liquid Paraffin	7 fl. drachms

Mix. Used as a throat spray.

Guaiacol Parogen. (9124.)

Synonym.—Guaiacol Vasoliment.

Guaiacol	20 parts
Parogen	80 parts

Guy's Pill. (293.)

Synonym.—Baly's Pill.

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1 ounce
Mercury Pill	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Guyon's Catheter Lubricant. (7329.)

Pommade Guyon.

Hard Soap, in powder	33 grains
Glycerin	33 grains
Distilled Water	33 grains
Phenol or Beta-Naphthol	1 grain

To be made without the use of heat.

Hæmoglobin Capsules. (7477.)

Hæmoglobin	3 grains
Liquid Paraffin	5 minims

Mix and enclose in capsules.

Hair-curling Liquid. (10,418.)

Pearlash	[illegible] parts
Alcohol, 90 per cent.	42 parts
Glycerin	15 parts
Solution of Ammonia (s.g. 0·960)	3·5 parts
Rose Water to make	600 parts

Hair-curling Liquid. (10,419.)

Pearlash	15 parts
Glycerin	30 parts
Orange-flower Water	200 parts
Rose Water	750 parts
Solution of Ammonia	5 parts

Hair-curling Liquid. (10,420.)

Resin	12 parts
Musk	q.s.
Oil of Bergamot	q.s.
Alcohol, 90 per cent.	1000 parts

Hair Tonic. (5582.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 fl. ounces
Olive Oil	10 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Sodium Chloride	15 fl. ounces
Spirit of Lavender	5 fl. ounces

Hamamelis Cerate. (7495.)

Boric Acid, in powder	¼ ounce
Hamamelis Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Krameria Root, in powder	60 grains
Hard Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	1 pound

Hamilton's Pill. (615.)

Compound Extract of Colocynth	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Hamilton's Pills. (7217.)

Pilula Colocynthidis et Hyoscyami, B.P.

Compound Pill of Colocynth	2 ounces
Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 8 grains.

Hart's Solution of Perchloride. (619.)

Ammonium Chloride	82 grains
Mercuric Chloride	82 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

When required for use, dilute 1 fluid drachm of the liquid with sufficient water to produce 24 fluid ounces, so as to make a solution containing about one part of mercuric chloride in 2,000.

Hart's Solution of Perchloride. (7206.)

Ammonium Chloride	82 grains
Mercuric Chloride	82 grains
Tartaric Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Dissolve the salts and add the acid.

Harvest Field Drink. (7658.)

Sugar	8 ounces
Barley Meal	4 ounces
Citric Acid	½ ounce
Oil of Lemon	20 minims
Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 gallon

Mix.

Hay's Lotion. (6323.)

Zinc Sulphate	3 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Headache and Neuralgia Cachets. (8917.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	5 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (5435.)

Phenacetin	240 grains

Dose.—5 to 10 grains, in a cachet.

Headache or Neuralgia Powders. (7043.)

Phenacetin	180 grains
Phenazone	180 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Headache Powders. (6231.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenacetin	6 ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (1600.)

Synonyms. — Antipyretic Headache Powders; Buttercup Headache Powders; Headache, Tic, Toothache, and Neuralgia Powders; Tic and Neuralgia Powders; Febrifuge Powders.

Phenacetin	8 to 12 grains in each powder

Headache Powders. (6568.)

Caffeine Citrate	1 ounce
Phenazone	10 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 15 grains.

Headache Powders. (1987.)

Acetanilide	12 ounces
Carmine	3 grains

Headache Powders. (1543.)

Synonyms.—Headache and Neuralgia Powders; Tic, Toothache, or Neuralgia Powders.

Acetanilide	1 ounce
Phenacetin	1 ounce
Phenazone	1 ounce

Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Headache Powders. (7670.)

Caffeine Citrate	1½ ounces
Phenacetin	3 ounces
Refined Sugar	3½ ounces

Mix.

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (1571.)

Caffeine	90 grains
Phenazone	240 grains
Potassium Bromide	300 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	270 grains

Headache and Neuralgia Powders. (7938.)

Caffeine	½ ounce
Phenacetin	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1¼ ounces

Mix.

Headache and Toothache Powder. (7595.)

Phenacetin	10 grains

Make one powder.

Headache Cachets. (7783.)

Caffeine Citrate	3 ounces
Capsicum, in powder	½ ounce
Phenacetin	8 ounces
Refined Sugar	6 ounces

Mix.

Headache Pills. (7722.)

Capsicum	6 grains
Podophyllum Resin	15 grains
Extract of Belladonna	12 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	15 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	30 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Head and Stomach Pills. (7772.)

Synonym.—Aperient and Antibilious Pills.

Colocynth Pulp	1 ounce
Gamboge	1 ounce
Hard Soap	1 ounce
Jalap	2 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Extract of Barbados Aloes	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm

Mix to form a mass.

Healing Cream. (7748.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	2 ounces
Phenol	½ ounce
Balsam of Peru	2 ounces
Lard	12 ounces
Soft Paraffin	12 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	12 ounces

Mix.

Healing Ointment. (7485.)

Thymol	4 grains
Oil of Camphor	21 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	81 grains
Oil of Origanum	12 grains
Chlorophyll, a sufficient quantity.	
White Beeswax	210 grains
Soft Paraffin	1,440 grains

Healing Ointment. (3217.)

Red Mercuric Oxide, levigated	8 grains
Yellow Beeswax	120 grains
Olive Oil	360 grains

Healing Ointment. (2665.)

Beeswax	12 ounces
Calamine	2½ pounds
Lard	7 pounds
Olive Oil	16 fl. ounces
Armenian Bole, a sufficient quantity.	

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Healing Ointment. (7716.)

Phenol	210 grains
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Almond Oil, a sufficient quantity.	
Lard	15 ounces
Resin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Heartburn Tablets. (6123.)

Compound Bismuth Lozenge	1 ounce
Ginger, a sufficient quantity.	
Oil of Caraway, a sufficient quantity.	

Hebra's Ointment. (7172.)

Lead Plaster	1 ounce
Linseed Oil	1 ounce

Hebra's Ointment. (7235.)

Modified Formula.

Lead Plaster	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, yellow	1 ounce

Heckel's Antiseptic Solution. (7208.)

Sodium Sulphite	30 grains
Benzoic Acid	14 grains
Distilled Water	500 minims

Heim's Pill. (255.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Opium, in powder	½ ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Hempine for Corns. (6899.)

Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Zinc Chloride	1 ounce
Collodion	15 ounces

Henry's Solution. (1032.)

Magnesium Sulphate	7 ounces
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Herb Beer Extract. (4101.)

Extract of Gentian	6 ounces
Extract of Dandelion	8 ounces
Extract of Horehound	2 ounces
Extract of Burdock	4 ounces
Capsicin	60 grains
Gingerin	120 grains
Oil of Sweetflag	15 minims
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Caramel	3 pounds
Water, sufficient to produce	6 pounds

Heat the extracts in a capacious tared dish with a little water until soft and uniform; add the caramel and the other ingredients; mix thoroughly and add enough warm water to make the final weight 6 lb. Shake well when cold.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Herb or Hop Bitters. (5831.)

Buchu Leaves, in powder	360 grains
Cascarilla Bark, in powder	720 grains
Chamomile Flowers	1,080 grains
Valerian Rhizome, in powder	360 grains
Taraxacum Root, in powder	1,440 grains
Gentian Root, in powder	4½ ounces
Ginger Root, in powder	360 grains
Hops	1,440 grains
Podophyllum Rhizome, in powder	720 grains
Quassia Wood, rasped	720 grains
Senega Root, in powder	720 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	720 grains
Preservative, a sufficient quantity.	

Heron Watson's Hair Wash. (1017.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cantharides	4 fl. drachms
Elder-flower Water, sufficient to produce	12 fl. ounces

Hiera Picra. (6688.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4 ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	½ ounce

Hiera Picra. (4522.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	12 ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	4 ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Hiera Picra. (3730.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	5 ounces
Canella Bark, in powder	1 ounce

Hinkle's Cascara Compound Pellets. (266.)

Aloin	3 ounces
Cascarin	3 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Strychnine Sulphate	88 grains
Gingerin	1½ ounces
Green Extract of Belladonna	1½ ounces

Mix and divide into pellets. Dose.—1 to 2 grains.

Hoffmann's Anodyne. (7204.)

Spiritus Ætheris Compositus, B.P.

Ether	5½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	38 fl. ounces
Ethereal Oil, a sufficient quantity.	

Prepare as directed in the B.P.

Honey Balsam. (7746.)

Potassium Nitrate	360 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	7½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	10 fl. drachms
Syrup of Red Poppy	7½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Honey Water. (7408.)

Aqua Mellis.

Honey	40 grains
Musk	1 grain
Oil of Bergamot	80 minims
Oil of Cloves	20 minims
Oil of Lavender	20 minims
Oil of Sandal Wood	5 minims
Tincture of Saffron	40 minims
Orange-flower Water	3½ fl. ounces
Rose Water	3½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to produce	1 pint

Macerate for a week and filter.

Hop Tonic. (2901.)

Glycerin	14½ fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Hops	21 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Calumba	14 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Senega	7 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	21 fl. drachms
Tincture of Buchu	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Podophyllum	9 fl. drachms
Magnesium Carbonate, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Hop Tonic Bitters. (5843.)

Podophyllum Resin	2½ grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Buchu	7½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Cochineal	50 minims
Tincture of Hops	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Senega	7½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Hop Tonic Bitters. (4507.)

Buchu Leaves	4 ounces
Gentian Root	8 ounces
Hops	16 ounces
Taraxacum Root	4 ounces
Quassia Wood	2 ounces

Mix.

Household Chilblain Cream. (7582.)

Camphor	10 grains
Lard	½ ounce
Spermaceti	½ ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. drachm

Mix.

Household Cough Mixture. (7583.)

Chloroform	30 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Vinegar of Squills	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Household Embrocation. (2620.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	42 fl. ounces
Liniment of Soap	1 pint
Oil of Thyme	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	5 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	9 fl. ounces

Household Embrocation. (7713.)

Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	
Distilled Water	7 fl. ounces

Mix.

Hungarian Moustache Wax, for Tubes. (10,417.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	50 parts
Soft Soap	50 parts
White Wax	100 parts
Bergamot Oil	6 parts
Rose Geranium Oil	1 part
Rose Water	100 parts

Dissolve the gum and soap in the rose water on the water-bath. Melt the wax separately; add it to the hot liquid. If required coloured, stir in the requisite amount of lamp-black or umber, previously rubbed smooth with a little water. Lastly, add the perfume and run into suitable tubes or moulds when nearly cold.

Hutchinson's Pill. (7216.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	1 grain
Mercury with Chalk	1 grain

Mix to form one pill.

Hutchinson's Tablets. (7229.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	30 grains
Mercury with Chalk	30 grains
Theobroma Emulsion	10 minims

Mix and compress into tablets.

Huxham's Tincture of Bark. (7191.)

Red Cinchona Bark, in No. 40 powder	2 ounces
Dried Bitter-Orange Peel, well bruised	1½ ounces
Serpentary Rhizome, in No. 40 powder	40 grains
Cochineal, in powder	40 grains
Saffron	80 grains
Brandy	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Hydrastis Pills. (7331.)

Pilula Extracti Hydrastis Canadensis.

Extract of Golden Seal	9 drms. 36 grs.
Gum Acacia, in powder	60 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	60 grains
Marshmallow Root, in powder	20 grains

Rub the extract in a heated mortar, add the previously-mixed powders, mass, and roll into 144 pills, each of which will contain 4 grains of the extract.

Hysteria Draught. (8761.)

Ammonium Carbonate	5 grains
Potassium Bromide	15 grains
Tincture of Sumbul	20 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Iceland Moss Syrup. (2238.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Diluted Acetic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. drachms
Mucilage of Iceland Moss	1 fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Anise Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 fluid drachms.

Ichthamol Gelatin. (10,206.)

Ammonium Ichthosulphonate	2 to 4 ounces
Gelatin	2 ounces
Glycerin, by weight	12 ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Soak the gelatin in the distilled water until softened; then melt on a water-bath, add the glycerin, and finally the ammonium ichthosulphonate.

Ichthamol Parogen. (9257.)

Synonym.—Ichthamol Vasoliment.

Ammonium Ichthosulphonate	10 parts
Parogen	90 parts

Dissolve the ammonium ichthosulphonate in the parogen and filter after standing awhile.

Ihle's Paste. (7174.)

Resorcin	10 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Starch, in powder	120 grains
Soft Paraffin	120 grains
Wool Fat	120 grains

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Illingworth's Antiseptic Solution. (1156.)

Potassium Iodide	15 grains
Glycerin	7 fl. drachms
Solution of Mercuric Chloride (1 in 500)	9 fl. ounces

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (3896.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Glycerol of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Roses, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (5228.)

Concentrated Infusion of Chiretta	4 fl. drachms
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Ammonium Carbonate	36 grains
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—Half-an-ounce.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (6524.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cudbear or Infusion of Roses	a sufficient quantity.
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and filter. Dose.—½ fluid ounce twice or thrice daily, in water.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (7841.)

Extract of Taraxacum	60 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	20 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Liver Mixture. (7845.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	40 grains
Pepsin	20 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	40 grains
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Chiretta	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	½ fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion and Stomachic Mixture. (7756.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root	72 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	96 minims
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Indigestion Mixture. (3752.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	400 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	360 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	450 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Calumba (1=8)	15 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	7½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinchona	20 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Indigestion Mixture. (6843.)

Synonym.—Flatulence Mixture.

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Indigestion Mixture. (8902.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	60 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	60 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Compound Infusion of Gentian	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Indigestion Mixture. (9062.)

Ammonium Carbonate	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	6 fl. drachms
Strong Tincture of Ginger (P.J.F.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	100 fl. ounces

Indigestion Mixture. (7042).

Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	6 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Indigestion Mixture. (7619.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian (1 = 8)	6 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Compound Infusion of Rhubarb, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (7950.)

Synonym.—Digestive Tonic Bitters.

Potassium Citrate	3 ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara	3 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Gentian	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	24 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	144 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Indigestion Mixture. (7817.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	20 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Chlorodyne	½ fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Ether	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Gentian	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ginger	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (7980.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Glycerol of Pepsin	2 fl. drachms
Liquefied Phenol	12 minims
Oil of Peppermint	2 minims
Solution of Cochineal	30 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	80 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Indigestion Mixture. (5322.)

Magnesium Sulphate	½ ounce
Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	40 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Indigestion Mixture. (1527.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Compound Infusion of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (1945.)

Potassium Bromide	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1½ ounces
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Magnesium Carbonate	16 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Cloves, a sufficient quantity to produce	96 fl. ounces

Dose.—1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Mixture. (7930.)

Bismuth Carbonate	80 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Solution of Cochineal	20 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	3 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—⅓ to 1 fluid ounce.

Indigestion Powders. (7978.)

Synonym.—Digestive Powders.

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Ferrous Carbonate	1½ ounces
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Indigestion Powders. (7978).

Synonym.—Digestive Powders.

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1 ounce
Ferrous Carbonate	12 grains
Ginger, in powder	½ ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Indigestion Syrup. (7521.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	3 ounces
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Aloes	48 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger ('P.J.F.').	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	72 fl. ounces

Infants' Bowel Complaint Mixture. (5359.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)...	120 grains
Prepared Chalk	360 grains
Gum Acacia	480 grains
Refined Sugar	240 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Oil of Cassia	15 minims
Tincture of Catechu	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	30 fl. ounces

Infants' Carbolic Diarrhœa Mixture. (5467.)

Chloral Hydrate	150 to 200 grains
Liquefied Phenol	45 to 90 minims
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	2½ to 5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Infants' Cold and Fever Mixture. (5495.)

Spirit of Camphor	24 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (P.J.F.)	432 minims
Syrup of Aniseed	18 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	1 fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Cordial. (7897.)

Potassium Bromide	2¼ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	1 minim
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Oil of Dill	10 minims
Oil of Juniper	3 minims
Syrup	14 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Light Magnesium Carbonate, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	54 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Infants' Cordial. (7773.)

Spirit of Anise	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Juniper	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Serpentary	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	11 pounds
Distilled Water	5 pints

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (7649.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	10 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Tolu	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Treacle	15 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Mix.

Infants' Cough Mixture. (7551.)

Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	4½ fl. ounces
Oxymel of Squill	9 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	9 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	30 fl. ounces

Dose.—One fluid drachm for a child one to three years old.

Infants' Dusting Powder. (5528.)

Boric Acid in Powder	320 grains
Fuller's Earth or Diatomatious Earth	320 grains
Lycopodium	160 grains
Phenol	8 grains

Infants' Preservative. (1542.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Refined Sugar	8 ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Anise Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Caraway Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Dill Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	4 pints

Infants' Preservative. (8399.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	320 grains
Prepared Chalk	160 grains
Sedative Solution of Opium	52 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Dill Water, sufficient to produce	32 fl. ounces

Infants' Preservative. (6828.)

Potassium Bromide	4 drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Anise Water (1=40)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Dill Water (1=40)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Infants' Preservative. (7669.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	3 ounces
Potassium Bromide	2 ounces
Saffron	6 grains
Oil of Anise	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Dill	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Syrup	16 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	4 pints

Mix.

Influenza and Cold Mixture. (7047.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Influenza Cold Mixture. (7675.)

Potassium Citrate	120 grains
Antimonial Wine	1 fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Tolu	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	16 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Cold Mixture. (7931.)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (7667.)

Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Camphor Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (7683.)

Potassium Citrate	90 grains
Salicin	60 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1= 8)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Aconite	12 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Influenza Mixture. (3732.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Ipecacuanha Wine	90 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Influenza Mixture. (6868.)

Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	1 ounce
Tincture of Cudbear, sufficient to colour.	

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Influenza Mixture. (6202.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Influenza Mixture. (5319.)

Potassium Bromide	20 grains
Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Glycerin	20 minims
Strong Solution of Ammonium Acetate (P.J.F.)	5 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	5 minims
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	10 minims
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885) sufficient to produce	½ fl. ounce

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Influenza Mixture. (7410.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Iodium Salicylate	2 ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. ounce
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform water, sufficient to make	60 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (2799.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Influenza Mixture. (5924.)

Ammonium Bromide	300 grains
Phenazone	100 grains
Sodium Salicylate	450 grains
Infusion of Gentian	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Influenza Mixture. (1545.)

Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1 = 8)	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	90 minims
Compound Tincture of Camphor	90 minims
Tincture of Saffron, a sufficient quantity.	
Camphor Water	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Influenza Mixture. (1609.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Ammonium Acetate (1 = 4)	16 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	10 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Ingredients for Sarsaparilla Decoction. (7655.)

Guaiacum Chips	1 ounce
Juniper Berries	½ ounce
Mezereon Bark	30 grains
Sarsaparilla Rhizome	½ ounce
Sassafras Chips	1 ounce
Solid Extract of Liquorice	¼ ounce

Mix.

Inhalation for Whooping Cough. (7166.)

Crude Carbolic Acid, a sufficient quantity.

Instantaneous Toothache Cure. (6081.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloral Hydrate	120 grains
Extract of Indian Hemp	60 grains
Mastich	360 grains
Menthol	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	30 grains
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Iodine and Menthol Spray. (7294.)

Nebula Iodi cum Menthol. (A.)

Iodine	1 grain
Menthol	60 grains
Liquid Paraffin	7 fl. drachms

Dissolve the iodine in the liquid paraffin by the aid of heat and add the menthol while the solution is warm. Used as a throat spray.

Iodine and Starch Paste. (7374.)

Pasta Iodi et Amyli. (C.)

Starch, in powder	1 ounce
Glycerin	2 ounces
Distilled Water	6 ounces
Diluted Solution of Iodine	1 ounce

Boil the starch in the glycerin and water; when nearly cold add the solution of iodine and mix thoroughly.

Iodine Wool. (10,216.)

Iodine	5 ounces
Potassium Iodide	5 ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Methylated Ether (s.g. 0·720)	100 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton	80 ounces

Dissolve the iodine and potassium iodide in the ether, add the glycerin, shake the liquids together, and saturate the cotton evenly under pressure. Then dry the medicated cotton quickly by exposure to the air, and preserve the wool in glass or earthenware vessels.

Iodine Parogen. (9260.)

Synonym.—Iodine Vasoliment.

Iodine	10 parts
Oleic Acid	40 parts
Liquid Paraffin	40 parts
Ammoniated Alcohol (10 per cent.)	10 parts

Powder the iodine and triturate with the oleic acid till dissolved; then add the liquid paraffin and the ammoniated alcohol.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (7805.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Liquid Extract of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Conc. Comp. Solution of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Iodised Sarsaparilla. (2577.)

Potassium Iodide	18 grains
Concentrated Decoction of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. ounce
Arsenical Solution	18 minims
Solution of Potassium Hydroxide	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Iodised Sarsaparilla Mixture. (8108.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	10 grains
Potassium Iodide	2½ grains
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	½ fl. ounce

Iodoform Emulsion. (7272.)

Emulsio Iodoformi. (L.)

Iodoform	44 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 minims
Tragacanth, in powder	4 grains
Glycerin	1 ounce

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Iodoform Gauze. (10,222.)

Iodoform	10 ounces
Ether (s.g., 0·720)	80 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton Gauze	90 ounces

Dissolve the iodoform in the ether, pour the solution on to the gauze under pressure. When the whole of the fluid is absorbed and equally diffused, remove the gauze, and allow the ether to evaporate in a current of air. Preserve in well-closed vessels. The strength of the gauze is approximately 10 per cent. Gauze containing approximately 20 per cent. of iodoform may be prepared as above, using only 40 of gauze.

Iodoform Parogen. (9265.)

Synonym.—Iodoform Vasoliment.

Iodoform	3 parts
Parogen	97 parts

Dissolve the iodoform in the parogen by warming cautiously.

Iodoform Parogen, Deodorised. (9266.)

Synonym.—Deodorised Iodoform Vasoliment.

Iodoform	3 parts
Eucalyptol	3 parts
Parogen	94 parts

Dissolve the iodoform in the parogen by warming cautiously, and add the eucalyptol.

Iodoform Wool. (10,217.)

Iodoform	10 ounces
Methylated Ether (s.g. 0·720)	80 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton	90 ounces

Dissolve the iodoform in the ether, and pour the solution over the cotton under pressure, so that it may become saturated evenly with the liquid. Then remove the medicated cotton, allow the ether to evaporate rapidly, and preserve the wool in well-closed vessels. This wool is only approximately of 10 per cent. strength, as iodoform volatilises during the process.

Iron and Pennyroyal Pills. (7990.)

Iron Pill	240 grains
Oil of Pennyroyal	6 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Iron and Quinine Tonic. (3499.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	80 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Orange-flower Water (Triple)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Iron Mixture for Anæmia. (4057.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Dialysed Iron	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Infusion of Quassia, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Itch Ointment. (2530.)

Black Sulphur	8 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
White Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Soft Soap	8 ounces
Lard	24 ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Itch Ointment. (7597.)

Black Sulphur	8 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	60 grains
White Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Bergamot	30 minims
Soft Soap	8 ounces
Lard	24 ounces

Mix.

Ivy Leaf Corn Paint. (7965.)

Salicylic Acid	2 pounds
Canada Balsam	12 ounces
Extract of Indian Hemp	8 ounces
Ivy Leaves, bruised	4 ounces
Pyroxylin	6 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	75 ounces
Castor Oil	6 ounces
Ether (s.g. 0·730)	9¼ pounds

Macerate for seven days, and strain.

Jarisch's Ointment. (7234.)

Pyrogallic Acid	60 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Jenner's Tic and Faceache Powders. (2462.)

Capsicum, in powder	30 grains
Exsiccated Sodium Carbonate	400 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 grains.

Kaiserling's Fluid. (7267.)

Potassium Acetate	3 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce
Formol	75 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	100 fl. ounces

Kaolin Ointment. (7148.)

Kaolin	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	1 ounce
Hard Paraffin	1 ounce

Melt together the hard and soft paraffins; add the kaolin, and stir until the mixture is cold. Used as an excipient for silver nitrate, potassium permanganate or bichromate, or gold and sodium chloride.

Kaolin Poultice. (8065.)

Cataplasma Kaolini (C.).

Kaolin	577 drachms
Boric Acid	45 drachms
Thymol	½ drachm
Methyl Salicylate	2 drachms
Oil of Peppermint	½ drachm
Glycerin, about	375 drachms

Heat the kaolin in suitable vessel at 100° C., with occasional stirring, for one hour; mix with it intimately the boric acid, then incorporate the mixture thoroughly with the glycerin. Finally, add the thymol, which has been dissolved in the methyl salicylate and the oil of peppermint, and make a homogeneous mass. It should be kept in an air-tight container.

Kaposi's Hair Lotion. (7265.)

Salicylic Acid	66 grains
Eau de Cologne	1¼ fl. ounces
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Brandy	15 fl. ounces

To be applied every other day.

Kaposi's Ointment. (7238.)

Beta-Naphthol	60 grains
Lard	1 ounce

Keratin Solution. (7806.)

Prepared Keratin	1 ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces

Dissolve the keratin in the mixed liquids. Used as a coating for pills which are intended to pass through the stomach and act in the small intestine. They should first be thinly coated with oil of theobroma, then twice with keratin solution, and finally varnished.

Kidney and Liver Mixture. (5879.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3⅓ fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	3⅔ fl. ounces
Elixir of Gluside	400 minims
Tincture of Buchu	5 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Podophyllum	13½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Kidney Mixture. (5778.)

Copaiba	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Kidney Pills. (6712.)

Digitalis Leaves, in powder	96 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	48 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	320 grains
Compound Pill of Rhubarb	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Kidney Pills. (8950.)

Bearberry Leaves, in powder	480 grains
Buchu Leaves, in powder	480 grains
Frankincense	60 grains
Potassium Nitrate	480 grains
Oil of Juniper	240 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Kidney Pills. (7558.)

Capsicum	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Potassium Nitrate	4 ounces
Extract of Bearberry Leaves	1 ounce
Extract of Buchu Leaves	1 ounce
Venice Turpentine	½ ounce
Oil of Juniper	1 fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Kidney Pills. (7557.)

Capsicum	2 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	3 ounces
Extract of Buchu	3 ounces
Oil of Juniper	½ fl. ounce

Mix to form a mass.

King of Denmark's Cough Elixir. (813.)

Ammoniated Solution of Anise Oil (No. 814)	2 fl. ounces
Extract of Liquorice	2 ounces
Fennel Water (double strength)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Kino Lozenges. (10,236.)

Kino	200 grains

Fruit Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Lady Hesketh's Pills. (64.)

Synonym.—Thomson's Antibilious Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Mastic, in powder	1 ounce

Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Lady Hesketh's Pills. (616.)

Synonym.—Dr. Thomson's Antibilious Pill.

Gentian Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Mastic, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Gentian	¾ ounce

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Lady Scott's Stomachic Mixture. (4868.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	160 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	120 grains
Oil of Anise	48 minims
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Lapis Divinus. (7227.)

Alum	1 ounce
Camphor	30 grains
Copper Sulphate	1 ounce
Potassium Nitrate	1 ounce

Powder the salts, mix, and fuse in a crucible; then add the camphor and cast the mixture in sticks.

Lapis Divinus. (10,401.)

Copper Sulphate	50 grains
Potassium Nitrate	50 grains
Alum	50 grains
Camphor	1 grain

Fuse the first three ingredients in a glazed earthen crucible and add the camphor towards the end of the operation.

Lassar's Ointment. (7236.)

Lead Plaster	50 grains
Soft Paraffin, yellow	50 grains
Phenol	2 grains

Lassar's Paste. (590.)

Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Starch	3 ounces
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	6¼ ounces

Lassar's Paste. (7211.)

Zinc Oxide	24 ounces
Starch	24 ounces
Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin, white	50 ounces

Lassar's Paste. (591.)

Salicylic Acid	15 grains
Starch	120 grains
Zinc Oxide	120 grains
Soft Paraffin, white	120 grains
Wool Fat	120 grains

Latter's Ointment. (1241.)

Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	1 ounce
Lard	14 ounces

Laxative Lozenge. (7508.)

Phenol-phthalein	2 grains

Mix with chocolate basis to form a lozenge.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Laxative Lozenges. (7116.)

Jalap, in powder	12 oz. 126 gr.
Mercurous Chloride	18 oz. 189 gr.
Black Currant Paste	7½ pounds
Refined Sugar Mucilage of Gum Acacia, of each a sufficient quantity to produce	28 pounds

Mix.

Lead and Opium Lotion. (7323.)

Lotio Plumbi cum Opio. (L.)

Solution of Subacetate of Lead	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Lead and Opium Lotion. (6342.)

Lead Acetate	4 grains
Opium, in powder	4 grains
Distilled Water, boiling, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mix, set aside for six hours, and strain.

Lemon Seidlitz Powder. (7711.)

Refined Sugar	4 pounds
Sodium Bicarbonate	2 pounds
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	6 pounds
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tartaric Acid, a sufficient quantity.

Lime Cream and Glycerin. (5537.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Almond Oil	1 pint
Oil of Lemon	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Lime Water	1 pint

Lime Juice and Glycerin. (10,415.)

Spermaceti	8 parts
White Beeswax	8 parts
Bergamot Oil	1 part
Expressed Oil of Almonds	32 parts
Lemon Oil	2 parts
Lime Juice	24 parts

Melt the spermaceti and beeswax in the oil; warm the fats; shake continuously until quite cold, adding the perfume lime juice and glycerin of borax together and mix with hot towards the end.

Lime Juice and Glycerin. (10,416.)

White Beeswax	2 parts
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 parts
Essential Oil of Lemon	1 part
Glycerin of Borax	4 parts
Lime Juice	4 parts
Oil of Sweet Almonds	32 parts
Warm Water	8 parts

Melt the wax in the oil and add the other ingredients gradually to the hot liquid. Shake constantly until quite cold.

Linctus. (1523.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Linctus of Heroin. (6525.)

Linctus Heroin. (B.)

Heroin Hydrochloride	2 grains
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Tolu, Syrup of Virginian Prune Bark, of each	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Each fluid drachm contains one twenty-fourth part of a grain of heroin hydrochloride.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Liniment of Ammonium Iodide. (7359.)

Linimentum Ammonii Iodidi. (C.)

Strong Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Iodine	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Camphor	5 fl. ounces

Mix and agitate. On standing the liquid will become colourless, usually with a slight deposit, which may be separated by filtration.

Liniment of Potassium Iodide with Soap, Modified. (10,161.)

Tichborne's Formula.

Oleic Acid	6 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Iodide	7½ ounces
Oil of Lemon	5 fl. drachms
Glycerin	5 ounces
Solution of Potash	q.s.
Distilled Water	50 fl. ounces

Dissolve the potassium carbonate with heat in 10 ounces of the water and add the oleic acid; after effervescence has subsided, add the potassium iodide, glycerin, and oil of lemon mixed together, and then sufficient potash solution to make the liniment of the required consistency.

Linseed Cough Linctus. (6795.)

Chlorodyne	45 minims
Oil of Anise	4 minims
Oxymel of Squill	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Senega	1½ fl. ounces
Infusion of Linseed, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Linseed, Liquorice, and Chlorodyne Lozenges. (10,237.)

Chlorodyne	2½ fl. drachms
Extract of Liquorice	½ ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	
Mucilage of Linseed	½ fl. drachm
Refined Sugar, sufficient to make	5½ ounces

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Liquid Court Plaster. (8448.)

Camphor	¼ ounce
Canada Balsam	¼ ounce
Pyroxylin	1 ounce
Acetone	15 fl. ounces
Amyl Acetate	15 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	15 minims

Mix and shake until dissolved.

Liquid Dentifrice. (7579.)

Menthol	25 grains
Gluside	16 grains
Soluble Gluside	8 grains
Oil of Anise	10 minims
Oil of Wintergreen	40 minims
Concentrated Orange-flower Water	4 fl. drachms
Lavender Water	4 fl. drachms
Sweet Solution of Roses	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	16 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces

Liquid Dentifrice. (7603.)

Soluble Gluside	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Quillaia	2 fl. drachms
Listerine	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 drops
Oil of Wintergreen	2 drops
Solution of Carmine	6 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Liquorice Lozenges. (10,235.)

Brompton Cough Lozenges.

Extract of Liquorice	300 grains
Oil of Anise	50 minims

Simple Basis, a sufficient quantity.
Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Lister's Carbolic Paste. (7252.)

Prepared Chalk	4 ounces

Carbolic Oil (1 in 10), a sufficient quantity.

Make into a paste.

Little Liver Granules. (7852.)

Aloin	2 grains
Jalapin	2 grains
Podophyllin	4 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 grain
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 grain
Oleo-resin of Capsicum	1 grain

Mix and divide into 20 granules.

Little Liver Granules. (8307.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Capsicin	1 ounce
Jalapin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 4 grains.

Little Liver Pills. (6660.)

Aloin	1 ounce
Capsicin	½ ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Podophyllum Resin	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Little Neuralgia Pills. (7849.)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	7 ounces
Alcoholic Extract of Gelsemium	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Liver and Indigestion Tonic. (2449.)

Synonym.—Phosphoric Tonic; Tonic Bitters.

Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Liver and Kidney Tonic. (7883.)

Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Infusian of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Buchu	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	40 minims
Tincture of Podophyllum	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver and Stomach Mixture. (7755.)

Podophyllum Resin	10 grains
Rhubarb Root	1¼ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	2¼ ounces
Sodium Potassium Tartrate	2¼ ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2¼ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix.

Liver Mixture. (7023.)

Ammonium Carbonate	32 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aloes Mixture (No. 7019)	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nutmeg	8 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Liver Mixture. (1662.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	90 minims
Juice of Taraxacum	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	90 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Liver Pills. (4698.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	½ ounce
Gamboge, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Gingerin	½ ounce
Soft Soap	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Liver Pills. (7555.)

Capsicum	¾ ounce
Podophyllum Resin	½ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	12 ounces
Extract of Taraxacum	6 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Liver Pills. (7556.)

Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Myrrh	1 ounce
Extract of Gentian	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Liver Pills. (7770.)

Podophyllum Resin	¼ ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth	3 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Liver Pills. (1953.)

Mercurous Chloride	96 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	144 grains

Mix, and divide into 48 pills.

Liver Tonic. (4069.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	6 fl. drachms
Juice of Taraxacum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Podophyllum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	16 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Liver Tonic. (7778.)

Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Compound Infusion of Gentian, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Liver Tonic. (2526.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Concentrated Infusion of Gentian	2 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	8 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Podophyllum	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Livingstone's Rousers. (7253.)

Jalap Resin, in powder	18 grains
Mercurous Chloride	9 grains
Quinine Sulphate	9 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	18 grains

Concentrated Decoction of Aloes, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into twelve pills. Dose.—2 or 3 pills.

Locock's Hair Wash. (5536.)

Oil of Mace, expressed	420 grains
Oil of Rosemary	84 minims
Olive Oil	3½ fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	3½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	3½ fl. ounces
Rose Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Loeffler's Solution. (1155.)

Menthol	90 grains
Toluene	2½ fl. drachms
Ferric Chloride	18 grains
Absolute Alcohol, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Lotion for Acne. (9570.)

Precipitated Sulphur	5 to 20 parts
Camphorated Spirit	30 parts
Glycerin	10 parts
Water	50 parts

Lotion for Baldness. (5473.)

Borax	300 grains
Glycerin	1¼ fl. ounces
Oil of Bay	20 minims
Solution of Ammonia	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	30 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	30 fl. ounces

Lotion for Stings. (2752.)

Zinc Oxide	180 grains
Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin of Phenol	5 fl. drachms
Rose Water of commerce	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Lotion for the Skin. (7914.)

Prepared Chalk	90 grains
Zinc Oxide	80 grains
Glycerin	120 minims
Rose Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Lotion for Thrush. (5890.)

Sodium Sulphite	10 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Lugol's Caustic. (7186.)

Iodine	60 grains
Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Distilled Water	2 fl. drachms

Lugol's Solution. (7185.)

Iodine	20 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Lund's Catheter Oil. (7533.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Castor Oil	4 fl. ounces
Almond Oil, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the phenol in the mixed oils.

Lund's Oil. (7188.)

Phenol	½ ounce
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces
Almond Oil	10 fl. ounces

Lutz's Ointment. (7189.)

Mercuric Iodide	5 grains
Potassium Iodide	5 grains
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	
Lard	1 ounce

Dissolve the salts in the water and add the lard.

Lysoform Tooth Paste. (10,414.)

Magnesium Carbonate, heavy	50 parts
Precipitated Chalk	400 parts
Powdered Soap	80 parts
Quinoline Yellow, sufficient to tint.	
Geranium Oil	1 part
Glycerin	30 parts
Lemon Oil	16 parts
Lysoform	4 parts
Peppermint Oil	4 parts
Thyme Oil	1 part

Mackenzie's Eye Lotion. (1067.)

Ammonium Chloride	5 grains
Cochineal	1½ grains
Mercuric Chloride	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, boiling	6 ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Mackenzie's Eye Lotion. (8414.)

Ammonium Chloride	6 grains
Cochineal	1½ grains
Mercuric Chloride	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Make a lotion, filter, and add, if required,

Tincture of Belladonna	2 fl. drachms

Magic Toothache Drops. (1616.)

Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Whitworth Bottle	2 fl. ounces

Malt Cough Balsam. (7844.)

Tartarated Antimony	36 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Decoction of Irish Moss	36 fl. ounces
Extract of Malt	18 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	18 fl. ounces
Friar's Balsam	18 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	216 minims
Oil of Peppermint	183 minims
Oxymel of Squill	72 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senega	18 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	216 minims
Distilled Water	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mandl's Paint. (597.)

Iodine	6 grains
Potassium Iodide	25 grains
Oil of Peppermint	4 minims
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Mandl's Paint. (7187.)

Iodine	6 grains
Potassium Iodide	20 grains
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Marshall Hall's Pills. (7182.)

Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Liquorice	1 ounce
Treacle	1 ounce
Hard Soap, thinly sliced	1 ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the aloes in sufficient water and strain; then add the other ingredients, and evaporate to pilular consistence.

Marshmallow Lozenges. (10,227.)

Marshmallow Root, in powder	115 grains
Refined Sugar	1,500 grains
Gum Acacia	1,000 grains
Orange-flower Water White of Egg	of each, a sufficient quantity.

Macerate the marshmallow root in a sufficient quantity of orange-flower water for twelve hours, strain, add the gum acacia and sugar. Dissolve and evaporate to the consistence of honey with constant stirring; gradually add the white of egg beaten up with more orange-flower water. Evaporate with stirring until the paste will not adhere to the hand. Finally divide into 100 lozenges.

Marshmallow Ointment. (7164.)

Olive Oil	3 ounces
Palm Oil	6 ounces
Resin	9 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces

Melt together the resin and yellow beeswax; add the palm oil and olive oil. Stir till cold.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Marshmallow Ointment. (7163.)

Oil of Mucilages or Olive Oil	2 pounds
Yellow Beeswax	½ pound
Resin	3 ounces
Venice Turpentine	½ ounce

Mix by the aid of heat.

Massage Cream. (10,374.)

Coco-nut Oil	160 parts
Lanoline	160 parts
Spermaceti	80 parts
White Wax	80 parts
Oil of Sweet Almonds	320 parts
Orange-flower Water	160 parts
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	1 part

Melt the coco-nut oil, lanoline, spermaceti and wax in the almond oil; remove from the heat, and add the other ingredients.

Massage Cream. (10,375.)

Lanoline	16 parts
Powdered Borax	1 part
Spermaceti	8 parts
White Petrolatum	80 parts
White Wax	8 parts
Castor Oil	16 parts
Rose Water	64 parts

Melt the wax, spermaceti, and lanoline on the water-bath, add the castor oil; stir in the rose water, in which the borax has been previously dissolved. Stir until nearly cold, and, if desired, perfume with a little lavender oil or otto of rose.

Massage Cream. (10,373.)

Lanolin	4 parts
Powdered White Soap	1 part
White Petrolatum	8 parts
Water	4 parts

Mix the petrolatum, lanolin, and soap; incorporate the water.

Master's Drops. (4554.)

Compound Decoction of Aloes (without Saffron)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce

Matricaria Teething Powders. (7041.)

Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	120 grains
Milk Sugar	1 pound
Refined Sugar, in powder	8 ounces
Tincture of Aconite	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Chamomile	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Meningitis Mixture. (6390.)

Potassium Bromide	48 grains
Potassium Iodide	8 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Menthol Liniment. (2171.)

Menthol	70 grains
Chaulmoogra Oil	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. drachm

Menthol Liniment. (7305.)

Menthol	3 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Olive Oil, sufficient to produce	16 fl. ounces

Mix.

Menthol Lotion for Use after Shaving. (10,376.)

Menthol	1 part
Eau de Cologne	200 parts
Glycerin	200 parts
Tincture of Quillaia	100 parts
Orange-flower Water, sufficient to make	2500 parts

Dissolve the menthol in the eau de Cologne and tincture of quillaia; then mix.

Menthol Mixture. (7319.)

Mistura Mentholis. (L.)

Menthol	1½ grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	24 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	24 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Menthol Parogen. (9287.)

Synonym.—Naphthol Vasoliment.

Menthol	2 parts
Parogen	98 parts

Menthol Pastilles. (7330.)

Pastilli Mentholis.

Menthol	1½ grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	12 minims
Distilled Water	48 minims
Elixir of Saccharin, B.P.C.	24 minims
Glyco-gelatin (T.H.P.)	288 grains

Dissolve the menthol in the alcohol, and add the other ingredients. Divide into twelve pastilles.

Menthol Water. (6519.)

Aqua Menthol. (B.)

Menthol	8 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the menthol in the alcohol, add the solution to the water, shake well, and filter after twenty-four hours.

Mercuric Chloride Gauze. (10,221.)

Solution of Mercuric Chloride (1 in 1,000)	100 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton Gauze	100 ounces

Soak the gauze in the solution of mercuric chloride so that the solution is equally distributed and absorbed in the gauze. Dry, and pack in well-closed vessels.

Mercuric Iodide Wool. (10,214.)

Mercuric Iodide	43¾ grains
Potassium Iodide	43¾ grains
Distilled Water	100 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton	100 ounces

Dissolve the salts in the water, diffuse the solution evenly through the cotton under pressure, dry the wool in a dark room, and preserve from the light. This wool (1 in 1,000) is sometimes coloured pale red by adding a little eosine to the medicated solution.

Mercury Parogen. (8898.)

Mercury	40
Wool Fat	20
Thick Parogen	60

Triturate the mercury with the wool fat until metallic globules are no longer visible, then add the thick parogen.

Milner Fothergill's Cough Mixture. (7241.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squills	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Miscible Liquid Extract of Coca. (10,390.)

Coca Leaves, in No. 20 powder	100 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.), sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Exhaust the drug by percolation. Concentrate the percolate to 50 fluid ounces; pour off as much clear liquid from the residue as possible, wash the residue with 10 of water, add the washings to the clear liquid, and sufficient alcohol to make up the required volume.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Mistura Santali Composita. (6315.)

Synonym—Nisbet's Specific.

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Pimento	40 minims
Oil of Sandal Wood	12½ fl. drachms

Mixture for Caries of the Teeth. (8059.)

Phenol	1 ounce
Menthol	1 ounce
Stovaine	1 ounce

Mixture for Epileptic Fits. (5923.)

Potassium Bromide	1½ ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Valerian	1½ fl. ounces
Peppermint Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Mixture for Feverish Cold. (7969.)

Magnesium Sulphate	180 grains
Spirit of Camphor	30 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mixture for Flatulence. (7696.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	120 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	120 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Chloroform and Morphine (B.P., 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P., 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mixture for Indigestion. (7967.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Rhubarb Root	16 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	12 grains
Spirit of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cinchona	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mixture for Indigestion. (7866.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	300 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	600 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	17 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	5 fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	7½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Mixture for Nervous Debility. (5538.)

Phosphorus	5 grains
Liquid Extract of Coca	30 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Damiana	30 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	2 fl. ounces

Moir's Pill. (617.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony Resin	4½ ounces
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	4½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	4½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Moir's Pill. (1030.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	2½ ounces
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	½ ounce
Scammony, in powder	2½ ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2½ ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Moist Iodoform Gauze. (10,223.)

Iodoform	10 ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Ether (s.g., 0·720)	80 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton Gauze	80 ounces

Dissolve the iodoform and glycerin in the ether, pour the solution on to the gauze under pressure, and when all is equally diffused and absorbed, remove the gauze, and allow the ether to evaporate in a current of air. Preserve in well-closed vessels. The strength of the gauze is approximately 10 per cent.

Monckton's Tonic Pill. (435.)

Arsenious Anhydride	12 grains
Reduced Iron	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—1 to 3 grains.

Monsel's Salt. (7184.)

Ferri Subsulphas, U.S.P.

Monsel's Solution, a sufficient quantity.

Evaporate and scale the solution.

Monsel's Solution. (7183.)

Liquor Ferri Subsulphatis, U.S.P.

Ferrous Sulphate, in clear crystals...	67·5 grains
Sulphuric Acid	6·5 grains
Nitric Acid, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	100 grains

Dilute the acid with 50 grains of water, heat to nearly 100° C., and add 6·5 grains of nitric acid; then add the ferrous sulphate gradually, stir until effervescence ceases, add a few drops of nitric acid until red fumes cease to be evolved, and make up the volume with water.

Morgan's Rheumatic Pill. (2172.)

Scammony, in powder	60 grains
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (B.P. 1885)	24 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	60 grains
Oil of Caraway	8 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 5 grains.

Morton's Fluid. (7192.)

Iodine	10 grains
Potassium Iodide	30 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Moustache and Beard Fixer. (10,413.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	250 parts
White Beeswax	250 parts
White Castile Soap	250 parts
Bergamot Oil	50 parts
Glycerin	125 parts
Lavender Oil	10 parts
Rose Geranium Oil	20 parts
Water	1000 parts

Dissolve the gum and the previously shredded soap in the water with heat; melt the wax and add it with constant stirring to the mixture. When homogeneous and nearly cold, add the perfumes.

Mouth Wash. (5421.)

Phenol	40 grains
Eau de Cologne	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	25 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	1 pint

Mouth Wash. (7542.)

Stovaine	44 grains
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces

Mouth Wash. (5539.)

Phenol	10 grains
Eau de Cologne	10 fl. drachms
Glycerin of Tannic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal	25 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	1 pint

Mynsicht's Elixir of Vitriol. (7179.)

Cinnamon Bark, well bruised	¾ ounce
Ginger, well bruised	¾ ounce
Cloves, well bruised	¾ ounce
Calamus Rhizome, well bruised	2 ounces
Galangal Rhizome, well bruised	3 ounces
Sage, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Peppermint Herb, in coarse powder ...	1 ounce
Cubebs, well bruised	½ ounce
Nutmeg, well bruised	½ ounce
Aloes Wood, in coarse powder	¼ ounce
Dried Lemon Peel, well bruised	¼ ounce
Sugar Candy, crushed	8 ounces
Sulphuric Acid	24 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	36 ounces

Macerate for three weeks.

Naphthol Parogen. (9289.)

Synonym.—Naphthol Vasoliment.

Naphthol	10 parts
Parogen, sufficient to produce	100 parts

Triturate the naphthol with the parogen until dissolved.

Needham's Pill. (703.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	1 ounce
Confection of Hips (B.P. 1885)	1 ounce
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Nerve Destroyer. (7858.)

Mastic	¾ ounce
Phenol	1 ounce
Ether	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Nerve Mixture. (6842.)

Synonym.—Neuralgia Mixture.

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Tincture of Valerian	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Nerve Mixture. (7523.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Phosphate of Iron with Quinine and Strychnine	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Nerve Soother. (7809.)

Potassium Bromide	320 grains
Chloral Hydrate	80 grains
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	8 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Nerve Tonic. (7954.)

Ammonium Carbonate	30 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Sodium Bromide	60 grains
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Nerve Tonic. (7695.)

Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Glacial Phosphoric Acid	150 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform	40 minims
Glycerin	9 fl. ounces
Solution of Ferrous Phosphate	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	5 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Nervine. (4929.)

Benzoic Acid	60 grains
Camphor	240 grains
Mastich	120 grains
Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Sandarac	120 grains
Tannic Acid	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Nervine Elixir. (5330.)

Syrup of Quinine Hydrobromide (P.J.F.)	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Nervine Elixir, or Neuralgia Mixture. (8923.)

Magnesium Sulphate	5½ ounces
Chloroform	60 minims
Solution of Ferric Chloride	14 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	14 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fil. ounces

Neuralgia and Nerve Mixture. (1623.)

Ammonium Bromide	360 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	15 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	5 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	60 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Neuralgia and Tic Mixture. (7801.)

Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform	20 minims
Solution of Morphine Acetate	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	18 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia and Toothache Tincture. (7837.)

Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Ether	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Soap	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Peppermint	3 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Arnica	2 fl. drachms

Mix.

Neuralgia Cure. (1532.)

Ammonium Bromide	6 ounces
Phenazone	1½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	¾ ounce
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 gallon

Neuralgia Mixture. (4522.)

Ammonium Bromide	980 grains
Potassium Bromide	480 grains
Glycerin	18 fl. ounces
Solution of Cinchona	17 fl. drachms
Sweet Solution of Roses	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cimicifuga	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	4¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Sumbul	1 fl. ounce
Choloroform Water, sufficient to produce	50 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7923.)

Ammonium Chloride	240 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Colchicum	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	36 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7934.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (5140.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Phenazone	60 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (4101.)

Potassium Bromide	1 fl. drachm
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	5 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7958.)

Ammonium Chloride	2½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	7½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	13 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7949.)

Phenazone	2¼ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	90 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Chloroform	½ fl. drachm
Liquid Extract of Orange	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	12 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	1½ fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	90 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7943.)

Ferrous Sulphate	360 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	8 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	360 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	6¼ fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	120 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7614.)

Quinine Sulphate	360 grains
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Diluted Nitric Acid	2¾ fl. ounces
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Ether	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2¾ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	240 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (3161.)

Ammonium Carbonate	40 grains
Ammonium Chloride	160 grains
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces

Neuralgia Mixture. (7643.)

Ammonium Bromide	80 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	80 minims
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	48 minims
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7956.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7821.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Syrup	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7763.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	1 ounce
Potassium Bromide	3 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	144 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Cochineal	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7758.)

Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	22½ minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (7737.)

Chloral Hydrate	30 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	45 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Tincture of Aconite	30 minims
Chloroform Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Mixture. (6604.)

Ammonium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Neuralgia Mixture. (6102.)

Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	15 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	90 minims
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	90 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Neuralgia Mixture. (5155.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	90 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	90 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Neuralgia Mixture. (1573.)

Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	30 minims
Syrup of Red Poppy	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Neuralgia Mixture. (2765.)

Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	80 minims
Tincture of Quinine	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia Mixture. (6282.)

Phenazone	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	80 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid, a sufficient quantity	
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Aconite	90 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	90 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Neuralgia Mixture or Nerve Tonic. (6371.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (P.J.F.)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgia, Nerve, and Tic Mixture. (7515.)

Ferrous Sulphate	30 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	120 grains
Quinine Sulphate	18 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Neuralgia Ointment. (7816.)

Veratrine	60 grains
Olive Oil	3 fl. drachms
Palm Oil	120 grains
Benzoated Lard	80 ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia or Tic Mixture. (4511.)

Ammonium Chloride	2½ ounces
Magnesium Sulphate	5 ounces
Potassium Bromide	2½ ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2½ fl. ounces
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Neuralgia or Toothache Pills. (7578.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	60 grains
Liquorice Root	90 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Tragacanth	10 grains
Extract of Belladonna	40 grains
Extract of Conium	180 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	20 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Neuralgia Pills. (2232.)

Cinchonidine Sulphate	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	½ ounce
Gelsemine	22 grains
Oleo-resin of Capsicum	44 grains
Podophyllum Resin	22 grains
Strychnine Sulphate	13 grains

Neuralgia Pills. (5267.)

Gum Acacia, in powder	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Acetic Extract of Colchicum (P.J.F.)	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	6 ounces

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (7926.)

Iron Valerianate	1 ounce
Quinine Valerianate	1 ounce
Zinc Valerianate	1 ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Neuralgia Pills. (7851.)

Ferrous Sulphate	3 ounces
Quinine Sulphate	2 ounces
Extract of Gentian	5 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Neuralgia Pills. (7848.)

Quinine Sulphate	¼ ounce
Iron Pill	4 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Neuralgia Powder. (9276.)

Quinine Sulphate	¼ ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	3¾ ounces

Mix. Dose.—20 to 40 grains.

Neuralgia Powders. (7977.)

Synonym.—Toothache Powders.

Quinine Hydrobromide	2 ounces
Quinine Phosphate	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica, in powder	¼ ounce
Lycopodium, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Neuralgia Powders. (7939.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	2 ounces

Mix.

Neuralgia Powders. (7903.)

Cinchona Bark, in powder	1 ounce
Ginger, in powder	30 grains
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	1 ounce

Mix.

Neuralgia Powders. (7977.)

Synonym.—Toothache Powders.

Quinine Hydrobromide	2 ounces
Quinine Phosphate	1 ounce
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	5 ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica, in powder	¼ ounce
Lycopodium, a sufficient quantity.	

Neuralgia Powders. (6935.)

Quinine Hydrobromide	1 ounce
Sodium Salicylate	5 ounces

Mix. Dose.—12 to 24 grains.

Neuralgic Essence. (3897.)

Morphine Acetate	27 grains
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Gelsemium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	½ pint
Tincture of Orange	1½ pints
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Neuralgic Mixture. (8571.)

Quinine Hydrobromide	2 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	20 minims
Glycerin	1 fl. drachm
Solution of Cochineal	6 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	20 minims
Orange-flower Water of Commerce, undiluted	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Neuralgic Mixture. (7886.)

Quinine Sulphate	18 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	20 minims
Chlorodyne	40 minims
Tincture of Cinchona	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Neuralgic Mixture. (7731.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	30 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (7910.)

Butyl Chloral Hydrate	30 grains
Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Diluted Nitrohydrochloric Acid	24 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	42 minims
Tincture of Gelsemium	42 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Neuralgic Mixture. (4505.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Neuralgic Mixture. (5313.)

Synonym.—Nerve Mixture.

Quinine Sulphate	70 grains
Citric Acid	90 grains
Butyl-Chloral Hydrate	90 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	1 ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	96 fl. ounces

Neuralgic Pills. (2242.)

Butyl-Chloral Hydrate	2¾ ounces
Alcoholic Extract of Gelsemium	54½ grains
Aconite Root, in powder	54½ grains

Neuralgic Pills. (7782.)

Quinine Sulphate	3 ounces
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Neuralgic Pills. (7830.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Cinchonine Hydrochloride	120 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	240 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Extract of Belladonna	60 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	60 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Neuralgine. (7514.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Chloral Hydrate	2 ounces

Neurasthenic Mixture. (7318.)

Mistura Neurasthenica. (L.)

Tincture of Valerian	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Asafetida	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Calumba	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water	1 fl. drachm

Neuro-dental Colloid. (7407.)

Morphine Acetate	1 grain
Phenol	10 minims
Oil of Peppermint	5 minims
Collodion, sufficient to produce	1 fl. drachm

Newman Hall's Dipsomania Cure. (7251.)

Ferrous Sulphate	5 grains
Magnesia	10 grains
Spirit of Nutmeg	1 fl. drachm
Peppermint Water, sufficient to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Nipple Healer. (7719.)

Phenol	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	1 fl. ounce
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Orange Flower Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Nipple Lotion. (6754.)

Borax	120 grains
Almond Oil	4 fl. drachms
Rose Water	2 fl. drachms

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Nit Killer. (7106.)

Veratrine	12 grains
Chloroform	of each a sufficient quantity
Oil of Geranium	
Vermilion	
Hard Paraffin	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin, white	8 ounces

Normal Saline Solution. (7132.)

Sodium Chloride	78·75 grains
Distilled Water, sufficient to make...	1 pint

Dissolve. This solution contains salt nearly equivalent to 0·9 per cent., and has about the same osmotic equivalent as blood-serum. It is usually sterilised by boiling at least five minutes in a flask, the neck of which is plugged with sterilised cotton wool.

Nursery Hair Lotion. (4212.)

Stavesacre Seeds, crushed	2 ounces
Quassia Wood, finely rasped	3 ounces
Acetic Acid	2 ounces
Oil of Myrcia Acris or Oil of Rosemary	30 minims
Water	18 ounces

Boil the water and make an infusion of the drugs; dissolve the oil in the acetic acid, and add to the cold infusion. Macerate for twenty-four hours, strain, filter bright through powdered pumice stone; add enough water to the filtrate to make twenty fluid ounces, and tint with vinegar colour. Label "Poison."

Nursery Hair Lotion. (4344.)

Quillaia Bark, in coarse powder	1 ounce
Quassia Wood, finely rasped	2 ounces
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Rosemary	2 fl. drachms
Water	1 pint

Boil the water, infuse, strain, and add the spirit of rosemary; filter bright through pumice stone.

Nursery Ointment. (7764.)

Veratria	45 grains
Palm Oil	¼ ounce
Lard	12 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Almond Oil	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Bergamot	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Verbena	3 minims

Mix.

Nursery or Sanitary Hair Lotion. (7865.)

Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Stavesacre	3 fl. ounces
Lavender Water	1 fl. ounce
Infusion of Quassia, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Nursery Pomade. (594.)

Veratrine	1 grain
Oleic Acid	40 grains
Lard	450 grains
Oil of Bergamot	5 minims

Nursery Violet Powder. (10,377.)

Boric Acid Powder	320 parts
Maize Starch	320 parts
Powdered Orris Root	80 parts
Oil of Bergamot	1 part
Oil of Petitgrain	1 part

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Nurse Strong's Cordial. (1327.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	360 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	180 grains
Syrup of Poppies (P.J.F.)	6 fl. ounces
Spearmint Water	36 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—10 to 60 minims.

Nutrient Suppositories. (9433.)

Peptone, in powder	34 parts
Oil of Theobroma, sufficient to make...	100 parts

Triturate the peptone with part of the melted fat, then add the remainder, mix thoroughly, and pour the mixture into moulds containing 1, 2, or 4 grammes.

Oil of Mucilages. (7162.)

Marshmallow Root, fresh	½ pound
Linseed	3 ounces
Fenugreek Seeds	3 ounces
Distilled Water	2 pounds
Olive Oil	4 pounds

Bruise the root and seeds, add the water, and boil for half an hour over a slow fire; then add the olive oil, boil until the water is entirely evaporated, and decant the oil carefully.

Oily Tincture of Iodine. (7138.)

Iodine	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces
Castor Oil	2 fl. ounces

Dissolve the iodine in the alcohol (90 per cent.); add the castor oil.

Ointment for Acne. (9572.)

Cold Cream	30 parts
Precipitated Sulphur	1 to 3 parts

Ointment for Bad Legs. (5957.)

Camphor	1½ ounces
Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Yellow Oxide of Mercury	1½ ounces
Soft Paraffin	23 ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate ...	3 fl. ounces

Ointment for Broken Chilblains. (9530.)

Ichthyol	1 part
Balsam of Peru	3 parts
Castor Oil	3 parts
Lanolin	24 parts

Mix. Smear over a strip of linen and bind on at night.

Ointment for Broken Chilblains. (9544.)

Lanolin	120 parts
Vaseline	120 parts
Yellow Mercuric Oxide	1 part
Zinc Oxide	30 parts

Ointment for Burns. (7545.)

Stovaine	10 grains
Boric Acid	40 grains
Soft Paraffin	360 grains

Ointment for Burns and Scalds. (7723.)

Prepared Chalk	1 pound
Resin Ointment	6 ounces
Soft Paraffin	9 ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Chapped Hands. (2590.)

Bismuth Oxide	60 grains
White Paraffin Jelly	540 grains
White Wax	24 grains
Oleic Acid	8 fl. drachms
Otto of Rose	3 drops

Ointment for Chilblains, Chaps, Itching, etc. (8028.)

Phenacetin	20 grains
Stovaine	5 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	100 grains
Soft Paraffin	100 grains

Ointment for Colds and Hoarseness. (9576.)

Camphor	1 part
Menthol	1 part
Petrolatum	13 parts
Essential Oil of Eucalyptus	1 part

Rub the camphor and menthol together, add the oil; when dissolved, incorporate with the petrolatum. If procurable, goose-grease may be substituted for petrolatum. This old-fashioned domestic embrocation is of real value.

Ointment for Cracked Nipples. (8033.)

Stovaine	4 grains
Balsam of Peru	20 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	400 grains

Ointment for Cracked Nipples. (7784.)

Tannic Acid	4 ounces
Benzoated Lard	6 ounces
Prepared Suet	14 ounces

Mix.

Ointment for Itch. (91.)

Ammonium Chloride, in fine powder	180 grains
Red Mercuric Oxide	½ ounce
Sublimed Sulphur	1 ounce
White Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	½ ounce
Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Lard	6 ounces

Ointment for Piles and Anal Fissures. (8030.)

Stovaine	10 grains
Extract of Krameria	20 grains
Poplar Ointment	300 grains

Ointment for Piles and Anal Fissures. (8029.)

Stovaine	25 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	500 grains
Soft Paraffin	500 grains
Solution of Adrenalin Chloride (1 in 1,000)	165 minims

Ointment of Suprarenalin and Cocaine. (6562.)

Unguentum Suprarenalin et Cocainæ. (B.)

Suprarenalin	½ grain
Boric Acid	1 grain
Cocaine Hydrochloride	5 grains
Distilled Water	15 minims
Hydrous Lanolin	250 grains
Vaseline	250 grains

Dissolve the first three ingredients in the water and mix with the lanolin and vaseline. The ointment contains suprarenalin, 1 in 1000; cocaine hydrochloride, 1 in 100.

Ointment for Sweating Feet. (10,367.)

Hard Soap, in powder	50 parts
Hard Paraffin	20 parts
Lanolin	100 parts
Salicylated Suet	525 parts
Thymol or Wintergreen Oil	5 parts
Formalin	300 parts

Melt the solids together, then incorporate the formalin.

Oleum Cinereum. (7145.)

White Soft Paraffin	9½ ounces
Mercury Ointment	1 ounce
Mercury	19½ ounces
Liquid Paraffin	20 ounces

Triturate the mercury with the mercury ointment and two and a-half ounces of the soft paraffin, in a warm mortar, until the mercury is extinguished; then add the liquid paraffin. Used by subcutaneous injection.

Dose.—1 to 2 minims.

Opium Lozenges. (10,378.)

Extract of Opium	10 grains

Tolu Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix, and divide into 100 lozenges.

Orange Bitters. (3379.)

Soluble Essence of Orange	4 fl. ounces
Soluble Essence of Lemon	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Cusparia	1 fl. ounce
Orange Wine	20 fl. ounces

Oxygenated Tooth Powder. (9452.)

Magnesium Peroxide	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	½ ounce
Oil of Wintergreen	40 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Precipitated Chalk, sufficient to make	20 ounces

Pagan's Pill. (2607.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	120 grains
Scammony, in powder	60 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	300 grains
Extract of Jalap	150 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains
Mercury Pill	150 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Pain-Easing Drops. (3241.)

Liniment of Soap	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Pain Exterminator. (9061.)

Synonym.—Toothache Essence.

Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	3 fl. ounces

Pain Killer. (7510.)

Capsicin	1 ounce
Menthol	1 ounce
Yellow Paraffin Ointment	10 ounces

Aniline Blue, a sufficient quantity.

Palatable Castor Oil. (10,408.)

Saccharin	8 parts
Vanillin	3 parts
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	200 parts
Essential Oil of Peppermint	8 parts
Castor Oil, sufficient to make	4000 parts

Pancreatic Solution. (6537.)

Glycerole of Pancreatin	3 ounces 160 minims
Sodium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole with the sodium bicarbonate, glycerin, alcohol, and sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces. Two and a-half fluid drachms of the solution should predigest ten fluid ounces of milk at 40° C. in fifteen minutes.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Pancreatised Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Malt. (7042.)

Glycerole of Pancreatin	2 fl. ounces
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	4 drachms
Gum Tragacanth, in powder	½ drachm
Saccharated Solution of Lime	4 fl. drachms
Extract of Malt	10 ounces

Mix the gums and the glycerole of pancreatin in a large mortar, and add two ounces of extract of malt. Mix the solution of lime with the cod-liver oil, take the same quantity of the mixture as the extract, mix thoroughly in a warm mortar, and add the extract and oil little by little, alternately, until the whole has been added.

Papain and Iridin Mixture. (7299.)

Papain	16 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Iridin	16 grains
Potassium Carbonate	12 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the papain with the glycerin and four fluid drachms of distilled water; then apply a gentle heat on a water-bath, and stir till solution is effected. Next mix the iridin with potassium carbonate and four fluid drachms of distilled water. Warm until dissolved; mix the solution with the papain solution, then add the alcohol and, if necessary, sufficient distilled water to make the product measure two fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 fl. drachm.

Paper Court Plaster. (10,409.)

Isinglass	32 parts
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	10 parts
Distilled Water	200 parts
Proof Spirit	40 parts
Tincture of Arnica	50 parts

Soak the isinglass in the water, dissolve with a gentle heat, add the tinctures and the proof spirit, mix well, and spread on one side of thin writing-paper, such as is known as "foreign bank post."

Parenol Cold Cream. (9332.)

Soft Paraffin, white	12 parts
White Beeswax	12 parts
Almond Oil, by measure	50 parts
Borax	1 part
Oil of Rose, a sufficient quantity.	
Rose Water	25 parts

Melt the wax in oil and dissolve the borax in the water by the aid of gentle heat. When both solutions are at about the same temperature add the aqueous liquid gradually to the wax and oil, and stir till the mixture stiffens. Pour into a slightly warmed mortar containing the soft paraffin, stirring until mixed, then add the perfume and again stir till cold. This preparation is intended for toilet purposes. If required as a basis for medicaments, such as are sometimes ordered with cold cream, the borax should be omitted.

Parenol Liniment. (8872.)

Liquid Paraffin	70 parts
White Beeswax	5 parts
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	100 parts

Warm the water, and mix gradually with the melted beeswax and liquid paraffin in a warm mortar.

Parenol Ointment Base. (8867.)

Soft Paraffin	65 parts
Wool Fat	15 parts
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	100 parts

Warm the water, and mix gradually with the melted soft paraffin and wool fat in a warm mortar. The wool fat may be replaced by white beeswax or spermaceti, 5, in which case the quantity of soft paraffin must be increased to 70.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Parogen. (8878.)

Liquid Paraffin	40 parts
Oleic Acid	40 parts
Ammoniated Alcohol (5 per cent.)	20 parts

Mix and agitate until a clear solution is obtained.

Parrish's Chemical Food. (4056.)

Calcium Carbonate	10 oz. 420 gr.
Cochineal	6 ounces
Iron Wire	3 oz. 180 gr.
Potassium Bicarbonate	360 grains
Sodium Phosphate	360 grains
Refined Sugar	40 pounds
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	60 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix. Dose.—1 to 4 fluid drachms.

Parrish's Syrup. (612.)

Synonym.—Parrish's Chemical Food.

Iron Wire, free from Oxide	37½ grains
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid (s.g. 1·5)	1½ fl. ounce
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	120 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	9 grains
Sodium Phosphate	9 grains
Cochineal	30 grains
Refined Sugar	14 ounces
Distilled water, a sufficient quantity	

Dissolve the iron wire by a gentle heat in a mixture of one fluid ounce of concentrated phosphoric acid and five fluid drachms of distilled water, performing the operation in a flask plugged with cotton-wool and keeping the iron completely covered by the liquid. Mix the calcium carbonate with four fluid drachms of the phosphoric acid and two fluid ounces of distilled water; then add the potassium carbonate and sodium phosphate, filter, and set aside. Next boil the cochineal with seven and a-half fluid ounces of distilled water, filter, and pour over the filter a sufficient quantity of distilled water to produce seven fluid ounces of filtrate. Dissolve the sugar in this filtrate by the aid of heat, strain, and cool; then add the iron and calcium solutions, with sufficient distilled water to make one pint. The syrup should be kept in bottles quite full.

Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Pastilles of Heroin. (6542.)

Pastilli Heroin. (B.)

Heroin Hydrochloride	1 grain
Ammoniated Glycyrrhizin	10 grains
Pumilio Pine Oil	8 minims
Glyco-Gelatin, sufficient to make	32 pastilles

Each pastille contains $\frac{1}{32}$ grain of heroin hydrochloride.

Pearson's Arsenical Solution. (7180.)

Sodium Arsenate, in crystals	1 grain
Distilled Water	600 grains

Pearson's Cerate. (7237.)

Lead Plaster	4 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	1 ounce
Oil of Almonds	3 fl. ounces

Pectoral Balsam. (1500.)

Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	5 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Oxymel Glycerin } of each sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Pectoral Balsam of Iceland Moss. (7814.)

Clarified Honey	18 ounces
Diluted Nitric Acid	1½ fl. ounces
Decoction of Iceland Moss	1 pint
Antimonial Wine	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Essential Oil of Almonds	30 minims
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. ounces
Treacle	15 ounces
Vinegar of Squill	30 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pectoral Cough Linctus. (3899.)

Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Castor Oil	1½ pounds
Distilled Water, boiling	6 fl. ounces
Essence of Almonds	4 fl. drachms
Oxymel of Squill	2 pounds
Solution of Cochineal	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	2¼ pounds
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	3 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 2 fluid drachms.

Pectoral Cough Mixture. (7747.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Oxymel	18 fl. ounces
Solution of Tartarated Antimony	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pectoral Elixir. (2713.)

Solution of Ammonium Acetate	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. ounces
Essence of Cochineal	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	4 pints

Pectoral Syrup for Children. (8222.)

Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	½ fl. drachm
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	½ fl. ounce
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pepsin and Bismuth Mixture. (2568.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	40 grains
Pepsin, in scales	12 grains
Mucilage of Tragacanth	1 fl. ounce
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Pepsin and Bismuth Pills. (7989.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	1½ ounces
Pepsin	3 ounces
Lactic Acid	½ ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Pepsin and Cascara Mixture. (7590.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—One to two teaspoonfuls in water.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Pepsin and Cascara Mixture. (6525.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	4 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Ginger	10 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—One to two teaspoonfuls in water.

Pepsin and Papain Mixture. (7165.)

Pepsin, in scales	40 ounces
Papain	40 ounces
Glycerin	3·25 fl. ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the scale pepsin in 450 fluid ounces of water, to which the hydrochloric acid has been previously added. Then dissolve the papain in the glycerin and 200 fl. ounces of water, with the aid of heat on the water-bath. Mix the two solutions and allow to stand for twenty-four hours; then filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Pepsin and Zinc Injection. (7586.)

Pepsin (3,000 test)	120 grains
Zinc Acetate	10 grains
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Mix and direct to be injected into the urethra every three hours.

Pepsin Injection. (7593.)

Pepsin (3,000 test)	120 grains
Boric Acid	20 grains
Tincture of Catechu	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Mix and direct to be injected into the urethra every three hours.

Pepsin Wine. (6522.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	800 minims
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Detannated Sherry, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole, acid, and glycerin; then add sufficient sherry to produce twenty fluid ounces, and, after a few hours, filter.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Pepsin Wine. (7150.)

Pepsin, in scales	320 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Detannated Sherry, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the acid with 18 fluid ounces of the sherry and add the mixture gradually, with constant stirring, to the pepsin and glycerin, previously rubbed together in a mortar. Set aside for a week, then filter, and add sufficient sherry to make one pint.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Pepsin Wine. (7399.)

Vinum Pepsini. (C.)

Pepsin	320 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Sherry, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the pepsin in the liquids previously mixed.

Peptic Solution. (6536.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Dilute Hydrochloric Acid	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole acid, alcohol, and glycerin with sufficient distilled water to produce 20 fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms in water with or after meals.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Peptic Solution. (7284.)

Liquor Pepticus. (A.)

Pepsin, in scales	240 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Essence of Rennet	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Rub the pepsin and glycerin together in a mortar; then add the acid, alcohol, and essence of rennet, with sufficient distilled water to make twenty fluid ounces. Filter through talc if necessary.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Peptonised Cod-liver Oil Cream. (6538.)

Glycerole of Pancreatin	400 minims
Glycerole of Pepsin	400 minims
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Mucilage of Irish Moss	5½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Tolu	5 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Almonds	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Rub the mucilage of Irish moss in a mortar and add the cod-liver oil by degrees until thoroughly mixed; then add separately the glycerole of pancreatin, glycerole of pepsin, and syrup of tolu to the emulsion, and stir well after each addition. Next dissolve the essential oil of almonds in the alcohol and add the solution to the mixture, with sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Peptonised Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. (7041.)

Glycerole of Pancreatin	320 minims
Glycerole of Pepsin	320 minims
Cod-liver Oil	10 fl. ounces
Gluside	3 grains
Solution of Potash	2 fl. drachms
Gum Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Gum Acacia, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Cassia	10 minims
Oil of Bitter Almonds (free from Prussic Acid)	10 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Thoroughly mix the gums and oils in a dry mortar; then dissolve the saccharin in the solution of potash, make up to eight fluid ounces with water, and add the glyceroles of pepsin and pancreatin; next add the mixture to the oils in the mortar, stir continuously until emulsified, and gradually incorporate the remainder of the water.

Phenolphthalein Lozenge. (9343.)

Trochisci Phenolphthalein. (B.)

Phenolphthalein	2 grains
Chocolate Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Make a lozenge.

Dose.—1 to 4 lozenges.

Phenolphthalein Lozenges. (10,379.)

Phenolphthalein	200 grains
Chocolate, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into 100 lozenges.

Phosphorated Suet. (7081.)

Phosphorus	10 grains
Carbon Bisulphide	50 minims
Prepared Suet	90 grains

Dissolve the phosphorus in the carbon bisulphide, add a little of the suet, and mix quickly; then add the remainder of the suet, mix thoroughly, and allow the carbon bisulphide to evaporate.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Phthisis Mixture. (6305.)

Ammonium Carbonate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Strophanthus	90 minims
Tar Wine	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Pierre's Dentifrice. (10,427.)

Star Anise Fruit	15 parts
Alkannin	q.s.
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	200 parts
Essential Oil of Star Anise	3 parts
Essential Oil of Peppermint	3 parts

Macerate the crushed star anise fruit in the alcohol for four days; filter and colour pink with the alkannin; then add the essential oils.

Pile and Gravel Pills. (7475.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	1 ounce
Extract of Pichi	1 ounce
Extract of Triticum (Couch Grass)	1 ounce
Extract of Zea (Cornsilk)	1 ounce

Mix and divide into 4-grain pills.

Pile Lotion. (8132.)

Liquid Extract of Hamamelis	1 fl. drachm
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	3 fl. ounces

Pile Mixture. (2227.)

Magnesium Sulphate	4 ounces
Potassium Nitrate	1½ ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Pile Mixture. (7966.)

Diluted Nitro-hydrochloric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (1521.)

Camphor, in powder	40 grains
Galls, in powder	160 grains
Tannic Acid	120 grains
Opium, in powder	64 grains
Creosote	24 drops
Benzoated Lard	2 ounces

Pile Ointment. (2648.)

Galls, in powder	1 ounce
Opium, in powder	90 grains
Lard	6 ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. drachms

Pile Ointment. (5152.)

Galls, in powder	240 grains
Opium, in powder	60 grains
Lead Acetate, in powder	60 grains
Prepared Lard	4 ounces

Pile Ointment. (9132.)

Solution of Hamamelis	4 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	8 ounces

Pile Ointment. (6203.)

Chrysarobin	2 ounces
Iodoform	¾ ounces
Extract of Belladonna	1½ ounces
Soft Paraffin	37½ ounces

Pile Ointment. (6685.)

Gall and Opium Ointment	2 ounces
Hamamelis Ointment	1 ounce

Pile Ointment. (9073.)

Galls, in very fine powder	1 ounce
Opium, in very fine powder	¼ ounce
Liquefied Phenol	20 minims
Benzoated Lard	4 ounces

Pile Ointment. (6882.)

Black Hellebore Rhizome, in powder	330 grains
Gall and Opium Ointment	4 ounces
Zinc Ointment	4 ounces

Pile Ointment. (7507.)

Galls, in powder	60 grains
Opium, in powder	20 grains
Oil of Eucalyptus	10 minims
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces

Pile Ointment. (7691.)

Solution of Hamamelis	2 fl. ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	3 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (7793.)

Calamine	36 grains
Resorcin	60 grains
Solution of Hamamelis	1 fl. ounce
Soft Paraffin (White)	5½ ounces
Hydrous Wool Fat	3 ounces

Mix.

Pile Ointment. (7735.)

Camphor	60 grains
Galls	180 grains
Opium	20 grains
Solution of Lead Subacetate	30 minims
Lard	2½ ounces

Mix.

Pile Pills. (7520.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	120 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	30 grains
Quinine Sulphate	50 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	120 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Pile Powders. (6725.)

Ethiops Mineral	60 grains
Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	½ ounce

Pile Powders. (7880.)

Acid Potassium Tartrate	3 ounces
Jalap, in powder	½ ounce
Precipitated Sulphur	3 ounces
Senna Leaves, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cassia	20 minims

Mix.

Pine and Poppy Syrup. (7509.)

Morphine Acetate	30 grains
Chloroform	120 minims
Oil of Lemon	4 minims
Syrup of Tar	55 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	25 fl. ounces

Pine Oil Ointment. (6016.)

Boric Acid Ointment	6 ounces
Gall Ointment	6 ounces
Black Oil of Tar	30 minims

Pine Oil Suppositories. (6006.)

Oil of Pine	30 minims
Lard	6 ounces
Yellow Beeswax	360 grains

Melt the fats, add the oil, and pour into moulds.

Pink Healing Ointment. (7724.)

Prepared Calamine	6 ounces
Red Mercuric Oxide	1½ ounces
Phenol	360 grains
Zinc Oxide	6 ounces
Lard	1½ pounds
Resin Ointment	6 ounces

Mix.

Pink Ointment. (5443.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	1½ ounces
Spermaceti	2 ounces
White Beeswax	2 ounces
Benzoated Lard	28 ounces

Pink Ointment. (2259.)

Calamine	2 ounces
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Lard	8½ ounces
Soft Paraffin	8½ ounces

Pink Teething Powders. (3189.)

Jalapine	100 grains
Mercury with Chalk	100 grains
Antimonial Powder	100 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	200 grains

Carmine, a sufficient quantity.

Plaster for Boils. (10,431.)

Synonym.—Boil Plaster.

Galbanum Plaster	5 ounces
Lead Plaster	6 ounces
Opium Plaster	5 ounces
Soap Plaster	4 ounces

Plummer's Pill. (7181.)

Pilula Hydrargyri Subchloridi Composita, B.P.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Sulphurated Antimony	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	2 ounces
Castor Oil	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm

Plummer's Pill, Improved. (9020.)

Sir Jas. Sawyer's Formula.

Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Sulphurated Antimony	1 ounce
Guaiacum Resin, in powder	2 ounces

Syrup of Glucose, a sufficient quantity.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Podophyllum and Taraxacum Pills. (7932.)

Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Podophyllum Resin	160 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	2½ ounces
Extract of Gentian	120 grains
Extract of Taraxacum	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	60 minims

Mix to form a mass.

Pomade for Baldness. (10,411.)

Beef Marrow	64 parts
Peruvian Balsam	20 parts
Pilocarpine Hydrochloride	2 parts
Precipitated Sulphur	10 parts
Quinine Hydrochloride	4 parts

Portable Poultice. (7785.)

Potassium Iodide	9 ounces
Curd Soap	9 ounces
Glycerin	6 fl. ounces
Liquid Annatto	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Citronella	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Verbena	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	3 pints

Mix.

Powder for Chalk Mixture. (7376.)

Pulvis pro Mistura Cretæ. (C.)

Prepared Chalk	50 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	7 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	100 grains

Mix the powders and keep in a stoppered bottle. When required for making chalk mixture use 40 grains of the powder to each fluid ounce of cinnamon water.

Powder for Diarrhœa and Sickness. (6288.)

Bismuth Salicylate	120 grains
Cerium Oxalate	60 grains
Lactopeptine	60 grains

Powder for Nasal Catarrh. (8037.)

Boric Acid, in powder	300 grains
Bismuth Oxynitrate	300 grains
Menthol	10 grains
Stovaine	20 grains

Powder for Nasal Catarrh. (8040.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	100 grains
Stovaine	10 grains
Milk Sugar	100 grains

Powder for Perspiring Hands and Feet. (10,412.)

Burnt Alum	4 parts
Carbolic Acid, Crystalline	1 part
French Chalk	50 parts
Starch Powder	200 parts
Oil of Lavender	4 parts

Mix and dust inside stockings or gloves.

Prepared Table Salt. (7061.)

Sodium Chloride, dried	98 ounces
Sodium Phosphate, dried	2 ounces

Reduce the salts to fine powder and mix thoroughly.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Priest's Mixture. (2860.)

Ammonium Carbonate	½ ounce
Prepared Chalk	1½ ounces
Aromatic Powder of Chalk (P.J.F.)	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar	1½ ounces
Oil of Cassia	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Pulmonic Cough Elixir. (7511.)

Benzoic Acid	90 grains
Camphor	60 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	40 grains
Tragacanth, in powder	150 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	1½ fl. drachms
Oil of Peppermint	1 fl. drachm
Oxymel of Squill	30 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	4 fl. ounces

Pulmonic Cough Linctus. (8529.)

Tragacanth	120 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red-Poppy	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	20 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Chloroform ('P.J.F.')	4 fl. ounces
Ethereal Tincture of Lobelia	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	84 fl. ounces

Pulmonic Wafers. (8069.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	16 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	3 grains
Squill, in powder	16 grains

Liquorice Basis, a sufficient quantity.

Mix and divide into 96 lozenges.

Pulvis Basilicus. (7074.)

Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	3 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	3 ounces
Jalap	1 ounce
Ginger	1 ounce
Antimonial Powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains, according to the age of the child.

Purified Talc. (10,204.)

Talc, in fine powder	100 ounces
Hydrochloric Acid	15 fl. ounces

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the powdered talc with about 500 ounces of boiling water, gradually add 10 fluid ounces of the acid, boil the mixture for fifteen minutes, then set aside for fifteen minutes. Decant and reject the supernatant liquid containing the finer particles of talc in suspension, and again boil the residue with 500 ounces of the water mixed with the remainder of the acid, set aside for fifteen minutes. Again decant and reject the supernatant liquid, and wash the residue with distilled water until quite free from chloride. Transfer the magma to a linen strainer, drain, and dry at a temperature of 110° C.

Quinated Port Wine. (7503.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Port Wine	25 fl. ounces

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7108.)

Citric Acid	75 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	90 minims
Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	24 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (3578.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4778.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4069.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. drachms
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	19 fl. drachms
Magnetic Solution of Iron	38 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	24 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water	48 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	160 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4581.)

Citric Acid	60 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	240 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2251.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	8 fl. ounces

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2569.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	96 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	160 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	96 minims
Oil of Orange	4 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	96 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (2112.)

Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Iron and Quinine Citrate	3 ounces
Alcohol	12 fl. ounces
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Quassia (1 in 8)	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1 gallon

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (4392.)

Quinine Sulphate	1 grain
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Solution of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Chiretta	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (6380.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	120 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (9644.)

Iron and Ammonium Citrate	1½ ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	¾ ounce
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	3 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	72 fl. ounces

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5321.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (5863.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	150 grains
Chloroform	20 minims
Tincture of Orange	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (9609.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	800 grains
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lemon	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7891.)

Citric Acid	45 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Refined Sugar	1 ounce
Sherry	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7840.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Syrup of Lemon	½ fl. ounce
Syrup of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7860.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	80 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Chloroform Water	5 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7623.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	2½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Syrup	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7665.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Lemon	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Orange	1½ fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7684.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	90 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7776.)

Citric Acid	60 grains
Iron Citrate	48 grains
Quinine Sulphate	30 grains
Orange Wine	8 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7824.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7797.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	1½ ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	12 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	6 pints

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7754.)

Quinine Sulphate	160 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint
Solution of Ferrous Phosphate	5 fl. ounces
Syrup	2 pints
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7740.)

Syrup of Phosphates of Iron, Quinine, and Strychnine	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Quinine and Iron Tonic. (7264.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	800 grains
Concentrated Infusion of Orange	2½ fl. ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885), sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ fluid ounce.

Quinine and Iron Tonic Mixture. (5282.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	360 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Orange-flower Water	6 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Quassia	1½ fl. ounces
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	48 fl. ounces

Quinine and Iron Tonic with Nux Vomica. (7909.)

Ammonium Bromide	36 grains
Iron and Ammonium Citrate	34 grains
Iron and Quinine Citrate	36 grains
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	48 minims
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	36 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine Tonic. (6242.)

Quinine Sulphate	32 grains
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	90 minims
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	90 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Quinine Tonic. (7972.)

Quinine Sulphate	16 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Quinine Hair Strengthener. (5542.)

Quinine Sulphate	6 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	5 fl. ounces
Aromatic Vinegar	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Vinegar	1 fl. drachm
Lime Water	5 fl. ounces

Quinosol Tooth Paste. (10,372.)

Magnesium Carbonate (heavy)	40 parts
Menthol	6 parts
Powdered Cuttlefish Bone	110 parts
Powdered Orris Root	100 parts
Powdered Pumice Stone	40 parts
Powdered Soap	230 parts
Precipitated Chalk	650 parts
Carmine	q.s.
Quinosol	17 parts
Salol	6 parts
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	110 to 130 parts
Glycerin	80 parts

Rainey's Hair Tonic. (342.)

Aromatic Vinegar	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Bergamot	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Vinegar of Cantharides	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	25 fl. ounces

Mix and filter.

Ramsbottom's Aperient Pill. (5847.)

Jalap, in powder	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	3 ounces
Oil of Cassia	2½ fl. drachms
Syrup of Buckthorn	1½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Raspberry Cough Linctus. (4556.)

Diluted Sulphuric Acid	6 fl. ounces
Glycerin	32 fl. ounces
Raspberry Juice	92 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	16 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	16 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squill	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	192 fl. ounces

Raspberry Cough Syrup. (4212.)

Ammonium Bromide	240 grains
Essence of Raspberry	4 fl. drachms
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	6½ fl. ounces
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Rattler's Aperient Pill. (8549.)

Gamboge, in powder	2½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Scammony, in powder	5 ounces
Compound Extract of Colocynth	7½ ounces
Mucilage of Gum Acacia, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.— 5 to 10 grains.

Red Clover Blood Mixture. (5871.)

Potassium Iodide	180 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Red Clover	8 fl. ounces
Syrup	36 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Red Cough Drops. (7606.)

Oxymel of Squill	48 fl. ounces
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	8 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	16 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	8 fl. ounces
Tincture of Digitalis	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Red Cough Mixture. (8109.)

Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	20 fl. ounces
Oxymel	40 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	10 fl. ounces
Tincture of Lobelia	2½ fl. ounces

Red Currant Cough Mixture. (2224.)

Citric Acid	1 ounce
Alum	1 ounce
Boiling Water	8 fl. ounces
Dissolve, filter, and add	
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Acetate	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, sufficient to produce	32 fl. ounces

Red Lotion. (7322.)

Lotio Rubra. (L.)

Sulphate of Zinc	40 grains
Compound Tincture of Lavender	6 fl. drachms
Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Red Lotion for Baldness. (5745.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity.	
Glycerin	6 fl. drachms
Blistering Liquid	3 fl. drachms
Orange Flower Water	6 fl. ounces
Rose Water, sufficient to produce	18 fl. ounces

Regnauld's Anæsthetic Mixture. (7175.)

Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Methylic Alcohol	1 fl. ounce

Relief Drops. (7884.)

Ether	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	1 fl. ounce
Ammoniated Tincture of Guaiacum	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Renal Mixture. (7944.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Restorative Mixture. (7928.)

Ammonium Chloride	400 grains
Potassium Bicarbonate	480 grains
Chloroform	30 minims
Solution of Cochineal	2 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	3½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	400 minims
Tincture of Nux Vomica	80 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Restorative Mixture. (7882.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	40 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	40 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	80 minims
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Cinnamon	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Ginger	1½ fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Rheumatic and Sprain Embrocation. (7745.)

Liniment of Soap	14 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Embrocation. (7525.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Soft Soap	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. ounces
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Capsicum (1 in 8)	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Rheumatic Liniment. (7842.)

Menthol	1 ounce
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajeput	1 fl. ounce
Chlorophyll, a sufficient quantity.	
Liniment of Soap, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Liniment. (6893.)

Capsicum Fruit, bruised	1 ounce
Glacial Acetic Acid	5 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces

Infuse the capsicum fruit in the oil for seven days; strain, and add the strained liquid to the remaining ingredients.

Rheumatic Liniment. (5899.)

Menthol	2½ ounces
Chloroform	5 ounces
Oil of Cajuput	2½ ounces
Soap Liniment, sufficient to produce...	1 pint

Rheumatic Liniment. (6269.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Olive Oil, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Rheumatic Mixture. (1614.)

Potassium Iodide	60 grains
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Colchicum Wine	1½ fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Rheumatic Mixture. (2169.)

Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada ...	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Rheumatic Mixture. (7881.)

Sodium Salicylate	120 grains
Colchicum Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Cudbear	15 minims
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Rheumatic Mixture. (6248.)

Potassium Bromide	180 grains
Potassium Iodide	90 grains
Sodium Salicylate	180 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce...	8 fl. ounces

Rheumatic Oils. (7959.)

Chest Oils (7960)	30 fl. ounces
Oil of Origanum	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	10 ounces

Mix.

Rheumatic Pills. (5830.)

Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Capsicum, in powder	15 grains
Podophyllum Resin	4 grains
Quinine	60 grains
Extract of Colchicum	15 grains
Extract of Poke Weed	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Rheumatic Pills. (7835.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Extract of Conium (B.P. 1885)	4 ounces
Oil of Peppermint	2 fl. drachms

Mix to form a mass.

Rheumatic Tablet. (7499.)

Lithium Benzoate	3 grains
Quinine Salicylate	⅓ grain
Precipitated Sulphur	2 grains

Rheumatic Tablets. (9014.)

Colchicine	4 grains
Lithium Salicylate	1,000 grains
Macrotin	50 grains
Phytolaccine	25 grains

Mix and divide into 200 tablets.

Rheumatism, Lumbago, and Sciatica Mixture. (6896.)

Hexamethylene-tetramine (Urotropine)	60 grains
Potassium Citrate	90 grains
Sodium Salicylate	90 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	16 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Ricord's Cough Pill. (1672.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Lactucarium	1 ounce
Excipient, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Ringworm Application. (1537.)

Chrysarobin Ointment	1 ounce
Mercuric Nitrate Ointment	360 grains
Oil of Tar	6 fl. drachms
Phenol	90 grains
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces

Ringworm Lotion. (7049.)

Zinc Sulphate	120 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Ringworm Ointment. (2217.)

Red Mercuric Oxide	420 grains
Hard Paraffin	600 grains
Liquid Paraffin	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	½ pound

Ringworm Ointment. (5958.)

Ammoniated Mercury	30 grains
Precipitated Sulphur	60 grains
Thymol	10 grains
Soft Paraffin	60 grains
Simple Ointment, sufficient to produce	1 ounce

Roche's Embrocation. (569.)

Oil of Amber	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Olive Oil	2 fl. ounces

Rose Astringent Gargle. (7917.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Liquefied Phenol	15 minims
Glycerin and Rose Water	6 fl. drachms
Saturated Solution of Potassium Chlorate	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	2 fl. drachms
Acid Infusion of Roses, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Rose Cough Syrup. (3136.)

Spirit of Nitrous Ether	30 minims
Syrup of Red Poppy	4 fl. drachms.
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	10 minims
Ipecacuanha Wine	40 minims
Rose Water of commerce	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	2 fl. ounces

Rosemary Hair Wash. (7802.)

Potassium Carbonate	½ ounce
Terpinol	20 grains
Burnt Sugar	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Rosemary	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Cantharides	1 fl. ounce
Honey Water	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Rosemary and Cantharides Hair Restorer. (5703.)

Zinc Sulphate	100 grains
Acetic Acid	15 fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	5 fl. ounces
Essence of Jockey Club	2½ fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Rosemary	5 fl. drachms
Vinegar of Cantharides	2½ fl. ounces
Colouring Agent, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water	5 pints

Rose Tooth Powder. (6000.)

Exsiccated Alum, in powder	1 ounce
Armenian Bole	2 ounces
Carmine	120 grains
Precipitated Calcium Carbonate	17 ounces
Prepared Chalk	9 ounces
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	60 grains
Cuttle Fish Bone, in powder	6 ounces
Musk, in powder	4 grains
Orris Root, in powder	3 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1 ounce
Oil of Cloves	6 minims
Oil of Lavender	6 minims
Oil of Rose	6 minims

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Rose Water. (7333.)

Aqua Olei Rosæ. (C.)

Synonym.—Water of Oil of Rose.

Oil of Rose	24 minims
Calcium Phosphate or Purified Talcum	43¾ grains
Distilled Water	25 fl. ounces

Triturate the oil of rose with the phosphate of calcium (or the purified talcum), gradually add the distilled water, continually triturating, and filter. The following medicated waters may be made in the same manner as water of oil of rose:—

Aqua Olei Anethi.
Aqua Olei Anisi.
Aqua Olei Carui.
Aqua Olei Cinnamomi.
Aqua Olei Fœniculi.
Aqua Olei Menthæ Viridis.
Aqua Olei Menthæ Piperitæ.
Aqua Olei Pimentæ.

Rossbach's Powder. (7222.)

Purified Naphthalene	75 grains
Refined Sugar	75 grains
Oil of Bergamot	½ minim

Mix and divide into 20 powders.

Rothe's Carbolic Acid Mixture. (7209.)

Phenol	12 grains
Tincture of Iodine	16 minims
Tincture of Orange	90 minims
Syrup	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Rubini's Essence of Camphor. (7223.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to produce	2¼ fl. ounces

Sacred Bark Pills. (8997.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	24 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	24 grains
Podophyllum Resin	120 grains
Oleo-resin of Capsicum	48 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Sal Alembroth Gauze. (10,224.)

Alembroth Salt	½ to 1 ounce
Absorbent Cotton Gauze	99 ounces
Distilled Water	100 fl. ounces
Aniline Blue, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the alembroth salt in the water, and tint with the blue. Place the gauze in the solution, and press until it is evenly saturated and has absorbed all the solution. Dry, and preserve in well-closed vessels. The strength of the product is approximately ½ to 1 per cent.

Sal Alembroth Wool. (10,218.)

Alembroth Salt	4 ounces
Distilled Water	200 fl. ounces
Aniline Blue, a sufficient quantity.	
Absorbent Cotton	98 ounces

Dissolve the salt and aniline blue in the water, immerse the cotton in this solution, then remove and press until it weighs 200 ounces. Finally, dry and store the wool (2 per cent.) in well-closed cartons.

Salicylated Suet. (7087.)

Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Benzoin, in powder	1¼ ounces
Prepared Suet	12½ ounces

Heat the suet and benzoin together on a water-bath for fifteen minutes; then strain, dissolve the salicylic acid in the strained liquid, and pour into moulds.

Salicylic Parogen. (9293.)

Synonym.—Salicylated Vasoliment.

Salicylic Acid	10 parts
Parogen, sufficient to produce	100 parts

Powder the salicylic acid and triturate with the parogen until dissolved.

Salicylic Wool. (10,210.)

Salicylic Acid	4 ounces
Methylated Alcohol	100 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton	96 ounces

Dissolve the salicylic acid in the alcohol, and pour the solution over the cotton under pressure, so that the whole may be absorbed and diffused evenly throughout. Then dry the medicated cotton in thin layers, at a moderate temperature, and preserve the wool (4 per cent.) from the light in well-closed vessels. In order to prepare wool of 10 per cent. strength, use acid, 10 ounces, and cotton, 90 ounces, instead of the quantities specified in the above formula.

Salol Camphor. (8475.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Salol	3 ounces

Heat together until a viscid liquid is formed.

Salol Collodion. (8474.)

Salol	2 ounces
Collodion	15 fl. ounces
Ether	2 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Salol Diarrhœa Mixture. (5517.)

Bismuth Oxynitrate	840 grains
Salol	420 grains
Chalk Mixture, sufficient to produce...	21 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Salol Mouth Wash. (8476.)

Salol	½ ounce
Elixir of Gluside	8 minims
Oil of Anise	201 minims
Oil of Peppermint	40 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the salol in the alcohol and add the other ingredients.

Salol Varnish for Pills.

Salol	1 ounce
Shellac	1½ ounces
Absolute Alcohol	1½ fl. ounces
Ether	1½ fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Salol Varnish for Pills.

Salol	1 ounce
Sandarac Varnish	5 fl. ounces

Dissolve.

Sandal Wood Oil Mixture. (7285.)

Liquor Santali Flavi Compositus. (A.)

Oil of Sandal Wood	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cubebs	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Pimento	15 minims
Oil of Cassia	15 minims
Copaiba	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Buchu	3 fl. ounces
Concentrated Infusion of Buchu	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	3 fl. ounces
Light Magnesium Carbonate	½ ounce
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Heat the solution of potash to boiling point, mix with the oils and copaiba, allow to stand awhile; then add the water and shake well, heating with a little more solution of potash if saponification is not complete. To the cooled emulsion add the tincture and concentrated solution of buchu; next add the alcohol, and finally the magnesium carbonate. Mix well, allow to stand for twenty-four hours; then filter through paper sprinkled with magnesium carbonate.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Sandal Wood Oil Mixture. (7532.)

Oil of Sandal Wood	120 minims
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	260 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Emulsify the oil by adding it gradually to the mucilage, with constant trituration, and dilute gradually with the water.

Sandarac Varnish for Pills.

Sandarac	1½ ounces
Absolute Alcohol	3 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce

Dissolve.

Santonin Worm Powders. (7831.)

Jalapin	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Milk Sugar	5 ounces
Santonin	3 ounces

Mix.

Saratoga Pick-Me-Up Bitters. (7700.)

Caffeine	40 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Ginger (B.P. 1885)	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sarsaparilla Blood Mixture. (7846.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Sodium Bromide	80 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	80 minims
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	½ fl. ounce
Arsenical Solution	15 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	80 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	30 minims
Infusion of Sarsaparilla, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sarsaparilla Skin and Blood Purifier. (7920.)

Potassium Iodide	24 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Wintergreen	1 minim
Arsenical Solution	20 minims
Concentrated Compound Solution of Sarsaparilla	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Potash	1½ fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Scald Head Ointment. (7902.)

Oil of Eucalyptus	1 fl. ounce
Sulphur Ointment	9 ounces

Mix.

Schuster's Pastilles. (7176.)

Tannic Acid	30 grains
Opium, in fine powder	1 grain
Glycerin, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and make into cylinders for the male urethra.

Scott's Dressing or Ointment. (7177.)

Mercury Ointment	10 ounces
Soap Plaster	12 ounces
Camphor	3 ounces

Melt the ointment and plaster together and add the camphor.

Scott's Laxative Syrup. (1983.)

Syrup of Rhubarb	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Senna	1 fl. ounce
Syrup, sufficient to produce	14 fl. ounces

Scurvy Ointment. (7875.)

Ammoniated Mercury	1 ounce
Olive Oil	1½ fl. ounces
Benzoated Lard	1 pound
White Beeswax	1 ounce

Mix.

Sedative and Expectorant Cough Lozenges. (2858.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	336 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	112 grains
Lozenge Paste	7 pounds

Mix, and divide into suitable lozenges.

Sedative Dust. (7705.)

Boric Acid	2 ounces
Fullers' Earth	2 ounces
Orris Root	2 ounces
Starch	4 ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	50 minims

Mix.

Sedative Liniment for Unbroken Chilblains. (5880.)

Compound Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine, sufficient to produce	16 fl. ounces

Sedative Solution of Opium. (7168.)

Liquor Opii Sedativus. (A.)

Opium, in small pieces	2 ounces
Calcium Hydroxide	120 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Sherry	3 fl. ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Boil the opium and calcium hydroxide with fifteen fluid ounces of the water for half an hour; then cool, make up to thirteen fluid ounces with distilled water, and add the alcohol (90 per cent.) and sherry. Set aside for six months to mature; then filter and add sufficient alcohol (60 per cent.) to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—5 to 15 minims, for repated administration; for a single administration, 20 to 30 minims.

Shampoo Powder. (10,264.)

Potassium Carbonate	120 grains
Borax	½ ounce
Sugar	60 grains
Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Bergamot	6 minims
Oil of Rose Geranium	3 minims
Oil of Bitter Almonds	3 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	½ fl. ounce
Rose Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Shampoo Powder. (10,369.)

Powdered Dried Washing Soda	40 parts
Powdered Yellow Soap	150 parts
Wheat Starch	20 parts
Perfume	q.s.

Shampoo Powder. (10,370.)

Powdered Ammonium Carbonate	15 parts
Powdered Dried Sodium Carbonate	50 parts
Powdered Yellow Soap	800 parts
Oil of Myrcia Acris	6 parts
Oil of Neroli	1 part

Simple Elixir. (7157.)

Tincture of Orange	2 fl. ounces
Syrup	12½ ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the tincture with the syrup, and add sufficient distilled water to produce thirty fluid ounces.

Sinclair's Hotel Bottle. (2691.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2½ fl. ounces
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1½ fl. ounces
Whites of Eggs	2

Skin and Blood Mixture. (2580.)

Potassium Chlorate	30 grains
Magnesium Sulphate	240 grains
Hydrochloric Solution of Arsenic	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (P.J.F.)	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Skin Disease or Eczema Ointment. (6343.)

Salicylic Acid	40 grains
Calamine	120 grains
Resorcin	40 grains
Starch, in powder	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide	240 grains
Oil of Cade	2 fl. drachms
Soft Paraffin, yellow	1 ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	1½ ounces

Skin Irritation Lotion. (7794.)

Calamine	180 grains
Resorcin	9 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	3 fl. ounces

Mix.

Small Liver Pills. (3696.)

Aloin	2 ounces
Podophyllum Resin	4 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce
Jalapin	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	1 ounce
Capsicin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—½ to 2 grains.

Smytton's Aperient Pill. (9549.)

Mercury Pill	24 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth, in powder	90 grains
Oil of Caraway	6 minims

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—2 to 6 grains.

Soda-Mint Tablets. (10,199.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	500 grains
Oil of Peppermint	12½ minims

Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Soft Corn Application. (7985.)

Glycerin of Lead Subacetate	3 fl. drachms
Strong Hypodermic Solution of Morphine	20 minims

Mix.

Solution of Balsam of Tolu. (7308.)

Balsam of Tolu	10 ounces
Syrup	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	2 pints

Place the tolu, syrup, glycerin, and twenty-five fluid ounces of water in a flask or stone bottle fitted with a perforated cork bearing a long glass tube about ¼-inch diameter, to act as an upright condenser. Heat the whole in a boiling water bath for six hours, with occasional agitation. Cool, strain through flannel, and pass enough distilled water through the filter to make the volume of the strained liquid up to two pints. One volume of the solution should be added to seven volumes of syrup to make Syrupus Tolutanus.

Solution of Bromide of Gold and Arsenic. (7362.)

Liquor Auri et Arsenii Bromidi. (C.)

Arsenious Acid		10 grains
Gold Tribromide		13 grains
Bromine Water	of each, in equal parts, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water		

Introduce the arsenious acid and about 1⅓ fluid ounces of bromine water in a flask and heat gently until all free bromine has disappeared. Then add bromine water, 20 to 50 drops at a time, until it will be present in slight excess, or until the solution does not become colourless after some time. Transfer the solution to a porcelain capsule, expel the excess of bromine with the aid of gentle heat, dilute it with water to about 9 fluid ounces, and dissolve in this the tribromide of gold, adding enough water to make 10 fluid ounces. Ten minims of this solution contain 1/32nd grain of tribromide of gold, and the equivalent of 1/16th grain of tribromide of arsenic. Shake the bromine with the water occasionally during several hours, and decant the water from the undissolved bromine. Dose.—5 to 10 minims.

Solution of Bismuth Citrate. (7635.)

Synonym.—Liquor Bismuthi (B.P. 1885).

Bismuth Citrate		800 grains
Solution of Ammonia	of each a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water		

Rub the bismuth citrate to a paste with a little of the water; then gradually add the solution of ammonia, with constant stirring, until the salt is just dissolved. Finally, add sufficient distilled water to produce one pint.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Solution of Carmine. (7364.)

Liquor Carmini. (C.)

Carmine	1 oz. 87 grains
Solution of Ammonia	7 fl. ounces
Glycerin	7 fl. ounces
Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Triturate the carmine to a fine powder in a Wedgwood mortar, gradually add the solution of ammonia, and afterwards the glycerin under constant trituration. Transfer the mixture to a porcelain capsule and heat it upon a water-bath, constantly stirring, until the liquid is free from ammoniacal odour. Then cool and add enough water to make 20 fluid ounces.

Solution of Carmine. (8184.)

Carmine	1 ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	10 fl. ounces

Moisten the carmine with distilled water, add the strong solution of ammonia, stir till solution is complete, and make up to the required volume with distilled water.

Solution of Carmine. (7280.)

Liquor Carmini. (A.)

Carmine	40 grains
Strong Solution of Ammonia	40 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. drachms

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Triturate the carmine with sufficient distilled water to moisten it and add the solution of ammonia; then add one fluid ounce of water, filter, add the alcohol and glycerin, and pass sufficient distilled water through the filter to produce 2 fluid ounces. The solution should be filtered perfectly bright before use.

Solution of Cochineal. (7307.)

Synonym.—Liquor Cocci.

Cochineal, in powder	16 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	16 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	16 ounces
Alum, in powder	16 ounces

Boil the cochineal and potassium carbonate with 5 pints of water; add the acid potassium tartrate and the alum; continue the boiling for twenty minutes, make up to 5½ pints, filter, and pass sufficient boiling water over the filtrate to make the measure up to 5½ pints. In this, while warm, dissolve 6 pounds of sugar, and when cold add 10 fluid ounces of alcohol (90 per cent.).

Solution of Copaiba. (7281.)

Liquor Copaibæ. (A.)

Copaiba	10 fl. ounces
Solution of Potash	16 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	5 fl. ounces

Add the copaiba to 15 fluid ounces of the solution of potash and boil together for an hour; then add the water and mix thoroughly. After cooling, remove the clear liquid from the oil and sediment, evaporate to 19 fluid ounces, and add sufficient solution of potash to produce 20 fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Solution of Euonymin. (6527.)

Liquor Euonymin. (B.)

Euonymin	32 grains
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Coriander	4 minims

Dissolve the euonymin and oil of coriander in the alcohol and filter. Each fluid drachm contains 4 grains of euonymin.

Dose.—15 to 30 minims.

Solution of Euonymin and Pepsin. (6528.)

Liquor Euonymin et Pepsini. (B.)

Pepsin	32 grains
Diluted Hydrochloric Acid	80 minims
Solution of Euonymin	4 fl. drachms
Alcohol (45 per cent.)	4 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	2 fl. ounces

Mix. Each fluid drachm contains 2 grains of pepsin and 1 grain of euonymin.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Solution of Ferrous Iodide. (7283.)

Liquor Ferri Iodidi. (A.)

Iron, in wire	½ ounce
Iodine	726 grains
Diluted Hypophosphorous Acid	1½ fl. drachms

Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.

Place the iron wire and iodine in a small flask with 2 fluid ounces of the water; then plug the neck with cotton-wool, and boil gently, with continual agitation, until the liquid loses its yellow colour. Next heat the liquid to boiling point, allow to cool, filter, add the acid, and pass sufficient boiled and cooled distilled water through the filter to produce 2½ fluid ounces. Preserve the liquid in small bottles, which should be quite full and kept in the dark, after the neck and corks have been dipped into melted paraffin. One volume of the solution should be added to 7 volumes of syrup to make Syrupus Ferri Iodidi.

Solution of Ferrous Phosphate. (9386.)

Iron Wire	300 grains
Phosphoric Acid (s.g. 1·5)	4½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	10 fl. ounces

Dissolve the iron in the acid and add the mixture.

Solution of Ginger. (7368.)

Liquor Zingiberis. (C.)

Strong Tincture of Ginger	10 fl. ounces
Purified Talcum	6¾ ounces
Refined Sugar	6¾ ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Triturate the tincture of ginger with the sugar and purified talcum, add the distilled water, shake and filter, returning first portions of filtrate to the filter until a clear liquid is obtained.

Solution of Gluside. (7366.)

Liquor Glusidi. (C.)

Synonym.—Elixir of Saccharin.

Gluside	1 oz. 202·5 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	292 grains
Alcohol	5 fl. ounces
Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the gluside and the sodium bicarbonate in 13 fluid ounces of water, filter the solution, add the alcohol to the filtrate, and pass enough water through the filter to make 20 fluid ounces. Each fluid drachm represents 4 grains of gluside (saccharin).

Solution of Iron, Quinine, and Strychnine. (7301.)

Iron Wire	150 grains
Phosphoric Acid (s.g. 1·5)	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled water, a sufficient quantity	
Strychnine	10 grains
Quinine Sulphate	260 grains

Dissolve the iron wire in 2¼ fluid ounces of phosphoric acid and add sufficient distilled water to produce 5 fluid ounces. Next dissolve the strychnine and quinine sulphate in warm phosphoric acid, 2 fluid drachms, mix the two solutions, and add sufficient distilled water to produce 12 fluid ounces. This solution is used for preparing Easton's syrup, 3 fluid parts being added to 10 of syrup.

Solution of Pepsin. (6529.)

Liquor Pepsini. (B.)

Soluble Scale Pepsin	320 grains
Dilute Hydrochloric Acid	3 fl. drachms
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform Water	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix. Each fluid drachm contains 2 grains of pepsin.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Solution of Pepsin. (6526.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	3¼ fl. ounces
Cherry-Laurel Water or Orange Flower Water	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Saffron Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Mix well the glycerole of pepsin and cherry-laurel water, and colour with the tincture of saffron; then add sufficient distilled water to produce twenty fluid ounces and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Soothing and Teething Powders. (7822.)

Antimonial Powder	¼ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	3¼ ounces

Mix.

Soothing Gum Syrup. (8554.)

Potassium Nitrate	5 grains
Solution of Cochineal, a sufficient quantity.	
Syrup	½ fl. ounce

Soothing Syrup. (7953.)

Synonym.—Gripe Mixture.

Sodium Bicarbonate	20 grains
Sodium Bromide	10 grains
Syrup of Ginger	30 minims
Syrup of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	30 minims
Dill Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Spence's Ointment. (1080.)

Zinc Oxide	2 ounces
Soft Paraffin	8 ounces
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. ounce

Spirit Lotion. (7321.)

Lotio Spiritus. (L.)

Methylated Spirit	5 fl. ounces
Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Spirit of Bitter Almond. (7403.)

Oil of Bitter Almond	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	80 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve the oil in the alcohol and add the water.

Spirit of Green Soap. (7328.)

Spiritus Saponis Viridis. (L.)

Green Soft Soap	2 pounds
Methylated Spirit	16 fl. ounces

Spirit of Orange. (7379.)

Spiritus Aurantii. (C.)

Oil of Sweet Orange Peel, fresh	1 fl. ounce
Deodorised Alcohol	9 fl. ounces

Mix.

Spray Oil. (6538.)

Oleum Pro Nebula. (B.)

Purified White Petroleum Oil	4 fl. ounces
Balsam of Peru	40 grains

Digest in a bottle on a water bath for ten minutes, and filter when cold.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Spring and Autumn Mixture. (8113.)

Exsiccated Magnesium Sulphate	1 pound
Acid Potassium Tartrate	½ pound
Sublimed Sulphur	1 pound
Ginger, in powder	2 ounces
Oil of Chamomile	6 minims

Stainless Iodine Ointment. (7395.)

Unguentum Iodi Denigrescens. (C.)

Iodine	1 ounce
Soft Paraffin	19 ounces

Finely powder the iodine, heat the paraffin until liquefied, then add the powdered iodine, continuing a gentle heat and stirring until fully combined, then remove from heat and stir till cold.

Startin's Lotion. (7254.)

Bismuth Subnitrate	½ ounce
Zinc Oxide	½ ounce
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Stevens' Anticholeraic Powders. (7226.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	30 grains
Sodium Chloride	20 grains
Potassium Chlorate	7 grains

Stimulating Embrocation. (7682.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Soft Soap	3 ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Strong Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Sting Lotion. (7859.)

Ammonium Chloride	30 grains
Phenol	60 grains
Glycerin of Borax	2 fl. drachms
Elder-flower Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

St. John Long's Embrocation. (567.)

Acetic Acid	5 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	1 fl. drachm
Oil of Turpentine	3 fl. ounces
One Egg	
Rose Water	2½ fl. ounces

Triturate the egg with the turpentine and oil of lemon, then add gradually the acetic acid and rose water.

St. John Long's Embrocation. (568.)

Camphor	120 grains
Soft Soap	360 grains
Acetic Acid	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Stokes's Mixture. (7255.)

Cherry-laurel Water	1½ fl. drachms
Mucilage of Acacia	3 fl. drachms
Solution of Morphine Acetate	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Orange Flowers	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ fl. ounce three or four times daily.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Stomach and Indigestion Mixture. (1544.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	60 grains
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	6 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform (1 in 10)	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Ginger	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Ginger	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Lavender	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	30 minims
Compound Tincture of Rhubarb	1 fl. drachm
Concentrated Peppermint Water (1 = 40)	1 fl. drachm
Infusion of Calumba, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Stomach, Liver, and Nervine Pills. (3893.)

Synonym.—Antibilious Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	10 ounces
Colocynth Pulp, in powder	3 ounces
Gamboge, in powder	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Gingerin	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Stomach Mixture. (7957.)

Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	60 grains
Glycerin of Pepsin	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Chiretta	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Orange	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Stomach Mixture. (3892.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	60 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	120 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Stomach Powders. (7975.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root	5 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	5 ounces

Mix.

Stomach Tonic. (4880.)

Ammonium Carbonate	288 grains
Compound Powder of Rhubarb	2 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. drachms
Peppermint Water, sufficient to produce	48 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Stomachic Mixture. (7829.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Carbonate	1 ounce
Rhubarb Root, in powder	2 ounces
Elixir of Gluside	1 fl. ounce
Strong Solution of Ammonia	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	4 pints

Mix.

Stomachic Mixture. (7798.)

Potassium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Potassium Bromide	150 grains
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Gentian	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Strong Solution of Ferrous Phosphate. (7303.)

Iron, in wire	300 grains
Concentrated Phosphoric Acid	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Place the iron wire and the acid, previously diluted with an equal volume of the water, in a small flask; plug the neck with cotton wool, heat gently until the iron is dissolved, and add sufficient distilled water to produce ten fluid ounces. One fluid drachm of the finished solution represents eight grains of anhydrous ferrous phosphate. It may be used for the extemporaneous production of Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis and Syrupus Ferri Phosphatis cum Quinina et Strychnina.

Strong Tincture of Cantharides. (1530.)

Cantharides, in No. 40 powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Styptic Collodion. (8419.)

Tannic Acid	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Ether	5 fl. ounces
Collodion, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Styptic Collodion. (10,365.)

Tannin	1 part
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 part
Flexile Collodion	8 parts

Styptic Gauze. (10,225.)

Stockholm Tar	5 ounces
Resin	3 ounces
Benzol	80 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton Gauze	92 ounces

Dissolve the tar and resin in the benzol, allow to stand for twenty-four hours, decant the clear liquid, and saturate the gauze with it. Dry the gauze in a steam chamber where there is a good current of air. The strength of the product is approximately 5 per cent.

Stypic Lint. (10,366.)

Alum	10 parts
Distilled Water	100 parts
Solution of Ferric Chloride (sp.g. 1·26)	30 parts

Dissolve the alum in the water, add the ferric chloride; dip the absorbent lint in the solution and dry in the air.

Styptic Wool. (10,213.)

Ferric Chloride	15 ounces
Distilled Water	100 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton	85 ounces

Dissolve the ferric chloride in the water, saturate the cotton evenly with the solution, and dry.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Sublimate Wool. (10,215.)

Mercuric Chloride	½ ounce
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water	200 fl. ounces
Absorbent Cotton	100 ounces

Dissolve the mercuric chloride in the glycerin and water, immerse the cotton in the solution, and press out the liquid until the medicated cotton weighs 200 ounces. Dry quickly in a dark room, and preserve the wool in well-closed vessels. This wool soon deteriorates, the mercuric salt becoming reduced to the mercurous state in a few weeks.

Sulphurated Lime Lotion. (7371.)

Lotio Calcis Sulphuratæ. (C.)

Synonym.—Vleminck's Solution.

Slaked Lime	3 oz. 132 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	5 ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix the slaked lime with the sulphur and add the mixture gradually to 33 fluid ounces of boiling water. Then boil the whole under constant stirring until it measures 20 fluid ounces, strain, and having allowed the solution to become clear by standing in a well-stoppered bottle, decant the clear brown liquid and keep it in completely filled and well-stoppered bottles.

Sulphur Parogen. (9295.)

Synonym.—Sulphur Vasoliment.

Sublimed Sulphur	3 parts
Linseed Oil	37 parts
Parogen, sufficient to produce	100 parts

Dissolve the sulphur in the oil by the aid of heat, and add the parogen.

Sulphur Parogen, Compound. (9316.)

Synonym.—Compound Sulphur Vasoliment.

Sulphur Parogen	10 parts
Oil of Cade	10 parts
Thymol	0·3 part
Eucalyptol	3 parts
Oil of Turpentine	30 parts
Parogen, sufficient to produce	100 parts

Summer Diarrhœa Powders. (6300.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	600 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Rhubarb Root, in powder	150 grains

Summerfield's Pill. (6182.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	180 grains
Cinnamon Bark, in powder	60 grains
Ferrous Sulphate, in powder	30 grains
Myrrh, in powder	40 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	180 grains
Confection of Roses	300 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Suppository for Piles. (8042.)

Stovaine	3 grains
Extract of Belladonna	5 grains
Oil of Theobroma, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix and divide into ten suppositories.

Suprarenal Extract. (8473.)

Fresh Suprarenal Gland of the Sheep or Ox	20 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	
Glycerin, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Trim, slice, and bruise the glands, and allow to macerate for twenty-four hours with three-fourths their weight of glycerin; then express strongly and make up to 20 fluid ounces by the addition of a mixture of glycerin and distilled water, equal volumes.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Suprarenal Tablets. (10,201.)

Dried Suprarenal Glands, in powder	200 grains
Refined Sugar	200 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, make into 100 tablets.

Suprarenalin Solution. (7406.)

Suprarenalin Chloride	1 grain
Chloroform	5 grains
Normal Saline Solution	1,000 grains

Dissolve the suprarenalin chloride in the normal saline solution and add the chloroform as a preservative.

Suprarenalin Solution. (7406.)

Suprarenalin or Adrenalin Chloride...	1 grain
Normal Saline Solution, sufficient to produce	1,000 grains

Suprarenalin Spray with Cocaine. (6537.)

Nebula Suprarenalin et Cocainæ. (B.)

Suprarenalin or Adrenalin Solution, 1 in 1000	90 minims
Cocaine Hydrochloride	9 grains
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Mix. The spray contains suprarenalin or adrenalin, 1 in 5,000; cocaine hydrochloride, 2 per cent.

Suprarenalin Suppositories. (7584.)

Suprarenalin Solution	1 fl. drachm
Gelatin Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Take sufficient of the gelatin basis to make twelve suppositories, melt it at as low a temperature as possible, and incorporate the suprarenalin solution. Then pour the mixture into moulds and allow to cool.

Suprarenalin Suppositories. (6551.)

Suppositoria Suprarenalin. (B.)

Suprarenalin	½ grain
Boric Acid	1 grain
Distilled Water	15 minims
Anhydrous Lanolin	50 grains
Cacao Butter	400 grains

Dissolve the suprarenalin and boric acid in the water. Mix with the lanolin. Add the melted cacao butter, pour into 15-grain moulds when cooling. Each suppository contains suprarenalin $\frac{1}{60}$ grain, equal to about 16 minims of the 1 in 1000 solution.

Sweet Solution of Roses.

Carmine	100 grains
Otto of Rose	25 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia (or Potash)	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dissolve the carmine in the solution of ammonia (or potash), heating gently until the ammoniacal odour is very faint; then add the glycerin and water, previously mixed. Finally, add the otto dissolved in the alcohol, and filter.

Sweet Solution of Senna. (3854).

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Senna Leaves	5 pounds
Oil of Cinnamon	5 minims
Oil of Coriander	15 minims
Oil of Lemon	40 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger (P.J.F.)...	2 fl. ounces
Treacle	30 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	80 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Sydenham's Laudanum. (7233.)

Extract of Opium	1 ounce
Cinnamon Bark, in coarse powder	75 grains
Cloves, in coarse powder	75 grains
Saffron	1 ounce
Sherry, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Sydney's Cough Pill. (903.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	1 ounce
Squill, in powder	1½ ounces
Balsam of Copaiba	2 ounces
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	2 ounces
Heavy Magnesia, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—5 to 10 grains.

Syme's Liniment. (985.)

Acetic Acid	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	4 fl. ounces

Syrup of Aniseed. (7638.)

Anise Fruit, bruised	30 grains
Distilled Water, hot	4 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	2 ounces

Infuse the bruised anise fruit in the hot water for half an hour; then strain and add the sugar. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrup of Capsicum. (7630.)

Tincture of Capsicum	3 fl. drachms
Syrup, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Mix.

Syrup of Cherries. (7135.)

Cherry Juice	1 pint
Refined Sugar	2¼ pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces

Heat to boiling point the liquid, obtained by expressing ripe cherries and leaving the expressed juice to ferment for forty-eight hours. Allow the juice to boil for a few minutes; then cool and filter, dissolve the sugar in the filtered liquid by the aid of heat, again cool, and add the alcohol.

Syrup of Cinchona. (7639.)

Yellow Cinchona Bark, in moderately fine powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (30 per cent.)	10 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	10 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Percolate the cinchona with the alcohol, and then with sufficient water to produce ten fluid ounces; distil off the alcohol, cool, filter on to the sugar, and dissolve by the aid of gentle heat.

Syrup of Codeine Phosphate. (7381.)

Syrupus Codeinæ Phosphatis. (C.)

Codeine Phosphate	40 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	7 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	3 fl. drachms
Syrup, sufficient to produce	20 fl. ounces

Dissolve the codeine phosphate in the water and alcohol, then add the syrup. This preparation is identical in strength, and recommended as more stable than the official syrup of codeine.

Syrup of Ferrous Phosphate. (7304.)

Strong Solution of Ferrous Phosphate	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	5½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces

Mix. The product should correspond in strength to the B.P. Syrup.

Dose.—½ to 1 fl. drachm.

Syrup of Ginger. (7387.)

Syrupus Zingiberis. (C.)

Solution of Ginger	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	9 fl. ounces

Mix. This preparation is identical in strength with the official syrup of ginger.

Syrup of Horehound. (7131.)

Horehound Herb, dried	10 ounces
Refined Sugar	20 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Cover the horehound herb with boiling water and digest for one hour on the water-bath. Strain, press, evaporate on the water-bath to eleven fluid ounces. Cool and filter when quite cold. In the bright filtrate dissolve the sugar with gentle heat, adding enough water to bring the final product to sp. gr. 1·330 when cold.

Syrup of Ipecacuanha. (7112.)

Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	1 fl. ounce
Acetic Acid	96 minims
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Sugar	14 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the liquid extract with the acid and ten fluid ounces of water; then filter through kaolin into a vessel containing the glycerin, add the sugar, and dissolve without the aid of heat. Finally, strain, and add sufficient water to produce twenty fluid ounces of the syrup.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms.

Syrup of Lobelia. (7637.)

Vinegar of Lobelia	6 fl. ounces
Refined Sugar	12 ounces

Dissolve by the aid of gentle heat. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrup of Mulberries. (7134.)

Mulberry Juice	1 pint
Refined Sugar	2¼ pounds
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces

Heat to boiling point the juice obtained by mulberries which have been crushed in the hands and left for three or four days. Allow the juice to boil for a few minutes, then cool, filter, dissolve the sugar in the filtered liquid by the aid of heat, again cool, and add the alcohol.

Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Syrup of Opium. (7631.)

Synonym.—Sirop Thébaïque.

Extract of Opium	20 grains
Distilled Water	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Dissolve the extract in the water and add the syrup. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Syrup of Quinine Hydrobromide. (7296.)

Syrupus Quininæ Hydrobromidi. (A.)

Quinine Hydrobromide	160 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	6 fl. drachms
Syrup of Orange, a sufficient quantity.	

Dissolve the quinine hydrobromide in the hydrobromic acid and add sufficient syrup of orange to produce twenty fluid ounces.

Dose.—1 to 2 fluid drachms in water.

Syrup of Tolu. (7309.)

Solution of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Syrup	7 fl. ounces

Tablets of Aloes and Iron. (10,175.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	62 grains
Barbados Aloes, in Powder	105 grains
Compound Powder of Cinnamon	157 grains
Refined Sugar	112 grains
Gum Acacia	23 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	82 minims
Alcohol	34 minims

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Tablets of Aloes and Myrrh. (10,176.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	210 grains
Myrrh, in powder	105 grains
Refined Sugar	150 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	68 minims
Alcohol	23 minims

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Tablets of Aloes, Nux Vomica, and Belladonna. (10,162.)

Barbados Aloes, in powder	200 grains
Extract of Nux Vomica	25 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	16⅔ grains
Refined Sugar	100 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	30 minims
Alcohol	15 minims

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Antipyrine. (10,186.)

Antipyrine	500 grains
Glucose	35 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Bismuth and Sodium Bicarbonate. (10,164.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	300 grains
Bismuth Oxycarbonate	200 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Cascara Sagrada. (10,165.)

Extract of Cascara Sagrada	200 grains
Starch	50 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	40 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 minims

Granulate, dry, and make into tablets containing 1, 2, 3, or 5 grains.

Tablets of Erythrol Tetranitrate. (10,167.)

Erythrol Tetranitrate	50 grains
Cocoa	100 grains
Gum Acacia	50 grains
Refined Sugar	200 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	2 fl. drachms
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Galbanum, Compound. (10,432.)

Synonym.—Compound Tablets of Asafetida.

Asafetida, in powder	143 grains
Galbanum, in powder	143 grains
Myrrh, in powder	143 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	143 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	30 minims
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	10 minims

Mix the powders, granulate with the mixed liquids, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 5 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Tablets of Gluside. (10,177.)

Glusidum	50 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	45 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Ipecacuanha with Squill. (10,181.)

Compound Powder of Ipecacuanha	200 grains
Squill, in powder	67 grains
Ammoniacum, in powder	67 grains
Refined Sugar	54 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 4 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Tablets of Iron. (10,168.)

Blaud's Tablets.

(a) Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	186 grains
Refined Sugar	154 grains
Gum Acacia	30 grains
Theobroma and Acacia Emulsion	75 grains

Granulate, and dry thoroughly by the application of heat.

(b) Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Theobroma and Acacia Emulsion	23 grains

Granulate, and dry thoroughly with heat. Mix 1 part of (a) with 1 part of (b) and make into 100 tablets. Each 5-grain tablet yields on moistening 1 grain of ferrous carbonate.

Tablets of Lead with Opium. (10,187.)

Lead Acetate, in fine powder	300 grains
Opium, in powder	50 grains
Refined Sugar	100 grains
Ether-Theobroma	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	15 minims

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets. Each tablet is approximately equal to 4 grains of the B.P. pill-mass.

Tablets of Mercury with Chalk. (10,178.)

Mercury, with Chalk	100 grains
Refined Sugar	165 grains
Starch	20 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Note.—These tablets should be lightly compressed, so that they can be easily crushed between the fingers, and administered as powders.

Tablets of Mercurous Chloride. (10,179.)

Mercurous Chloride	200 grains
Refined Sugar	40 grains
Potato Starch (dried)	15 grains
Ether-Theobroma	30 minims
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, adding the starch to the dried granules, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Nitroglycerin. (10,182.)

Solution of Trinitrin	110 minims
Cocoa	100 grains
Refined Sugar	260 grains
Gum Acacia	40 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Opium. (10,183).

Opium, in powder	100 grains
Refined Sugar	45 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	20 minims
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	14 minims

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Pepsin. (10,184.)

Pepsin	250 grains
Milk Sugar	235 grains
Ethereal Solution of Theobroma	90 minims
Alcohol (80 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the powders, then add the solution of theobroma, mix well by trituration, granulate, dry, and make into tablets containing 2½ or 5 grains of pepsin.

Tablets of Phenacetin. (10,185.)

Phenacetin	500 grains
Glucose	50 grains
Potato Starch (dried)	35 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, adding the starch to the dried granules, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Potassium Bromide. (10,189.)

Potassium Bromide, in No. 20 powder	500 grains

Dry by the application of heat and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Potassium Chlorate and Borax. (10,191.)

Potassium Chlorate, in No. 20 powder	300 grains
Borax	200 grains

Mix, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Potassium Chlorate and Borax with Cocaine. (10,192.)

Potassium Chlorate, in No. 20 powder	300 grains
Borax	200 grains
Cocaine Hydrochloride	5 grains

Mix, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Potassium Chlorate. (10,190.)

Potassium Chlorate, in No. 20 powder	500 grains

Dry by the application of heat and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Quinine and Iron. (10,193.)

Quinine Sulphate	100 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	100 grains
Refined Sugar	50 grains
Glucose	25 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Quinine Sulphate. (10,194.)

Quinine Sulphate	200 grains
Gum Acacia	30 grains
Glucose	20 grains
Potato Starch (dried)	25 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, adding the starch to the dried granules, and make into tablets containing 1, 2, or 5 grains of quinine sulphate.

Tablets of Salacetin or Aspirin. (10,174.)

Salacetin or Aspirin	500 grains
Gum Acacia	60 grains
Potato Starch (dried)	30 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, adding the starch to the dried granules, and make into 100 tablets.

Tablets of Sulphonal. (10,200.)

Sulphonal	500 grains
Glucose	50 grains
Potato Starch (dried)	35 grains

Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.

Granulate, adding the starch to the dried granules, and make into 100 tablets.

Tamarind Cough Pastille. (6565).

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	30 grains
Tamarind Fruit	1 pound
White Petroleum Jelly	1 ounce
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Oleo-Resin of Cubebs	4 minims
Gum Basis, sufficient to produce	7 pounds

Mix, and divide into suitable lozenges.

Tape-Worm Draught. (8854.)

Liquid Extract of Male Fern	1 drachm
Tincture of Ginger	½ drachm
Tincture of Quillaia	½ drachm
Elixir of Gluside	10 minims
Cinnamon Water, sufficient to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Mix; to be taken fasting.

Tar Parogen. (9290.)

Synonym.—Tar Vasoliment.

Tar	25 parts
Parogen	75 parts

Teething and Cooling Powders. (5157.)

Liquorice Root, in powder	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Potassium Chlorate, in powder	5½ ounces

Teething and Cooling Powders. (6780.)

Mercurous Chloride	¼ ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 grains.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (7685.)

Liquorice Root	120 grains
Potassium Bromide	90 grains
Potassium Chloride	30 grains
Milk Sugar	120 grains
Strong Tincture of Aconite	5 minims

Mix.

Teething and Cooling Powders. (7715.)

Jalap	3 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Rhubarb Root	2 ounces

Mix.

Teething or Aperient Powders. (7870.)

Antimonial Powder	½ ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1½ ounces
Refined Sugar	4 ounces

Mix.

Teething Powders. (7621.)

Antimonial Powder	1 ounce
Mercury with Chalk	2 ounces

Mix.

Teething Powders. (7671.)

Mercury with Chalk	4 ounces
Rhubarb Root	2 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce

Mix.

Teething Powders. (6986.)

Mercury with Chalk	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	½ ounce
Sugar of Milk	½ ounce

Teething Powders. (3011.)

Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	20 grains
Mercurous Chloride	240 grains
Starch, in powder	720 grains

Teething Syrup. (7541.)

Stovaine	44 grains
Tincture of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Saffron	½ fl. ounce
Syrup	7½ fl. ounces

Rub on the gums several times daily.

Thatcher's Carminative. (3682.)

Heavy Magnesium Carbonate	1½ ounces
Sugar of Anise	2 ounces
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Dill Water	24 fl. ounces

Thatcher's Carminative. (587.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	90 grains
Sugar of Anise	150 grains
Compound Tincture of Camphor	3 fl. drachms
Dill Water, sufficient to produce	3 fl. ounces

The Drops. (8708.)

Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	16 fl. ounces
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm

Theobroma and Acacia Emulsion. (10,169.)

Oil of Theobroma	25 ounces
Gum Acacia, in powder	15 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Benzoic Acid	¼ ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	100 ounces

Mix as directed in the case of Theobroma Emulsion, but substituting the gum acacia for hard soap. The finished emulsion is used to granulate powders before compression into tablets, in cases where the presence of soap is considered undesirable.

Theobroma Emulsion. (10,171.)

Oil of Theobroma	25 ounces
Hard Soap	5 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Benzoic Acid	¼ ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	100 fl. ounces

Dissolve the soap in 25 fluid ounces of the water by the aid of heat, add the hot solution to the oil of theobroma, previously melted, and mix by agitation; then shake in the tragacanth, add the benzoic acid, and make up to 100 ounces with distilled water. The finished emulsion is used to granulate powders before compression into tablets. The substance to be compressed is reduced to very fine powder, and triturated with sufficient of the emulsion to make it coherent, but not so damp as to adhere to the meshes of a No. 20 or No. 30 sieve when shaken through without pressure. After being sifted, the mixture is exposed to the air for a few hours, and then compressed into tablets.

The Ointment. (9024.)

Oil of Elder	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Eucalyptus	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Wintergreen	½ fl. drachm
Olive Oil	12 fl. ounces
Boric Acid, in powder	½ ounce
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces

Mix.

The Pills. (7548.)

Ginger, in powder	1½ ounces
Iron and Quinine Citrate	¾ ounce
Extract of Conium	1½ ounces
Extract of Belladonna	¼ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

The Pills. (9607.)

Cape Aloes	16 ounces
Ferrous Sulphate	2 ounces
Acid Potassium Tartrate	2 ounces
Hard Soap, in powder	1½ ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

The Tonic. (7828.)

Synonym.—"504" Tonic.

Concentrated Solution of Calumba	9 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Orange	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Mix.

Thick Parogen. (8888.)

Hard Paraffin	12
Liquid Paraffin	48
Oleic Acid	30
Ammoniated Alcohol (10 per cent.)	10

Melt the hard paraffin on a water-bath, add the other ingredients, and continue the application of heat until the product weighs 90.

Thompson's Fluid. (7201.)

Borax	1 ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2 fl. ounces

Thomson's Antibilious Pill. (64.)

Synonym.—Lady Hesketh's Pills.

Barbados Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Mastic, in powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (45 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Thomson's Antibilious Pill. (616.)

Synonym.—Lady Hesketh's Pills.

Gentian Root, in powder	¾ ounce
Mastic, in powder	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	3 ounces
Extract of Gentian	¾ ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Throat Mixture. (7839.)

Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Colouring Matter, a sufficient quantity	
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Throat Mixture. (7839.)

Potassium Chlorate	120 grains
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Spirit of Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Throat Paint. (7662.)

Synonym.—Mandl's Pigment.

Iodine	3 grains
Menthol	40 grains
Potassium Iodide	8 grains
Absolute Alcohol	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Throat Paint or Spray. (7544.)

Sodium Chloride	¼ to ½ ounce
Stovaine	¼ to ½ ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	5 fl. ounces

Throat Tablets. (7497.)

Citric Acid	5 grains
Formamint	10 grains
Milk Sugar	75 grains
Refined Sugar	365 grains
Starch	45 grains

Mix and make into tablets each weighing 15½ grains.

Thymol Mouth Wash. (10,358.)

Thymol	15 parts
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2000 parts
Tincture of Cochineal	q.s.
Tincture of Myrrh	30 parts
Oil of Eucalyptus	6 parts
Oil of Peppermint	25 parts
Water	400 parts

Thyroid Tablets. (10,202.)

Dried Thyroid Glands, in powder	200 grains
Refined Sugar	200 grains
Theobroma Emulsion, a sufficient quantity.	

Granulate, dry, and make into 100 tablets.

Thymus Extract. (7270.)

Extractum Thymi Glandulæ.

Thymus Gland, sliced	1 ounce
Glycerin	1 fl. ounce
Solution of Phenol (0·5 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Triturate the sliced gland with the liquids, allow to stand for twenty-four hours, and press through fine linen. The finished product contains 1 part of thymus gland in 2 fluid parts.

Tic and Nervine Pills. (7915.)

Morphine Acetate	24 grains
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Extract of Aconite	36 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	360 grains

Mix to form a mass.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (7482.)

Iron and Quinine Citrate	30 grains
Phenacetin	50 grains
Potassium Bromide	30 grains
Compound Powder of Tragacanth	50 grains
Tincture of Gelsemium	50 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (1549.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Potassium Bromide	60 grains
Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	6 fl. ounces

Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (2503.)

Quinine Sulphate	24 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	1½ fl. drachms
Concentrated Acid Infusion of Roses	1½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Chloroform Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (2381.)

Ammonium Bromide	4½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	72 grains
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	2 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Aconite	6 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (P.J.F.)	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Gelsemium	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	72 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ fluid ounce.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (7101.)

Ammonium Chloride	180 grains
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (5103.)

Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	42 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (7045.)

Ammonium Bromide	60 grains
Ammonium Chloride	60 grains
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Gelsemium	½ fl. drachm
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity	
Chloroform Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—4 fluid drachms.

Tic and Neuralgia Mixture. (9781.)

Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Aromatic Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Coca	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Gelsemium	1 fl. drachm
Camphor Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Tic Mixture. (14.)

Caffeine	12 grains
Sodium Salicylate	12 grains
Phenazone	30 grains
Aromatic Syrup	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

Tic Mixture. (7652.)

Magnesium Sulphate	150 grains
Quinine Sulphate	10 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	½ fl. drachm
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Orange	2½ fl. drachms
Tincture of Ferric Chloride	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tic Ointment. (5961.)

Veratrine	5 grains
Lard	495 grains

Tic or Neuralgia Pills. (7942.)

Capsicum, in powder	3 ounces
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	3 ounces
Morphine Hydrochloride	½ ounce
Quinovia	5 ounces
Tragacanth, in powder	1½ ounces
Extract of Belladonna	1½ ounces
Extract of Nux Vomica	1½ ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Tic Pills. (9630.)

Morphine Acetate	12 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	240 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains

Tic Pills. (6153.)

Synonym.—Neuralgia Pills.

Barbados Aloes	120 grains
Capsicum Fruit in powder	30 grains
Alcoholic Extract of Belladonna	60 grains
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	120 grains
Morphine Hydrochloride	12 grains
Quinine Sulphate	60 grains
Glucose, a sufficient quantity	

Tic Pills. (9151.)

Butyl-chloral Hydrate	36 grains
Extract of Gelsemium	3 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Tic Pills. (7836.)

Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1 ounce
Quinine Sulphate	1 ounce
Extract of Conium (B.P. 1885)	2 ounces

Mix to form a mass.

Tic Powder. (2924.)

Saccharated Iron Carbonate	300 grains
Quinine Sulphate	120 grains

Tic Powders. (2502.)

Morphine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Quinine Sulphate	64 grains
Saccharated Iron Carbonate	640 grains

Dose.—20 grains.

Tincture of Benzoin. (7137.)

Benzoin, in powder	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Macerate the benzoin in sixteen fluid ounces of the alcohol for one hour, with frequent agitation; filter, and add more spirit to produce one pint of tincture.

Tincture of Cardamoms. (7139.)

Cardamom Seeds, bruised	2 ounces
Alcohol (60 per cent.) sufficient to make	1 pint

Prepare by the percolation process.
Dose.—30 to 60 minims.

Tincture of Citro-Chloride of Iron. (7389.)

Tinctura Ferri Citro-Chloridi. (C.)

Strong Solution of Ferric Chloride	5 fl. ounces
Citric Acid	6 oz. 275 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	6 oz. 375 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3¼ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Mix the sodium bicarbonate and citric acid with 10 fluid ounces of distilled water; and, when effervescence ceases, add the iron solution and the alcohol, with sufficient water to produce the required volume.

Galenical and Private Recipes.

Tincture of Cudbear. (7327.)

Cudbear, in powder	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.) Distilled Water	of each a sufficient quantity.

Percolate the cudbear with a mixture of alcohol, 1 fluid part, and distilled water, 2 fluid parts, until the product measures 8 fluid ounces.

Tincture of Cudbear. (7392.)

Tinctura Persionis. (C.)

Cudbear, in fine powder	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	8 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	16 fl. ounces

Prepare by maceration.

Tincture of Fresh Sweet Orange Peel. (7388.)

Tinctura Aurantii Corticis Dulcis Recentis. (C.)

Fresh Sweet Orange Peel	5 ounces
Rectified Spirit, a sufficient quantity to make	20 fl. ounces

Prepare by maceration.

Tincture of Ignatia. (7140.)

Ignatia Seeds, in fine powder	2 ounces

Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.

Prepare by the percolation process. The resulting tincture should measure one pint.

Dose.—5 to 20 minims.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (2094.)

Eau de Cologne	10 fl. ounces
Glycerin of Borax	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	10 fl. ounces
Rose Water	4 fl. ounces

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (7143.)

Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Eau de Cologne	16 fl. ounces
Borax	1 ounce
Distilled Water	3 fl. ounces
Syrup	3 fl. ounces

Macerate for fourteen days and filter.

Tincture of Myrrh and Borax. (2303.)

Borax	240 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Eau de Cologne	4 fl. ounces
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Krameria	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces

Tincture of Opium with Saffron. (9811.)

Cassia Bark	1 part
Cloves	1 part
Opium in Powder	15 parts
Saffron	5 parts
Alcohol, 90 per cent.	175 parts
Water	75 parts

Macerate for seven days, strain, press, and filter.

Toilet Hair Cream. (7864.)

Almond Oil	1 pint
Castor Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Lemon	6 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. drachm
Rose Water	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toilet Powder. (10,243.)

Boric Acid, in finest powder	250 parts
French Chalk, in finest powder	2240 parts
Oil of Rose Geranium	15 parts

Toilet Powder. (10,244.)

Boric Acid, in finest powder	125 parts
French Chalk	2240 parts
Zinc Stearate	125 parts
Jasmin Oil	15 parts

Rub the perfume with the boric acid and mix the other ingredients.

Toilet Vinegar to Prevent Insect Bites. (10,368.)

Acetic Ether	25 parts
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	150 parts
Eau de Cologne	50 parts
Eucalyptol	50 parts
Eugenol	1 part
Glacial Acetic Acid	4 parts
Water	50 parts

Toilet Vinegar. (7657.)

Lavender-flowers	8 ounces
Vinegar	24 ounces.

Macerate for a month, strain, and filter.

Toison's Fluid for Blood Counts.

Methyl Violet (5 B.)	0·025 gramme
Sodium Chloride	1·000 gramme
Sodium Sulphate	8·000 grammes
Glycerin, neutral	30 mils
Distilled Water	160 mils

Tonic Bitters. (3301.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	80 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. drachms
Concentrated Compound Decoction of Sarsaparilla	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Chamomile	2 fl. ounces
Juice of Taraxacum	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Cinchona	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Hops	2 fl. drachms
Infusion of Calumba, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces.

Mix. Dose.—2 to 4 fluid drachms.

Tonic Capsules. (7527.)

Hæmoglobin	375 grains
Liquid Extract of Cascara Sagrada	625 minims

Mix and fill into 250 capsules. Each capsule contains hæmoglobin, 1½ grains, and liquid extract of cascara sagrada, 2½ minims.

Tonic Digestive. (6527.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Iron Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce

Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir, adding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next dissolve the iron ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir. Mix the first two solutions, then add the solution of iron ammonio-citrate, alcohol, and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tonic Digestive. (6530.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	250 minims
Iron Ammonio-Citrate	160 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Next dissolve the iron ammonio-citrate in five fluid ounces of the simple elixir. Mix the first two solutions, then add the solution of iron ammonio-citrate, the solution of strychnine hydrochloride, alcohol, and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fl. drachm.

Tonic Digestive. (6529.)

Glycerole of Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Bismuth Ammonio-Citrate	320 grains
Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	250 minims
Alcohol (60 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Simple Elixir, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix the glycerole of pepsin with two fluid ounces of the simple elixir, and neutralise the mixture carefully with a weak solution of ammonia. Dissolve the bismuth ammonio-citrate in ten fluid ounces of the simple elixir, aiding solution, if acid, by neutralising with ammonia. Mix the two solutions, add the solution of strychnine hydrochloride, the alcohol, and sufficient simple elixir to produce twenty fluid ounces, and filter.

Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Tonic Digestive Powder. (7591.)

Lactated Pepsin	10 grains
Compound Powder of Rhubarb	5 grains
Nux Vomica, in powder	1 grain

Mix and dispense in powders or cachets. Dose.—One powder three times a day after food.

Tonic Elixir. (7925.)

Quinine Sulphate	64 grains
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Malt	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cassia	5 minims
Concentrated Solution of Quassia	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	10 fl. drachms
Compound Syrup of Iron Phosphate	10 fl. ounces
Syrup of Lemon	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. ounce
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	64 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Laxative Pills. (5147.)

Aloin	12 grains
Iron Pill (Blaud)	720 grains

Tonic Liver Mixture. (3238.)

Podophyllum Resin	2 grains
Juice of Taraxacum	4 fl. drachms
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Chiretta	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Dose.—½ fluid ounce.

Tonic Liver Mixture. (7964.)

Synonym.—Indigestion Mixture.

Magnesium Sulphate	10 ounces
Sodium Bicarbonate	4 ounces
Concentrated Compound Infusion of Gentian	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	½ fl. ounce
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Burnt Sugar, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 pints

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid ounce.

Tonic Mixture. (7234.)

Mistura Tonica. (L.)

Solution of Strychnine Hydrochloride	3 minims
Citrate of Iron and Quinine	6 grains
Sulphate of Magnesium	15 grains
Infusion of Quassia, sufficient to produce	½ fl. ounce

Tonic Mixture. (7973.)

Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. drachms
Spirit of Peppermint	1½ fl. drachms
Syrup	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Cinchona	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Mixture. (7970.)

Quinine Sulphate	12 grains
Hydrochloric Acid	12 minims
Nitric Acid	6 minims
Spirit of Chloroform	1 fl. drachm
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tonic Pills. (8237.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	1 ounce
Exsiccated Ferrous Sulphate	1½ ounces
Myrrh, in powder	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	¼ ounce

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—3 to 6 grains.

Toothache Drops. (7552.)

Phenol	1 fl. drachm
Cocaine Hydrochloride	4 grains
Tincture of Pyrethrum, sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Toothache Drops. (8863.)

Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Ether	1 fl. ounce
Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Tannic Acid	1 ounce

Toothache Essence. (3222.)

Opium	540 grains
Shellac	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	9 fl. ounces
Chloroform	9 fl. ounces

Macerate for seven days, and filter.

Toothache Essence. (3894.)

Camphor	¼ ounce
Cochineal, in powder	40 grains
Phenol	144 grains
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Peppermint	½ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	4½ fl. ounces

Toothache Essence. (7261.)

Camphor, in Flowers	240 grains
Tincture of Myrrh	4 fl. ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Aconite	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. ounces

Toothache Essence. (7765.)

Camphor	60 grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. drachm
Chloroform	30 minims
Oil of Cajuput	15 minims
Oil of Cloves	15 minims

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7607.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Cocaine Hydrochloride	60 grains
Guaiacum Resin	2 ounces
Opium	2 ounces
Pyrethrum Root	4 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	35 fl. ounces
Chloroform	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7706.)

Camphor	300 grains
Capsicum	120 grains
Opium	165 grains
Pyrethrum Root	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint
Oil of Cloves	10 fl. drachms

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7581.)

Camphor	240 grains
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7885.)

Camphor	3 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Benzoin	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1½ fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7646.)

Camphor	½ ounce
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (3355.)

Ether	1 fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. ounce

Toothache Essence. (7605.)

Benzoin	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7819.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	⅓ pint
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	⅓ fl. drachm
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	2 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Tincture of Quinine	1 pint
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7714.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Alkanet Root, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix.

Toothache Essence. (7688.)

Tannic Acid	¼ ounce
Camphor	¼ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Ether	10 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Pellitory	½ ounce

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (7513.)

Liquefied Phenol	5 fl. ounces
Glycerin	14 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	10 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms

Toothache Tincture. (8677.)

Chloroform	½ fl. ounce.
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	½ fl. ounce

Toothache Tincture. (2634.)

Camphor	120 grains
Morphine Acetate	5 grains
Chloroform	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	4 minims
Liquefied Phenol	12 minims
Tincture of Pyrethrum, sufficient to make	4 fl. ounces

Toothache Tincture. (3107.)

Cocaine Hydrochloride	10 grains
Menthol	30 grains
Compound Tincture of Chloroform (B.P. 1885)	1 fl. drachm
Alcohol (90 per cent.), sufficient to make	1 fl. ounce

Toothache Tincture. (2785.)

Camphorated Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. drachms
Tincture of Myrrh	6 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	6 fl. drachms

Toothache Tincture. (5154.)

Phenol	4 ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	3 fl. ounces
Tincture of Capsicum	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Toothache Tincture. (8651.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2½ fl. ounces
Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Tincture of Opium	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	4 fl. ounces

Toothache Tincture. (8003.)

Oil of Cloves	1 fl. drachm
Compound Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Guaiacum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Opium	1 fl. drachm

Toothache Tincture. (6158.)

Menthol	20 grains
Liniment of Aconite	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Myrrh and Borax	½ fl. ounce
Tincture of Pyrethrum	½ fl. ounce

Toothache Tincture. (7789.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Myrrh	¾ ounce
Opium	½ ounce
Pyrethrum Root	2 ounces
Chloroform	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Aconite	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	⅛ fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity to produce	2 pints

Mix.

Toothache Tincture. (7666.)

Menthol	240 grains
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Ether	6 fl. drachms
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Pyrethrum	2 fl. ounces

Mix.

Tooth Paste. (10,360.)

Castile Soap	300 parts
Precipitated Chalk	2000 parts
Magnesium Carbonate	200 parts
Anise Oil	2 parts
Clove Oil	2 parts
Peppermint Oil	25 parts
Simple Syrup	q.s.

Mix to make a soft mass.

Tooth Powder. (10,245.)

Magnesium Carbonate, heavy	32 parts
Powdered Cream of Tartar	16 parts
Powdered Cuttlefish Bone	20 parts
Powdered Milk Sugar	20 parts
Precipitated Chalk	80 parts
Salol	1 part

Tooth Powder. (10,246.)

Cream of Tartar	200 parts
Magnesium Carbonate, heavy	400 parts
Sodium Bicarbonate	15 parts
Precipitated Chalk	1000 parts
Sugar of Milk	250 parts
Anethol	6 parts
Clove Oil	4 parts
Cinnamon Oil	2 parts
Peppermint Oil	25 parts
Tincture of Myrrh	10 parts

Mix the powders; add the oils to the tincture and rub down. If desired, a little carmine may be used to tint.

Tooth Tincture. (7863.)

Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Spirit of Camphor	9 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Myrrh	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Pyrethrum	3 fl. drachms

Mix.

Traumaticin. (7231.)

Guttapercha Tissue	60 grains
Chloroform (by weight)	10 ounces

Dissolve and add Chrysarobin, 60 grains, if required.

Treacle Water. (8492.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Nutmeg	48 minims
Distilled Water	8 fl. ounces

Turnbull's Tincture of Aconite. (7198).

Aconite Root, in No. 40 powder	7½ ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

Turnbull's Tincture of Capsicum. (7136.)

Capsicum Fruit, in No. 80 powder	10 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.), a sufficient quantity.	

Moisten the powder with a suitable quantity of the menstruum, and macerate for twenty-four hours in a closed vessel. Then pack in a percolator, and gradually pour the alcohol upon it until a pint and a-half of tincture is obtained. Dose.—1 to 3 minims.

Turner's Cerate. (7178.)

Prepared Calamine	1 ounce
Olive Oil	3 ounces
White Beeswax	1½ ounces
Spermaceti	½ ounce

Turpentine Parogen. (9324.)

Synonym.—Turpentine Vasoliment.

Venice Turpentine (factitious)	20 parts
Parogen	80 parts

Unbroken Chilblain Application. (7426.)

Olive Oil	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Sulphuric Acid	1 fl. ounce

Mix the oils and add the sulphuric acid, very cautiously, drop by drop, with constant stirring.

Unbroken Chilblain Liniment. (7443.)

Creosote	20 minims
Liniment of Aconite	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Belladonna	2 fl. ounces
Flexible Collodion, sufficient to make	8 fl. ounces

Unbroken Chilblain Liniment. (7439.)

Camphor	1 ounce
Chloroform	1 fl. ounce
Glycerin	2 fl. ounces
Liniment of Opium	½ fl. ounce
Solution of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.), to make	10 fl. ounces

Unbroken Chilblain Liniment. (7441.)

Spirit of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Dilute Acetic Acid	32 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. ounce
White and yolk of one egg.	

Shake well before applying and allow to dry on before the fire.

Unbroken Chilblain Liniment. (7444.)

Dilute Acetic Acid	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	1 fl. ounce
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Tincture of Arnica	1 fl. drachm
Tincture of Capsicum	1 fl. drachm
Yolk and white of egg	q.s.

Add the turpentine gradually to the egg in a mortar, then slowly emulsify with gradual addition of the acetic acid. Lastly add the tinctures and spirit.

Unguentum Cinereum. (7315.)

Mercury	1 ounce
Wool Fat	1 ounce
Olive Oil	½ fl. ounce

Kill the mercury with the wool fat and add the olive oil.

Universal Embrocation. (2366.)

Camphor, in flowers	1½ ounces
Six eggs.	
Acetic Acid (1 in 2)	8 fl. ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid (1 in 7)	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	16 fl. ounces

Universal Embrocation. (3080.)

Acetic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Two Eggs.	
Essential Oil of Camphor	2 fl. ounces
Nut Oil	4 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 pint

Universal Lotion. (7877.)

Zinc Sulphate	30 grains
Glycerin	3 fl. drachms
Rose Water	4 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	6 fl. ounces

Mix.

Unna's Carbolated Ichthyol Paste. (7160.)

Ammonium Ichthyol	25 ounces
Phenol	2½ ounces
Starch	50 ounces
Distilled Water, warm	22½ ounces

Dissolve the ichthyol and carbolic acid in the warm water, and mix with the starch.

Unna's Ichthyol Paste. (7159.)

Ichthyol	40 ounces
Starch	40 ounces
Strong Solution of Albumin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water	1 pint

Moisten the starch with the distilled water; add the ichthyol and, lastly, the strong solution of albumin.

Unna's Paste. (7212.)

Gelatin	1 ounce
Zinc Oxide	1 ounce
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2½ fl. ounces

Valangin's or Vallanger's Solution. (7200.)

Arsenious Anhydride	1½ grains
Hydrochloric Acid	30 minims
Distilled Water	1 fl. ounce

Van Swieten's Solution. (7170.)

Mercuric Chloride	1 grain
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	100 grains
Distilled Water	900 grains

Dissolve the salt in the alcohol and add the water.

Vegetable Antibilious and Family Pills. (3693.)

Capsicum, in fine powder	30 grains
Hard Soap, in powder	180 grains
Ipecacuanha Root, in powder	60 grains
Podophyllum Resin	90 grains
Socotrine Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	660 grains
Gingerin	240 grains
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	180 grains
Mercury Pill	180 grains

Mix to form a mass. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Vienna Cream. (10,359.)

Borax	1 part
Zinc Oxide	1 part
Liniment of Lime	5 parts

Vienna Tea. (10,361.)

Liquorice Root, cut	150 parts
Malva Sylvestris Flowers	5 parts
Marshmallow Leaves	200 parts
Pearl Barley	50 parts
Red Poppy Petals	20 parts
Star Anise Fruits	5 parts
Verbascum Flowers	5 parts

Vienna Tea. (10,362.)

Althea Herb	500 parts
Althea Root	150 parts
Hepatica Herb	500 parts
Liquorice Root	50 parts
Malva Sylvestris Flowers	20 parts
Pulmonaria Herb	500 parts
Red Poppy Petals	20 parts
Scabious Herb	50 parts
Star Anise Fruits	7 parts
Verbascum Flowers	150 parts

Vinegar of Lobelia. (7636.)

Lobelia, in No. 30 powder	2 ounces
Diluted Acetic Acid	20 fl. ounces

Percolate and make up to one pint. Dose.—10 to 30 minims.

Vinous Tincture of Rhubarb. (9813.)

Cardamoms, crushed	1 part
Orange Peel, dried	2 parts
Rhubarb Root, cut	8 parts
Sherry	100 parts

Macerate for seven days, strain, press, and filter.

Violet Face Powder. (10,363.)

French Chalk, in finest powder	225 parts
Orris Root, in finest powder	12 parts
Alcoholic Solution of Ionone	q.s.

Vleminckx's Solution. (7169.)

Pigmentum Calcis Sulphuratæ.

Calcium Hydroxide	60 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	90 grains
Distilled Water	13 fl. drachms

Boil until evaporated to 1 fluid ounce.

Wallace's Compound Sulphur Ointment. (1022.)

Camphor	180 grains
Sublimed Sulphur	3½ ounces
Yellow Beeswax	6 ounces
Lard	32 ounces

Alkanet Root, sufficient to colour.

Walnut Hair Dye and Oil.

Alum, in powder	1 ounce
Green Walnut Shells, bruised	8 ounces
Olive Oil	20 fl. ounces

Oil of Bergamot, a sufficient quantity.

Digest on a water-bath until all the moisture has evaporated; then press and filter. When cool add the perfume.

Warburg's Tincture. (7230.)

Socotrine Aloes, in powder	240 grains
Rhubarb Root, well bruised	80 grains
Angelica Fruit, well bruised	80 grains
Elecampane Root, well bruised	40 grains
Saffron	40 grains
Fennel Fruit, well bruised	40 grains
Prepared Chalk	40 grains
Gentian Root, well bruised	20 grains
Zedoary Root, well bruised	20 grains
Cubebs, well bruised	20 grains
Myrrh, well bruised	20 grains
White Agaric, well bruised	20 grains
Opium, in powder	2½ grains
Black Pepper, well bruised	4 grains
Cinnamon Bark, well bruised	8 grains
Ginger, well bruised	8 grains
Quinine Sulphate	175 grains
Camphor	20 grains
Alcohol (60 per cent.), sufficient to produce	1 pint

Prepare as directed in the 'P.J.F. 1904.'

Wart Paint. (7769.)

Salicylic Acid	60 grains
Lactic Acid	60 minims
Collodion	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

Waterproof Dubbin. (7661.)

Burgundy Pitch	1 ounce
Yellow Beeswax	2 ounces
Neatsfoot Oil	1 pint
Turpentine	1 fl. ounce

Mix.

White Bismuth Mixture. (5526.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	60 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	90 grains
Chlorodyne (if required)	1 fl. drachm
Glycerin	½ fl. ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1½ fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	2 fl. drachms
Tincture of Capsicum	18 minims
Peppermint Water, sufficient to produce	6 fl. ounces

White Carminative Mixture. (7625.)

Light Magnesium Carbonate	1 ounce
Refined Sugar	2 ounces
Oil of Anise	15 minims
Spirit of Anise	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Opium	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 pint

Mix.

White Embrocation. (7820.)

Lime Cream and Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Ammoniated Liniment of Camphor	4 fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Liniment of Turpentine	2½ pints
Oil of Amber	2 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	6 fl. ounces
Olive Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	4½ pints

Mix.

White Embrocation. (8548.)

Camphor	2 ounces
Five Eggs.	
Acetic Acid	7 fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

White Embrocation. (7494.)

Camphor	1¼ ounces
Acetic Acid	10 fl. ounces
Liniment of Capsicum	1 fl. ounce
Alcohol	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Cajuput	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Thyme	2fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	15 fl. ounces
Eggs	6

Whitehead's Varnish. (7213.)

Benzoin, in coarse powder	2 ounces
Prepared Storax	1½ ounces
Balsam of Tolu	1 ounce
Socotrine Aloes	160 grains
Iodoform	2 ounces
Methylated Ether, sufficient to produce	1 pint

Prepare by the maceration process.

White Healing Ointment. (7725.)

Boric Acid	1 ounce
Lard	8 ounces
Spermaceti	1 ounce
Olive Oil	1 ounce

Mix.

White Oils. (7104.)

Camphor	5 ounces
Acetic Acid	7½ fl. ounces
Liniment of Belladonna	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Rape	18½ fl. ounces
Oil of Thyme	½ fl. ounce
Oil of Turpentine	36 fl. ounces
Nine Eggs.	
Distilled Water	22½ fl. ounces

White Oils. (2808.)

Acetic Acid	6 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	36 fl. ounces
Twelve Yolks of Eggs.	
Distilled Water	36 fl. ounces

White Oils. (7111.)

Diluted Acetic Acid	20 fl. ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	2 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	6 fl. ounces
Two Eggs	
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	4 fl. drachms

White Pine Cough Syrup. (1851.)

Diluted Nitric Acid	1 fl. drachm
Chlorodyne	½ fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of White Pine	1 fl. drachm
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	1 fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Black Currant, sufficient to make	4 fl. ounces

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (9029.)

Oil of Amber	6 fl. drachms
Essential Oil of Camphor	3 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	2 fl. drachms
Olive Oil	2½ fl. ounces
Strong Solution of Ammonia	3 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	4 fl. ounces

Whooping Cough Embrocation. (7048.)

Liniment of Camphor	20 fl. ounces
Oil of Amber	8 fl. ounces
Oil of Cloves	4 fl. ounces

Whooping Cough Mixture. (7896.)

Chloral Hydrate	6 grains
Potassium Bromide	12 grains
Oxymel of Squill	1 fl. ounce
One Egg.	
Chloroform Water (B.P. 1885)	½ fl. ounce

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (7947.)

Benzoic Acid	6 grains
Camphor	5 grains
Phenazone	300 grains
Potassium Bromide	300 grains
Tartarated Antimony	8 grains
Juice of Hyoscyamus	2 fl. ounces
Spirit of Anise	5 fl. drachms
Syrup of Glucose	1 pound
Vinegar of Squill	4 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	40 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—½ to 1 fluid drachm.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (7874.)

Alum	⅛ fl. ounce
Children's Cough Mixture (P.J.F. 3575)	4 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	1 fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Belladonna	½ fl. ounce
Camphor Water	10 fl. ounces
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (7729.)

Ammonium Bromide	36 grains
Phenol	1 grain
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	3 fl. drachms
Tincture of Belladonna	12 minims
Glycerin Distilled Water of each a sufficient quantity to produce	1½ fl. ounces.

Mix.

Whooping Cough Mixture. (2293.)

Ammonium Bromide	160 grains
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Syrup of Red Poppy	1 fl. ounce
Antimonial Wine	320 minims
Camphor Water	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Whooping Cough Mixture. (1568.)

Juice of Conium	2 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	2 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	4 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	2 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	20 fl. ounces

Whooping Cough Mixture. (3847.)

Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Tincture of Belladonna	3 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	12 fl. ounces

Whooping Cough Mixture. (6296.)

Spirit of Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Spirit of Nitrous Ether	8 fl. drachms
Syrup of Squill	4 fl. drachms
Ipecacuanha Wine	8 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	4 fl. ounces

Whooping Cough Oils. (7960.)

Synonym.—Chest Oils.

Camphor	4 ounces
Oil of Cloves	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Amber	4 fl. ounces
Red Oil, a sufficient quantity to produce	80 fl. ounces

Mix.

Wilcox's Bronchitis Mixture. (7245.)

Apomorphine Hydrochloride	1 grain
Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Tincture of Sanguinaria	2 fl. drachms
Distilled Water	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu, sufficient to produce	8 fl. ounces

Mix. Dose.—1 fluid drachm.

Wild Cherry Cough Elixir. (7984.)

Antimonial Wine	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	3 fl. ounces
Oxymel	12 fl. ounces
Solution of Morphine Hydrochloride	1½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	1½ fl. ounces
Syrup of Squill	24 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	12 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	60 fl. ounces

Mix.

Wilkinson's Ointment. (7171.)

Sublimed Sulphur	15 ounces
Precipitated Chalk	10 ounces
Tar	15 ounces
Lard	30 ounces
Soap	30 ounces

Wind and Gripe Water. (7692.)

Sodium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	6 fl. ounces
Gingerin	10 minims
Oil of Dill	90 minims
Syrup	4 pints
Tincture of Opium	1½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity to produce	10½ pints

Mix.

Wind or Digestive Pills. (7702.)

Capsicum	2 ounces
Sodium Carbonate, exsiccated	2 ounces
Extract of Barbados Aloes	1 ounce
Extract of Nux Vomica	½ ounce
Green Extract of Hyoscyamus	1 ounce

Mix to form a mass.

Wind Sugar. (7717.)

Oil of Anise	4 fl. drachms
Oil of Caraway	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Dill	4 fl. drachms
Refined Sugar	7 pounds

Winter Balm for Chilblains. (8560.)

Camphor	10 grains
Menthol	10 grains
Methyl Salicylate	2 fl. drachms
Wool Fat, sufficient to produce	1 ounce

Winter Cream. (8747.)

Tragacanth, in powder	½ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	3 fl. ounces
Glycerin	4 fl. ounces
Essence of Bergamot	60 minims
Almond Oil	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Geranium	30 minims
Oil of Neroli	15 minims
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	1 fl. ounce
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	40 fl. ounces

Witch-Hazel Cream. (7529.)

Almond Oil	1 ounce
Hydrous Wool Fat	2 ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	1 ounce
Perfume	q.s.

Heat together on a water-bath until mixed; then add the perfume.

Witch-Hazel Foam. (7530.)

Stearin	3 ounces
Oil of Theobroma	3 ounces
Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Agar-Agar	1½ ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	45 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	75 fl. ounces
Perfume	q.s.

Dissolve the agar-agar in the solution of hamamelis and distilled water, 30, and strain; then heat the solid ingredients with water, 45, on a water-bath, stirring until combination is effected, mix the two solutions and agitate with an egg-whisk until a white, foamy product is obtained. Finally, add the perfume. Allow to stand for fourteen days, and bottle.

Witch-Hazel Snow. (7531.)

Stearic Acid	10 ounces
Glycerin	1¼ fl. ounces
Sodium Carbonate	2 ounces
Distilled Water, a sufficient quantity.	
Solution of Hamamelis (by weight)	50 ounces
Perfume	q.s.

Heat the stearic acid, glycerin, and sodium carbonate with water, 25, on a water-bath for one hour, stirring frequently; then add sufficient distilled water to produce 50 by weight. Next, add the solution of hamamelis, transfer to a hot mortar, and agitate with an egg-whisk till thick. Finally, add the perfume, allow to stand for twelve hours, stir well, and bottle.

Witch-Hazel Snow. (8081.)

Stearic Acid	215 grains
Agar-Agar	45 grains
Oil of Theobroma	225 grains
Sodium Carbonate	150 grains
Solution of Hamamelis	3 fl. ounces
Perfume, a sufficient quantity.	
Distilled Water	6 fl. ounces

Dissolve the agar-agar in the solution of hamamelis, diluted with an equal volume of distilled water. Heat the stearic acid, sodium carbonate, and the remainder of the distilled water on a water-bath, until effervescence ceases; then add the oil of theobroma and the solution of agar-agar and agitate with an egg-whisk until the solution is cool, adding the perfume towards the end of the operation.

Witch-Hazel Toilet Cream. (8268.)

Borax	½ ounce
Wool Fat	3½ ounces
Soft Paraffin	2 ounces
Oleic Acid	2 fl. ounces
Glycerin	1½ fl. ounces
Solution of Hamamelis	5 fl. ounces
Distilled Water	2½ fl. ounces
Oil of Lavender, or other perfume, a sufficient quantity.	

Melt the wool fat and mix with the oleic acid; then add a hot solution of the borax in the distilled water; next add the glycerin and solution of hamamelis, stir well till cold and uniform; then add the soft paraffin, previously melted, and mix by gentle stirring, finally adding the perfume.

Worm and Fever Powder. (1533.)

Compound Powder of Cinnamon	60 grains
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	72 grains

Dose.—10 to 30 grains.

Worm Cake. (10,371.)

Jalap, in powder	2 grains
Calomel	2 grains
Santonin	⅛ grain
Chocolate, sufficient to make	84 grains

Worm Draught. (8853.)

Castor Oil	½ fl. ounce
Mucilage of Gum Acacia	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Lemon	3 minims
Elixir of Gluside	10 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to produce	1½ fl. ounces

Worm Lozenge. (7613.)

Jalapin	¼ grain
Mercurous Chloride	½ grain

Mix, and make a lozenge.

Worm Lozenge. (7546.)

Santonin Lozenge	2 grains

Worm Lozenges. (7483.)

Podophyllin	1 grain
Santonin	10 grains
Chocolate Basis, a sufficient quantity.	

Mix to form 20 lozenges.

Worm Powder. (2657.)

Jalap, in powder	4 ounces
Mercurous Chloride	3 ounces
Santonin	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	2 ounces

Dose.—3 to 15 grains.

Worm Powder. (8849.)

Santonin, in fine powder	3 grains
Mercurous Chloride	½ grain
Rose Lozenge, in powder	2 grains

Worm Powders. (3724.)

Aromatic Powder of Chalk	1 ounce
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce
Refined Sugar, in powder	3 ounces
Santonin, in fine powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—4 to 8 grains.

Worm Powders. (7110.)

No. 1.

Santonin, in very fine powder	480 grains
Refined Sugar, in powder	60 grains

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains. To be taken at night.

No. 2.

Cinnamon Bark, in powder	20 grains
Liquorice Root, in powder	35 grains
Mercurous Chloride	1 ounce

Mix. Dose.—1 to 3 grains. To be taken in the morning.

Worm Powders. (6664.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 ounces
Jalap, in powder	1 ounce
Scammony, in powder	1 ounce

Mix. Dose. 2 to 6 grains.

Worm Powders.

Compound Powder of Scammony	1½ ounces
Mercurous Chloride	288 grains

Worm Syrup. (7599.)

Compound Powder of Tragacanth	40 grains
Santonin, in powder	320 grains
Glycerin	2½ fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Indian Pink	1½ fl. ounces
Concentrated Solution of Senna	5 fl. ounces
Concentrated Anise Water	2 fl. drachms
Concentrated Caraway Water	2 fl. drachms
Syrup, a sufficient quantity to produce	20 fl. ounces

Mix.

Worm Syrup. (1520.)

Santonin	8 grains
Mucilage of Acacia	3 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	2 minims
Castor Oil	2 fl. drachms
Solution of Potash	30 minims
Strong Spirit of Chloroform (1 in 4)	10 minims
Syrup of Senna, a sufficient quantity to produce	1 fl. ounce

Worm Syrup. (8183.)

Santonin	8 grains
Infusion of Senna	4 fl. drachms
Syrup, sufficient to produce	1 fl. ounce

Wright's Green Ointment. (8523.)

Copper Oxyacetate, in fine powder	1 ounce
Paraffin Ointment, white	15 ounces

Yellow Cerate for Boils, etc. (5676.)

Yellow Beeswax	4 ounces
Resin	4 ounces
Soft Paraffin	4 ounces
Lard	3 ounces

Zemol. (8110.)

Boric Acid, in powder	60 grains
Zinc Oxide	60 grains
Hydrous Wool Fat	180 grains
Soft Paraffin	180 grains

Zinc and Borax Cream. (10,364.)

Borax, in finest powder	4 parts
Hard Paraffin	12 parts
White Petrolatum	100 parts
Zinc Oxide	5 parts
Glycerin	5 parts
Simple Tincture of Benzoin	4 parts

Melt the hard paraffin and the petrolatum, add the borax, stir well, and add the tincture of benzoin; then strain through a fine sieve and allow to stand without stirring. Rub down the zinc oxide with the glycerin; then mix with ointment.

Zinc and Starch Paste. (590.)

Synonyms.—Lassar's Paste; Eczema Ointment.

Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Starch	3 ounces
Zinc Oxide	3 ounces
Soft Paraffin (white)	6¼ ounces

Zittmann's Mixture or Decoction. (10,433.)

Sarsaparilla, cut small	4 ounces
Anise Fruit, bruised	80 grains
Fennel Fruit, bruised	80 grains
Senna Leaves, bruised	1 ounce
Liquorice Root, cut small	240 grains
Calomel	80 grains
Cinnabar	20 grains
Alum	120 grains
Refined Sugar	120 grains
Distilled Water	24 pounds

Digest the sarsaparilla in the water at 35° to 40° C. for twenty-four hours; then add, tied up in linen, the calomel, cinnabar, alum, and sugar, and evaporate the decoction to 8 pints. Finally, add the remaining drugs, allow to stand for one hour, press, and strain.

Dose.—3 to 6 fluid ounces repeated; or 40 fluid ounces taken warm in the morning.

Zittmann's Pill. (7215.)

Mercurous Chloride	2 grains
Compound Extract of Colocynth	5 grains
Extract of Henbane	2 grains

Mix to form a mass and divide into two pills.

Zittmann's Weaker Decoction. (10,434.)

Sarsaparilla, cut small	2 ounces
Lemon Peel	60 grains
Cardamom Seeds, bruised	60 grains
Cassia Bark, bruised	60 grains
Liquorice Root, cut small	60 grains
Distilled Water	24 pounds

Add the sarsaparilla to the residue left on preparing the stronger decoction (No. 10,433) and digest in the water for twenty-four hours; then evaporate the liquid to 8 pints, add the remaining drugs, allow to stand for one hour, press, and strain.

Dose.—3 to 6 fluid ounces repeated; or 40 fluid ounces taken cold in the afternoon.

Galenical and Private Recipes (Supplementary).

Acid Pepsin Digestive Tonic. (10,436.)

Compound Bismuth Mixture with Pepsin	1 fl. ounce
Syrup of Rhubarb	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Ginger	4 fl. drachms
Cinnamon Water, sufficient to make	4 fl. ounces

Anodyne Balsam of Aniseed. (10,435.)

Antimonial Wine	6 fl. drachms
Chlorodyne	1 fl. ounce
Liquid Extract of Liquorice	1½ fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	30 minims
Tincture of Squills	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Balsam of Tolu	1½ fl. drachms
Treacle, sufficient to make	24 fl. ounces

Antiseptic Foot Powder. (10,439.)

Boric Acid	4 ounces
French Chalk, in powder	4 ounces
Salicylic Acid	120 grains
Essence of Lemon	10 minims

Blood Mixture. (10,458.)

Iodized Sarsaparilla.

Magnesium Sulphate	6 ounces
Potassium Bicarbonate	2 ounces
Potassium Chlorate	1½ ounces
Potassium Iodide	300 grains
Conc. Comp. Decoction of Sarsaparilla	10 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	84 fl. ounces

Brain Tonic. (10,440.)

Ferrous Sulphate	20 grains
Quinine Sulphate	20 grains
Sodium Bromide	100 grains
Compound Tincture of Cardamoms	400 minims
Diluted Phosphoric Acid	200 minims
Syrup	10 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	100 minims
Chloroform Water, sufficient to make	10 fl. ounces

Bronchitis Mixture. (10,441.)

Senega Mixture.

Ammonium Carbonate	3 oz. 160 grs.
Chloroform	½ fl. ounce
Compound Tincture of Camphor	20 fl. ounces
Essence of Peppermint	3 fl. ounces
Ipecacuanha Wine	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Balsam of Tolu	20 fl. ounces
Infusion of Senega, sufficient to make	320 fl. ounces

Black Currant Cough Linctus. (10,451.)

Benzoic Acid	3½ grains
Camphor	2½ grains
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	60 minims
Chlorodyne (without Morphine)	320 minims
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	40 minims
Oil of Anise	3 minims
Oxymel of Squills	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Virginian Prune	5 fl. ounces
Syrup of Black Currant, sufficient to make	20 fl. ounces

Children's Cough Mixture. (10,453.)

Glycerin	16 fl. ounces
Oil of Anise	½ fl. ounce
Oxymel of Squills	16 fl. ounces
Treacle	4 pounds
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	1 gallon

Galenical and Private Recipes (Supplementary).

Children's Cough Mixture. (10,452.)

Alcohol (90 per cent.)	1 fl. ounce
Burnt Sugar a sufficient quantity.	
Compound Spirit of Camphor	8 fl. ounces
Glycerin	8 fl. ounces
Honey	6 pounds
Oil of Eucalyptus	40 minims
Vinegar of Ipecacuanha	5 fl. ounces
Vinegar of Squills	10 fl. ounces
Syrup, sufficient to make	1 gallon

Children's Cough Mixture. (10,455.)

Balsam of Honey or Horehound.

Chloroform	2 fl. drachms
Glycerin	20 fl. ounces.
Liquid Extract of Ipecacuanha	2 fl. drachms
Oil of Anise	40 minims
Oxymel of Squills	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonium Acetate	20 fl. ounces
Spirit of Camphor	2 fl. drachms
Syrup of Horehound	20 fl. ounces
Syrup, sufficient to make	90 fl. ounces

Corn Plaster. (10,449.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	1 ounce
Salicylic Acid	2 ounces
Rubber Adhesive Base	7 ounces

Corn Plaster. (10,450.)

Extract of Indian Hemp	2 ounces
Salicylic Acid	4 ounces
Rubber Adhesive Base	4 ounces

Cough Elixir and Lung Tonic. (10,459.)

Chlorodyne	1½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Lobelia	1¼ fl. ounces
Syrup of Horehound, sufficient to make	1 pint

Dandruff Pomade. (10,447.)

Benzoated Lard	30 ounces
Lanolin	7½ ounces
Precipitated Sulphur	1¼ ounces
Salicylic Acid	¼ ounce
Alcohol (90 per cent.)	5 fl. ounces
Oil of Rose Geranium	1 fl. ounce
Rose Water (Triple)	5 fl. ounces

Digestive Mixture. (10,446.)

Rhubarb Root, in powder	300 grains
Sodium Bicarbonate	½ ounce
Essence of Ginger	5 fl. drachms
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Gout Mixture. (10,448.)

Cochineal	180 grains
Lithium Citrate	2 ounces
Magnesium Sulphate	8½ ounces
Potassium Iodide	1½ ounces
Chloroform	3 fl. drachms
Compound Tincture of Gentian	4 fl. ounces
Tincture of Ginger	6 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	96 fl. ounces

Galenical and Private Recipes (Supplementary).

Heart Tonic. (10,438.)

Compound Bismuth Mixture with Pepsin	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Ether	4 fl. drachms
Syrup of Rhubarb	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Digitalis	100 minims
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	10 fl. ounces

Neuralgia Mixture. (10,456.)

Magnesium Sulphate	10 ounces
Potassium Bromide	3½ ounces
Quinine Sulphate	240 grains
Diluted Hydrobromic Acid	2½ fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	2½ fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	80 fl. ounces

Ointment for Boils. (10,437.)

Red Oxide of Mercury	4 ounces
Olive Oil	8 fl. ounces
Soap Plaster	27 ounces

Pile Mixture. (10,443.)

Diluted Nitro-Hydrochloric Acid	9 fl. ounces
Liquid Extract of Cascara	12 fl. ounces
Spirit of Chloroform	6 fl. ounces
Syrup of Orange	24 fl. ounces
Tincture of Hamamelis	6 fl. ounces
Tincture of Nux Vomica	3 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	192 fl. ounces

Pile Ointment. (10,444.)

Bismuth Oxycarbonate	30 grains
Strong Solution of Lead Subacetate	20 minims
Zinc Ointment, sufficient to make	1 ounce

Stomach and Liver Mixture. (10,445.)

Chloroform	30 minims
Essence of Ginger	150 minims
Solution of Bismuth and Ammonium Citrate	5 fl. ounces
Tincture of Calumba	2½ fl. ounces
Tincture of Euonymus	5 fl. drachms
Tincture of Nux Vomica	5 fl. drachms
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	40 fl. ounces

Red Cross Embrocation. (10,442.)

Camphor	30 grains
Capsicum, in powder	120 grains
Menthol	15 grains
Oil of Turpentine	10 fl. drachms
Solution of Ammonia	10 fl. drachms
Sweet Oil	10 fl. drachms

Soothing Syrup. (10,454.)

Magnesia	1½ ounces
Potassium Bromide	1 ounce
Sodium Bicarbonate	1 ounce
Aromatic Spirit of Ammonia	1 fl. ounce
Oil of Anise	20 minims
Oil of Peppermint	20 minims
Strong Tincture of Ginger	90 minims
Syrup	40 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	80 fl. ounces

Universal Embrocation. (10,457.)

Olive Oil	30 fl. ounces
Oil of Turpentine	20 fl. ounces
Solution of Ammonia	20 fl. ounces
Distilled Water, sufficient to make	80 fl. ounces

SECTION XXV.—THE SALE OF POISONS.

THE following list of poisons which may only be sold in Great Britain by persons duly registered under the Pharmacy Acts replaces the earlier list printed at page 765.

Tabulated List of Legal Poisons.

PART I.

*Arsenic, and its preparations.
Aconite, and its preparations.
Alkaloids.—All poisonous vegetable alkaloids and their salts.
Atropine, preparations of.
Cantharides.
Cocaine, and its salts.
Corrosive Sublimate.
Cyanides of Potassium, and all metallic cyanides and the preparations of such articles.
Emetic Tartar.
Ergot of Rye, and its preparations.
Picrotoxin.
Prussic Acid, and its preparations.
Savin, and its oil.
Strychnine, and its preparations.

PART II.

Almonds, Essential Oil of (unless deprived of its Prussic Acid).
Belladonna, and its preparations.
Cantharides, tincture and all vesicating liquid preparations of.
Carbolic Acid, liquid preparations of, and homologues (if containing more than 3 per cent. of such substances), except any preparation intended for agricultural or horticultural purposes and sold in closed vessels labelled with the word "poisonous," the name and address of the seller, and a notice of the purpose for which it is intended.
Chloroform.
Chloral Hydrate, and its preparations.
Cocaine, preparations of.
Corrosive Sublimate, preparations of.
Digitalis, and its preparations.
Mercuric Iodide.
Mercuric Sulphocyanide.
Morphine, preparations of.
Nux Vomica, and its preparations.
Opium, and all preparations of Opium or of Poppies.
Oxalic Acid.
Precipitate, Red (Red Oxide of Mercury).
Precipitate, White (Ammoniated Mercury).
Strophanthus, and its preparations.

Every Compound containing a Poison within the meaning of the Pharmacy Act, 1868, when prepared or sold for the destruction of vermin.

* NOTE.—The Arsenic Act makes it an offence to sell arsenic or poisonous preparations thereof unless mixed with soot or indigo, or sold in quantities of not less than ten pounds for special purposes (see page 766). The person to whom the arsenic, or preparation thereof, is sold, must be of mature age, his occupation (as well as name and address) must be entered in the Poison Book, and his introducer (if any) shall also enter his name and address in the Poison Book.

It is illegal to sell any poison either by wholesale or retail unless the box, bottle, vessel, wrapper, or cover in which such poison is contained be distinctly labelled (1) with the name of the article, (2) with the word "Poison," (3) with the name and address of the seller. It is also illegal to sell any article in Part I. of the Poisons Schedule to any person unknown to the seller, unless introduced by a person known to both parties. Further, it is illegal to sell any article in Part I. without entering, or causing to be entered, in the Poison Book before sale (1) the date of sale, (2) name and address of purchaser, (3) name and quantity of article, and (4) purpose for which it is wanted. The entries must be attested by the signature of the purchaser and of his introducer, if any.

Regulations for the keeping, dispensing and selling of poisons will be found at page 765.

Dangerous Articles not Scheduled as Poisons.

The following articles have been submitted to the Privy Council from time to time by the Pharmaceutical Society, with a view to their addition to Schedule A of the Pharmacy Act, 1868. Although the sanction of the Department has not been accorded, all registered chemists have been strongly recommended by the Pharmaceutical Society to adopt special precautions when dealing with these articles, with a view to the prevention of cases of accidental poisoning.

Acetanilide.
Amyl Nitrite.
Antipyrine.
Butyl Chloral Hydrate.
Calabar Bean, and its Preparations.
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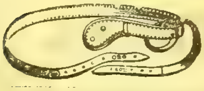

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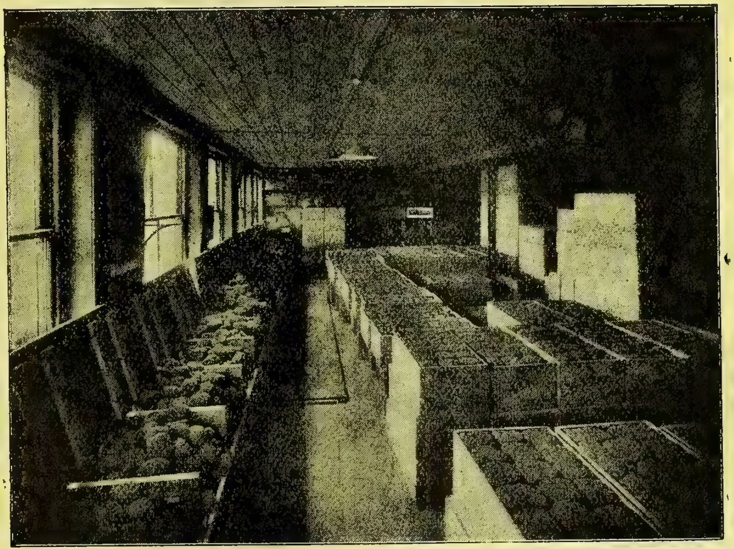

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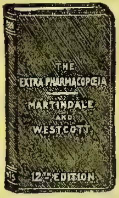

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